



# Colors of QCD: Hadron spectroscopy and exotic states at LHCb

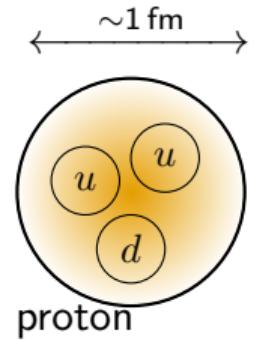
Mikhail Mikhasenko  
on behalf of LHCb Collaboration

CERN, Switzerland

June 5<sup>th</sup>, 2019

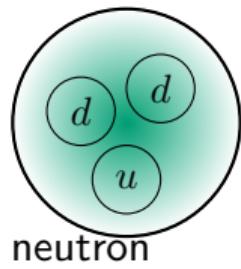
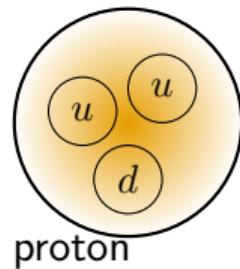


Perspective of QCD – large white space with little colorful objects

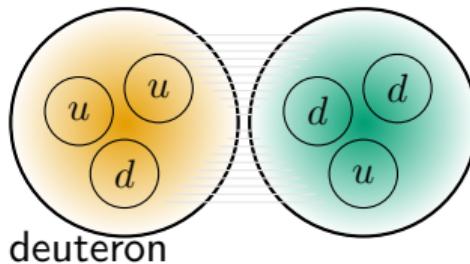


Perspective of QCD – large white space with little colorful objects

simple hadrons (baryons, mesons)



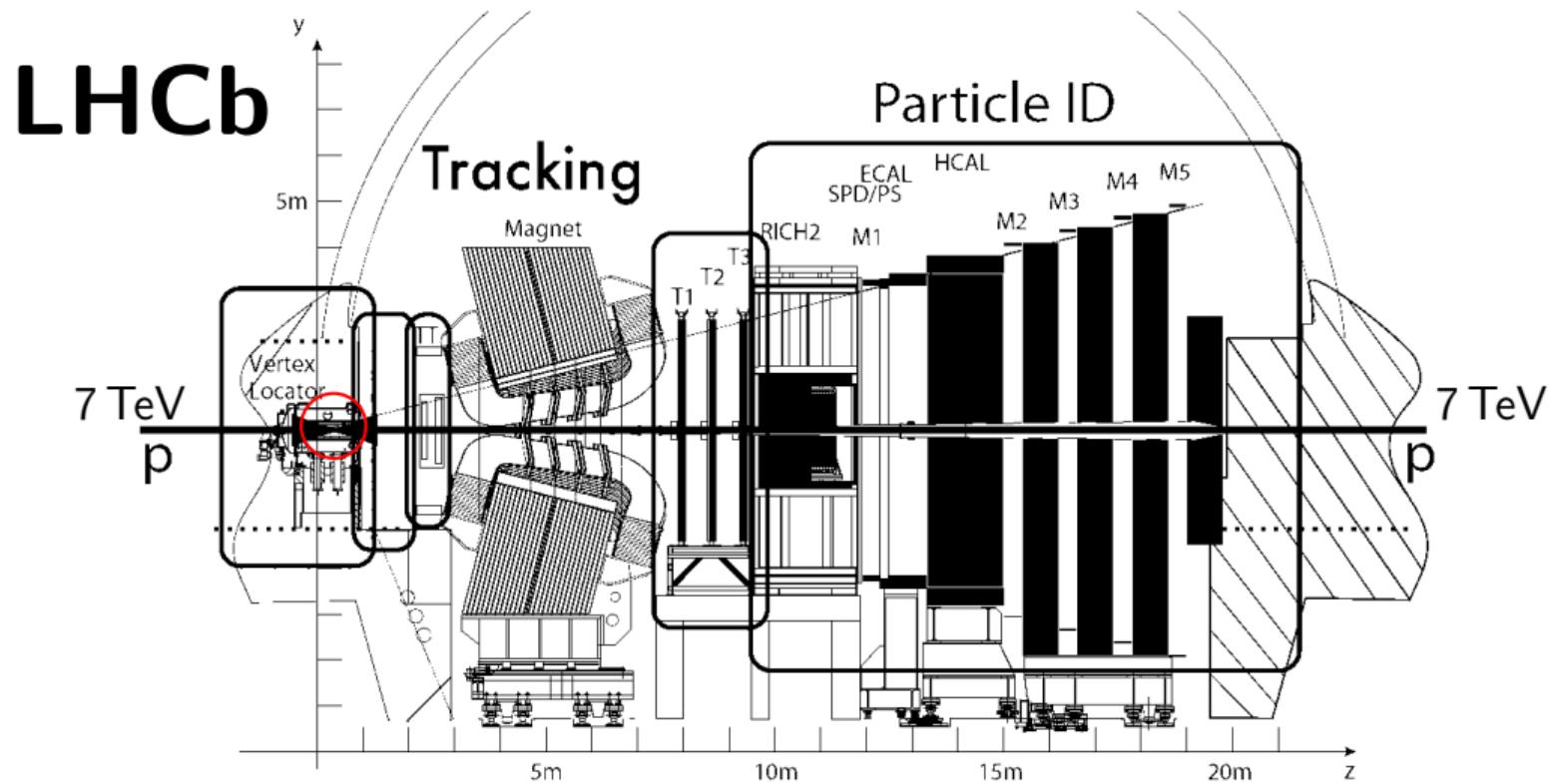
hardonic molecules (atoms)



.....

# Search for the new type of matter

How to search for color physics with colorless environment?



modification of a plot from [INT. J. MOD. PHYS. A 30, 1530022]

# Several stories to tell

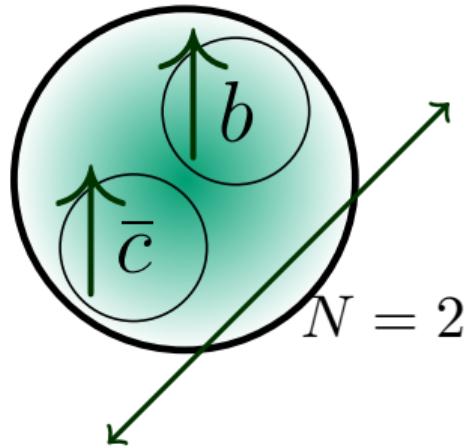
Run-II data, just-released results

1 Double heavy

2 Pentaquarks

3 Near-threshold  $D\bar{D}$  spectroscopy

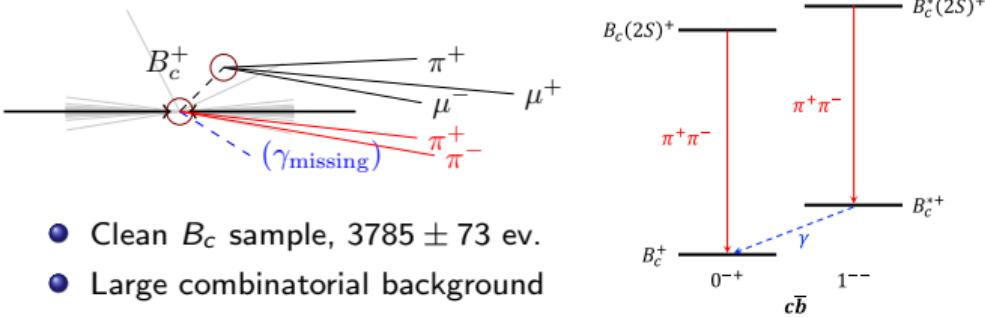
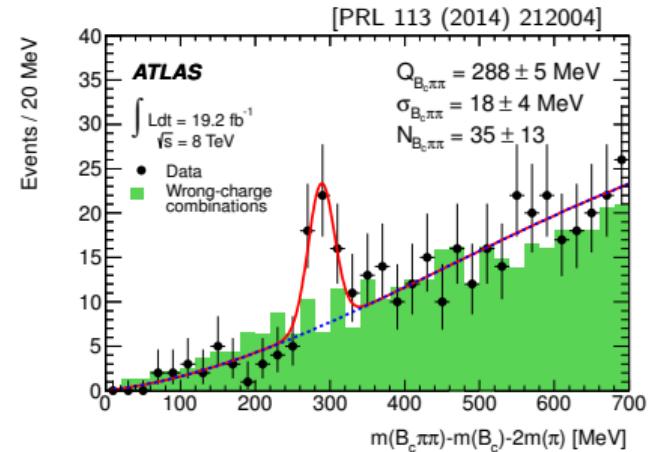
# Excitation of the double-heavy double-flavor meson $B_c$



