

Soft-gluon corrections for single top quark production in association with electroweak bosons

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Effective Lagrangian and soft corrections

- Effective Lagrangian

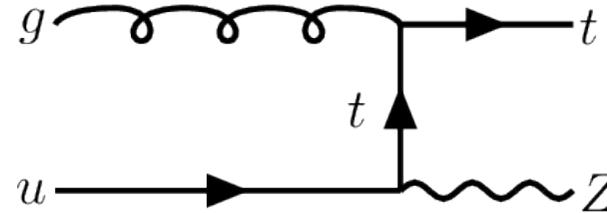
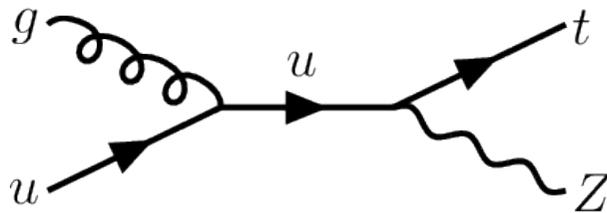
$$\Delta\mathcal{L}^{eff} = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \kappa_{tqA} e \bar{t} \sigma_{\mu\nu} q F_A^{\mu\nu} + h.c.$$

- Anomalous coupling- forbidden in SM without additional particles
- Corrections take the form of logarithmic “plus” distributions of a threshold variable, $s_4 = s + t + u - m_t^2 - m_A^2$.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^{s_{4max}} ds_4 \left[\frac{\ln^k(s_4/m^2)}{s_4} \right]_+ f(s_4), \quad k \leq 2n - 1 \\ &= \int_0^{s_{4max}} ds_4 \frac{\ln^k(s_4/m^2)}{s_4} [f(s_4) - f(0)] + \frac{1}{k+1} \ln^{k+1} \left(\frac{s_{4max}}{m^2} \right) f(0) \end{aligned}$$

$gq \rightarrow tZ$

- Tree-level Feynman diagrams



- Leading order cross section

$$\frac{d^2 \hat{\sigma}_{gq \rightarrow tZ}}{dt du} = F_{LO}^{gq \rightarrow tZ} \delta(s_4)$$

$$F_{LO}^{gq \rightarrow tZ} = \frac{e^2 \alpha_s \kappa_{tqZ}^2}{6s^3 (m_t^2 - t)^2} \left\{ 2m_t^6 - m_t^4 (3m_Z^2 + 4s + 2t) \right. \\ + m_t^2 [2m_Z^4 - m_Z^2 (2s + t) + 2(s^2 + 4st + t^2)] \\ + 2m_Z^6 - 4m_Z^4 t + m_Z^2 (s + t)(s + 5t) - 2t(3s^2 + 6st + t^2) \\ \left. - \frac{t}{m_t^2} [2m_Z^6 - 2m_Z^4 (s + t) + m_Z^2 (s + t)^2 - 4st(s + t)] \right\}$$

$gq \rightarrow tZ$

- **NLO-NLL corrections**

$$\frac{d^2 \hat{\sigma}_{gq \rightarrow tZ}^{(1)}}{dt du} = F_{LO}^{gq \rightarrow tZ} \frac{\alpha_s(\mu_R^2)}{\pi} \left\{ c_3 \left[\frac{\ln(s_4/m^2)}{s_4} \right]_+ + c_2 \left[\frac{1}{s_4} \right]_+ + c_1 \delta(s_4) \right\},$$

where

$$c_3 = 2(C_F + C_A)$$

$$c_2 = 2C_F \ln \left(\frac{u - m_t^2}{t - m_Z^2} \right) - C_F + C_A \ln \left(\frac{t - m_t^2}{u - m_t^2} \right) + C_A \ln \left(\frac{sm_t^2}{(u - m_Z^2)^2} \right) - (C_F + C_A) \ln \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{m_t^2} \right)$$

$$c_1 = \left[C_F \ln \left(\frac{-t + m_Z^2}{m_t^2} \right) + C_A \ln \left(\frac{-u + m_Z^2}{m_t^2} \right) - \frac{3}{4} C_F \right] \ln \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{m_t^2} \right) - \frac{\beta_0}{4} \ln \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{\mu_R^2} \right).$$

- $C_F = \frac{4}{3}$ and $C_A = 3$ are color factors, and $\beta_0 = \frac{1}{3}(11C_A - 2n_f)$

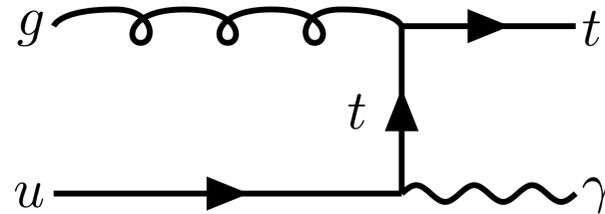
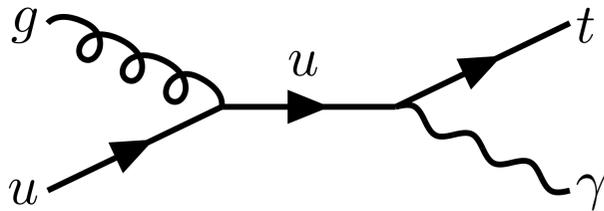
$gq \rightarrow tZ$

