



New Developments in Accelerators and Gantries for Particle Therapy

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ENLIGHT

Caen, July 3, 2019

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Synchrotron

Linac

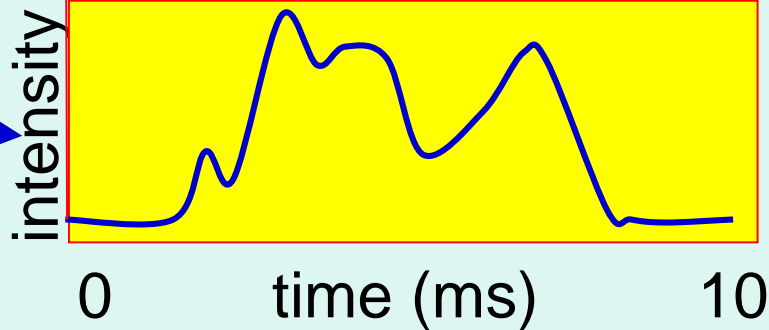
New Developments in
accelerators & gantrys

Lateral spread: Pencil beam scanning

Spot scanning: **step&shoot**

Continuous scanning

kHz-Intensity modulation



Continuous scanning:

Fast dose delivery

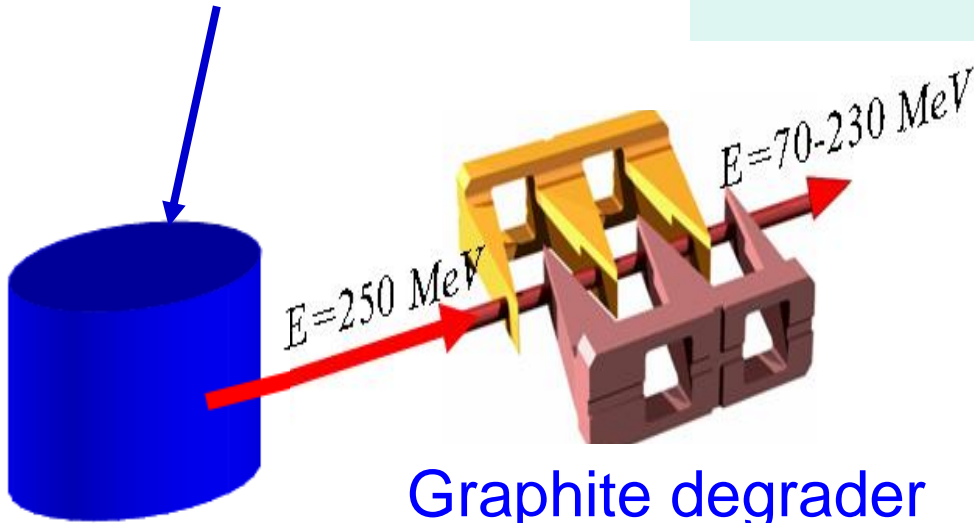
→ prevents motion effects

Dose delivery techniques: **Depth**

To vary energy at **Cyclotron**:

Decrease energy with degrader

230/250 MeV cyclotron



Graphite degrader

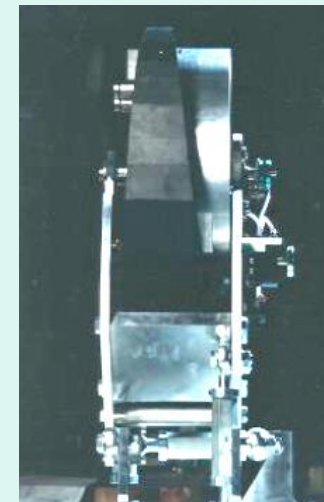
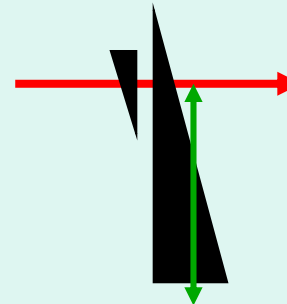
E-Steps →

$\Delta R \approx 5 \text{ mm}$

+ all following magnets:

1% field change

50-80 ms (PSI)



Synchrotron

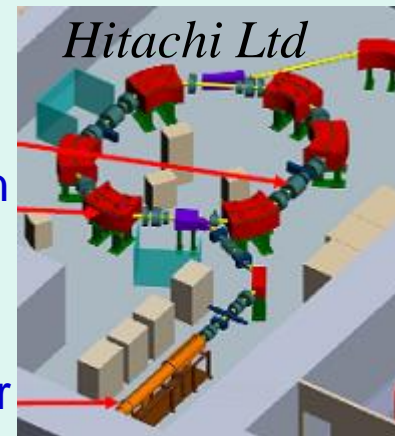
Protons only:

(\varnothing ~8 m)

synchrotron

Proton source

+ injector



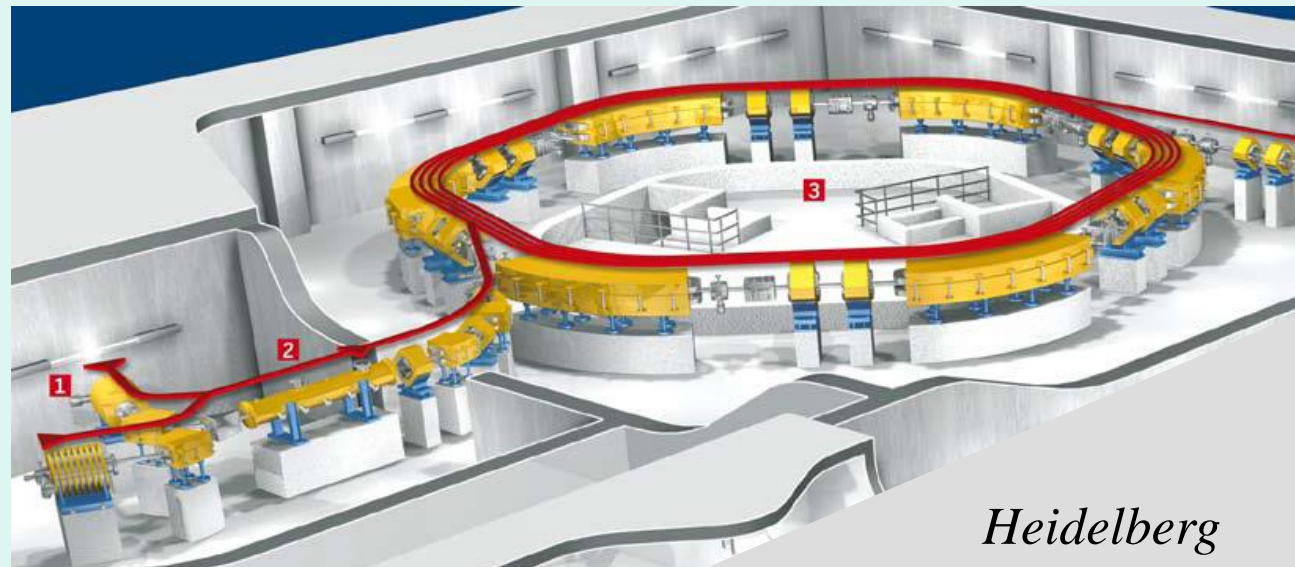
Extracted
beam

Ions (p-C-...):

(\varnothing ~25 m)

