

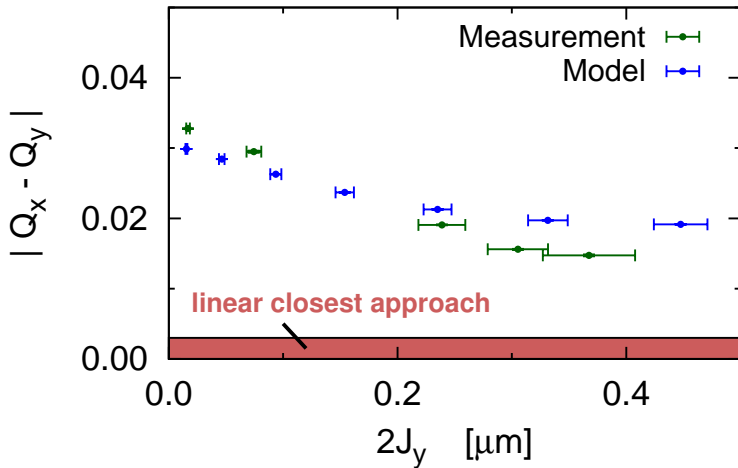
## MD3317: Alternative techniques to measure amplitude dependent closest tune approach

Ewen H. Maclean  
on behalf of the OMC team



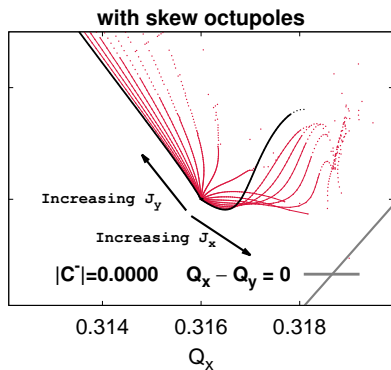
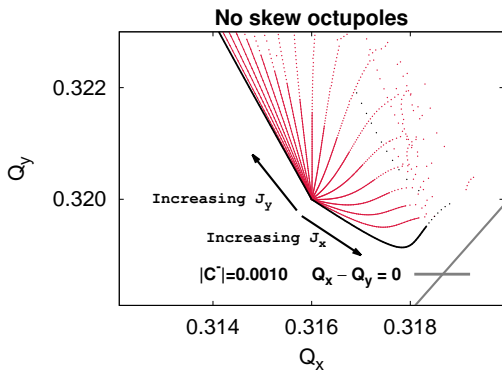
2012: observe saturation of Q-split vs  $J$  far above linear  $\Delta Q_{min}$

→ Interpret as an **Amplitude Dependent Closest Tune Approach**



Generated by  $(a_2 + b_4)$  and  $(a_4 + b_4)$

→ **Potential for large distortion of tune-footprint**



So far (MD in 2012/2016/2017) studied via saturation of tune-split during amplitude detuning measurements

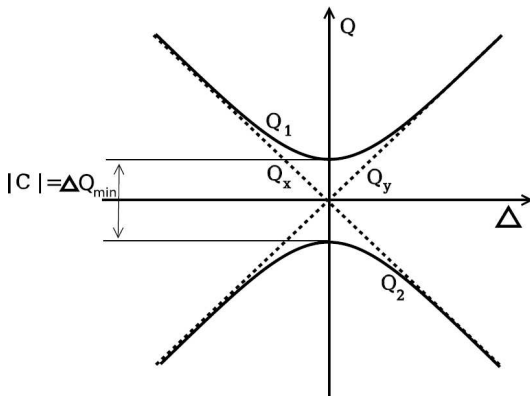
- Directly observing effect of ADECTA on side of Q-footprint approaching the coupling resonance

**Some limitations from detuning-based measurement:**

- Can't test mechanisms in absence of octupoles
- Can only test mechanism with  $J_{x,y}$  driving beams towards the coupling resonance
- Needs repeated kicks with MKA so impossible at top energy