- NNLO-NLL corrections

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{d^2 \hat{\sigma}_{gq \rightarrow tZ}^{(2)}}{dt du} &= F_{LO}^{gq \rightarrow tZ} \frac{\alpha_s^2(\mu_R^2)}{\pi^2} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} c_3^2 \left[\frac{\ln^3(s_4/m^2)}{s_4} \right]_+ + \left[\frac{3}{2} c_3 c_2 - \frac{\beta_0}{4} c_3 \right] \left[\frac{\ln^2(s_4/m^2)}{s_4} \right]_+ \right. \\
&+ \left[c_3 c_1 - (C_F + C_A)^2 \ln^2 \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{m_t^2} \right) - 2 (C_F + C_A) c_2 \ln \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{m_t^2} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. + \frac{\beta_0}{4} c_3 \ln \left(\frac{\mu_R^2}{m_t^2} \right) \right] \left[\frac{\ln(s_4/m^2)}{s_4} \right]_+ \right. \\
&+ \left[- (C_F + C_A) c_1 \ln \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{m_t^2} \right) - \frac{\beta_0}{4} (C_F + C_A) \ln \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{m_t^2} \right) \ln \left(\frac{\mu_R^2}{m_t^2} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. + (C_F + C_A) \frac{\beta_0}{8} \ln^2 \left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{m_t^2} \right) \right] \left[\frac{1}{s_4} \right]_+ \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$gq \rightarrow t\gamma$

- Tree-level Feynman diagrams



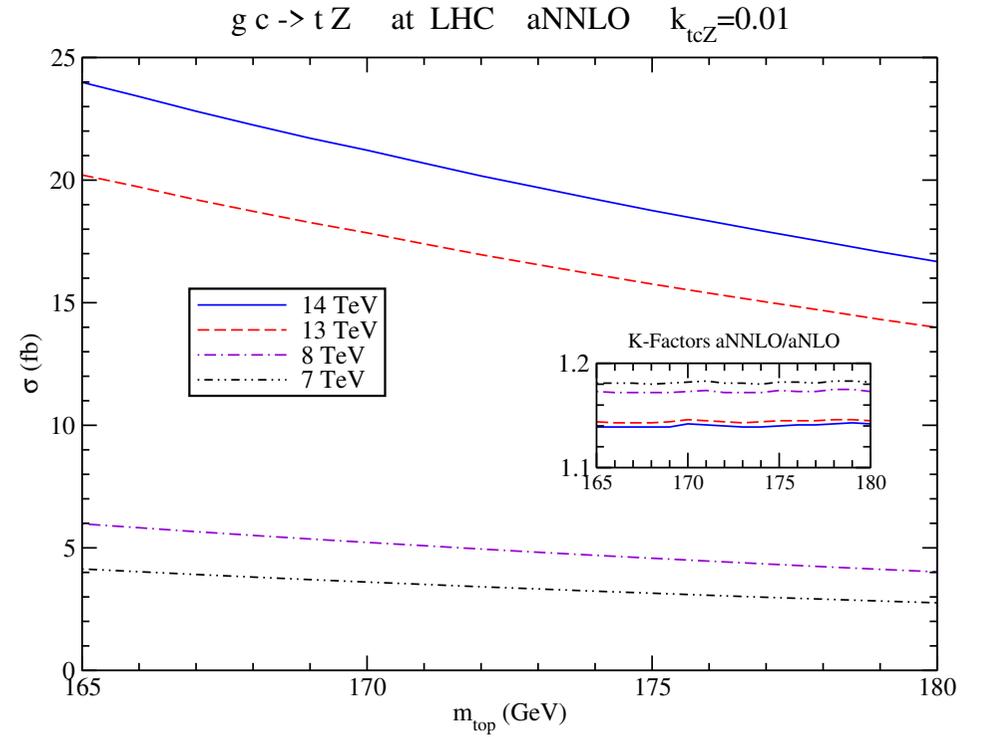
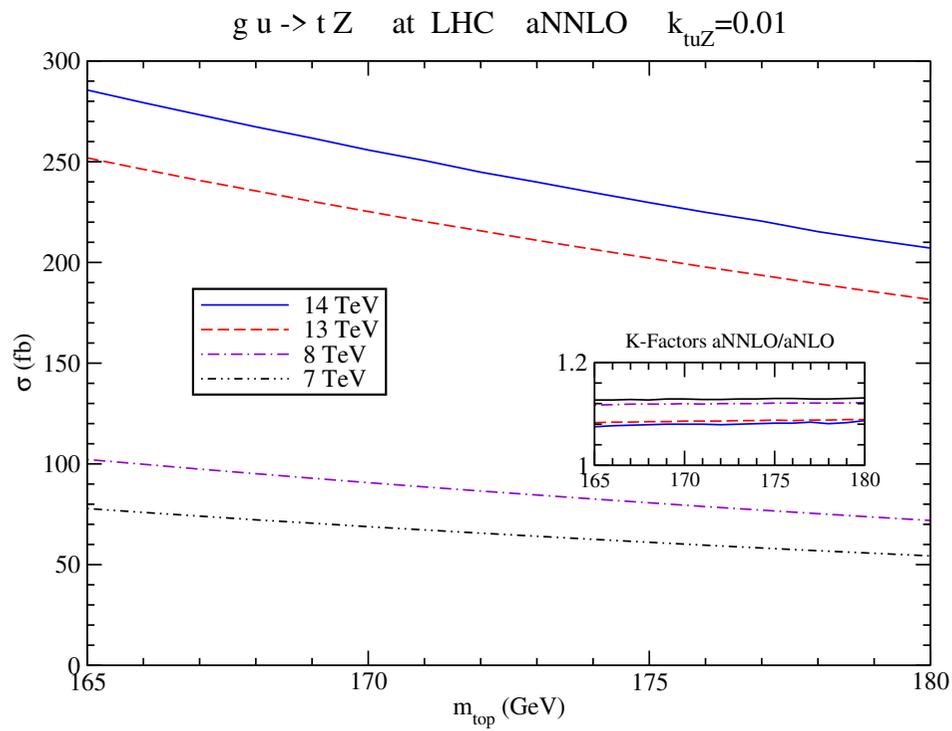
- Leading order cross section

