Latest results of the $K \rightarrow \pi \bar{\nu} \nu$ branching ratio calculations

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This talk

• Introduction to $K \rightarrow \pi \bar{\nu} \nu$

- Status of Perturbative Calculations
- Theory Prediction
- Perturbative Calculations for New Physics
 - Constrained by perturbative unitarity renormalisibility
 - Define generic Lagrangian
 - Renormalisation for extra charged vectors

Conclusions

Neutral & Charged Current Interactions

Mass ≠ flavour eigenstates





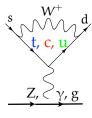
SM: Only charged currents change the flavour ($\propto V_{us}$)

SM: Neutral currents do not change the flavour (i=j) at tree-level

$$V_{\rm CKM} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2} & \lambda & A\lambda^3(\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2} & A\lambda^2 \\ A\lambda^3(1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- CKM matrix parametrises CP and flavour violation in the SM
- Standard Model: Higgs sector is the source of flavour violation

Rare Kaon Decays



Using the GIM mechanism, we can eliminate either $V_{cs}^* V_{cd}$ or $V_{us}^* V_{ud} \rightarrow - V_{cs}^* V_{cd} - V_{ts}^* V_{td}$

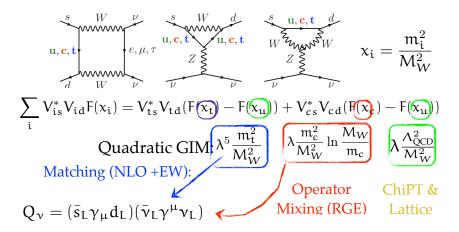
$$Im V_{ts}^* V_{td} = -Im V_{cs}^* V_{cd} = \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5) \qquad Im V_{us}^* V_{ud} = 0$$
$$Re V_{us}^* V_{ud} = -Re V_{cs}^* V_{cd} = \mathcal{O}(\lambda^1) \qquad Re V_{ts}^* V_{td} = \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5)$$

Z-Penguin and Boxes (high virtuality): power expansion in: A_c - $A_u \varpropto 0 + O(m_c^2/M_W^2)$

 γ /g-Penguin (momentum expansion + e.o.m.): power expansion in: A_c - $A_u \propto O(Log(m_c^2/m_u^2))$

- $K \rightarrow \pi \bar{\nu} \nu$ transmitted by Z-Penguin and box:
 - Good theory control & $V_{ts}^* V_{td} \frac{1}{16\pi^2}$ suppression
 - Sensitivity to New Physics

$K \rightarrow \pi \bar{\nu} \nu$ at M_W



- Below the charm: Only Q_{ν} , ME from K_{I3}
- semi-leptonic (s
 [¯]
 ^{γμ} u_L)(v
 ^{γμ} ℓ_L) operator: χ PT gives small contribution (10% of charm contribution)

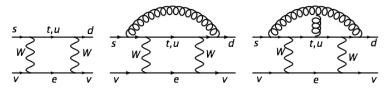
Expressions for $K \rightarrow \pi \bar{\nu} \nu$

$$\mathcal{B}(K^+ \to \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = \kappa_+ (1 + \Delta_{\rm EM}) \cdot \left[\left(\frac{{\rm Im} \lambda_t}{\lambda^5} X(x_t) \right)^2 + \left(\frac{{\rm Re} \lambda_c}{\lambda} P_c(X) + \frac{{\rm Re} \lambda_t}{\lambda^5} X(x_t) \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\mathcal{B}(K_L \to \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) = \kappa_L \cdot \left(\frac{\mathrm{Im}\lambda_t}{\lambda^5} X(x_t)\right)^2$$

