

# The status of the project and Polish participation in the MPD Collaboration

A.Kisiel.

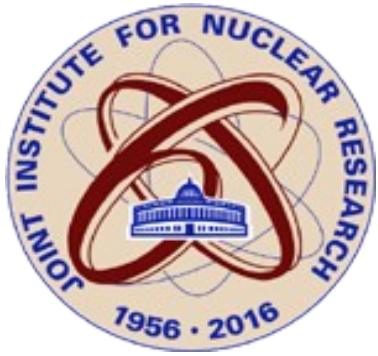
Warsaw University of Technology

(based in part on the talk of V. Kekelidze  
At CERN Detector Seminar)

NICA  


Volga  
river





# Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR) – International Intergovernmental Organization established through the Convention of March 26, 1956 by 11 founding States and registered with the United Nations on 1 February 1957



Governed by the  
Committee of Plenipotentiary  
representing governments  
of 18 countries



**Synchrophasotron –10 GeV proton synchrotron (1957) pioneering research in RNP since '70-th;**

**SC synchrotron- Nuclotron (1993) based on superconducting fast cycling magnets developed at LHE JINR**



# NICA (Nuclotron based Ion Colider fAcility)

## Main targets:

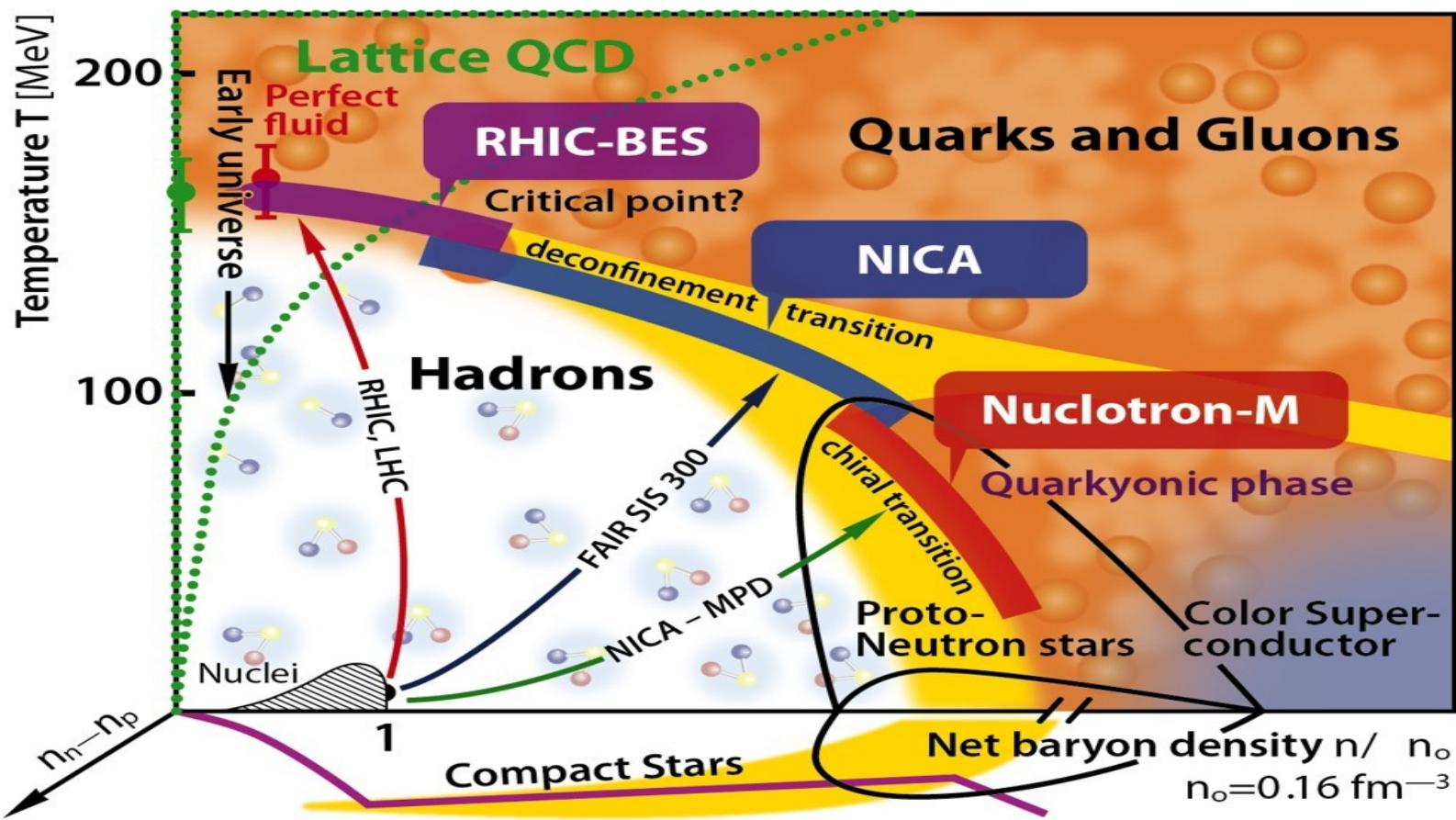
- *study of hot and dense baryonic matter*  
*at the energy range of max baryonic density*
- *investigation of nucleon spin structure, polarization phenomena*



- *development of accelerator facility for HEP @ JINR*
- *construction of Collider of relativistic ions from p to Au,  
polarized protons and deuterons*

*with max energy up to  $\sqrt{s}_{NN} = 11 \text{ GeV} (\text{Au}^{79+})$  and  $= 27 \text{ GeV} (p)$*

# NICA -dedicated QCD machine



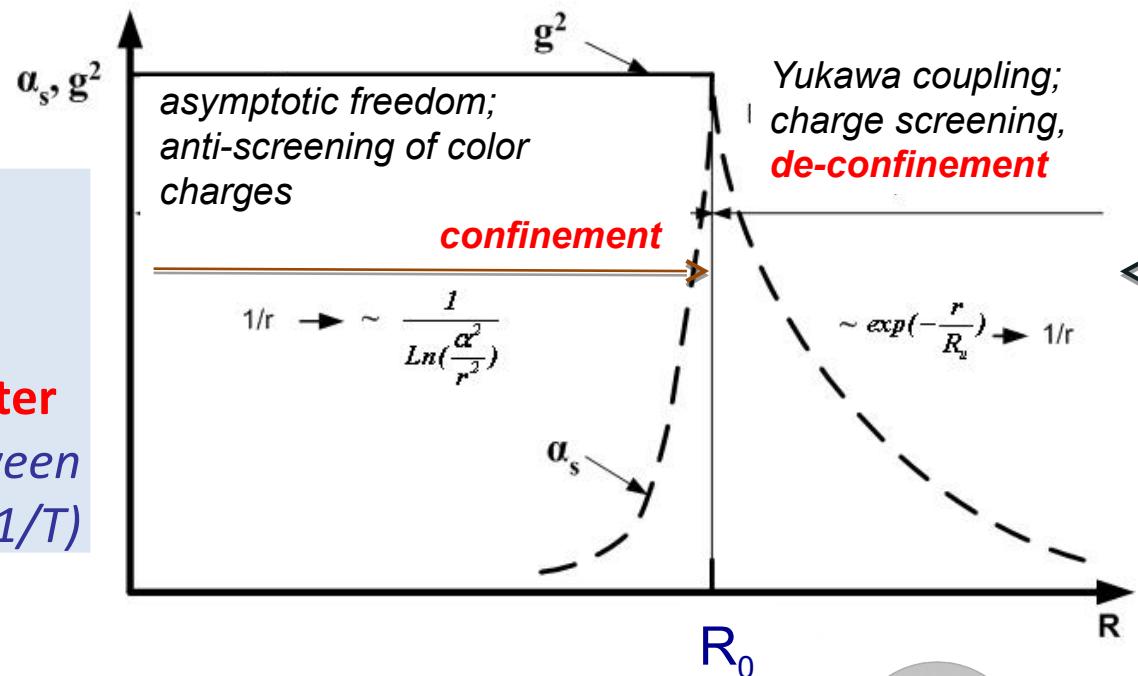
# Asymptotic freedom of quarks

The regime of “asymptotic freedom” is reached in hard scattering processes at sufficiently high energies,

however, this regime could be available already at rather low energies

in super dense nuclear matter  
(the distance between particles  $\sim 1/T$ )

D.J.Gross, H.D.Politzer, F.Wilczek



typical size  $R_0 \sim 1 \text{ fm} = 10^{-15} \text{ m}$

The super dense nuclear matter could be obtained in

heavy ion collisions

«*The only source of knowledge is experience*»

A. Einstein

## heavy ion collisions

**particle physics:** *most of discoveries in last decades have been obtained through research guided by the **Standard Model***

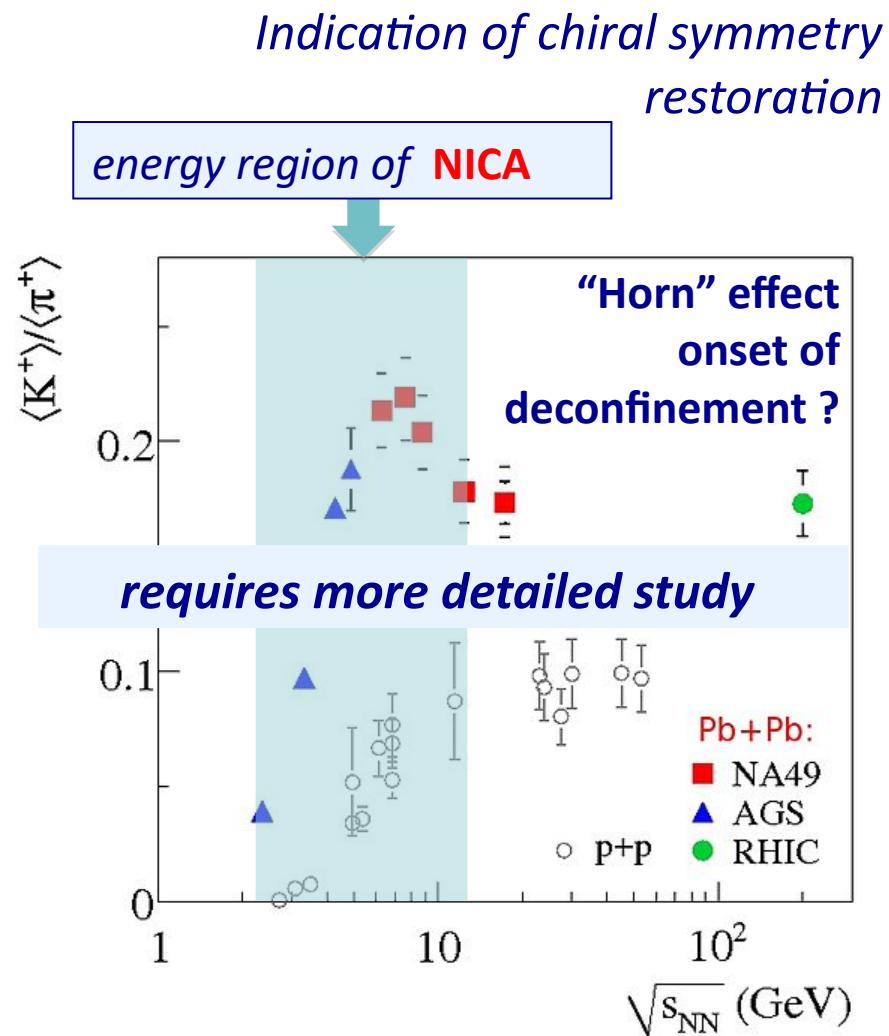
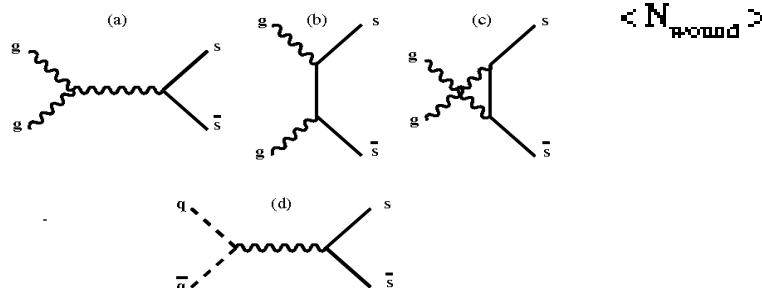
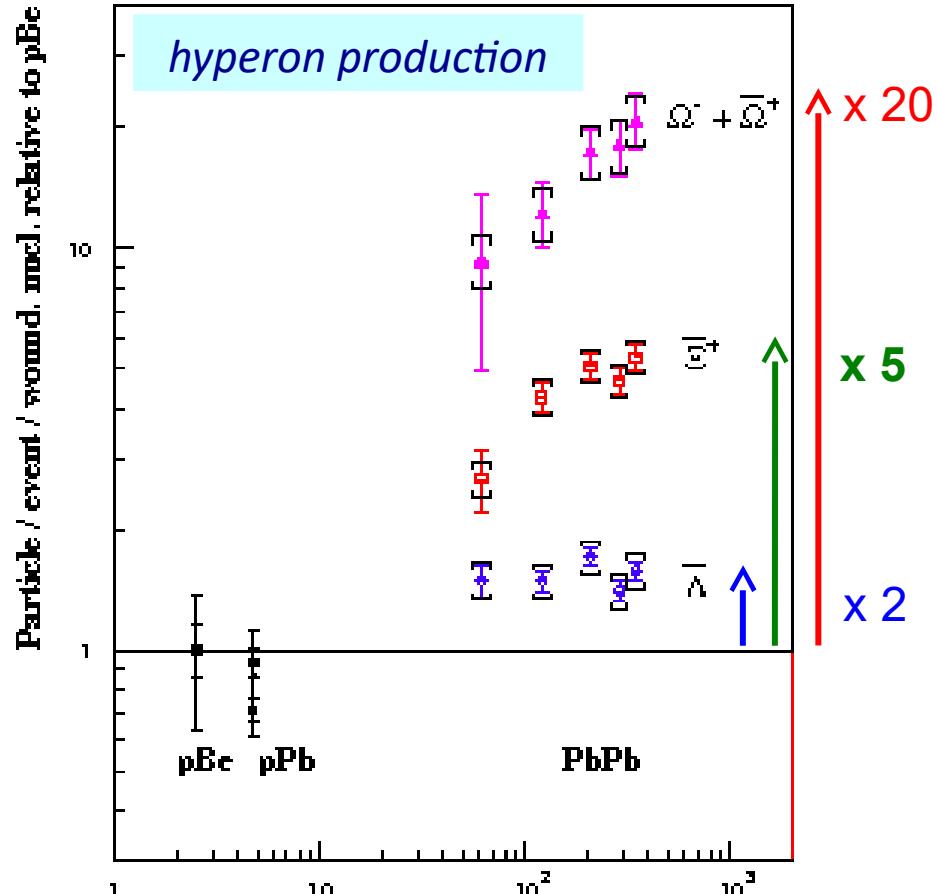
**heavy ion collisions:** *physics driven by **data***

**new data** in less explored region of QCD phase diagram  
at **high baryon density**

**are highly required** and could lead to:

- *observation / discovery of new phenomena;*
- *development of theoretical models*

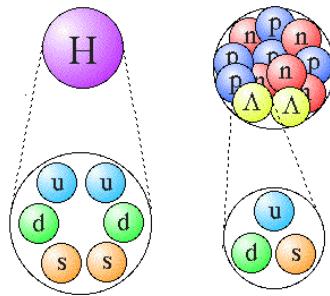
# Strangeness Enhancement: *SPS CERN, RHIC*



NA49 : *Phys. Rev. C 77, (2008)*  
STAR : *QM2011 proceedings*

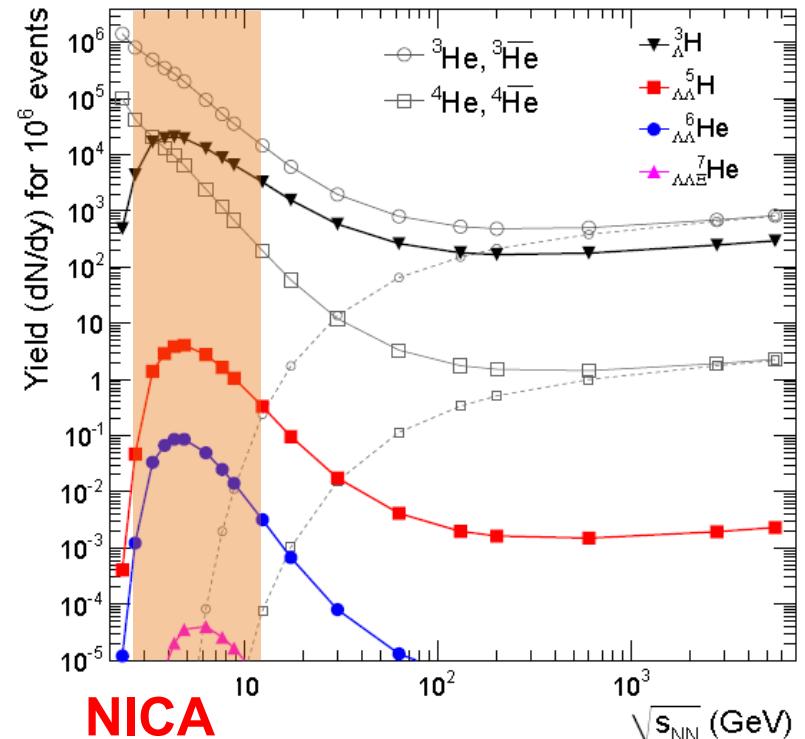
# Hypernuclei

Hypernuclei provide unique opportunity to study the strange particle-nucleus interaction in a many-body environment.