$$\frac{d^2 \hat{\sigma}_{LO}^{gq \rightarrow t\gamma}}{dt du} = F_{LO}^{gq \rightarrow t\gamma} \delta(s_4)$$

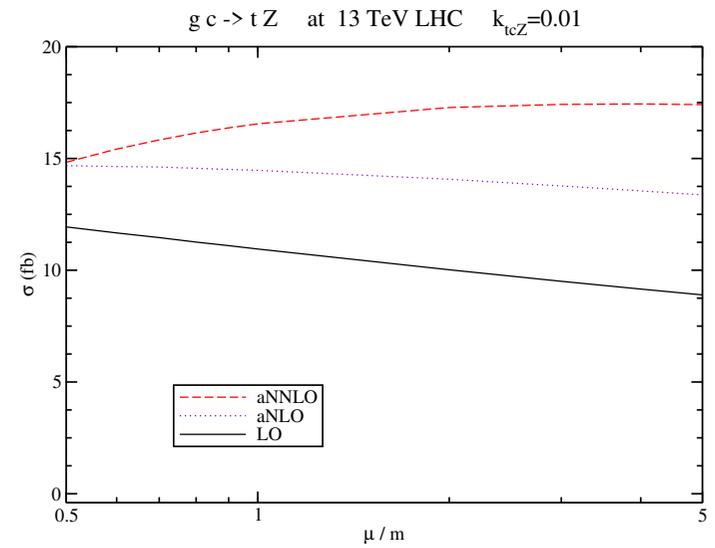
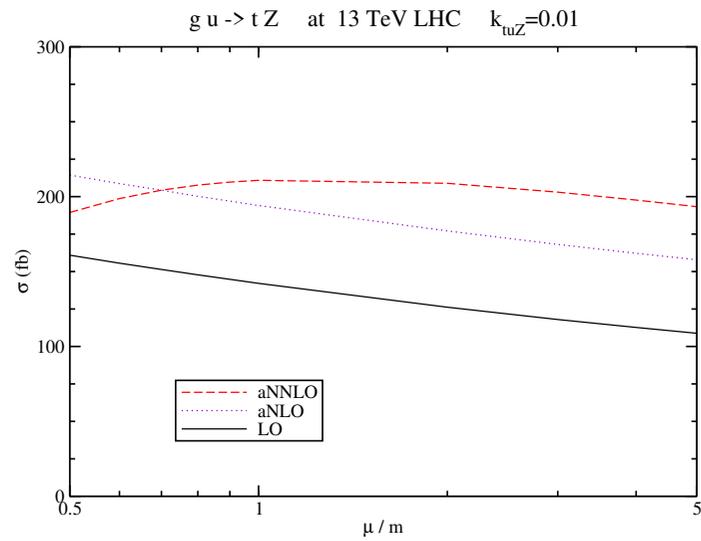
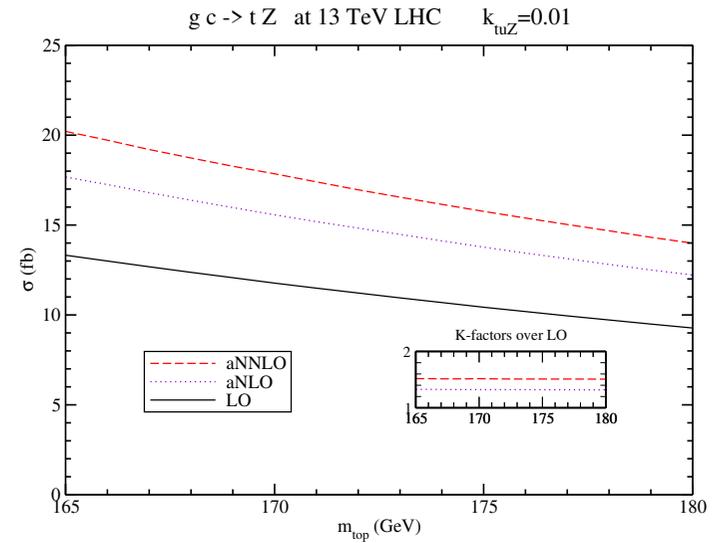
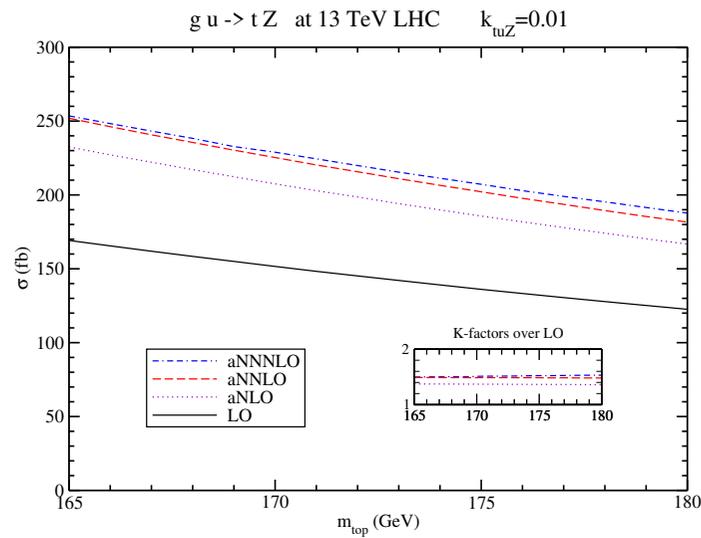
$$F_{LO}^{gq \rightarrow t\gamma} = \frac{e^2 \alpha_s \kappa_{tq\gamma}^2 (m_t^2 - s - t) [m_t^6 - m_t^4 s - 2st^2 + m_t^2 t(3s + t)]}{3m_t^2 s^3 (m_t^2 - t)^2}$$

