



Prospects for a Search for gluon mediated FCNC in top quark production at the FCC-hh

CERN-ACC-2018-0043

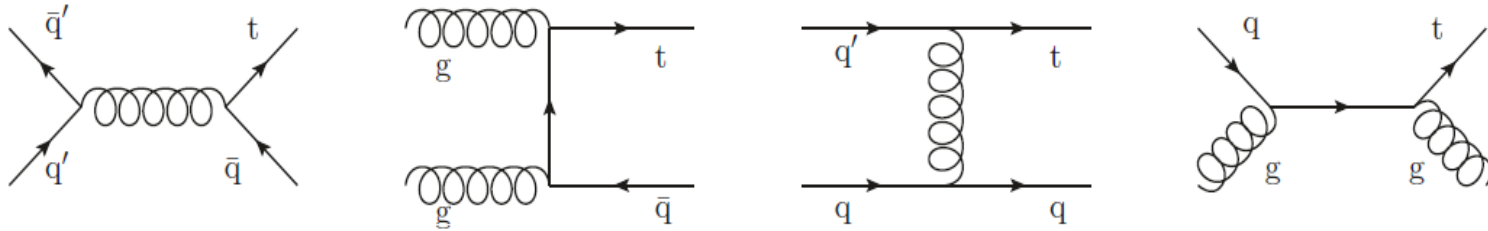
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FCC-hh physics analysis meeting
29th November 2018

Effective Lagrangian:

$$g_s \frac{\kappa_{tug}}{\Lambda} \bar{u} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \frac{\lambda^a}{2} t G_{\mu\nu}^a + g_s \frac{\kappa_{teg}}{\Lambda} \bar{c} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \frac{\lambda^a}{2} t G_{\mu\nu}^a + h.c.$$

Representative diagrams of pp->tq->Wbj channel:



There are no direct correspondence of the couplings to EFT operators for FCNC [Phys. Rev. D 91, 074017 (2015)]

$$g_s \frac{\kappa_{tq}^g}{\Lambda} \bar{t} \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A (f_{tq}^g + i h_{tq}^g \gamma_5) q G_{\mu\nu}^A \quad g_s \frac{\kappa_{tq}^g}{\Lambda} \begin{cases} f_{tq}^g \\ i h_{tq}^g \end{cases} = g_s \frac{m_t}{\Lambda} [C_{uG}^{(3a)} \pm C_{uG}^{(a3)*}]$$

$$|f_{tq}^g|^2 + |h_{tq}^g|^2 = 1$$

Signal samples:

CompHEP 4.5.2

FCNC tgu

FCNC tgc

Fast simulation with
Parametric DELPHI 3.4.2
using the reference FCC-hh
detector parameters

Background samples:

MG5_MC@NLO 2.5.2 + PYTHIA 8.230

Single Top	7.5×10^3 pb
$t\bar{t}$	4.3×10^4 pb
W+jets	1.6×10^6 pb
Z+jets	5.1×10^5 pb

Energy, TeV	FCNC “tug” CompHEP LO CS [pb]	FCNC “tgc” CompHEP LO CS [pb]
7	33.2	4.9
8	41.7	6.7
13	91.6	18.5
14	102.8	21.4
27	268.6	71.1
100	1720	575

$\kappa/\Lambda = 0.03 \text{ TeV}^{-1}$

NLO CS = K* LO CS

K (tgu) = 1.52

K (tgc) = 1.4

[\(Phys.Rev. D72 \(2005\) 074018\)](#)

Muon and Electron channel:

Exactly one lepton with

- $p_T > 26 \text{ GeV}/c$,
- $|\eta| < 2.8$,
- $RelIso < 0.15$

Lepton veto:

No more any additional muons or electrons with

- "loose" ID passes,
- $p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$,
- $|\eta| < 2.8$,
- $RelIso < 0.25$

Jet Selection:

Two or three jets with

- anti-kt reconstruction algorithm $R=0.4$,
- $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$,
- $|\eta| < 4.7$,
- $\Delta R_{lep} > 0.4$

B-Tagging:

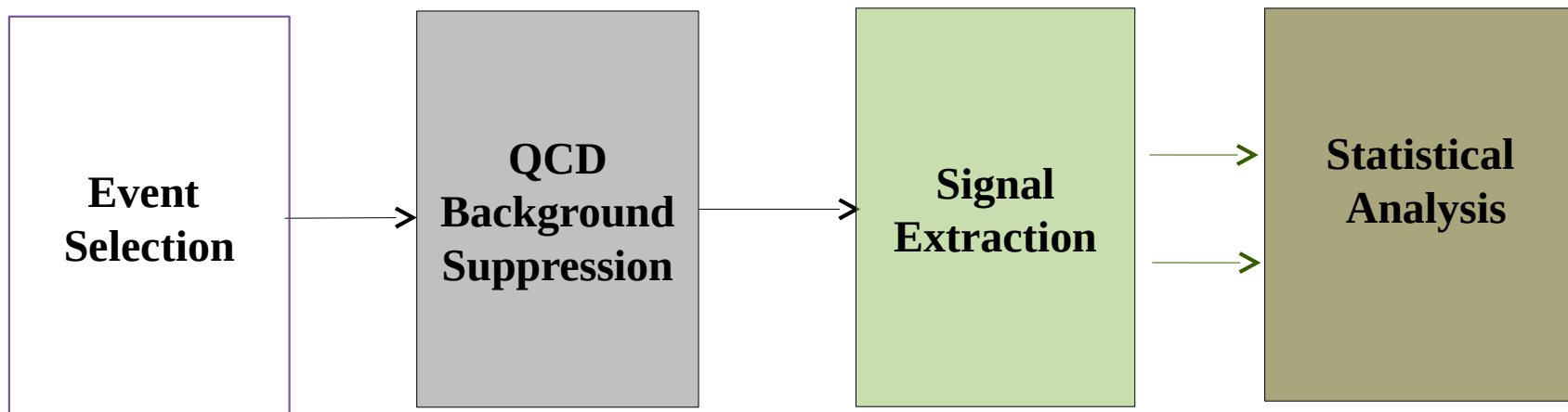
- Exactly one of the jets is b-tagged

Expected event yields
at 30 ab^{-1} and
 $k/\Lambda = 3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$

Process	Basic selections	$m_T(W) > 40 \text{ GeV}$
FCNC tgc	3,036,000,000	2,320,000,000
FCNC tgu	7,710,000,000	5,560,000,000
Single Top	10,223,000,000	7,934,000,000
$t\bar{t}$	39,517,000,000	30,617,000,000
$W + jets$	28,709,000,000	23,588,000,000
$Z/\gamma^* + jets$	2,591,000,000	1,031,000,000