Several

Ion sources



Heidelberg

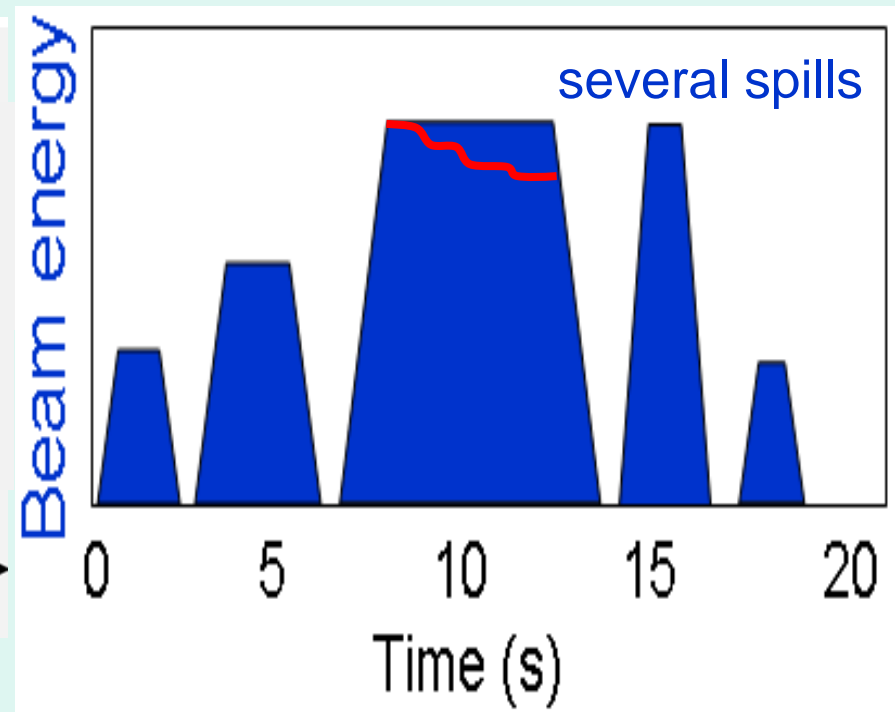
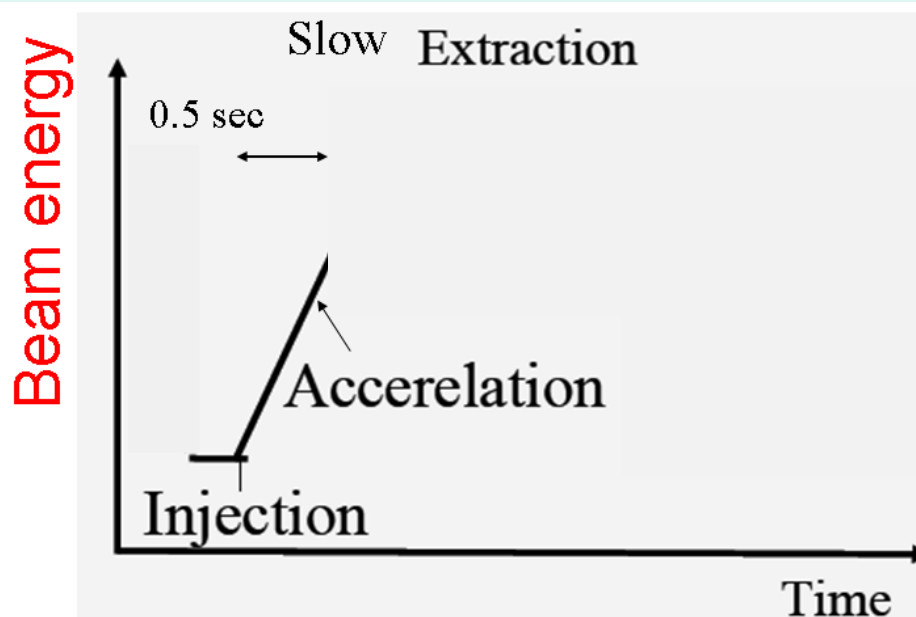
Set beam energy

Energy adjustable per spill

recent development:

Energy adjustable
during spill: Multi E

1 spill



NIRS: Y. Iwata et al., MOPEA008, Proc. IPAC'10

Compact synchrotron

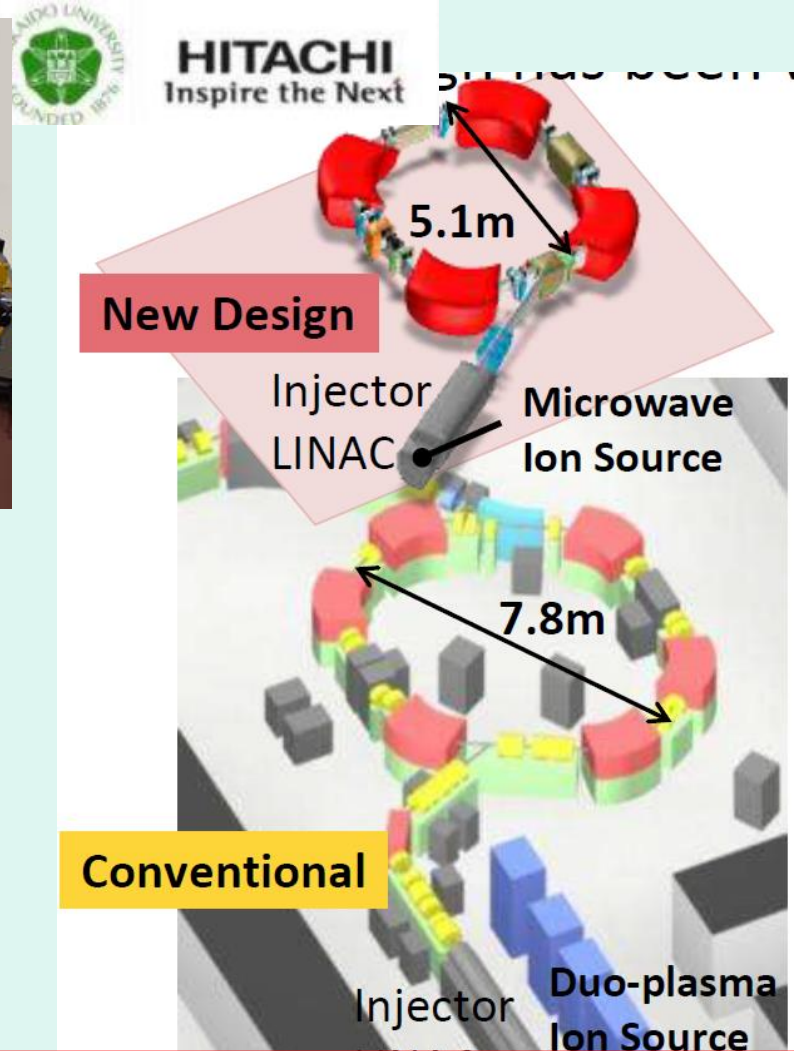

PROTOM


ProTom 330 MeV

Installed at:

2013 McLaren, Flint (Mi)

2019 MGH Boston (Ma)



- 220 MeV
- First facility in Hokkaido started 2013

Characteristics of Synchrotron

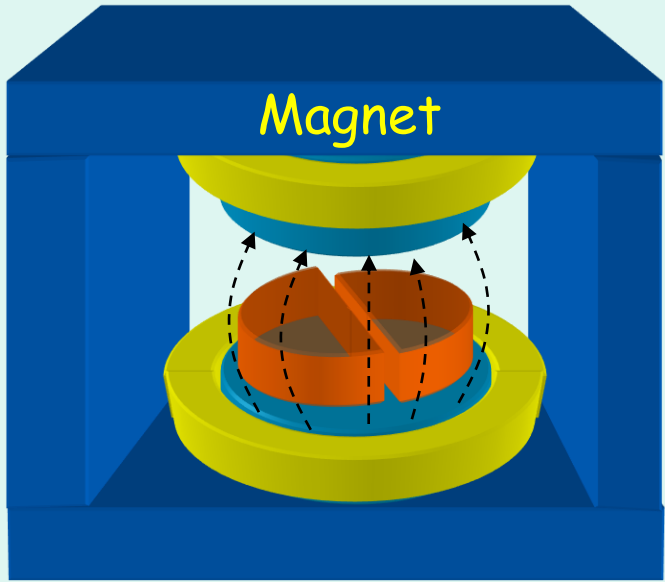
=> a synchrotron provides:

- ions (if designed for)
- adjustable energy per spill (recently: during spill)

Working on:

- increase average intensity (→ increase ring filling)
- reduce intensity noise (→ feed back to RF-knock Out)
- decrease footprint (→ layout + SC magnets)

