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## Riemannian geometry imposed on Friedmann and more general spacetimes

*Wednesday, September 25, 2019 4:50 PM (20 minutes)*

At first we define Riemannian geometry in general relativity (GR) as geometry determined by Riemannian, Finsler-like metric

$$\begin{equation}$$

$$h_{ab}(x;v) := 2V_a V_b - g_{ab}(x).$$

$$\end{equation}$$

Here  $g_{ab}$  is the Lorentzian metric of a spacetime and  $\vec{v}$  is an unit timelike vector field:  $v = \sqrt{g_{ab}v^a v^b} = 1$ . Then, we compare this Riemannian geometry with original, Lorentzian geometry in the case of Friedmann and more general spacetimes

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