

NNPDF



NNPDF
Machine Learning • PDFs • QCD

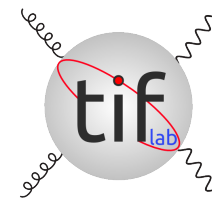
PDF UNCERTAINTIES

CURRENT UNDERSTANDING & ISSUES

STEFANO FORTE
UNIVERSITÀ DI MILANO & INFN



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO
DIPARTIMENTO DI FISICA



EWVG MEETING

CERN, NOVEMBER 13, 2018



QUESTIONS

DATA+METHODOLOGY ISSUES

- WHICH UNCERTAINTIES DO PDF UNCERTAINTIES INCLUDE AND HOW DO WE KNOW THAT THEY ARE FAITHFUL?
- ARE UNCERTAINTIES FROM DIFFERENT GROUPS CORRELATED AND HOW CAN WE COMBINE THEM?
- CAN WE DETERMINE THE BEST DATASET AND HOW?
- ARE THERE ADVANTAGES/DISADVANTAGES IN USING EIGENVECTORS VS. MONTECARLO AND CAN WE TELL?

THEORY ISSUES

- HOW SHOULD ONE TREAT THE CHARM PDF?
- HOW SHOULD ONE TREAT THE PHOTON PDF?
- ARE THEORY (MHO) UNCERTAINTIES INCLUDED AND SHOULD WE WORRY ABOUT THEM?
- (DO WE NEED RESUMMED PDFS?)

DATA+METHODOLOGY

PDF UNCERTAINTIES

THE KARLSRUHE PLOTS



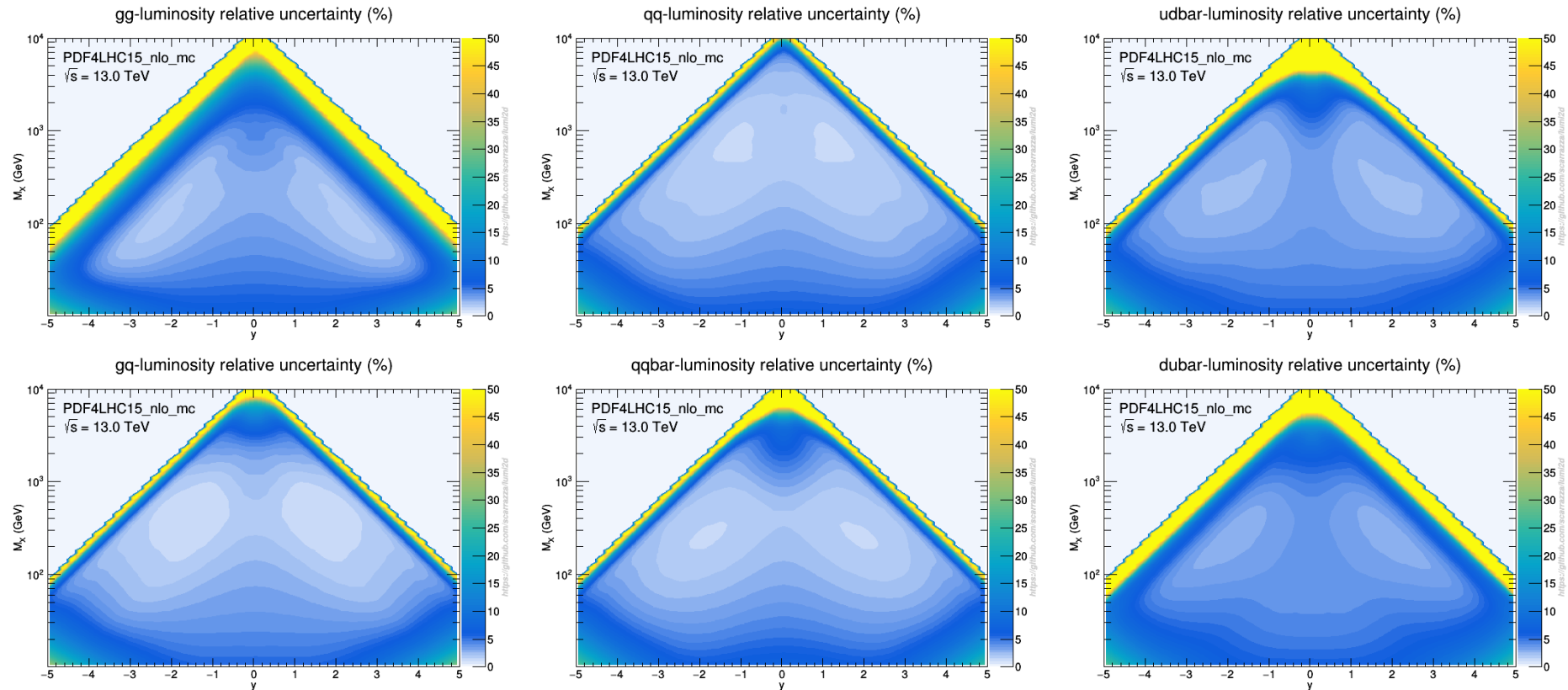
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CURRENT PDF UNCERTAINTIES (PDF4LHC15: NLO)

GLUON

SINGLET

FLAVORS



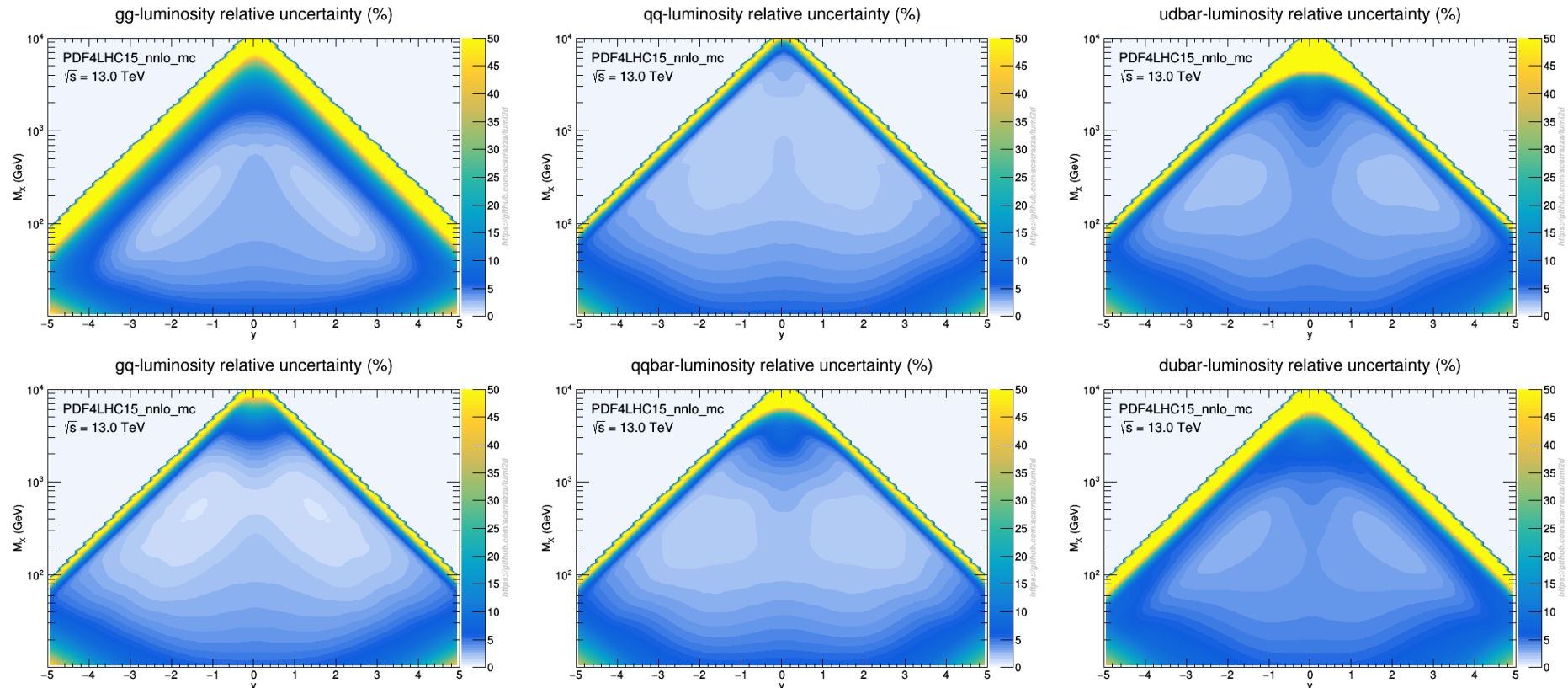
- GLUON BETTER KNOWN AT SMALL x , VALENCE QUARKS AT LARGE x , SEA QUARKS IN BETWEEN
- TYPICAL UNCERTAINTIES IN DATA REGION $\sim 3 - 5\%$
- SWEET SPOT: VALENCE Q - G; DOWN TO 1%
- UP BETTER KNOWN THAN DOWN; FLAVOR SINGLET BETTER THAN INDIVIDUAL FLAVORS
- .

CURRENT PDF UNCERTAINTIES (PDF4LHC15 NNLO)

GLUON

SINGLET

FLAVORS



- GLUON BETTER KNOWN AT SMALL x , VALENCE QUARKS AT LARGE x , SEA QUARKS IN BETWEEN
- TYPICAL UNCERTAINTIES IN DATA REGION $\sim 3 - 5\%$
- SWEET SPOT: VALENCE Q - G; DOWN TO 1%
- UP BETTER KNOWN THAN DOWN; FLAVOR SINGLET BETTER THAN INDIVIDUAL FLAVORS
- NO QUALITATIVE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN NLO AND NNLO

PDF UNCERTAINTIES

- INCLUDE UNCERTAINTY FROM DATA & METHODOLOGY (AND NOTHING ELSE!)
- HOW DO WE KNOW THAT THEY ARE FAITHFUL?