General analysis scheme in 4 steps:

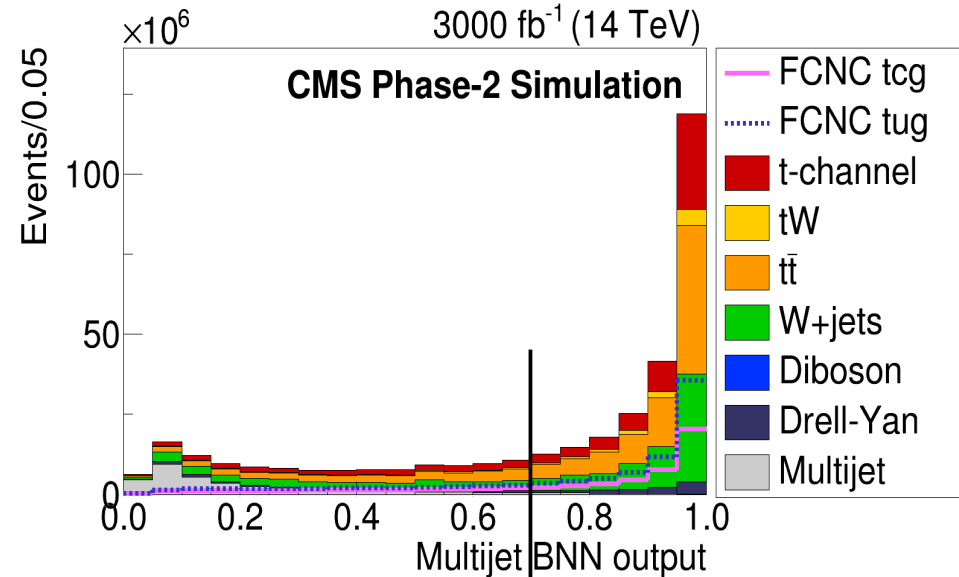
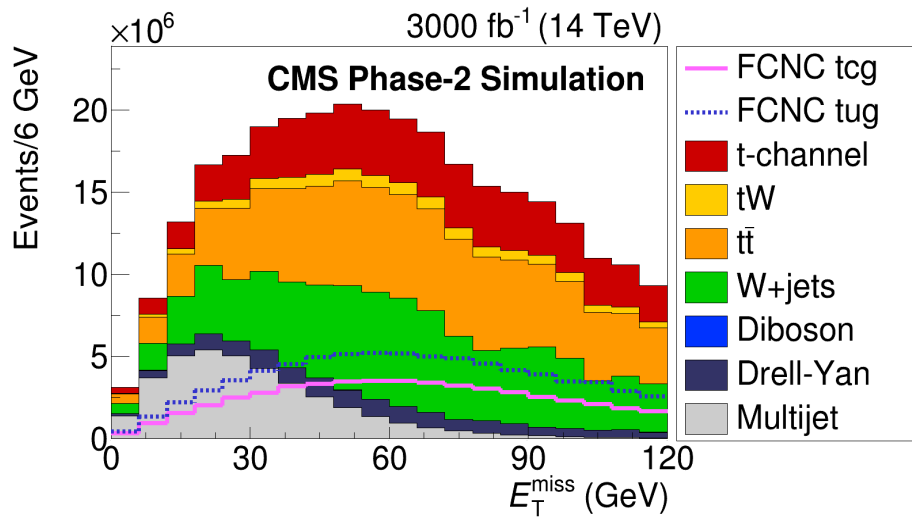
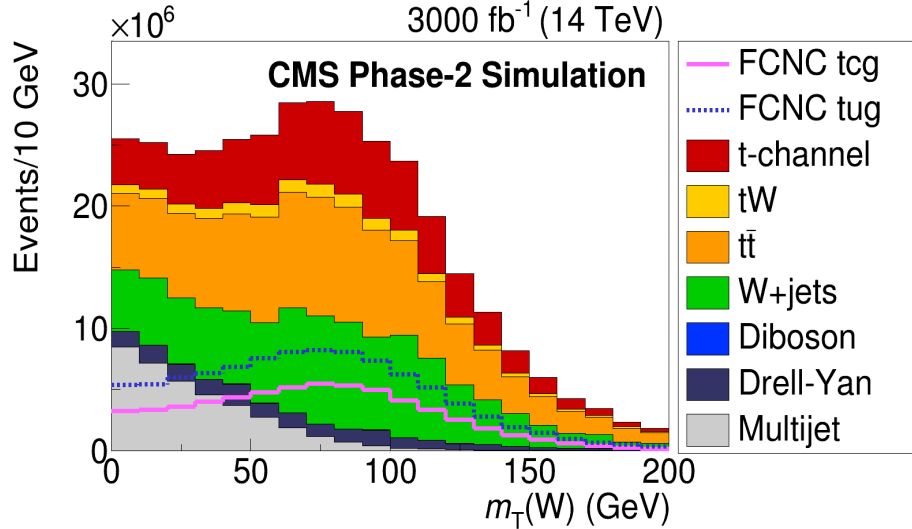
- 1) Basic event selection. The QCD background use modified event selection.
- 2) QCD background rejection using a specialized Bayesian Neural Network (BNN).
- 3) Training BNNs or Deep Learning Neural Networks (DNN) to extract the signal.
- 4) Statistical analysis via Theta package: fitting the BNN/DNN discriminant distributions with prior systematic uncertainty to estimate upper limits to FCNC couplings.



Description of the previous analysis could be found in [CMS-PAS-FTR-18-004](#) (HL-LHC),
CMS 7&8 TeV analysis JHEP 1702 (2017) 028

QCD BNN input variables:

- $M_t(W)$
- $P_t(\text{Lep})$
- $D_{\phi}(\text{Lep}, \text{Nu})$
- MET



A cut **QCD BNN > 0.7**
 is applied to suppress Multijet background

Expected event yields at HL-LHC

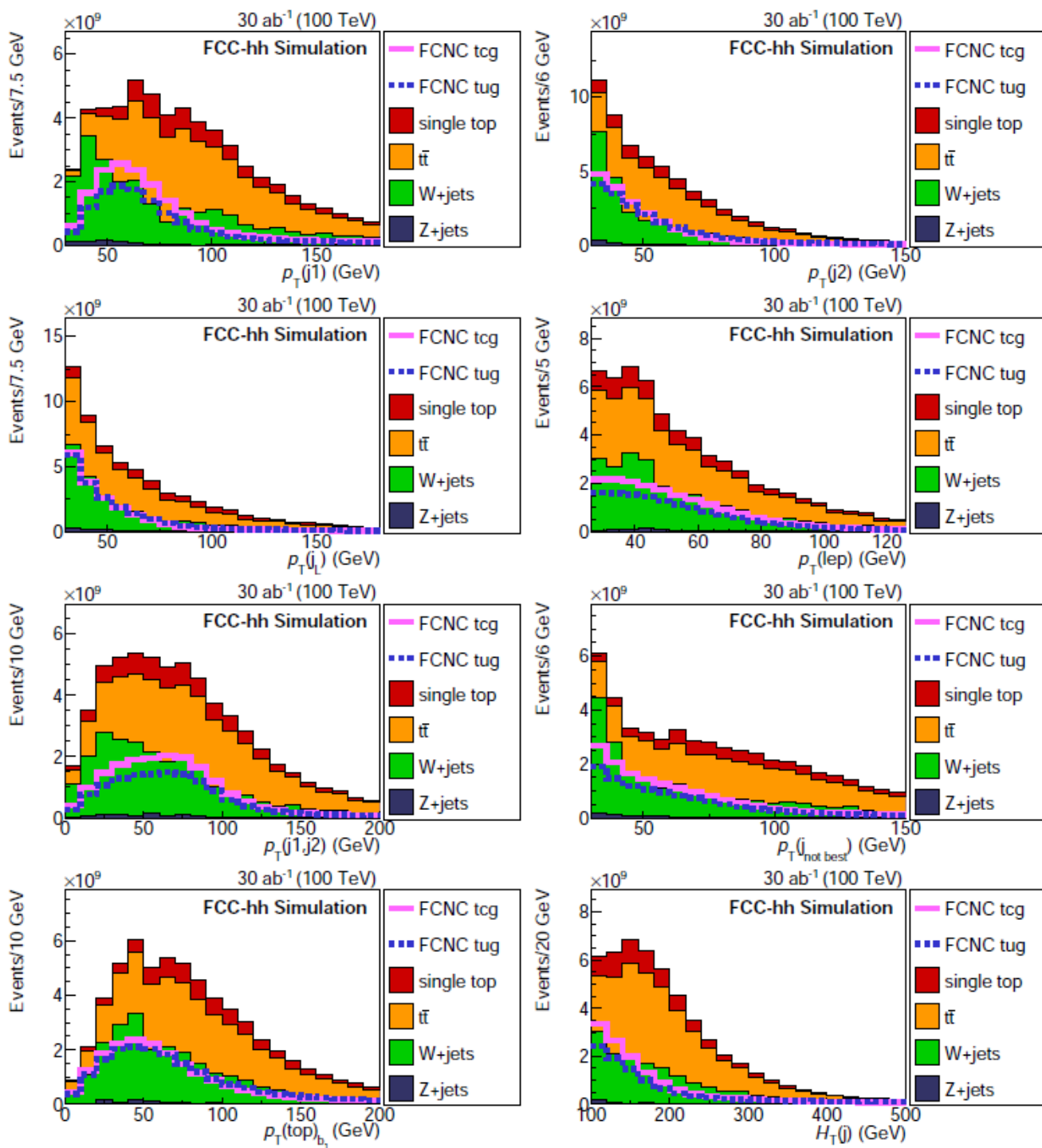
Process	Basic selections	Multijet BNN > 0.7
FCNC tcg	646,000	434,000
FCNC tug	2,190,000	1,510,000
t channel	7,420,000	5,270,000
tW channel	1,190,000	846,000
$t\bar{t}$	11,000,000	7,970,000
W+jets	9,690,000	6,380,000
Dibosons	97,500	58,000
Drell–Yan	1,600,000	870,000
Multijets	3,680,000	226,000

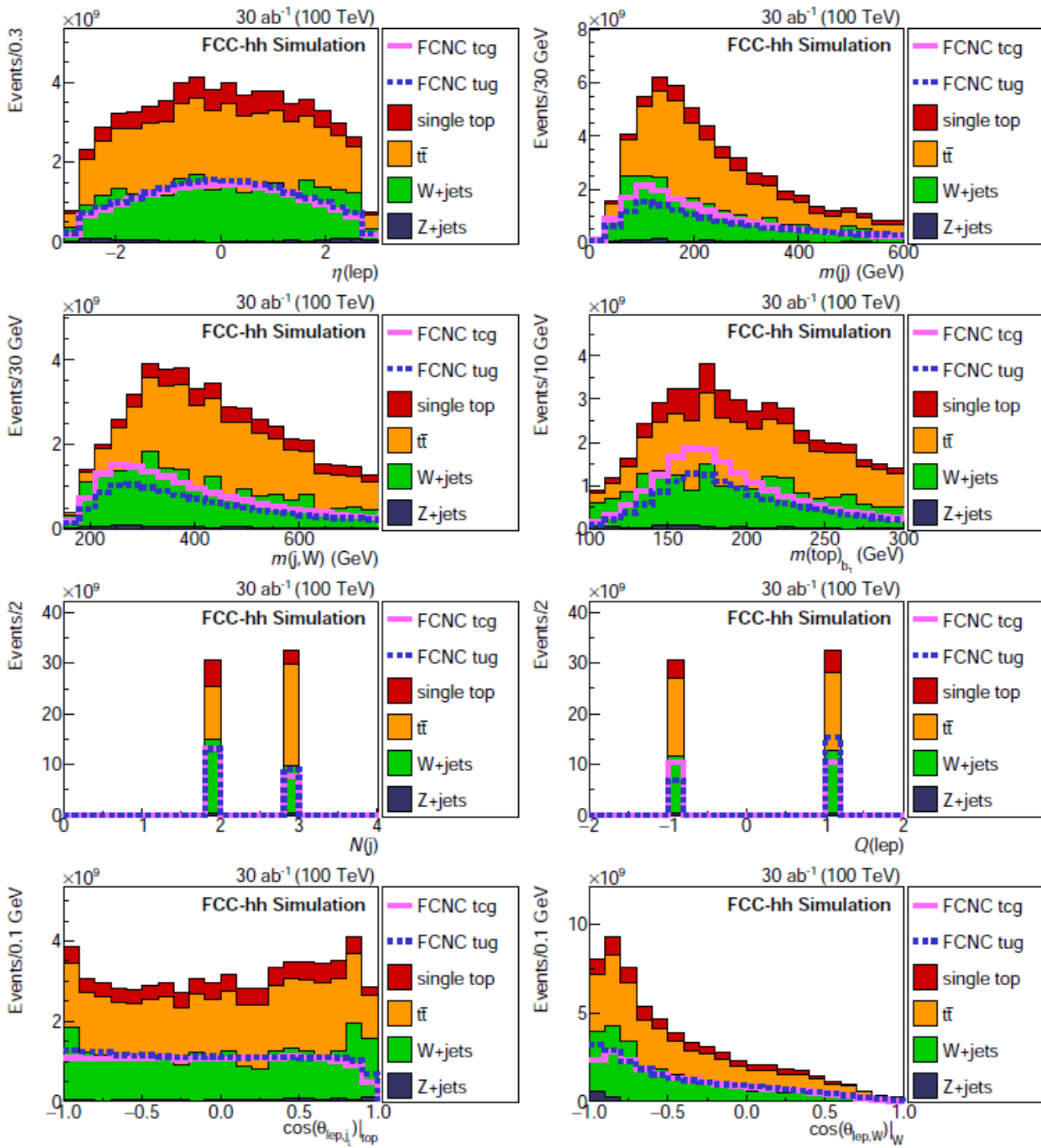
[CMS-PAS-FTR-18-004]

$$|\kappa_{tug}|/\Lambda = 0.03 \text{ and } |\kappa_{tcg}|/\Lambda = 0.03 \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