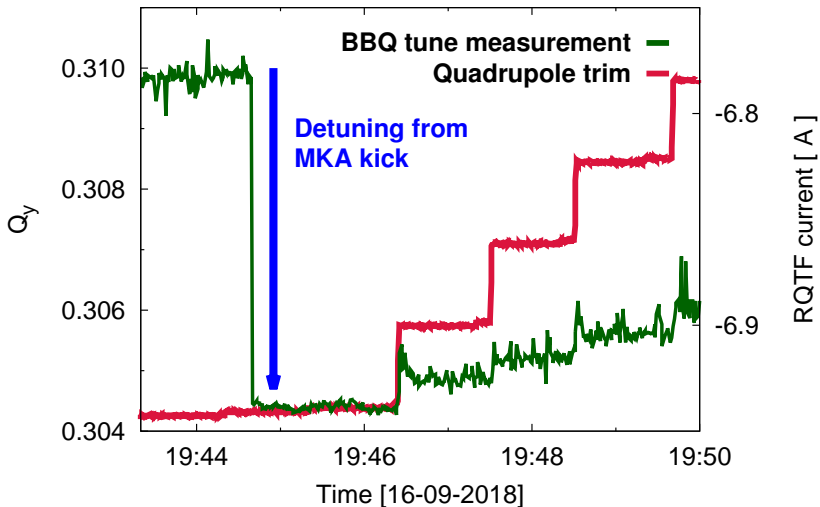
Need additional methods to measure ADECTA

Classical linear coupling measurement measures  $\Delta Q_{min}$  by using quad trim to try and force tunes to the  $Q_x - Q_y$  resonance

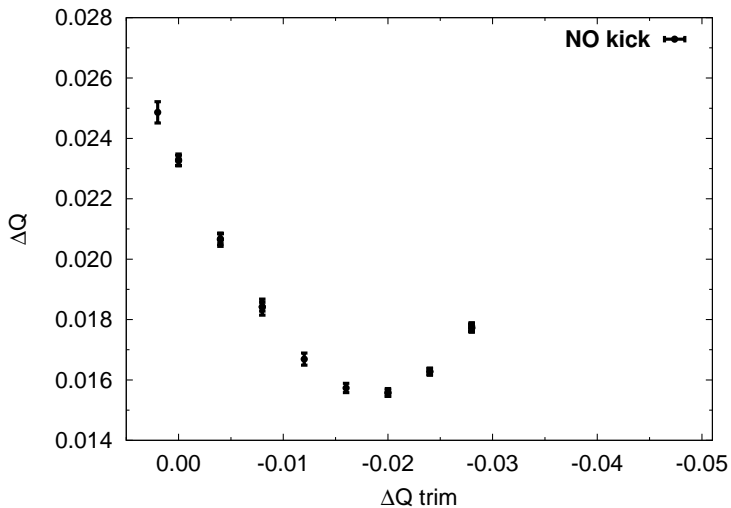


Try classical  $\Delta Q_{min}$  measurement, but having first kicked beams with MKA (closest approach of a phase space doughnut)

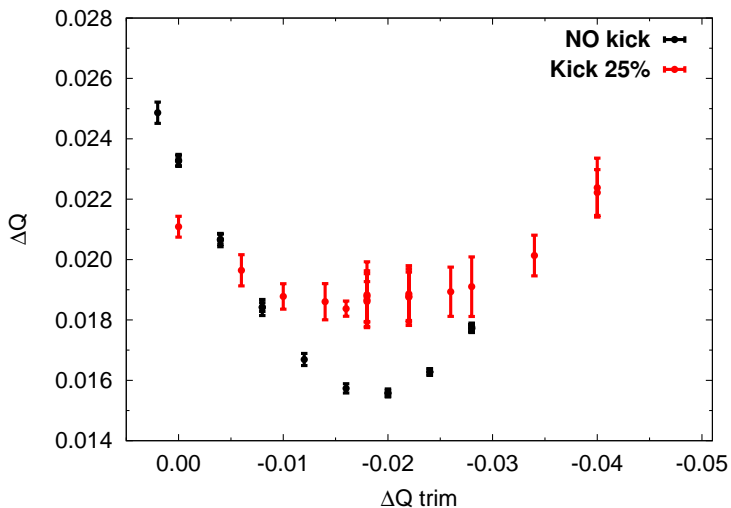
## Can observe amplitude detuning and tune scan of kicked beam in BBQ data



