



Prospects for large N gauge theories on the lattice

Margarita García Pérez



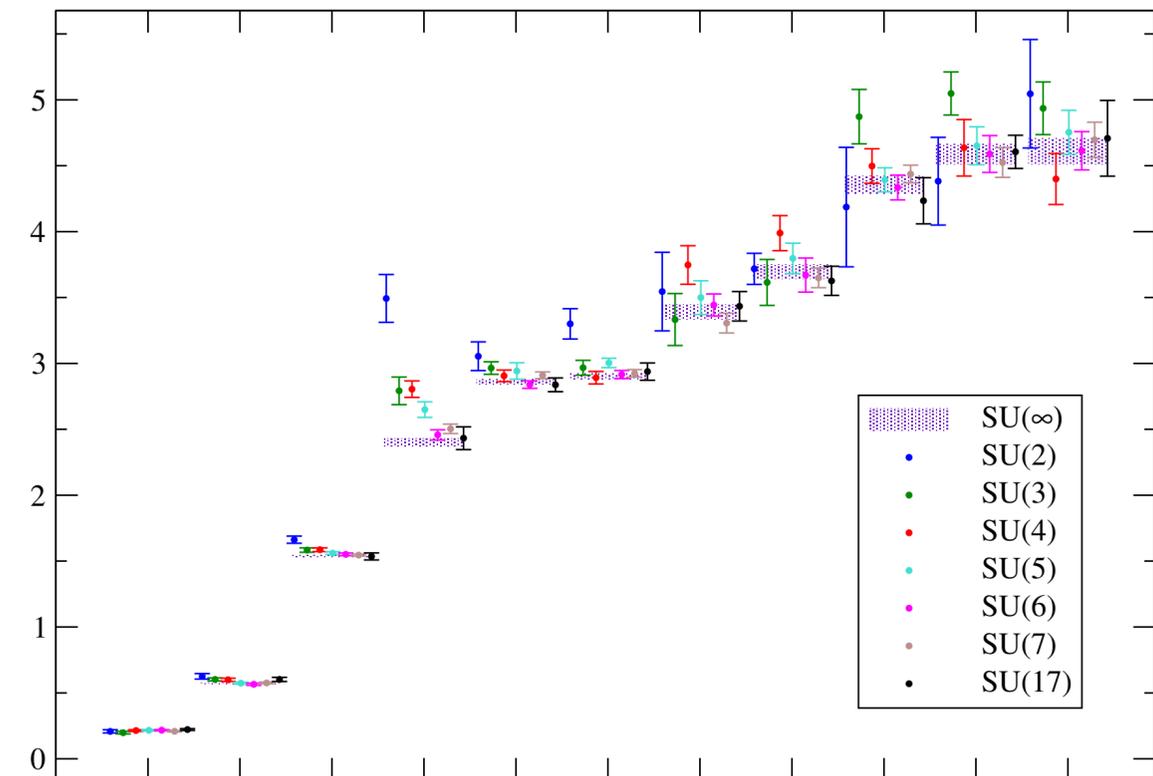
Large N & Lattice - the standard approach

Meson spectrum, decay constants

[Bali et al. arXiv:1304.4437]

- Large N limit at fixed $a\sqrt{\sigma}$ + continuum limit at $N = \infty$
- Continuum limit at fixed N + large N extrapolation

$$\frac{m}{\sqrt{\sigma}}$$



Review - [Lucini & Panero 2013](#)

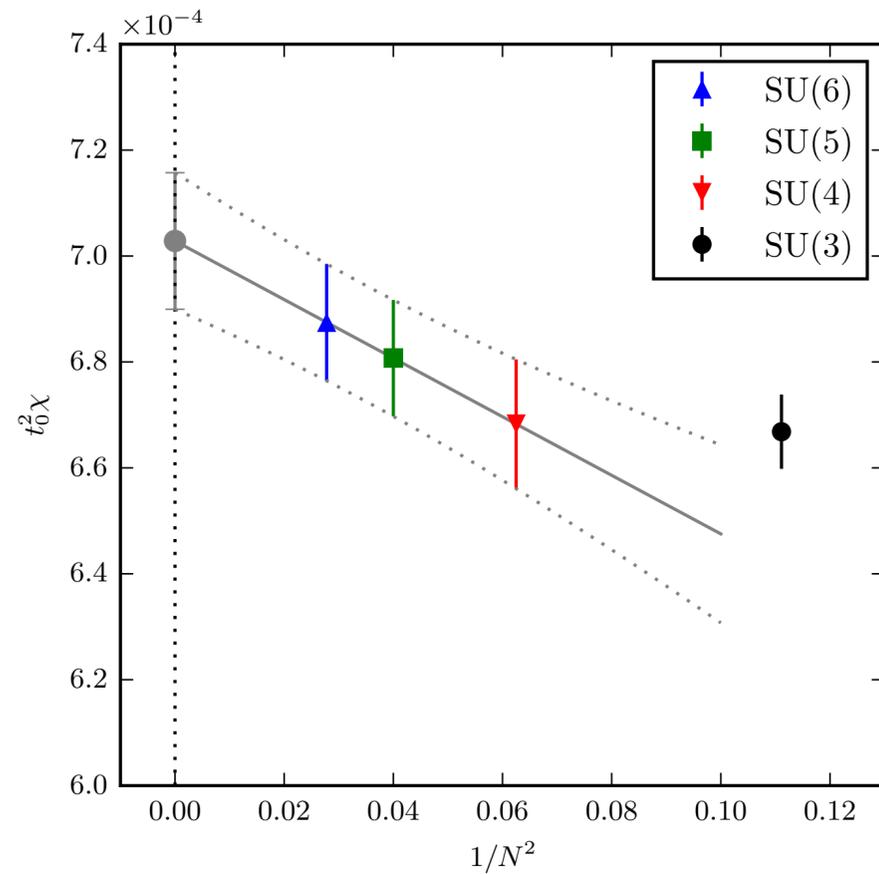
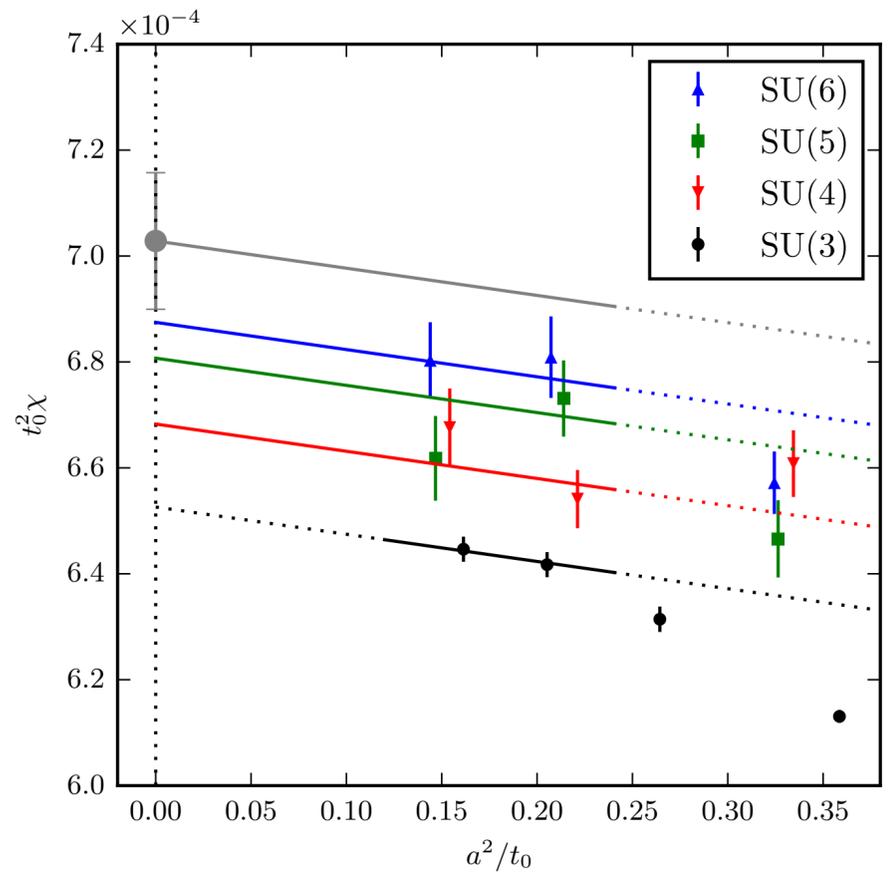
$$\hat{F}_\pi \quad \hat{f}_\rho \quad \rho \quad a_0 \quad a_1 \quad b_1 \quad \pi^* \quad \rho^* \quad a_0^* \quad a_1^* \quad b_1^*$$