- Im $\lambda_t = \eta A^2 \lambda^5$, Re $\lambda_t = \frac{\lambda^2 2}{2} A^2 \lambda^2 (1 \bar{\rho})$, Re $\lambda_c = \lambda \frac{\lambda^2 2}{2}$
- κ₊, κ_L, Δ_{EM} strong and em iso-spin breaking
 [0705.2025]
- ► $P_c = P_c^{pert.} + \delta P_{c,u} = 0.372(15) + 0.04(2) \leftarrow (NNLO + EW) [ph/0603079] [0805.4119] + \chi PT & Lattice [ph/0503107] [1806.11520]$

Higher order corrections for X_t

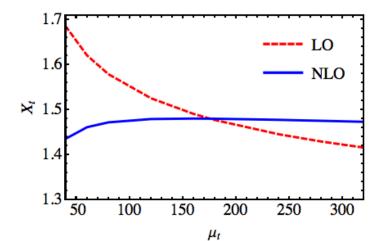


• $X_t = X_t^{\text{NLO}} + X_t^{\text{EW}} = 1.469(30)$ up to now

- NLO [Buchalla, Buras; Bobeth, Misiak], NNLO Penguin [Hermann, Misiak, Steinhauser] and EW [Brod, Gorbahn, Stamou]
- NNLO-Boxes [Cerda-Sevilla, Gorbahn, Leak] (related to electron-boxes): Use known master integrals and numerical evaluation
- Matching result should be independent of µ_t (order by order)

Scale Dependence @ NLO

- Residual μ_t dependence estimate higher order corrections
- Potential ±2% NNLO corrections

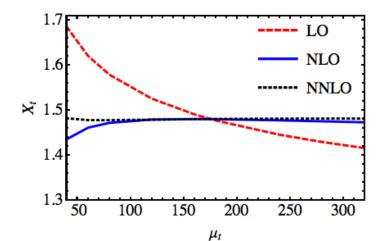


Possible Scale Dependence @ NNLO

- **NNLO** finite result with correct μ_t dependence
- Numerics not checked: Toy numerics

• fix
$$X_t^{NNLO}(\mu_t = 170 \text{ GeV}) = X_t^{NLO}(\mu_t = 170 \text{ GeV})$$

Absolute size of NNLO corrections blinded



Uncertainty Analysis using UTfit values

$\mathscr{B}_+ \cdot 10^{11}$	Central:	8.510	$\mathcal{B}_L \cdot 10^{11}$	Central:	2.858
Error:	-0.543	0.555	Error:	-0.256	0.264
Α	-0.34	0.352	А	-0.162	0.17
$\delta P_{c,u}$	-0.246	0.250	η	-0.162	0.167
Xt	-0.236	0.240	X _t	-0.113	0.115
ρ	-0.161	0.162	κ_l	-0.017	0.002
Pc	-0.185	0.187	λ	-0.001	0.00
κ_+	-0.041	0.041			
η	-0.037	0.039			
λ	-0.003	0.003			

► Precise theory prediction, suppression in standard model and current measurement at NA62 → classify new physics contributions

CKM input: $A = 0.826(12), \bar{\rho} = 0.148(13), \bar{\eta} = 0.348(10)$

Descriptions of new physics

- Effective theories:
 - good separation of scales
 - parameterise heavy new physics (except for huge number of independent operators)
 - only if momenta are not too large
- Explicit models:
 - correlate observables low energy \leftrightarrow high p_T
 - falsify validity of effective theory
 - light weakly coupled new physics
- Generic models / Simplified models
 - cover larger set of allowed model space
 - correlate low energy \leftrightarrow high p_T ?
 - often neither renormalisable nor unitary

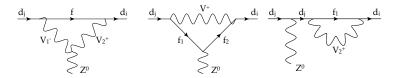
Remainder of this talk

Goal: Constrain generic model to achieve

- perturbative unitarity
- renormalisibility
- For the example of a FCNC Z-Penguin
- Define generic Lagrangian
- Renormalisation for extra charged vectors
- Extensions to arbitrary fermions/scalars/vectors

Toy example: extra vectors

Consider tower of vectors V and $d_i d_i Z$ Green's function:



We only need cubic $\psi - \psi - V$ and V - V - V interactions:

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{L}_{3}^{V} &= \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}v_{1}L/R} g_{v_{1}\bar{f}_{1}f_{2}}^{L/R} V_{v_{1,\mu}} \bar{\psi}_{f_{1}} \gamma^{\mu} \mathcal{P}_{L/R} \psi_{f_{2}} \\ &+ \frac{i}{6} \sum_{v_{1}v_{2}v_{3}} g_{v_{1}v_{2}v_{3}}^{abc} \Big(V_{v_{1,\mu}}^{a} V_{v_{2,\nu}}^{b} \partial^{[\mu} V_{v_{3}}^{c,\nu]} \\ &+ V_{v_{3,\mu}}^{c} V_{v_{1,\nu}}^{a} \partial^{[\mu} V_{v_{2}}^{b,\nu]} + V_{v_{2,\mu}}^{b} V_{v_{3,\nu}}^{c} \partial^{[\mu} V_{v_{1}}^{a,\nu]} \Big). \end{split}$$

Couplings in the Standard Model

$$\mathcal{L}_{3}^{V} = \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}v_{1}L/R} g_{v_{1}\bar{f}_{1}f_{2}}^{L/R} V_{v_{1,\mu}} \bar{\psi}_{f_{1}} \gamma^{\mu} P_{L/R} \psi_{f_{2}} \\ + \frac{i}{6} \sum_{v_{1}v_{2}v_{3}} g_{v_{1}v_{2}v_{3}}^{abc} \Big(V_{v_{1,\mu}}^{a} V_{v_{2,\nu}}^{b} \partial^{[\mu} V_{v_{3}}^{c,\nu]} + \dots \Big).$$

In SM we would need the following couplings:

$$g_{W^+\bar{u}_jd_k}^L = \frac{e}{s_w \sqrt{2}} V_{jk}, \quad y_{G^+\bar{u}_jd_k}^L = \frac{m_{Uj}}{M_W} \frac{e}{s_w \sqrt{2}} V_{jk}$$

$$g_{Z\bar{t}_jt_k}^L = \frac{2e}{s_{2w}} \left(T_3^f - Q_f s_w^2 \right) \delta_{jk}, \quad g_{Z\bar{t}_jt_k}^R = -\frac{2e}{s_{2w}} Q_f s_w^2 \delta_{jk}$$

$$g_{ZW^+W^-} = \frac{e}{t_w}, \quad g_{ZW^+G^-} = -t_w^2 \frac{e}{t_w}, \quad g_{ZG^+G^-} = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2c_w^2} \right) \frac{e}{t_w}$$

Generic Lagrangian

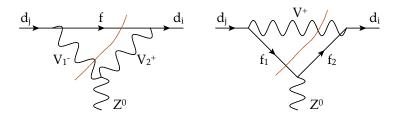
Incorporating Goldstones we arrive at:

$$\mathcal{L}_{3} = \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}v_{1}L/R} y_{s_{1}\bar{f}_{1}f_{2}}^{L/R} h_{s_{1}}\bar{\psi}_{f_{1}}P_{L/R}\psi_{f_{2}} + \frac{1}{2}\sum_{v_{1}v_{2}s_{1}} g_{v_{1}v_{2}s_{1}} V_{v_{1,\mu}}V_{v_{2}}^{\mu}h_{s_{1}} \\ -\frac{i}{2}\sum_{v_{1}s_{1}s_{2}} g_{v_{1}s_{1}s_{2}} V_{v_{1}}^{\mu} \Big(h_{s_{1}}\partial_{\mu}h_{s_{2}} - (\partial_{\mu}h_{s_{1}})h_{s_{2}}\Big) + \mathcal{L}_{3}^{V}.$$

- ▶ *h* extra physical scalars (Goldstones $h \rightarrow \phi$)
- Add R_ξ gauge-fixing
- ▶ Adding $SU(3) \times U(1) \rightarrow$ higher order corrections
- Using Lagrangian will give divergent results

Finite FCNC Z-Penguin at one-loop?