- The NLO-NLL and NNLO-NLL corrections for $t\gamma$ production are analogous to those for tZ production, with $m_Z \rightarrow 0$ and the appropriate leading order expression.

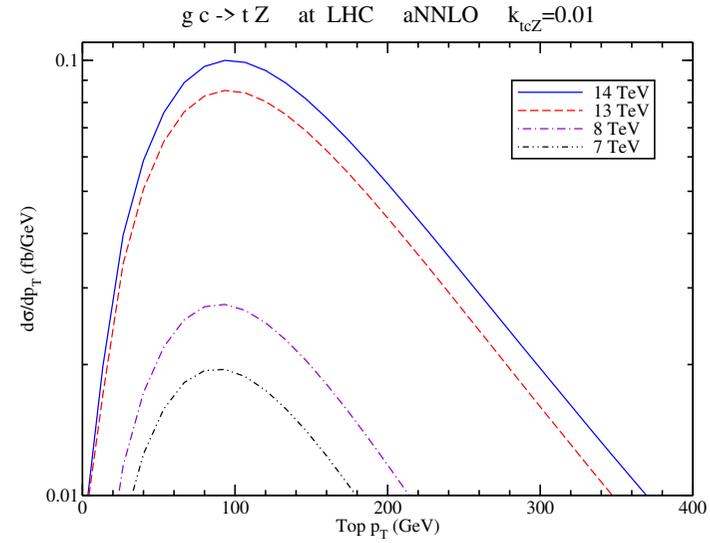
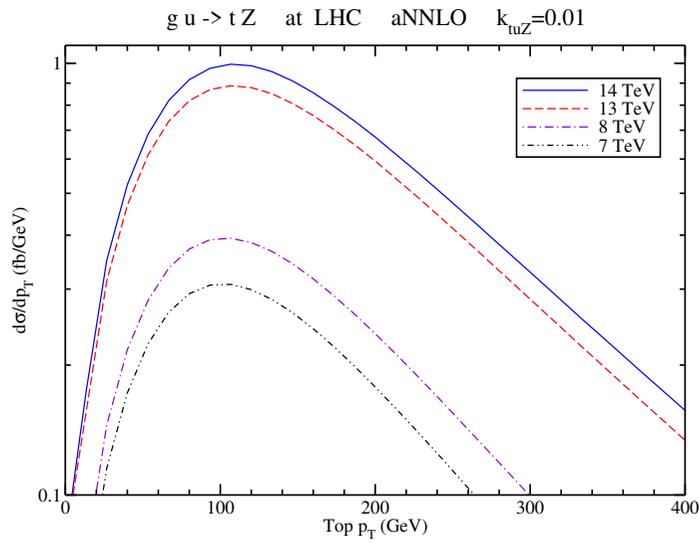
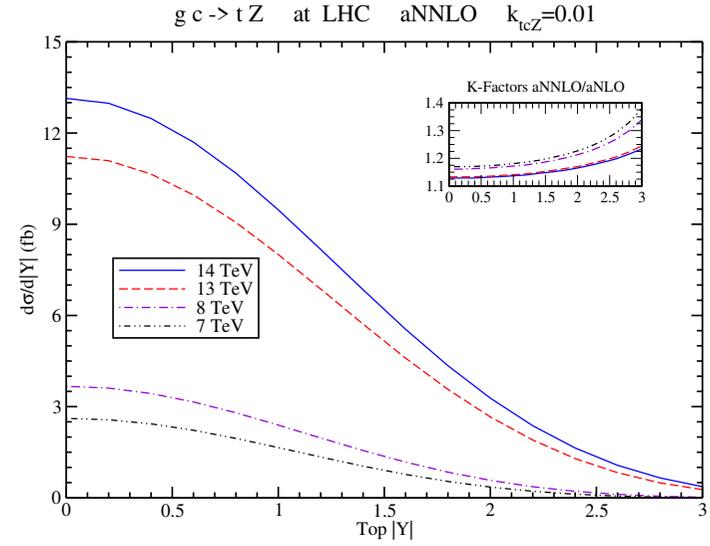
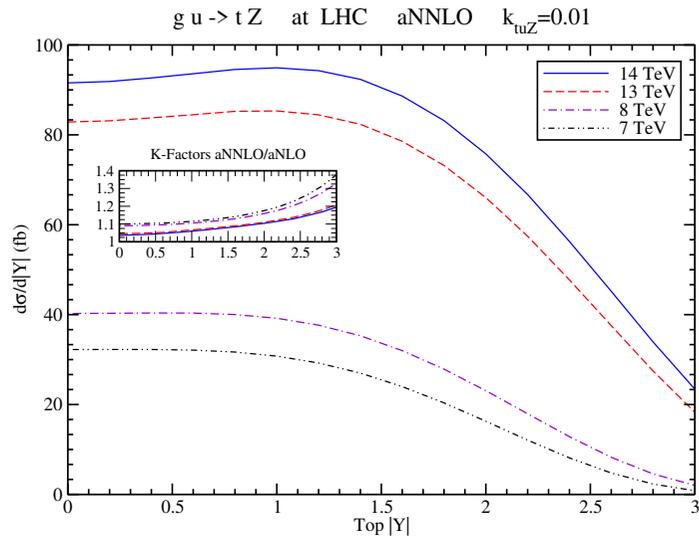
$gq \rightarrow tZ$ Total Cross Sections



