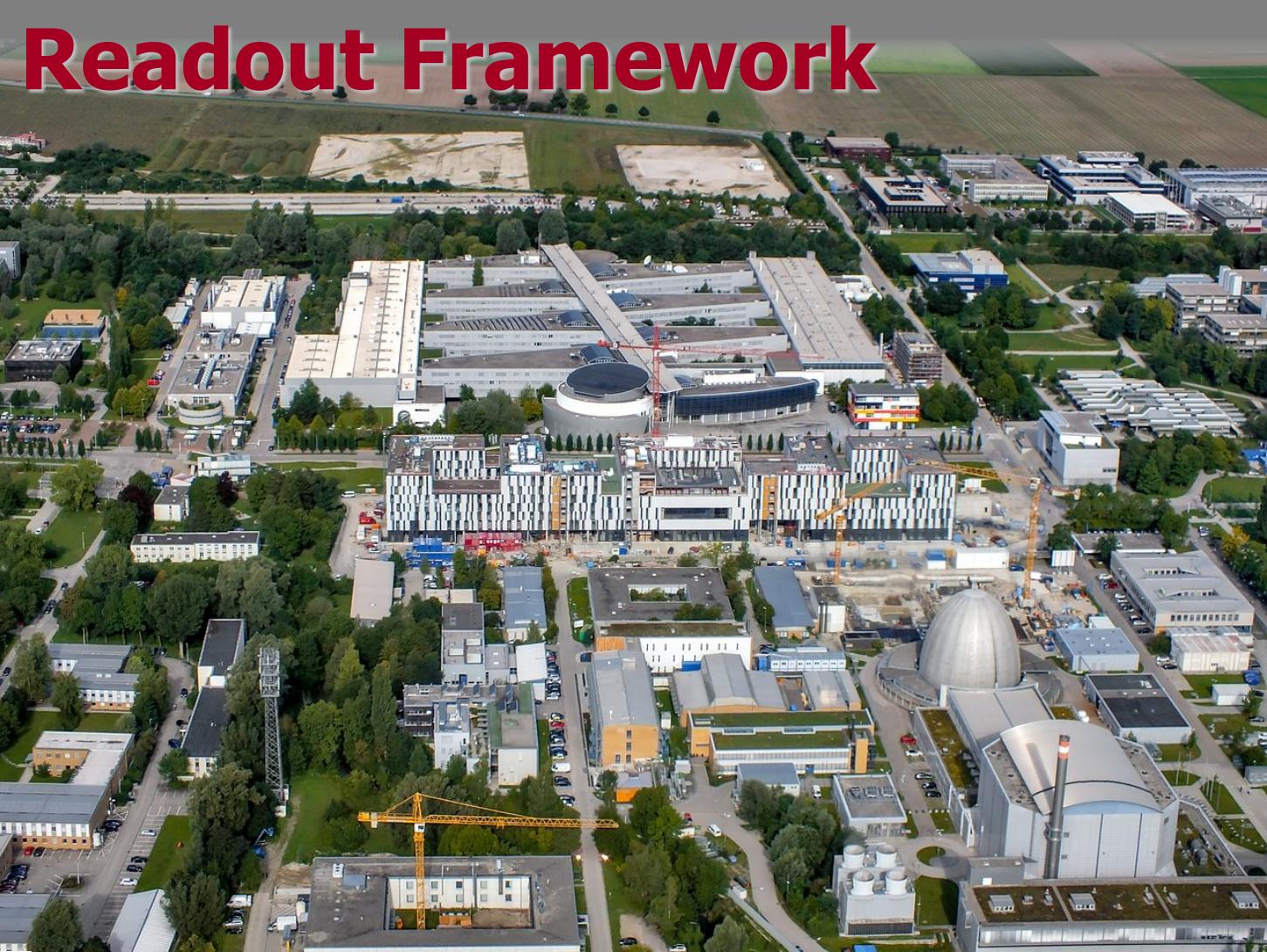


# GANDALF Readout Framework



Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung

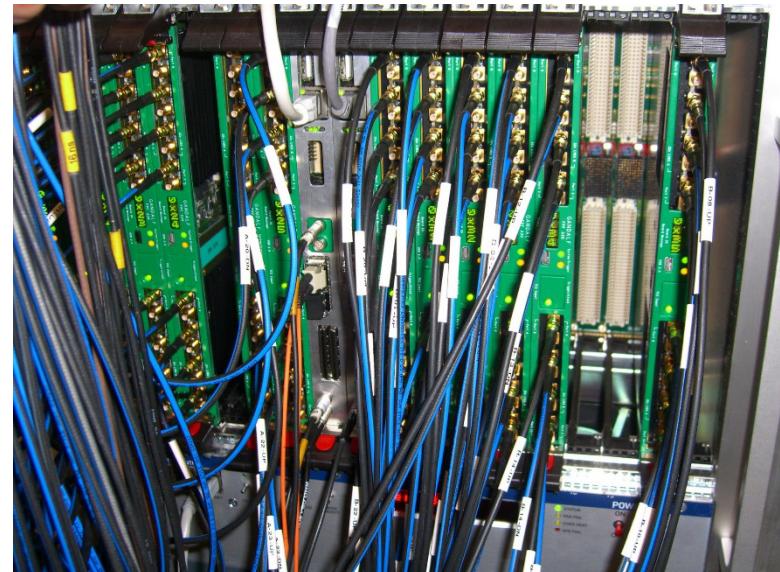
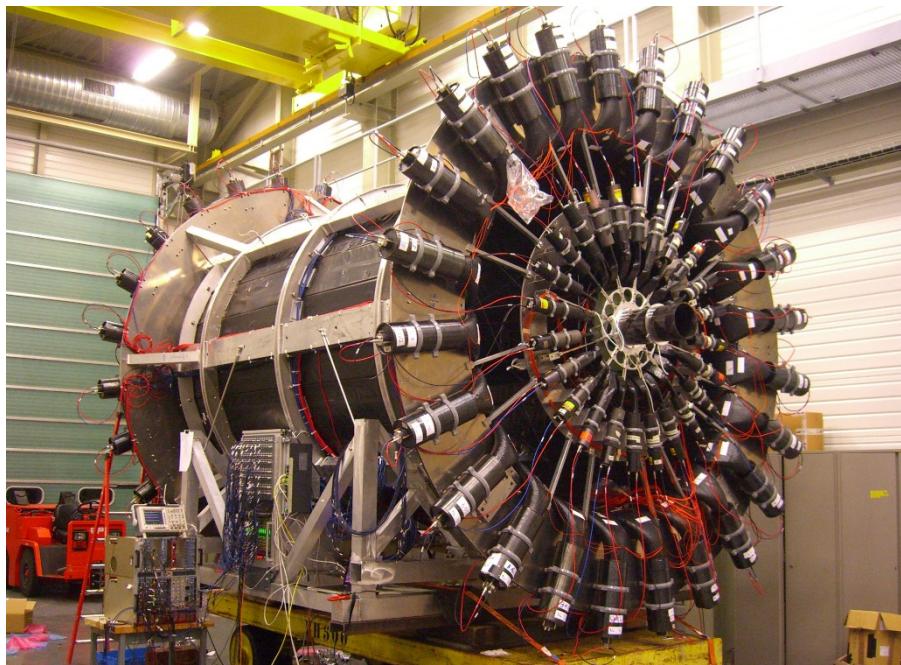


**Horst Fischer /  
Matthias Gorzellik**  
**DAQFeet Munich, 10.2.-12.2.2019**

# Readout

## Objectives: (defined 2009)

- digitization of analog signals from 96 PMs for TOF recoil proton detection for COMPASS DVCS measurement
- Two measurements on rising edge (single PE rise time 3.5ns)
- Double pulse separation
- 10 ENOB dynamic range,  $V_{\max} = 2V$  or  $V_{\max} = 4V$
- Trigger generation based on pattern, time and energy loss
- Later, CATCH-F1 TDC replacements complemented the shopping list