$$a\sqrt{\sigma} \quad \text{constant}$$

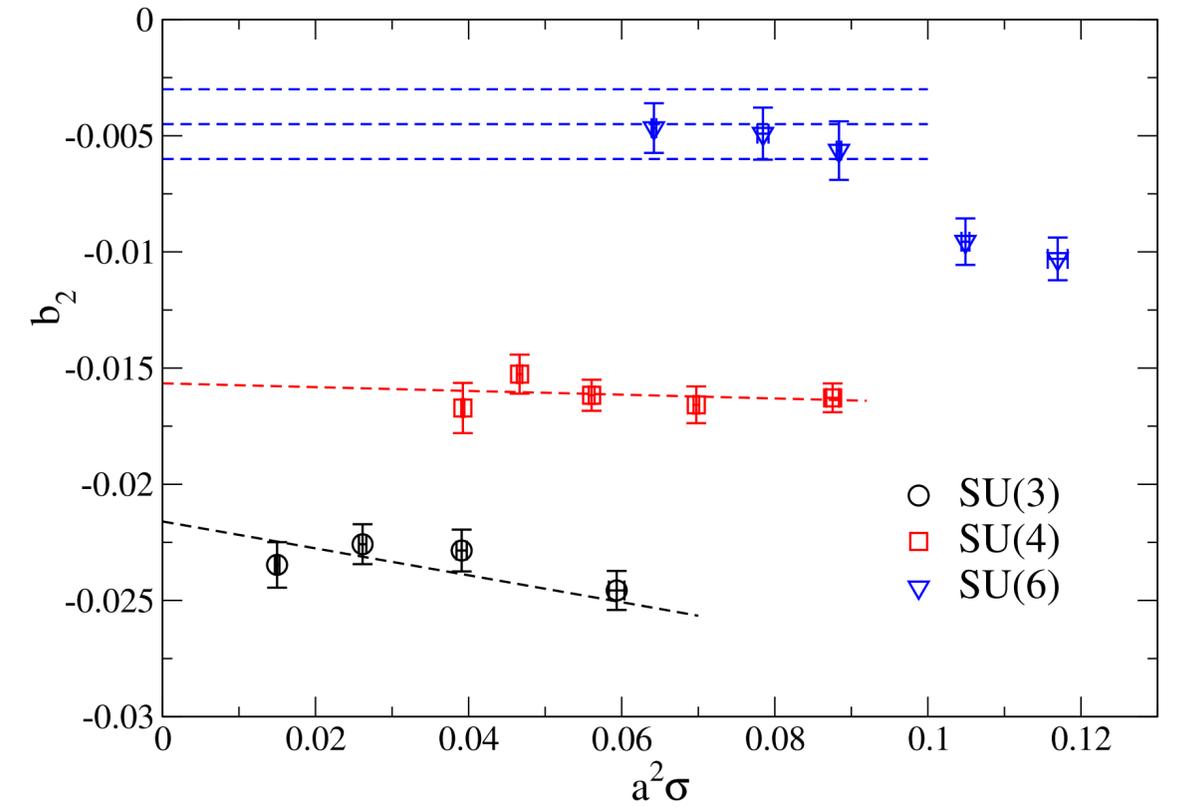
The standard approach

Limited values of N

[Cè et al. arXiv:1607.05039]



[Bonati et al. arXiv:1607.06360]



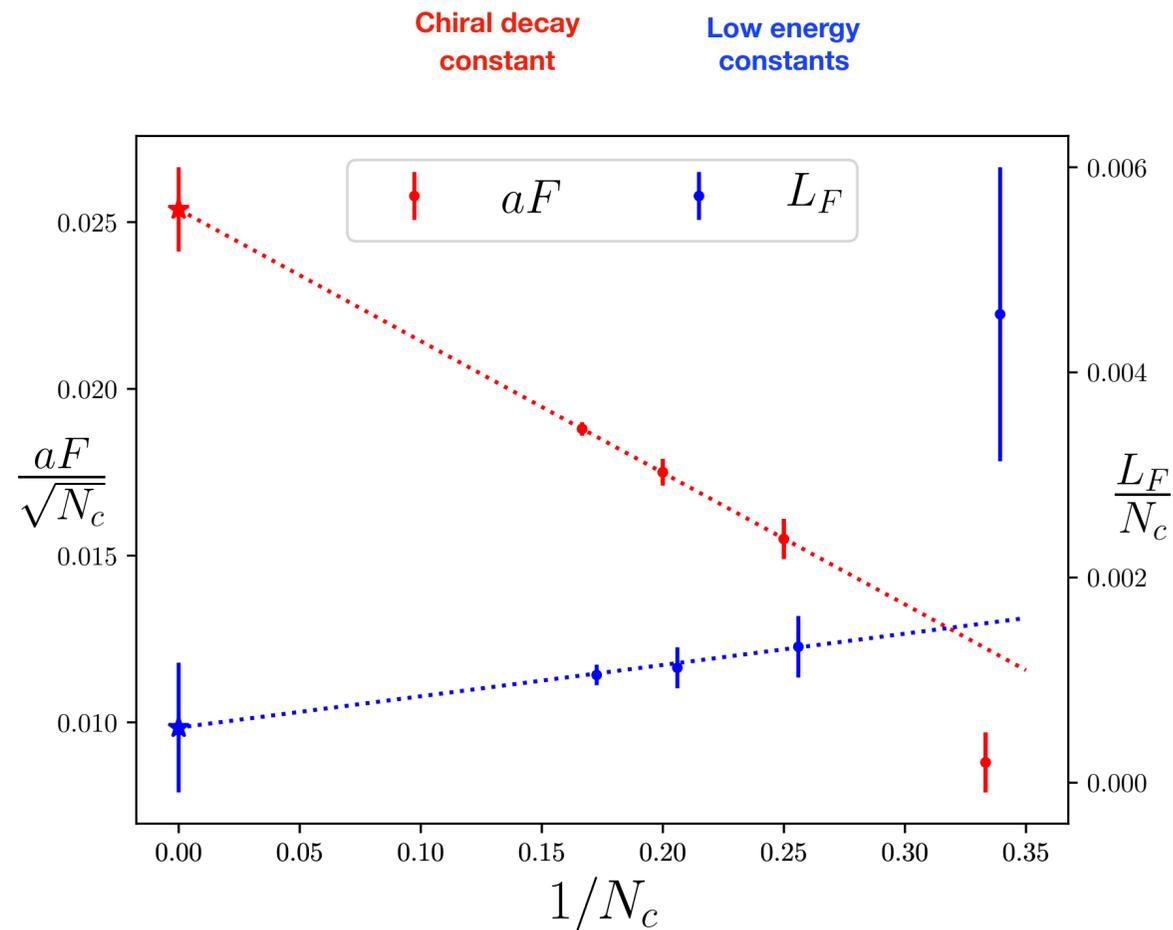
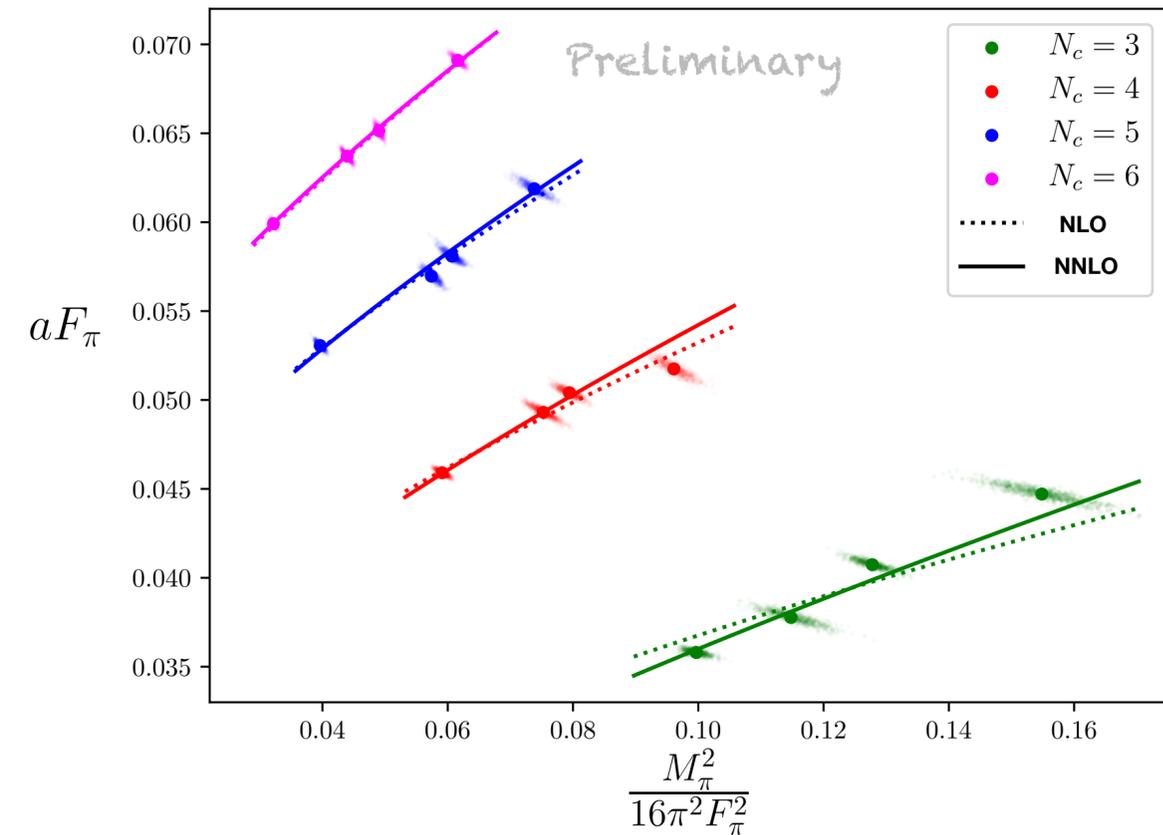
Meson interactions at Large N

[F. Romero-López, this conference]

- N_c scaling of:
 1. Decay constant
 2. Meson masses
 3. Scattering length
 4. Flavour singlet
 5. Kaon decay amplitudes

$N_f=4$

$N=3,4,5,6$



also:

- arXiv:1607.03262
- arXiv:1810.06285
- arXiv:1907.xxxxx

[Donini, Hernández, Pena, Romero-López]

- Quenching effects see also [DeGrand & Liu 2016]

Related talks @ Lattice 19

- Emergent symmetry in baryon spectrum beyond large N [Kaplan]
- Cluster-size scaling in $O(N)$ non-linear sigma model [Bietenholz]
- Thermal phase structure of a SUSY matrix model [Schaich]
- $SU(N)$ models for a holographic description of cosmology [Jüttner & Lee]
- $SU(N)$ Inter-glueball potential [Yamanaka]
- Large N effective theory for heavy dense QCD [Scheunert]
- $Sp(2N)$ Yang-Mills towards large N [Holligan]
- Partial deconfinement [Watanabe]

This talk - an alternative approach

Volume reduction

[Eguchi & Kawai 1982]