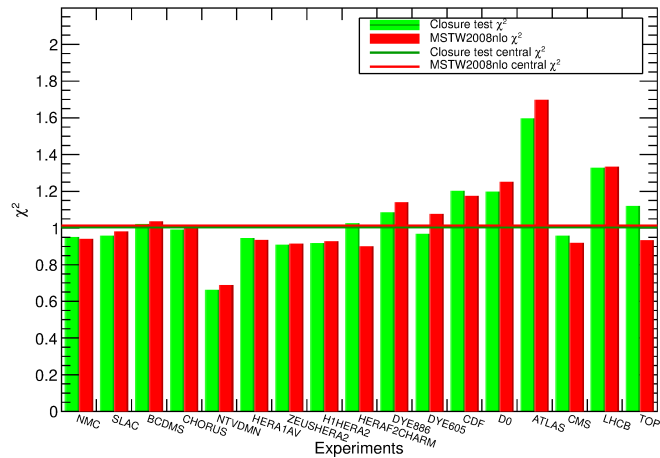
CLOSURE TESTS (NNPDF) BASIC IDEA

- ASSUME PDFs KNOWN: GENERATE FAKE EXPERIMENTAL DATA
- CAN DECIDE DATA UNCERTAINTY (ZERO, OR AS IN REAL DATA, OR . . .)
- FIT PDFs TO FAKE DATA
- CHECK WHETHER FIT REPRODUCES UNDERLYING “TRUTH”:
 - CHECK WHETHER TRUE VALUE GAUSSIANLY DISTRIBUTED ABOUT FIT
 - CHECK WHETHER UNCERTAINTIES FAITHFUL
 - CHECK STABILITY
(INDEP. OF METHODOLOGICAL DETAILS)

CLOSURE TEST RESULTS (NNPDF3.0)

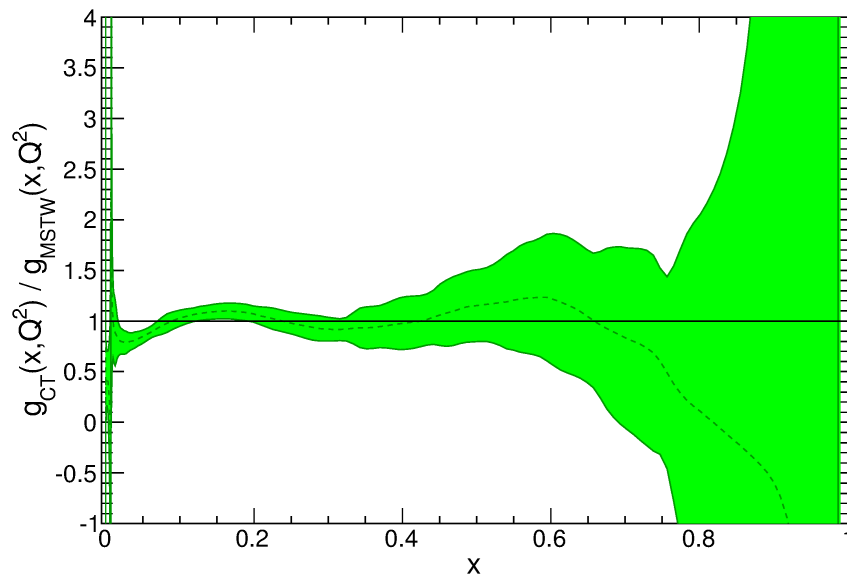
CENTRAL VALUES AND UNCERTAINTIES

Distribution of χ^2 for experiments



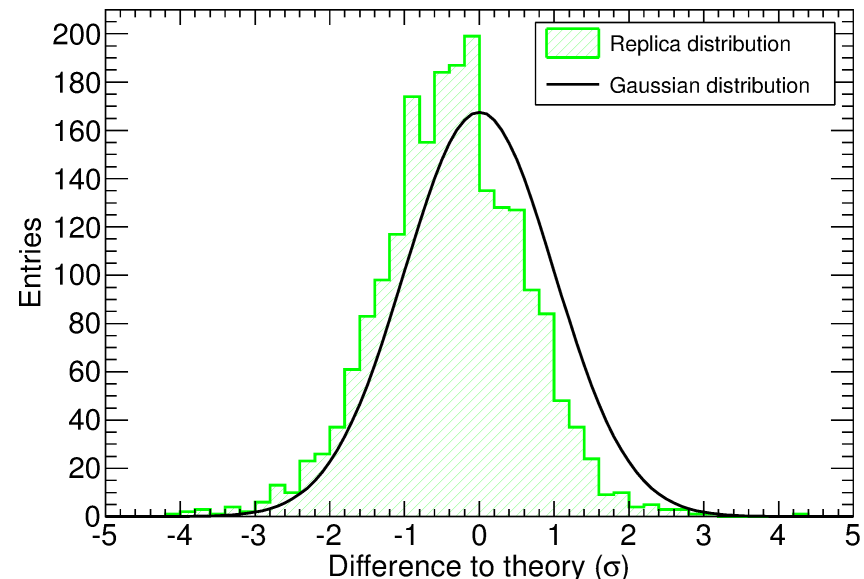
- **CENTRAL VALUES:**
 COMPARE FITTED VS. “TRUE” χ^2
 BOTH FOR INDIVIDUAL EXPERIMENTS
 & TOTAL DATASET
 FOR TOTAL $\Delta\chi^2 = 0.001 \pm 0.003$
- **UNCERTAINTIES:** DISTRIBUTION OF DEVIATIONS BETWEEN FITTED AND “TRUE” PDFs
 SAMPLED AT 20 POINTS BETWEEN 10^{-5} AND 1
 FIND 0.699% FOR ONE-SIGMA,
 0.948% FOR TWO-SIGMA C.L.

THE GLUON: FITTED/”TRUE”
 Ratio of Closure Test g to MSTW2008



NORM. DISTRIBUTION OF DEVIATIONS

Distribution of single replica fits in level 2 uncertainties



CLOSURE TEST RESULTS (NNPDF3.0)

STABILITY TESTS

- CHANGE UNDERLYING PDF SET (CT10, NNPDF2.3)
- INCREASE MAXIMUM GA TRAINING LENGTH TO 80K
TESTS EFFICIENCY OF CROSS-VALIDATION
- INCREASE NN ARCHITECTURE TO 2-20-15-1
NUMBER OF FREE PARAMETRES INCREASE BY MORE THAN 10×
- CHANGE PDF PARAMETRIZATION BASIS
OLD: ISOTRIplet, $\bar{u} - \bar{d}$, $s + \bar{s}$, $s - \bar{s}$;
NEW: ISOTRIplet, SU(3)-OCTET, BOTH TOTAL ($q + \bar{q}$) & VALENCE ($q - \bar{q}$)

STATISTICAL EQUIVALENCE!

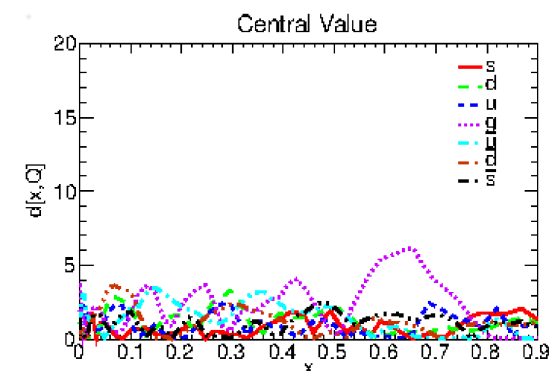
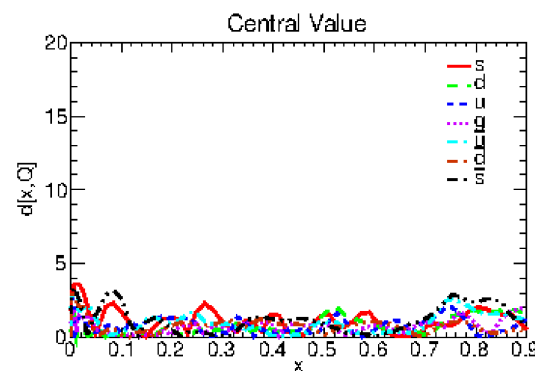
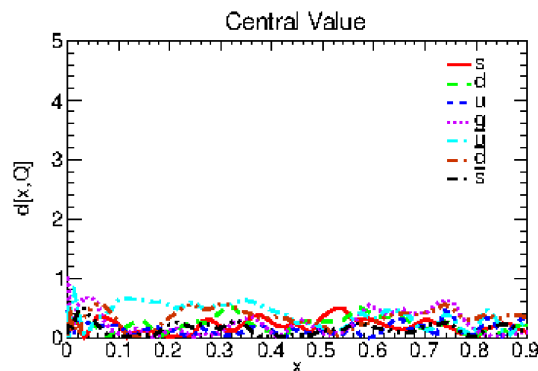
DISTANCES BETWEEN REF. AND NEW FIT:

difference in unites of standard deviation of the mean

30K GENS VS 80K GENS

2.3 BASIS VS 3.0 BASIS

300 VS 37 PARMS



PDF UNCERTAINTIES

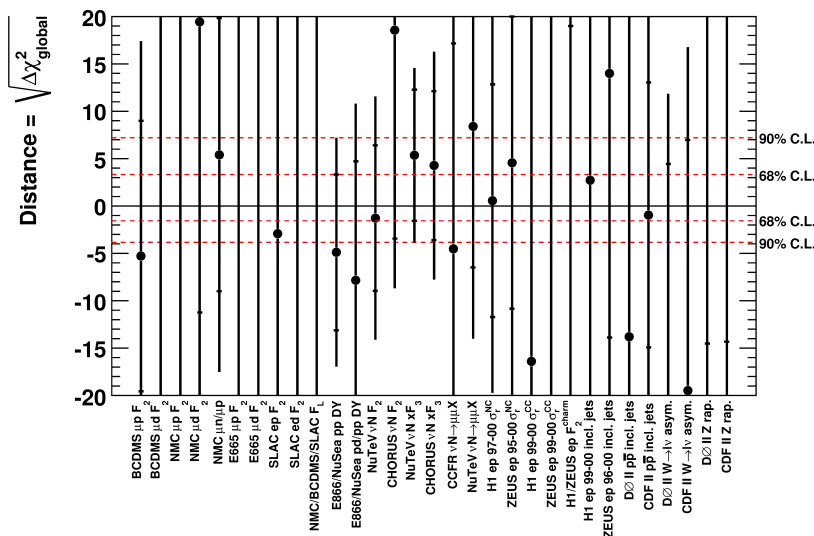
- PDF UNCERTAINTIES ON OTHER GLOBAL FITS HAVE SIMILAR SIZE
 - SIMILAR DATASETS
 - BUT DIFFERENT PROCEDURES
- BECAUSE OF UNCERTAINTY TUNING

TOLERANCE (MMHT-CT)

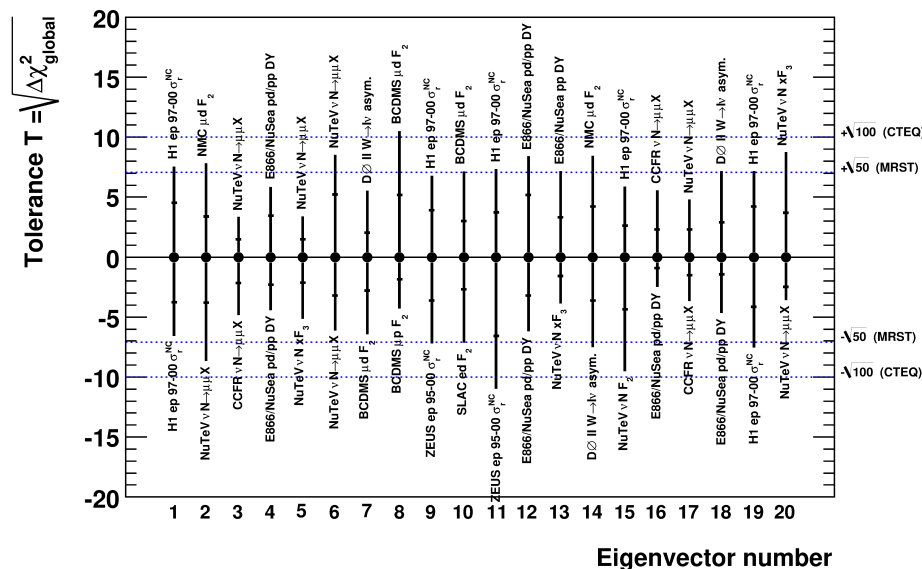
GLOBAL MSTW TOLERANCE

MSTW TOLERANCE PLOT FOR 13TH EIGENVEC.