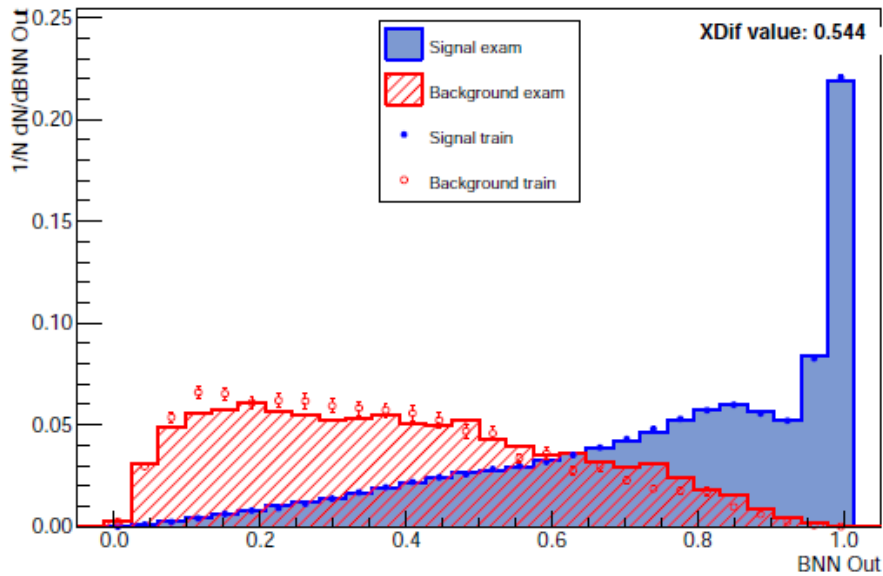
Input Vars. For Bayesian Neural Networks ⁸

Variable	Description	tug FCNC BNN	tcg FCNC BNN
$P_T(j_1)$	P_T of the leading jet	X	X
$P_T(j_2)$	P_T of the leading jet	X	X
$P_T(j_1, j_2)$	vector sum of the P_T of the leading and the next-to-leading jet	X	X
$P_T(j_L)$	P_T of the light-flavour jet (untagged jet with the highest value of $ \eta $)	X	X
$P_T(j_{not\ best})$	P_T of the all jets without one, best to reconstruct the top quark	X	X
$P_T(lep)$	P_T of the lepton	X	X
$P_T(top)_{b_1}$	P_T of the top quark reconstructed with leading c jet (the b-tagged jet with the highest P_T)	X	X
$H_T(j)$	scalar sum of the P_T of the all jets	X	X
$\eta(lep)$	η of the lepton	X	X
$\eta(j_L)$	η of the light-flavour jet	X	X
$m(j)$	the invariant mass of the all jets	X	X
$m(j, W)$	the invariant mass of the W boson and all jets	X	X
$m(top)_{b_1}$	the invariant mass of the top quark reconstructed with leading c jet	X	X
$N(j)$	the number of the selected jets	X	X
$\cos(\theta_{lep, j_L}) _{top}$	the cosine of the angle between the lepton and the light-flavour jet in the top quark rest frame, for top quark reconstructed with the leading c jet [36]	X	X
$\cos(\theta_{lep, W}) _W$	the cosine of the angle between the lepton momentum in the W boson rest frame and the direction of the W boson boost vector [37]	X	X
$Q(lep)$	charge of the lepton	X	