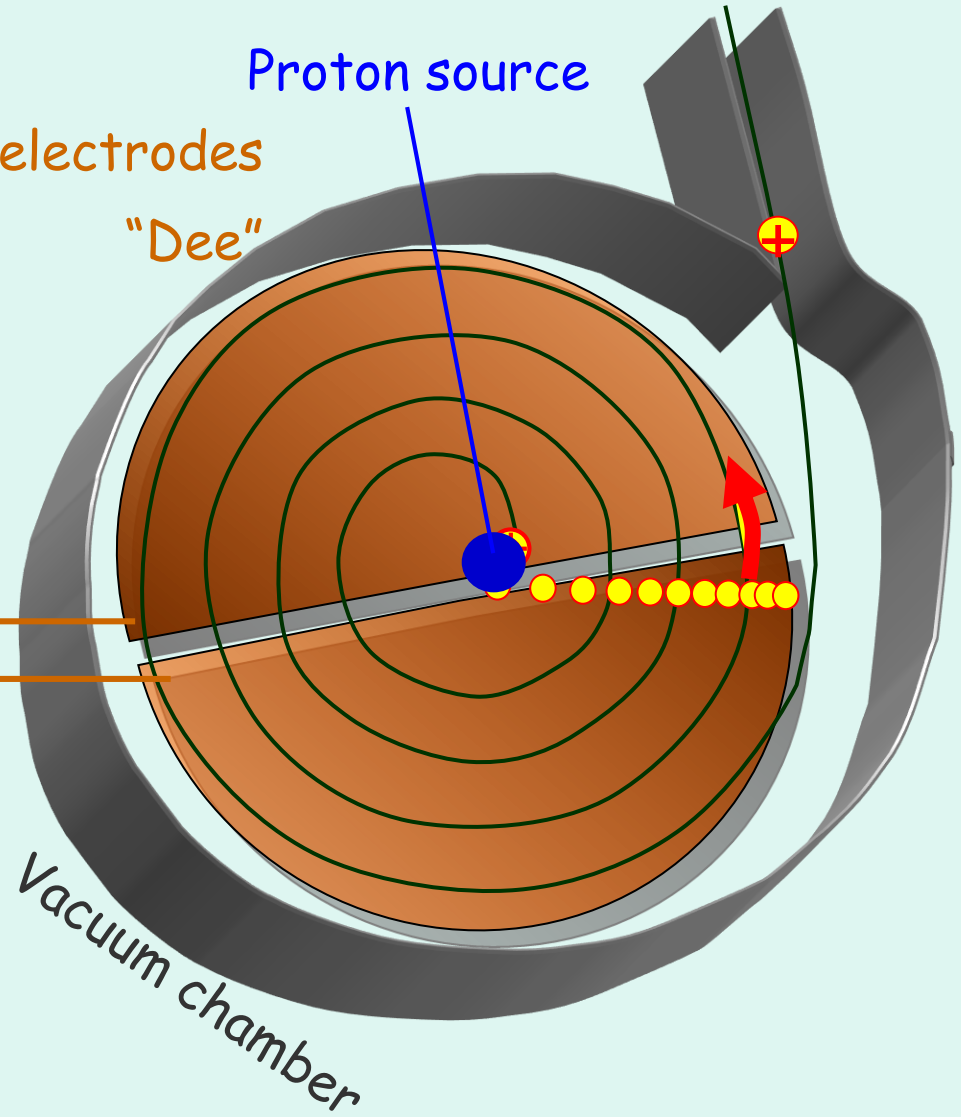
Cyclotron



Magnet

Proton source
RF electrodes
"Dee"

RF-Voltage "Vdee" 
RF frequency f



Vacuum chamber

$$T_{circle} = \frac{2\pi \cdot m}{q \cdot B}$$

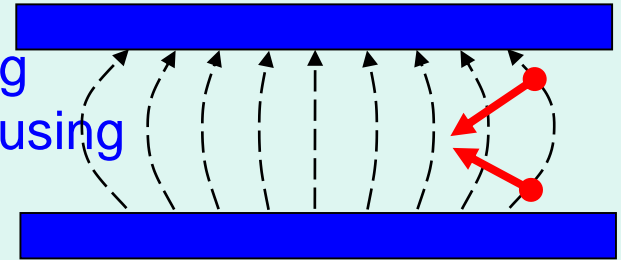
Small cyclotron: strong Magn.-field

However: at very strong magnetic fields:

Iron is saturated

→ no iron hills/valleys for vertical focusing

→ Use natural field shape for vertical focusing



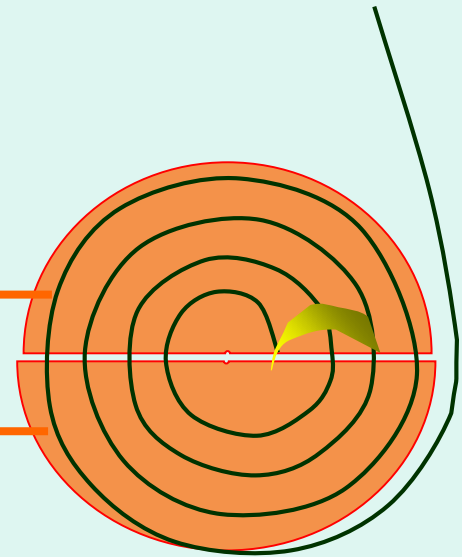
⇒ **BUT then...**

Magnetic field **decreases** with radius

$$\Rightarrow T_{circle} \uparrow$$

$$Freq = 1/T_{circle}$$

$$V_{dee} \sim$$



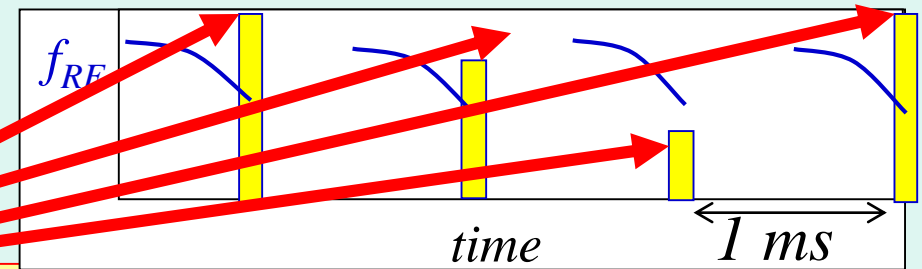
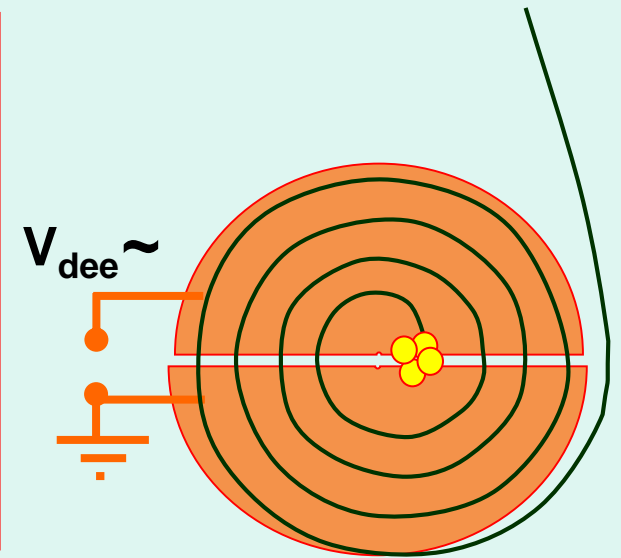
Synchro-Cyclotron

T_{circle} increases with radius.

Remedy: decrease f_{RF} as $f_{RF} = 1/T_{circle}$

= **synchronous** with radius
and extract

Repeat 100-1000/sec → PULSED beam



Each pulse: set intensity at source **within ms**

(=> typ 10-30% accuracy)

=> Spot scanning requires >2 pulses per spot.