→ Details: <https://gandalf-framework.web.cern.ch/>

# The GANDALF module

Generic Advanced Numerical Device for Analog and Logic Functions

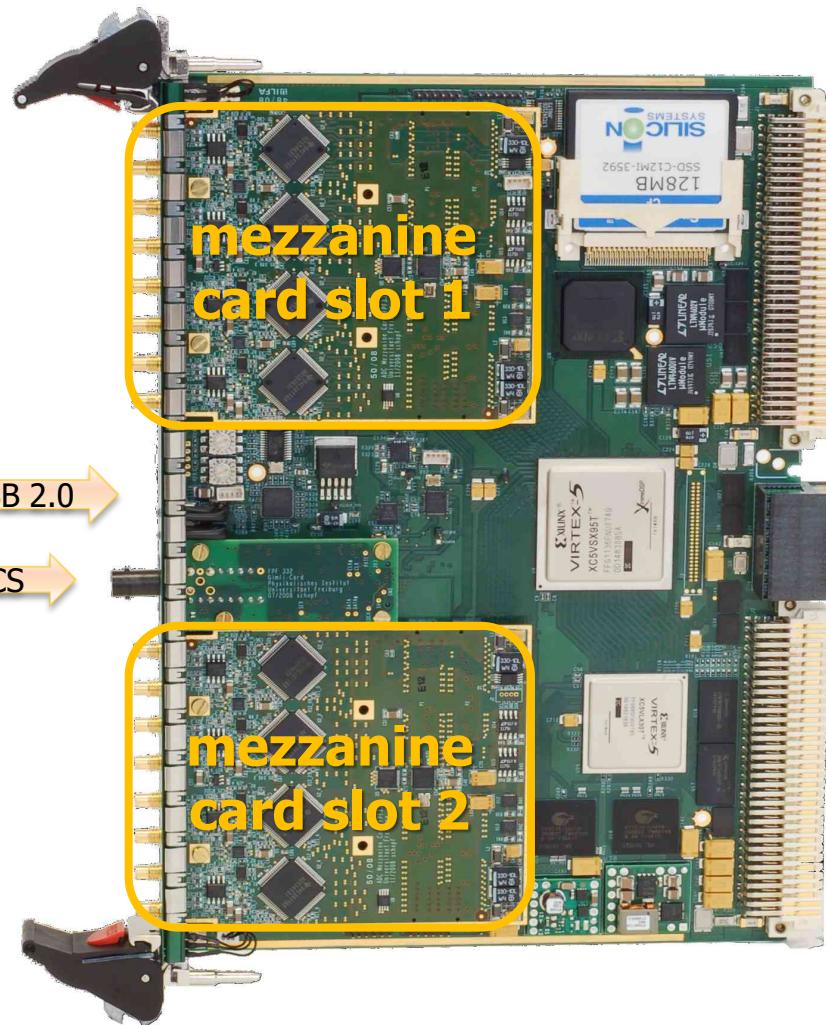
**Virtex-5 SX95T FPGA  
for Data Processing:**

60k CLB flip-flops,  
8 Mbit Block RAM,  
640 DSP Slices,  
500 MHz

**Virtex-5 LX30T FPGA  
for Memory Control  
& Data Output:**

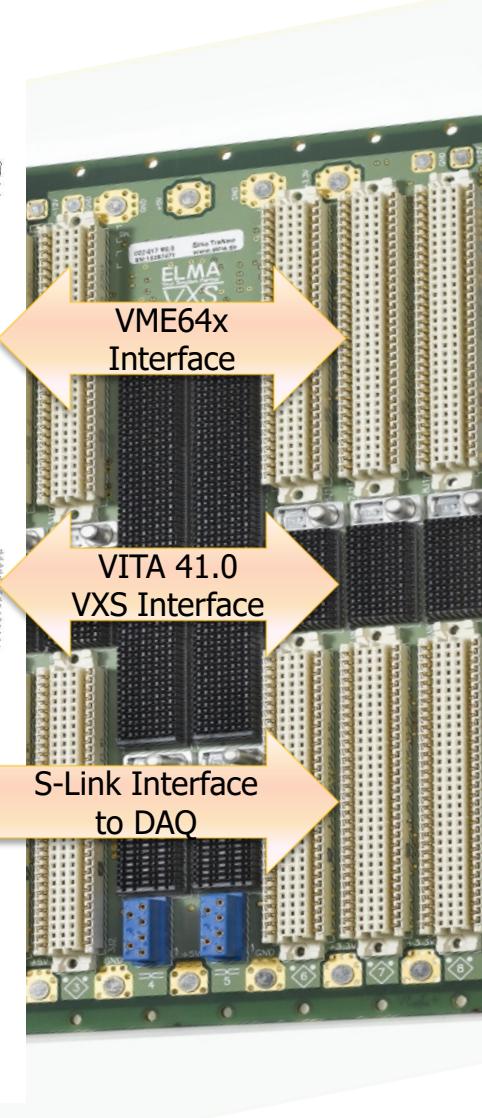
20k CLB flip-flops,  
1.2 Mbit Block RAM,  
500 MHz

