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Wed-Af-Po3.21-12 [78]: Heat Treatment Studies of Nb₃Sn RRP wires for Superconducting Planar Undulators

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NbTi-based superconducting undulators have been developed and proven to increase the brightness by an order of magnitude at high x-ray energies at the ANL Advanced Photon Source (APS). Nb₃Sn has the potential to further enhance the performance of SCUs. These Nb₃Sn undulators operate at maximum on-conductor field ranges between 4 T and 6 T; such comparatively low field values present stability issues, which was addressed by using 0.6 mm in diameter Nb₃Sn wire with small sub-element size, specifically a Restacked Rod Processed (RRP) wire with 150 superconducting subelements over 169 total subelements. The effective sub-element diameter, D_{eff} , of this wire is $\sim 35 \mu\text{m}$. At these small D_{eff} values, the critical current density J_c is known to deteriorate. In addition, the Residual Resistivity Ratio, or RRR, of such small diameter wires is very sensitive to heat treatment. A delicate balance has to be found to obtain parameters within operation specifications. In this paper we show performance results from different heat treatments on 150/169 RRP wires between 0.5 mm and 0.8 mm with both high-Sn and intermediate-Sn designs.

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