Challenges in LMIC

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Challenges to upscaling radiotherapy services

- Political support & Commitment
 Cancer as a priority, cost effectiveness
- Cost
- Geographic and infrastructure constraints
 (Water supply, Constant Electricity supply, etc...)
- Machine breakdown & Maintenance Availability of engineers, parts etc...

Challenges identified from surveys

Staff shortages

- Radiation oncologists
- Physicists
- Dosimetrists
- Oncology nurses
- Data managers
- Related disciplines (pathologists, diagnostics, surgical oncology, etc...)

Education and training

- Need for technical expertise especially for equipment use
- Reliant on foreign sponsorship/fellowships
- No standard training for some specialities within country

Challenges identified from surveys

Rising cancer burden

Global health & economic challenge

2018 (Globocan 2018) **18.1** million cases,

9.6 million death

2030, 25 million new cases, most increase in LMIC

- Transitioning to new technologies
 - Limited support and educational tools
- Maintenance
 - Lack of adequate and well trained engineers
- Environment
 - Variability in power supply has potential to limit capacity

Need to consider additional investments

Keep cancer as apriority health challenge, at all levels

Affordable RT machines

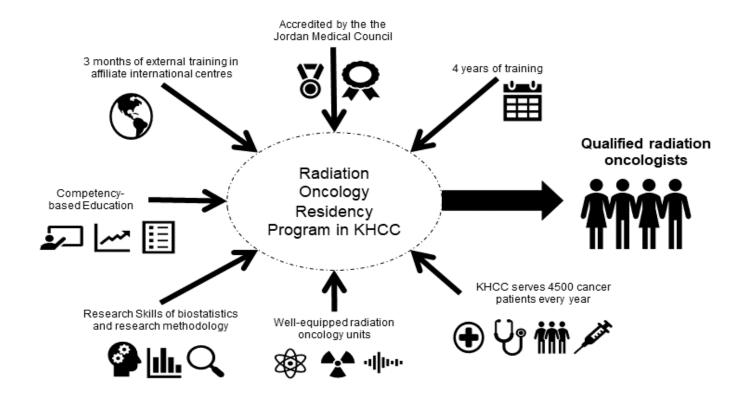
Specialist manpower shortages(short & long term solutions)

Training of multidisciplinary team

Quality control

Data collection and research

 Successful Development of a Competency-based Residency Training Program in Radiation Oncology: Our 15-year Experience from within a Developing Country



Conclusion

 Our Radiation Oncology Residency Program, initiated at our institution, within a developing country and in accordance to wellknown cancer centers in developed countries — while matching our available capabilities and resources — was able to meet the need for well-trained radiation oncologists in Jordan.