Eigenvector number 13 MSTW 2008 NLO PDF fit



MSTW 2008 NLO PDF fit



- (MSTW/MMHT) FOR EACH EIGENVECTOR IN PARAMETER SPACE DETERMINE CONFIDENCE LIMIT FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF BEST-FITS OF EACH EXPERIMENT
- RESCALE $\Delta\chi^2 = T$ INTERVAL SUCH THAT CORRECT CONFIDENCE INTERVALS ARE REPRODUCED
- SIMILAR PROCEDURE ADOPTED BY CTEQ

METHODOLOGY

- SIMILAR DATASETS
- BUT DIFFERENT PROCEDURES

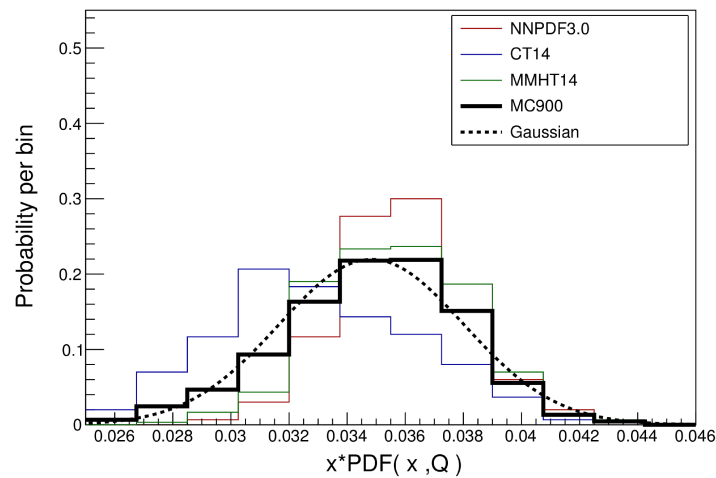
	NNPDF3.0	MMHT14	CT14
NO. OF FITTED PDFS	7	7	6
PARAMETRIZATION	NEURAL NETS	$x^a(1-x)^b \times$ CHEBYSHEV	$x^a(1-x)^b \times$ BERNSTEIN
FREE PARAMETERS	259	37	30-35
UNCERTAINTIES	REPLICAS	HESSIAN	HESSIAN
TUNING	CLOSURE TEST	DYNAMICAL TOLERANCE	DYNAMICAL TOLERANCE

STATISTICAL COMBINATION

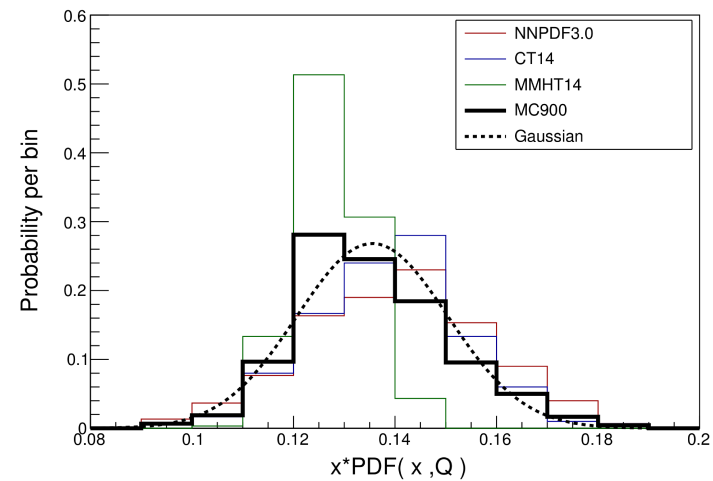
- **MAY COMBINE DIFFERENT PDF SETS, AFTER MC CONVERSION OF HESSIAN SETS**
- **COMBINE MONTE CARLO REPLICAS INTO SINGLE SET**

COMBINED PDF4LHC SETS FOR ANTIDOWN & STRANGE

$\bar{d}(x=0.20, Q=100 \text{ GeV})$



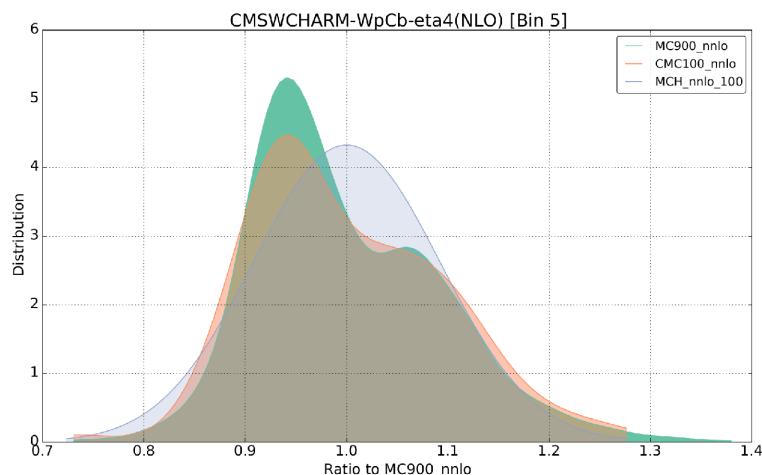
$s(x=0.05, Q=100 \text{ GeV})$



- **NO UNCERTAINTY REDUCTION!**
- **COMBINED SET GAUSSIAN TO GOOD APPROXIMATION**

MONTECARLO OR HESSIAN NONGAUSSIAN BEHAVIOUR

MONTE CARLO COMPARED TO HESSIAN CMS $W + c$ production



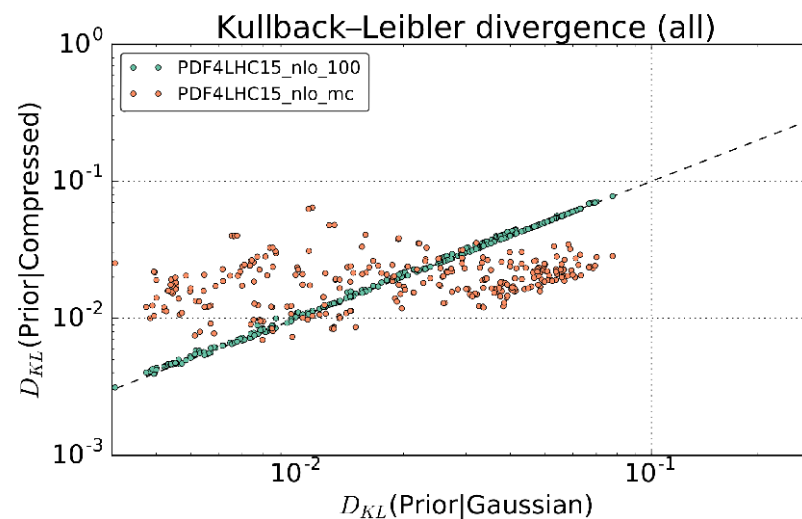
- DEVIATION FROM GAUSSIANTY E.G. AT LARGE x DUE TO LARGE UNCERTAINTY + POSITIVITY BOUNDS
⇒ RELEVANT FOR SEARCHES
- CANNOT BE REPRODUCED IN HESSIAN FRAMEWORK
- WELL REPRODUCED BY COMPRESSED MC

- DEFINE KULLBACK-LEIBLER DIVERGENCE

$$D_{KL} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P(x) \frac{\ln P(x)}{\ln Q(x)} dx$$

BETWEEN A PRIOR P AND ITS REPRESENTATION Q

- D_{KL} BETWEEN PRIOR AND HESSIAN DEPENDS ON DEGREE OF GAUSSIANTY
- D_{KL} BETWEEN PRIOR AND COMPRESSED MC DOES NOT

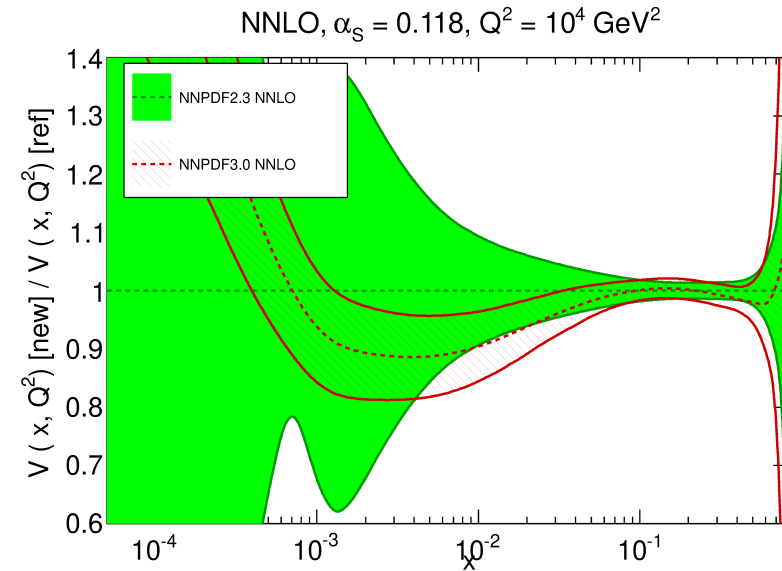
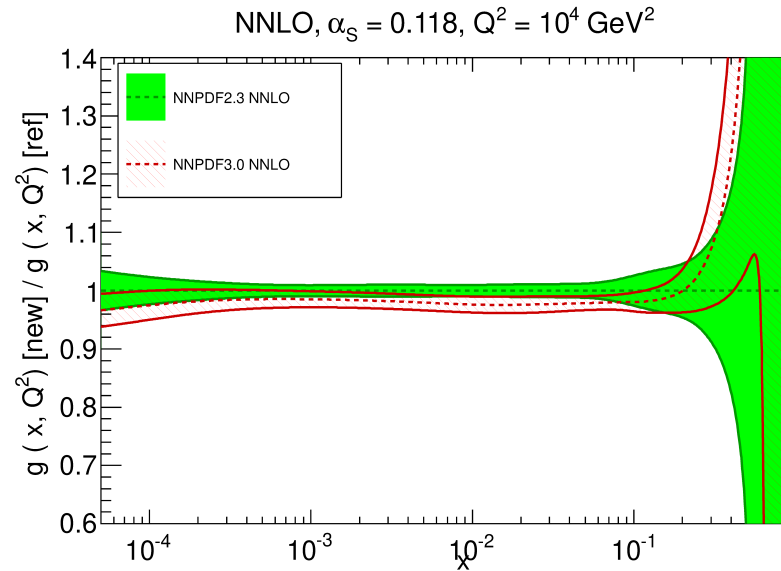


