



# Top-quark pair production cross-section measurements with the ATLAS detector

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- The top quark is the **heaviest** known fundamental particle. Could it play a special role in **electroweak symmetry breaking**?
- The top quark has a **very short lifetime** and is the only quark that decays before forming **hadronic bound states**
- This leads to many interesting, **measurable properties** that we can test
- Understanding  $t\bar{t}$  production is crucial for many searches for rare SM processes and physics **beyond the SM**

- The LHC is a **top factory**. We can go beyond inclusive  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section measurements and measure **differential**  $t\bar{t}$  cross-sections.
- In this talk, I will focus on measurements of  $t\bar{t}$  production with **additional jets** using data collected in 2015 / 2016 at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV.
- A good description of  $t\bar{t}$  with additional jets is vital for many searches for new physics

# Top quark decay

- The  $t \rightarrow Wb$  branching ratio is close to 1
- Therefore  $t\bar{t}$  event are categorized based on how the two  $W$  bosons decay
- The  $\ell$ +jets channel was long considered the “golden channel” due to a balance of statistics and purity
- The large LHC dataset allows the  $e\mu$  channel to make the most precise cross-section measurements

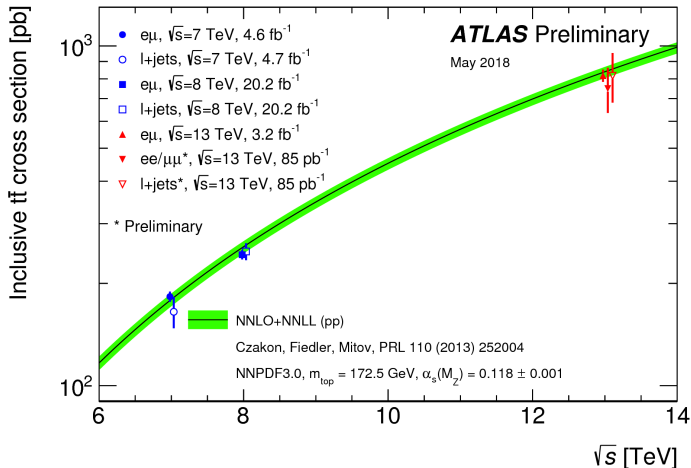
## Top Pair Decay Channels

|            |               |           |            |               |            |  |           |  |  |
|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|---------------|------------|--|-----------|--|--|
| $c\bar{s}$ | electron+jets | muon+jets | tau+jets   | all-hadronic  |            |  |           |  |  |
| $u\bar{d}$ |               |           |            |               |            |  |           |  |  |
| $\tau^-$   | $e\tau$       | $\mu\tau$ | $\tau\tau$ |               |            |  | tau+jets  |  |  |
| $\mu^-$    | $e\mu$        | $\mu\mu$  | $\tau\mu$  |               |            |  | muon+jets |  |  |
| $e^-$      | $e\mu$        | $e\mu$    | $e\tau$    | electron+jets |            |  |           |  |  |
| $W$ decay  | $e^+$         | $\mu^+$   | $\tau^+$   | $u\bar{d}$    | $c\bar{s}$ |  |           |  |  |

## The (inclusive) $t\bar{t}$ cross-section

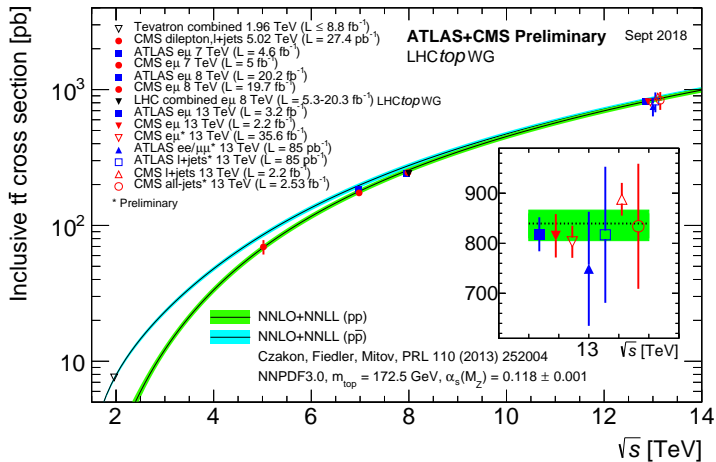
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# $t\bar{t}$ cross-section: ATLAS



