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Running HTC & HPC applications opportunistically across private, academic and public clouds

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Overview

- Motivation & aims
- Software portability & reproducibility PROMINENCE
- Architecture
- Resource placement
- Data handling & storage
- Fusion use cases
- Summary & future work

Computing in fusion

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Fusion

- Recreating the power of the sun in a small volume
- Eventual aim is to supply power to the electrical grids EUROfusion research community today
- Distributed computing does not exist
- Isolated "islands" of data & compute resources (HPC clusters)
- Difficult to access data & resources at other sites
- Software is not portable
- Challenges of ITER
- Largest fusion experiment ever built
- ~2 PB data will be generated per day
- Data may need to be distributed globally
- Need for access to more computing resources



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We aim to address *part* of the fusion computing problem:

- How to get the same result wherever you run
- How to make use of academic and public clouds for fusion HPC applications
- How to extend small scale on-premises facilities to cope with bursty workloads Work initially carried out within the Fusion Science Demonstrator in EOSCpilot



The European Open Science Cloud for Research pilot project is funded by the European Commission, DG Research & Innovation under contract no. 739563

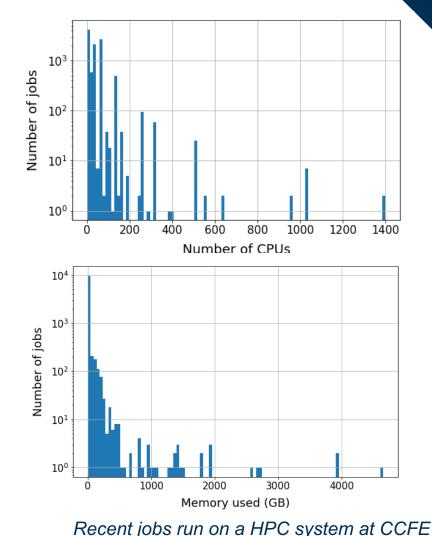
Software in the fusion community

Applications make use of:

- FORTRAN, C, C++, Python, Perl, Bash, IDL, Matlab, ...
- Commercial software, e.g. NAG libraries, IDL, Matlab, ...
- Different compilers, including GNU, Intel, PGI
- Designed to be built & run on only a few specific clusters
- Extensive use of env modules & pre-installed software
- Makefiles for different HPC clusters
 Wide variety of applications
- Plasma modelling, data processing, engineering, materials research, rendering, uncertainty quantification, ML, DL, ...

Wide range of resource requirements

• From 1 core to thousands of cores Many applications are not open source



Portability & reproducibility

How to make software available on many different clouds?

- Create container images with each application and all dependencies We're using two unprivileged container runtimes
- Singularity
- udocker

Images always created using Docker

Storing images

- Docker Hub for images which can be public
- S3 (Ceph) for private images
- In future maybe Harbor as a private registry

Time to pull & run a 1 GB container

	Singularity	udocker
Docker Hub	110s	52s
Tarball on S3	-	90s
Singularity image on S3	2s	-

Scattered clouds

In EOSCpilot we had access to the numerous clouds in EGI FedCloud

- Opportunistic access only
 - Different numbers of cores here and there
- We wanted to aggregate all these resources and make them useful



This is not a situation that is normally considered

 More common to assume one or a couple of static clouds with ~"infinite" resources