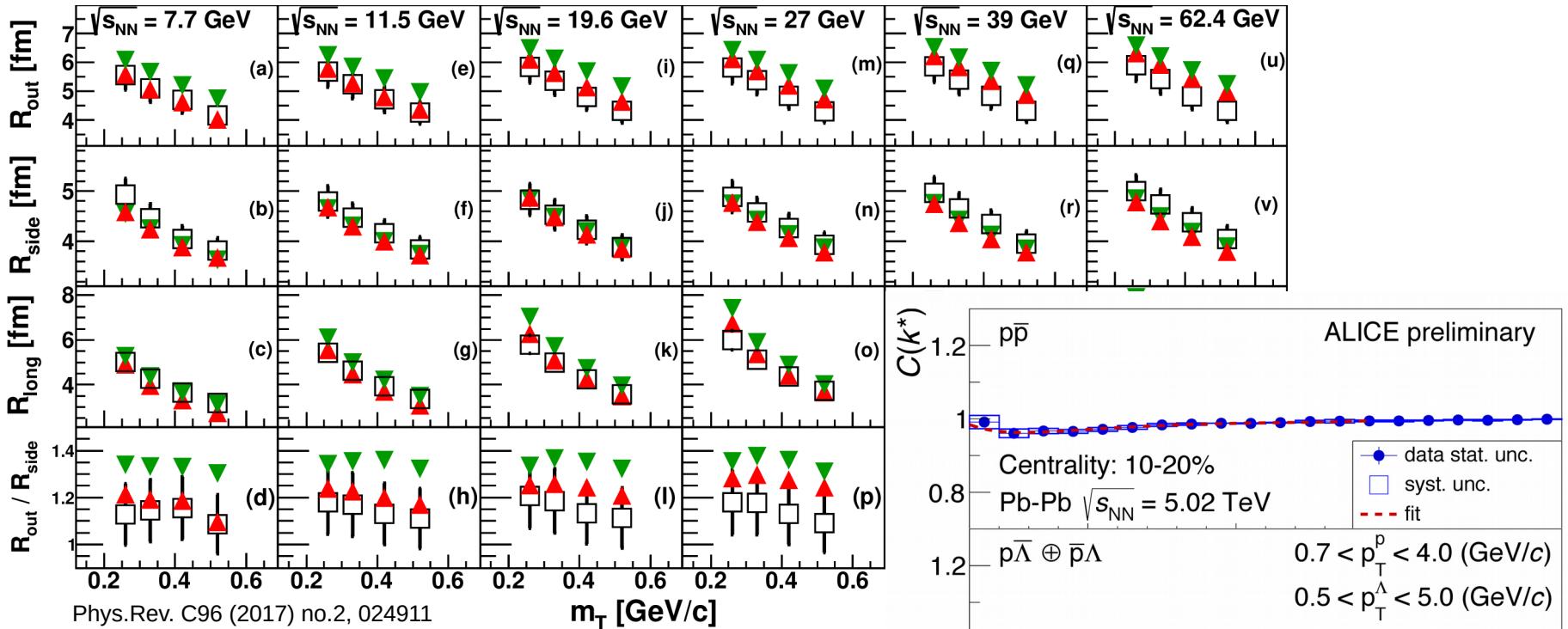
*astrophysical research indicates the appearance of hyperons in the dense core of a neutron star*

*production enhanced at high baryon densities (NICA)*



A. Andronic et al., Phys. Lett. B697 (2011) 203

# Two-particle correlations



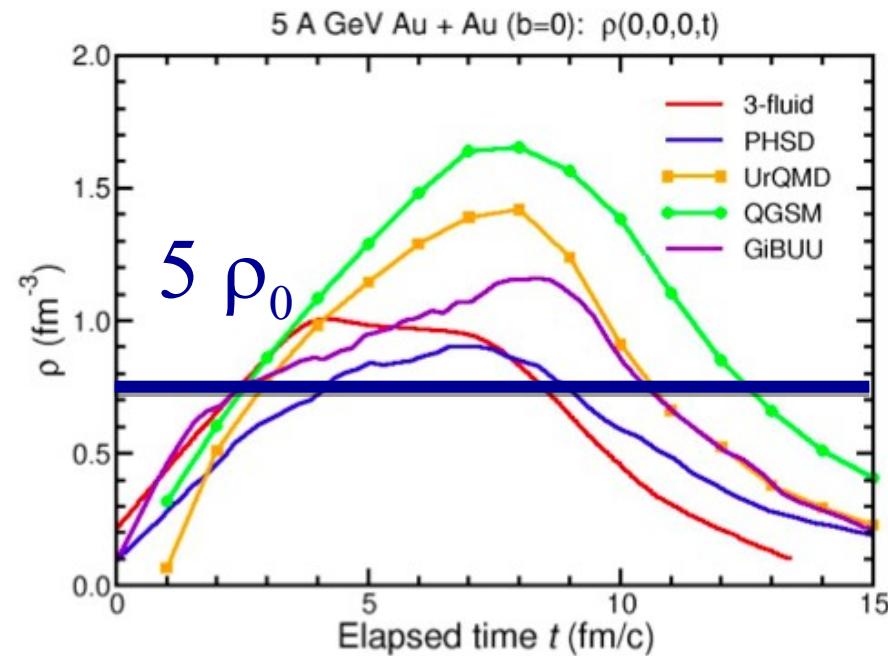
System size sensitive to the presence  
of the first order phase transition

Baryon-(anti-)baryon correlation functions  
sensitive to strong interaction potentials

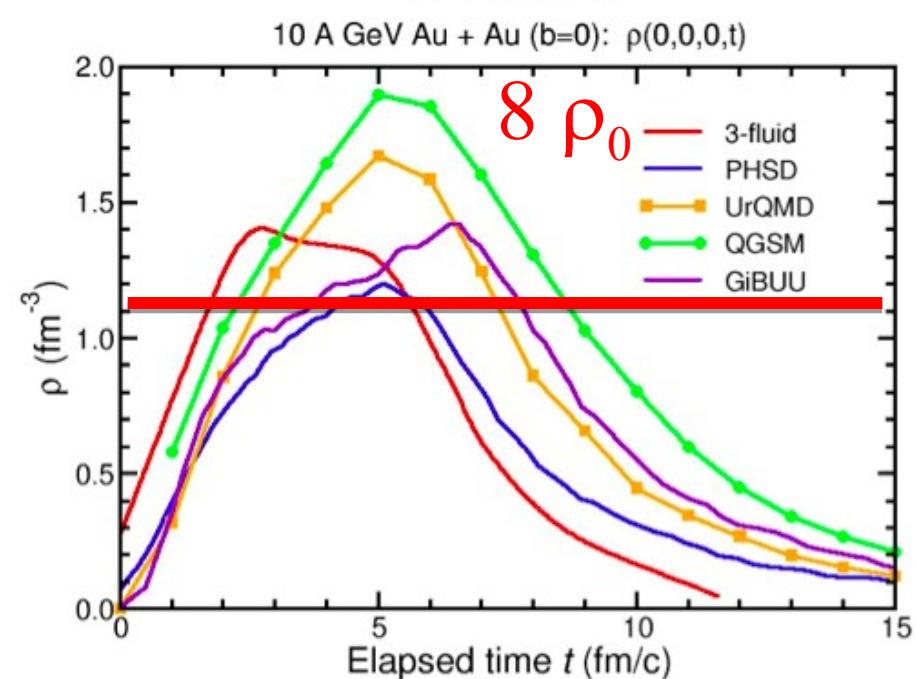
ALICE-PREL-136762

# Net Baryonic density to be reached in Au + Au collisions

FAIR SIS-100  
5 A GeV

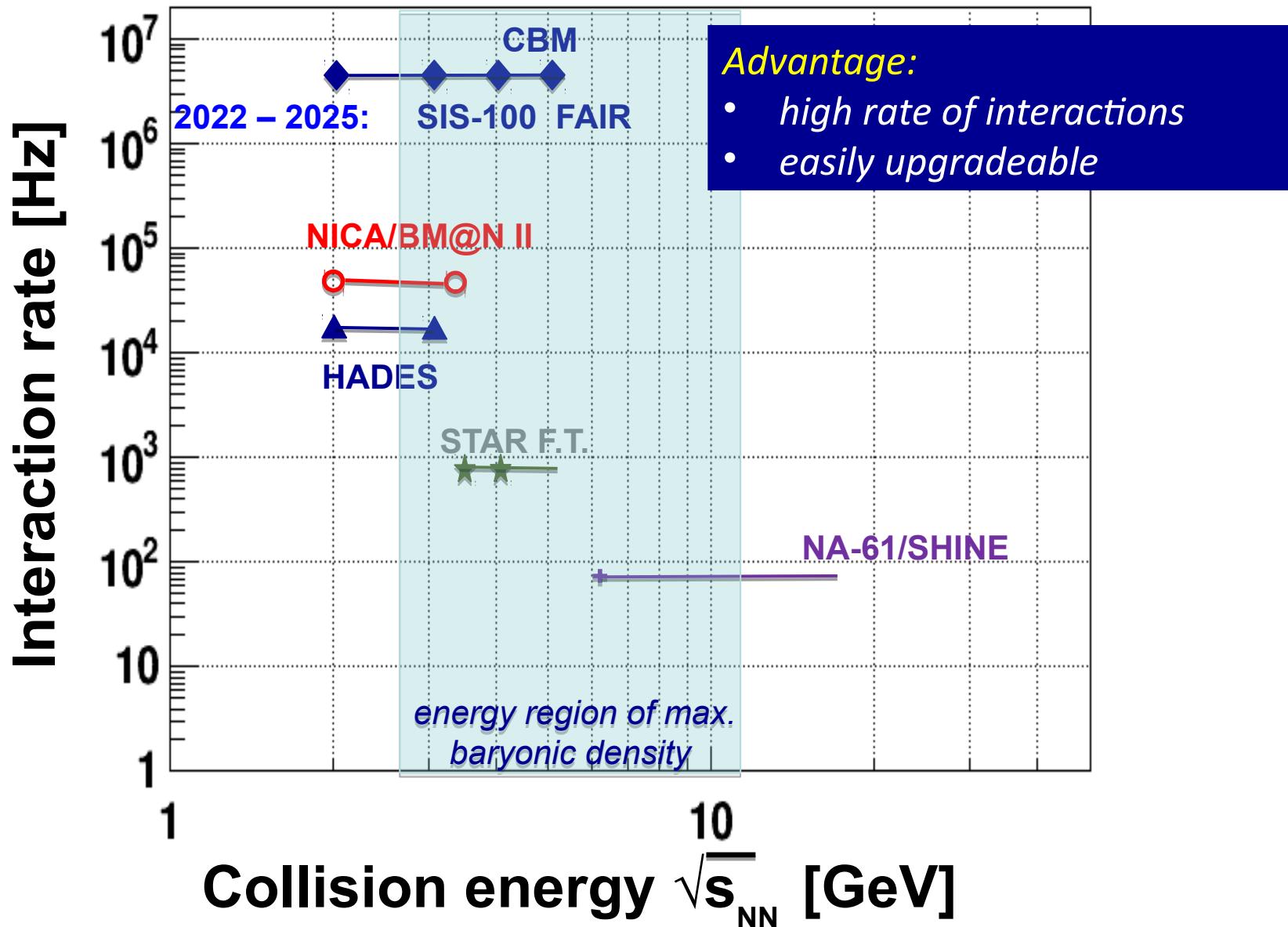


NICA  
10 A GeV

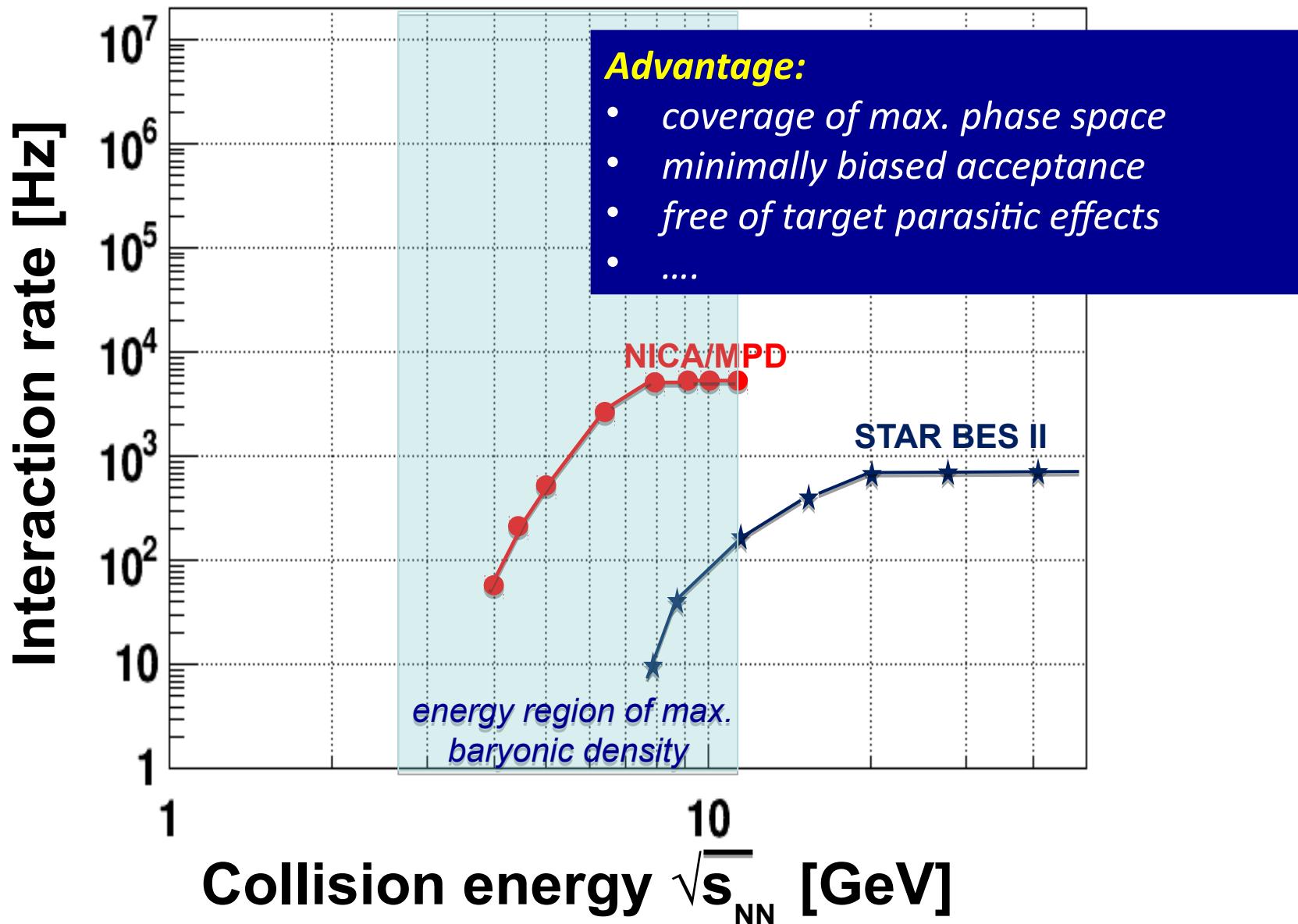


I.C. Arsene *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C75 (2007) 24902.

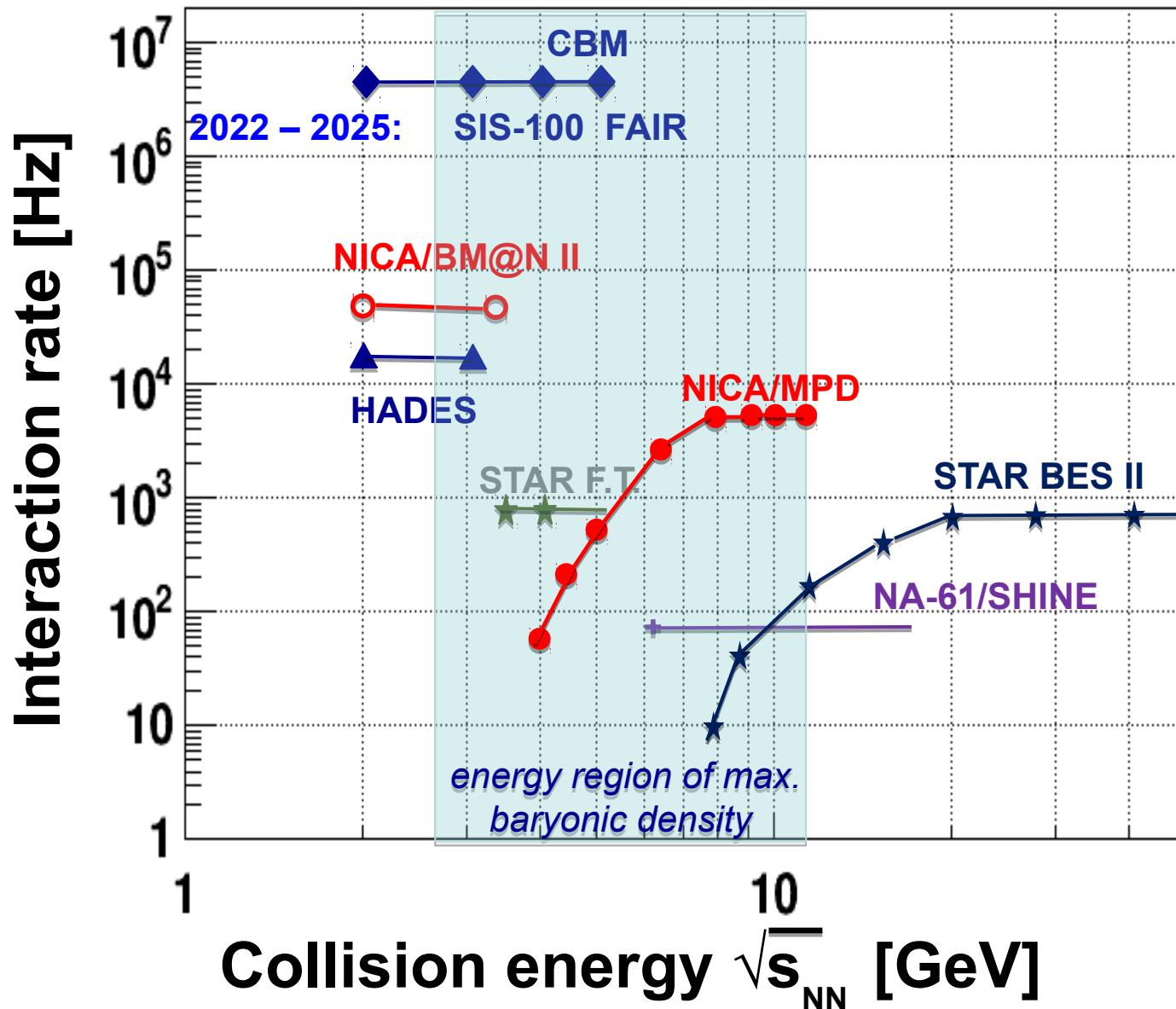
# Present and future HI F.T. experiments



# Present and future HI collider experiments



# Present and future HI experiments



# New issues: NICA White Paper, SQM proceedings



*Physics targets for the exploration of first order phase transitions in the region of the QCD phase diagram accessible to NICA & FAIR and possible observable effects of a “mixed phase” indicated in the release of the “NICA White Paper” as a Topical Issue of the EPJ A (July 2016).*

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**JOURNAL OF PHYSICS: CONFERENCE SERIES**  
The open access journal for conferences  
15th International Conference on  
Strangeness in Quark Matter  
(SQM2015)

Dubna, Russia  
6–11 July 2015

Editors: David E. Alvarez-Castillo, David Blaschke, Vladimir Kekelidze,  
Victor Matveev and Alexander Sorin

Volume 668 · 2016

jpcs.iop.org

**NICA**

**SQM DUBNA 2015**

**IOP Publishing**

The European Physical Journal  
volume 52 · number 8 · august · 2016

**EPJ A**  
Recognized by European Physical Society

Hadrons and Nuclei

Topical Issue on Exploring Strongly Interacting Matter  
at High Densities - NICA White Paper  
edited by David Blaschke, Jörg Aichelin, Elena Bratkovskaya, Volker Friese,  
Marek Gazdzicki, Jørgen Randrup, Oleg Rogachevsky, Oleg Teryaev, Viacheslav Toneev

**NICA**

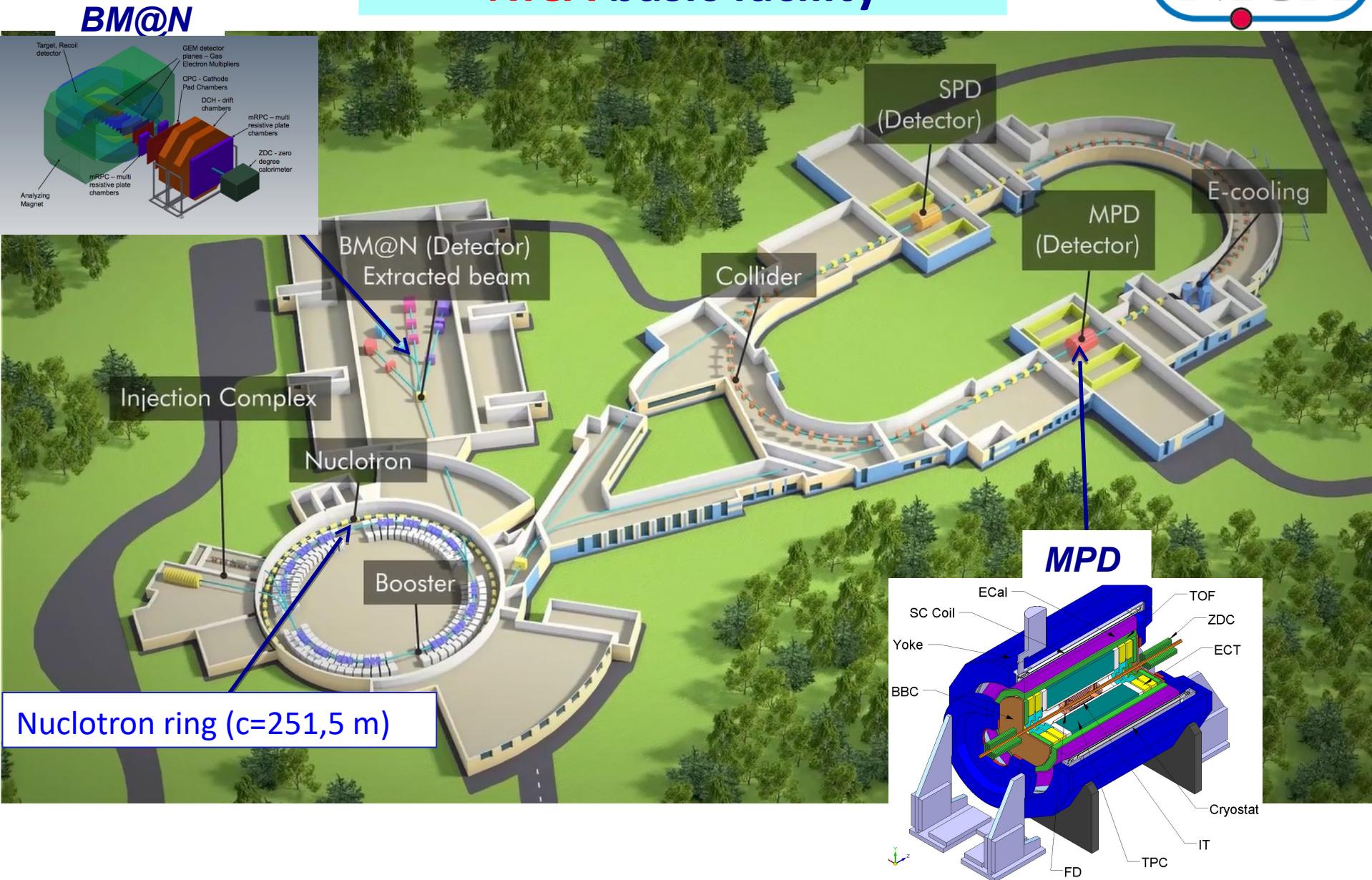
From: Three stages of the NICA accelerator complex  
by V. D. Kekelidze et al.

