

Session Summary : Low Emittance Beam Akira Mochihashi

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Low Emittance Beam in SuperKEKB

Presentor: Dr. K. Ohmi (KEK)

X-Y coupling in low emmittance ring
 Global Coupling ... Vrtical emittance
 Local Coupling ... Vertical beam size

How to correct X-Y coupling in SuperKEKB

- By using correctors ... measure beam orbit
- Corrected by skew-Qs

X-y coupling correction in SuperKEKB

- Exciting 6 horizontal steerings one by one, measure closed orbit distortion in each.
- Vertical orbit is corrected by skew quads or vertical bump of sextupoles.



- r1 and r2 at every s is corrected, r3 and r4 are corrected as the result.
- X-y coupling in LER is somewhat worse than HER.



Vertical Emittance in Phase 2



- Emittance of HER is improved compare with Phase 1.
- Emittance of LER is larger than that of Phase 1. Note: Residual of XY coupling is larger compare with Phase1.

Low Emittance Operation in SuperKEKB



- To relax the beam-beam tune shift
- To keep the luminosity...

Beta-squeezing has been performed.

Commissioning of SuperKEKB, Phase II

• β squeezing



History of SuperKEKB Phase 2



5.55 x 10³³/cm²/s (βy*3mm, LER: 800mA, HER: 780mA, 1576 bunches/beam July 5th) 2.29 x 10³³/cm²/s (βy*3mm, LER: 270mA, HER: 225mA, 394 bunches/beam July 3rd)

Overview of IR magnets

N. Ohuchi et al.

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• Compensation solenoids [ESL, ESR1, ESR2 and ESR3]





- In the left cryostat, one solenoid (12 small solenoids) is overlaid on QC1LP and QC1LE.
- In the right cryostat, the 1st solenoid (15 small solenoids) is overlaid on QC1RP, QC1RE and QC2RP.
 The 2nd and 3rd solenoids on the each beam line in the QC2RE vessel.

2016/06/14

Super

SuperKEKB Review 2016

- Linear and nonlinear correction coils including skew are wound in QC1-2.
- R2 was corrected by a1 (skew Q) correction coil of QC1.



Dynamic Aperture and MomentumAcceptance in Low Emittance Storage Ring



- Presentor: Dr. A. Papash (KIT)
- Theoretical consideration and suggestion: how tp get wide acceptance in low emittance storage ring

Difraction Limited Light Source (E.Levichev. BINP Proposals. 2013)



Figure 11: Five-cell superperiod with two horizontal sextupole pairs (denoted X) and two vertical ones (denoted Y).



DA of BINP DLLS ring (proposals)

Figure 13: Dynamic aperture of the 10 pm emittance storage ring at $\beta_{x,y} = 10$ m.



Figure 10: Split magnet TME cell for ultimate storage ring. A.Bogomyagkov, E.Levichev, P.Piminov. Proc. IPAC-2014.



E.Levichev. "Difraction Limited electron storage ring with large DA". BINP Proposals. 2013.

Comparisoin of DLLS Projects

MAX IV	7BA	3 GeV	528 m	320 pm	500 mA	DA 20 mm
ESRF Phase II	7BA	6	850	130	200	10 mm
Spring-8	6BA	6	1400	67.5	300	3 mm
Diamond	4-5-7BA	3	560	45-300	300	2 mm
ALS	5 -7BA	2	200	50-100	500	2-3 mm
Our proposal	7BA	3	1300	15	200	40 mm
Pep-X	7BA	4.5	2200	11	200	10 mm
tUSR	7BA	9	6200	* 3	100	0.8 mm

Original table -- R.Bartolini. "Ultimate storage rings". CLIC Workshop 2013. CERN.

Table taken from E.Levichev. "Difraction Limited electron storage ring with

large DA". BINP Proposals. 2013.

It is commonly recognized that Required DA for Light Sources to ensure beam injection

$DA_X \geq \pm 10 mm$

Momentum Acceptance should be $MA = \frac{\delta P}{P_0} \ge \pm (2 \div 4)\%$

to provide reasonable Life time

 $T_{1/2} \ge 10$ hours