AWS

Private cloud or

HTC/HPC

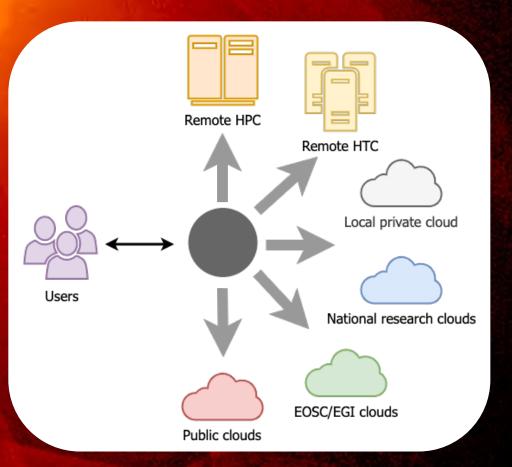
cluster

Traditional cloud bursting

Introducing PROMINENCE

Platform developed in the EOSCpilot Fusion Science Demonstrator

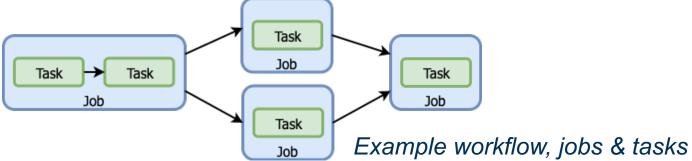
- Users have the same experience as using a traditional batch system
- Jobs run on any number of clouds in addition to HTC and HPC batch systems
- Users don't need to worry about where their jobs are running
- Users don't need to worry about provisioning infrastructure on clouds
 - Or even know what a cloud is

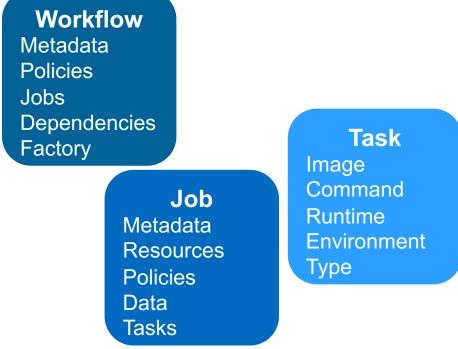


Interacting with **PROMINENCE**

Based on a RESTful API and JSON

- Much more flexible than ssh into a login node
- Token-based authn/authz (OpenID Connect)
- Simple Python-based command line interface
 - Provides a batch system like experience
- Easy to run jobs programmatically
- Easy to run jobs from any Jupyter notebook (e.g. Google Colab)