ATLAS has measured the  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section at **three** center-of-mass energies,  $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8$  and 13 TeV

# $t\bar{t}$ cross-section: all



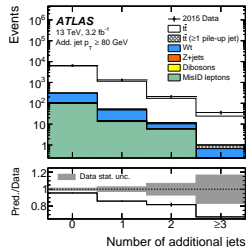
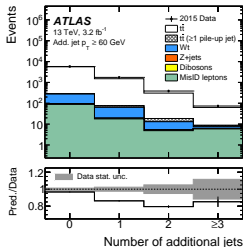
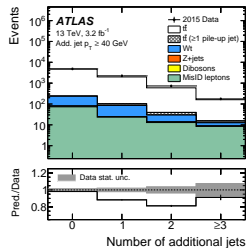
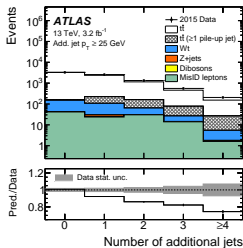
The  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section has been measured over nearly **an order of magnitude**

$t\bar{t}$  with additional jets

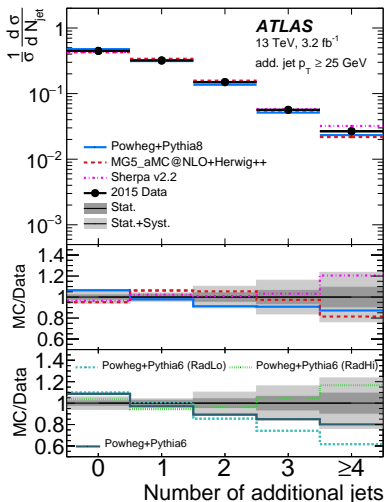
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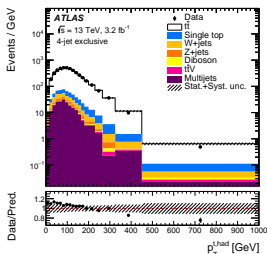
- Analysis performed using the  $e\mu$  channel, requiring two  $b$ -tagged jets (very pure sample of  $t\bar{t}$  events)
- A general trend of more additional jets in data than predicted (from POWHEG+PYTHIA6)
- Data are unfolded and compare with more predictions



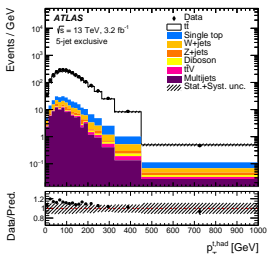
- POWHEG+PYTHIA8 (now used as the default  $t\bar{t}$  sample in ATLAS) performs slightly better than POWHEG+PYTHIA6.
- Other generators also provide a reasonable description.



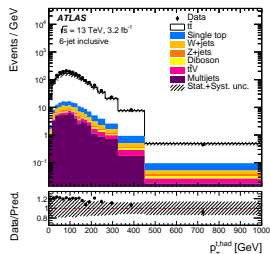
- In addition to measuring the number of jets, we can also look at properties of the top quark in events with a certain number of jets.
- Analysis in the  $\ell + \text{jets}$  channel.
- Slope in top-quark  $p_T$  with respect to prediction (POWHEG+PYTHIA6)



= 4 jets  
(+ 0 jets)

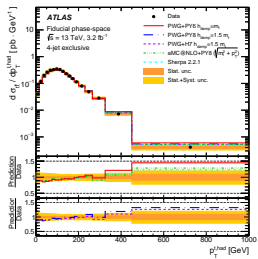


= 5 jets  
(+ 1 jets)

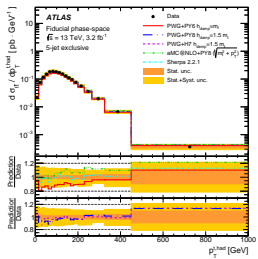


$\geq 6$  jets  
(+  $\geq 2$  jets)