# Double-flavor meson $B_c$ and its excitations

## $B_c$ spectroscopy

- (CDF1998) first observation of  $B_c$
- (ATLAS2014) first observation of excited  $B_c(2S)$
- (CMS2019) resolving two radial-excited states,  $(\downarrow\downarrow)^*$  and  $(\uparrow\uparrow)^*$
- (LHCb2019) confirmation of two states



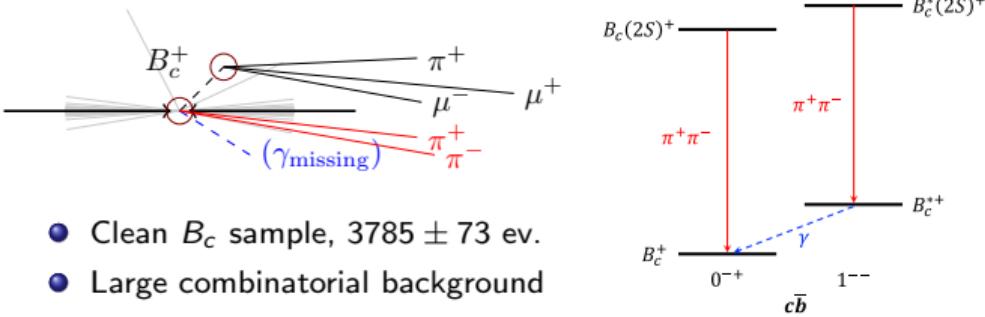
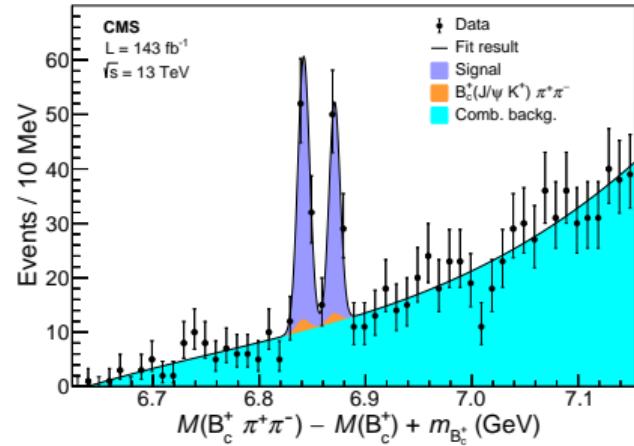
- Clean  $B_c$  sample,  $3785 \pm 73$  ev.
- Large combinatorial background

# Double-flavor meson $B_c$ and its excitations

[PRL 122 (2019), 132001]

## $B_c$ spectroscopy

- (CDF1998) first observation of  $B_c$
- (ATLAS2014) first observation of excited  $B_c(2S)$
- (CMS2019) resolving two radial-excited states,  $(\downarrow\downarrow)^*$  and  $(\uparrow\uparrow)^*$
- (LHCb2019) confirmation of two states

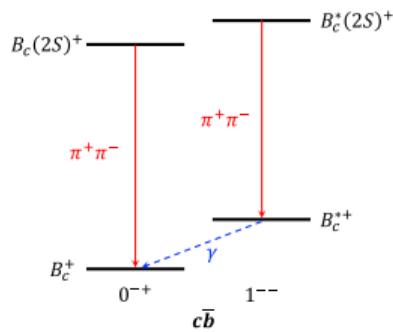
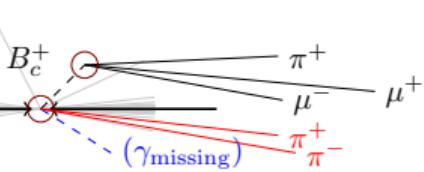


- Clean  $B_c$  sample,  $3785 \pm 73$  ev.
- Large combinatorial background

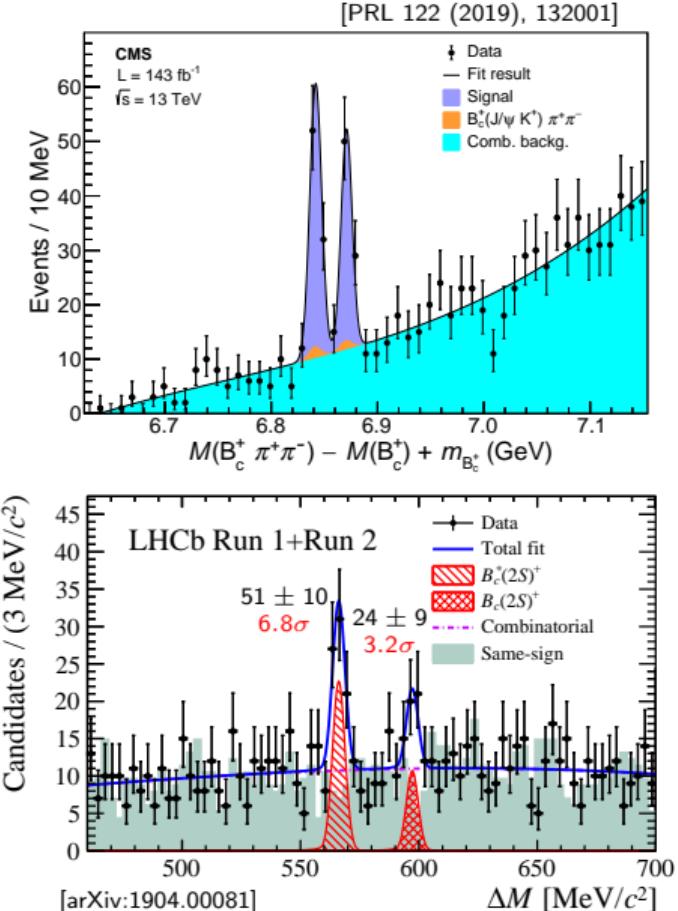
# Double-flavor meson $B_c$ and its excitations

## $B_c$ spectroscopy

- (CDF1998) first observation of  $B_c$
- (ATLAS2014) first observation of excited  $B_c(2S)$
- (CMS2019) resolving two radial-excited states,  $(\downarrow\downarrow)^*$  and  $(\uparrow\uparrow)^*$
- (LHCb2019) confirmation of two states



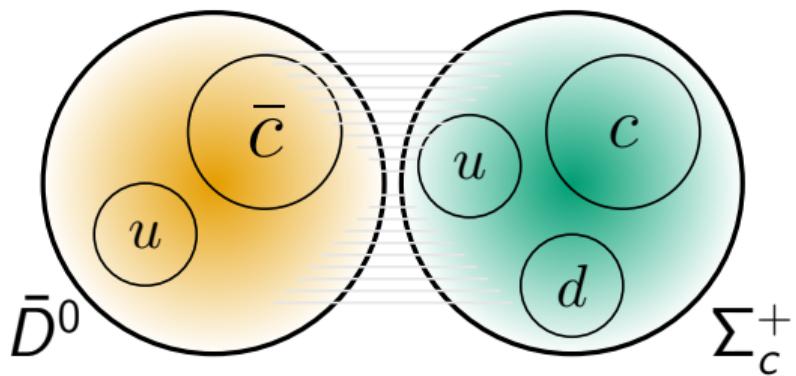
- Clean  $B_c$  sample,  $3785 \pm 73$  ev.
- Large combinatorial background