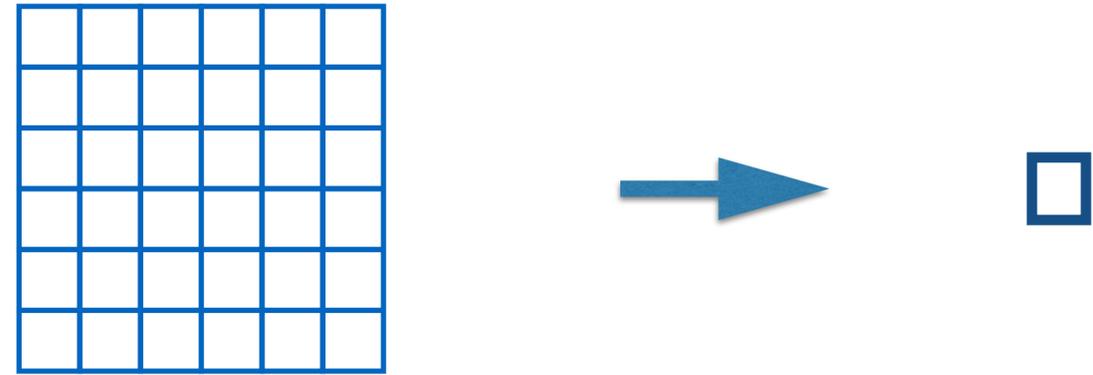
Revival - several working prescriptions

- Efficient tool for lattice large N studies
- Allows very large N (N=1369, Gonzalez-Arroyo & Okawa)
- Theoretically appealing - new avenues @ lattice

Eguchi-Kawai reduction

U(N) gauge theory at large N

is volume independent



- Exact result based on the equality of the loop equations **provided**

$$\text{Tr} (\overrightarrow{\quad}) = 0$$

But with **periodic** boundary conditions & **d=4**

Preserved center symmetry \mathbf{Z}_N^d

\mathbf{Z}_N^4 breaking by quantum fluctuations
[Bhanot, Heller & Neuberger]

Several working prescriptions

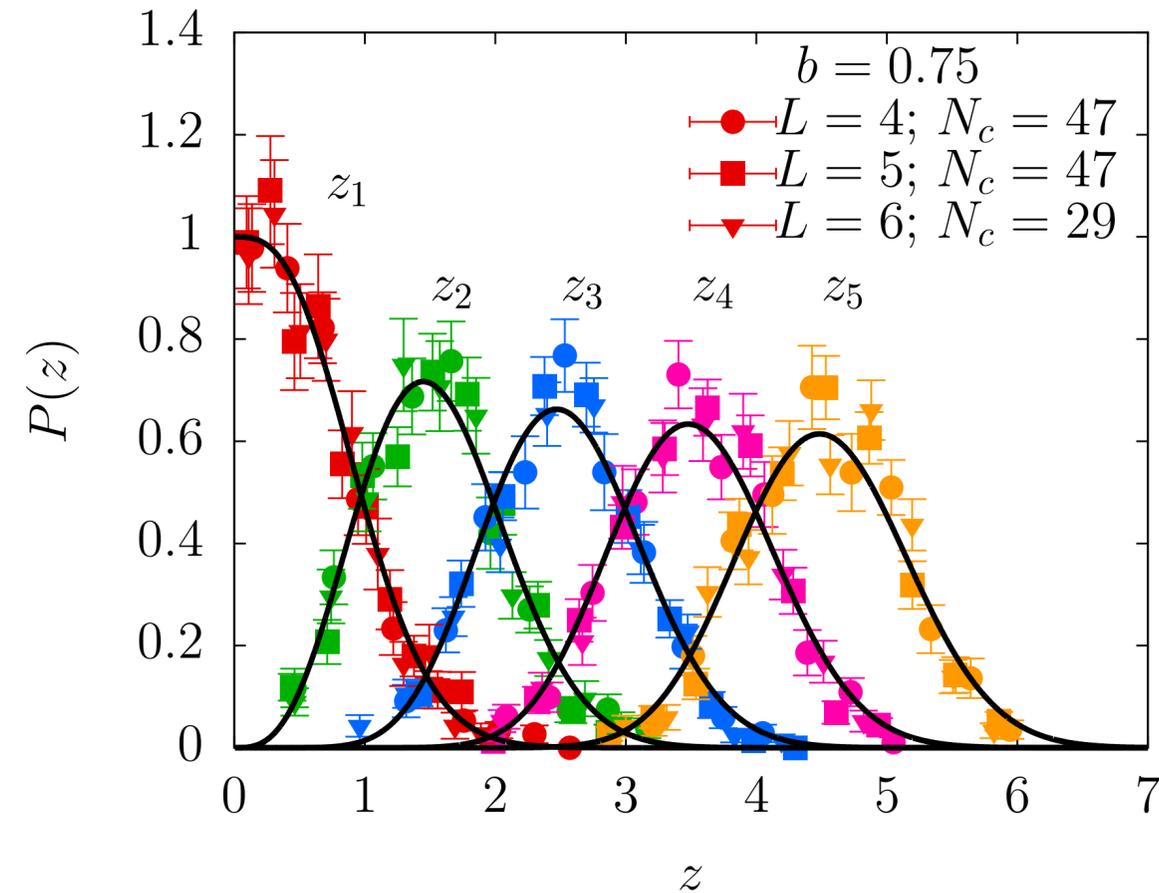
- • **TEK** - twisted boundary conditions [Gonzalez-Arroyo & Okawa]
- • **QCD(Adj)** - add massless adjoint fermions with PBC [Kotvun, Unsal & Yaffe]
- **Continuum reduction** PBC $La > 1/T_c$ [Kiskis, Narayanan & Neuberger]
- **Trace deformations** [Unsal & Yaffe]

Continuum reduction - QCD₃

[Karthik & Narayanan arXiv:1607.03905]