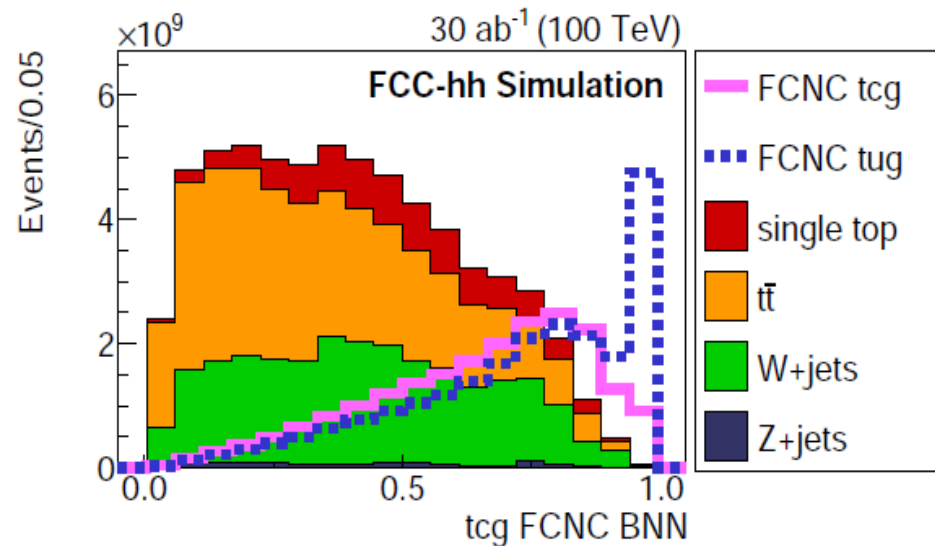
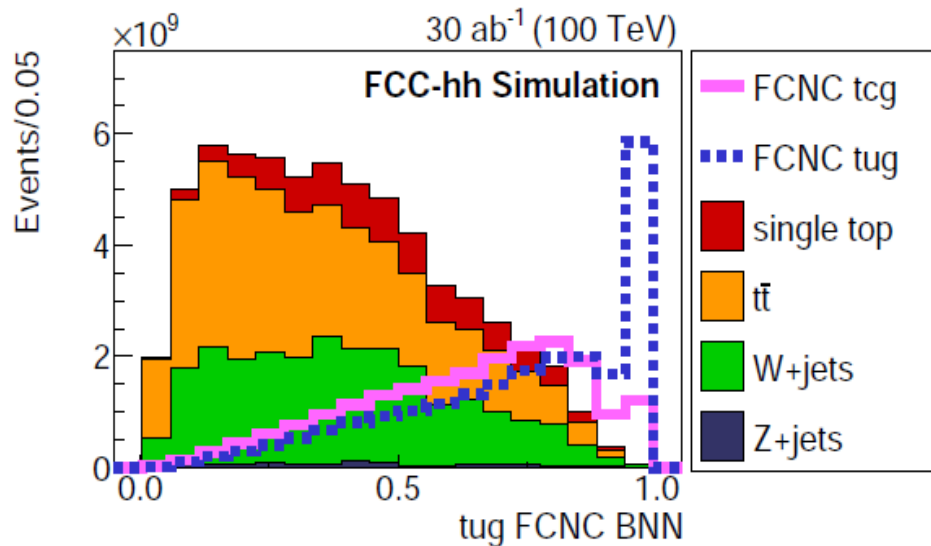
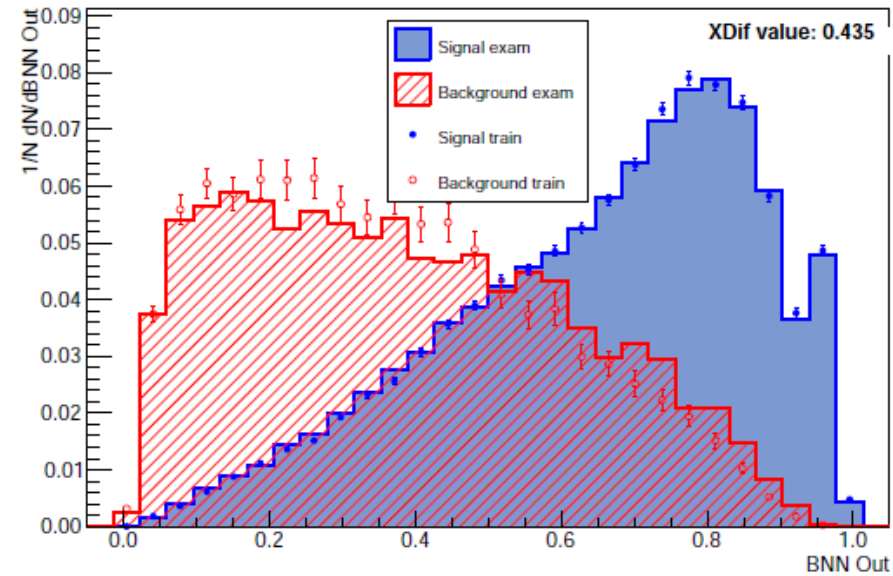




Distributions of training and testing events for FCNC tug BNN



Distributions of training and testing events for FCNC tcg BNN



The Bayesian inference is used to derive posterior probability using the **Theta** package.

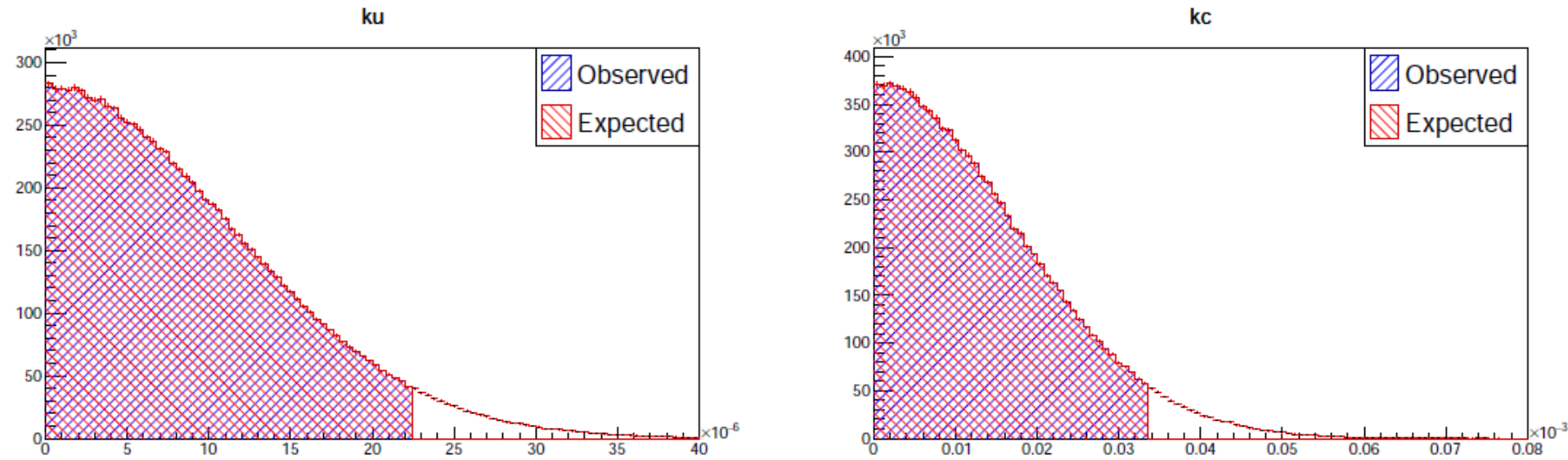
$$p(\vec{\mu}_s|d) = \int p(d|\vec{\mu}_s, \vec{\mu}_b, \vec{\theta}) \frac{\pi(\vec{\mu}_s)\pi(\vec{\mu}_b)\pi(\vec{\theta})}{\pi(d)} d\vec{\mu}_b d\vec{\theta}$$

Sources of systematic uncertainties:

- Single and pair top quark production cross section (prior 15%)
- W + jets (prior 50%)
- Z + jets (prior 30%)
- Additional general Gaussian blur 15% to simulate experimental uncertainties
- Finite MC statistics via Barlow-Beeston method