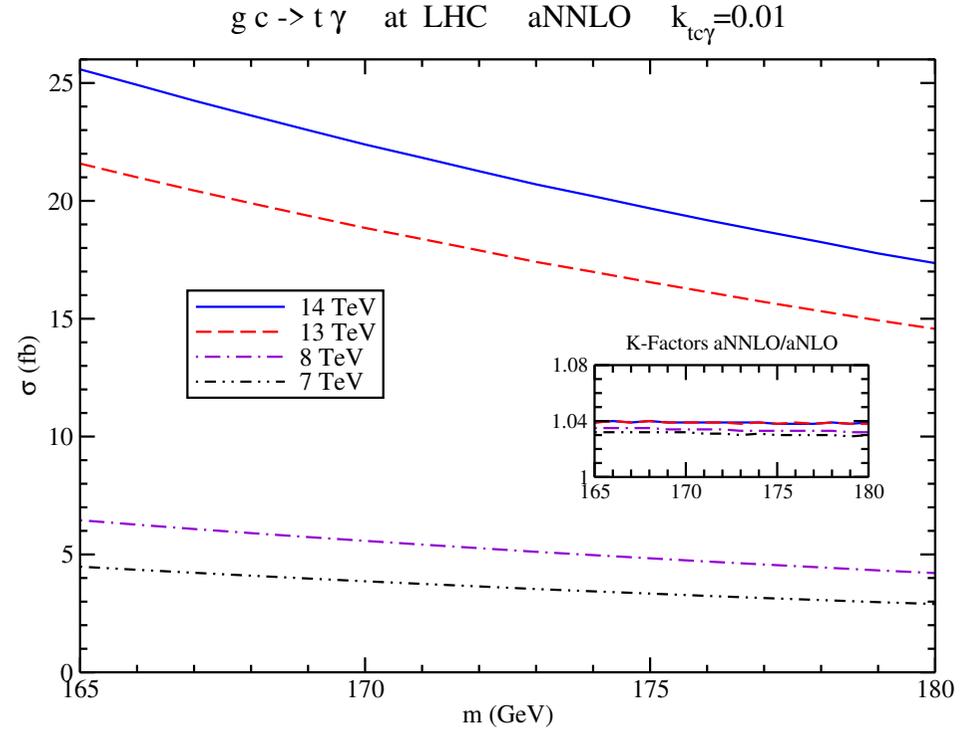
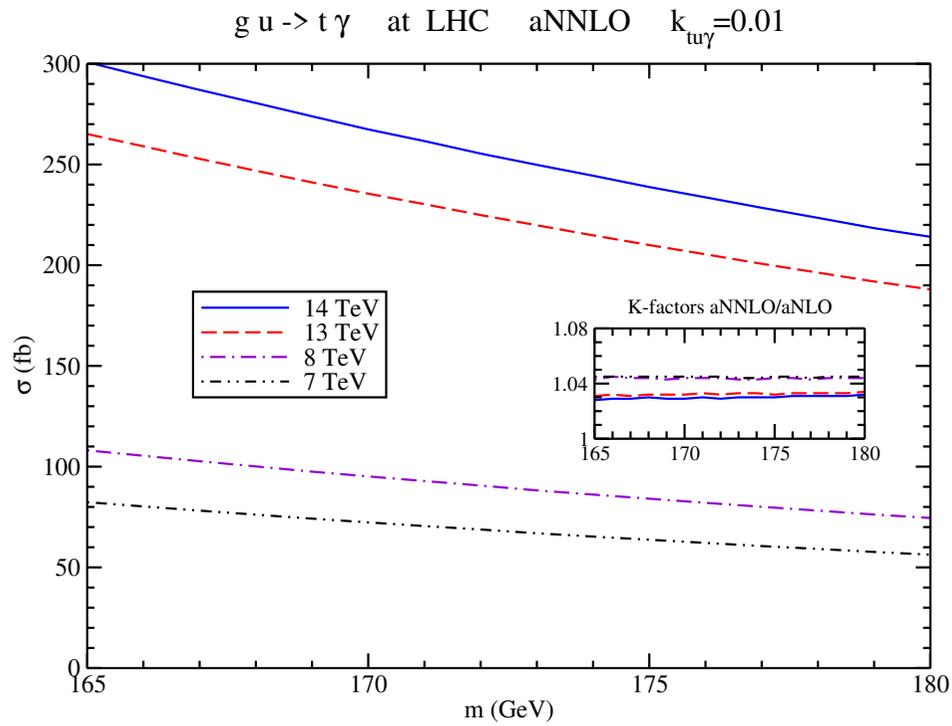
$gq \rightarrow tZ$ Total Cross Sections