- Perturbative Unitary ↔ massive vectors from SSB [Llewellyn Smith '73; Cornwall et.al. 73/74]
- Need correct high-energy behaviour in loops:
 - Gauge-structure from Slavnov-Taylor (STIs)
 - Traditionally used in high-energy scattering ("Goldstone-boson Equivalence Theorem")
 - UV behaviour controls renormalization properties



Remnants of gauge symmetry

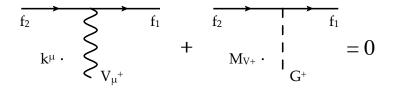
- Massive vector bosons originate from a spontaneously broken gauge symmetry
- Fix the gauge for massive vector ($\sigma_{V^{\pm}} = \pm i, \sigma_{V} = 1$)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{fix}} = -\sum_{v} (2\xi_{v})^{-1} F_{\bar{v}} F_{v}, \qquad F_{v} = \partial_{\mu} V_{v}^{\mu} - \sigma_{v} \xi_{v} M_{v} \phi_{v},$$

- ▶ BRST invariant field combination $s(...)_{ph} = 0$
- ► STIs from $s \langle T \{ \bar{u}_v(...)_{ph} \} \rangle = 0$ at required order: $\langle T \{ k^{\mu} \underline{V_v^{\mu}} - i\sigma_{\bar{v}} M_v \underline{\phi_v} \} (...)_{ph} \rangle$,

• E.g. for
$$(...)_{ph} = \overline{f}_1 f_2$$
 we have
 $y_{\phi_1 \overline{f}_1 f_2}^{L/R} = -i\sigma_{v_1} \frac{1}{M_{v_1}} \left(m_{f_1} g_{v_1 \overline{f}_1 f_2}^{L/R} - g_{v_1 \overline{f}_1 f_2}^{R/L} m_{f_2} \right)$

Elimination of gauge boson couplings

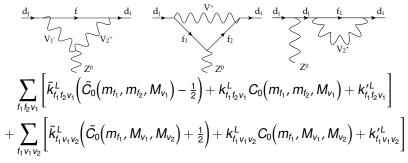


From $(VV)_{ph}$, $(Vh)_{ph}$, $(hh)_{ph}$ we obtain 3-point STIs:

$$\begin{split} g_{v_1\phi_2\phi_3} &= \sigma_{v_2}\sigma_{v_3} \, \frac{M_{v_2}^2 + M_{v_3}^2 - M_{v_1}^2}{2\,M_{v_2}M_{v_3}} \, g_{v_1v_2v_3} \,, \quad g_{v_1\phi_2s_1} = -i\sigma_{v_2} \, \frac{1}{2\,M_{v_2}} \, g_{v_1v_2s_1} \,, \\ g_{v_1v_2\phi_3} &= -i\sigma_{v_3} \, \frac{M_{v_1}^2 - M_{v_2}^2}{M_{v_3}} \, g_{v_1v_2v_3} \,, \qquad g_{\phi_1s_1s_2} = i\sigma_{v_1} \, \frac{M_{s_1}^2 - M_{s_2}^2}{M_{v_1}} \, g_{v_1s_1s_2} \,, \\ g_{\phi_1\phi_2s_1} &= -\sigma_{v_1}\sigma_{v_2} \, \frac{M_{s_1}^2}{2\,M_{v_1}M_{v_2}} \, g_{v_1v_2s_1} \,, \qquad g_{\phi_1\phi_2\phi_3} = 0 \,. \end{split}$$