CAN (A) GAUGE WHEN MC IS MORE ADVANTAGEOUS THAN HESSIAN;
(B) ASSESS THE ACCURACY OF COMPRESSION

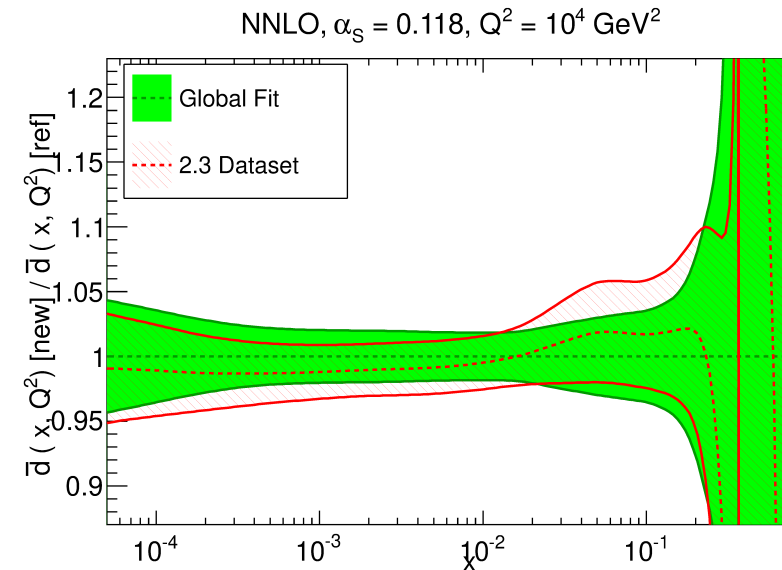
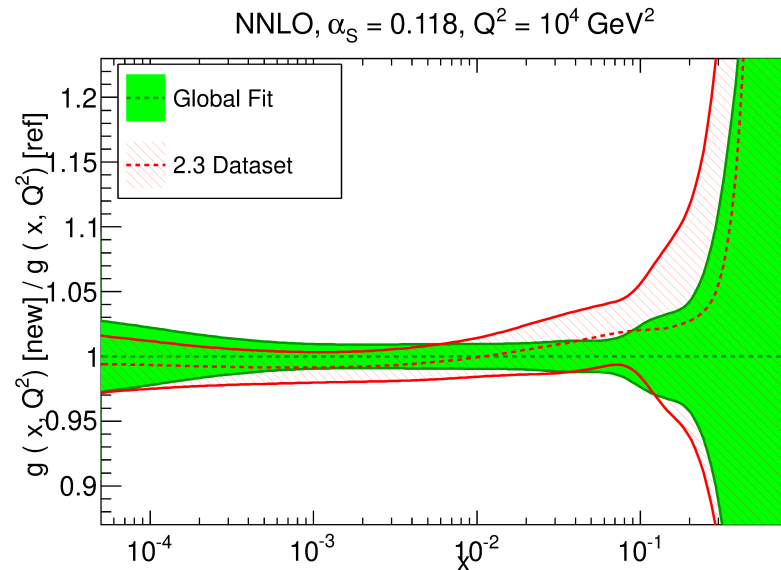
CONSISTENCY VS INFORMATION LOSS

- PDF SETS MUST BE BACKWARD CONSISTENT (THEY ARE)
- PDF UNCERTAINTY **MIGHT IMPROVE** EVEN WITH UNCHANGED DATASET (THEY DO)

NNPDF 2.3 vs 3.0: GLUON & VALENCE



NNPDF 3.0 DEFAULT VS 2.3-LIKE DATASET: GLUON & ANTIDOWN

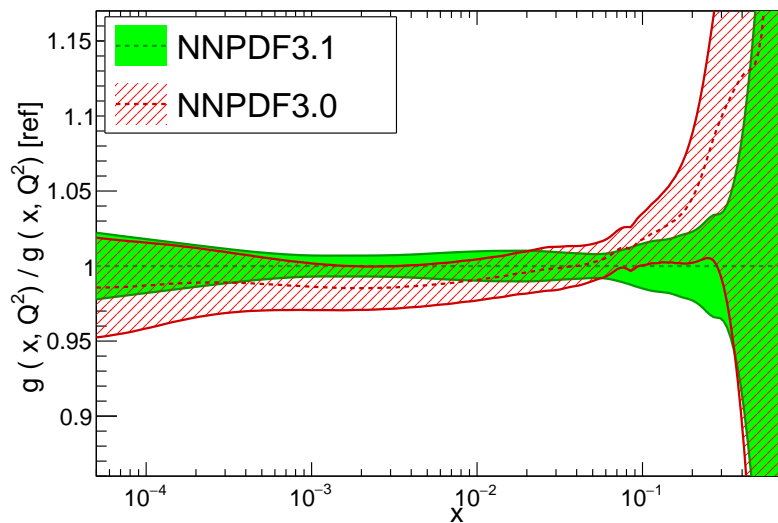


CONSISTENCY VS INFORMATION LOSS

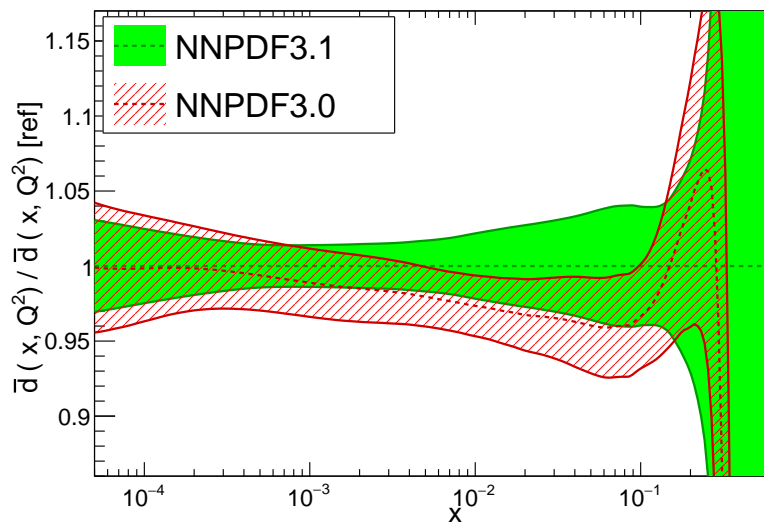
- PDF SETS MUST BE BACKWARD CONSISTENT (THEY ARE)
- PDF UNCERTAINTY **MIGHT IMPROVE** EVEN WITH UNCHANGED DATASET (THEY DO)