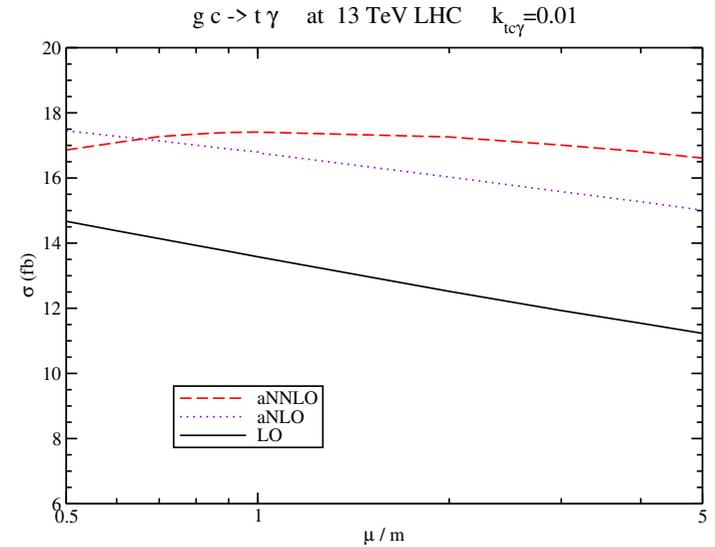
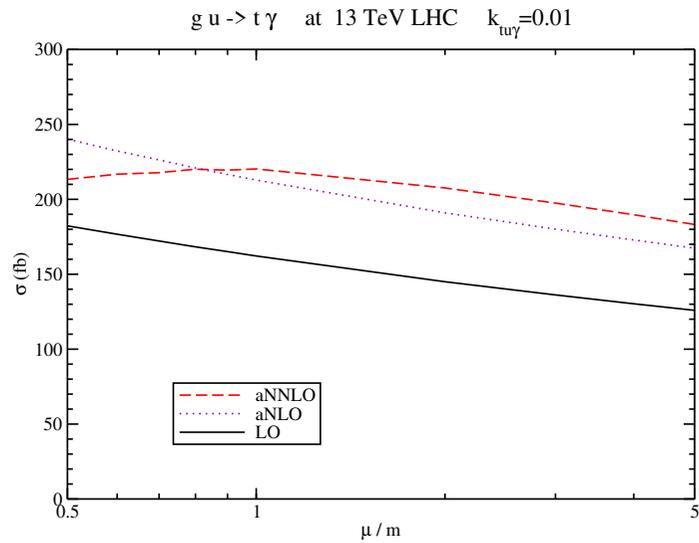
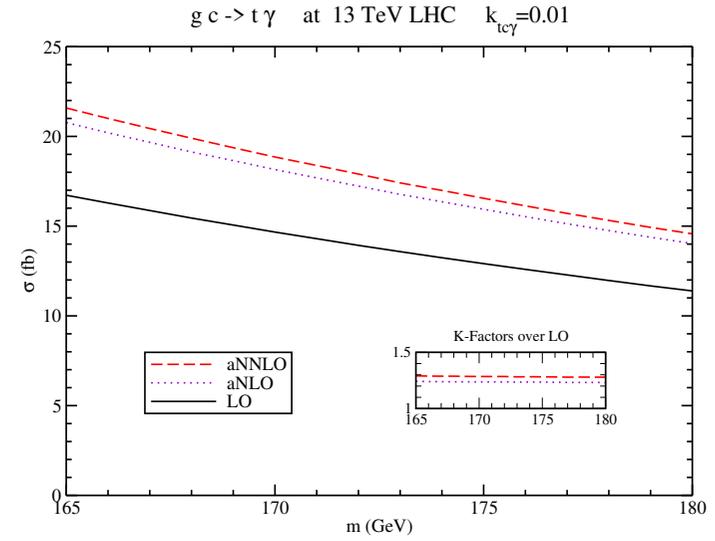
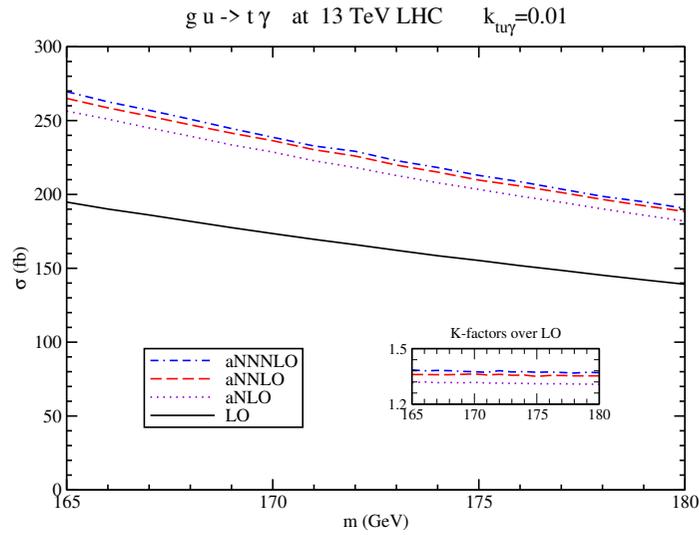
$gq \rightarrow tZ$ Differential Distributions