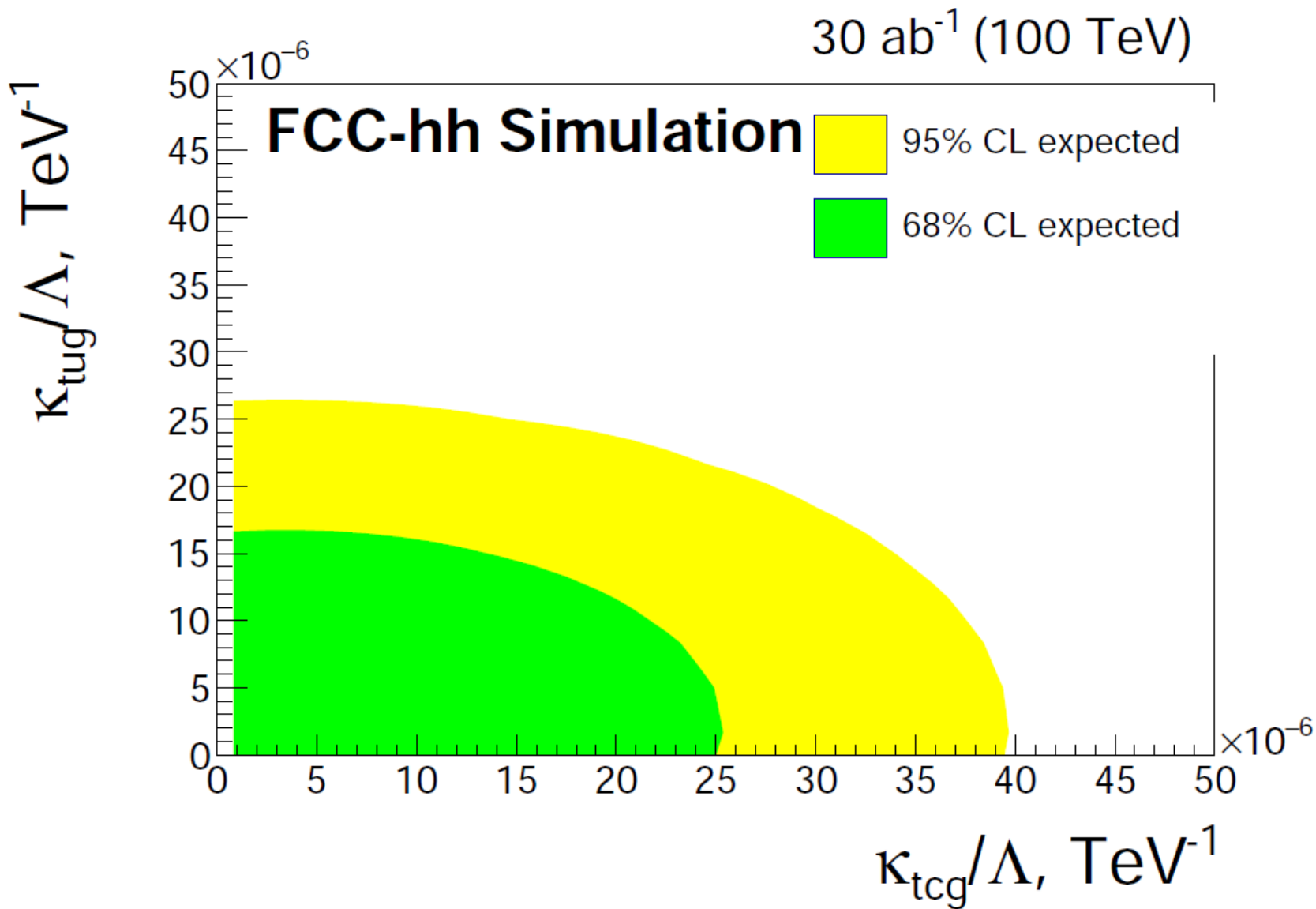
Three fitting scenarios:

- 1) 1D tug FCNC
- 2) 1D tcg FCNC
- 3) 2D tug and tcg FCNC couplings



$$\kappa_{tgu}/\Lambda < 2.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ TeV}^{-1}, \kappa_{tgc}/\Lambda < 3.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow gu) < 5.8 \cdot 10^{-10}, \text{Br}(t \rightarrow gc) < 1.3 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