**Memory:**  
144 Mbit QDRII+,  
4 Gbit DDR2



**mezzanine  
card slot 1**

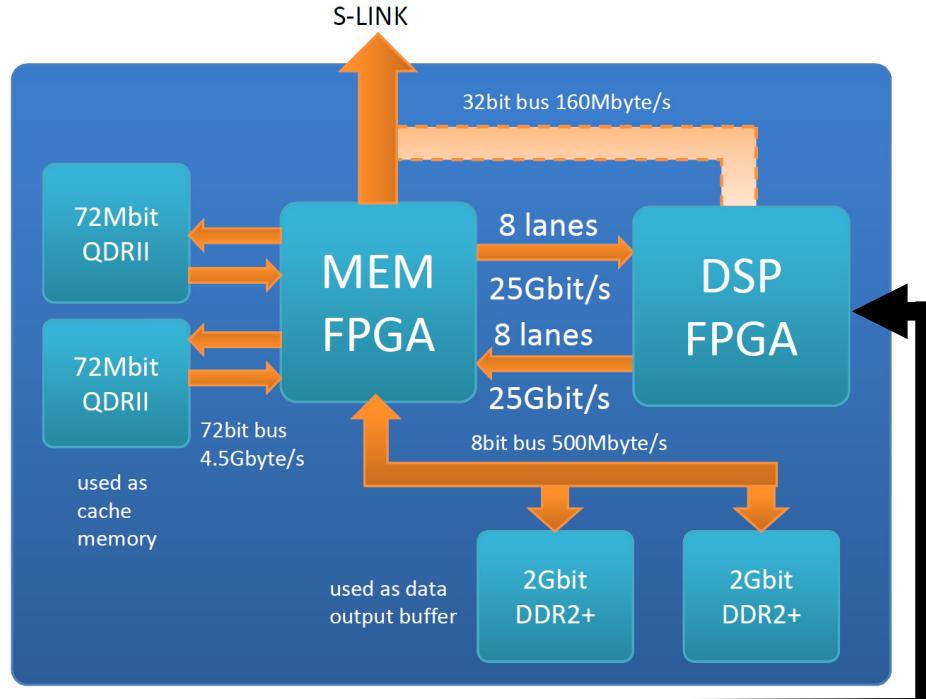
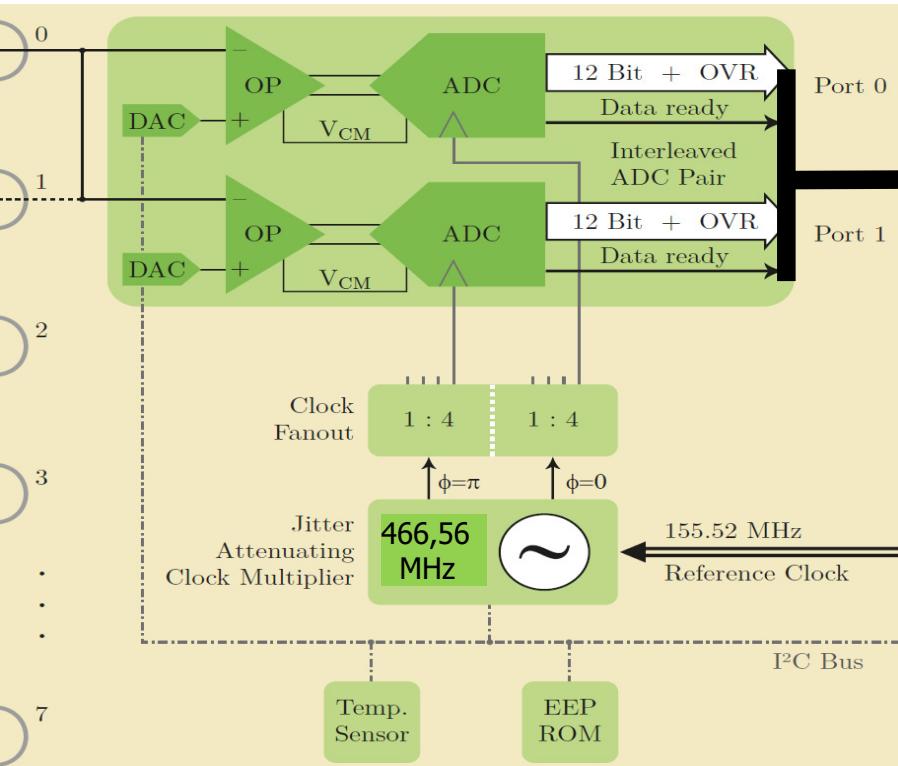
**mezzanine  
card slot 2**