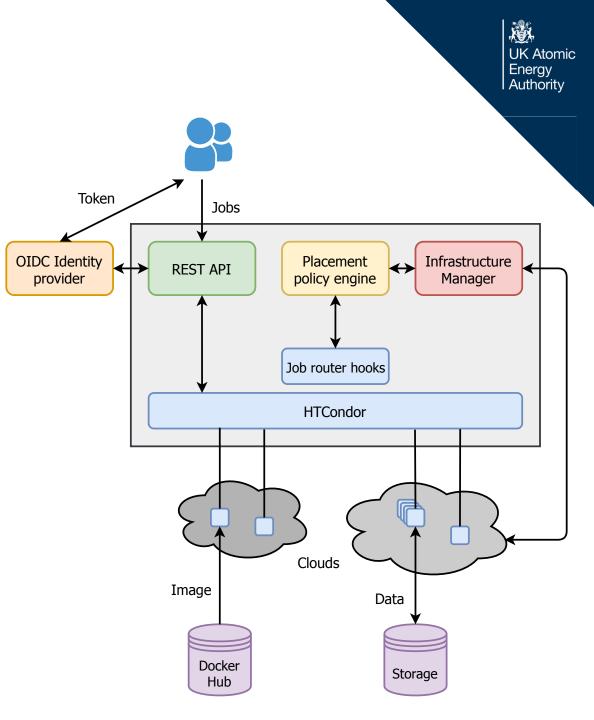


JSON workflow & job descriptions

Architecture overview

Identity provided by an OpenID Connect server

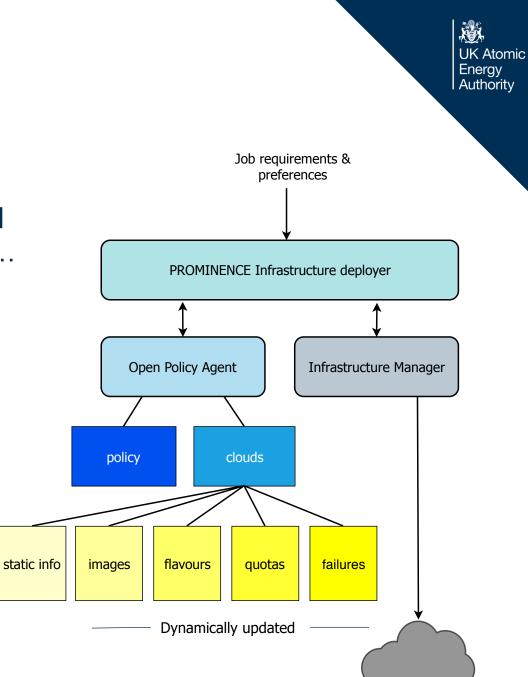
- INDIGO IAM, EGI Check-in
- Infrastructure Manager
- Deploys virtual infrastructure on a wide variety of clouds
 - including OpenStack, GCP, Azure, AWS
- HTCondor provides
- A transactional database for jobs
- Secure & reliable execution of remote jobs
- Triggers deployment & deletion of infrastructure
- Streaming stdout/err back to users



Infrastructure deployment

Open Policy Agent used to

- Store static & dynamic information about each cloud
 - e.g. current quota, recent failures, images, flavours, ...
- Determine what clouds meet job requirements
- Rank clouds based on job preferences
- Failure handling is essential
- Time-outs
- Retries on the same cloud
- Retries on other clouds meeting requirements
- Back-off from clouds which fail
- Also handles cloud credentials
- E.g. refreshing access tokens if necessary



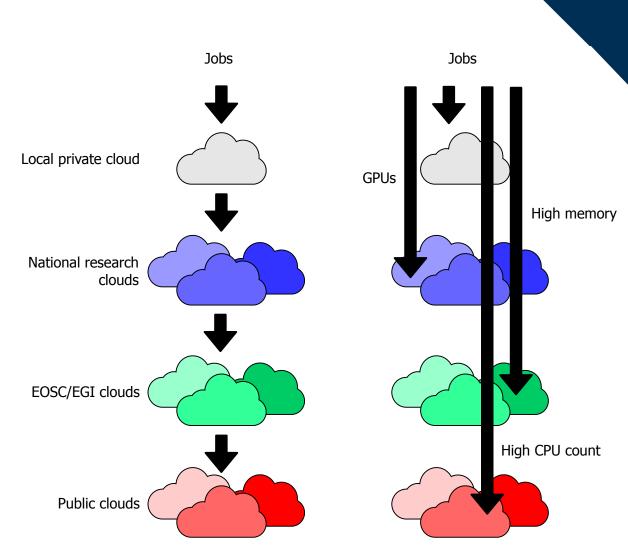
Resource placement

Can preferentially use a local cloud, but

- Burst onto national research clouds when needed
- Burst onto EGI/EOSC clouds when needed
- Burst onto public clouds when needed

Use an external cloud immediately if the local cloud doesn't meet requirements

- E.g. access to GPUs, low-latency interconnects, ...
- Rank clouds based on network bandwidth, cost, ...



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Data handling & storage

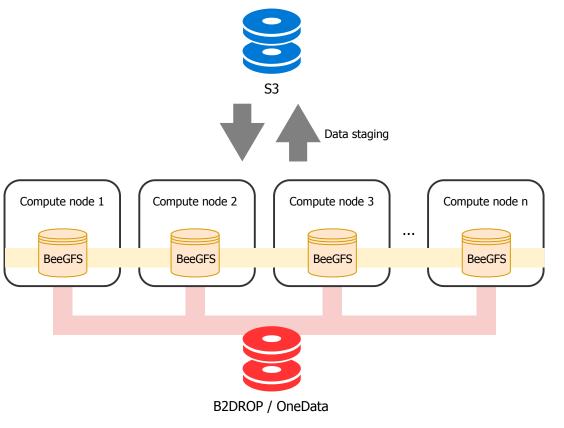
Data can be staged-in & staged-out from Ceph via the S3 API

- PROMINENCE generates pre-signed URLs & provides tools to enable users to upload & download data
- Multi-node jobs have converged shared storage
- Uses BeeGFS, unique to each job
- Aggregates the performance & capacity of the nodes