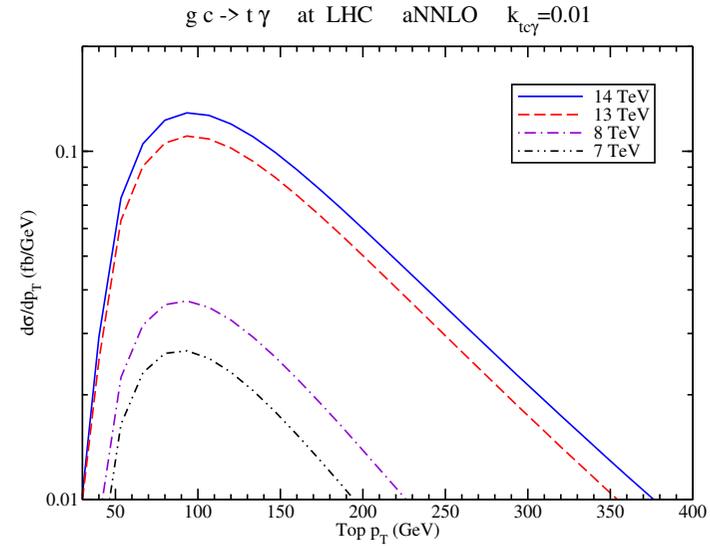
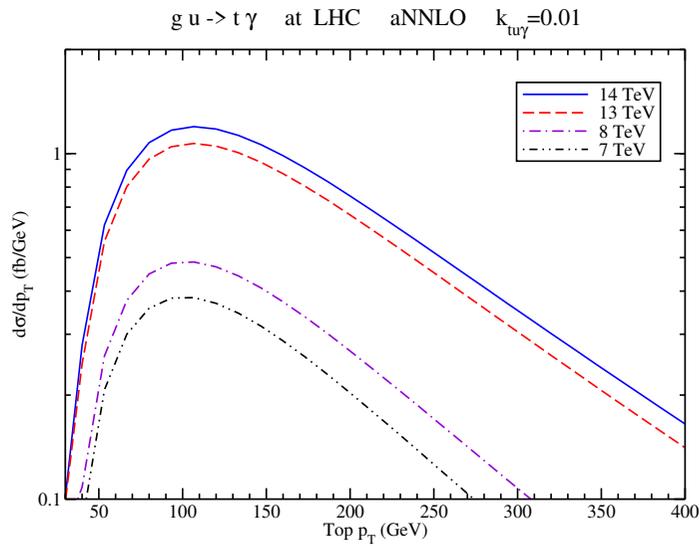
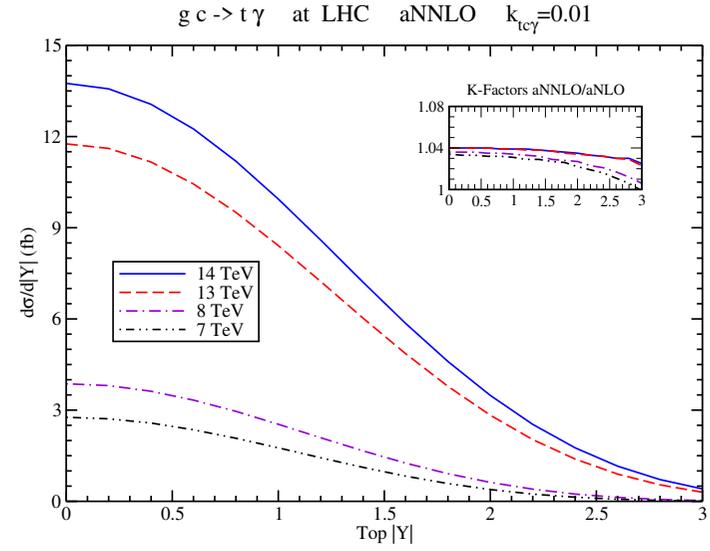
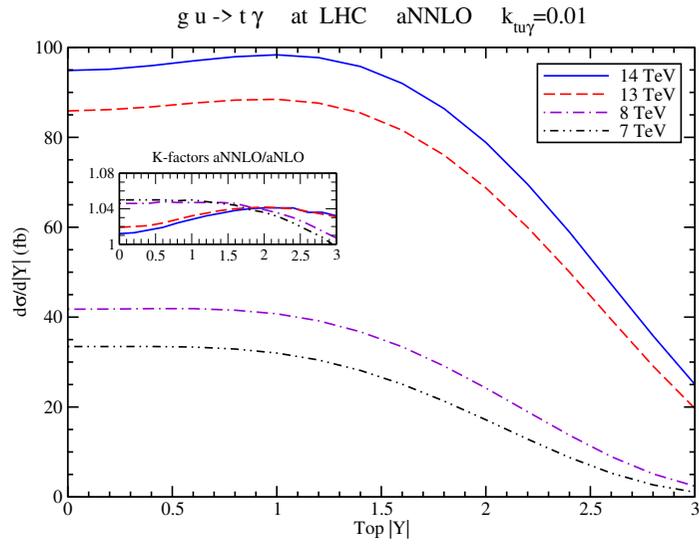
$gq \rightarrow t\gamma$ Total Cross Sections