Bilinear condensate in quenched large N QCD₃

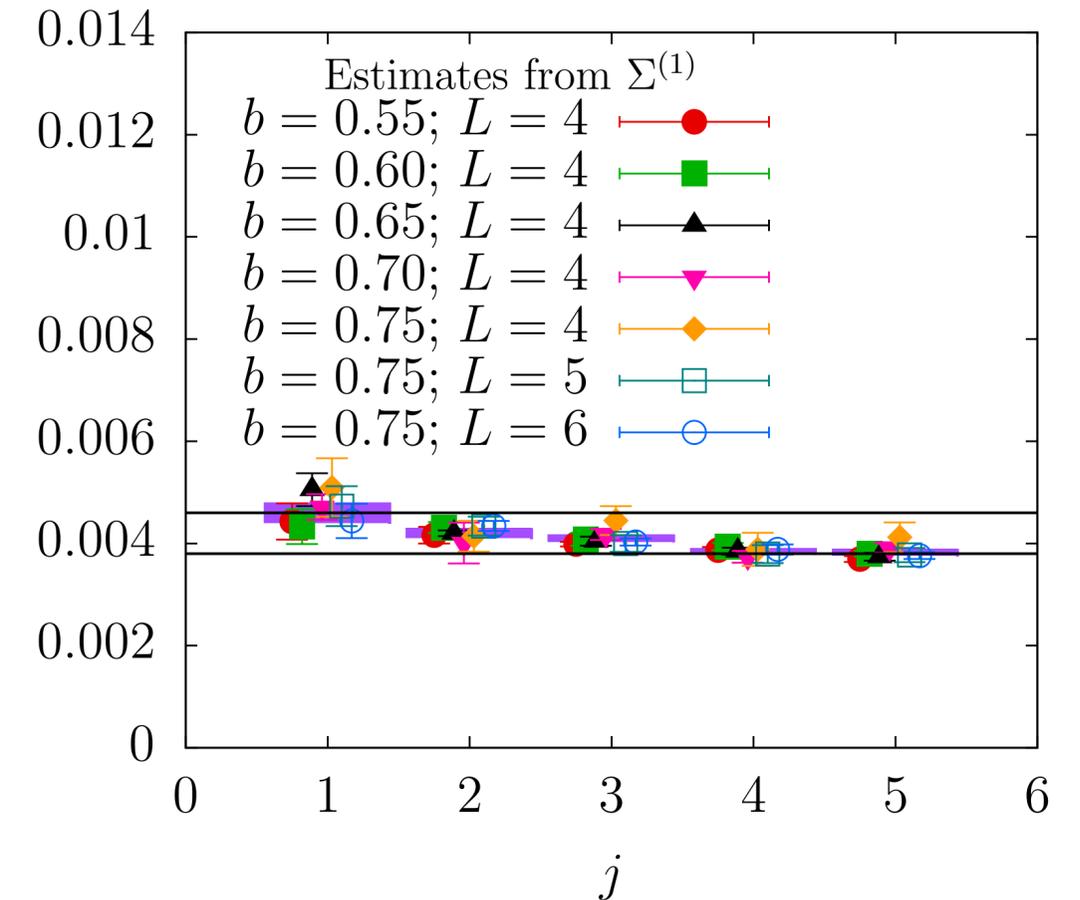
$$\Sigma/\lambda^2 = 0.0042(4)$$



$L = 4 - 6$

$N = 7 - 47$

$$La > 1/T_c$$

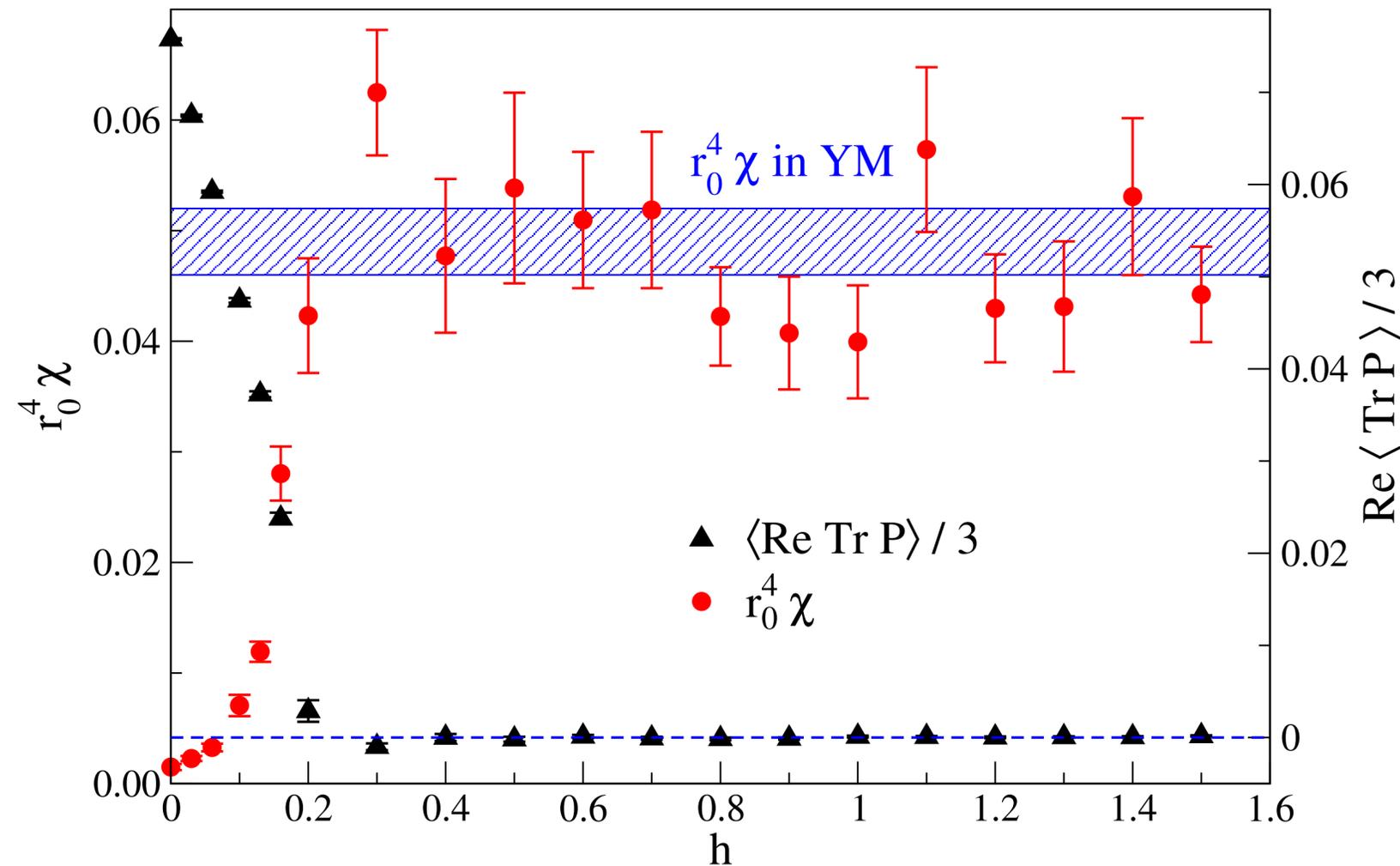


Overlap low lying eigenvalues vs RMM

Condensate from j-th eigenvalue

Trace deformed SU(3) on $R^3 \times S^1$

[Bonati, Cardinali & D'Elia arXiv:1807.06558]



$$S_{TD} = h \int |\text{Tr} P(\vec{x})|^2 d^3 x$$

Topological susceptibility

Polyakov loop

Talk by Cardinali, this conference

8 x 32³ lattice, $\beta = 6.4$

Twisted bc

TBC

[Gonzalez-Arroyo & Okawa]

Adjoint QCD

QCD(Adj)

[Kotvun, Unsal & Yaffe]

Do they work? Why?

Does the PT vacuum respect the symmetry?

Hosotani mechanism

Yang-Mills SU(N) $\mathbf{R^3 \times S^1}$

Minima have

$$\text{Tr}\Omega \in Z_N$$

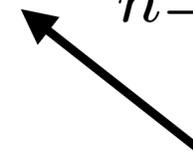
$$V_{\text{eff}} =$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi^2 l^4} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} |\text{Tr}\Omega^n|^2$$

Polyakov loop



S¹ period



Does the PT vacuum respect the symmetry?

Hosotani mechanism

QCD(Adj)

$R^3 \times S^1$

Minima have

$$\text{Tr}\Omega^n = 0$$

$$V_{\text{eff}} = \underbrace{(2N_f)}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{with massless adjoint} \\ \text{periodic fermions}}} - 1) \frac{2}{\pi^2 l^4} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} |\text{Tr}\Omega^n|^2$$

Polyakov loop
↓

Z_N preserved in QCD(Adj) with $2N_f > 1$

Center stabilization + EK reduction

[Kotvun, Unsal & Yaffe]

$R^d \times T^n$

one-loop V_{eff} [Barbón & Hoyos based upon Lüscher, van Baal on $R \times T^3$]

Does the PT vacuum respect the symmetry?

TEK

[González-Arroyo, Okawa]

Pure Yang-Mills on $\mathbf{R}^d \times \mathbf{T}^n$

with twisted boundary conditions

$$A_\mu(x + l\hat{\nu}) = \Gamma_\nu A_\mu(x) \Gamma_\nu^\dagger$$

$$\Gamma_\mu \Gamma_\nu = Z_{\mu\nu} \Gamma_\nu \Gamma_\mu$$

$$Z_{\mu\nu} = \exp \left\{ i \epsilon_{\mu\nu} \frac{2\pi k}{\hat{N}} \right\}$$

k & \hat{N}
coprime

$$\hat{N} = N^{2/n}$$

n even

For the vacuum configuration all loops winding less than \hat{N} in each direction are traceless

$Z_{\hat{N}}$ preserved at zeroth PT order

Does the PT vacuum respect the symmetry?

TEK

Pure Yang-Mills on $\mathbf{R}^d \times \mathbf{T}^n$

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[González-Arroyo, Okawa]

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k & \hat{N}
coprime

$$\hat{N} = N^{2/n}$$

n even

For the vacuum configuration all loops winding less than \hat{N} are

$\mathbf{Z}_{\hat{N}}$ preserved at zeroth

The choice of k is critical
 $k=1$ does not work
 (Ishikawa&Okawa,
 Teper&Vairinhos,Azeyanagi et al.)
 k scaled with \hat{N} (see later)

The result is an increased effective volume

Momentum quantization
along compact cycles

$$p = \frac{2\pi n}{l_{\text{eff}}}$$

$$l_{\text{eff}} = \hat{N}l$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \hat{N} = N & \mathbf{R^3 \times S^1} \\ \hat{N} = N & \mathbf{T^2 \times R} \\ \hat{N} = \sqrt{N} & \mathbf{T^4} \end{array}$$

The game

$$x = 1$$
$$l_{\text{eff}} = 1/M$$

$$x = M \hat{N} l$$



Large N limit



Eguchi Kawai reduction

- **TEK** $l_{\text{eff}} = a \hat{N}$
González-Arroyo & Okawa

- Continuum reduction $l > 1/M$
Narayanan & Neuberger

Thermodynamic limit
fixed volume
N to infinity

The game

$$\begin{aligned}x &= 1 \\ l_{\text{eff}} &= 1/M\end{aligned}$$

$$x = M \hat{N} l$$



Large N limits

TEK

Non-commutative gauge theory

[González-Arroyo & Korthals-Altes]

Finite x non-planar diagrams

Singular large N limit

[Alvarez-Gaumé & Barbón]

Singular large N limit

N to infinity

volume to zero

x fixed

Twisted Eguchi Kawai Reduction on T^4

[González-Arroyo & Okawa]

't Hooft limit -thermodynamic limit

From a practical point of view it can also be used at finite N to reduce volume effects

Implements a lattice with

$$(L\hat{N})^4$$



play the standard game

TEK

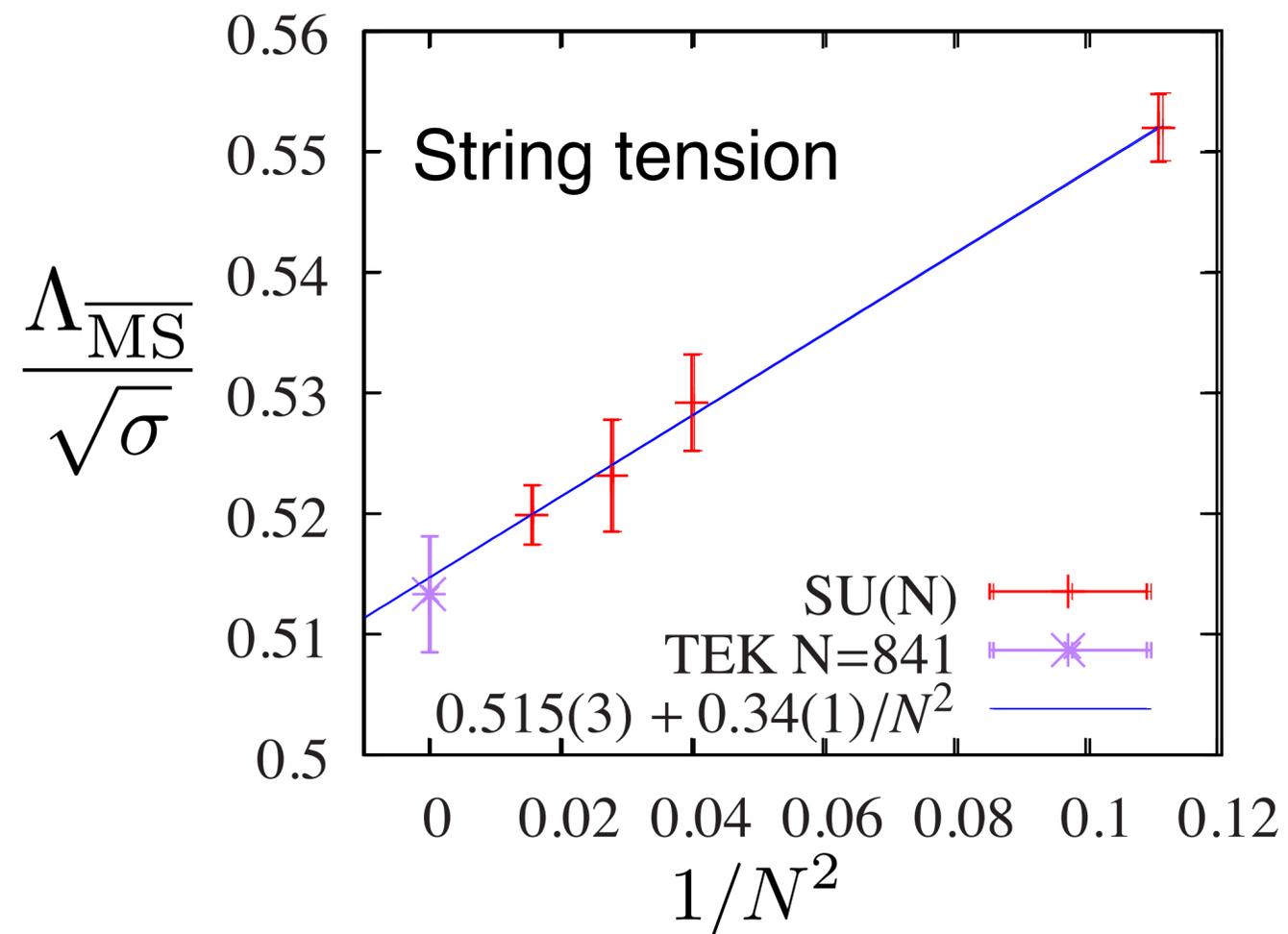
$$L = 1$$

Twisted Eguchi Kawai Reduction on T^4

[González-Arroyo & Okawa]