# GANDALF - Sampling ADC

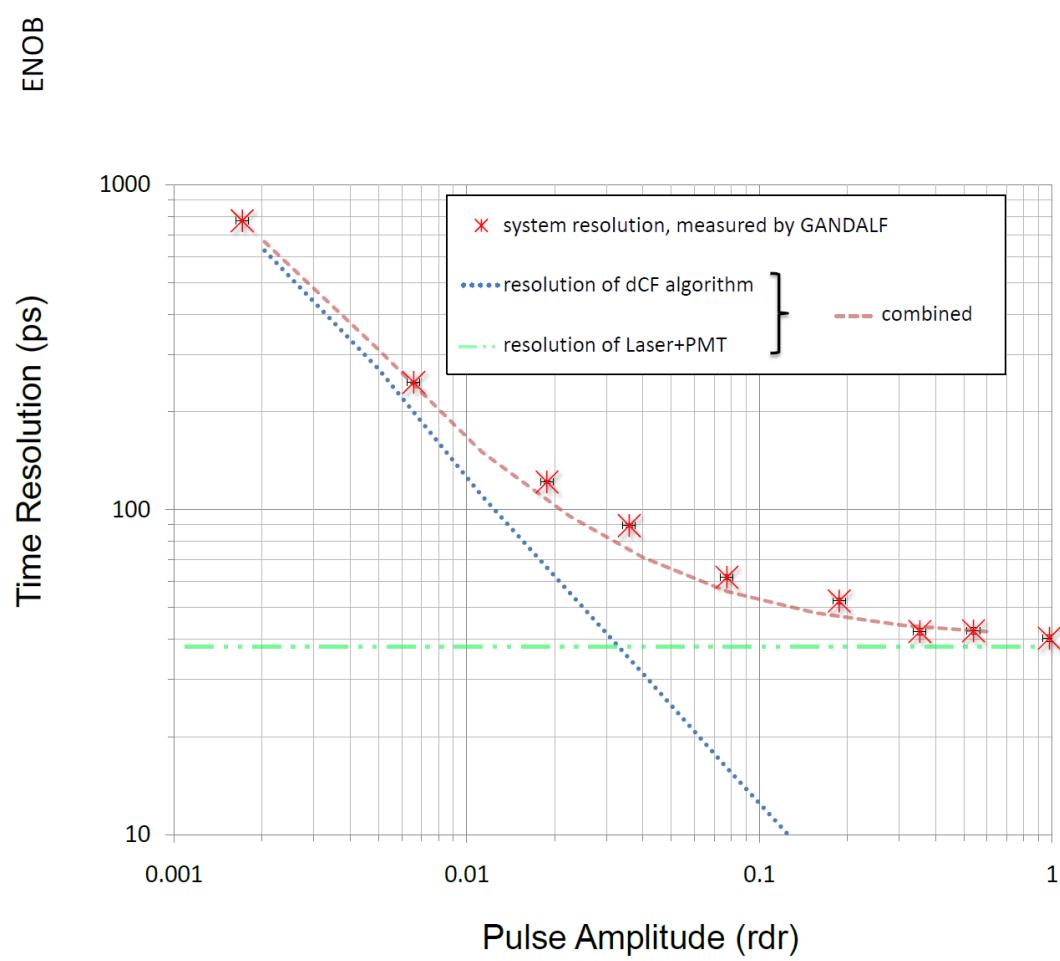
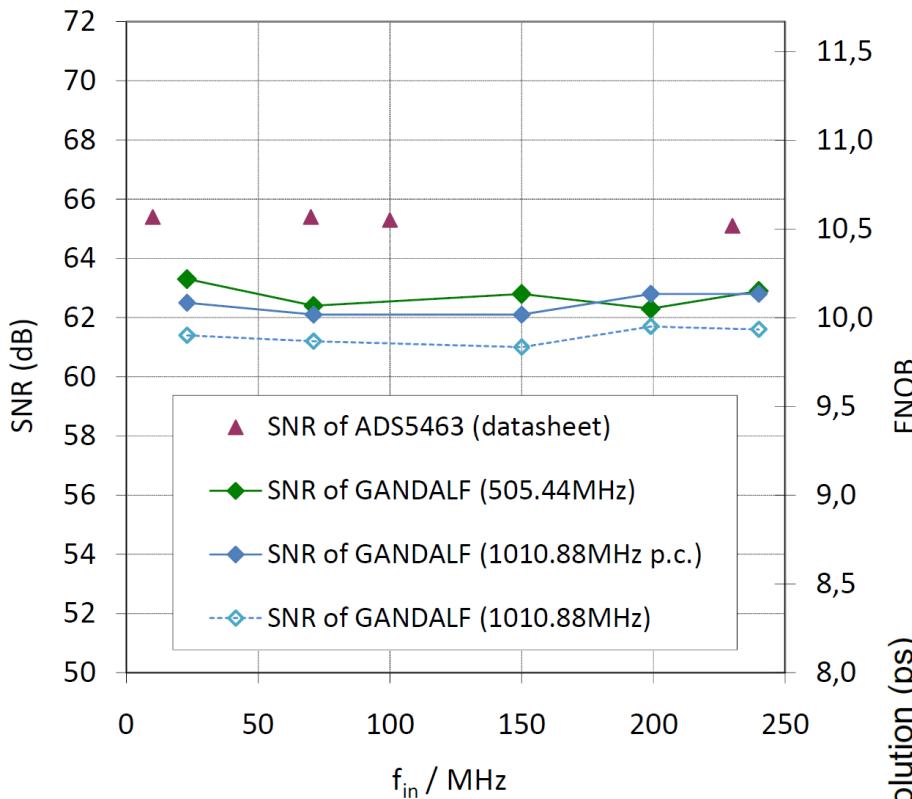
## DSP FPGA:

- ▶ Zero suppression
- ▶ Feature extraction (time & amplitude)
- ▶ Event selection
- ▶ 2017: Firmware for MEM FPGA



- ▶ 2012 Problem: phase recovery of Jitter attenuator (SI5326)
- ▶ 2015: major rework of Firmware
- ▶ Beamtimes 2016 & 2017 VERY stable data takings
- ▶ Event selection in MEM FPGA

# Performance



# Recent Firmware: Self Triggered Sampling Mode

- ▶ Self-trigger via ToT /external triggers allowed (monitoring)
- ▶ Configurable “trigger condition”, i.e. # samples needed for ToT,  
# samples recorded before and after trigger
- ▶ Individual configuration of thresholds and baselines for each channel
- ▶ on-board or external reference clock (currently 20 MHz – 50 MHz)
- ▶ 8 / 16 independent channels,
- ▶ 12 bit amplitude resolution, 10.5 ENOB
- ▶ 932 MS/s / 466 MS/s
- ▶ 16K samples channel-buffer (corresponds to  $\sim$ 16  $\mu$ s / 32  $\mu$ s)
- ▶ Common readout-buffer: 128K samples (round-robin collection of channels)
- ▶ configuration and readout via USB (data rate  $\sim$ 20 MB/s) or VME
- ▶ combination of multiple GANDALF-modules using USB3 (5GBit/s, optical) switch;