Società Italiana  
di Fisica

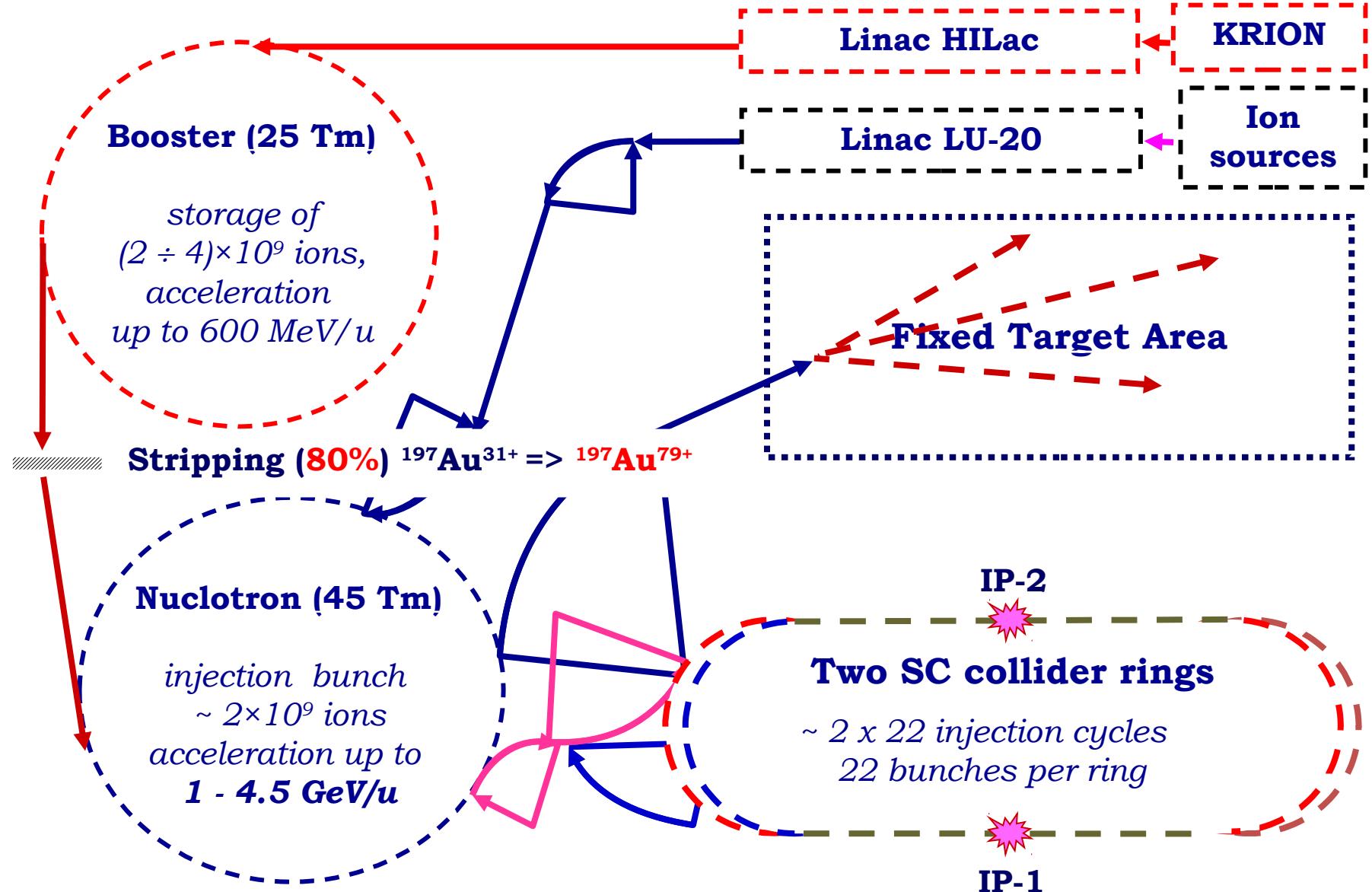
Springer

**111 contributions,  
188 authors  
from 24 countries**

# NICA basic facility



# Structure of Accelerator Complex and Operation Regimes



# Nuclotron:

*superconducting synchrotron, put in operation in 1993*

Parameters	Nuclotron
<i>type</i>	SC synchrotron
<i>particles</i>	$\uparrow p, \uparrow d$ , nuclei
<i>injection energy, MeV/u</i>	5 ( $\uparrow p, \uparrow d$ ) 570-685 ( $Au$ )
<i>max. kin. energy, GeV/u</i>	<b>12.07</b> ( $\uparrow p$ ); <b>5.62</b> ( $\uparrow d$ ) <b>4.38</b> ( $Au$ )
<i>magnetic rigidity, T m</i>	25 – 43.25
<i>circumference, m</i>	251.52
<i>cycle for collider mode, s</i>	1.5-4.2 (active); 5.0 (total)
<i>vacuum, Torr</i>	$10^{-9}$
<i>intensity, Au ions/pulse</i>	$1 \cdot 10^9$
<i>transition energy, GeV/u</i>	7.0
<i>RF range, MHz</i>	0.6 -6.9 ( p, d) 0.947 – 1.147 (nuclei)
<i>spill of slow extraction, s</i>	up to $\uparrow 10 \uparrow$

*modernized in 2010-2015*



# Linacs

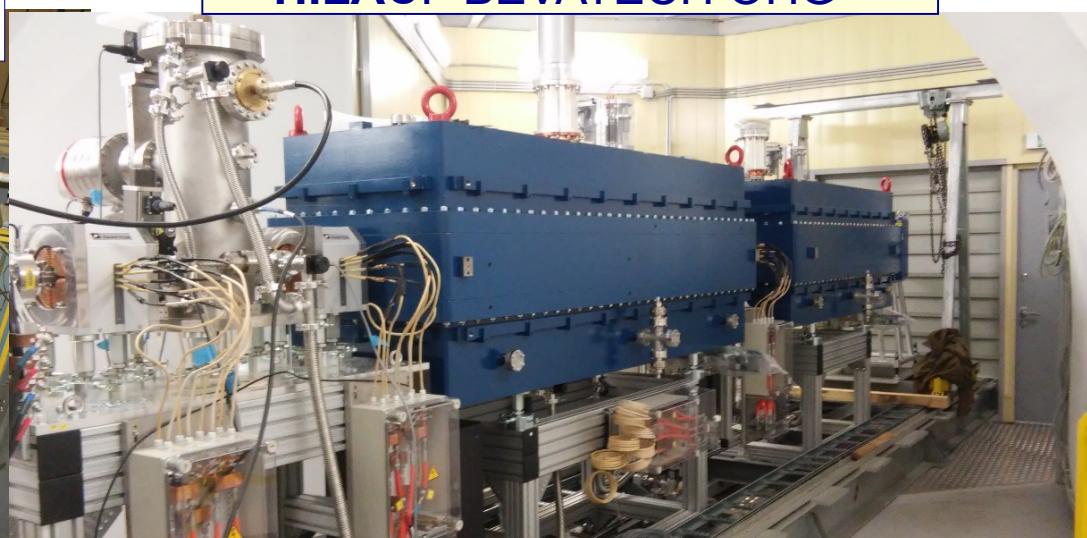
Linac	LU-20	HILAC <b>new !</b>
<i>structure (section number)</i>	RFQ + Alvarez type	RFQ + IH DTL(2)
<i>mass to charge ratio A/Z</i>	1-3	1-6
<i>injection energy, keV/amu</i>	150 for A/Z 1-3	17
<i>extraction energy, MeV/amu</i>	<b>5</b> (A/Z 1-3)	<b>3.24</b> (A/Z=6)
<i>input current, mA</i>	up to 20	up to 10

**LU-20 – new for-injector:**  
**JINR, INR, ITEP, MEPI**



*put in operation: May '16*

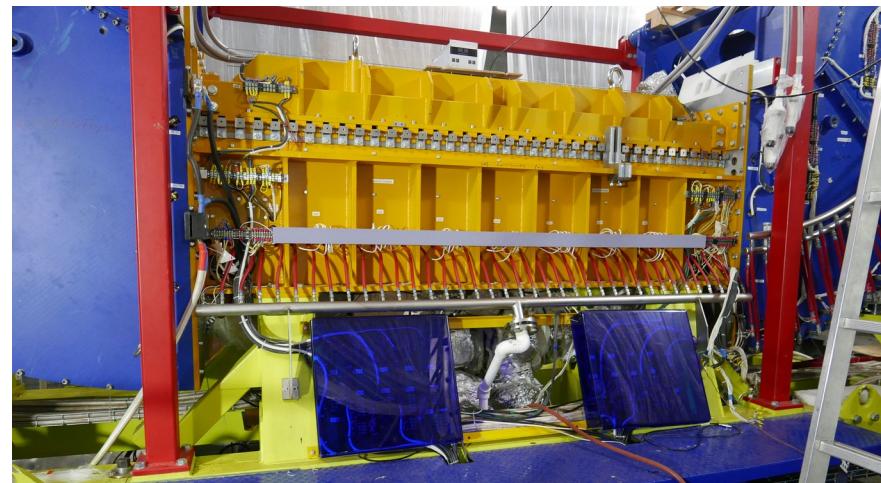
**HILAC: “BEVATECH OHG”**



*put in operation: Oct. . '16*

# Booster (*under construction*)

Parameter	Booster
<i>type</i>	SC synchrotron
<i>particles</i>	ions A/Z $\leq$ 3
<i>injection energy, MeV/u</i>	3.2
<i>maximum energy, MeV/u</i>	<b>600</b>
<i>magnetic rigidity, T m</i>	1.6 – 25.0
<i>circumference, m</i>	210.96
<i>cycle for collider mode, s</i>	4.02 (active); 5.0 (total)
<i>vacuum, Torr</i>	$10^{-11}$
<i>intensity, Au ions/pulse</i>	$1.5 \cdot 10^9$
<i>transition energy, GeV/u</i>	3.25
<i>RF range, MHz</i>	0.5 -2.53
<i>spill of slow extraction, s</i>	up to 10