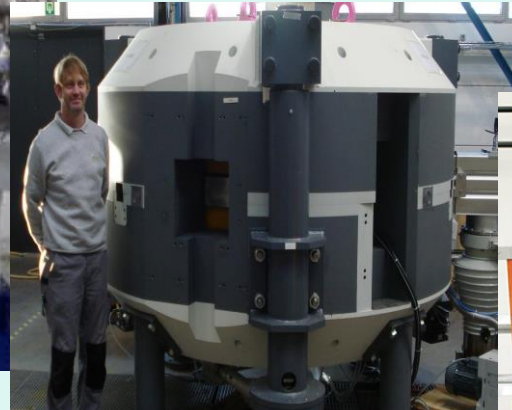
Cyclotrons for proton therapy



IBA (1996) , SHI
250 Tons
Isochronous
Cyclotron



Varian (2005)
90 Tons
Isochronous
Cyclotron



IBA (2018)
60 Tons
Synchrocyclotron



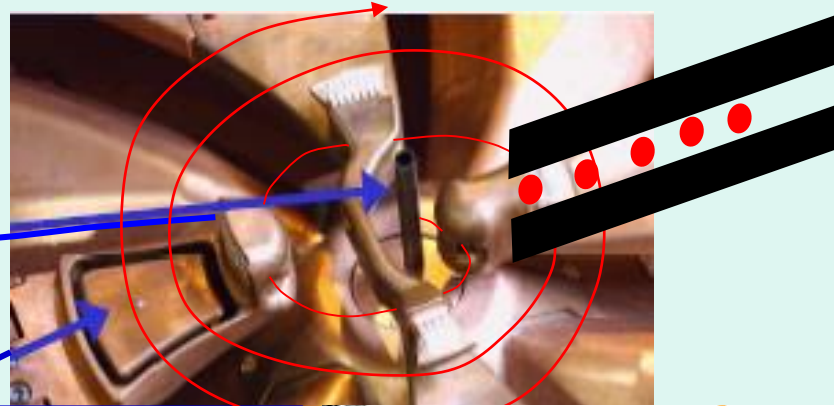
MEVION (2013)
15 Tons
Synchrocyclotron

Superconducting Coils

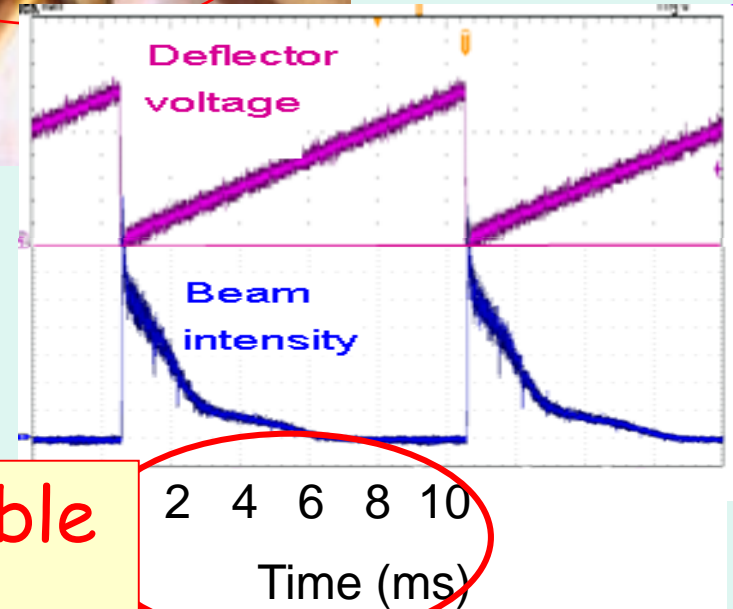


fast intensity control

Max. intensity set by:
proton source



Deflector plate:
sets intensity
- within 50 μs
- 3% accuracy



currently only possible
with a **cyclotron**

=> a cyclotron provides:

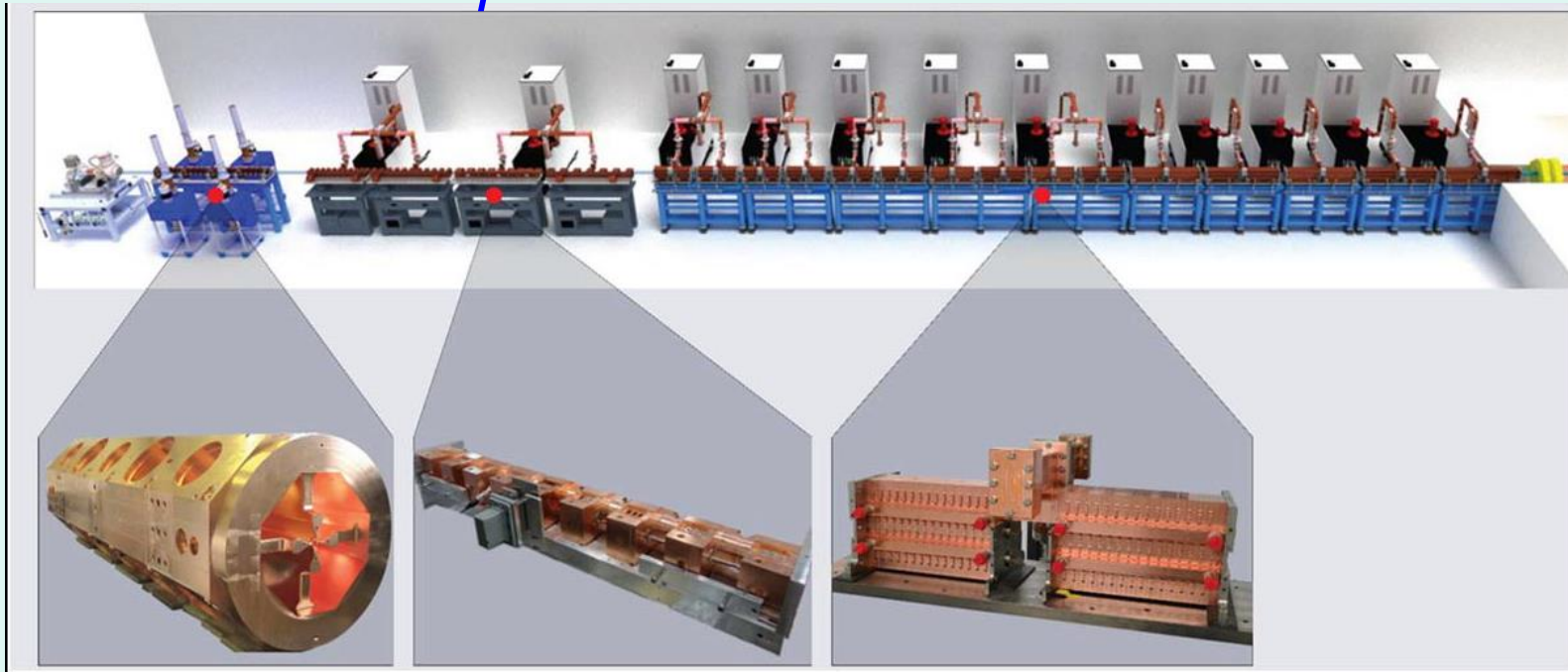
- continuous beam (but **synchrocycl: pulsed**)
- very fast and accurate intensity control
- fast E change with degrader and fast magnets
- small footprint

In development:

- higher dose rate
- smaller/ lighter /cheaper
- carbon ions

Linac 230 MeV

Spin-off from TERA and CERN:



RFQ
→ 5 MeV

Side Coupled
DTL → 37 MeV

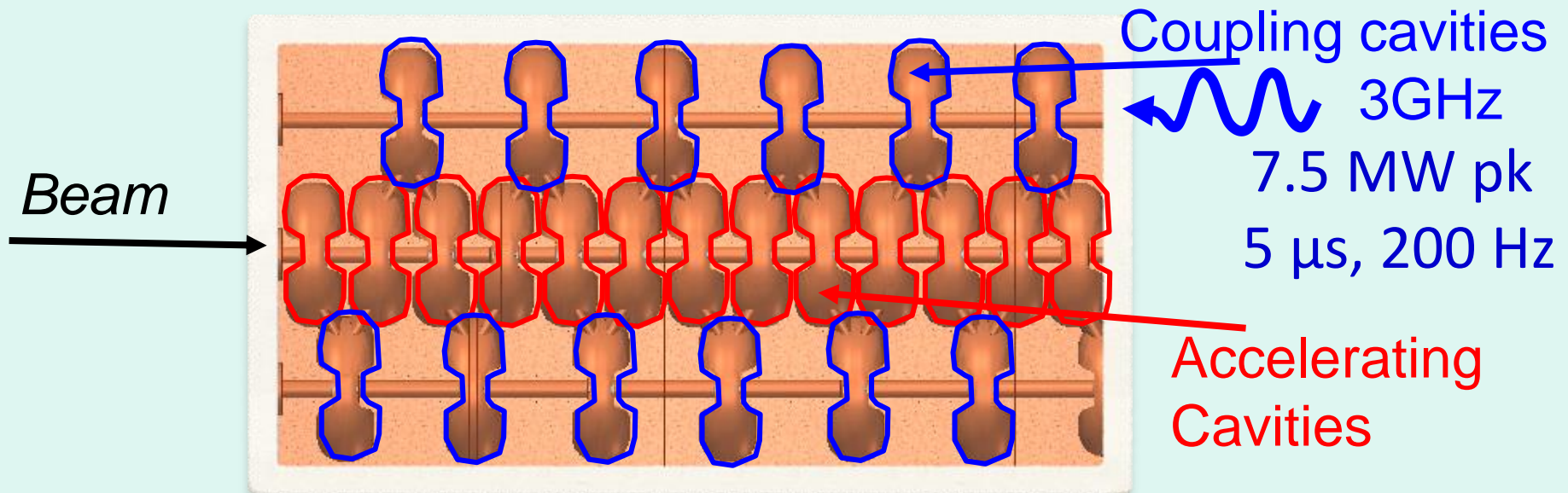
Coupled Cavity Linac
20 MeV/m → 230 MeV

AVO, ADAM: A. Degiovanni et al. 2016

Coupled Cavity Linac

Standing wave

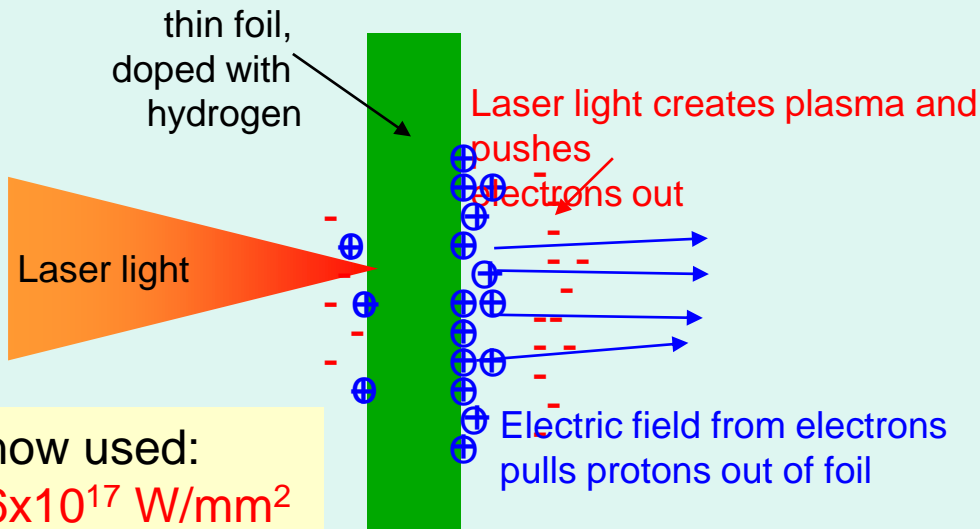
3 GHz: **strong E field** possible: 20 MeV/m



Linac advantage: Fast Energy change by switching cavity power

Other Developments in Accelerators and Gantries

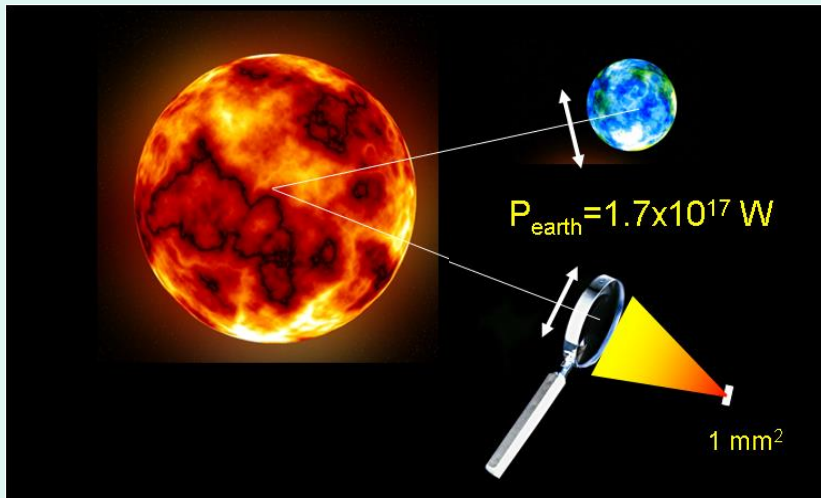
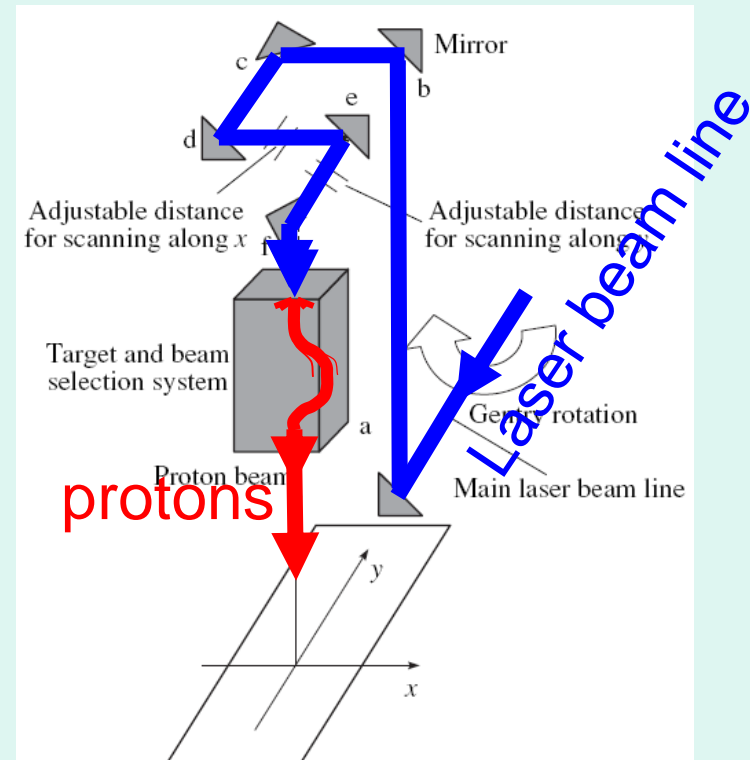
Laser driven proton accelerator



now used:

$6 \times 10^{17} \text{ W/mm}^2$

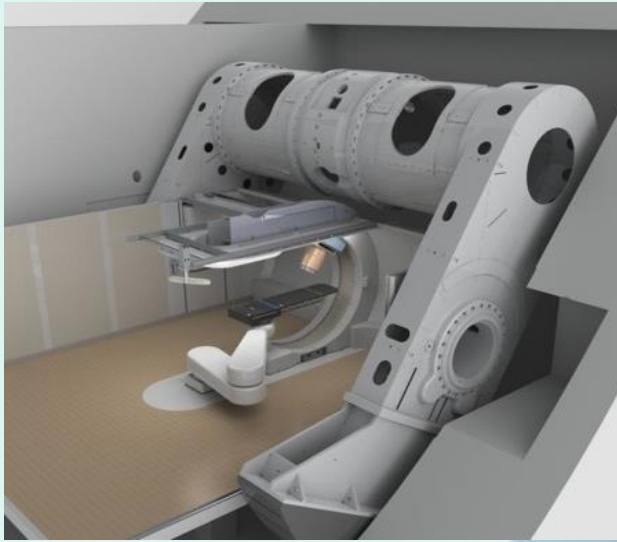
\approx total solar power on earth, focused at 1 mm^2