$L = 1$ Pure Yang-Mills

$N=841$

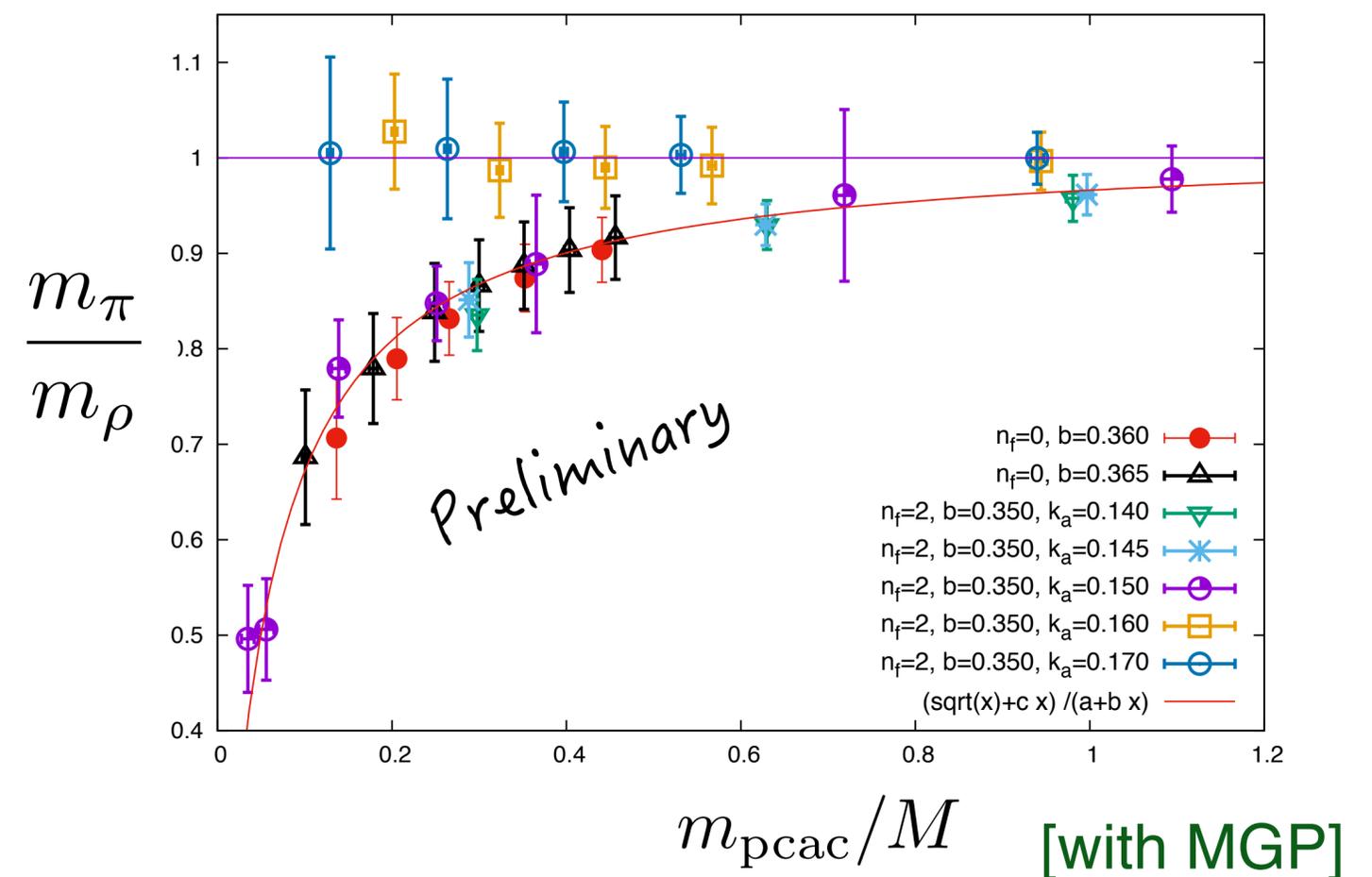


With adjoint fermions $N_f=2$

$N=289$

$$\gamma_* = 0.269 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.05$$

[with MGP, Keegan]



Twisted Eguchi Kawai Reduction on T^4

[González-Arroyo & Okawa]

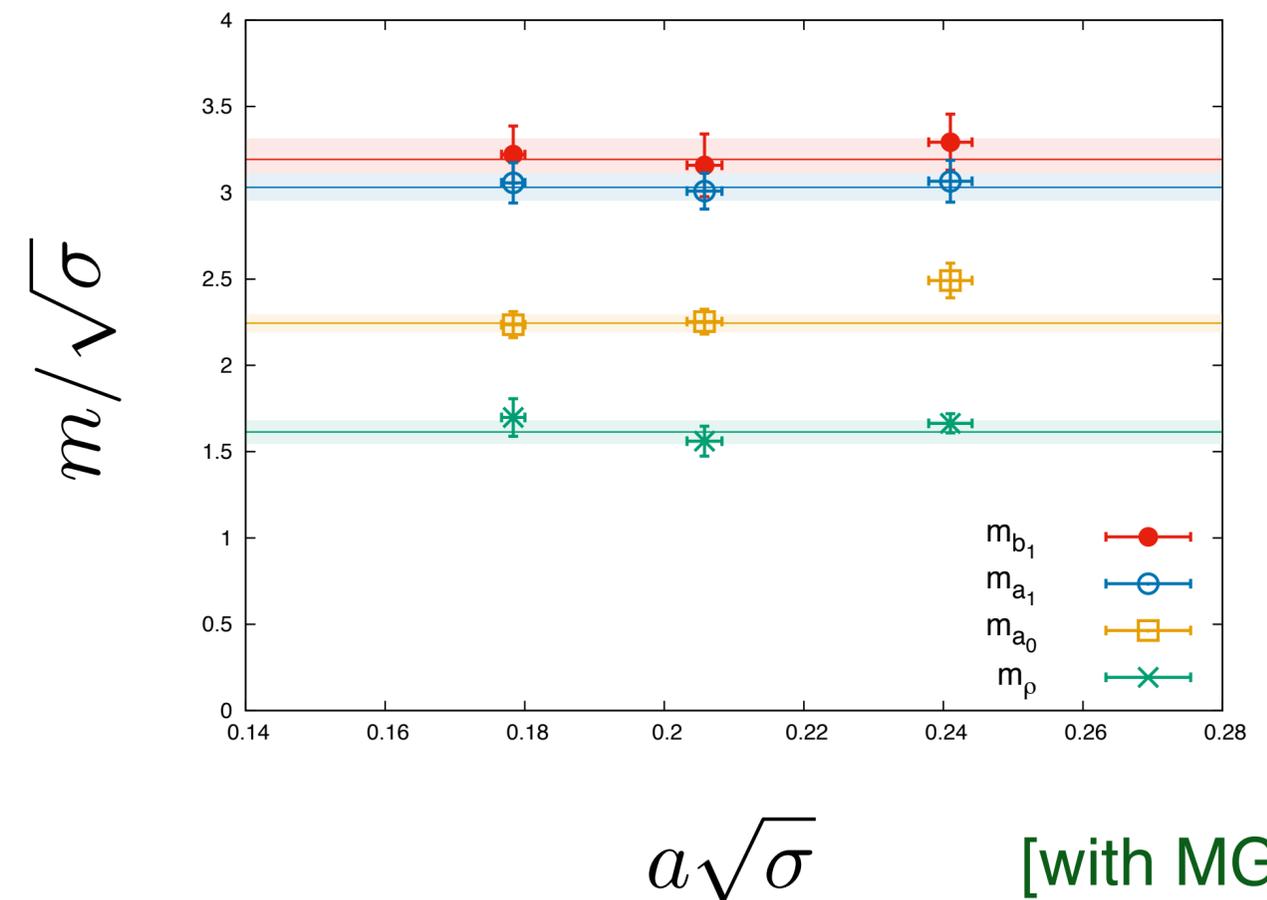
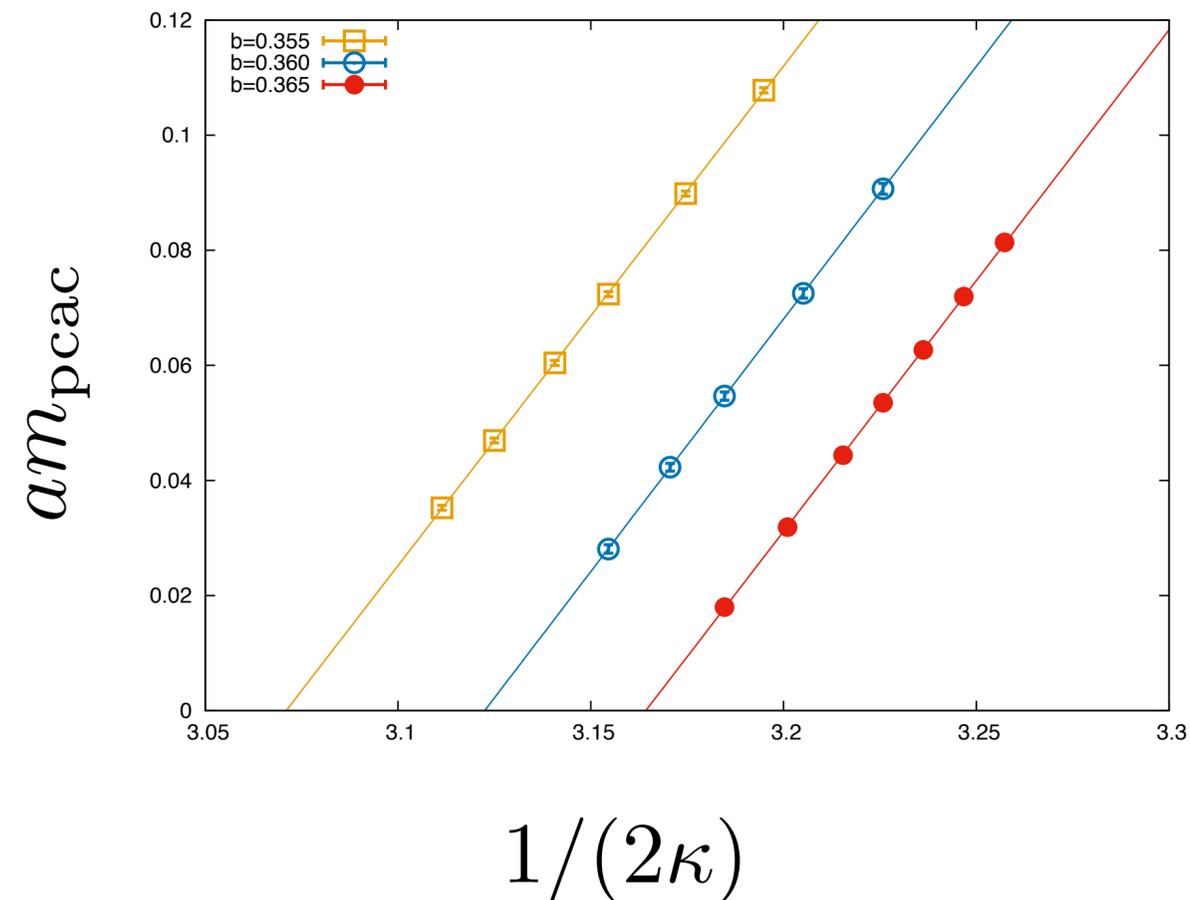
[this conference talk by A. González-Arroyo]