*Electron Cooling System & 2 RF stations (Budker INP) - installed*

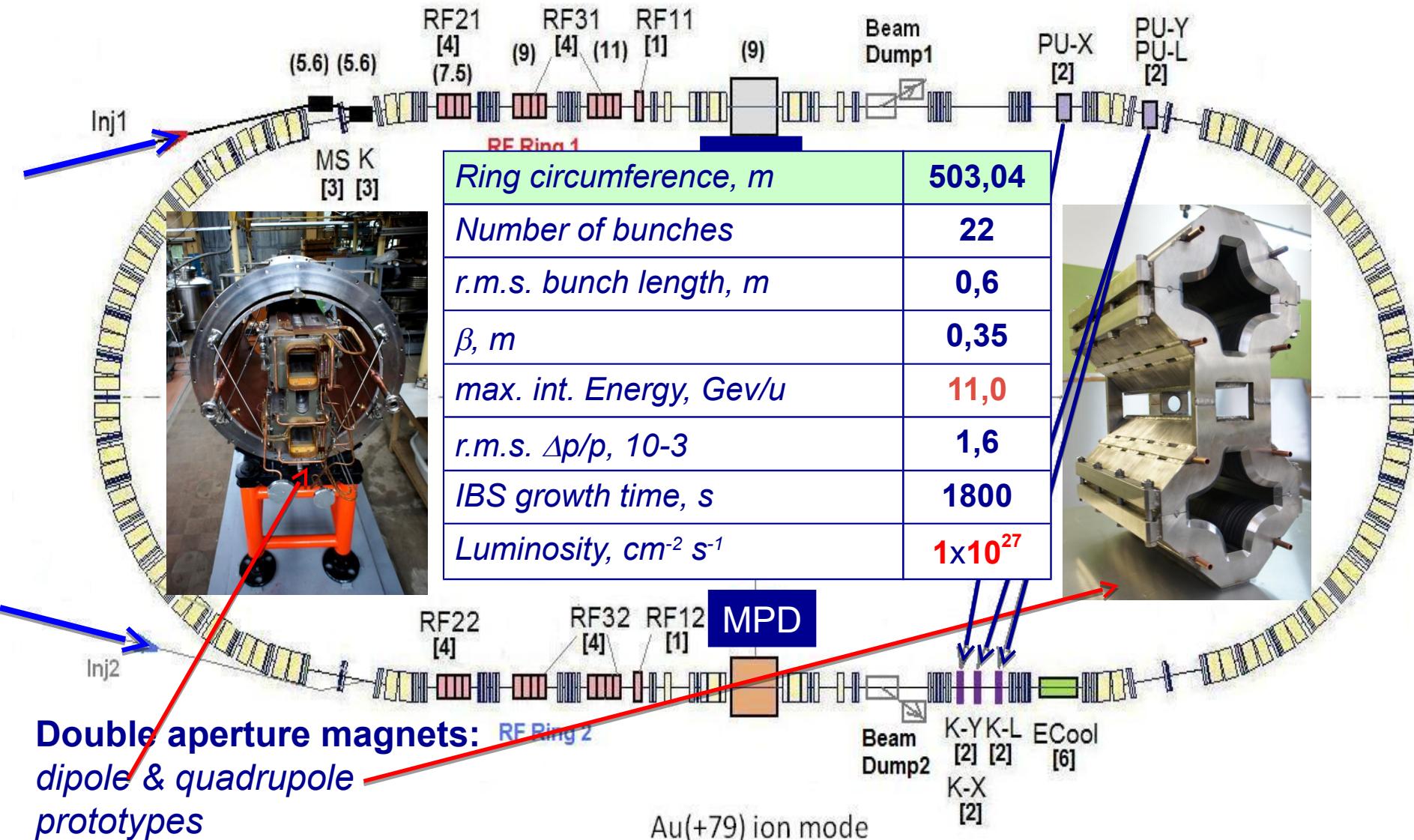


**Commissioning starts in Dec. 2018**

**tunnel is ready**

# The Collider

45 T\*m, 4.5 GeV/u for Au<sup>79+</sup>



# Workshop at VBLHEP (bld. 217) for production of SC magnets for NICA & SIS-100/FAIR

*was put in operation **in Nov. 2016***

*all of the Booster magnets are produced & tested*



# Civil Construction, bld.17

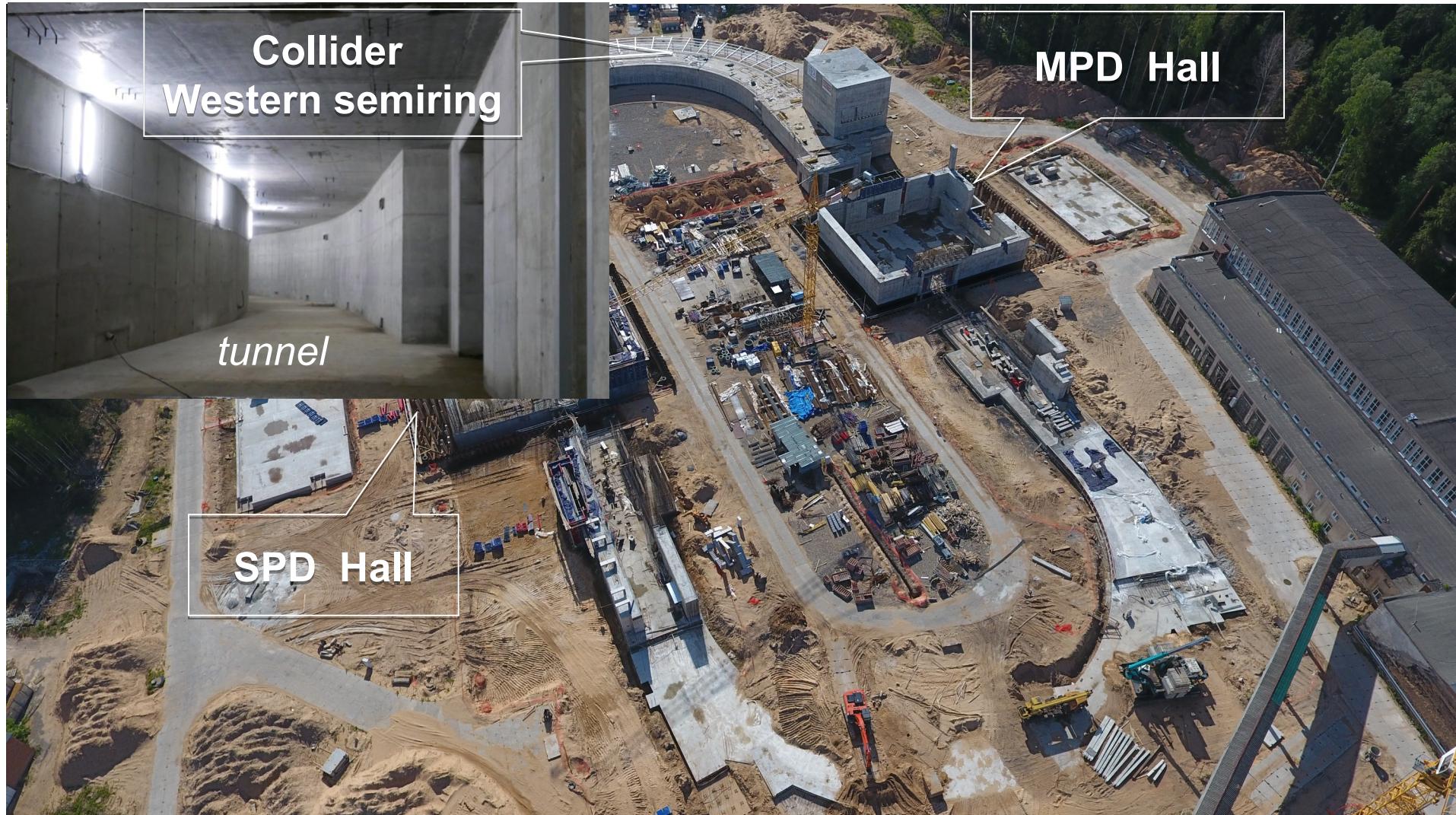
June 2018



readiness for equipment installation in the MPD Hall - 2019

# Civil Construction, bld.17

June 2018

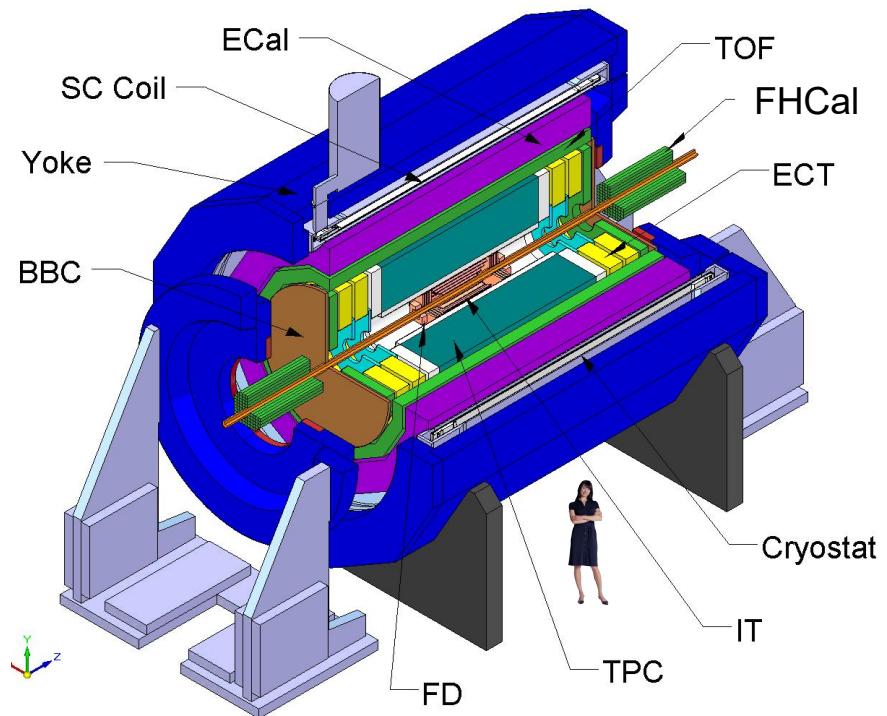


readiness for equipment installation in the MPD Hall - 2019

# Visit on site at 29 Oct 2018



# Mul*ti*Purpose Detector (MPD) Collaboration:



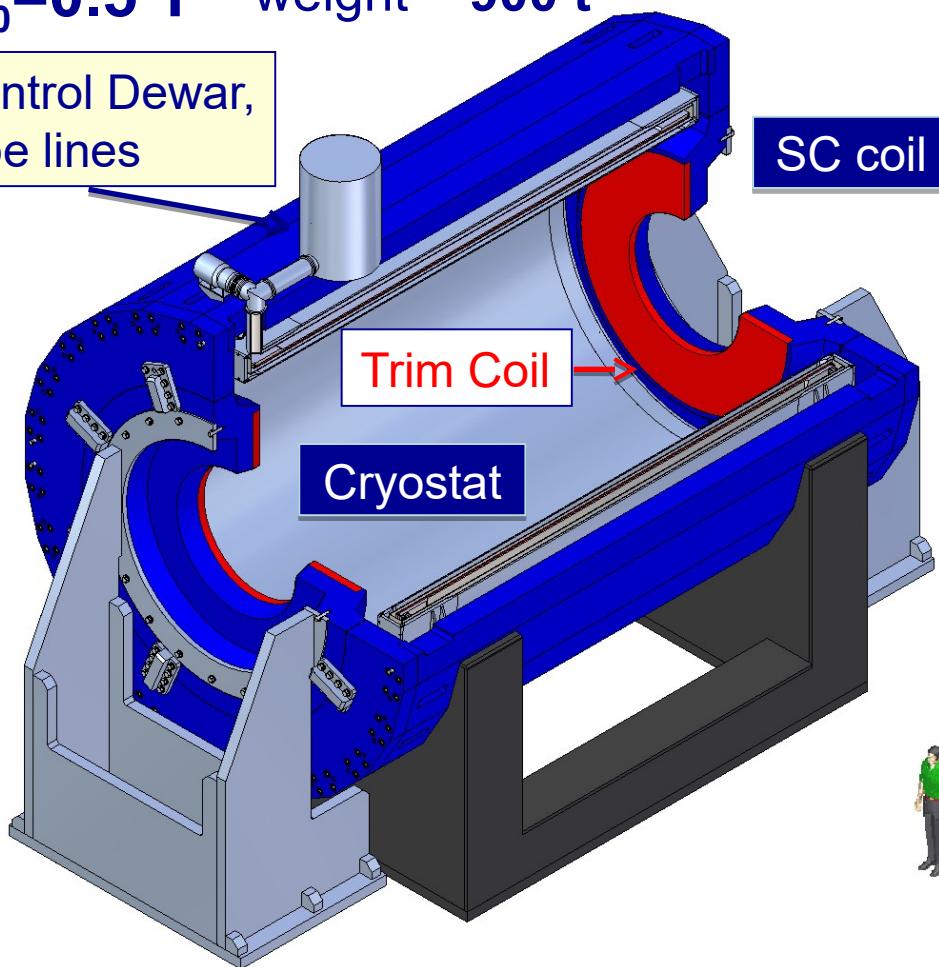
*Baku State University, NNRC, Azerbaijan;*  
*University of Plovdiv, Bulgaria;*  
*University Tecnica Federico Santa Maria, Valparaiso, Chile;*  
*Tsinghua University, Beijing, China;*  
*USTC, Hefei, China;*  
*Huizhou University, Huizhou, China;*  
*Institute of Nuclear and Applied Physics, CAS, Shanghai, China;*  
*Central China Normal University, China;*  
*Shandong University, Shandong, China;*

*IHEP, Beijing, China;*  
*University of South China, China;*  
*Palacky University, Olomouc, Czech Republic;*  
*NPI CAS, Rez, Czech Republic;*  
*Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia;*  
*Tubingen University, Tubingen, Germany;*  
*Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel;*  
*Joint Institute for Nuclear Research;*  
*IFT, Almaty, Kazakhstan;*  
*UNAM, Mexico City, Mexico;*  
*Institute of Applied Physics, Chisinev, Moldova;*  
*WUT, Warsaw, Poland;*  
*NCN, Otwock – Świerk, Poland;*  
*UW, Wrocław, Poland;*  
*Jan Kochanowski University, Kielce, Poland;*  
*INR RAS, Moscow, Russia;*  
*MEPhI, Moscow, Russia;*  
*PNPI, Gatchina, Russia;*  
*INP MSU, Moscow, Russia;*  
*SPSU - Dept. of NP, Russia;*  
*St. Petersburg, Russia;*  
*SPSU – Dept. of HEP, St. Petersburg, Russia;*  
*KI NRS, Moscow, Russia;*

# superconducting Solenoid

$B_0 = 0.5 \text{ T}$  weight  $\sim 900 \text{ t}$

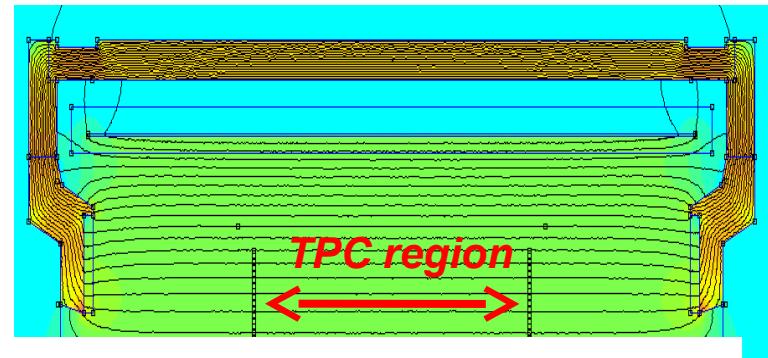
Control Dewar,  
pipe lines



**HM Vitkovice, Czech Republic:**  
fabrication of yoke & supports

rated current: **1790 A**

stored energy: **14.6 MJ**



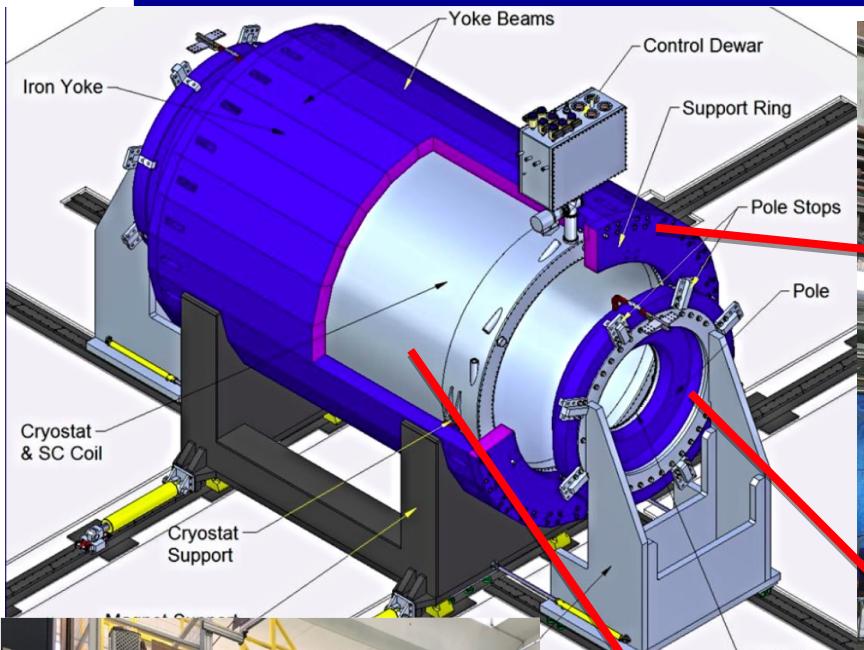
high level ( $\sim 3 \times 10^{-4}$ ) of magnetic  
field homogeneity



**ASG superconductors, Genova**  
**general responsibility:**

- Cold Mass + Cryostat
- Trim Coils
- Vacuum System
- Control System + PS + ...

# Magnet fabrication: ASG (Genova) & Vитковице HM



yoke control assembly at HM Vитковице



final assembly in the MPD hall - June 2019



winding machine



cryostat



trim coil

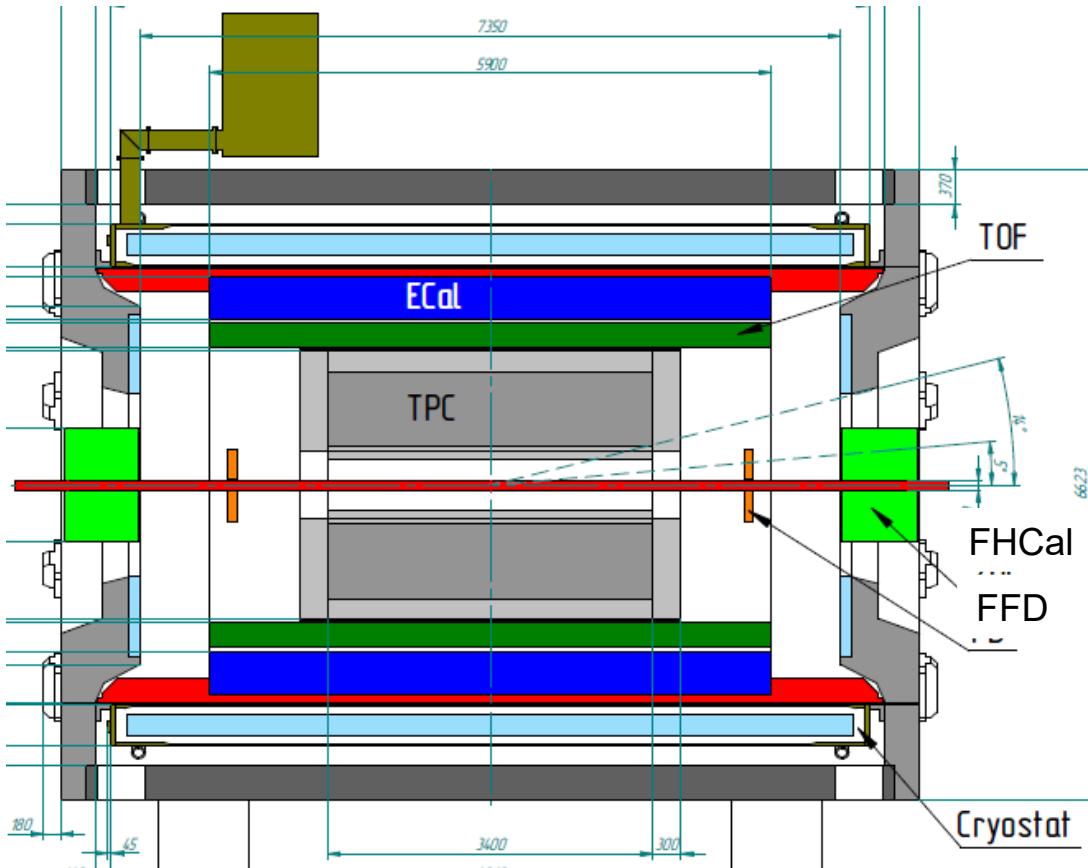
# Multi-Purpose Detector (MPD)



## Stage 1: TPC, TOF, ECAL, ZDC, FFD

- tracking:  
*up to  $|\eta| < 1.8$  (TPC)*
- PID:  
*had., e,  $\gamma$  (TOF, TPC, ECAL)*
- Reaction:  
*centrality & plane determination (FHCAL)*

**Plan:**  
*overall commissioning  
starts in 2020*



# Multi-Purpose Detector (MPD)

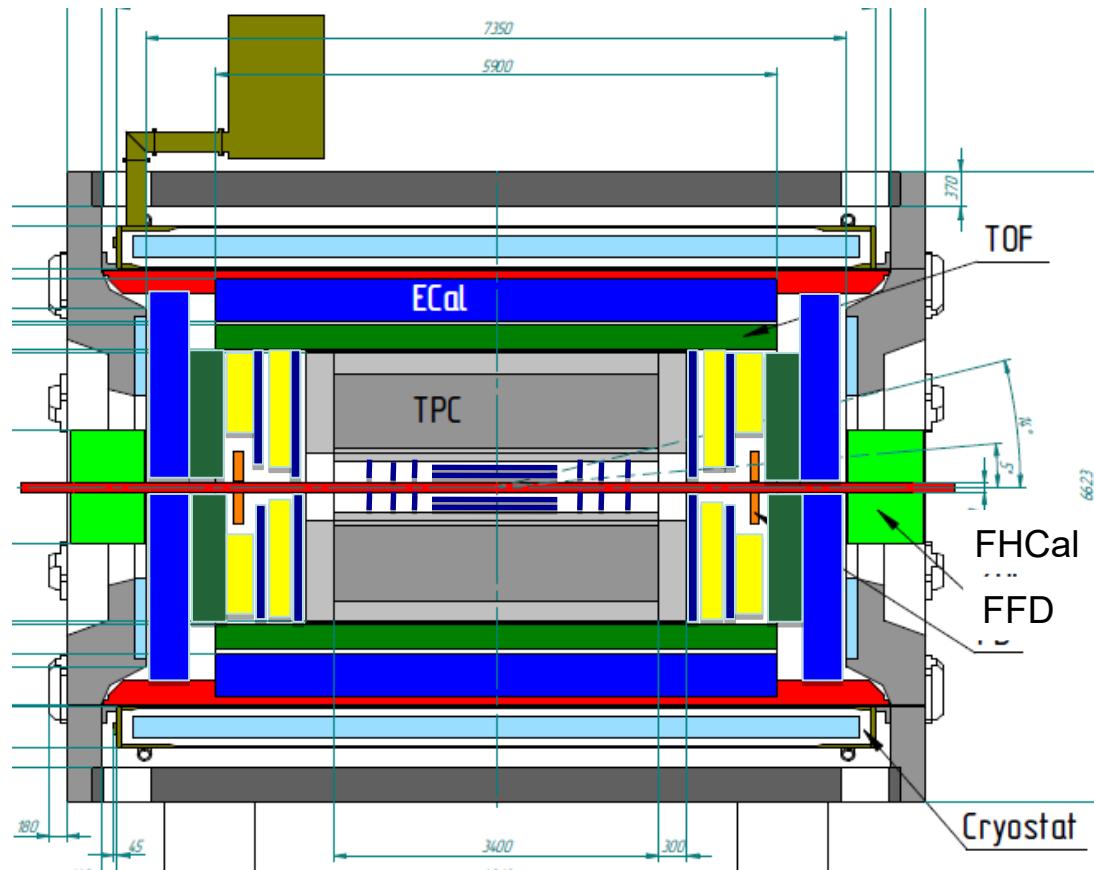


Stage 1 (2020): TPC, TOF, ECAL, ZDC, FFD

Stage 2 (~2023): + ITS + EndCap (CPC, Straw, TOF, ECAL)

- tracking:  
*up to  $|\eta| < 1.8$  (TPC)  
 $1.2 < |\eta| < 2.5$  (CPC, Straw)*
- PID:  
*had., e,  $\gamma$  (TOF, TPC, ECAL)*
- Reaction:  
*centrality & plane determination (FHCAL)*

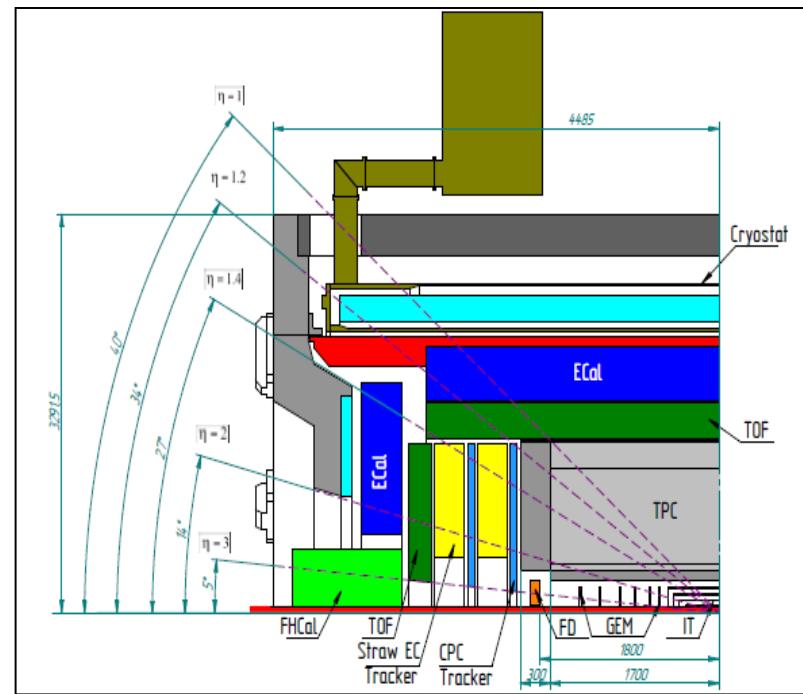
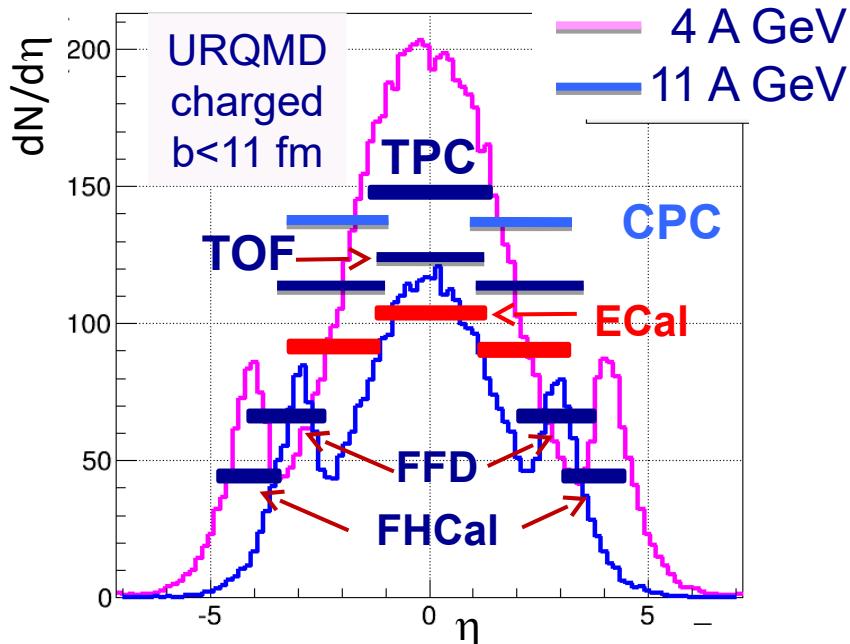
Plan:  
overall commissioning  
starts in **2020**