# Pentaquark states $P_c$

Hadronic molecules

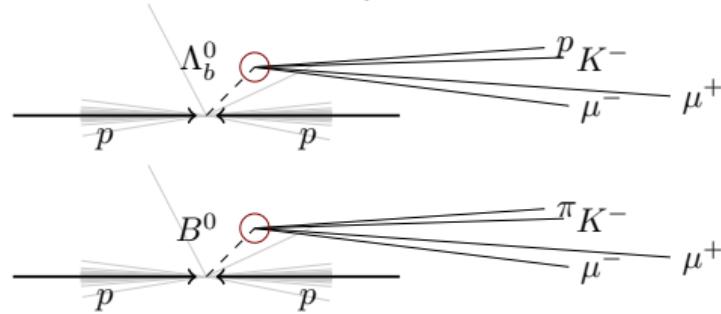
???



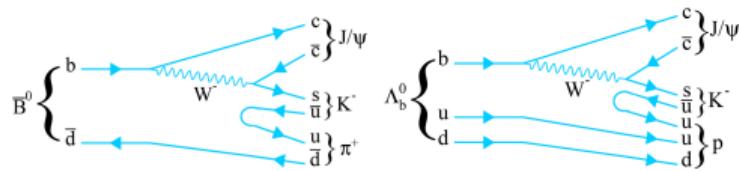
# Almost-stable hadrons

Lifetime measurements of  $\Lambda_b^0$  and  $B^0$

- identification of displaced vertex



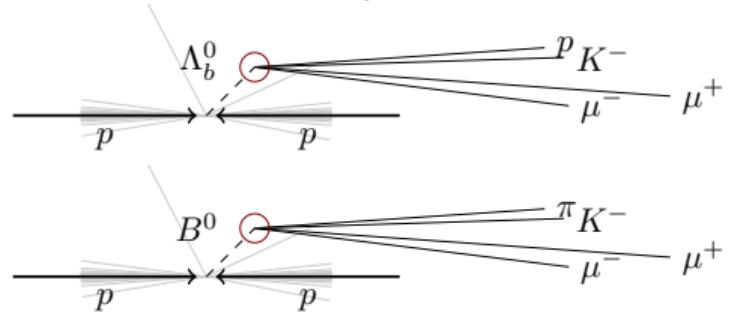
- similar decay chains



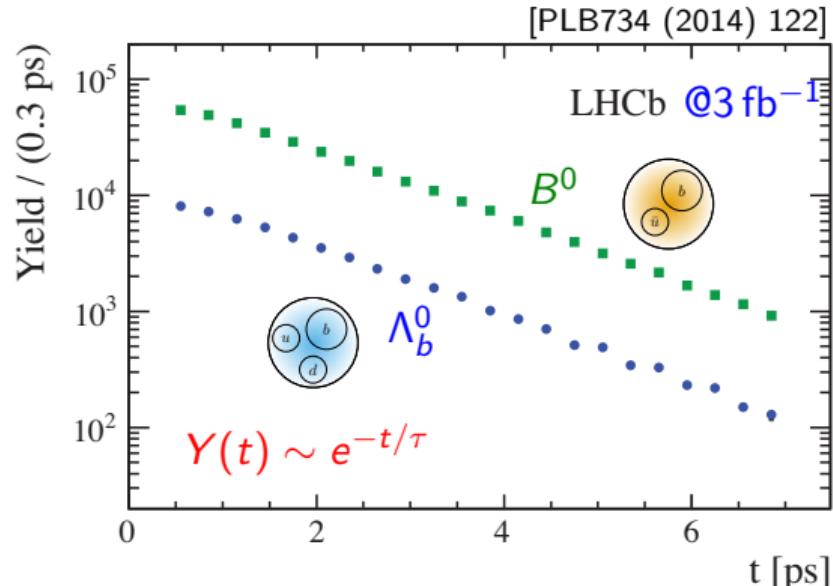
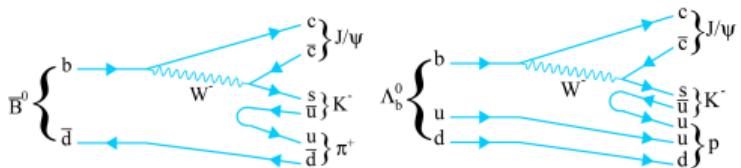
# Almost-stable hadrons

Lifetime measurements of  $\Lambda_b^0$  and  $B^0$

- identification of displaced vertex



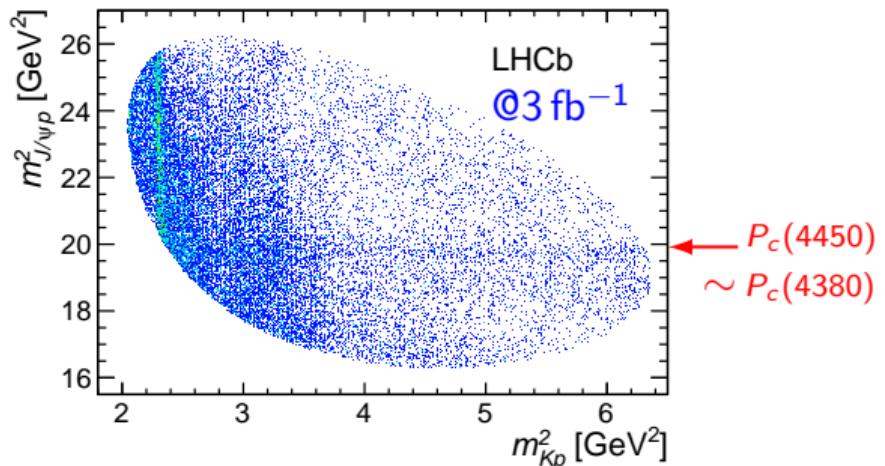
- similar decay chains



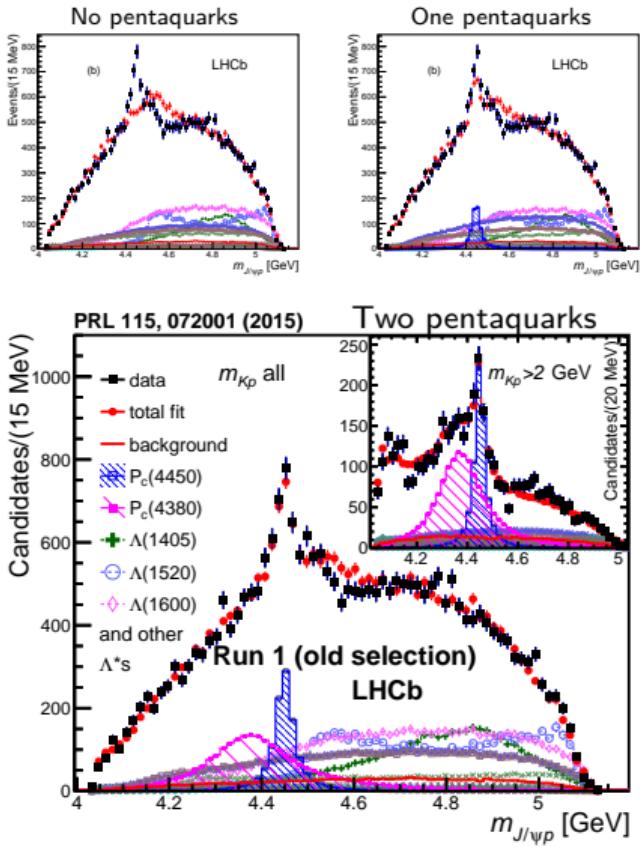
$$\tau_{\Lambda_b^0}/\tau_{B^0} = 0.974 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.004,$$

$$\tau_{\Lambda_b^0} = 1.479 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.010 \text{ ps},$$