NNPDF 3.1 vs 3.0: GLUON & ANTIDOWN

NNLO, $Q = 100$ GeV

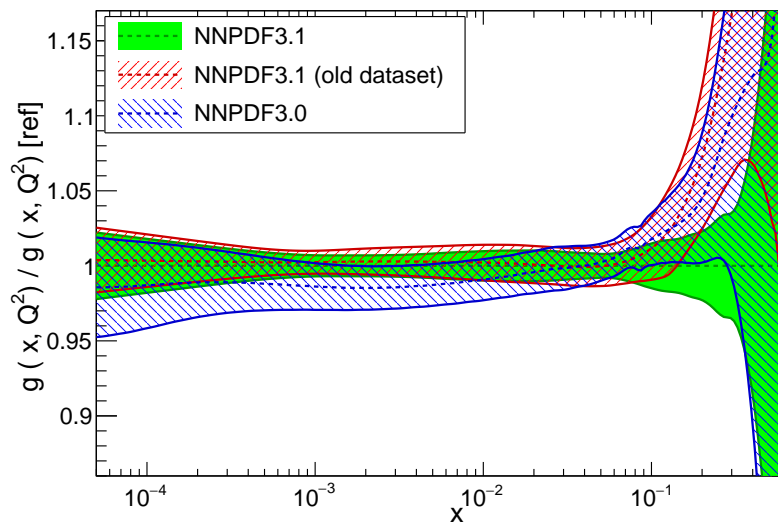


NNLO, $Q = 100$ GeV

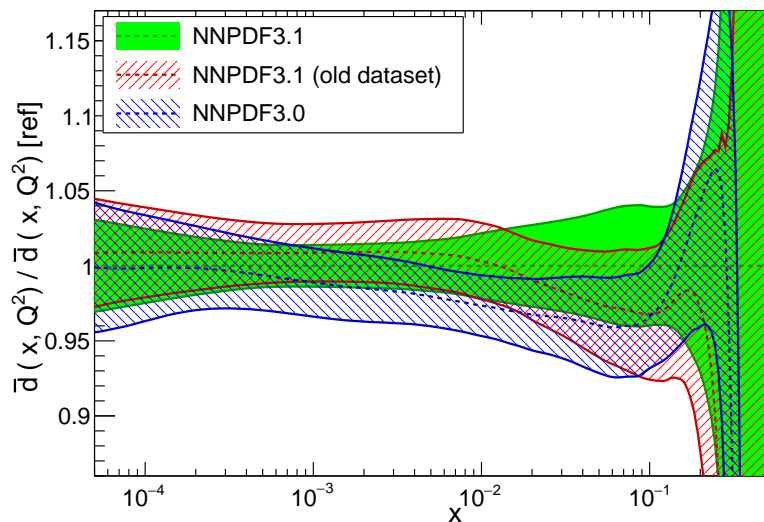


NNPDF 3.1 DEFAULT VS 3.0-LIKE DATASET

NNLO, $Q = 100$ GeV



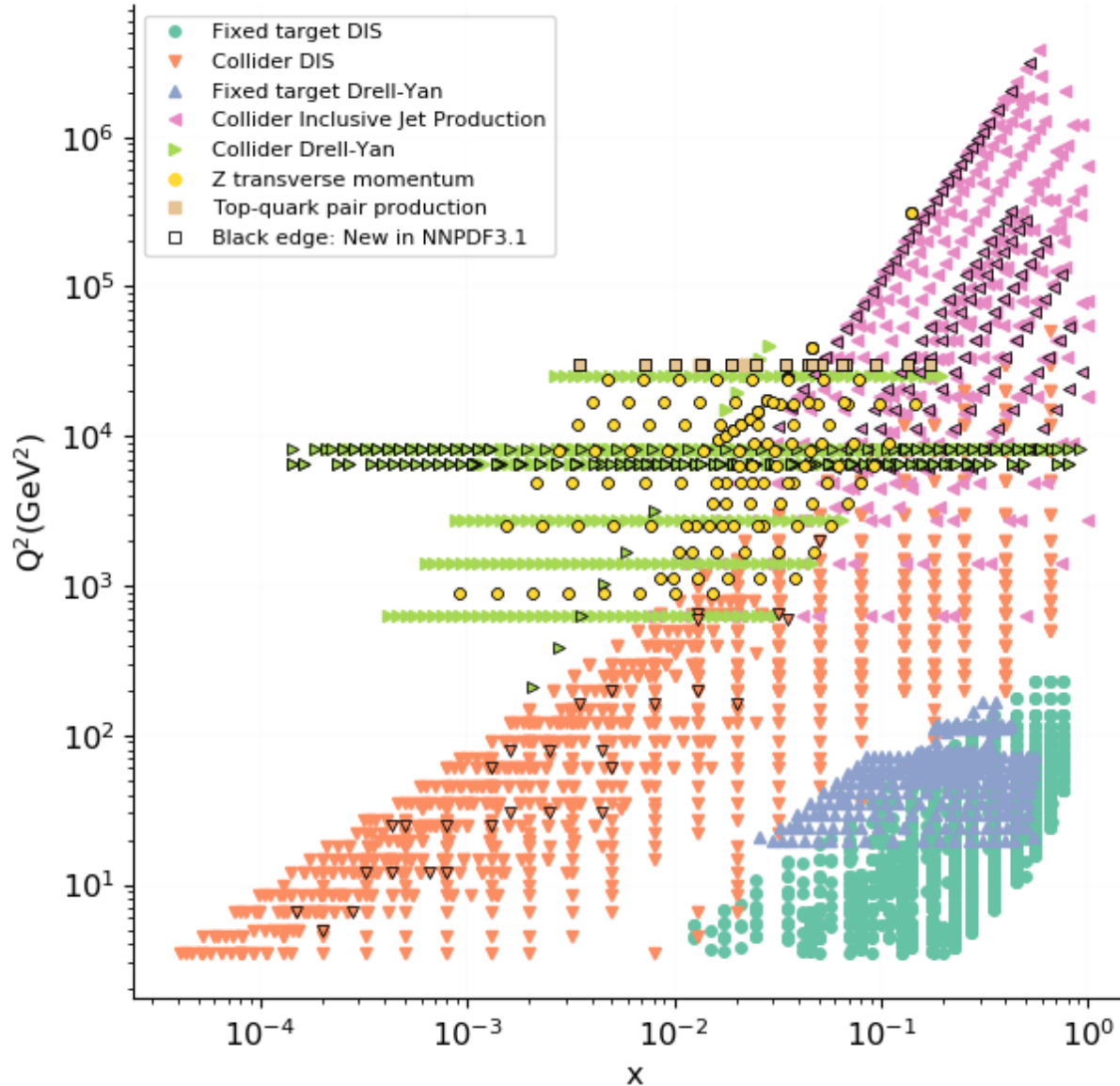
NNLO, $Q = 100$ GeV



DATA IMPACT

DATASET WIDENING: NNPDF3.0 vs NNPDF3.1

Kinematic coverage



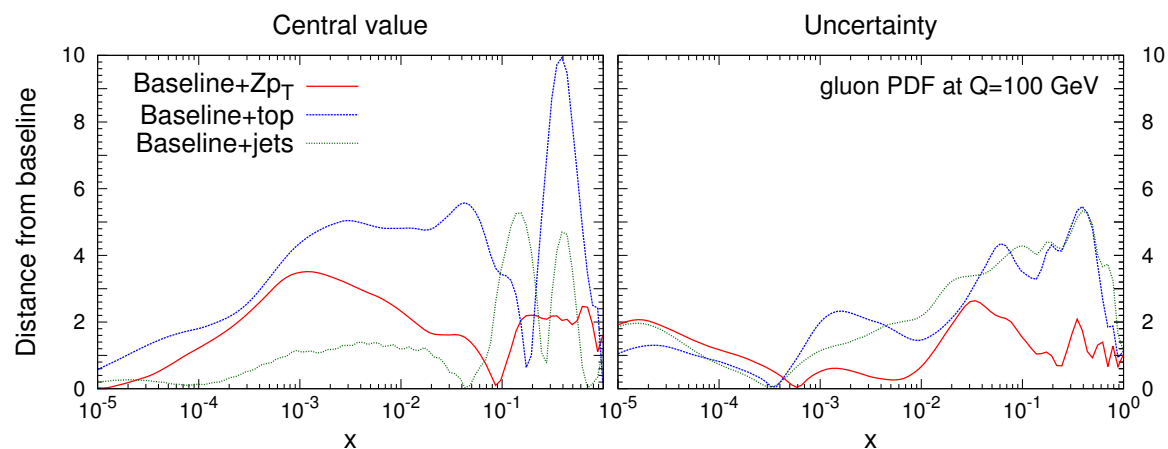
NEW DATA: (BLACK EDGE)
ALL NNLO THEORY

- HERA COMBINED F_2^b
- D0 W LEPTON ASYMMETRY
- ATLAS W, Z 2011, HIGH & LOW MASS DY 2011;
CMS W^\pm RAPIDITY 8TeV
LHCb W, Z 7TeV & 8TeV
- ATLAS 7TeV JETS 2011,
CMS 2.76TeV JETS
- ATLAS & CMS **TOP DIFFERENTIAL** RAPIDITY
- ATLAS Z p_T **DIFFERENTIAL** RAPIDITY & INVARIANT MASS 8TeV,
CMS Z p_T **DIFFERENTIAL** RAPIDITY 8TeV

DATA IMPACT: COMPATIBILITY THE GLUON

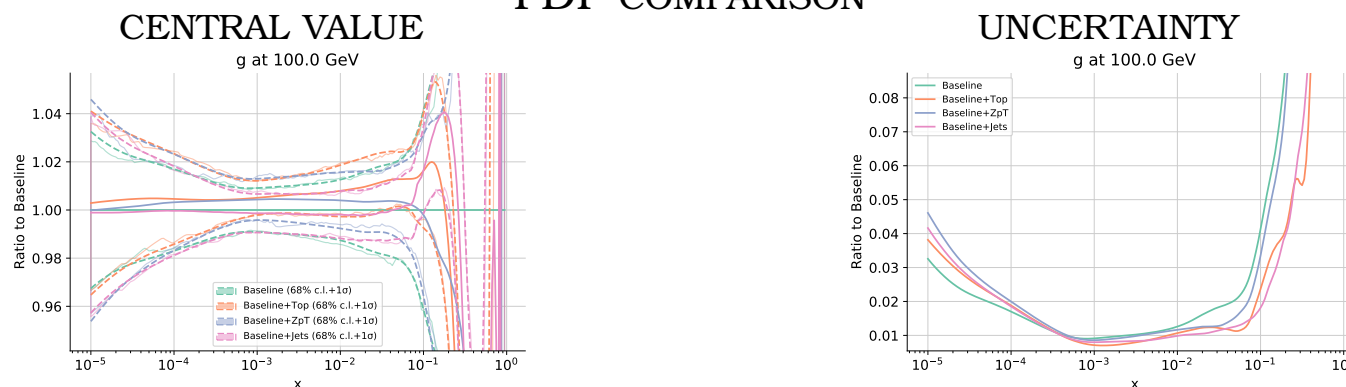
- BEFORE LHC \Rightarrow DIS SCALING VIOLATIONS, TEV JETS AT LARGE X
- AFTER LHC \Rightarrow JETS; $Z p_t$, TOP

DISTANCES (difference in units of st. dev.)



(Nocera, Ubiali, 2017)

PDF COMPARISON



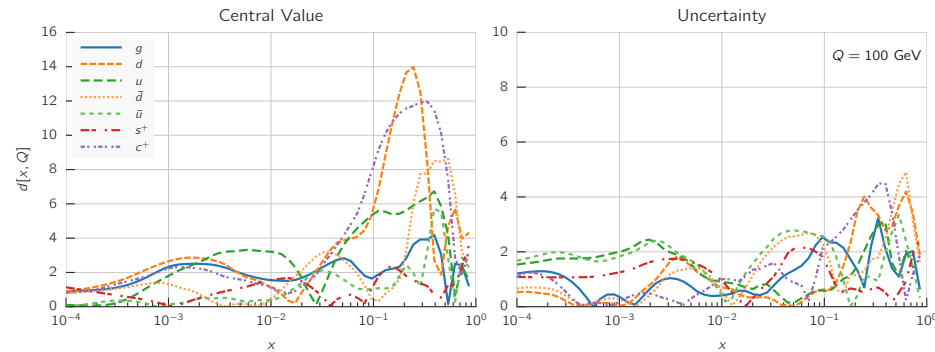
- **TOP HAS LARGEST IMPACT**, FOLLOWED BY JETS
- **ALL LHC DATA PULL CENTRAL VALUE** IN SAME DIRECTION!

DATA IMPACT: COMPATIBILITY FLAVOR SEPARATION

- BEFORE LHC \Rightarrow CC DIS, TeV FIXED-TARGET DY, W ASYM.
- AFTER LHC \Rightarrow WIDE RANGE OF W , Z PRODUCTION DATA

IMPACT OF LHCb DISTANCES (difference in units of st. dev.)

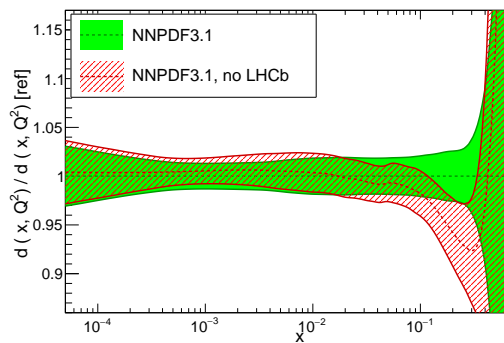
NNPDF3.1 NNLO, Impact of LHCb data



PDF COMPARISON: DOWN

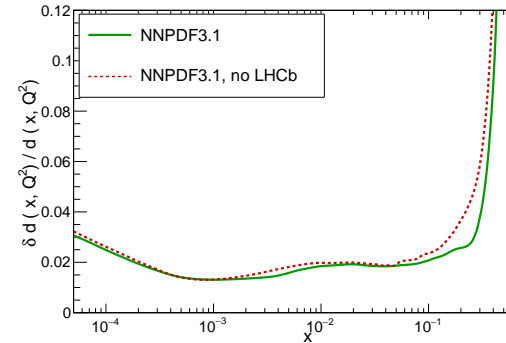
CENTRAL VALUE

NNPDF3.1 NNLO, $Q = 100$ GeV



UNCERTAINTY

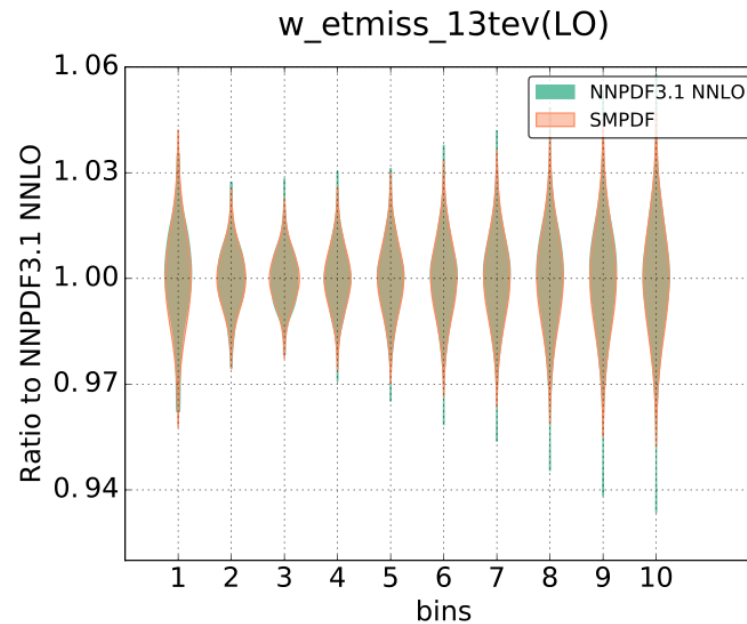
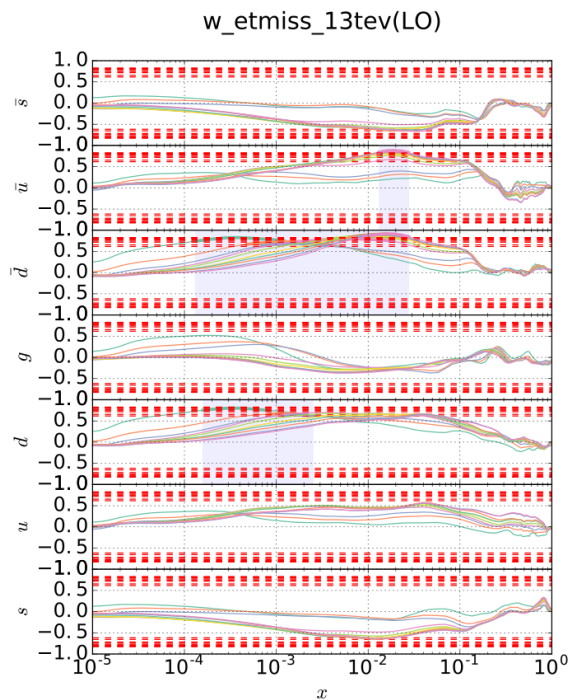
NNPDF3.1 NNLO, $Q = 100$ GeV