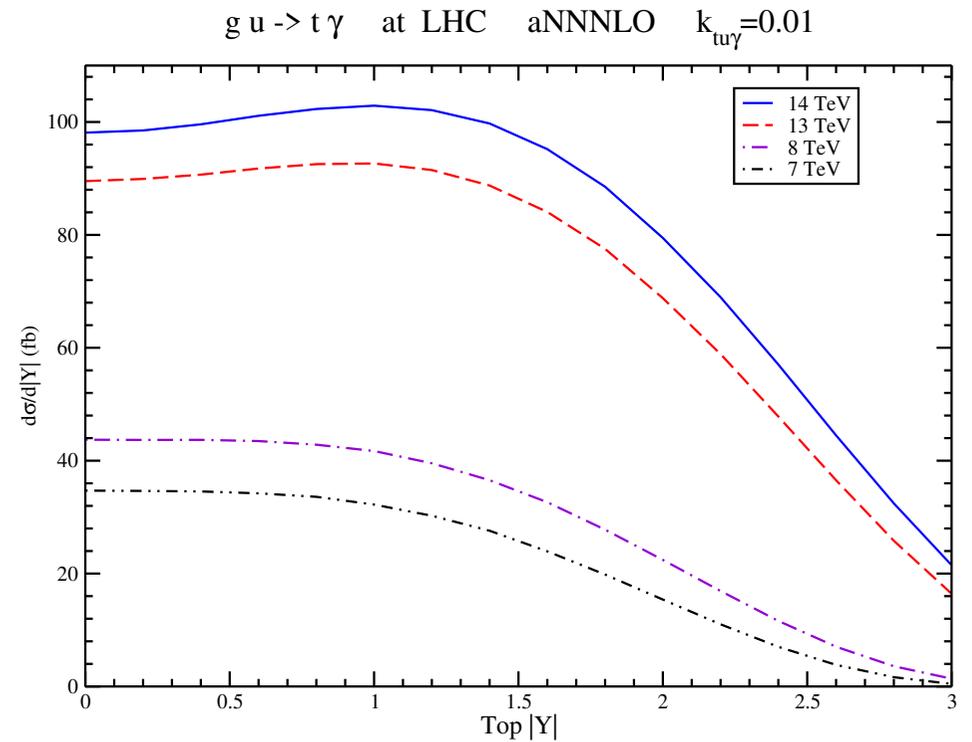
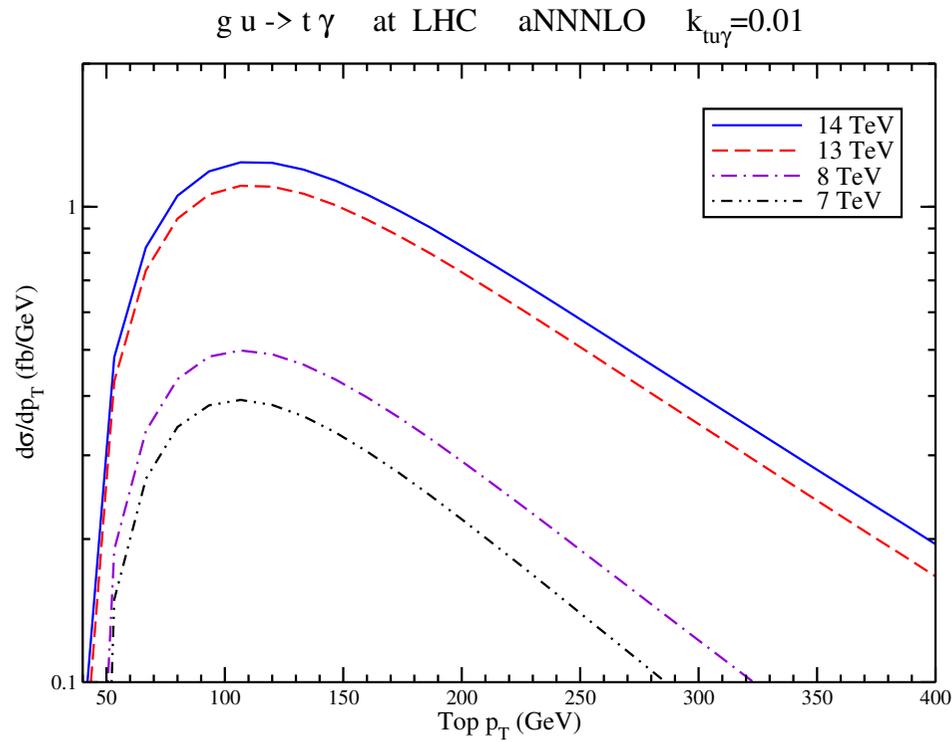
$gq \rightarrow t\gamma$ Total Cross Sections



$gq \rightarrow t\gamma$ Differential Distributions



$gu \rightarrow t\gamma$ aN³LO Differential Distributions



Future work

- With tZ and $t\gamma$ production, most $2 \rightarrow 2$ processes' soft gluon corrections have been computed to at least NLL accuracy.
- Logical next step is to extend results to $2 \rightarrow 3$ processes.
- For $2 \rightarrow 2$ corrections, take 2 particle phase space and change to 3 particle phase space, requiring an additional integration (s_4)
- For $2 \rightarrow 3$ processes, change to 4 particle phase space, requiring 3 additional integrations.
- Determining proper definitions of the invariants and for the threshold variable becomes challenging.
- Expression for LO cross section is also much more complicated, making results less numerically stable.

Summary

- Soft-gluon corrections take the form of logarithmic “plus” distributions
- Results are scale dependent- but scale uncertainty is less at aNNLO
- Soft gluon radiative corrections dominate full corrections
- NLO and NNLO corrections contribute significantly to the total cross section
- Future work will extend method to processes with three particle final states