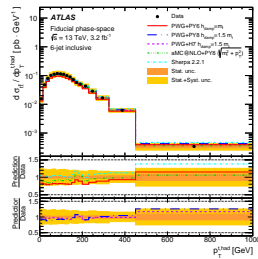
- Data are unfolded and compared to multiple predictions
- Slope most evident in  $n = 4$  jet events
- As in the  $e\mu$  channel, the POWHEG+PYTHIA8 prediction is generally better than the POWHEG+PYTHIA6 prediction



= 4 jets  
(+0 jets)



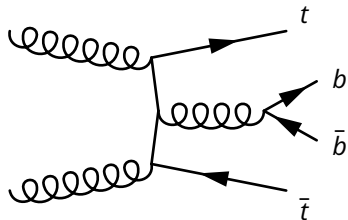
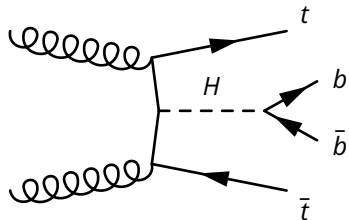
= 5 jets  
(+1 jets)



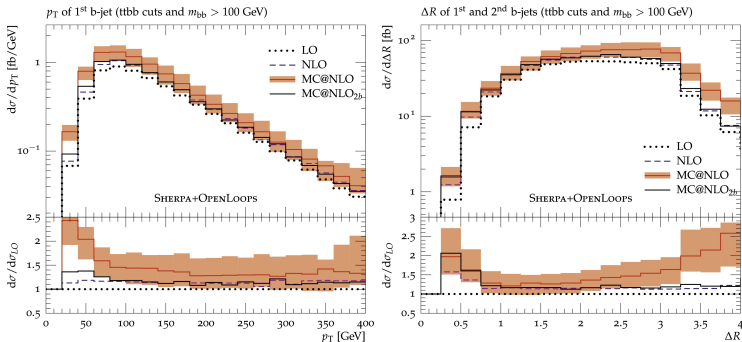
≥ 6 jets  
(+ ≥ 2 jets)

**$t\bar{t}$  with additional  $b$ -jets**

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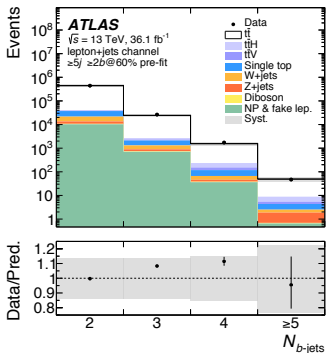
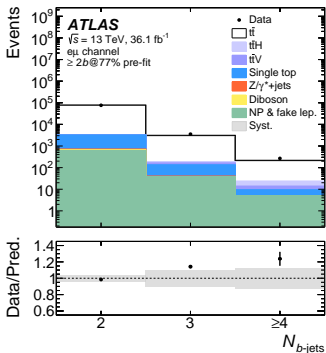


- $t\bar{t} + b\bar{b}$  is an interesting process because of  $t\bar{t}H(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  is the dominant decay of the Higgs
- However,  $t\bar{t}H(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$  measurements are limited by our knowledge of the QCD  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  background



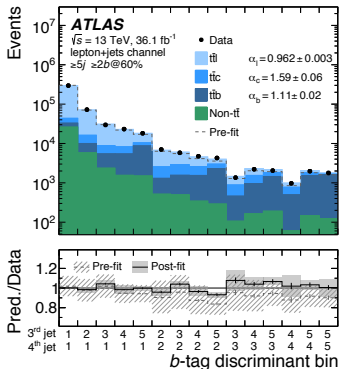
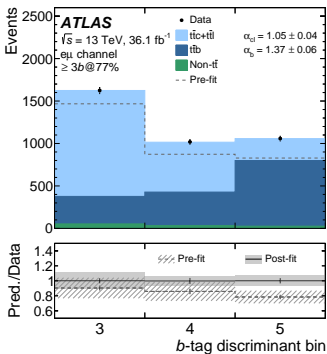
- $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  is also an interesting process to study in its own right. Four quark final state with very different scales  $m_t \gg m_b$ .
- Recent NLO QCD calculations of the  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  process show some unexpected features
- Significant contributions from double collinear  $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  splittings
- Uncertainties range from 20 to 40 % depending on the phase space