- **SIZABLE SHIFT** OF CENTRAL VALUE BY ALMOST ONE SIGMA
- **LARGE x UNCERTAINTY DOWN BY LARGE FACTOR!**

DATA IMPACT: OPTIMIZED PDFs SMPDF

- OLD ASPIRATION: PDFs OPTIMIZED TO PROCESSES (Pumplin 2009)
- SELECT **SUBSET OF THE COVARIANCE MATRIX CORRELATED** TO A GIVEN SET OF PROCESSES
- PERFORM **SVD ON THE REDUCED COVARIANCE MATRIX**, SELECT DOMINANT EIGENVECTOR, **PROJECT OUT** ORTHOGONAL SUBSPACE
- ITERATE UNTIL DESIRED ACCURACY REACHED
- **CAN ADD PROCESSES TO GIVEN SET; CAN COMBINE DIFFERENT OPTIMIZED SETS**
- **WEB INTERFACE AVAILABLE**



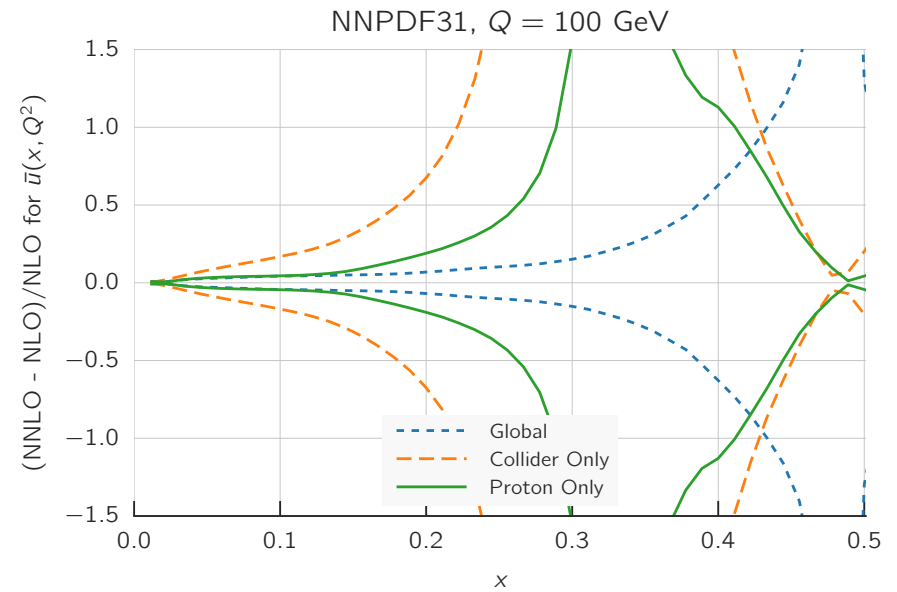
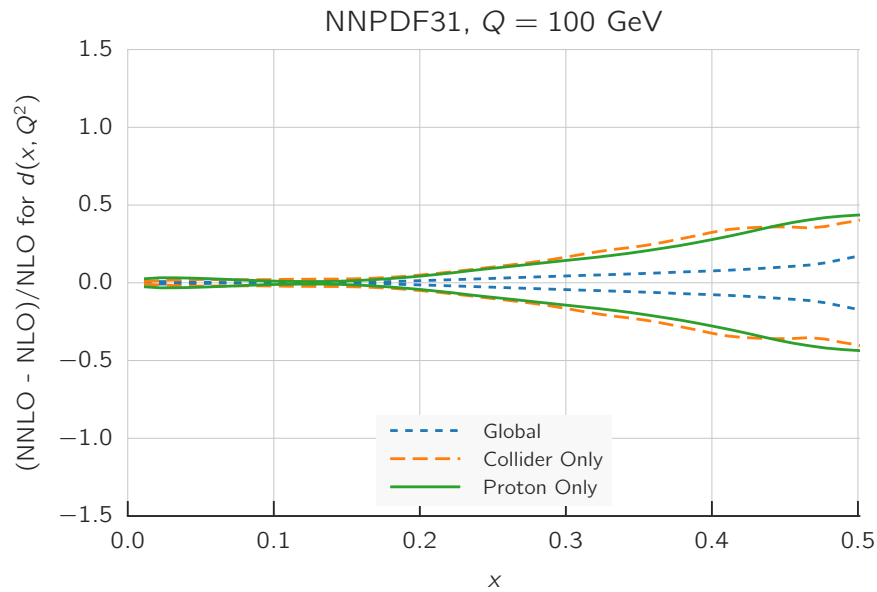
(Carrazza, SF, Kassabov, Rojo, 2016)

- EG $ggH, Hb\bar{b}, W E_T^{\text{miss}} \Rightarrow 11$ EIGENVECTORS
- STUDY **CORRELATIONS OF PDFs** TO DATA AND AMONG THEMSELVES!

DATA IMPACT PERTURBATIVE STABILITY GLOBAL VS RESTRICTED DATASETS

DOWN

ANTIUP



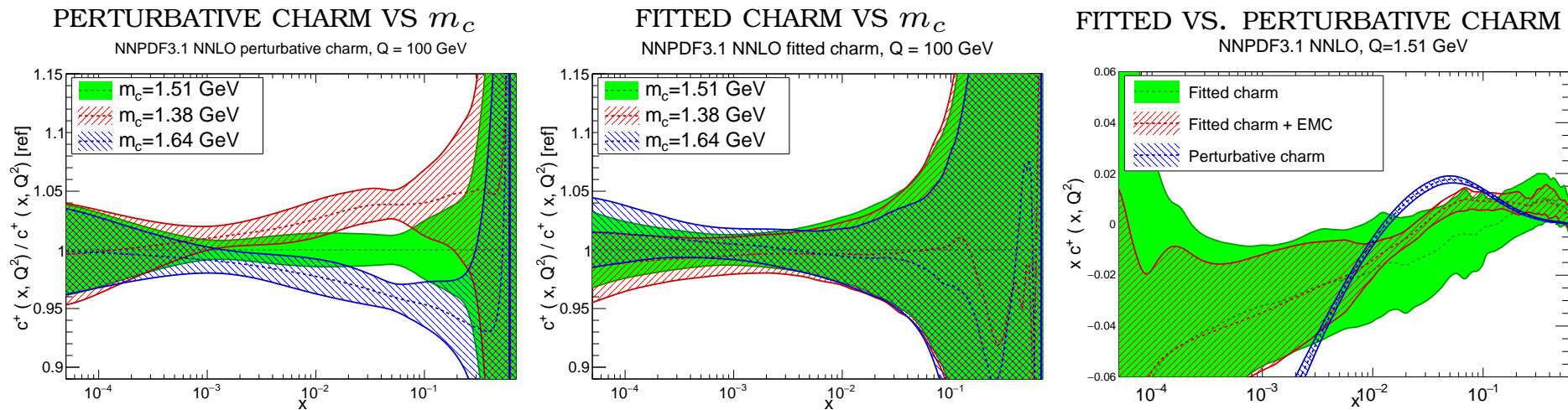
- NLO-NNLO **SHIFTS SMALLER** WITH LARGER DATASET
- **GREATER STABILITY** OF α_s ALSO OBSERVED

THEORY

HEAVY QUARK PDFs

CHARM FROM DATA

- CHARM **SHOULD NOT DEPEND** STRONGLY ON **CHARM MASS**



- ITS **SHAPE SHOULD NOT BE DETERMINED** BY **FIRST-ORDER MATCHING** (NO HIGHER NONTRIVIAL ORDERS KNOWN)
- MIGHT EVEN HAVE A NONPERTURBATIVE COMPONENT

FITTED VS. LO PERTURBATIVE:

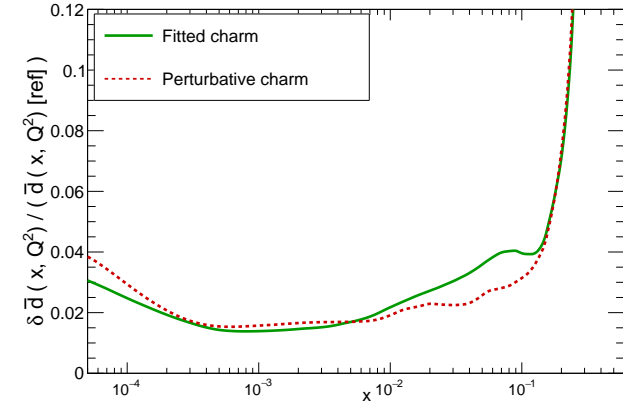
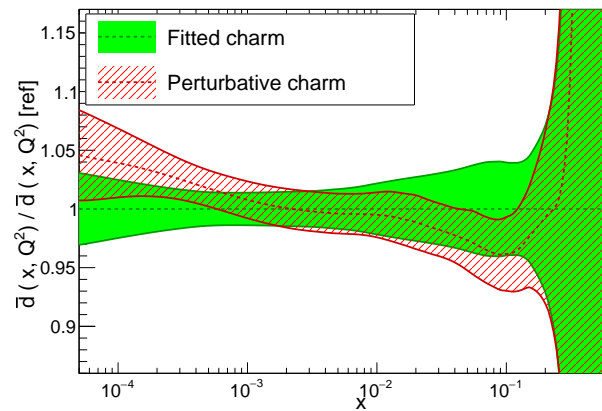
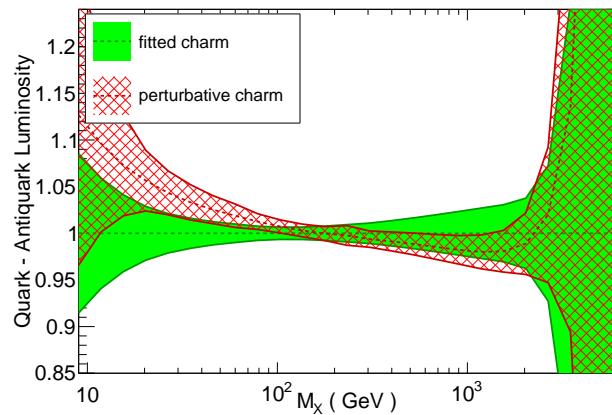
SUPPRESSED AT MEDIUM-SMALL x , ENHANCED AT VERY SMALL, VERY LARGE x

THE CHARM PDF FROM DATA IMPACT ON LIGHT QUARK PDFS

FITTED VS. PERTURBATIVE CHARM
ANTIDOWN PDF

ANTIDOWN PDF UNCERTAINTY
NNPDF3.1 NNLO, Q = 100 GeV

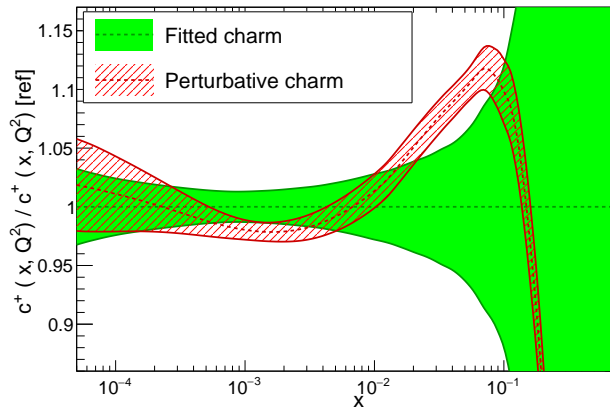
QQBAR LUMI
LHC 13 TeV, NNLO



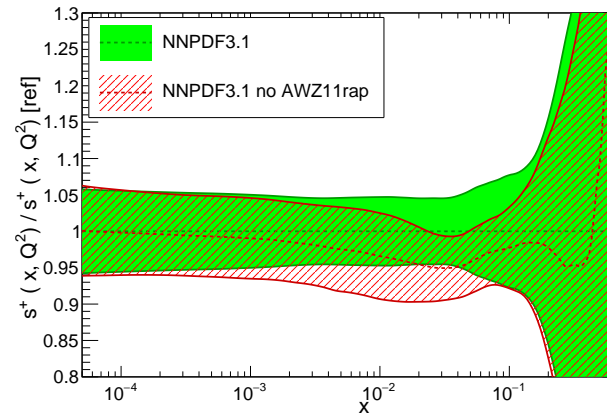
- QUARK (ESPECIALLY QUARK-ANTIQUARK) LUMI AFFECTED BECAUSE OF CHARM SUPPRESSION AT MEDIUM- x
- FLAVOR DECOMPOSITION ALTERED
- UNCERTAINTIES ON LIGHT QUARKS NOT SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASED
- AGREEMENT OF 13TeV W,Z PREDICTED CROSS-SECTIONS IMPROVES!