## Trim QH\_TRIM and QV\_TRIM knobs to try and force tunes to same value

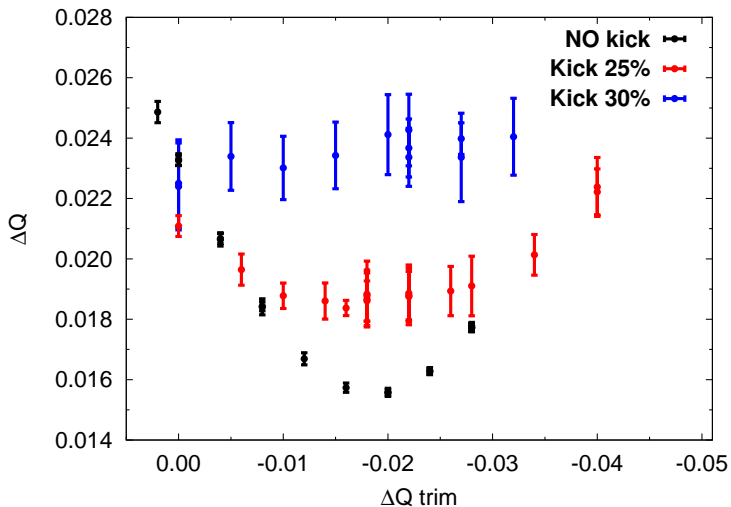


With diagonal kick of 25% MKA powering see increased closest approach

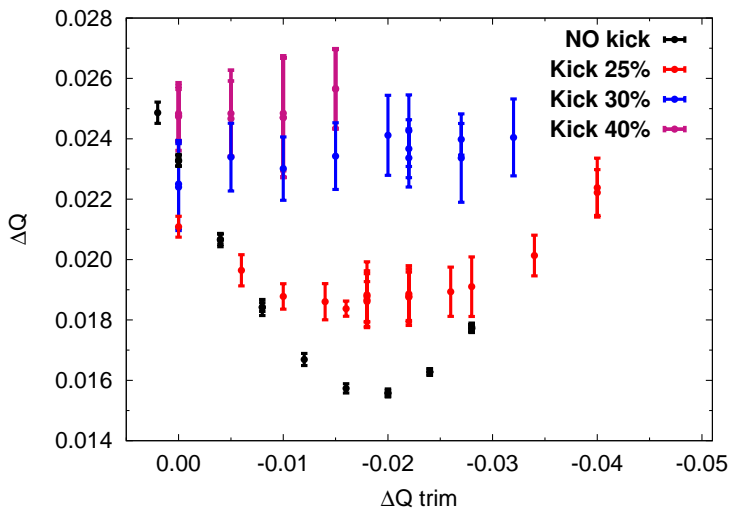




## Beams are fully coupled above 30% MKA kick

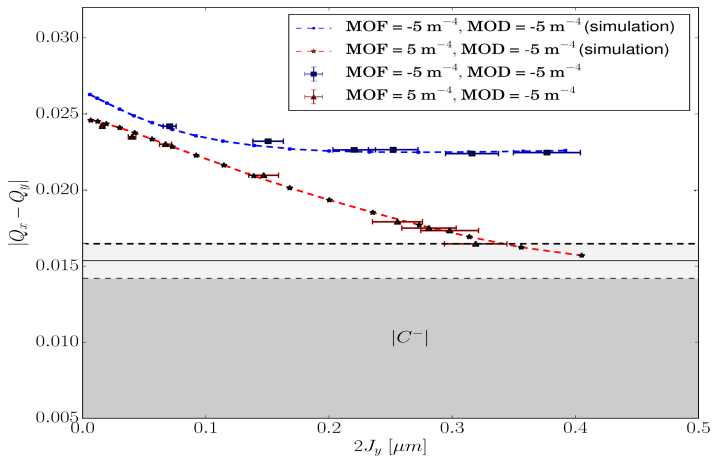


## Amplitude dependence of closest tune approach observed for diagonal kicks



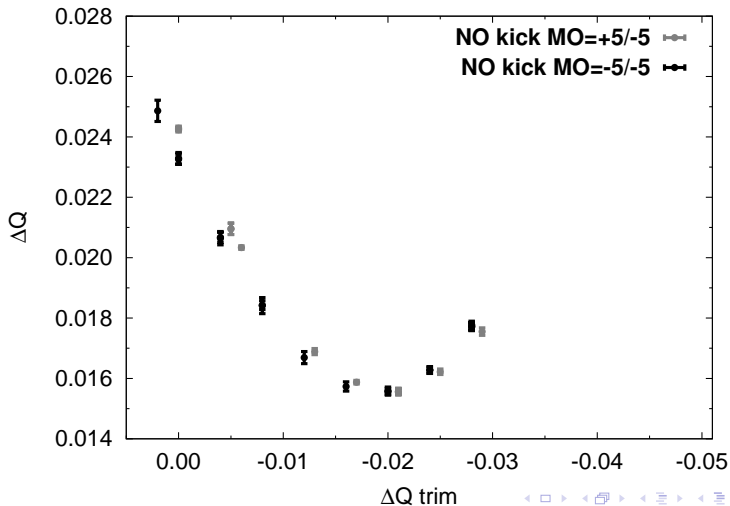
## Powering MO with opposite strength should suppress ADECTA

→ Observed in 2016 MD via saturation of amplitude detuning



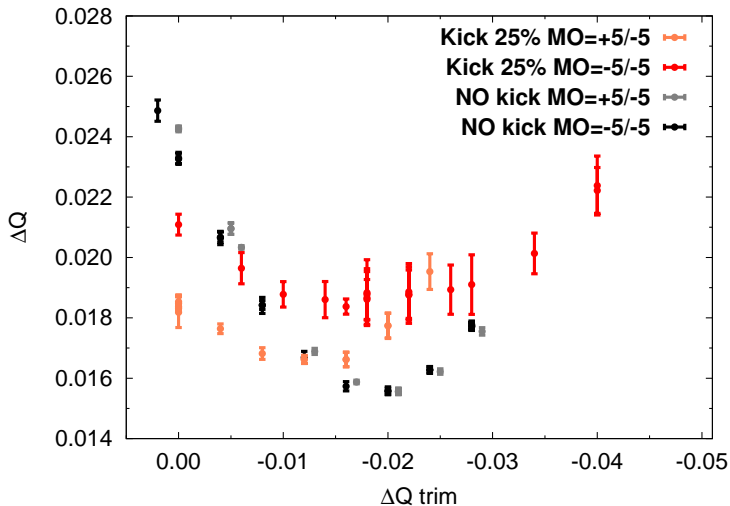