# MPD (stage 1) detector status

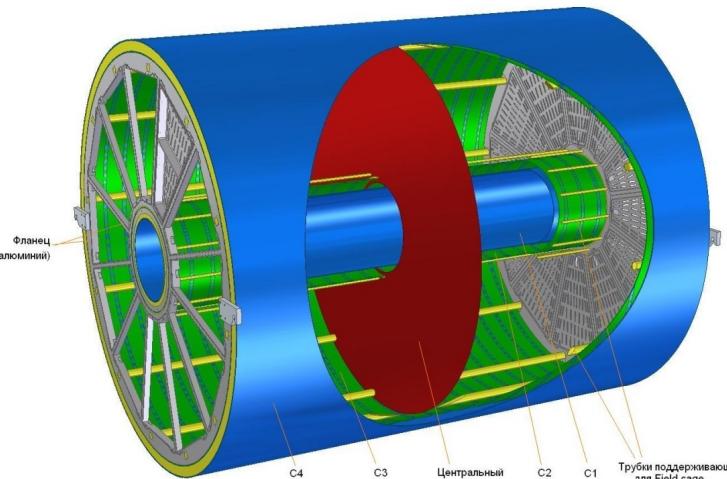
- Magnet – assembly & magnetic field measurement - **2019**
- FHCAL – production in progress
- TOF, FFD – production in progress
- TPC – production in progress
- ECAL – TDR completed
- Integration – TDR in preparation

## Stage II MPD acceptance

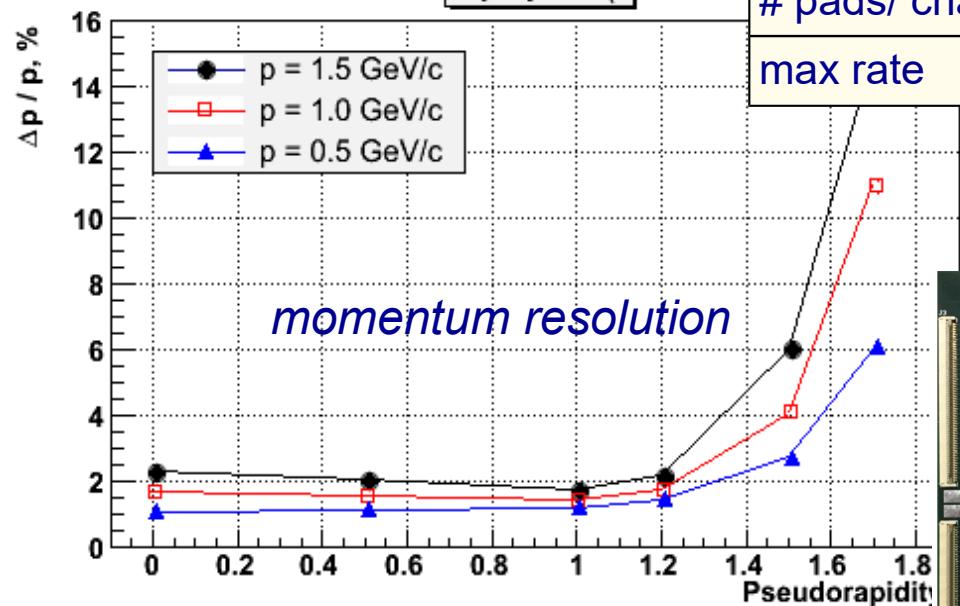


# Time Projection Chamber (TPC) – basic tracker

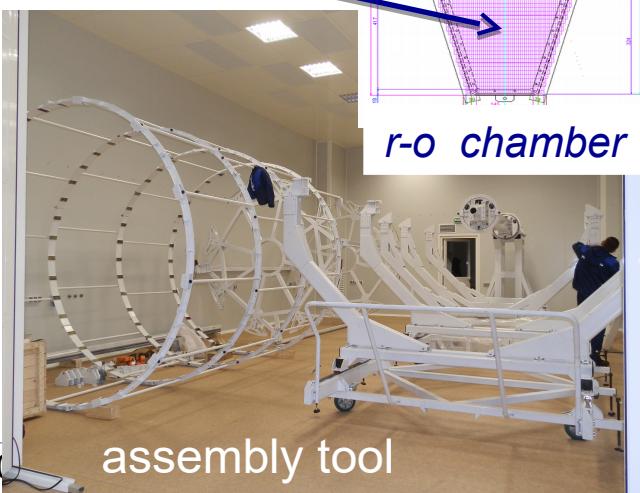
Корпус TPC/MPD



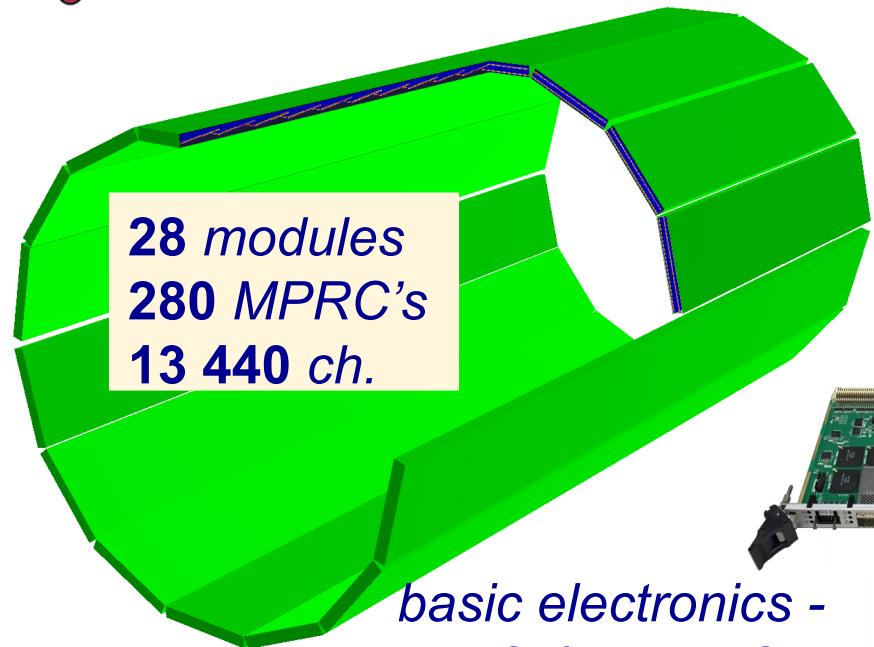
length	340 см
outer Radii	140 см
inner Radii	27 см
gas	90%Ar+10%CH <sub>4</sub>
drift velocity	5.45 см / $\mu$ s;
drift time	< 30 $\mu$ s;
# R-O chamb.	12 + 12
# pads/ chan.	95 232



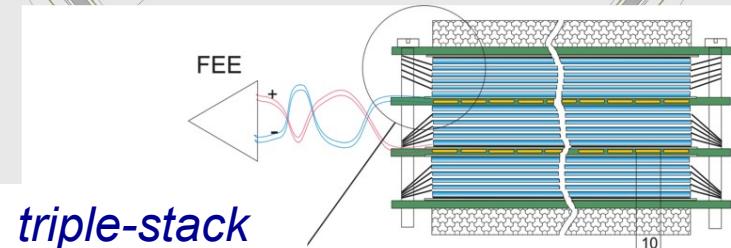
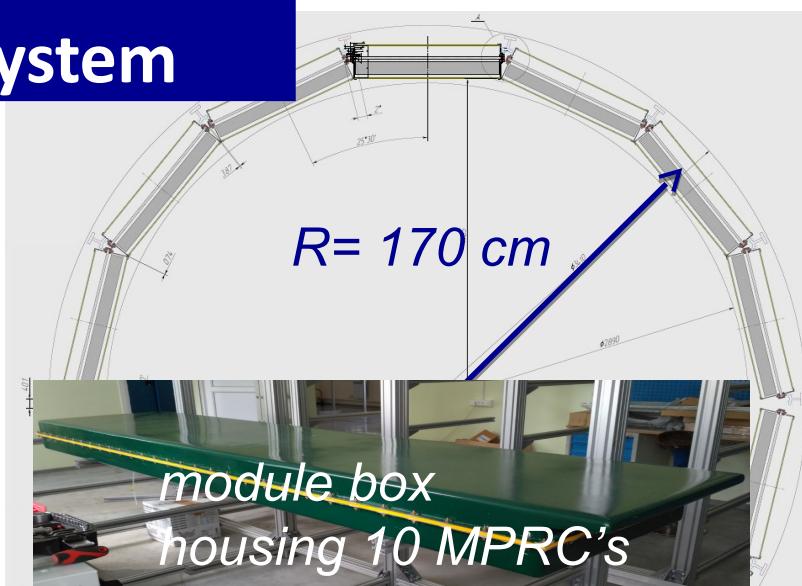
FE electronics: FEC64SAM –  
dual SAMPA card (**ALICE** technology)



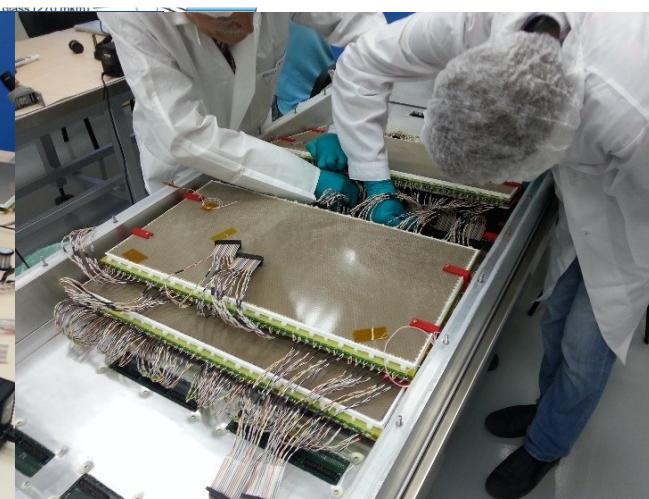
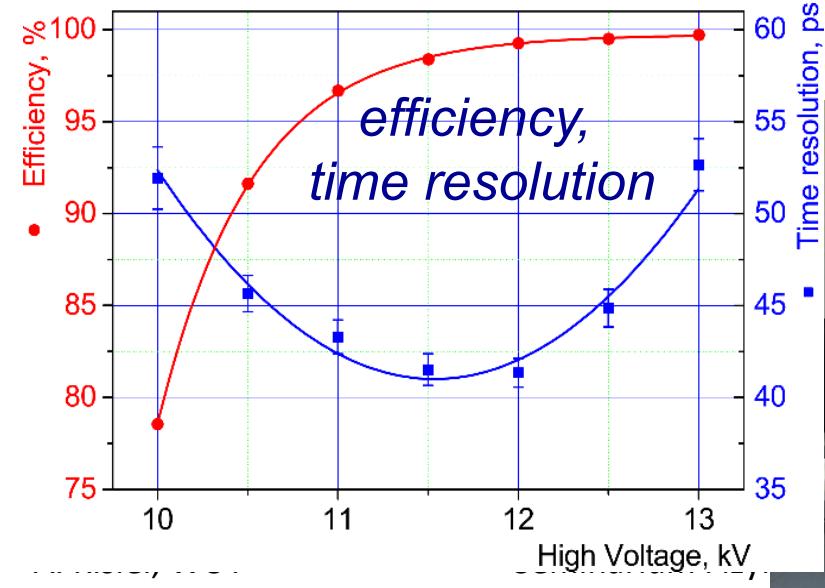
## Time of Flight (TOF) system



basic electronics -  
NINO & HPTDC



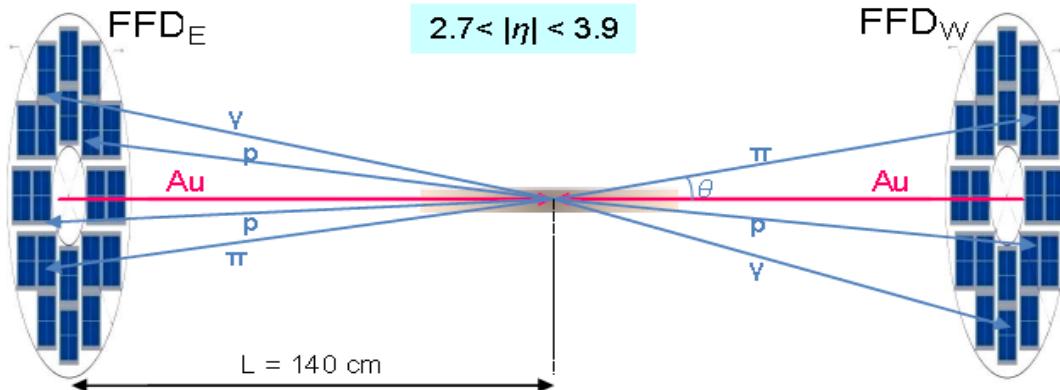
triple-stack  
MPRC (5 gaps of 200  $\mu\text{m}$  each)



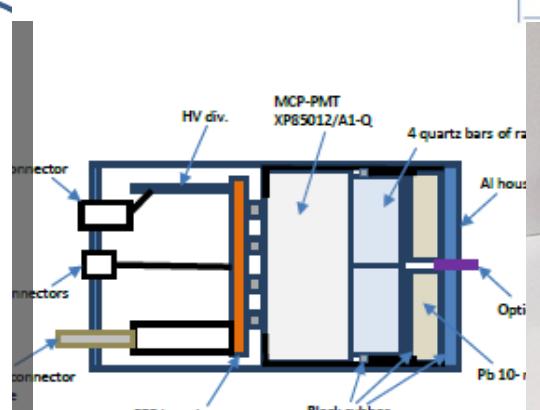
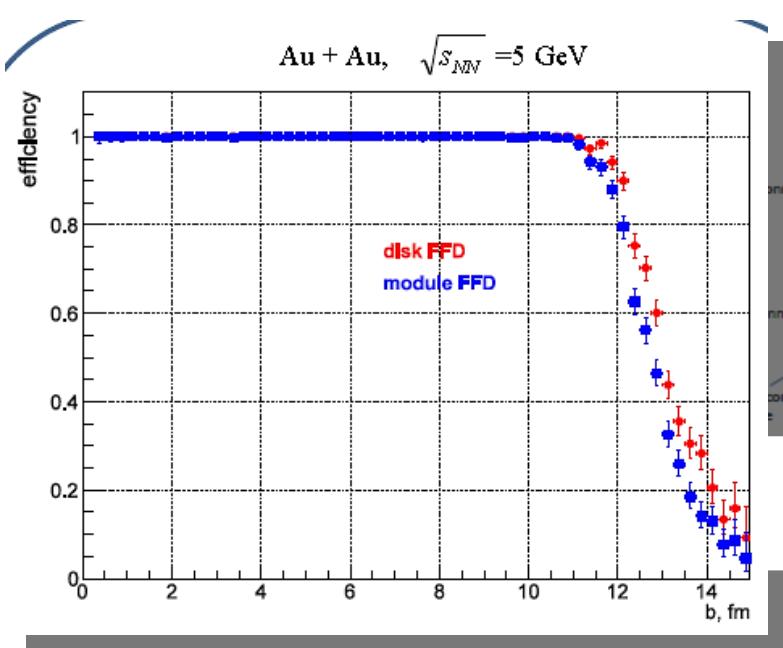
# Fast Forward Detector – (FFD)

$2.3^\circ < |\theta| < 7.5^\circ$

$2.7 < |\eta| < 3.9$

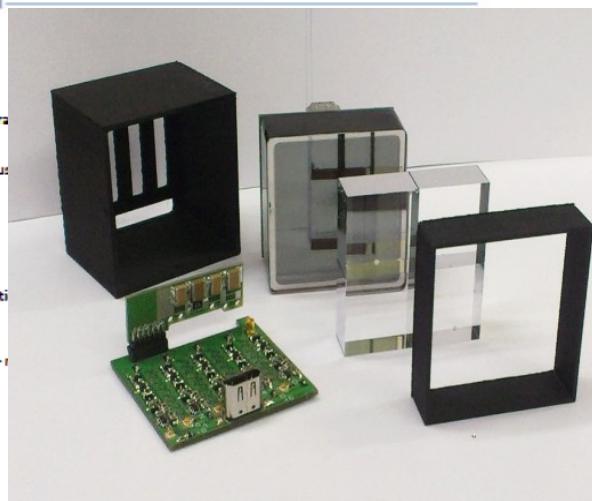
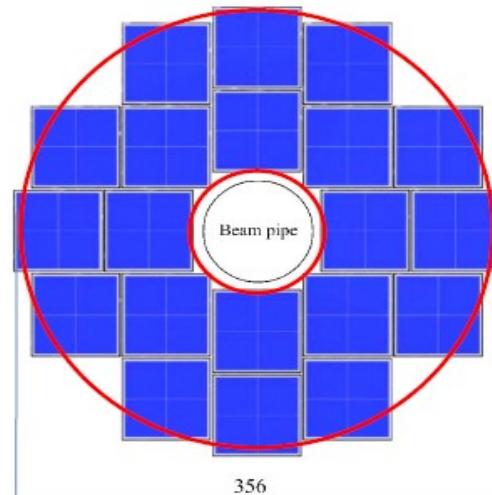


time resolution  $< 50 \text{ ps}$

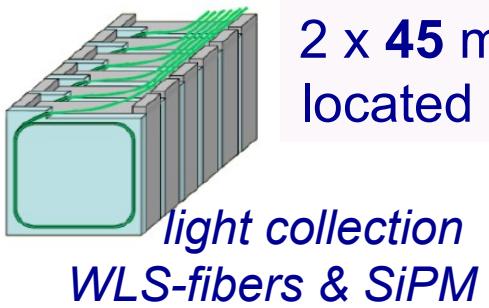
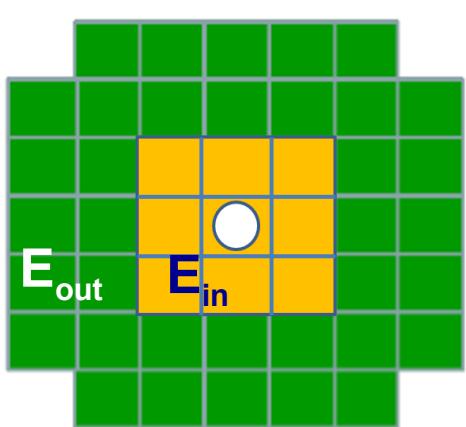