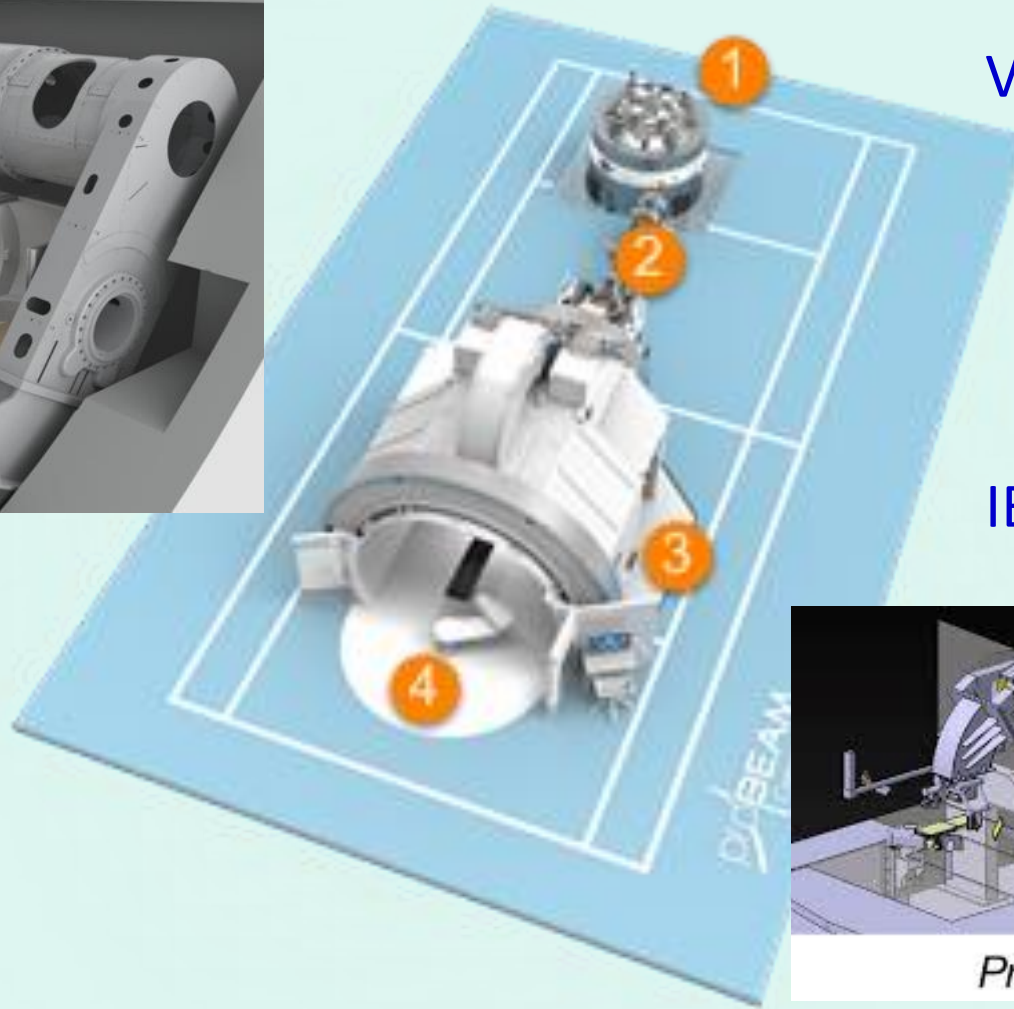
But:

- 100x more power is needed
- Energy spectrum: not homog.
- takes time!!