# Observation of $P_c(4450)$ and $P_c(4380)$ ,

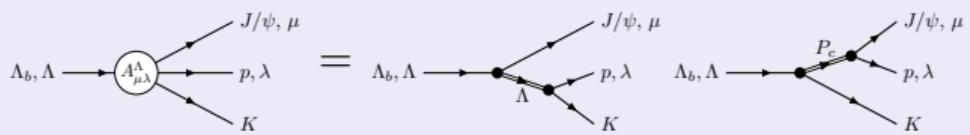


[PRL 115, 072001 (2015)]



## Amplitude analysis of 2015

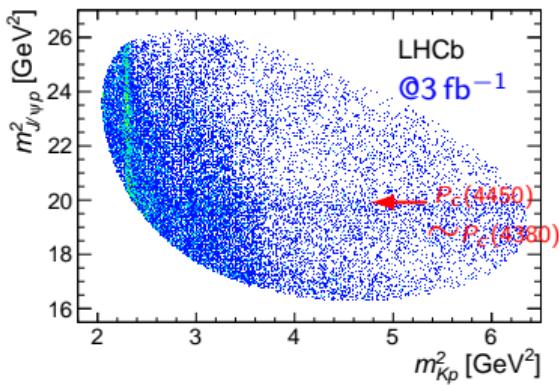
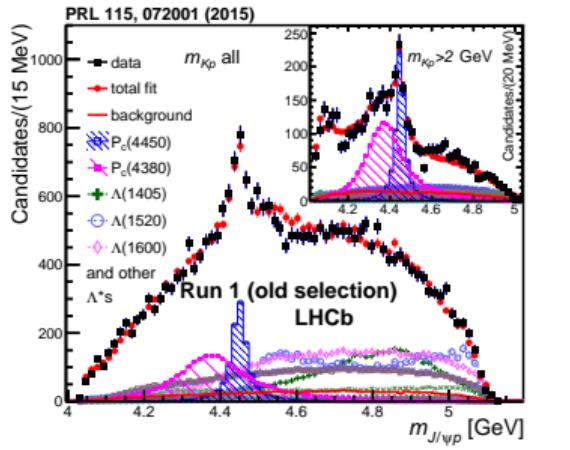
Helicity formalism, isobar model, 6-dim. analysis.



⇒ first ever observation of 5-quark states [ $uudcc\bar{c}$ ].

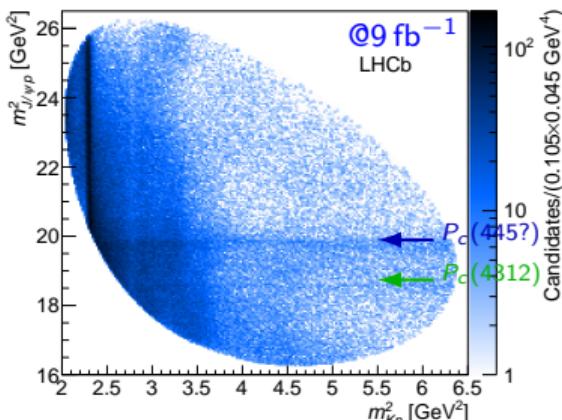
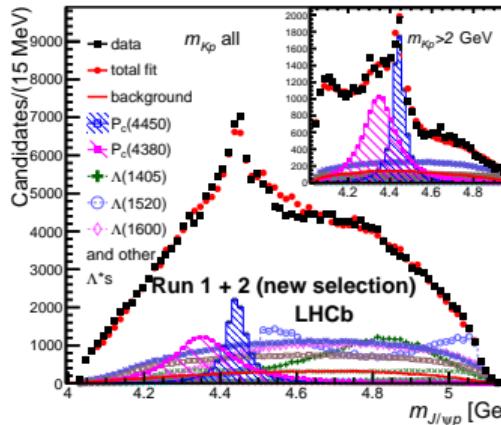
# Adding more data with Run-II (2017,2018)

[arXiv:1904.03947]



# Adding more data with Run-II (2017,2018)

[arXiv:1904.03947]



## Gain in statistics $\times 9$

26k events  $\Rightarrow$  246k events

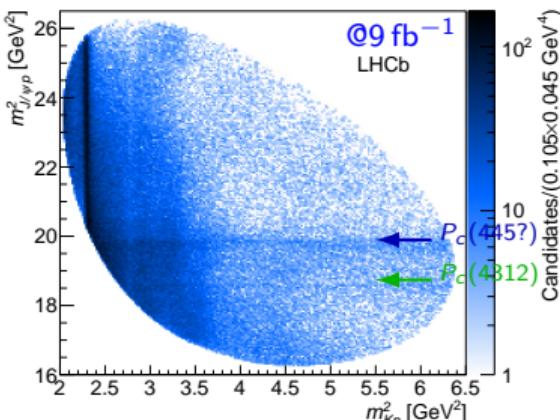
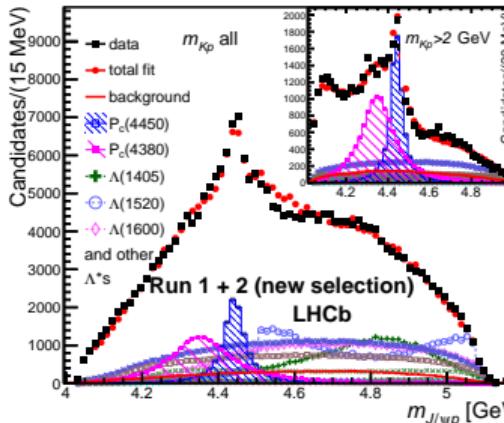
- Luminosity:  $3 \text{ fb}^{-1} \oplus 6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,
- Cross section  $\times 2$ :  
 $7 \text{ TeV} \rightarrow 13 \text{ TeV}$ ,
- Selection efficiency  $\times 2$ .

## Amplitude Analysis

- same AA gives consistent results,
- but unacceptable quality.
  - Narrow peaks in  $J/\psi p$
  - Lineshape of  $\Lambda$ .

# Adding more data with Run-II (2017,2018)

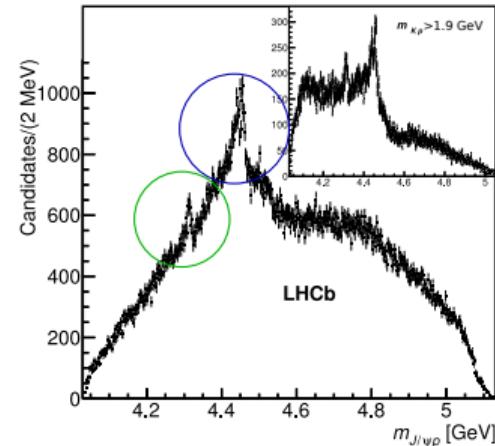
[arXiv:1904.03947]



## Gain in statistics $\times 9$

26k events  $\Rightarrow$  246k events

- Luminosity:  $3 \text{ fb}^{-1} \oplus 6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,
- Cross section  $\times 2$ :  
 $7 \text{ TeV} \rightarrow 13 \text{ TeV}$ ,
- Selection efficiency  $\times 2$ .



## Amplitude Analysis

- same AA gives consistent results,
- but unacceptable quality.
  - Narrow peaks in  $J/\psi p$
  - Lineshape of  $\Lambda$ .