Meson spectrum $N_f/N \rightarrow 0$

Fundamental fermions live on a lattice $\hat{N}^3 \times l_0 \hat{N}$

N=289

Wilson & Twisted mass fermions



[with MGP]

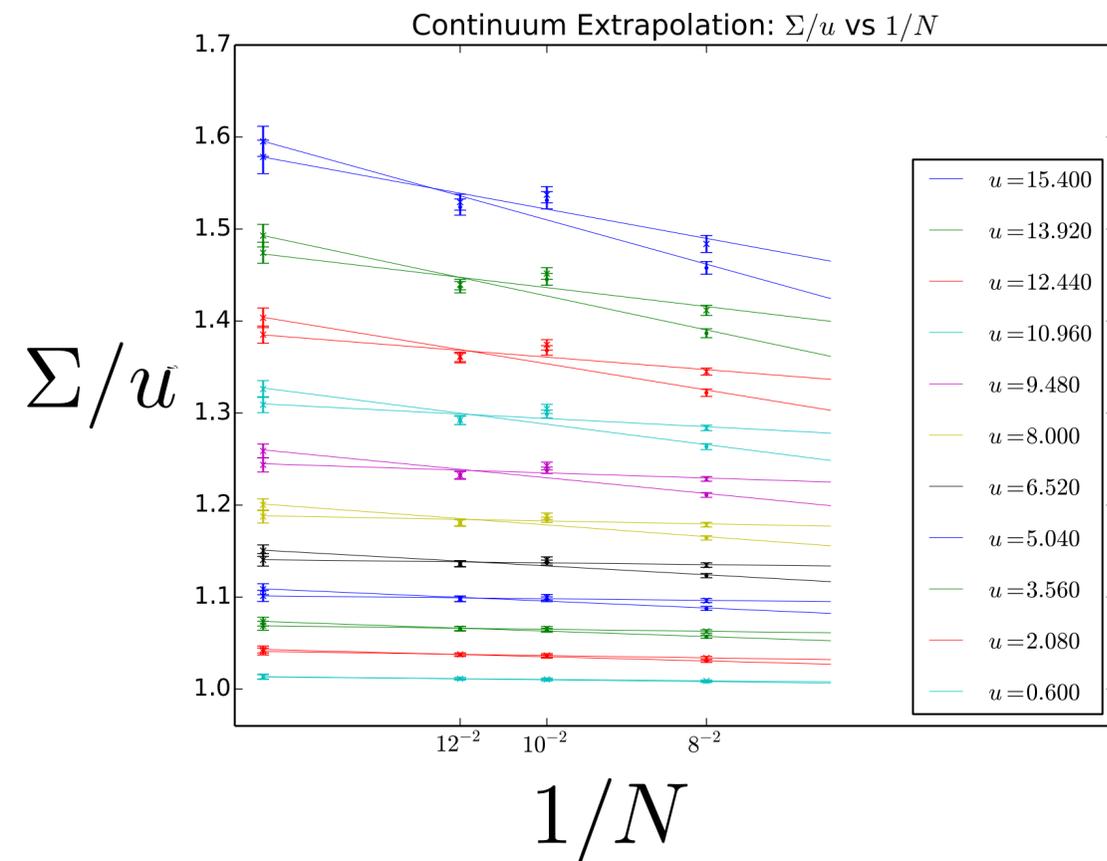
Twisted Eguchi Kawai Reduction on T^4

[MGP, Keegan, González-Arroyo & Okawa]

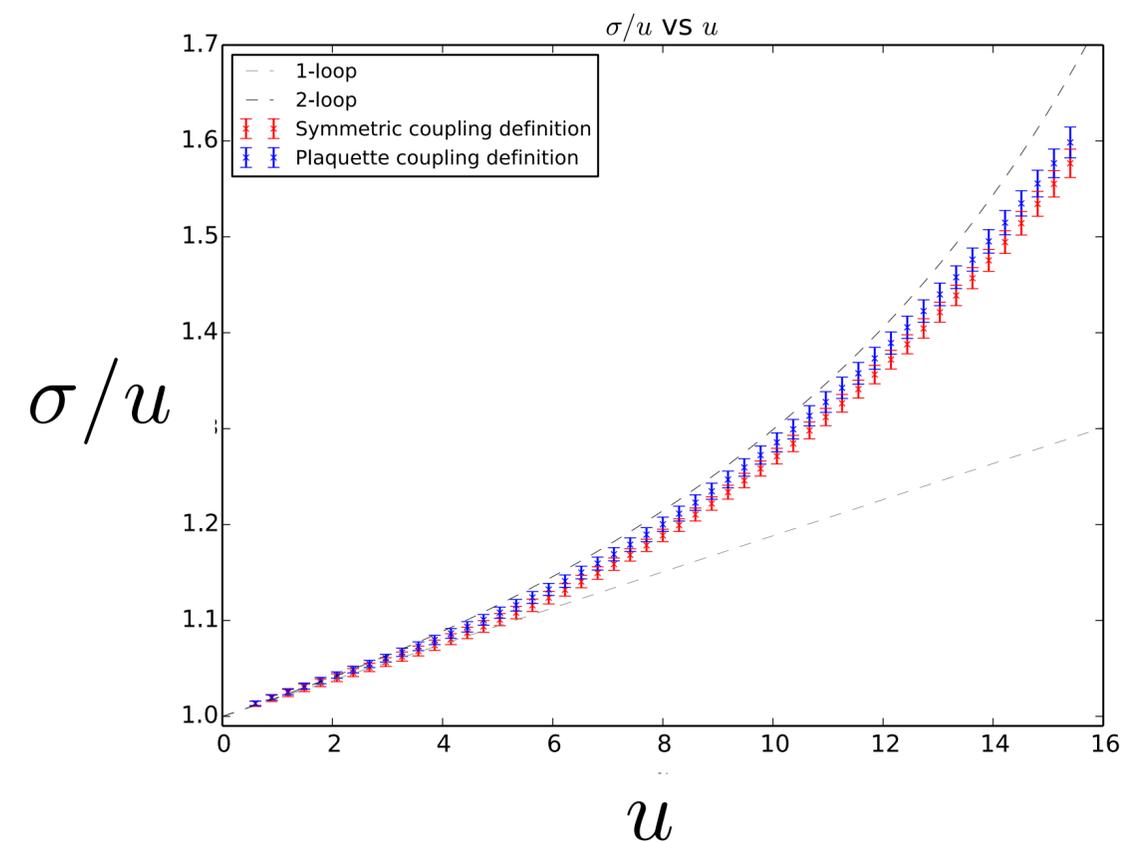
Gradient flow coupling

Step scaling with the rank of the group

$$l_{\text{eff}} = a\hat{N} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \lambda(l_{\text{eff}})$$



One loop PT
NSPT



[Bribián & MGP]

[Ishikawa, this conference]

The game

$$x = 1$$
$$l_{\text{eff}} = 1/M$$

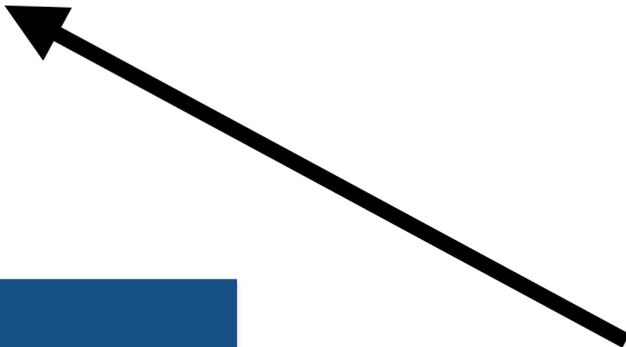
$$x = M \hat{N} l$$



Analytic + Semi-classical



Thermodynamic limit
Lattice



80s-90s Gonzalez-Arroyo,
Lüscher, van Baal, ...

$$z = Ml$$

Adiabatic continuity

Shifman, Unsal, Yaffe, ...

