CP-odd EFT constraints from ggH + VBF + H4L LHCHXS WG2 meeting on EFT & CP



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Introduction

Presenting results of

Bernlochner, Englert, Hays, Lohwasser, Mildner, Pilkington, Price and Spannowsky Signs of CP-violation in Higgs boson interactions, arXiv:1808.06577 [hep-ph]

Strategy

- Constrain CP-odd dimension-six SM EFT operators
- By re-interpreting model-independent Higgs measurements
- Capture leading effect of operators (∝ Λ⁻²) with CP-odd observables

Outline

- One usable observable measured ($\Delta \phi_{jj}$), by ATLAS, in two channels
- Observe asymmetry in this CP-odd observable but unable to distinguish between CP-violating sources with available measurements
- Demonstrate: split by production mode would reduce ambiguity
- ► Addition of additional H→4l observable allows constraining multiple operators, additionally extrapolate to 300 and 3000 fb⁻¹

Analysing dimension-six operators of SM EFT in Warsaw basis

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \sum_{i} \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} O_i$$

Considering four CP-odd operators affecting Higgs interactions

$$\begin{split} O_{H\tilde{G}} &= H^{\dagger} H G^{a\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \qquad O_{H\tilde{B}} &= H^{\dagger} H B^{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} \\ O_{H\tilde{W}} &= H^{\dagger} H W^{a\mu\nu} \tilde{W}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \qquad O_{H\tilde{W}B} &= H^{\dagger} \tau^{a} H B_{\mu\nu} \tilde{W}^{a\mu\nu} \end{split}$$

and corresponding CP-even operators O_{HG}, O_{HW}, O_{HB}, O_{HWB}

- Technical details
 - SMEFTsim code used [arXiv:1709.06492]
 - Simulate dim-6 operator contribution with Madgraph5+Pythia8, analysed with Rivet
 - Measurement, uncertainty, and SM prediction are taken from experimental publications
 - Effect (of CP-even operators) on branching ratios considered, too

Linearisation

Considering only leading ($\propto \Lambda^{-2}$) effect in EFT expansion: interference (of $c_i/\Lambda^2 O_i$ contribution) with SM

$$|\mathcal{M}|^2 = |\mathcal{M}_{\mathsf{SM}}|^2 + 2\mathsf{Re}\left(\mathcal{M}^{\star}_{\mathsf{SM}}\mathcal{M}_{\mathsf{d6}}\right) + O(\Lambda^{-4})$$

Terms quadratic in CP-odd operators:

- Generate no genuine CP-odd effects
- ► Introduce more model-dependence (would need to consider all effects at $O(\Lambda^{-4})$, including dim-8 operator interference)
- Will only improve our constraints when included

CP-odd operators in linearised approach:

- Integration over interference term vanishes for CP-odd operators
- They have no linear contributions to CP-even observables
- Require construction of CP-odd observables to capture $\propto \Lambda^{-2}$ effect

CP-odd observables

- CP-odd observables:
 - Can be constructed for large number of processes
 - Asymmetry can be indication of CP-violation
 - Affected symmetrically by CP-even operators
 ⇒ in linearised approach, CP-odd fit largely decoupled from CP-even
 - Also affected symmetrically by most experimental uncertainties, small uncertainty of asymmetry
- Only CP-odd observable unfolded in LHC Higgs measurements so far: Δφ_{ij}
 - Measured by ATLAS in H(ZZ) and H(γγ) decays
 - Sign determined by direction of jet with larger rapidity



 No CP-odd observables measured by CMS or in ATLAS WW, unable to re-interpreted ATLAS optimal observable analysis in VBF H(ττ)





- $\Delta \phi_{ii}$ measured by ATLAS in $H(\gamma \gamma)$ and H(ZZ) with 36.1 fb⁻¹
- Both measurement exhibit similar asymmetry, combined:

$$A = \frac{\sigma(0 < \Delta\phi_{jj} < \pi) - \sigma(-\pi < \Delta\phi_{jj} < 0)}{\sigma(0 < \Delta\phi_{jj} < \pi) + \sigma(-\pi < \Delta\phi_{jj} < 0)} = 0.3 \pm 0.2,$$

could be sign of CP-violation in Higgs sector, if persistent

Fit results for $\Delta \phi_{jj}$



Constraints on CP-odd operators from $\Delta \phi_{jj}$ measurements

- ► Can constrain one of O_{HG̃}, O_{HW̃}, O_{HB̃}, O_{HW̃}
- Blind directions: cannot distinguish between, e.g., O_{HG} and O_{HW}

Constraints on CP-even operators

- Tightly constrained by integrated cross section and branching ratios
- Further improved by including 0 and 1 jet rate ("N_{jets}")
- With limited experimental inputs: blind directions exist for CP-even
 - but do not affect CP-odd operator constraints

VBF split & additional observable Φ_{ZZ}

Possible improvements to existing measurements

- Measure $\Delta \phi_{jj}$ in VBF enhanced/suppressed phase space \rightarrow allows distinguishing gluon and vector boson operators
- Analyse angle Φ between Z-decay planes a CP-odd observable
 - Already utilised in ATLAS and CMS Higgs characterisation studies
 - Can further help separating effect of \tilde{O}_{HW} , \tilde{O}_{HB} , \tilde{O}_{HWB}



Results with pseudo data

Now: pseudodata corresponding to SM and 36 fb⁻¹



- As before: blind direction in existing $\Delta \phi_{jj}$ measurement
- Can be resolved by introduction of VBF split
- Adding Φ_{ZZ} improves constraints (significantly so for $c_{H\tilde{B}}, c_{H\tilde{W}B}$)

Results with pseudo data – marginalisation

▶ Now marginalising over $c_{H\tilde{B}}, c_{H\tilde{W}B} \rightarrow$ all operators potentially affected by new physics



- Left: When restricting range of marginalisation to reasonably small values (respecting a perturbative constraint of ∑_i |σⁱ_{BSM×SM}|/σ_{SM} < 0.5) CP-odd constraints only slightly weakened</p>
- Right: Without restriction, VBF-split not enough to resolve blind direction \rightarrow but combination with Φ_{ZZ} still allows constraining all four CP-odd operators

Extrapolation of pseudodata results

 Extrapolation of Φ_{ZZ} and VBF-split φ_{jj} measurement, assuming relevant uncertainties are statistically dominated



- Constrains of O(1/TeV²), even 0.02/TeV² for c_{HG} with 3000 fb⁻¹ (all while profiling remaining coefficients)
- Note: with higher sensitivity, quadratic terms also less relevant
- Addition of more measurements ATLAS+CMS, WW/ττ channels, more observables (e.g. in WW decay) – would clearly further improve constraints

Conclusion

- Re-interpretation of Higgs measurements in linearised fit of multiple CP-odd SMEFT operators
 - Well-motivated, interesting, and useful approach
 - Modest excess in CP-odd observable found, cannot be characterised further using current measurements
 - Demonstrated: much more information on CP-odd operators could be gathered with a few simple additional measurements
- Measurement of CP-odd observables important task
 - Easy to measure but often blind spot of experimental analyses
 - One simple CP-odd observable per channel would already allow constraining multiple CP-odd operators in combined fit
 - Where possible, split by production mode useful
 - Constraints from experimental collaborations (with specific models and assumptions) of course also valuable
 → additional publication of model-independent measurement important for re-interpretation with new assumptions
 - Asymmetries in signed quantities could be sign of CP violation $\ensuremath{\textcircled{\sc b}}$