## New features

- Peak at 4.312 GeV becomes significant
- Peak at 4.457 GeV got resolved in two!

# Extracting resonance properties

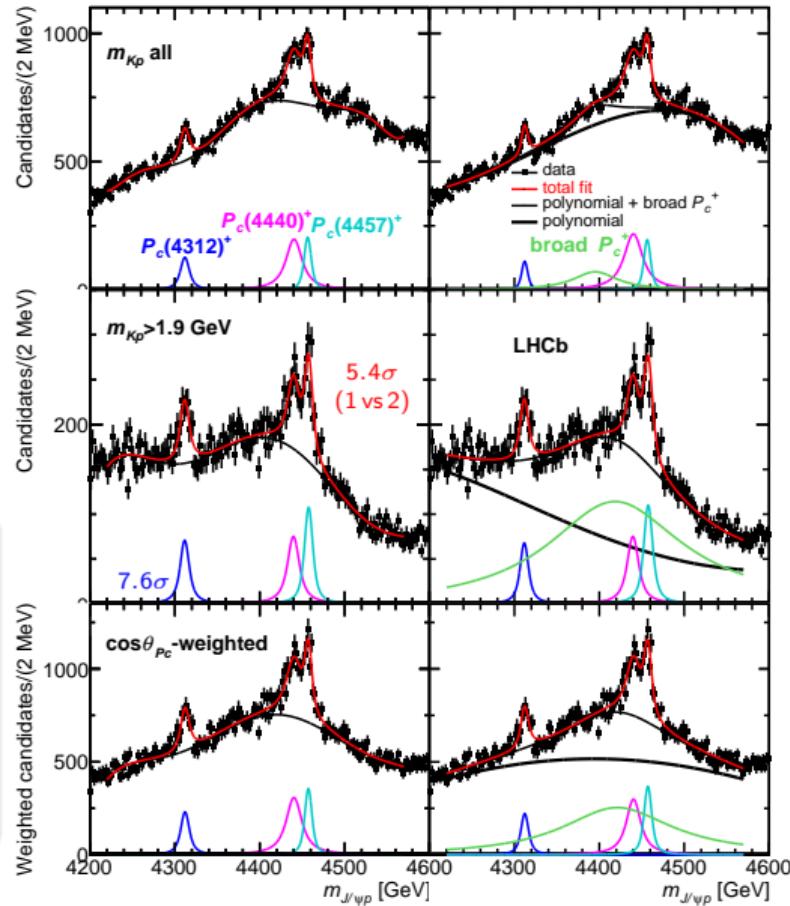
[arXiv:1904.03947]

1-dim. fit and extensive systematic studies:

- Three different projection methods
- Several background parametrization
- Interference effects
- Procedure is validated using 6-dim. MC

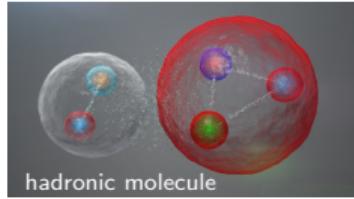
## Mass and width of the peaks

State	$M$ [ MeV ]	$\Gamma$ [ MeV ]	(95% CL)
$P_c(4312)^+$	$4311.9 \pm 0.7^{+6.8}_{-0.6}$	$9.8 \pm 2.7^{+3.7}_{-4.5}$	( $< 27$ )
$P_c(4440)^+$	$4440.3 \pm 1.3^{+4.1}_{-4.7}$	$20.6 \pm 4.9^{+8.7}_{-10.1}$	( $< 49$ )
$P_c(4457)^+$	$4457.3 \pm 0.6^{+4.1}_{-1.7}$	$6.4 \pm 2.0^{+5.7}_{-1.9}$	( $< 20$ )
$P_c(4380)^+$			inconclusive with 1-dim. analysis

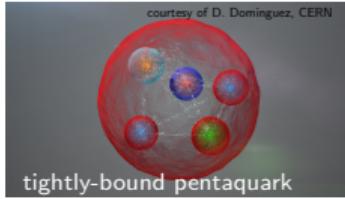


# Plausible interpretation of $P_c$ states

[arXiv:1904.03947]



hadronic molecule

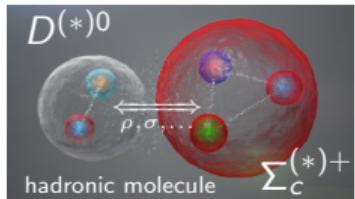


tightly-bound pentaquark

courtesy of D. Dominguez, CERN

# Plausible interpretation of $P_c$ states

[arXiv:1904.03947]



## $\Sigma_c \bar{D}$ hadronic molecules

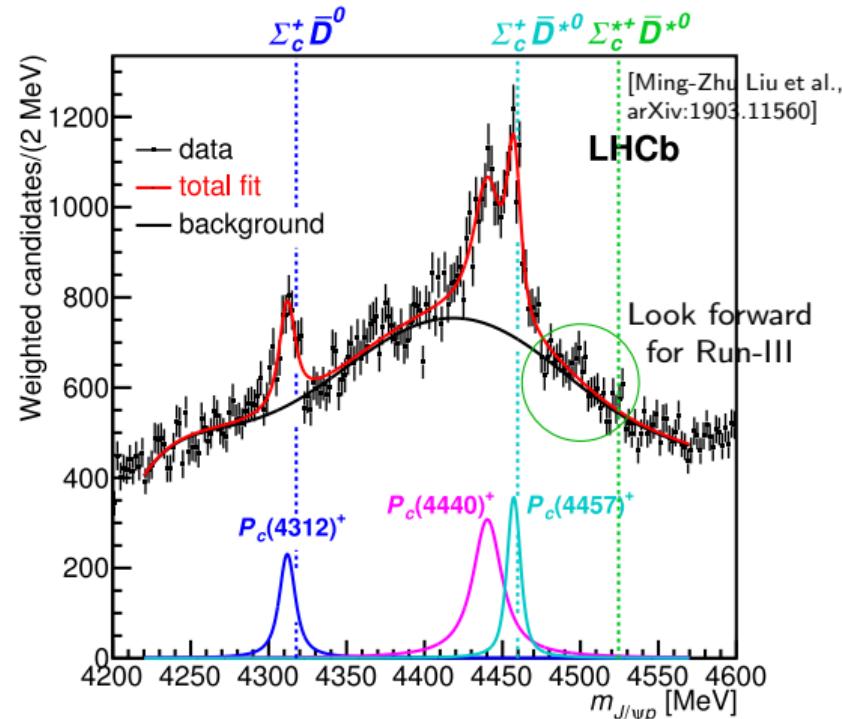
- Narrow width
  - ▶ Problematic in tightly-bound picture
  - ▶ Problematic in the rescattering picture
- Number of states (HQSS):

$$\Sigma_c^+ \bar{D}^0 \quad 1/2^+ \otimes 0^- \xrightarrow{\text{S-wave}} \quad J^P : 1/2^-$$

$$\Sigma_c^+ \bar{D}^{*0} \quad 1/2^+ \otimes 1^- \xrightarrow{\text{S-wave}} \quad J^P : 1/2^- \oplus 3/2^-$$