Allows us to eliminate all Goldstone couplings

Results in terms of physical parameters



The divergent loop functions \tilde{C}_0 are multiplied with:

$$\begin{split} \tilde{K}_{f_{1}f_{2}v_{1}}^{L} &= \left(g_{Z\bar{l}_{2}f_{1}}^{L} + \frac{m_{f_{1}}m_{f_{2}}}{2M_{v_{1}}^{2}}g_{Z\bar{l}_{2}f_{1}}^{R}\right)g_{\bar{v}_{1}\bar{d}_{l}f_{2}}^{L}g_{v_{1}\bar{l}_{1}d_{j}}^{L}, \\ \tilde{K}_{f_{1}v_{1}v_{2}}^{L} &= -\left(3 + \frac{m_{f_{1}}^{2}(M_{v_{1}}^{2} + M_{v_{2}}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})}{4M_{v_{1}}^{2}M_{v_{2}}^{2}}\right)g_{Zv_{1}\bar{v}_{2}}g_{\bar{v}_{1}\bar{d}_{l}f_{1}}^{L}g_{v_{2}\bar{l}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{2}\left(1 + \frac{m_{f_{1}}^{2}}{2M_{v_{1}}^{2}}\right)\left(g_{Z\bar{d}_{l}d_{l}}^{L}g_{v_{1}\bar{d}_{l}f_{1}}^{L}g_{\bar{v}_{1}\bar{l}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} + g_{v_{1}\bar{d}_{l}f_{1}}^{L}g_{\bar{v}_{1}\bar{l}_{1}d_{j}}^{L}g_{Z\bar{d}_{l}d_{j}}^{L}\right)\delta_{v_{1}v_{2}}, \end{split}$$

Consider SM fermions and extra vectors Derive STIs for f - f - V - V function:

Relations between products of trilinear couplings

$$\sum_{v_3} g_{v_3 \bar{f}_1 f_2}^{L/R} g_{v_1 v_2 \bar{v}_3} = \sum_{f_3} \left(g_{v_1 \bar{f}_1 f_3}^{L/R} g_{v_2 \bar{f}_3 f_2}^{L/R} - g_{v_2 \bar{f}_1 f_3}^{L/R} g_{v_1 \bar{f}_3 f_2}^{L/R} \right)$$

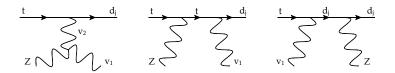
$$\bullet v_1 \to W_1^+, v_2 \to W_2^-, f_1 \to d_i, f_2 \to d_j \text{ and } g_{Z\bar{d}_i d_j} = 0:$$

$$0 = \sum_{f_3} g_{W_2^- \bar{s} f_3}^L g_{W_1^+ \bar{f}_3 d}^L \quad \text{CKM unitarity}$$

We still obtain a divergence proportional to

$$\sum_{v_1,v_2} \left(\frac{1}{2M_{v_1}^2} (g_{Z\bar{t}t}^R - g_{Z\bar{d}d}^L) \delta_{v_1v_2} - \frac{(M_{v_1}^2 + M_{v_2}^2 - M_Z^2)}{4M_{v_1}^2 M_{v_2}^2} g_{Zv_1\bar{v}_2} \right) g_{\bar{v}_1\bar{d}_it}^L g_{v_2\bar{t}d_j}^L$$

Two additional STIs:



Setting $v_3 = Z$, $f_2 = d_j$ there are two additional STIs:

$$\begin{split} g_{Z\bar{t}t}^L g_{\nu_1^+ \bar{t}d_j}^L &= g_{\nu_1^+ \bar{t}d_j}^L g_{Z\bar{d}_jd_j}^L + \sum_{\nu_2} g_{Z\nu_1^+\nu_2^-} g_{\nu_2^+ \bar{t}d_j}^L \\ g_{Z\bar{t}t}^R g_{\nu_1^+ \bar{t}d_j}^L &= \frac{1}{2} g_{\nu_1^+ \bar{t}d_j}^L \Big(g_{Z\bar{t}t}^L + g_{Z\bar{d}_jd_j}^L \Big) + \sum_{\nu_2} \frac{M_{\nu_1}^2 - M_Z^2}{2M_{\nu_2}^2} \, g_{Z\nu_1^+\nu_2^-} g_{\nu_2^+ \bar{t}d_j}^L \end{split}$$