- ATLAS has now measured the  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section with additional  $b$ -jets with  $36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$  data in both the  $\ell + \text{jets}$  and  $e\mu$  channels.
- Begin by selecting an inclusive sample of  $t\bar{t}$  events

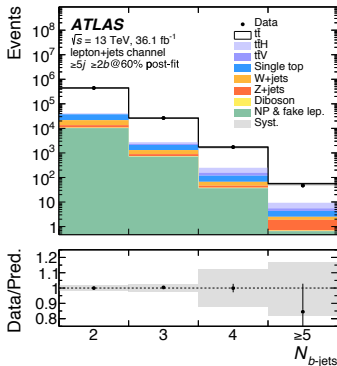
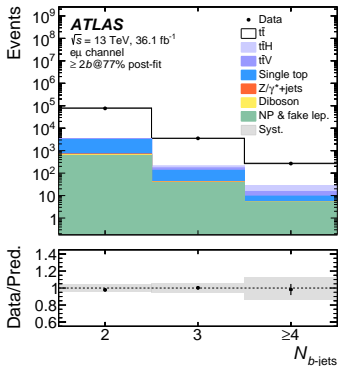


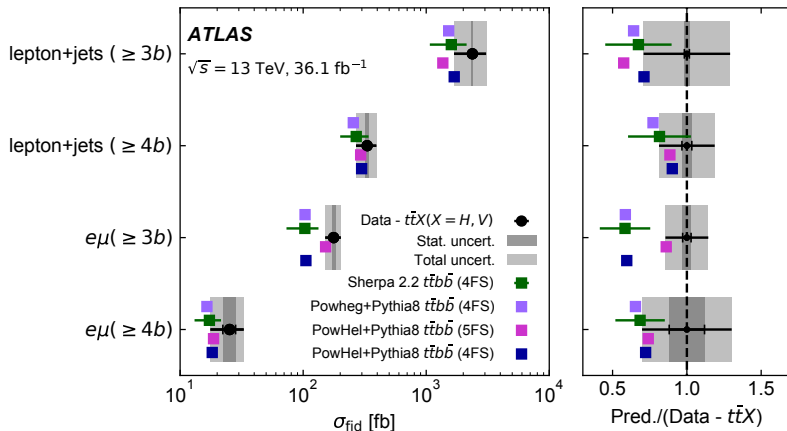


- Events are categorized based on the flavors of additional jets in the MC simulation
- A fit is then performed based on the  $b$ -tagging discriminant to correct for flavour mismodelling in the MC prediction.



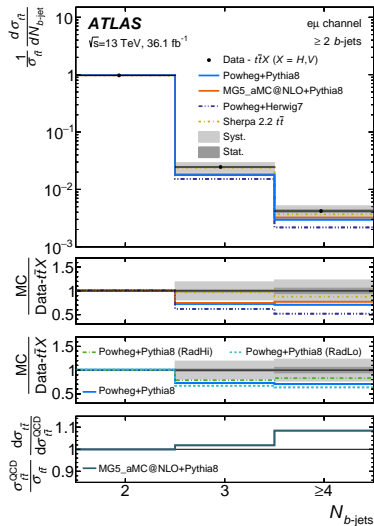
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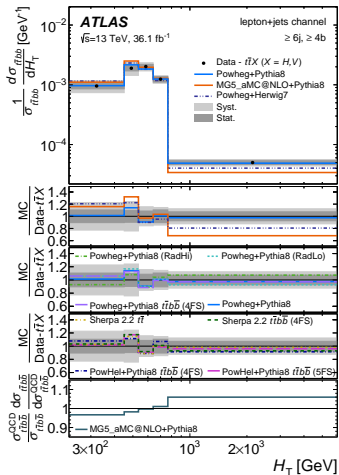
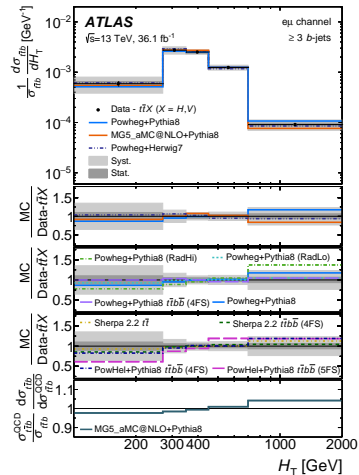