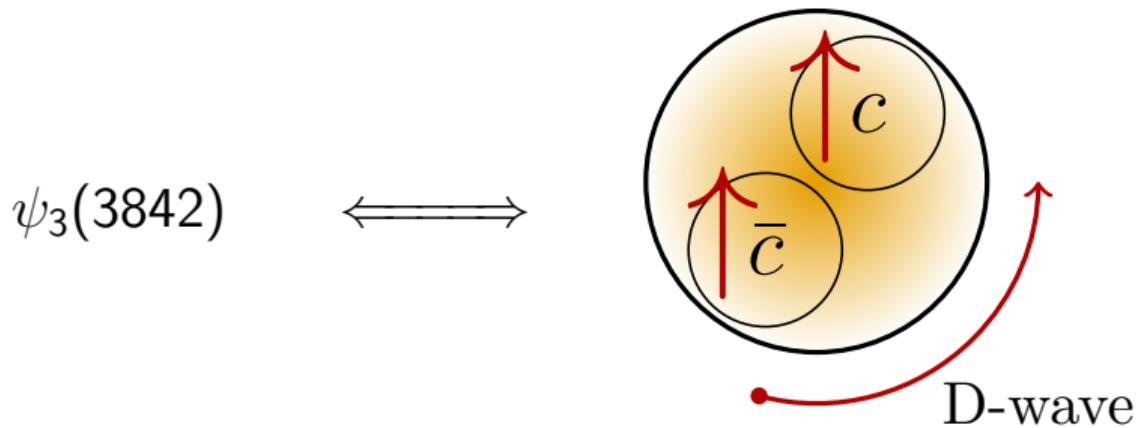
$$\Sigma_c^{*+} \bar{D}^{*0} \quad 3/2^+ \otimes 1^- \xrightarrow{\text{S-wave}} \quad J^P : 1/2^- \oplus 3/2^- \oplus 5/2^-$$

Many theoretical predictions of  $\Sigma_c D$  binding published before 2015 (see backup).



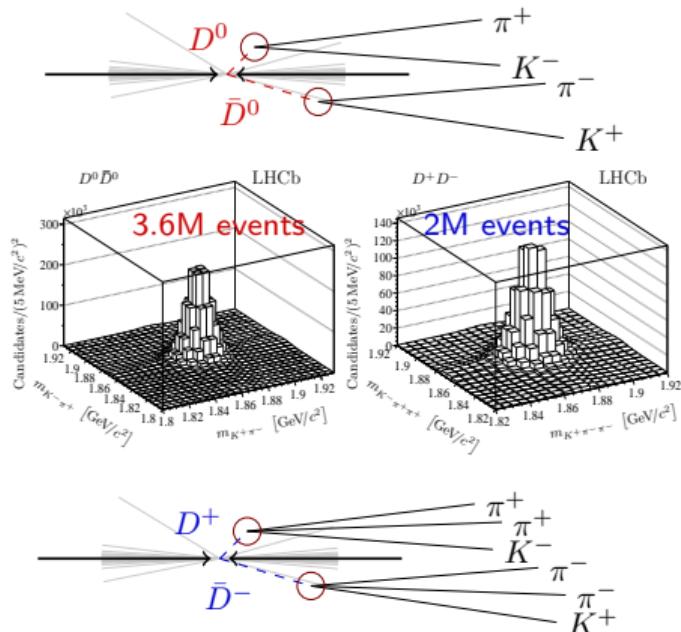
- Ampl.-Ana. is needed to check  $J^P$ .

# New narrow charmonium state $X(3842)$



# $D\bar{D}$ spectrum with $9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (Run-I+Run-II)

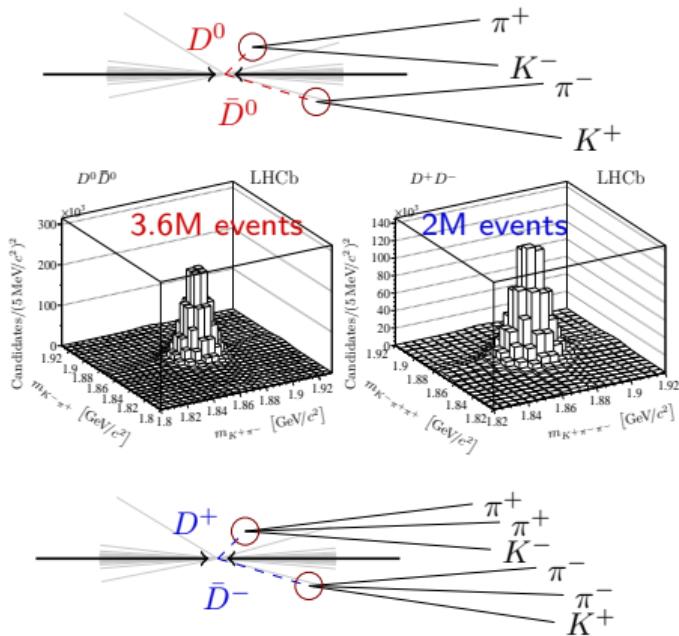
[arXiv:1903.12240]



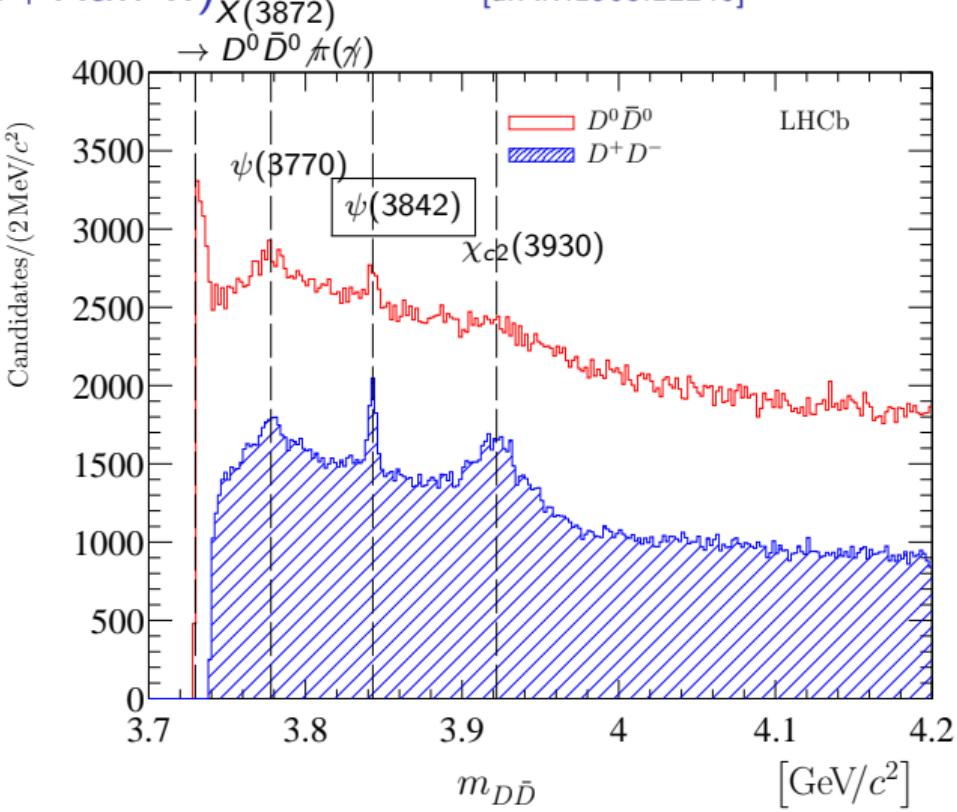
- displaced vertices
- 80 – 90 % purity

# $D\bar{D}$ spectrum with $9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (Run-I+Run-II)

[arXiv:1903.12240]