Which can be used to eliminate $g_{Z\bar{t}t}^{L/R}$ from the expression

Results for extra vectors

The resulting expression comprises less parameters

$$\hat{C}^{L}_{d_{j}d_{i}Z} = \sum_{v_{1}v_{2}} f_{V}(m_{t}, M_{v_{1}}, M_{v_{2}}) g_{Zv_{2}^{+}v_{1}^{-}} g^{L}_{v_{1}^{+}\bar{t}d_{j}} g^{L}_{v_{2}^{-}\bar{d}_{i}t}$$

and a finite loop function

$$\begin{split} f_V(m_i, m_j, m_k) &= m_i^2 C_0\left(m_i, m_k, m_k\right) - \frac{m_i^2 \left(m_j^2 + m_k^2 - M_Z^2\right)}{4m_j^2 m_k^2} \\ &+ \frac{m_i^2 \left(-3m_j^2 + m_k^2 - M_Z^2\right) + 4m_k^2 \left(m_j^2 - m_k^2 + M_Z^2\right)}{4m_j^2 m_k^2} m_i^2 C_0\left(m_i, m_i, m_k\right) \\ &+ \frac{-M_Z^2 \left(3m_j^2 + 4m_k^2\right) - 13m_j^2 m_k^2 + 3m_j^4 + 4m_k^4}{4m_j^2 m_k^2} m_i^2 C_0\left(m_i, m_j, m_k\right). \end{split}$$

SM couplings: $g_{W^+ \bar{u}_j d_k}^L = \frac{e}{s_w \sqrt{2}} V_{jk}$ and $g_{ZW^+W^-} = \frac{e}{t_w}$.

Including extra scalars

$$\begin{split} \hat{C}_{d_{j}d_{l}Z}^{L} = &\sum_{s_{1}s_{2}} f_{S}(m_{t}, M_{s_{1}}, M_{s_{2}}) y_{s_{2}^{L}\bar{t}d_{j}}^{L} \left(\delta_{s_{1}s_{2}} y_{s_{2}^{-}\bar{d}_{i}t}^{R} \left(g_{Z\bar{d}_{j}d_{j}}^{L} - g_{Z\bar{t}t}^{L} \right) + g_{Zs_{1}^{+}s_{2}^{-}} y_{s_{1}^{-}\bar{d}_{i}t}^{R} \right) \\ &+ \sum_{v_{1}v_{2}} f_{V}(m_{t}, M_{v_{1}}, M_{v_{2}}) g_{Zv_{2}^{+}v_{1}^{-}} g_{v_{1}^{+}\bar{t}d_{j}}^{L} g_{v_{2}^{-}\bar{d}_{i}t} \\ &+ \sum_{s_{1}v_{1}} f_{VS}(m_{t}, M_{s_{1}}, M_{v_{1}}) y_{s_{1}^{+}\bar{t}d_{j}}^{L} g_{v_{1}^{-}\bar{d}_{i}t}^{L} g_{Zv_{1}^{+}s_{1}^{-}} \\ &+ \sum_{s_{1}v_{1}} f_{VS'}(m_{t}, M_{s_{1}}, M_{v_{1}}) y_{s_{1}^{+}\bar{d}_{i}\bar{d}_{i}}^{R} g_{v_{1}^{+}\bar{t}d_{j}}^{L} g_{Zv_{1}^{-}s_{1}^{+}} \,. \end{split}$$

- *f*_{S,VS,VS'} are again functions of *C*₀ and provide results for LR-Models.
- E.g. for one charged Higgs we reproduce 2HDM type II results in Literature by specifying:

$$g_{\mathcal{Z}h^-h^+} = -erac{c_{2w}}{2s_wc_w}$$
, $y^L_{h^+ar{t}d_i} = rac{m_t}{t_eta}rac{V_{td}e}{\sqrt{2}s_wM_W}$