15 mm quartz radiator  
10 mm lead converter

array of 20 modules  
Planacon MCP-PMTs  
80 +20 channels



# FHCAL: determination of reaction plane and centrality



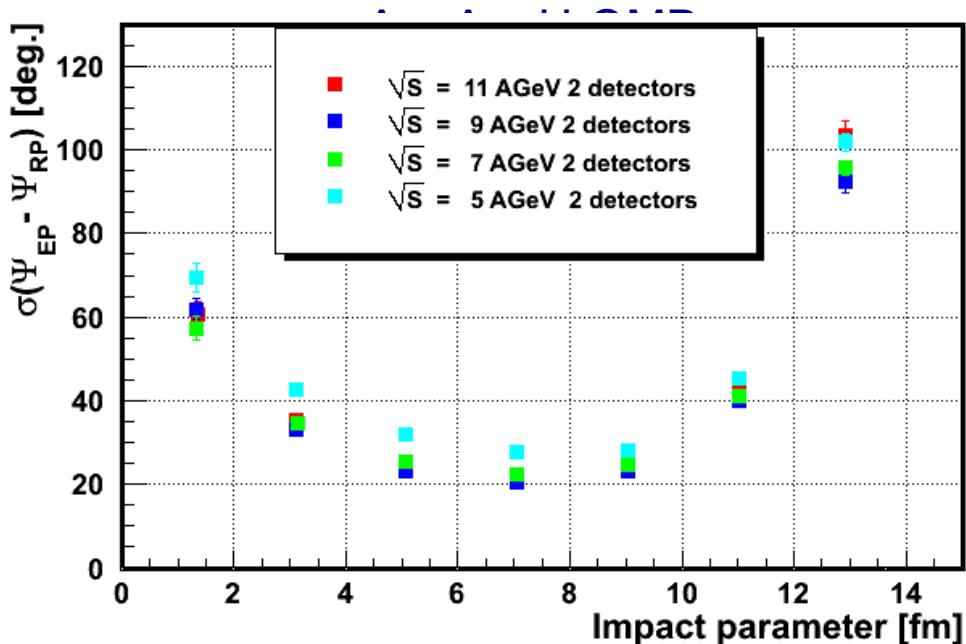
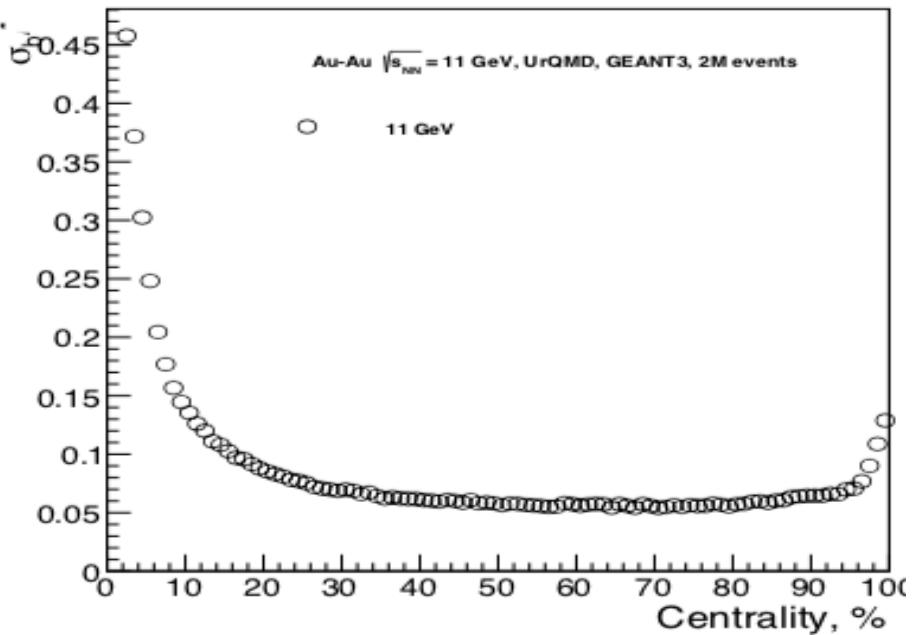
2 x 45 modules ( $15 \times 15 \text{ cm}^2$  each)  
located left and right at  $\sim 3.2 \text{ m}$  from the IP)

acceptance:  $2.2 < |\eta| < 4.8$

$$\sigma(E)/(E) = 53\%/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})} + 10\%$$

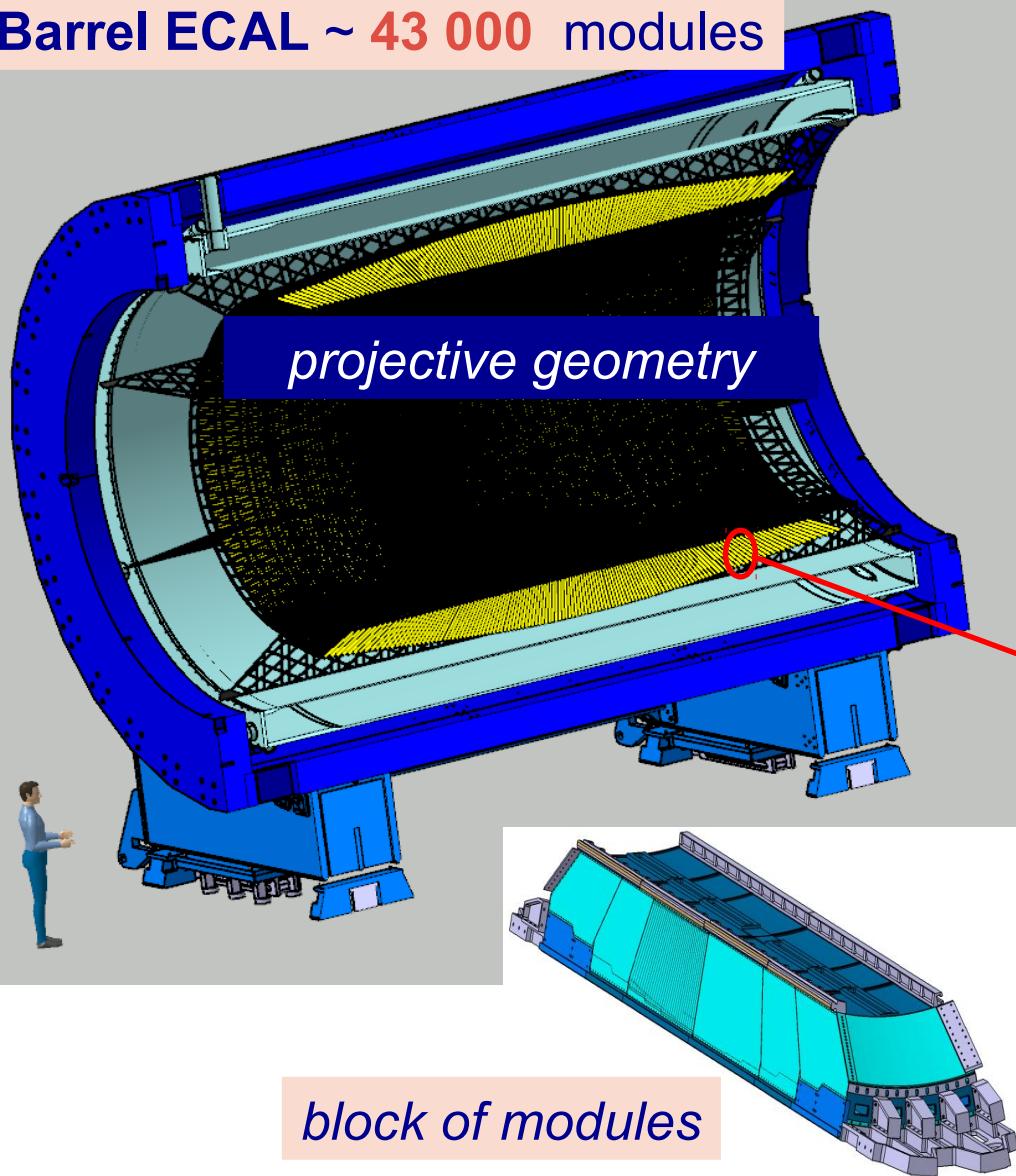
transverse granularity allows to measure:

- *the reaction plane with accuracy  $\sim 20^\circ\text{-}30^\circ$*
- *the centrality with accuracy below 10%.*

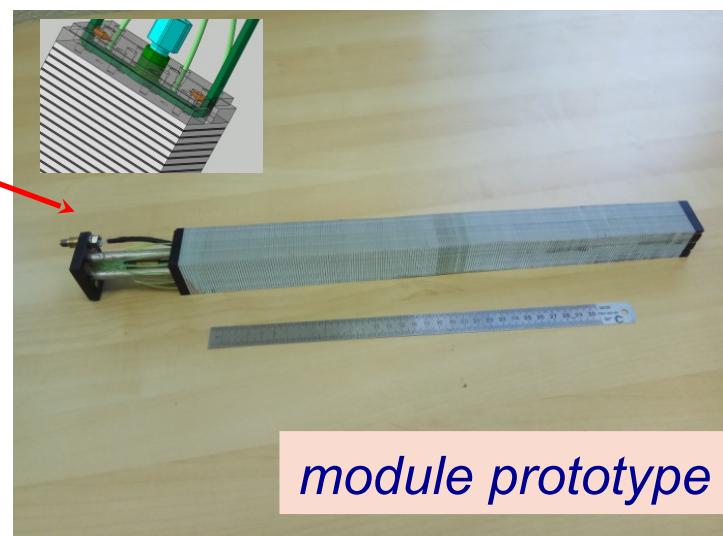


# Electromagnetic calorimeter: ECAL

Barrel ECAL ~ 43 000 modules



- ❖ *Pb+Sc "Shashlyk"*
- ❖ *read-out: WLS fibers + MAPD*
- ❖ *L ~35 cm (~ 14 X<sub>0</sub>)*
- ❖ *Segmentation (4x4 cm<sup>2</sup>),*
- ❖  *$\sigma(E)$  better than 5% @ 1 GeV;*
- ❖ *time resolution ~500 ps*

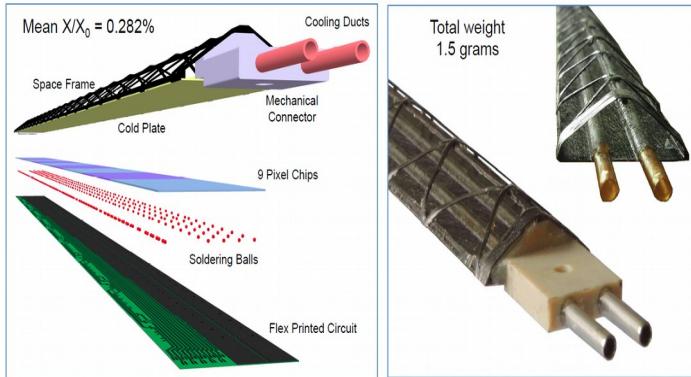


module prototype

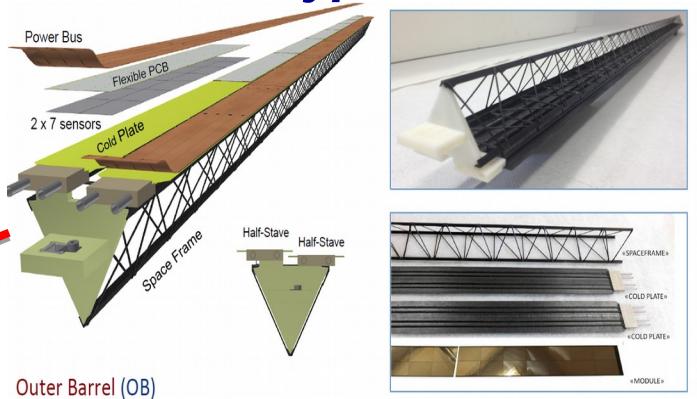
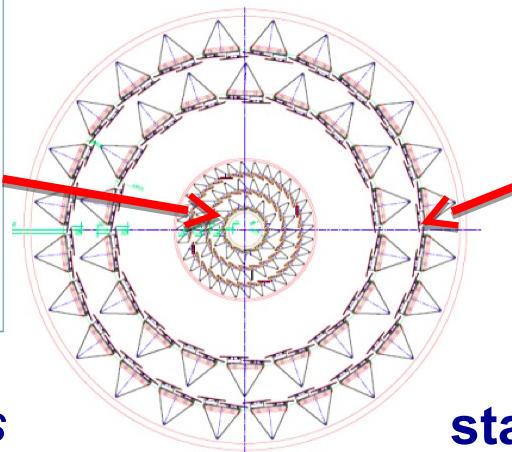
block of modules

# Inner Tracker System (*MPD stage II*)

**Inner Barrel (IB) – 3 layers modified staves**



**Outer Barrel (OB) – 2 layers ALICE type staves**



**stave: 2 modules x 9 chips**

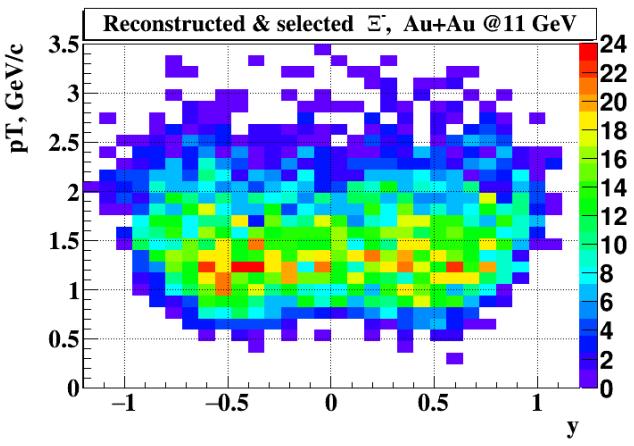
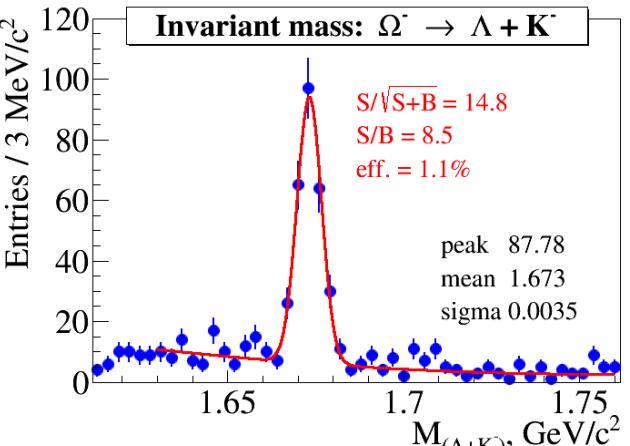
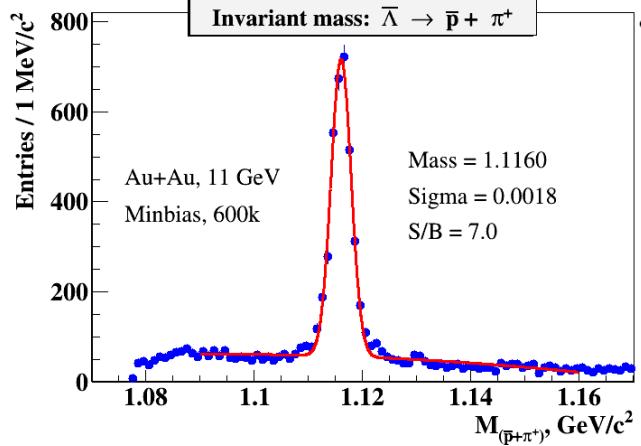
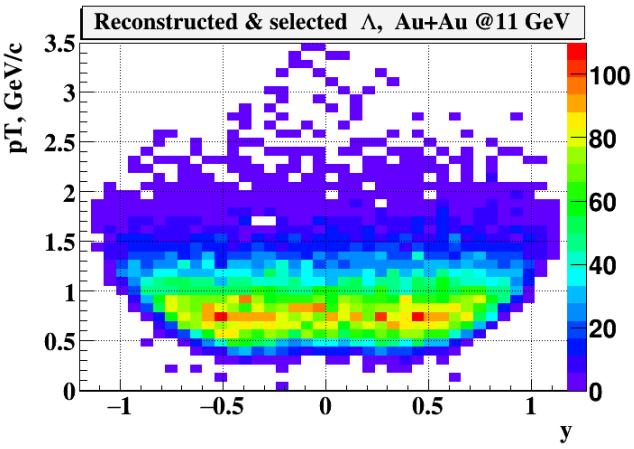
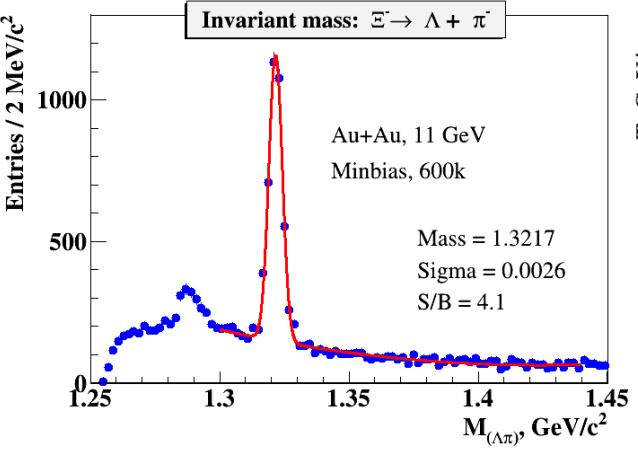
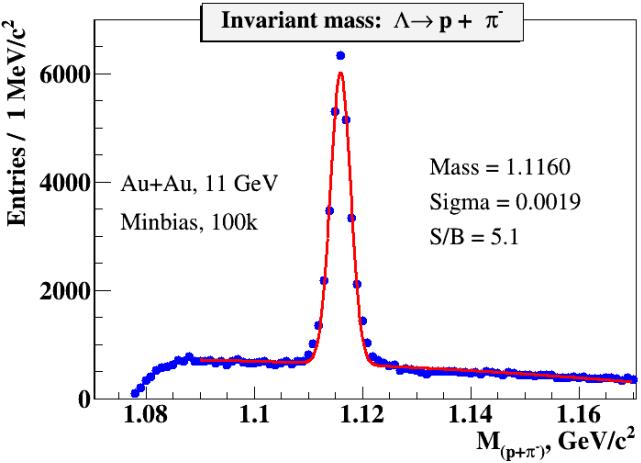
**stave: 14 modules x 14 chips**

layer #	type	staves /layer	Rmin, mm	Rmax, mm	length , mm	chips /layer	X0, %
1	IB	12	22,4	26,7	540	216	0,3
2	IB	22	40,7	45,9	540	396	0,3
3	IB	32	59,8	65,1	540	576	0,3
4	OB	18	144,1	147,9	1470	3528	1,0
5	OB	24	194,1	197,6	1470	4704	1,0
<b>total</b>		<b>108</b>				<b>9420</b>	<b>2,9</b>