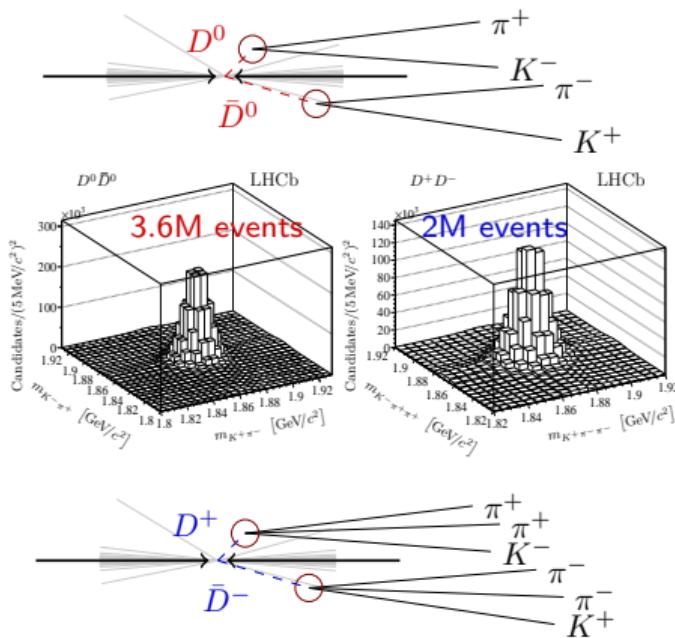
- displaced vertices
- 80 – 90 % purity



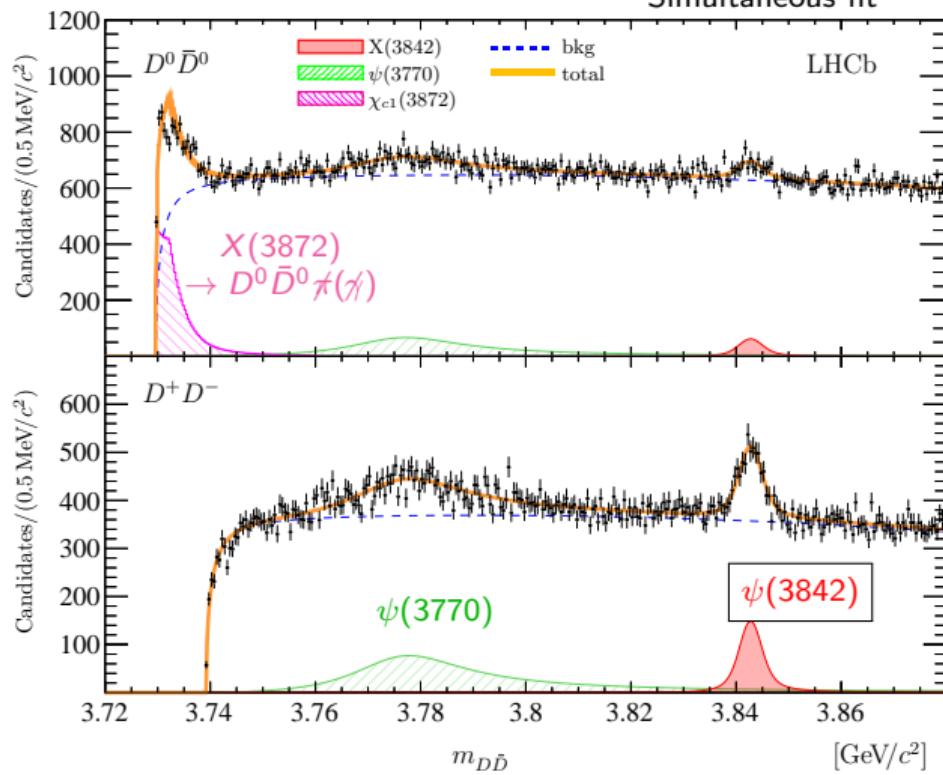
# $D\bar{D}$ spectrum with $9\text{ fb}^{-1}$ (Run-I+Run-II)

[arXiv:1903.12240]

Simultaneous fit



- displaced vertices
- 80 – 90 % purity



New state is consistent with  $1^3D_3$  ( $\psi_3(1D)$ ),  $J^{PC} = 3^{--}$ .

# Conclusion

Exciting news on the color physics from LHCb:

- Confirmation of the  $B_c(2S)$  and  $B_c^*(2S)$  states,
- Groundbreaking update on pentaquarks,
- Amazing  $D\bar{D}$  spectrum with new charmonium state,  $\psi_3(3842)$ .

# Conclusion

Exciting news on the color physics from LHCb:

- Confirmation of the  $B_c(2S)$  and  $B_c^*(2S)$  states,
- Groundbreaking update on pentaquarks,
- Amazing  $D\bar{D}$  spectrum with new charmonium state,  $\psi_3(3842)$ .

Not shown:

- new decay channel of  $\Xi_{cc}$ ,  $\Xi_{cc} \rightarrow \pi^+ \Xi_c$
- first observation of the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda\gamma$
- Observation of  $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p\bar{p}$
- Observation of  $\Xi_c \rightarrow \phi p$
- Many more, see complete list [\[here\]](#).

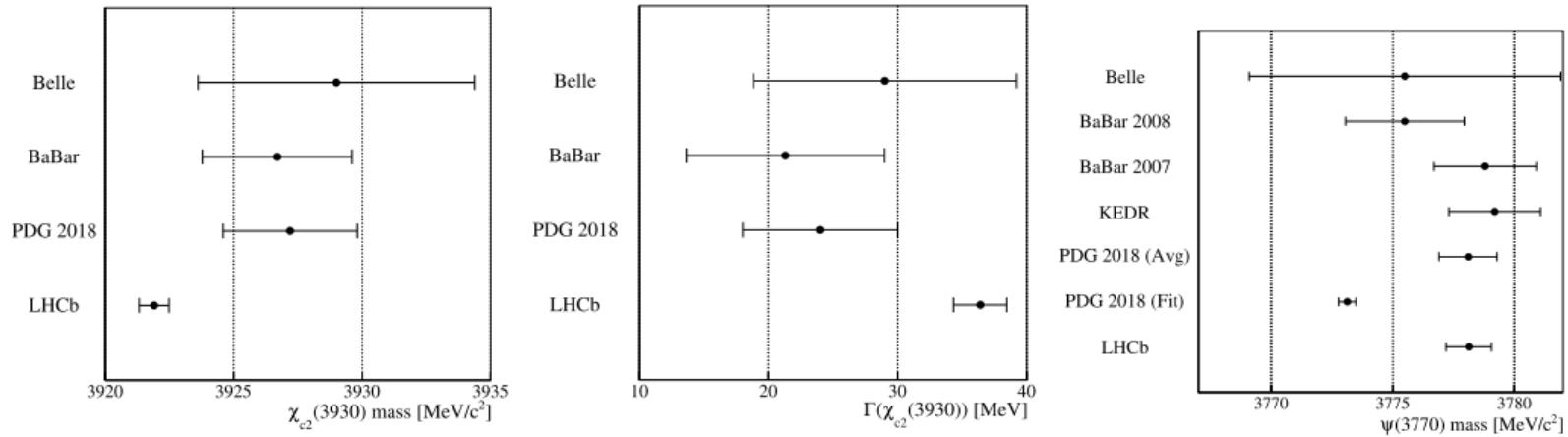


# Thank you for the attention

backup slides follow...