## Powering MOF/D with opposite strength should suppress ADECTA

→ Checked that linear closest approach unchanged for new MO settings



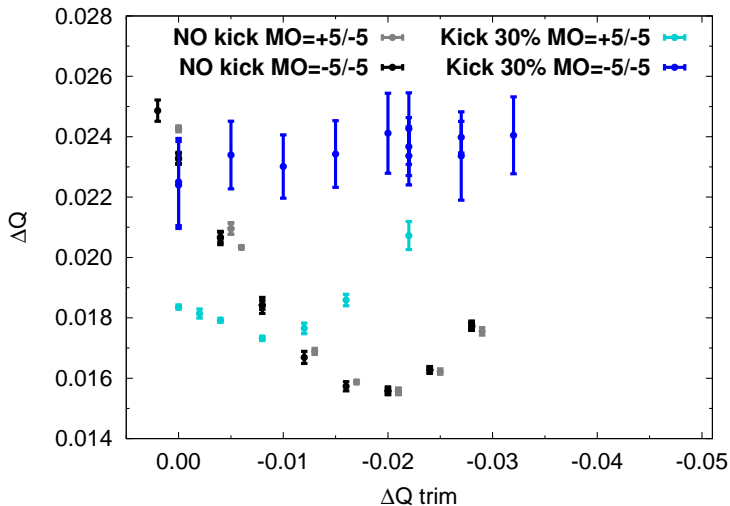
## Powering MO with opposite strength should suppress ADECTA

→ **ADECTA significantly reduced with opposite MOF/D polarity**



## Powering MO with opposite strength should suppress ADECTA

→ **ADECTA significantly reduced with opposite MOF/D polarity**



## Very happy with outcome of MD:

- Demonstrated alternative method to measure ADECTA
- Observed explicit amplitude dependence for first time
- Replicated observation of suppression via MO powering with new observable