The standard game

fixed N

varying volume

The game

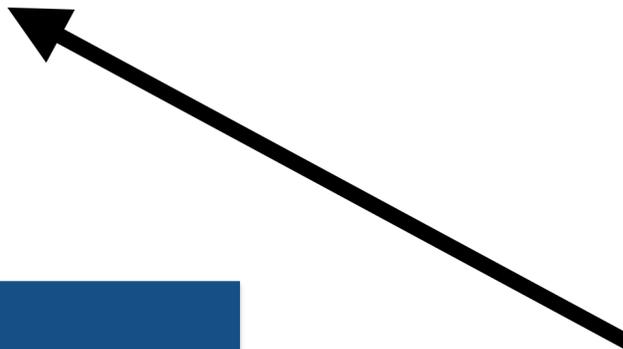
$$x = 1$$
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Analytic + Semi-classical

Thermodynamic limit
Lattice



The standard game
fixed N
varying volume

80s-90s Gonzalez-Arroyo,
Lüscher, van Baal, ...

$$z = Ml$$

Adiabatic continuity

Shifman, Unsal, Yaffe, ...

The standard game

Analytic + Semi-classical + Lattice at finite N



80s-90s $T^3 \times R$ $SU(2)$

- **PBC** mass gap - tunnelling through vacuum induced barrier [van Baal et al.]
- **TBC** mass gap - tunnelling by fractional instantons [González-Arroyo et al.]

$T^2 \times R$ $SU(N)$

- Electric flux and glueball spectrum - one loop PT and lattice

[García Pérez, Koren, González-Arroyo & Okawa]

The standard game

Analytic + Semi-classical + Lattice at finite N



A large amount of analytic work on **QCD(Adj)**

Review 2016 [Dunne & Unsal]

- $R^3 \times S^1$ mass gap - induced by bions

[Unsal]

- Analytic glueball, meson, string tension

[Aitken&Cherman&Poppitz&Yaffe]

- CP^{N-1} phase structure, resurgence

[i.e. this conference talk by T. Misumi]

- $\mathcal{N}=1$ SUSY with mass deformation

[Poppitz & Schaefer & Unsal]

[Bergner et al. - lattice SU(2)]

The standard game

- $\mathcal{N}=1$ SUSY - mass deformation on $R^3 \times S^1$

[Poppitz, Schäfer & Unsal]

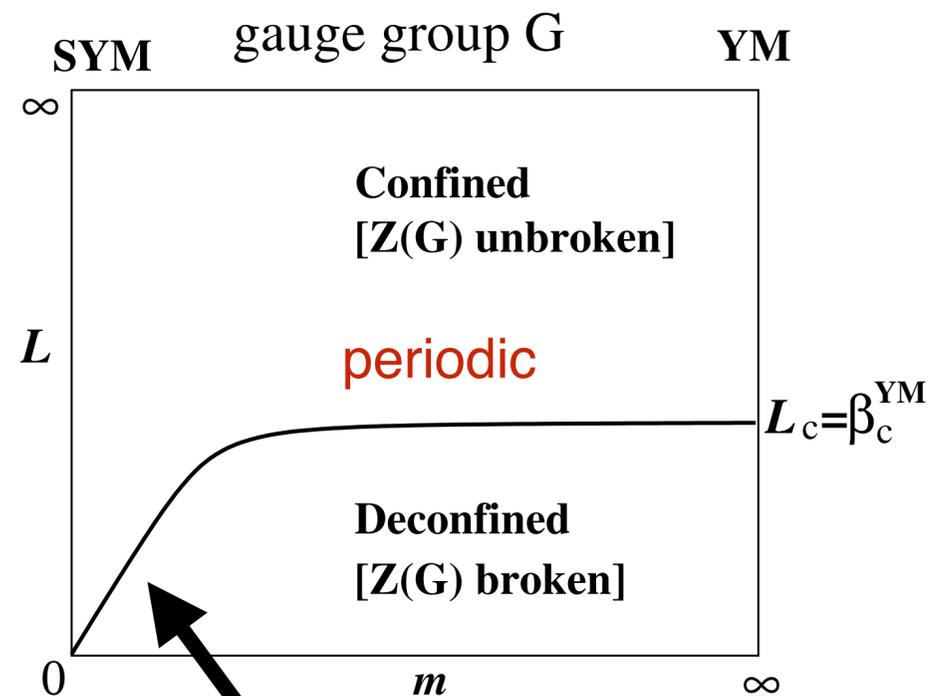
- $S^3 \times S^1$

[Hollowood & Myers]

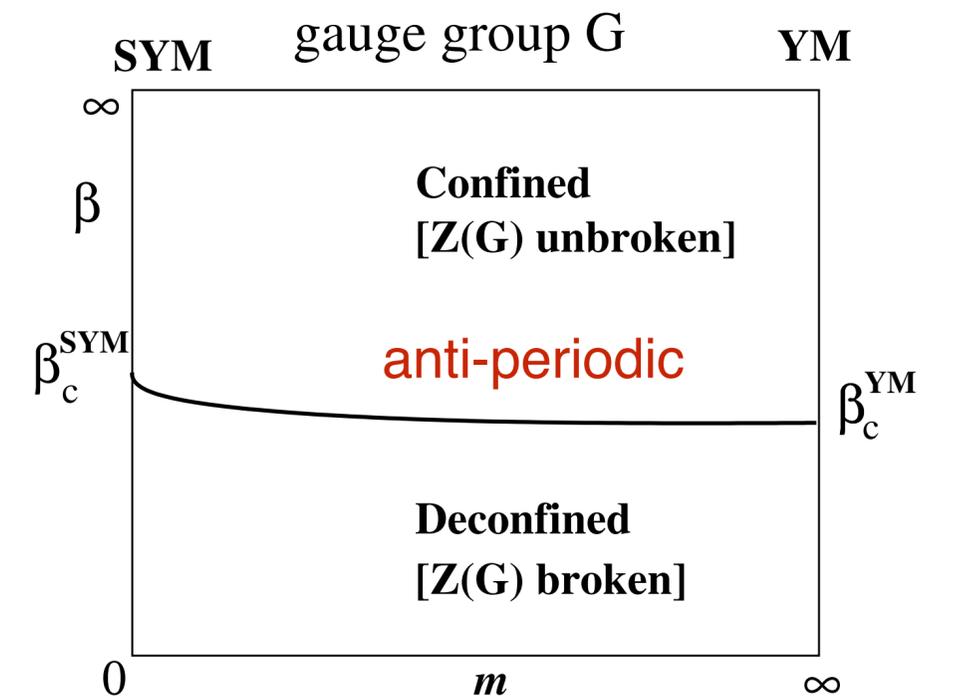
- Lattice tests

[Bergner et al.]

[Bergner, this conference]



Analitically computable



$N_f > 1/2$ [Cossu&D'Elia, Cossu et al.]

T⁴

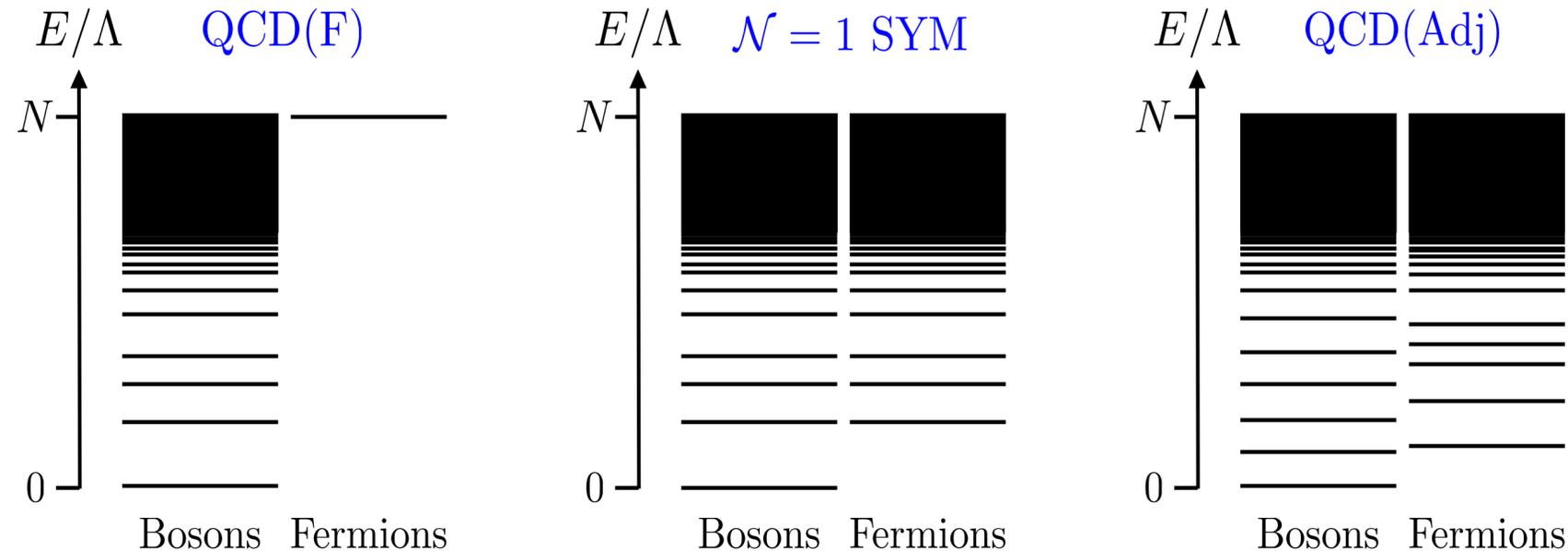
[Bringoltz, Koren & Sharpe, Hietanen & Narayanan, Lohmayer & Narayanan, Cunningham & Giedt]

Going to large N - Emergent fermionic symmetry

QCD(ADJ)

[Basar, Cherman, Dorigoni & Unsal]

Volume reduction has implications for the spectrum



From [Cherman, Shifman & Unsal, arXiv:1812.04642]

(Basar, Cherman, Dienes, Dorigoni, McGady,.....)