Proton therapy: single-room facility

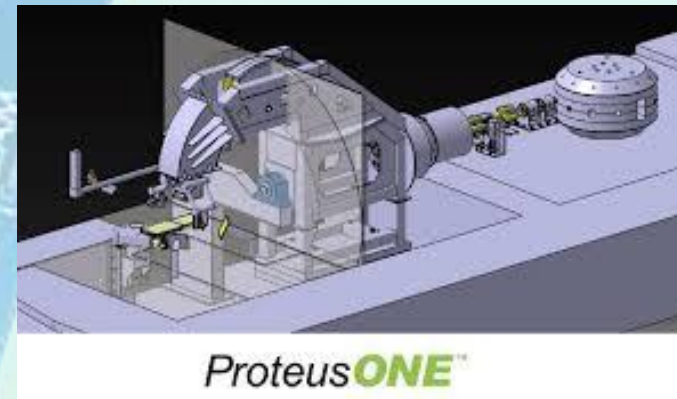


Mevion



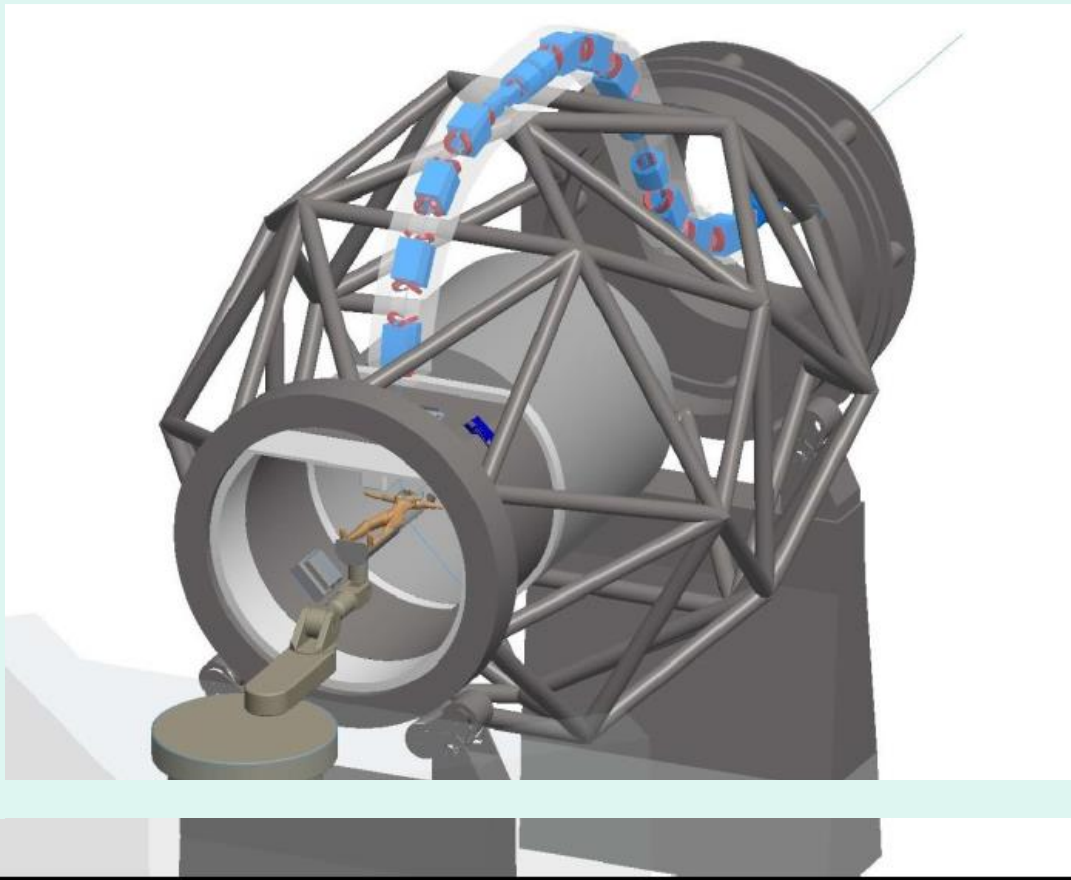
Varian Probeam

IBA Proteus one

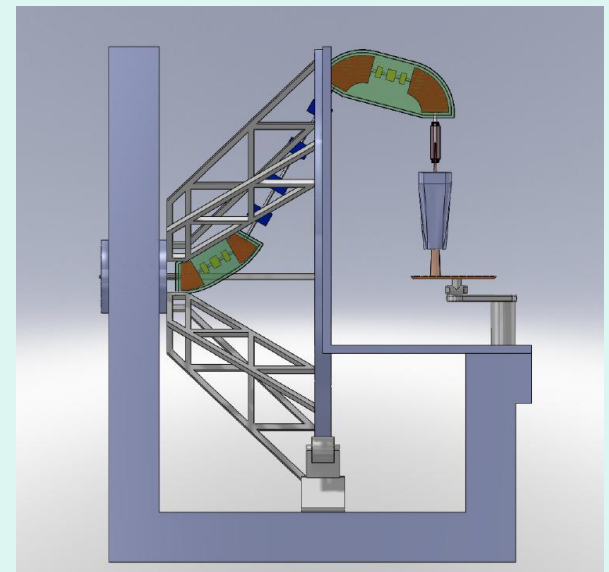


ProteusONE™

NIRS, Japan, since 2017: C-ions

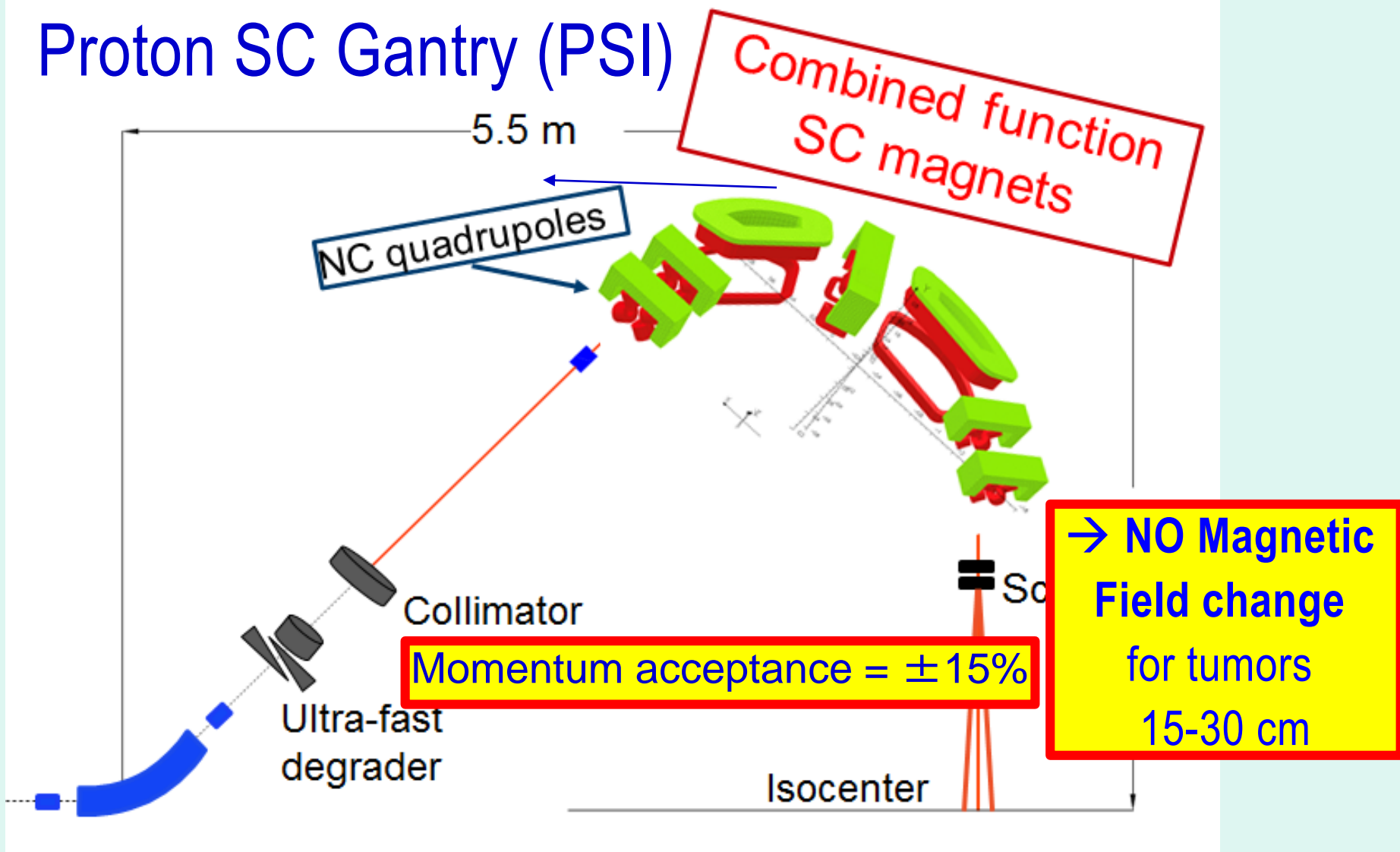


SC360 of ProNova:
protons



NEW optics in SC gantry design

Proton SC Gantry (PSI)



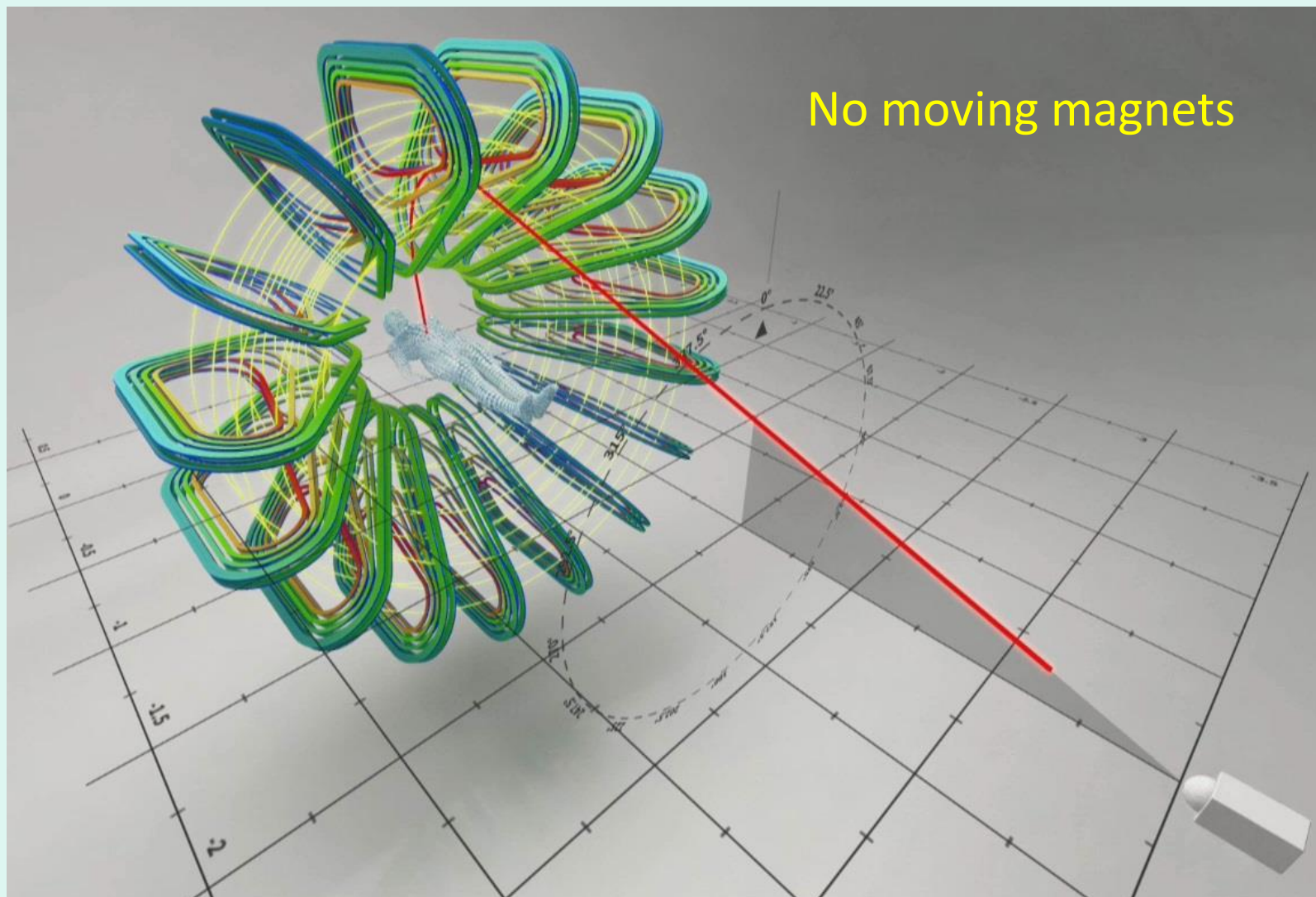
SC magnets in GANTRY:

Proton gantries **Not** much smaller diameter

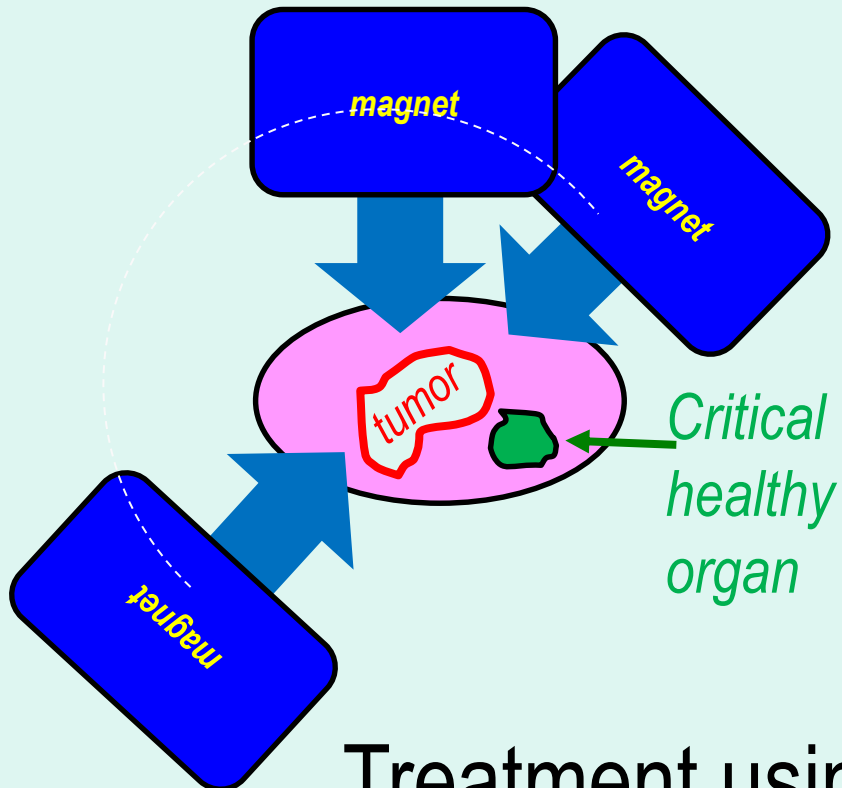
Much **less weight**

New beam **optics** (→ treatments) possible

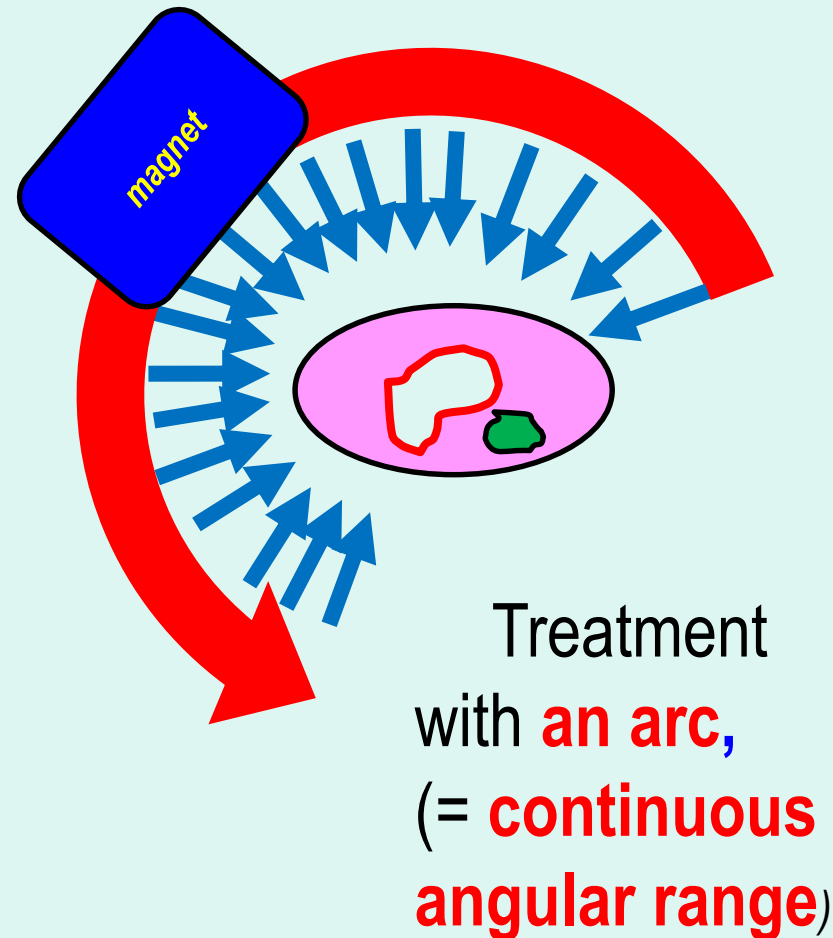
GaToroid (CERN)



Arc Scanning

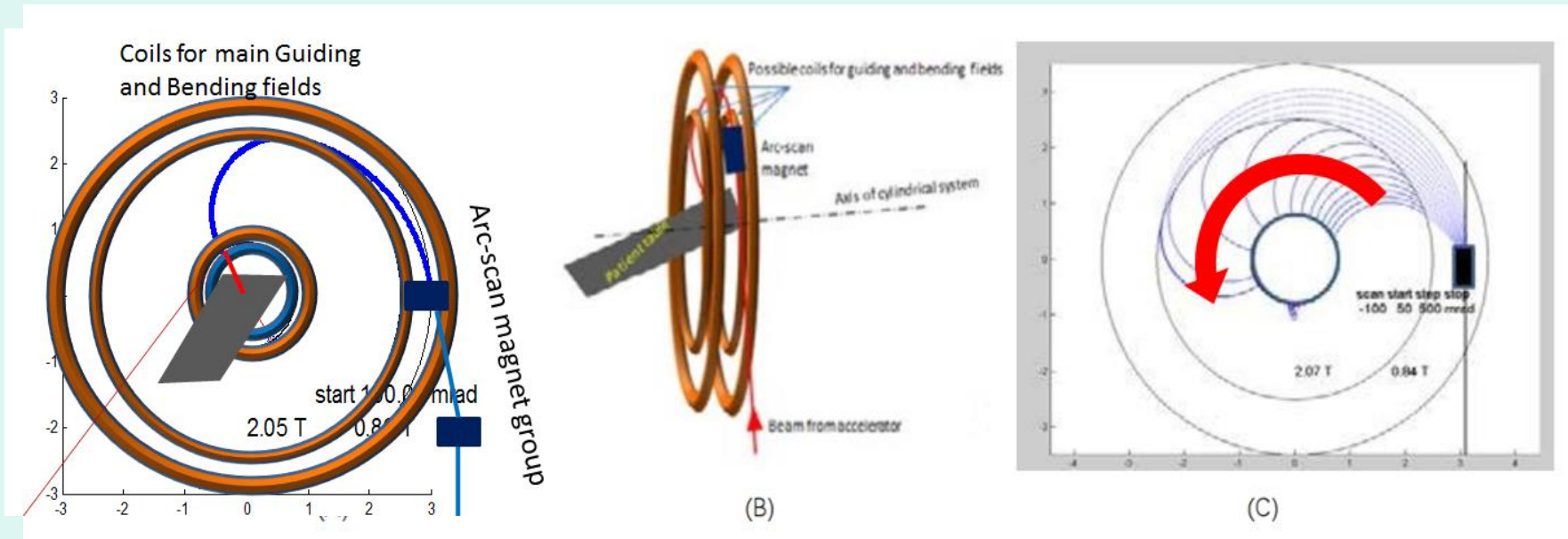


Treatment using
3 beam directions



Treatment
with **an arc**,
(= **continuous
angular range**)

Fast Proton-Arc Scanning (PSI)



- No moving magnets
- Extremely fast **continuous arc** irradiation

Patent pending (applied for)

New Developments

New accelerator types:

Nice ideas and great developments!

But do not only check **price**:

- What is the **advantage**?
- **When** available?
- Is **treatment quality** \geq now ?
- How is **organisation of supplier**:
Certification (FDA CE...), service, upgrades?

**THE ONLY
MOTIVATION for
Particle Therapy !!**

first scanning gantry : PSI, 1996



**Thank
you !!**

Gantry: Eros Pedroni

Tumours in kids: Beate Timmermann, Gudrun Goitein