THE CHARM PDF FROM DATA AND STRANGENESS ENHANCEMENT

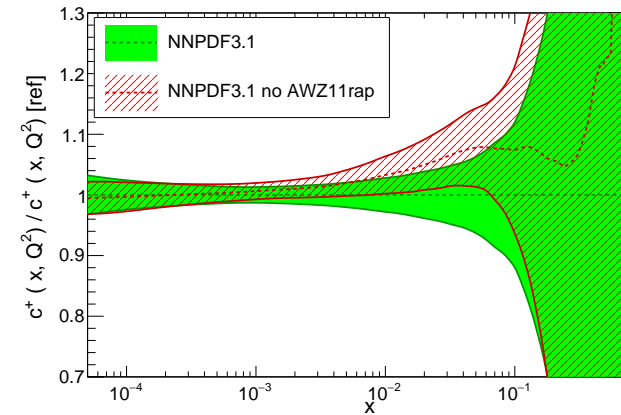
CHARM FITTED VS. PERTURBATIVE
NNPDF3.1 NNLO, Q = 100 GeV



IMPACT OF ATLAS: STRANGE
NNLO, Q = 100 GeV



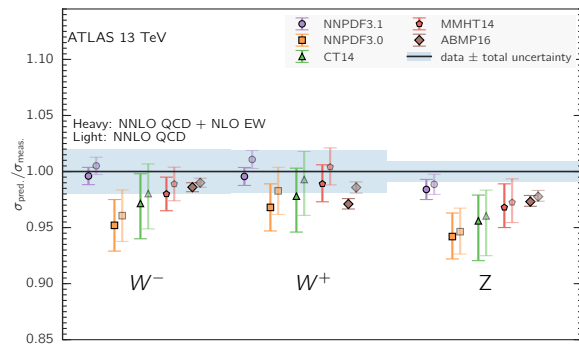
IMPACT OF ATLAS: CHARM
NNLO, Q = 100 GeV



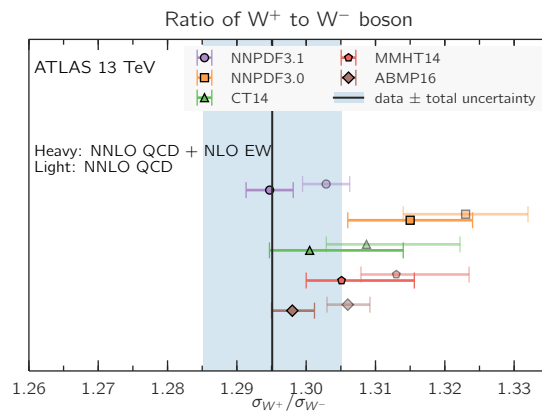
- STRANGENESS ENHANCED & CHARM SUPPRESSED BY INCLUSION OF ATLAS DATA
- CANNOT ACCOMMODATE CHARM SUPPRESSION IF CHARM NOT FITTED

CHARM FROM DATA IMPACT ON PHENOMENOLOGY

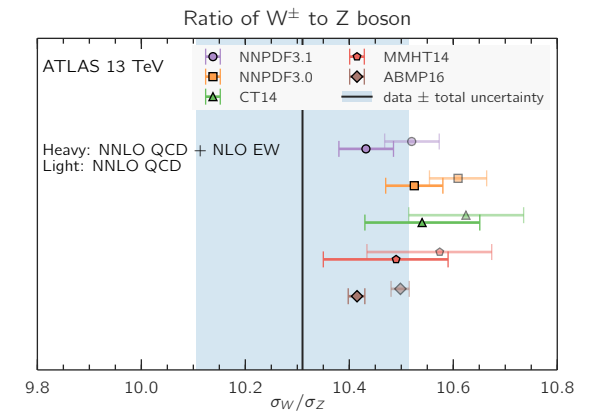
DRELL-YAN XSECTS



W^+ / W^- XSECT RATIO



W/Z XSECT RATIO



- W , Z CROSS-SECTIONS AT 13 TeV IN PERFECT AGREEMENT WITH DATA
THANKS TO FITTED CHARM!
- ELECTROWEAK CORRECTIONS IMPORTANT

THE PHOTON PDF

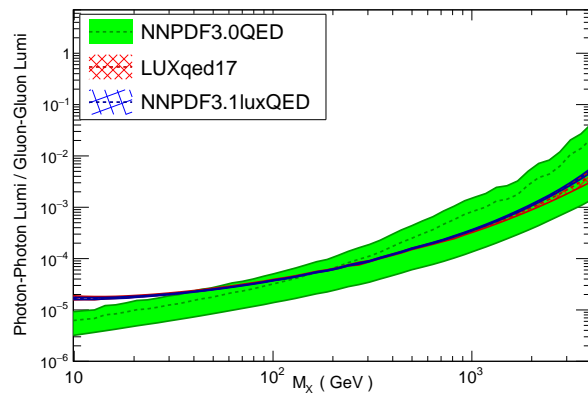
- LUX QED (Manohar, Nason, Salam, Zanderighi, 2016): PHOTON PDF COMPUTABLE IN TERMS OF THE PROTON STRUCTURE FUNCTION INTEGRATED OVER ALL SCALES
- UNCERTAINTY ON RESULT (E.G. FROM ELASTIC FORM FACTORS) NEGIGIBLE
- EXTRA CONSTRAINT IN PDF FITS: IMPLEMENTED IN NNPDF3.1LUXQED

THE LUXQED PHOTON PDF

(Carrazza et al., 2017)

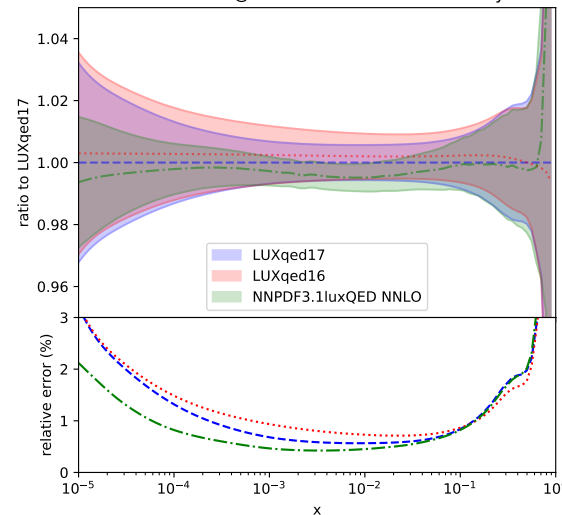
- FIRST PDF SET BASED ON CONSISTENT FIT WITH LUX CONSTRAINT: NNPDF3.1LUXQED
- NNPDF3.1LUXQED VS LUX17: GOOD AGREEMENT BUT SMALLER UNCERTAINTIES
- SIZABLE IMPACT ON PRECISION PHYSICS: EG ASSOCIATE HIGGS PROD. WITH W

$\gamma\gamma$ LUMI COMPARISON
LHC 13 TeV, NNLO



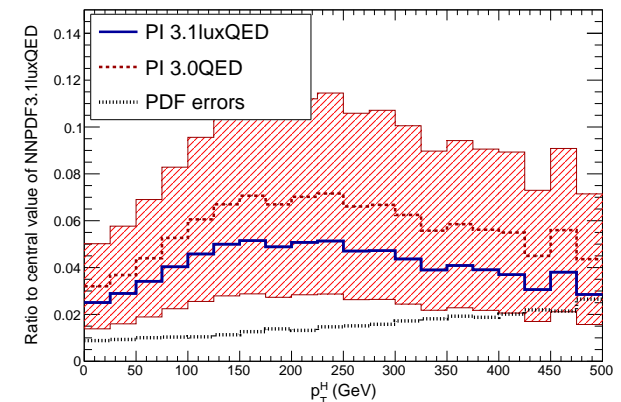
γ PDF COMPARISON

Photon PDF @ 100.0 GeV - total uncertainty



γ -INDUCED VS QCD: HW

$p p \rightarrow H W^+$ @ $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

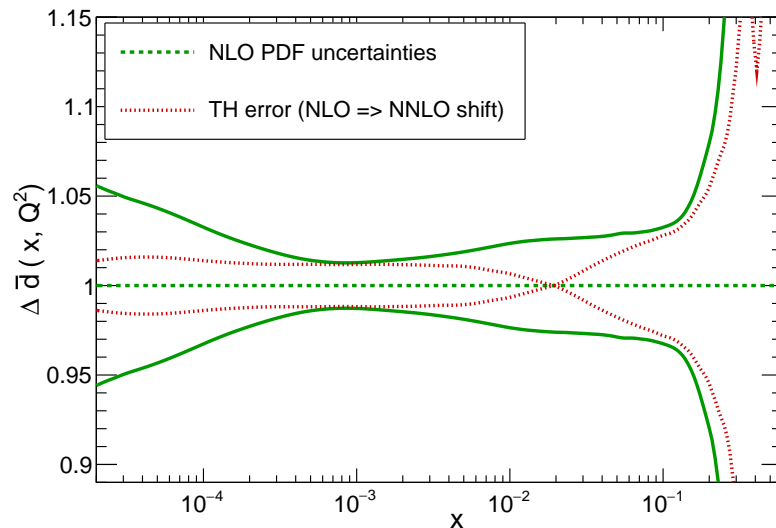


THEORY UNCERTAINTIES

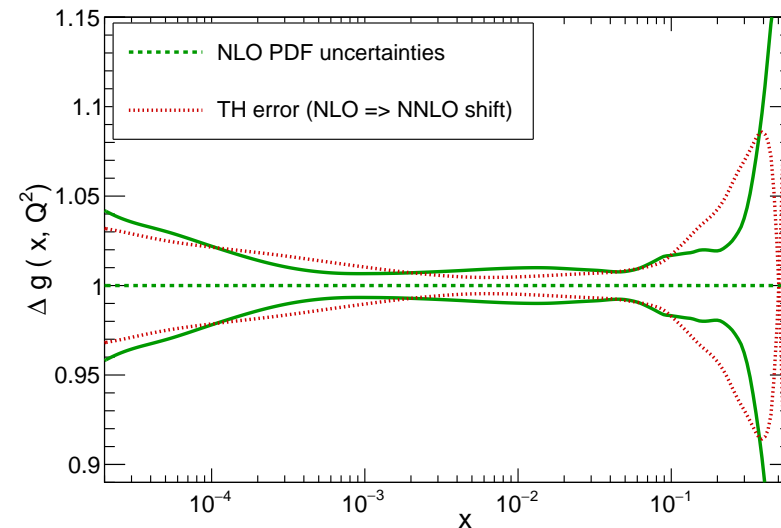
THE MISSING HIGHER ORDER UNCERTAINTY

- **DOMINANT THEORY UNCERTAINTY** ON QCD PREDICTIONS \Rightarrow **MHOU** (SCALE)
- **NOT** INCLUDED IN PDF UNCERTAINTY
- **HOW LARGE** IS IT?
 \Rightarrow AT NLO, **CAN CHECK NLO-NNLO** PDF SHIFT