Also options for POSIX-like access to storage

- EUDAT B2DROP (based on Nextcloud)
- OneData





PROMINENCE user experience

Example MPI job submission:

```
prominence create --cpus 32 --memory 64 --nodes 8 \
 --intelmpi --input in.lj \
 alahiff/lammps-intel-avx512-2018 \
 "lmp_intel_cpu_intelmpi -in in.lj"
```

List current jobs:

prominence list

Look at the standard output in real time:

prominence stdout <job id>

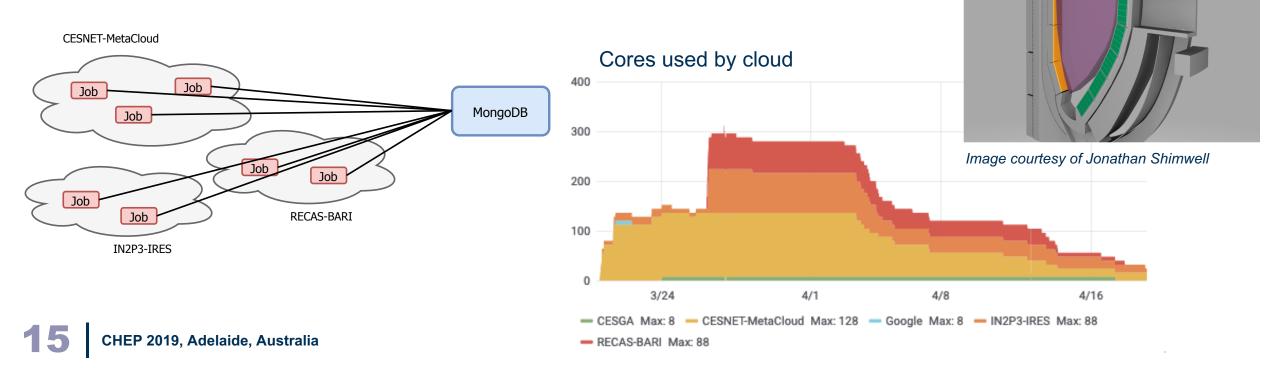
Many alternative platforms require lots of human involvement:

- Decide what VM flavour(s) to use
- Manually run a command to deploy a cluster
- scp data/scripts/... to a transient login node
- ssh into the login node
 - Submit jobs
- Manually run a command to destroy the cluster

Use case: breeder blanket design

Optimising tritium production using 3D CAD-based neutronics models

- Ran across 4 EGI FedCloud sites
- Self-organising HTC jobs using MongoDB for coordination
- Output data written back to MongoDB

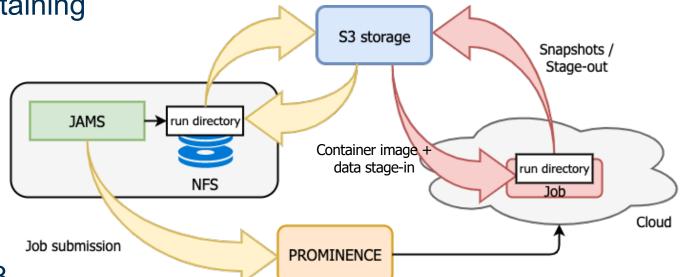


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Use case: JAMS

JET Application Management System

- User interface for a variety of transport & MHD codes
- Migrated from a local HPC cluster to PROMINENCE using the REST API
- Application generates run directory containing config & data files
- Tarball of directory uploaded to S3
- Job submitted to PROMINENCE
- Job runs on a cloud somewhere
 - Open MPI (single node)
 - Uses the (commercial) NAG libraries
- Tarball of directory downloaded from S3
 - Users can trigger & download "snapshots", allowing interactive analysis of output files while jobs are still running



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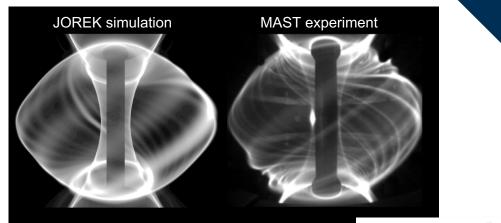
Use case: JOREK