- Cancellation of Hagedorn growth

$$I(l) = \text{Tr} [(-1)^F e^{-lH}]$$

$$I(l) = \int dE [\Omega_B(E) - \Omega_F(E)] e^{-lE}$$

- Discussed also in the context of planar equivalences

i.e. Barbón & Hoyos

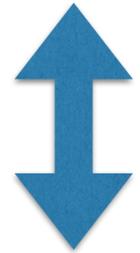
- Missaligned SUSY Dienes

Going to large N - Singular large N limits

$T^2 \times R$ with twist $SU(N)$

$$x = \lambda N l / (4\pi)$$

$$\tilde{\theta} = 2\pi \bar{k} / N$$



Morita duality

Non-commutative $U(1)$

$$l_{\text{eff}} = N l$$

$$\Theta = \frac{l_{\text{eff}}^2}{(2\pi)^2} \tilde{\theta}$$

- Possible non-perturbative regulator of NC

[Ambjorn, Makeenko, Nishimura & Szabo]

BUT

Tachyonic instabilities at one-loop

[Guralnik, Landsteiner, López]

Also non-perturbatively

i.e. [Bietenholz, Nishimura, Susaki & Volkholz]

$T^2 \times R$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\vec{n}}^2(x, \tilde{\theta}) = \frac{|\vec{n}|^2}{4x^2} - G\left(\frac{\tilde{\theta}\vec{n}}{2\pi}\right) \frac{1}{x}$$

Energy of electric flux
(in units of λ)

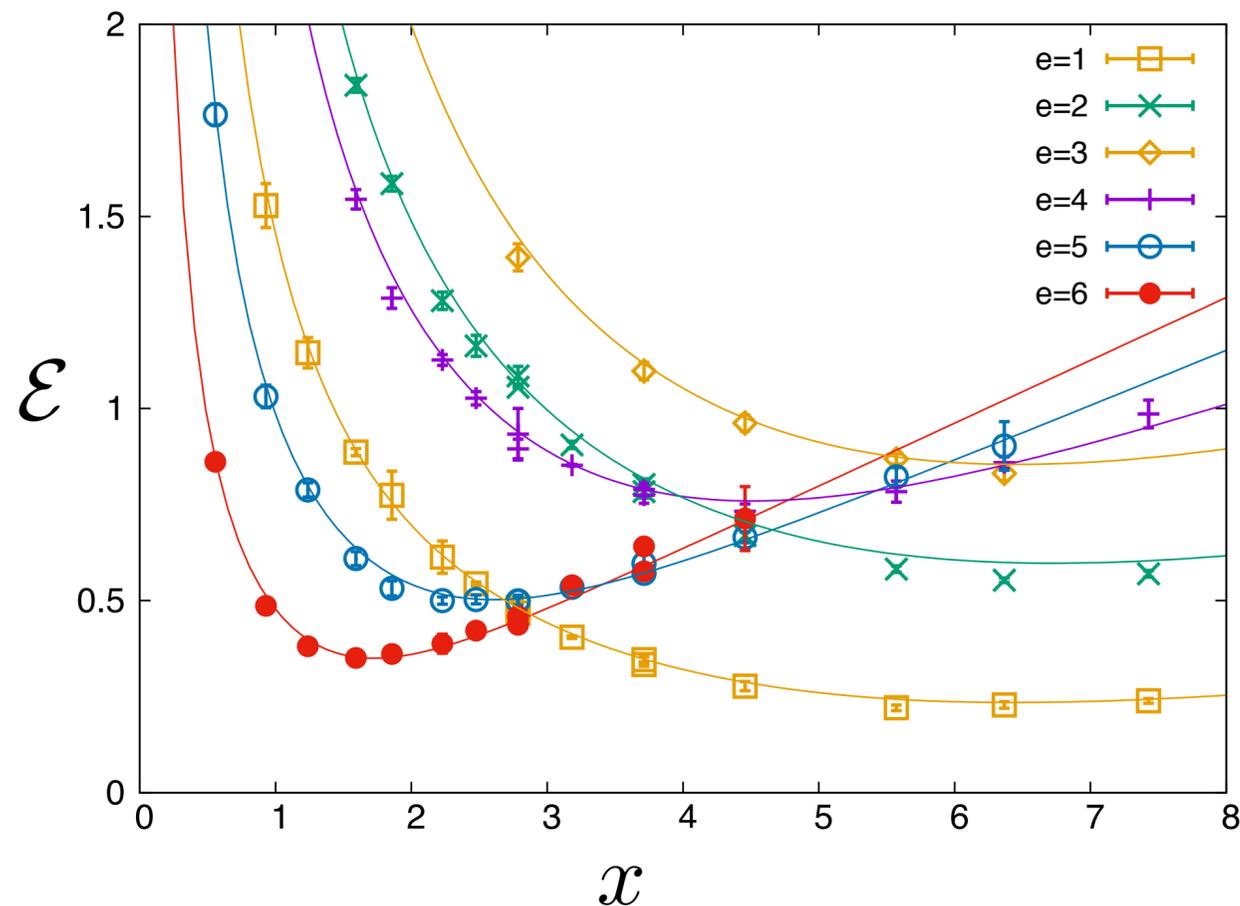
[García Pérez, Koren, González-Arroyo & Okawa]

Going to large N - Singular large N limits

[García Pérez, Koren, González-Arroyo & Okawa]

Combined analytic and numerical analysis for the electric flux spectrum at various N

$$\mathcal{E}^2 = \mathcal{E}_{1\text{-loop}}^2 + \mathcal{E}_{\text{Nambu-Goto}}^2$$



The absence of tachyonic behaviour in the electric flux spectrum requires

$$Z_{\min}(N, k) \equiv \min_{e \perp N} e \left\| \frac{ke}{N} \right\| \gtrsim 0.1$$

[González-Arroyo & Chamizo]

Is it possible for any N to choose an appropriate k?

Unproven Zarembo's conjecture

It holds for almost all values of N [Huang]

The Golden Ratio and Non-Commutative gauge theories

[García Pérez, Koren, González-Arroyo & Okawa]

A different question - singular large N limits

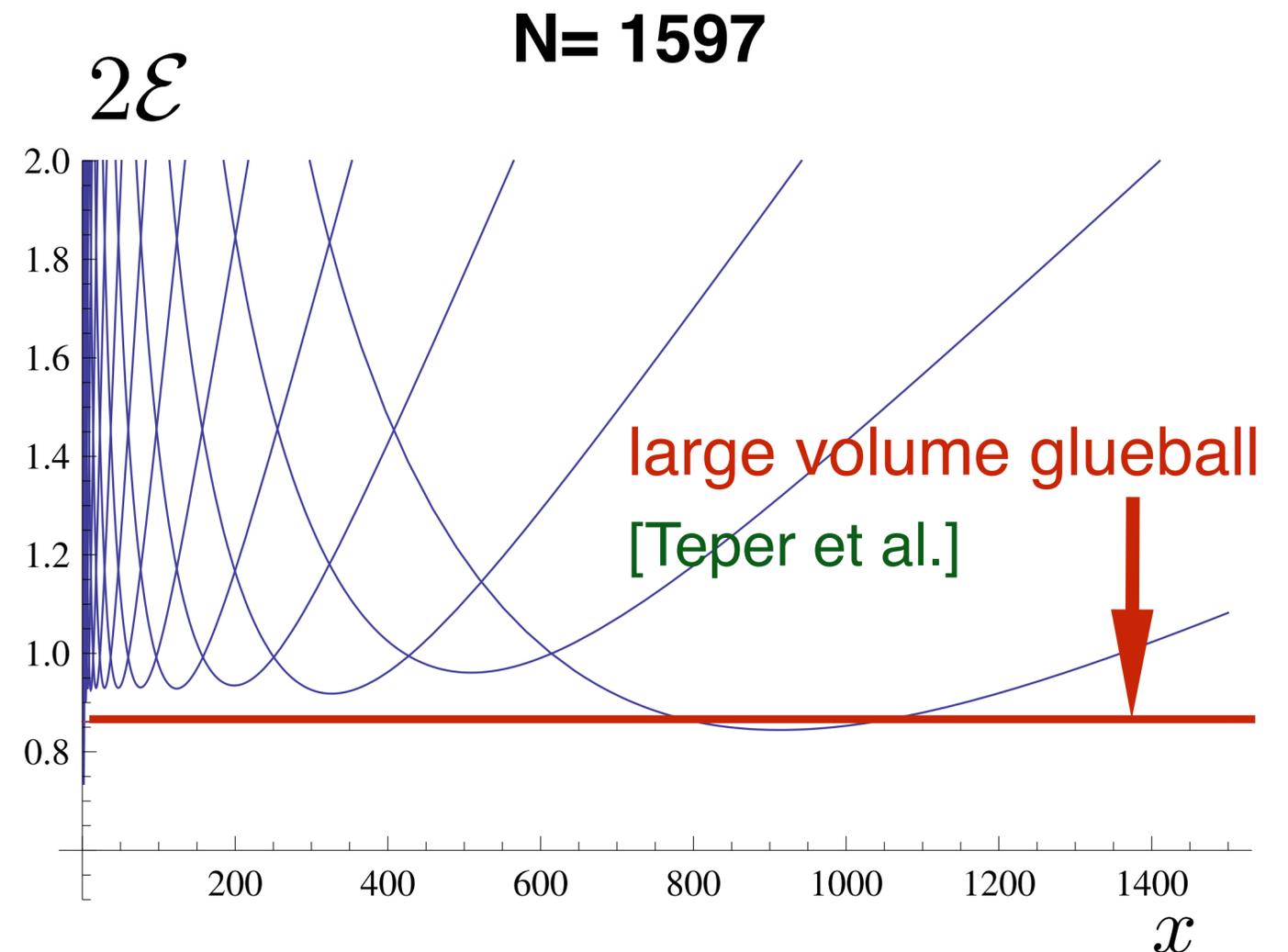
Can we reach any value of the NC parameter at large N?

$$\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\bar{k}_i}{N_i} = \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2\pi}$$

NO, only for an uncountable zero-measure set

$$\frac{\bar{k}_i}{N_i} = \frac{F_{i-2}}{F_i} \rightarrow \frac{3 - \sqrt{5}}{2} \quad \text{optimal } Z_{\min}$$

Fibonacci numbers



Lattice Large N from the perspective of volume independence



Efficient tool for large N extrapolations

Mesons, string tension, running coupling ...

Conformality

Theta dependence

Veneziano limit

Several conjectures
in the game

Continuity in the crossover region

Phase structure

SUSY - mass deformations

Non - commutativity

Resurgence