NLO-NNLO SHIFT VS. NLO PDF UNCERTAINTY (NNPDF3.1)
 ANTIDOWN
 NNP3.1, Q = 100 GeV



GLUON
 NNP3.1, Q = 100 GeV



- **TODAY:** NLO PDF & MHOU UNCERTAINTIES COMPARABLE
- **NEAR FUTURE:** WORRY ABOUT **NNLO MHOU!**
- **STAY TUNED!**

ANSWERS

DATA+METHODOLOGY ISSUES

- which uncertainties do PDF uncertainties include and how do we know that they are faithful?
PDF UNCERTAINTIES INCLUDE DATA & METHODOLOGY UNCERTAINTIES, WE KNOW THAT THEY ARE FAITHFUL BECAUSE THEY ARE CLOSURE TESTED
- are uncertainties from different groups correlated and how can we combine them?
THE DATA UNCERTAINTIES ARE CORRELATED TO THE EXTENT THAT DIFFERENT GROUPS USE THE SAME DATASET;
FURTHER METHODOLOGICAL UNCERTAINTIES COME FROM INFORMATION LOSS, UNCORRELATED BECAUSE DIFFERENT GROUPS USE DIFFERENT METHODOLOGY
- can we determine the best dataset and how?
ALL EVIDENCE SUGGESTS THAT THE BEST DATASET IS THE WIDEST
FOR SPECIFIC EXPERIMENTS, ONE CAN USE RESTRICTED EIGENVECTOR SETS, BUT THIS IS BETTER DONE A POSTERIORI, STARTING WITH A GLOBAL SET
- are there advantages/disadvantages in using eigenvectors vs. montecarlo and can we tell?
MONTECARLOS ARE ADVATAGEOUS IN THE PRESENCE OF NONGAUSSIAN BEHAVIOR, WHICH CAN BE QUANTITATIVELY TESTED

THEORY ISSUES

- how should one treat the charm PDF?
THE CHARM PDF SHOULD BE FITTED IN ORDER TO AVOID A LARGE MHO
- how should one treat the photon PDF?
THE PHOTON PDF SHOULD BE INCLUDED AS AN EXTRA CONSTRAINT IN THE FIT VIA THE LUX PROCEDURE
- are theory (MHO) uncertainties included and should we worry about them?
MHO ARE NOT INCLUDED, THIS IS LIKELY NOT A PROBLEM NOW AT NNLO BUT IT WILL BE AS DATA UNCERTAINTIES GO DOWN

EXTRAS

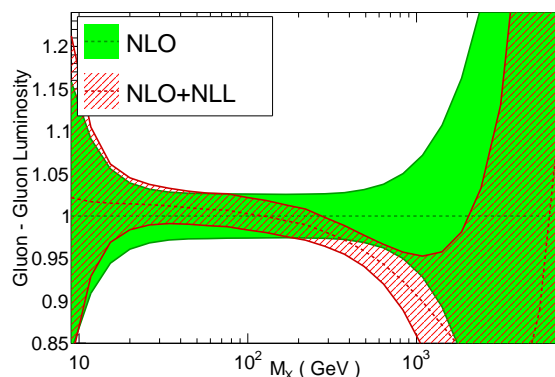
RESUMMED PDFs

- RESUMMATION NOT INCLUDED IN DEFAULT PDF SETS
- RESUMMED CALCULATIONS MUST USE RESUMMED PDFs! (M. Spira)
- KEPT UNDER CONTROL IN FITS BY CHOICE OF CUTS

PDFs WITH THRESHOLD (LARGE x) RESUMMATION

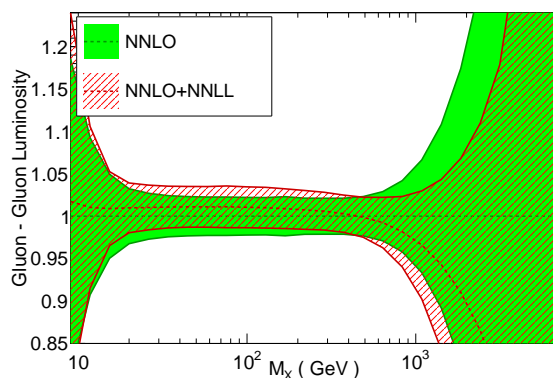
GLUON: NLO vs NLL

LHC 13 TeV, NNPDF3.0 DIS+DY+Top, $\alpha_s(M_Z)=0.118$



GLUON: NNLO vs NNLL

LHC 13 TeV, NNPDF3.0 DIS+DY+Top, $\alpha_s(M_Z)=0.118$

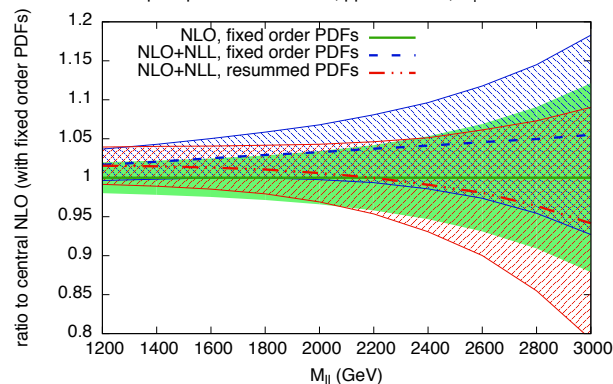


- FIRST SET: NNPDF3.0resum
- RESUMMATION INCLUDED IN FIT (DIS, DY, TOP DATA), EFFECTS NOT NEGLIGIBLE AT NNLO, LARGE x , MORE MODERATE AT NNLO
- EFFECT ON PDFs COMPARABLE TO EFFECT ON MATRIX ELEMENT, ANTICORRELATED TO IT
- RELEVANT FOR NEW PHYSICS SEARCHES

(Bonvini et al., 2015)

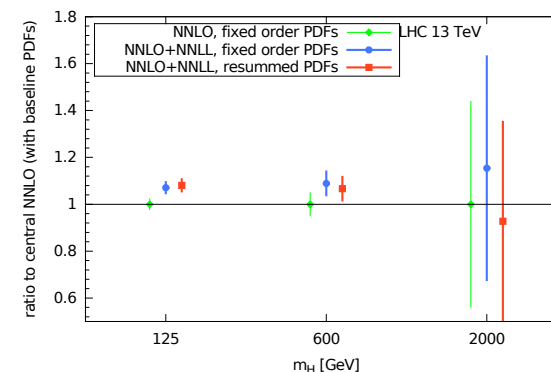
SLEPTON PAIR PRODUCTION

Slepton pair invariant mass, pp @ 13 TeV, $m_l = 564$ GeV.



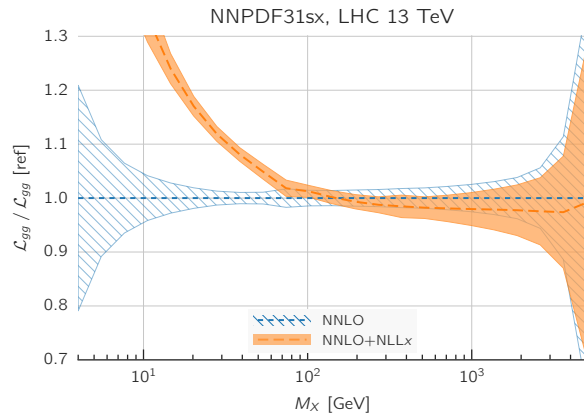
HIGGS IN GLUON FUSION VS m_H

Higgs cross section: gluon fusion



PDFs WITH HIGH ENERGY (SMALL x) RESUMMATION

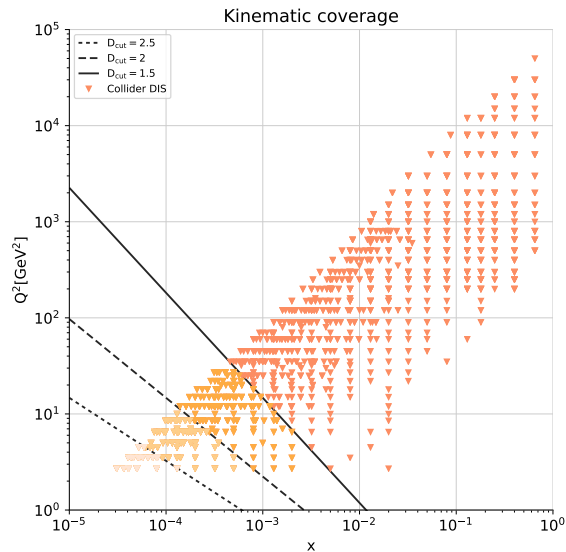
GLUON LUMINOSITY



- FIRST SET: NNPDF3.0sx
- HIGH ENERGY RESUMMATION INCLUDED IN GLAP EVOLUTION & FOR DIS, EFFECTS
- STABILIZES PERTURBATIVE EXPANSION
- LARGE EFFECTS FOR FUTURE COLLIDERS, OR LIGHT FINAL STATES (b PRODUCTION AT LHC)

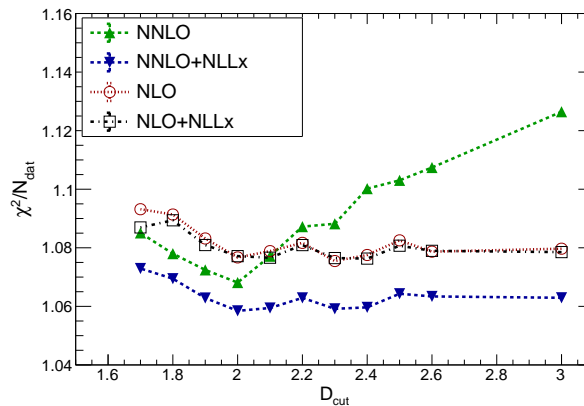
(Ball et al., 2017)

KINEMATIC CUTS



INCLUSIVE F_2 FIT QUALITY

NNPDF3.1sx, HERA NC inclusive data



CHARM F_2^c FIT QUALITY

NNPDF3.1sx, HERA F_2^c data