# Strange and multi-strange baryons

## Stage'1 (TPC+TOF): Au+Au @ 11 GeV, UrQMD

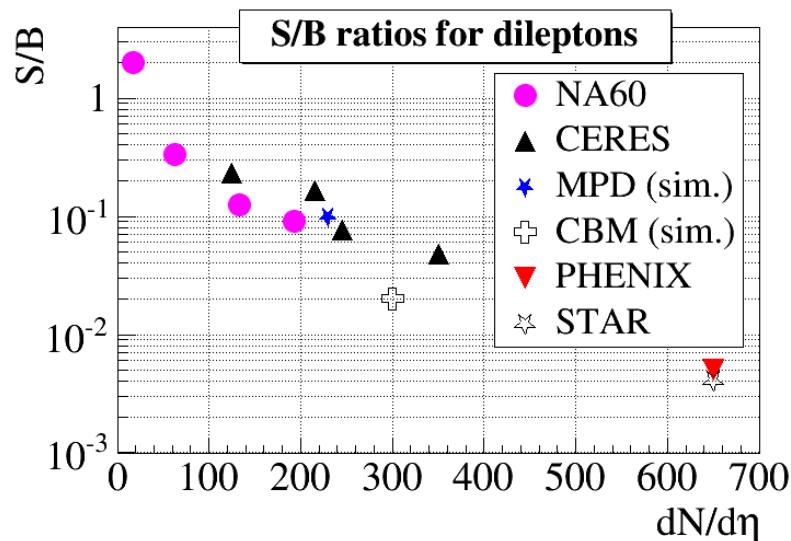
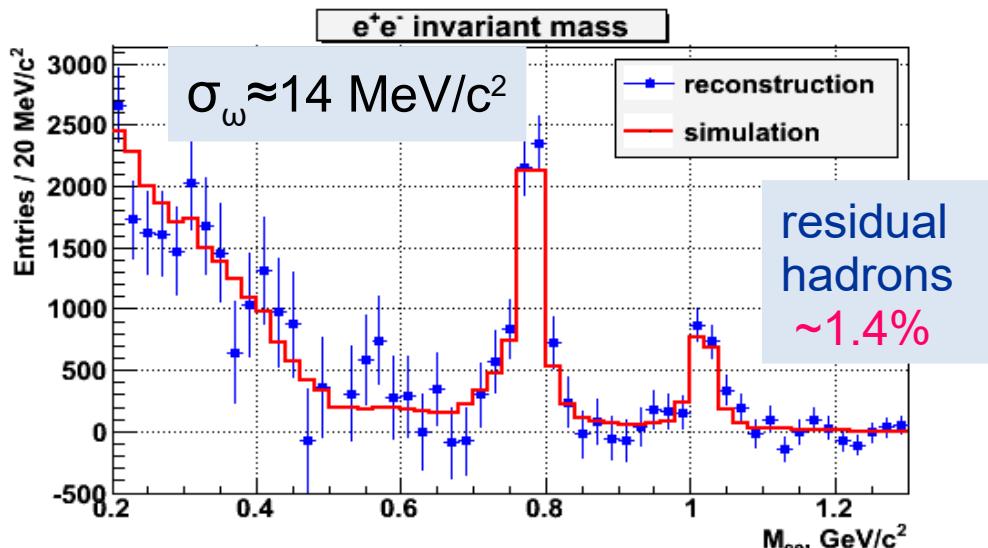
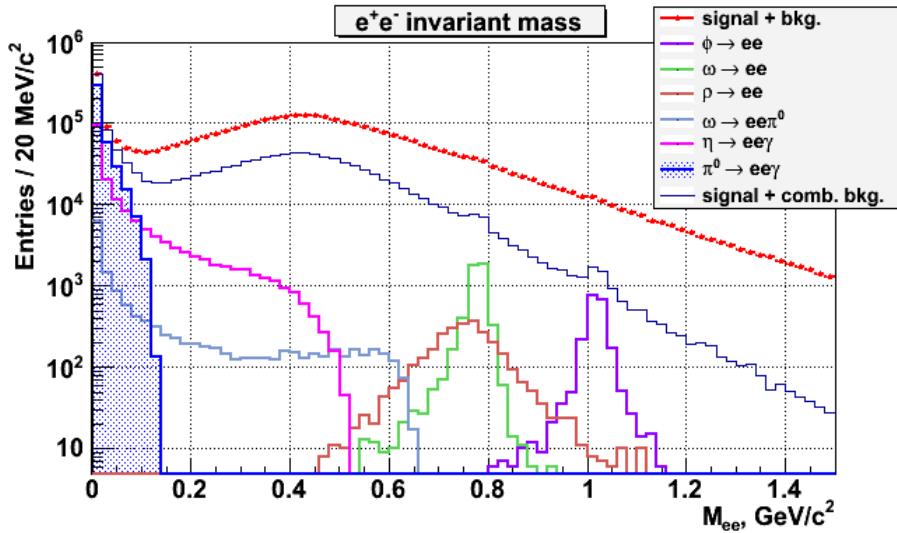
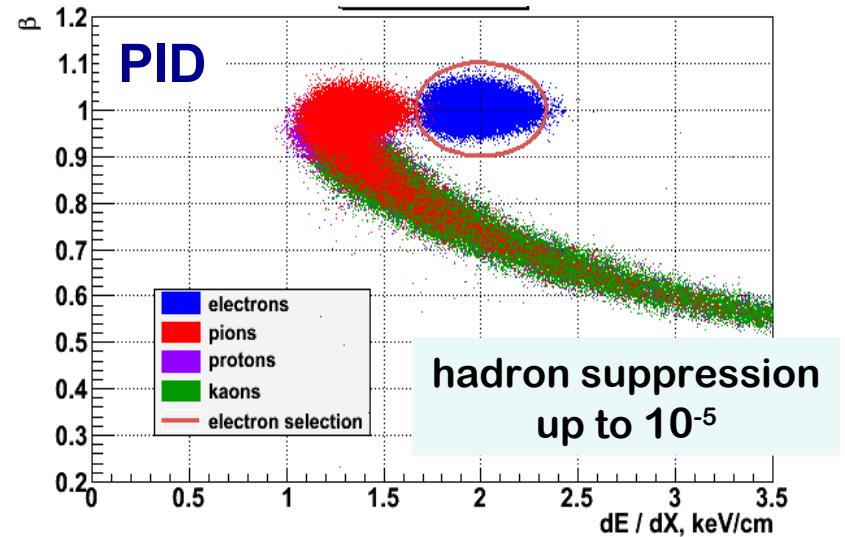
phase-space



particle	$\Lambda$	anti- $\Lambda$	$\Xi^-$	anti- $\Xi^+$	$\Omega^-$	anti- $\Omega^+$
yield in 10week	$3 \cdot 10^8$	$3.5 \cdot 10^6$	$1.5 \cdot 10^6$	$8.0 \cdot 10^4$	$7 \cdot 10^4$	$1.5 \cdot 10^4$

# Prospects for study of dileptons

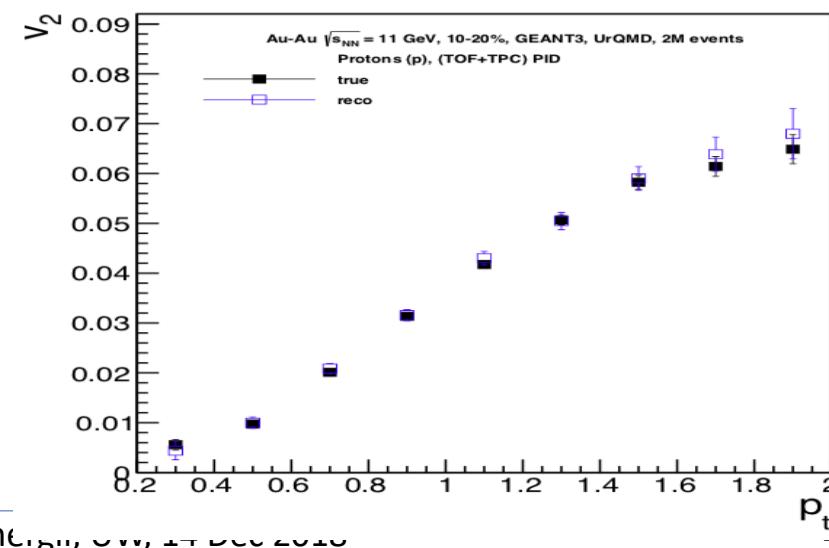
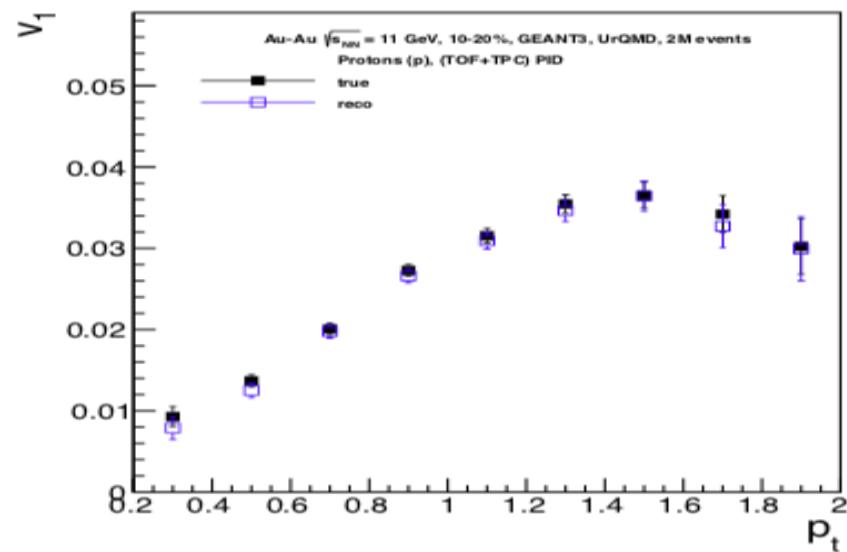
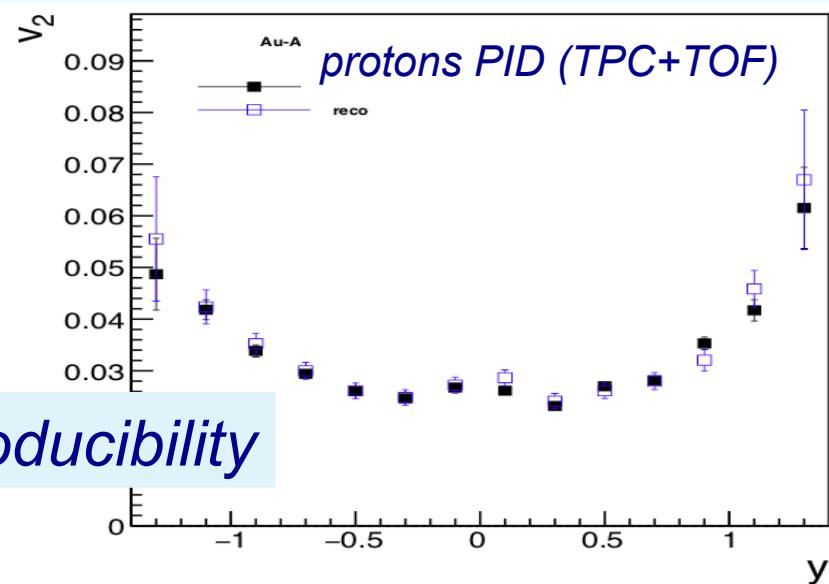
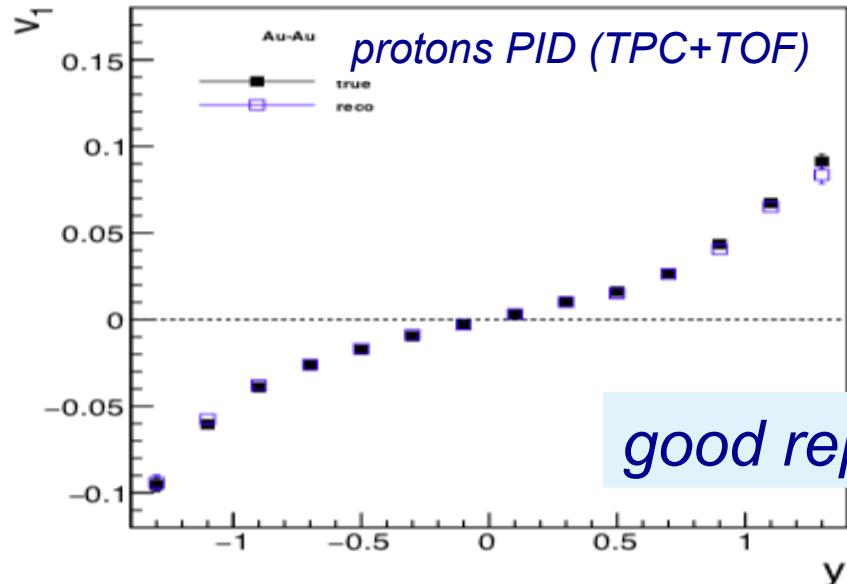
- Event generator: UrQMD+Pluto (for the cocktail) central Au+Au @ 8 GeV
- PID:  $dE/dx$  (from TPC) + TOF ( $\sim 100$  ps) + ECAL



# Performance study of elliptic flow

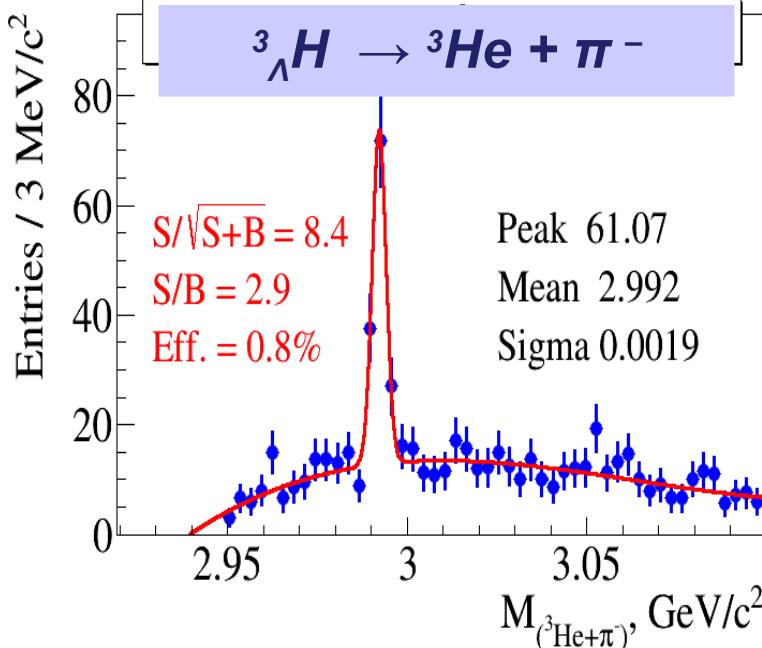
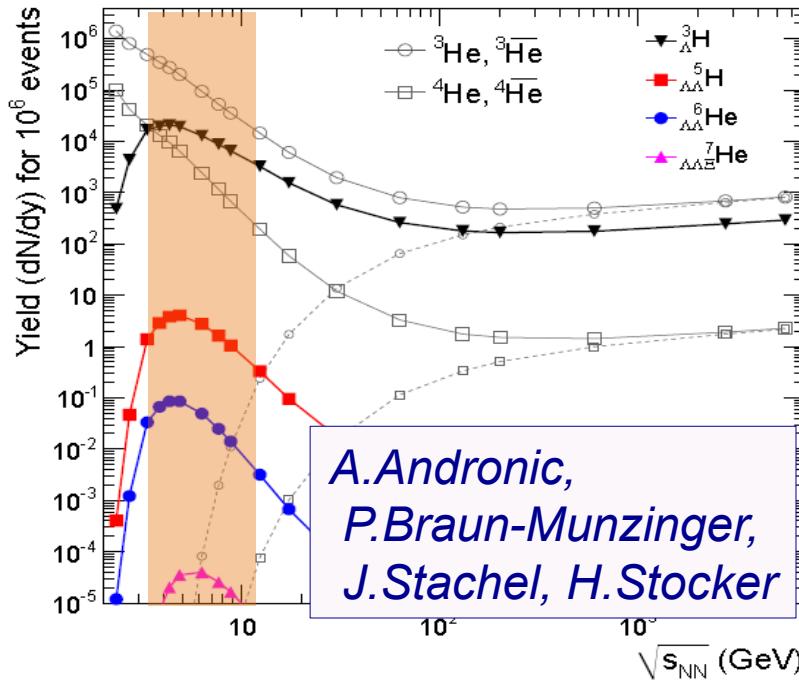
P.Parfenov, A.Taranenko, I.Selyuzhenkov, A.Mudrokh, V.Kireyeu

**Au+Au,  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 11$  GeV, 10-20%, UrQMD, GEANT3, MPDROOT, 2M ev.**

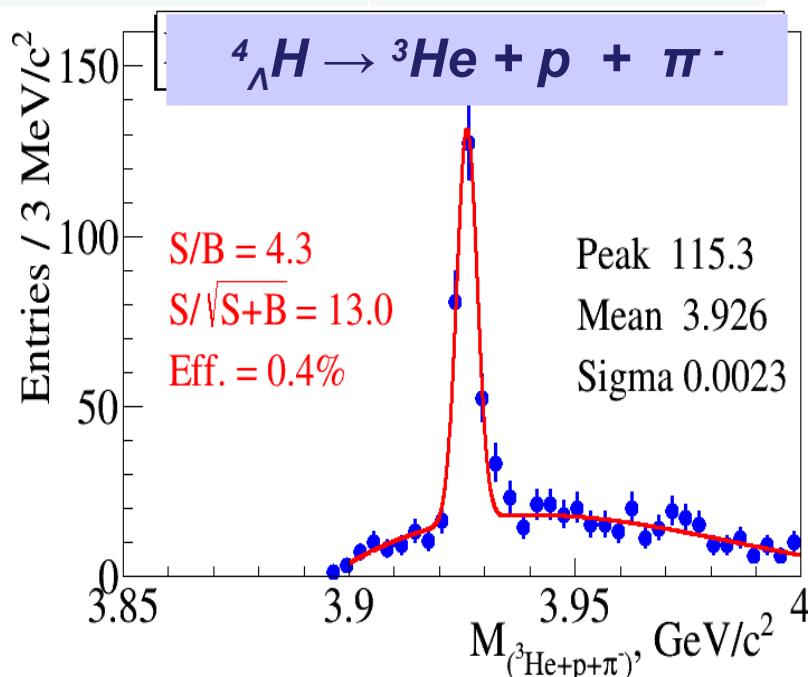


# Hyper nuclei

Stage 2: central  $Au+Au$  @ 5 AGeV;  
DCM-QGSM

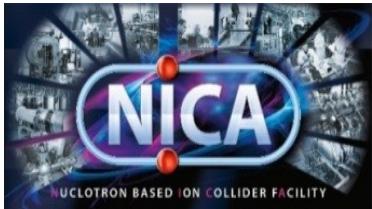


hyper nucleus	yield in 10 weeks
${}^3_\Lambda He$	$9 \cdot 10^5$
${}^4_\Lambda He$	$1 \cdot 10^5$



# BARYONIC MATTER DENSITY FRONTIER

NICA is included in the ESFRI ROADMAP-2016 and in the NuPECC Long Range Plan  
2017 - Perspectives in Nuclear Physics



## Main Research Infrastructures in Particle and Nuclear Physics

### PARTICLE PHYSICS

#### COLLIDERS

CERN FNAL → MAP

FCC ILC

#### FAKEFIELD GENERATORS

STFC-Daresbury

INFN-Frascati

SY MPI-Munich

LI-beamline

### NUCLEAR PHYSICS

COMPASS

HIPPA

DAΦNE-INFN Frascati

MAX

ELI-NP

ELSA

MAMI

#### HADRON

HIPPA

DAΦNE-INFN

COSY

Antiproton decelerator

#### HEAVY ION BEAM

ESS

JST

GANIL

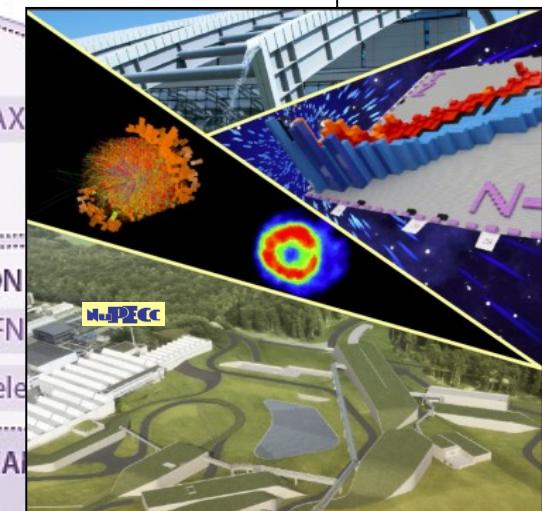
ISOLDE

SPIRAL2

ECT

INFN-Legnaro

JYFL



NuPECC

NuPECC  
Long Range Plan 2017  
Perspectives  
in Nuclear Physics



# kick-off meeting on formation of the MPD and BM@N Collaborations

*carried out in Dubna on 11-13 April, 2018*

<https://indico.jinr.ru/conferenceDisplay.py?ovw=True&confId=385>



# Second MPD Collaboration Meeting

## 29-30 October 2018

<http://jinrmag.jinr.ru/pdf2/18num45-46.pdf>

<http://mpd.jinr.ru/experiment/>



*New member institutes (now 32 institutes from 10 countries)*

*Spokesperson election: Adam Kisiel (WUT, Poland)*

*IB Board Chair election: Fuqiang Wang (ZJHU, China)*

*Project manager endorsement: Slava Golovatyuk (JINR)*

# The NICA-PL Consortium

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Warsaw University  
of Technology