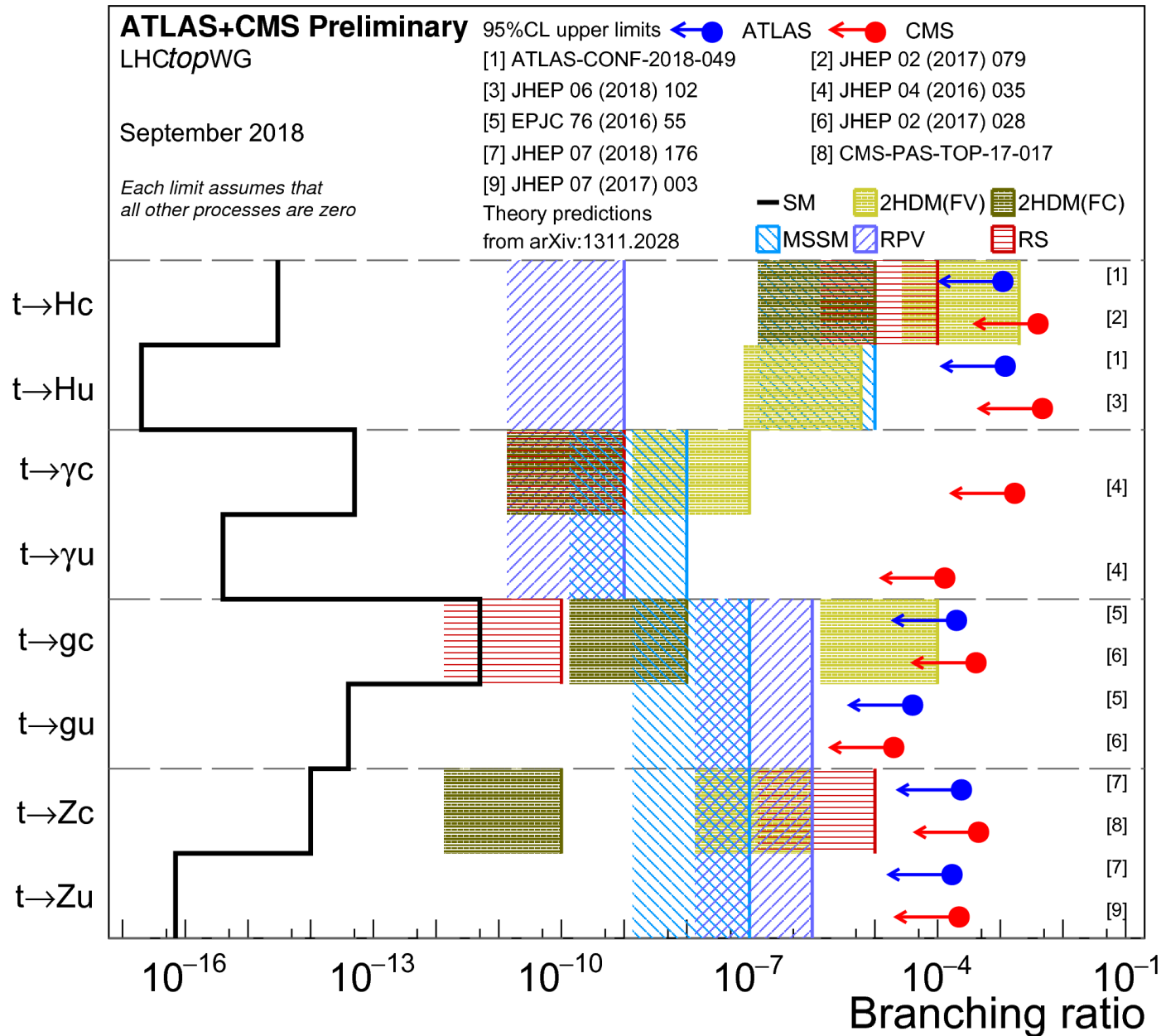


Simple extrapolation to compare

$$\frac{|\kappa_{100 \text{ TeV}}^{\text{exp}}|}{\Lambda} = \frac{|\kappa_{14 \text{ TeV}}^{\text{obs}}|}{\Lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\mathcal{L}_{14 \text{ TeV}}}{\mathcal{L}_{100 \text{ TeV}}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{14 \text{ TeV}}}{\sigma_{100 \text{ TeV}}}}$$

$ \kappa_{tgu}^{8 \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ exp}} /\Lambda$	$\frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ obs}} }{\Lambda} / \frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ exp}} }{\Lambda}$
4.1×10^{-3}	2.2×10^{-5}	2.0×10^{-5}	0.91
$ \kappa_{tgu}^{14 \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ exp}} /\Lambda$	$\frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ obs}} }{\Lambda} / \frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{100 \text{ exp}} }{\Lambda}$
1.8×10^{-3}	2.2×10^{-5}	1.4×10^{-4}	0.16
$ \kappa_{tgu}^{8 \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{14 \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{14 \text{ exp}} /\Lambda$	$\frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{14 \text{ obs}} }{\Lambda} / \frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{14 \text{ exp}} }{\Lambda}$
4.1×10^{-3}	1.8×10^{-3}	2.6×10^{-4}	0.14
$ \kappa_{tgu}^{14; 3/ab \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{14; 15/ab \text{ obs}} /\Lambda$	$ \kappa_{tgu}^{14; 15/ab \text{ exp}} /\Lambda$	$\frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{14; 15/ab \text{ obs}} }{\Lambda} / \frac{ \kappa_{tgu}^{14; 15/ab \text{ exp}} }{\Lambda}$
1.8×10^{-3}	1.1×10^{-3}	0.8×10^{-3}	0.73

Present top quark FCNC upper limits



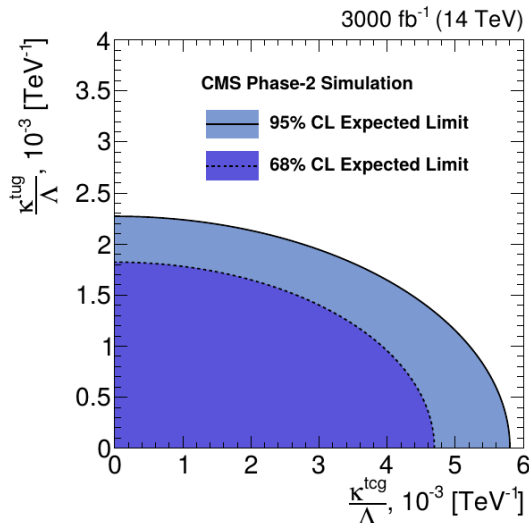
14 TeV expected 95% CL upper limits:

$$\kappa^u / \Lambda < 1.8 * 10^{-3} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\kappa^c / \Lambda < 5.2 * 10^{-3} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow ug) < 3.8 * 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow cg) < 3.2 * 10^{-5}$$



$$\sqrt{s} = 27 \text{ TeV}, L = 15 \text{ ab}^{-1}:$$

$$|\kappa_{tug}| / \Lambda < 5.3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ TeV}^{-1}, |\kappa_{tcg}| / \Lambda < 7.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$B(t \rightarrow ug) < 3.3 \times 10^{-7}, B(t \rightarrow cg) < 6.6 \times 10^{-7}$$

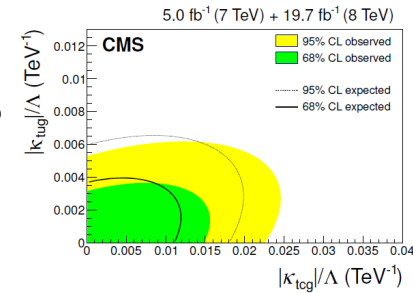
CMS combined 7+8 TeV observed (expected) 95% CL upper limits:

$$\kappa^u / \Lambda < 4.1 (4.8) * 10^{-3} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\kappa^c / \Lambda < 18.4 (15.2) * 10^{-3} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow ug) < 2.0 (2.8) * 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow cg) < 40.5 (27.6) * 10^{-5}$$



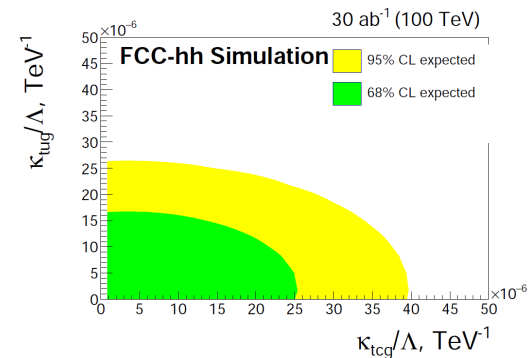
FCC-hh 100 TeV, 30 ab⁻¹ expected 95% CL upper limits:

$$\kappa^u / \Lambda < 2.2 * 10^{-5} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\kappa^c / \Lambda < 3.3 * 10^{-5} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow ug) < 5.8 * 10^{-10}$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow cg) < 1.3 * 10^{-9}$$



Back Up Slides

The Bayesian inference is used to calculate the expected upper limits on $\text{Br}(t \rightarrow cg)$ and $\text{Br}(t \rightarrow ug)$ using the **Theta** package. The posterior probabilities are obtained on Asimov data set of background-only model.