Generic fermions, vectors and scalars

- Renormalisation procedure works also for the most generic Lagrangian
- Simplified formulas given for charged particles in [1903.05116]
- Checked against results in the literature
 - general MSSM reproduce Literature (but explicitly finite)
 - Vector-like-quarks reproduce SMEFT logs
- Method also works for neutral particles

Generic fermions, vectors and scalars

$$\begin{split} \hat{C}_{d_{j}d_{l}Z}^{L} &= \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}v_{1}} g_{Z\bar{I}_{2}f_{1}}^{L} g_{v_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} g_{\bar{v}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{2}}^{L} F_{V}\left(m_{f_{1}}, m_{f_{2}}, M_{v_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}v_{1}} g_{Z\bar{I}_{2}f_{1}}^{R} g_{v_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} g_{\bar{v}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{2}}^{L} F_{V'}\left(m_{f_{1}}, m_{f_{2}}, M_{v_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}v_{1}v_{2}} g_{Zv_{2}\bar{v}_{1}} g_{v_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} g_{\bar{v}_{2}\bar{d}_{1}f_{1}}^{L} F_{V''}\left(m_{f'}, m_{f_{1}}, M_{v_{1}}, M_{v_{2}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}s_{1}} g_{Z\bar{I}_{2}f_{1}}^{L} y_{s_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} y_{\bar{s}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{2}}^{R} F_{S}\left(m_{f_{1}}, m_{f_{2}}, M_{s_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}s_{1}} g_{Z\bar{I}_{2}f_{1}}^{L} y_{s_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} y_{\bar{s}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{2}}^{R} F_{S}\left(m_{f_{1}}, m_{f_{2}}, M_{s_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}s_{1}} g_{Z\bar{I}_{2}f_{1}} y_{s_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} y_{\bar{s}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{2}}^{R} F_{S''}\left(m_{f_{1}}, m_{f_{2}}, M_{s_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}s_{1}} g_{Z\bar{I}_{2}f_{1}} y_{s_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} y_{\bar{s}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{2}}^{R} F_{S''}\left(m_{f_{1}}, m_{f_{2}}, M_{s_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}f_{2}s_{1}} g_{Z\bar{I}_{2}f_{1}} y_{s_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} g_{\bar{V}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{2}}^{R} F_{S''}\left(m_{f_{1}}, m_{f_{2}}, M_{s_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}s_{1}v_{1}} g_{Z\bar{V}_{1}\bar{s}_{1}} y_{s_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} g_{\bar{V}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{1}}^{R} F_{SV}\left(m_{f_{1}}, M_{s_{1}}, M_{v_{1}}\right) \\ &+ \sum_{f_{1}s_{1}v_{1}} g_{Z\bar{V}_{1}s_{1}} g_{v_{1}\bar{I}_{1}d_{j}}^{L} y_{\bar{s}_{1}\bar{d}_{1}f_{1}}^{R} F_{SV'}\left(m_{f_{1}}, M_{s_{1}}, M_{v_{1}}\right) , \end{split}$$

Penguins come with boxes

- Results for $\Delta F = 2$ boxes known [Senjanovic et.al.]
- Both ΔF = 2 and ΔF = 1 boxes given for our most general fermion-scalar-vector interactions [1903.05116]
- Results are finite by power counting.
- See also [1904.05890] [Arnan, Crivellin, Fedele, Mescia] for boxes from fermion-scalar interactions.

Conclusions

- SM Theory prediction under good control
- Experimental measurements will:
 - 1. Test the Standard Model
 - 2. Constrain New Physics
- Provide general formulas for New Physics Contribution
 - Extend to different operators and develop code for numerical evaluation [F. Bishara, J. Brod, MG, U. Moldanazarova]