National Center for  
Nuclear

Research  
in Świerk

University  
of Warsaw



Jan  
Kochanowski  
University in Kielce



# NICA-PL Consortium

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- Agreement of the four Polish institutions (Warsaw University of Technology, Warsaw University, National Center of Nuclear Research in Świerk, Jan Kochanowski University of Kielce) "to carry out scientific research, specialist education, design and construction of the scientific and control equipment for the purpose of the NICA research complex at the Joint Institute of Nuclear Research in Dubna".
- Consortium is open for new members and foresees the addition of more polish institutions
- Members of the Consortium show explicit desire to join MPD and/or BM@N Collaborations
- Consortium can be a common vehicle for application for funding in various funding agencies (national and European)

# Recent activities

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- Group of Marek Peryt very active in the NICA Project:
  - Gas system for the MPD TOF detector
  - Slow Control System for MPD and [BM@N](#)
  - Engineering Support group leadership
  - EqDB Database Environment
  - MPD Experimental Platform
- Rapidly expanding group
  - 1 staff full-time at JINR (more soon)
  - Two PhDs permanently at JINR full-time
  - Intensive summer practices (2 weeks, 4 weeks)
  - “Team for the future of NICA” programme – 3-month, student stays at JINR, this year extended to 12-month stays

# Expansion of possibilities

---

- Strong interest from Faculty of Electronics and Information Technology
  - Experience in electronics for HEP experiments (CMS muon trigger)
  - Experience in industrial system automation and control, SCADA
  - Strong software group (databases, computer graphics, event visualization, machine learning, big data)
- Interest in participation in the development, design and construction of the MPD and [BM@N Slow Control](#)
- Interest in participation in preparation of the cosmic ray detector (high-level trigger system, electronics)
- Possibility for three-way collaboration JINR-WUT-FAIR in MPD-CBM

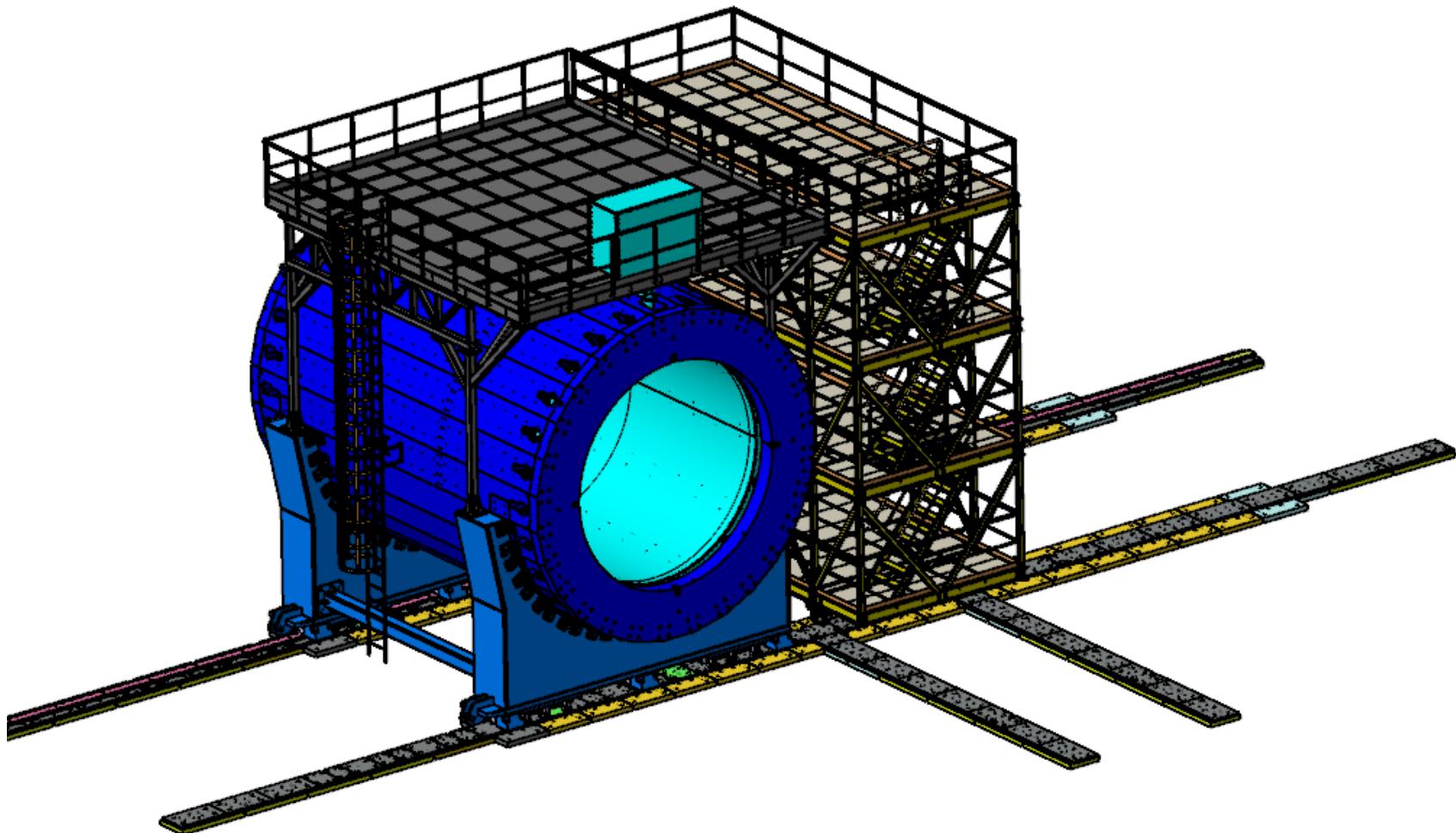
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# NICA Multi Purpose Detector – Engineering Support Platform

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# Slow Control System

-IMPLEMENTATION; BASE UNIT 42U;

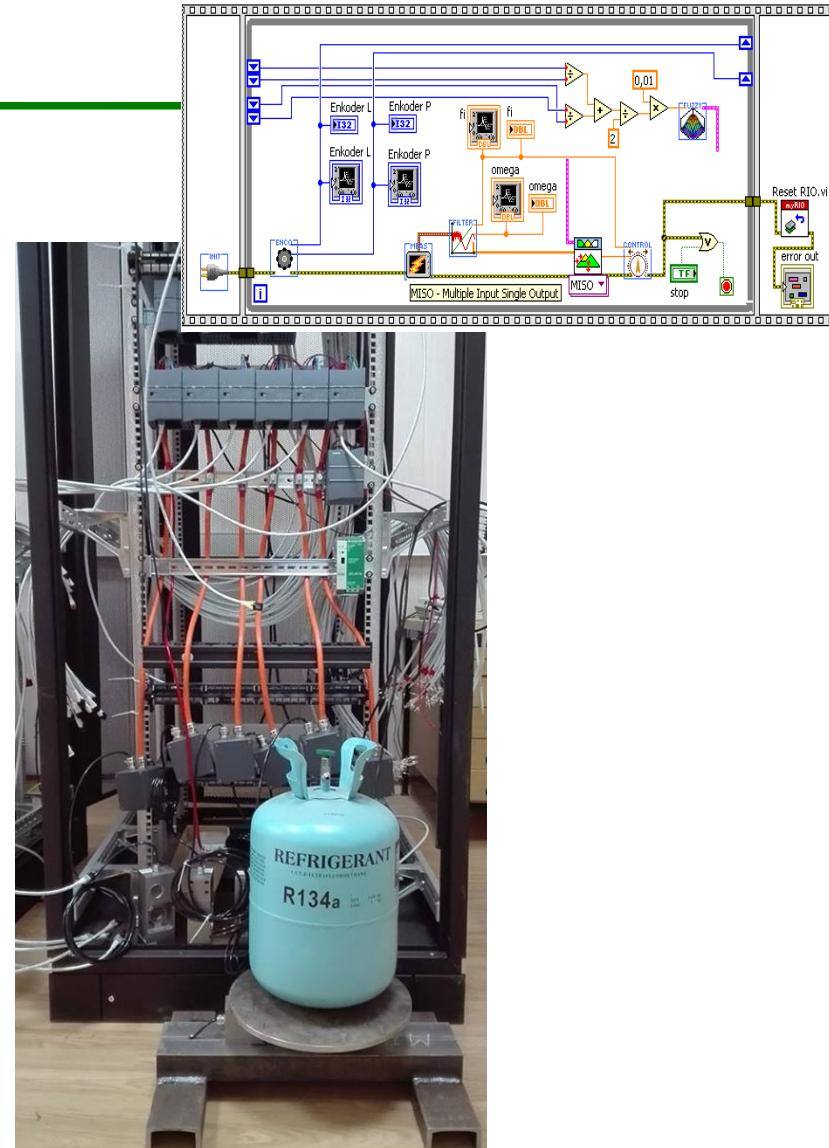
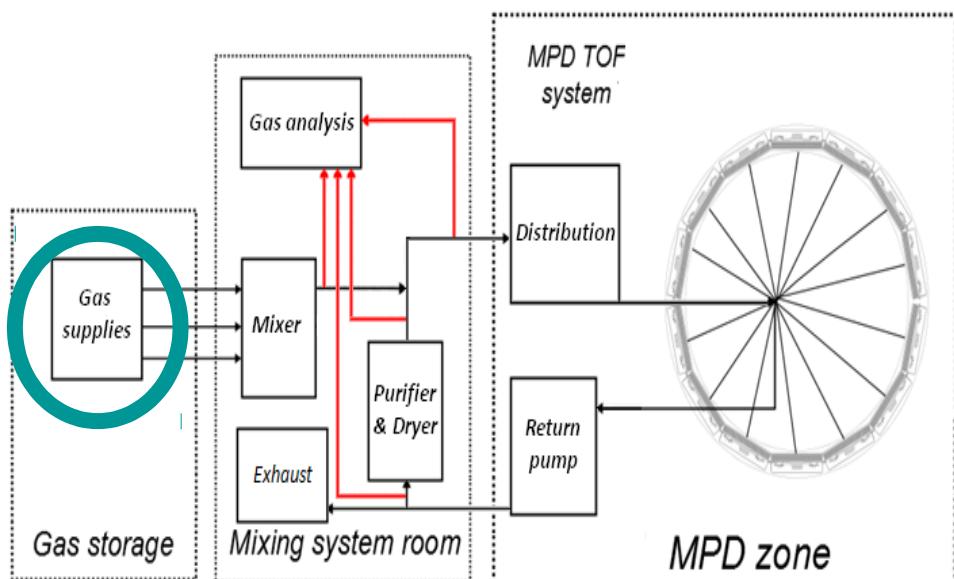


# Gas System for the TOF detectors



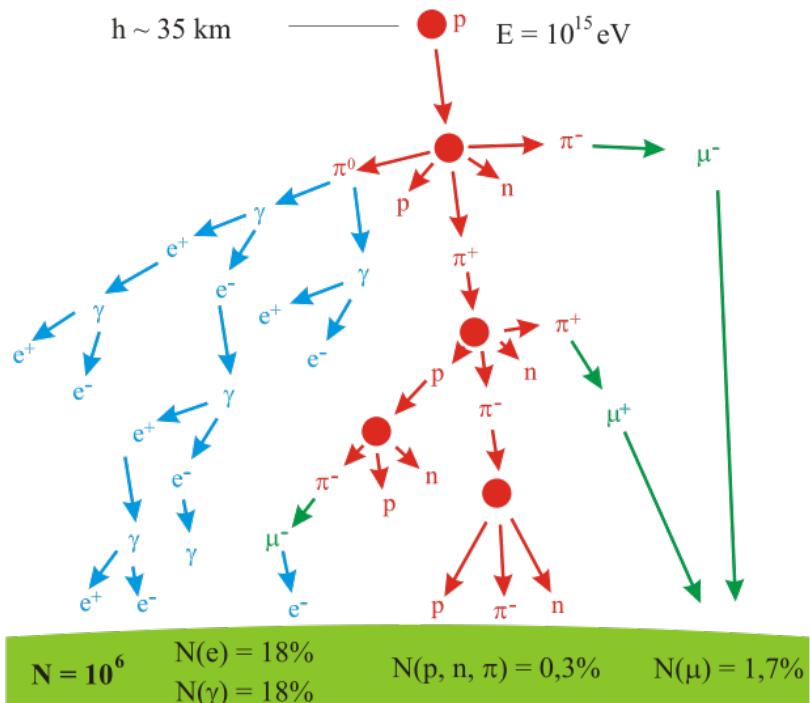
**90% C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>F<sub>4</sub> + 5% i-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub> + 5% SF<sub>6</sub>**

# Gas system description

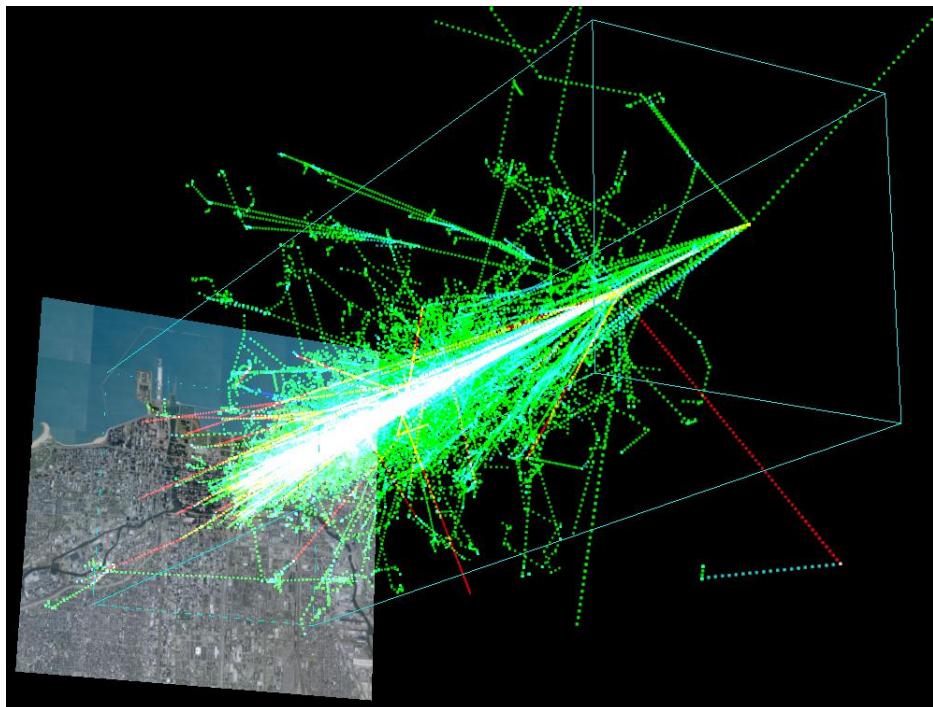


# Cosmic Ray Detector – Goals

## PRIMARY PARTICLE

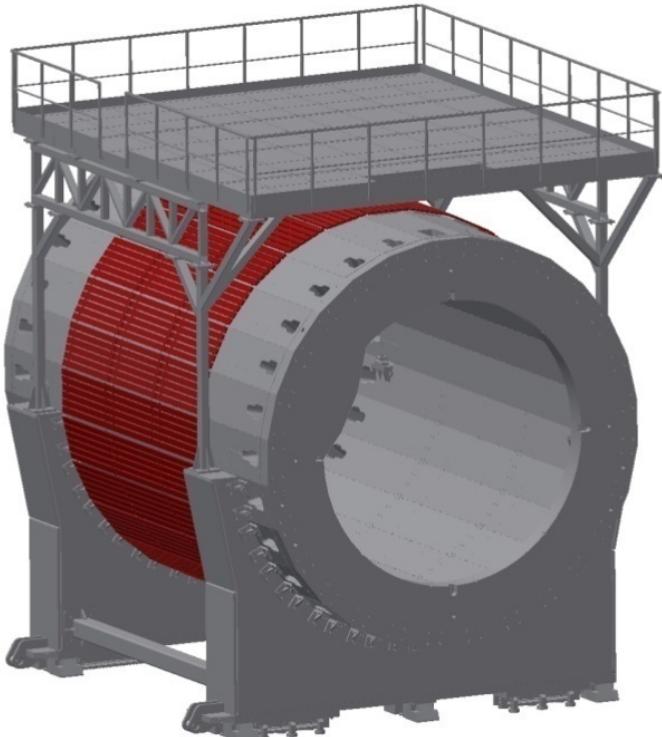
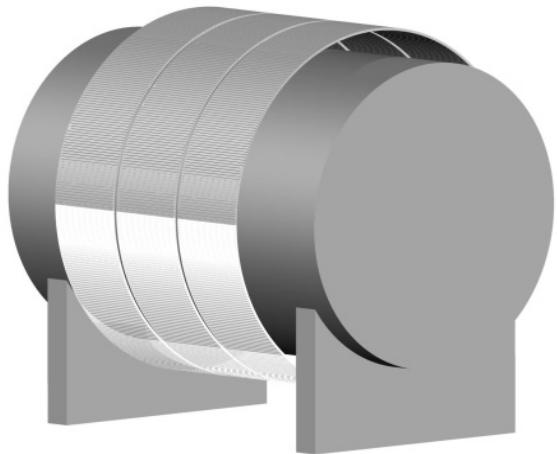
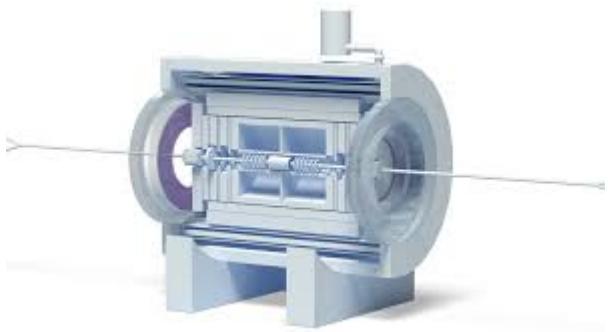


## GROUND LEVEL



Cosmic ray air shower created by a 1TeV proton hitting the atmosphere 20 km above the Earth. The shower was simulated using the [AIRES](#) package.

# MPD Cosmic Ray Detector (MCORD) - proposition



Single surface on full circumference  
Scintillator slabs read out by SiMP modules (both ends)

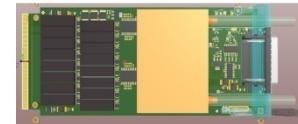
# MCORD - MicroTCA configuration



Standard MTCA crate  
5 or 12 AMC modules  
Crate number depends on channel count and sampling speed

At 250MS/s: 192 channels / crate  
At 125MS/s: 384 channels / crate  
At 80MS/s: 576 channels / crate  
At 50MS/s: 768 channels / crate

Analog Front-End module



FPGA mezzanine card (FMC)



AMC FMC carrier board



MTCA Carrier Hub



**For several MTCAs one main MCH concentrates data from slave MHCs to generate final muon trigger**

# Exemplary Collaboration



- JINR Directorate at WUT
- WUT visits at JINR

# “Team for the future of NICA”

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- Student internship program co-financed by JINR and WUT attracting young dedicated staff to the NICA project (more than 30 participants in 2017 and 2018, more planned)