Sources of systematic uncertainties (YR18):

- Luminosity (1%)
- JES (1%)
- Lepton Id/Iso (0.5-1%)
- B-tag (1% for b-jets, 2% for c-jets and 15% for light jets)
- Renormalization and factorization scales
- Finite MC statistics via Barlow-Beeston method

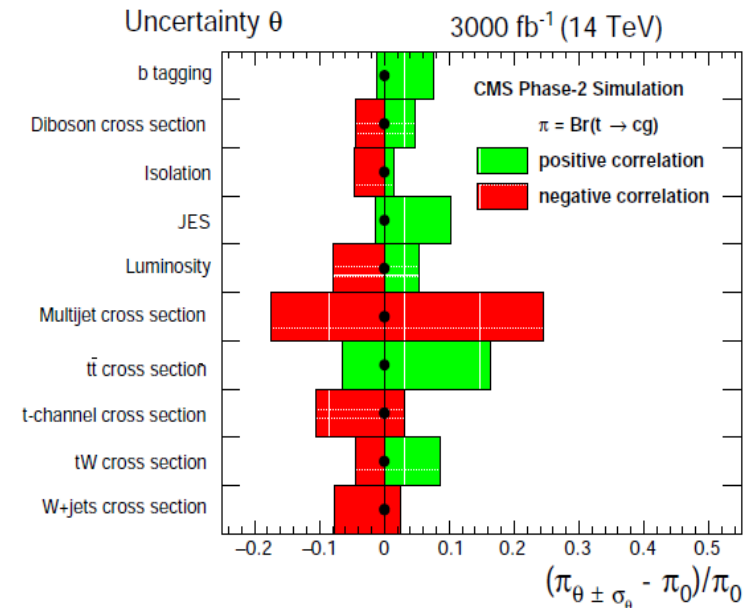
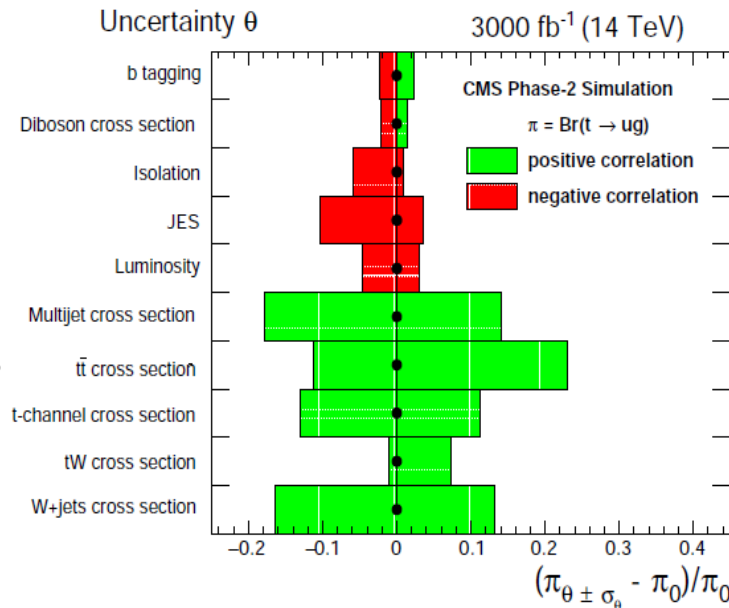
[CMS-PAS-FTR-18-004]

As prior normalization uncertainties for $t\bar{t}$ is taken 6%, for the data-driven QCD background is taken 50%, for remaining background sources, the cross section is varied through their scale uncertainties.

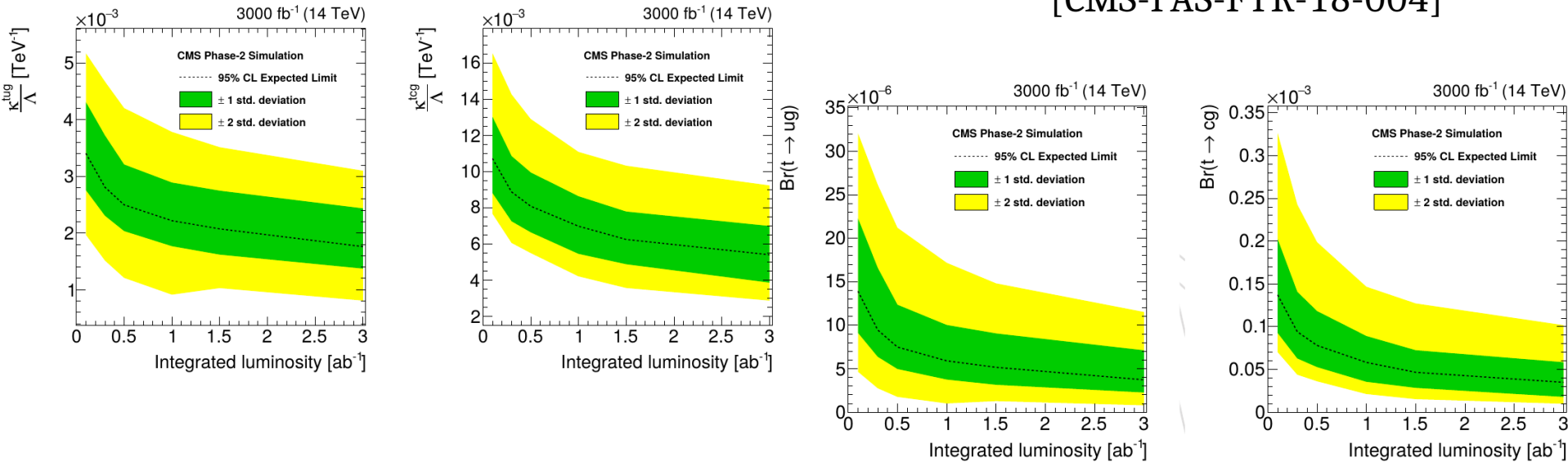
Three fitting

scenarios:

- 1) 1D tug FCNC
- 2) 1D tcg FCNC
- 3) 2D tug and tcg FCNC couplings



[CMS-PAS-FTR-18-004]



14 TeV expected 95% CL upper limits:

([couplings to branching translation](#))

Integrated luminosity	$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow ug)$	$ \kappa_{tug}^{\Delta c g} / \Lambda$	$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow cg)$	$ \kappa_{tcg}^{\Delta c g} / \Lambda$
300 fb ⁻¹	$9.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0.0029 TeV^{-1}	$99 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0.0091 TeV^{-1}
3000 fb ⁻¹	$3.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0.0018 TeV^{-1}	$32 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0.0052 TeV^{-1}
3000 fb ⁻¹ Stat. only	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0.0009 TeV^{-1}	$4.9 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0.0020 TeV^{-1}

Combined CMS 7+8 TeV observed (expected) 95% CL upper limits:

$$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow ug) < 2.0(2.8) \times 10^{-5} \quad \kappa^u / \Lambda < 4.1(4.8) \times 10^{-3} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow cg) < 40.5(27.6) \times 10^{-5} \quad \kappa^c / \Lambda < 18.4(15.2) \times 10^{-3} \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$