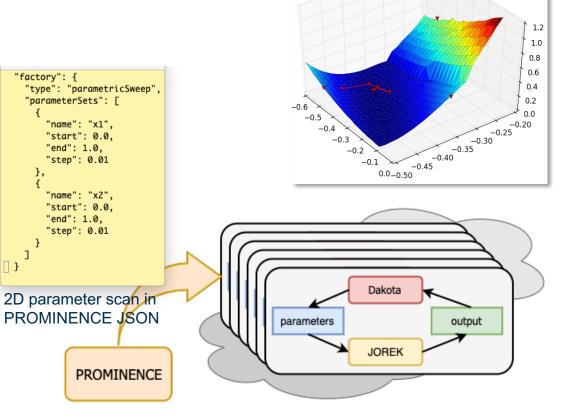
Simulations of MHD instabilities at the edge of tokamak plasmas

- Filamentary structures ejected from the edge
- Dynamics highly dependent on edge plasma pressure

Scanning edge pressure in JOREK simulations

- Changing pressure changes magnetic equilibrium
- Each case requires a new (unknown) plasma current
- Optimise input to satisfy (known) experimental current





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Use case: HPC applications

Many multi-node MPI applications used in fusion, including:

- LAMMPS: molecular dynamics simulator
- VASP: atomic scale materials modelling
- BOUT++: plasma and fluid simulations in curvilinear geometry
- ASCOT: accelerated simulation of charged particle orbits in a tokamak

Questions:

• Is it possible to usefully run any of these on clouds without low-latency interconnects?

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- Effect of containers on performance for multi-node MPI jobs?
- Optimisation for each resource vs portability?

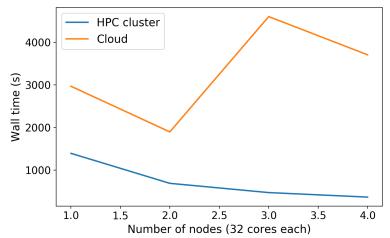
Use case: HPC applications

OSU Micro-benchmarks: latency

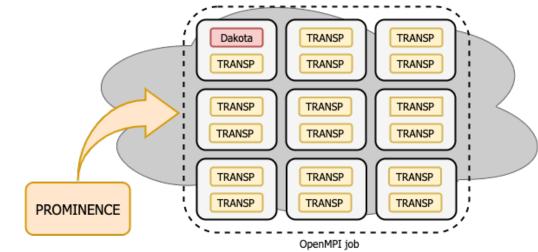
The container image which gives the best performance on some CPUs doesn't work everywhere

LAMMPS wall time	GNU	Intel, AVX512	Intel, AVX2
Intel Skylake	00:41:59	00:11:12	00:14:40
Intel Broadwell	00:47:24	-	00:14:53
AMD EPYC	00:44:28	-	-

Significant communication between nodes - LAMMPS

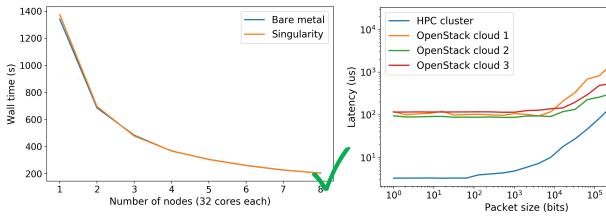


Very little communication between nodes - Dakota



Multi-node MPI example not requiring low latencies: parallel Dakota running function evaluations in each MPI rank

LAMMPS: bare metal vs Singularity



CHEP 2019, Adelaide, Australia

Summary & future work

Developed a platform enabling users to transparently exploit cloud resources for running both single-node HTC & multi-node MPI jobs

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- Can use many clouds opportunistically in a dynamic way
- Not fusion specific
- Work in progress & future work
- An EGI/EOSC PROMINENCE instance has been deployed for the long tail of science, uses EGI Check-in for AAI & EGI FedCloud resources
- Testing HPC applications on clouds with low-latency interconnects
- More use cases...

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Thank you!