# Impact of new measurements on charmonium

## Impact of new $D\bar{D}$ spectrum

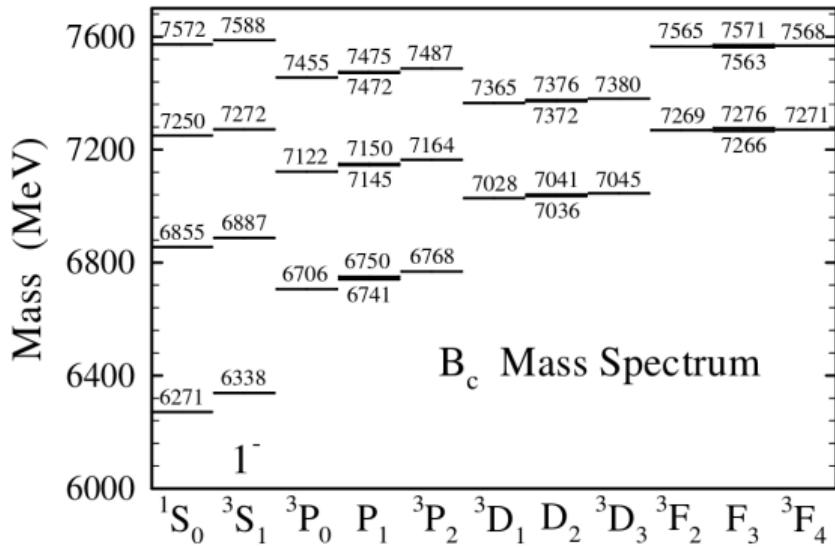


Great interest in community

- $\psi_3(3842)$  is just seen on lattice, [arXiv:1905.03506v1]

# $B_c$ spectrum in relativistic quark model

[St. Godfrey PRD 70 054017 (2004)]



# $P_c$ interpretations

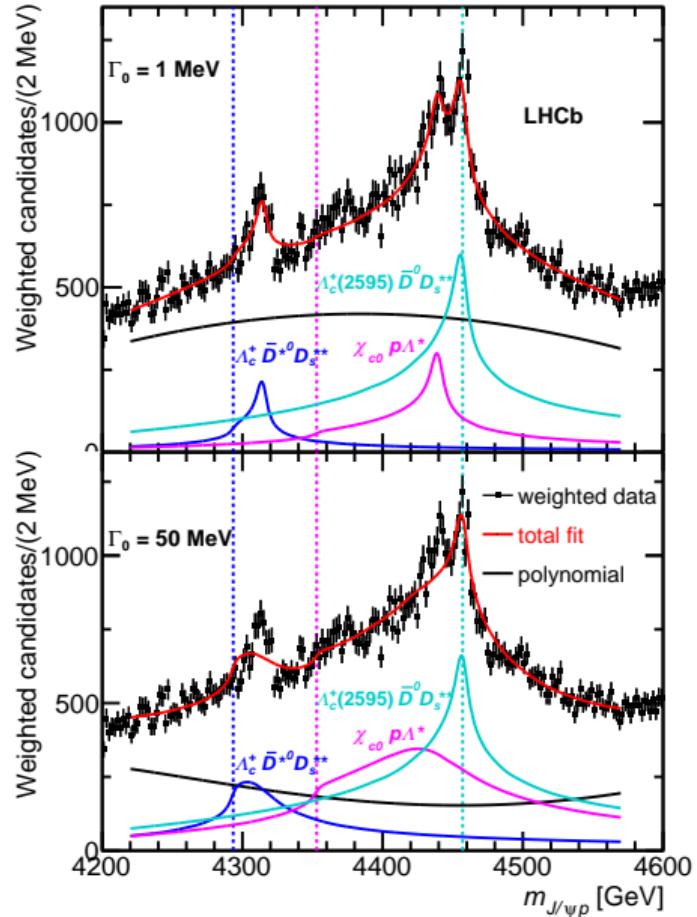
- $\Sigma_c D$  binding (published before 2015)
  - ▶ W. L. Wang et al., Phys. Rev. C84 (2011) 015203
  - ▶ Z.-C. Yang et al., Chin. Phys. C36 (2012) 6
  - ▶ J.-J. Wu et al., Phys. Rev. C85 (2012) 044002,
- Dynamically generated (see references in arXiv:1904.03947)
- Heavy-quark-spin-symmetry (HQSS) consequences
  - ▶ Ming-Zhu Liu et al., arXiv:1903.11560
  - ▶ C.W. Xiao et al., arXiv:1904.01296
- $P_c(4312)$  pole position and molecular binding,  
C. Fernandez, A. Pilloni, MM (JPAC Collaboration), arXiv:1904.10021.
- Tightly-bound pentaquark models (see references in arXiv:1904.03947)

# Rescattering interpretation

Triangle singularity [see Appendix of arXiv:1904.03947]

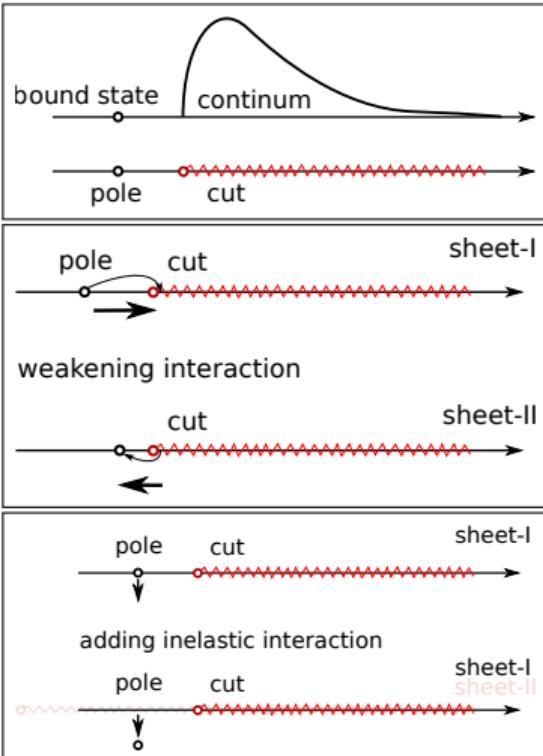
- There are many thresholds around  $P_c$  peaks
  - ▶  $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^0$ ,  $\Sigma_c \bar{D}^0$ ,  $\chi_c N^*$  with different exchanges as suggested in [Guo et al.(PRD92 (2015) 071502), U.-G. Meißner et al. (PLB751 (2015) 59), X.-H. Liu et al. (PLB757 (2016) 231), MM (arXiv:1507.06552)]
- An appropriate Triangle Singularity can be found for all peaks
- BUT, as soon as **width** of exchange particle is taken into account

⇒ no acceptable description in rescattering picture have been found



# Investigation on molecular picture

[C. Fernandez, A. Pilloni, MM, et al (JPAC Collaboration), arXiv:1904.10021]



## Scattering-length approximation

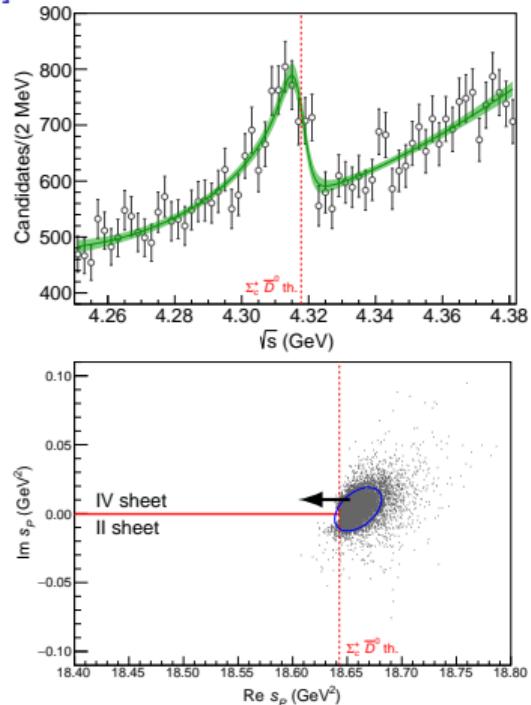
$$T_{ij}^{-1} = m_{ij} - ik_i \delta_{ij},$$
$$k_i = \sqrt{s - s_i}$$

Two channels:  $\Sigma_c^+ \bar{D}^0$  and  $J/\psi p$ .

## Intensity

$$I(s) = \rho(s)(|T_{11}(s)p(s)|^2 + b(s)),$$

- $p(s)$  and  $b(s)$  are the first order polynomials.
- $\rho(s)$  is a phase-space factor.



Consistent with  
the virtual state