Measured cross-sections generally slightly higher than predicted

- We also present differential cross-sections.
- The variables investigated are:
  - Number of  $b$ -jets ( $e\mu$  channel)
  - $H_T, H_T^{\text{had}}$
  - $p_T$  of leading three (or four)  $b$ -jets
  - $p_T, m$  and  $\Delta R$  of the leading two  $b$ -jets
  - $p_T, m$  and  $\Delta R$  of the closest (smallest  $\Delta R$ ) two  $b$ -jets



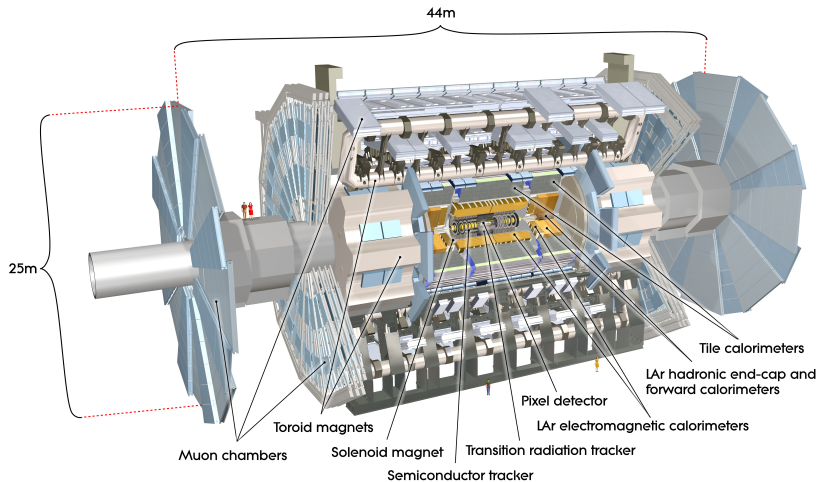


The shapes of distributions are generally well described

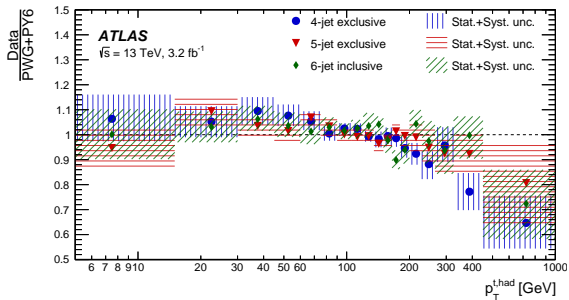
- The LHC is a **top factory**.
- We can go beyond inclusive  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section measurements and measure **differential**  $t\bar{t}$  cross-sections.
- A good description of  $t\bar{t}$  with additional jets is vital for many searches for new physics
- ATLAS has studied  $t\bar{t}$  production with additional jets, including  $b$ -jets, using data collected in 2015 and 2016.
- Another two years of data on disk, more results to come!

**Back-up**

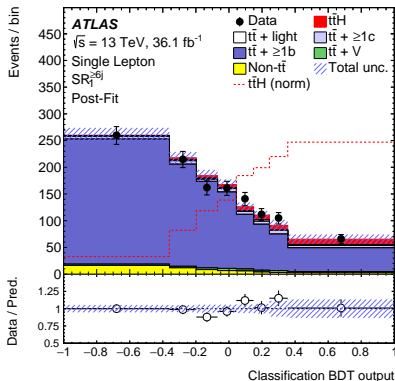
# The ATLAS detector







The ratio of unfolded data to POWHEG+PYTHIA6 in = 4, = 5 and  $\geq 6$  jet regions



- $t\bar{t}H(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$  searches dominated by QCD  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  background and its uncertainties

- $t\bar{t}$  production
- TOPQ-2015-17:  $e\mu + \text{jets}$
- TOPQ-2017-01:  $t\bar{t} (+\text{jets})$
- TOPQ-2017-12:  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$

▶ Eur. Phys. J. C77 (2017) 220

▶ JHEP 10 (2018) 159

▶ JHEP 04 (2019) 046