# GANDALF – 128 channel TDC

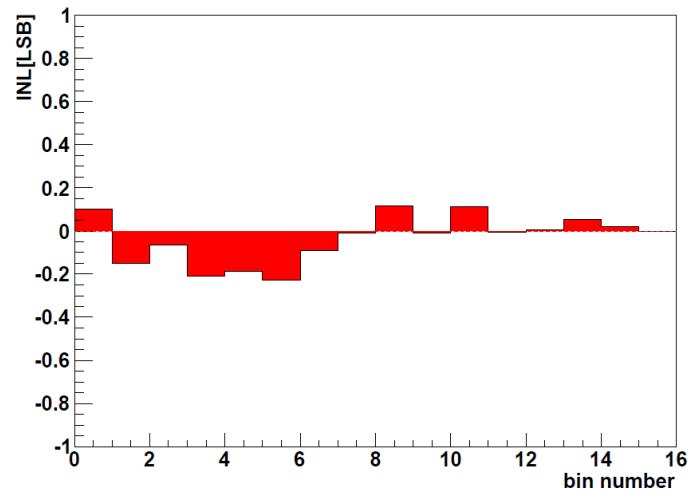
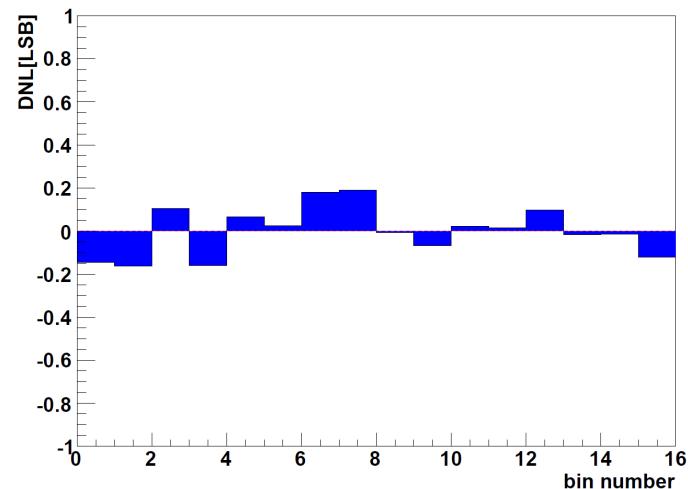
## GANDALF with digital I/O

- 128 differential inputs or outputs
- module functionality is free programmable in the FPGA
- e.g. time-to-digital converter, scaler, mean-timer, coincidence matrix, pattern generator
- **combinations of these functionalities are possible for cost efficient design**

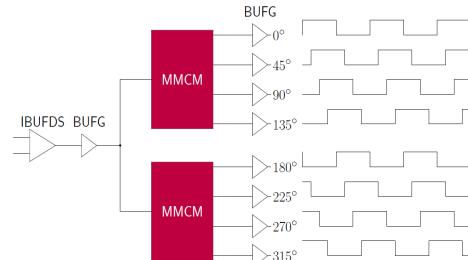
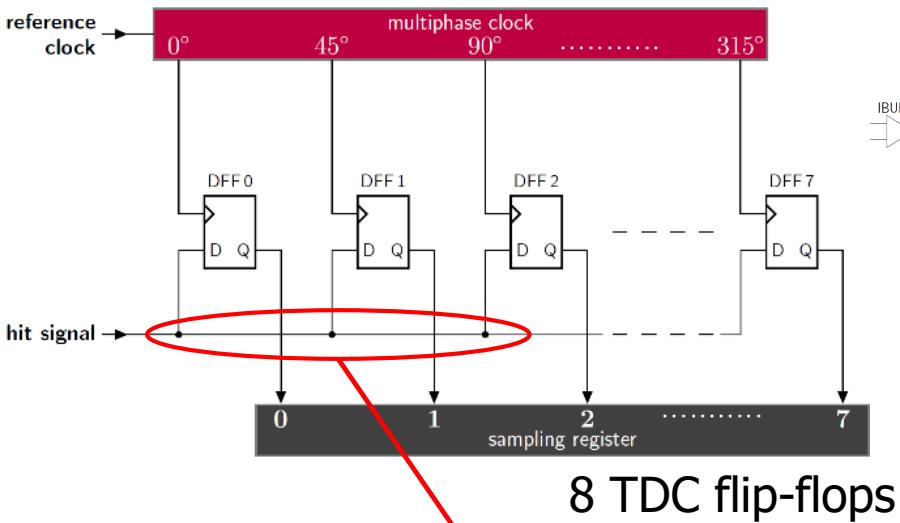


## M1-TDC Firmware

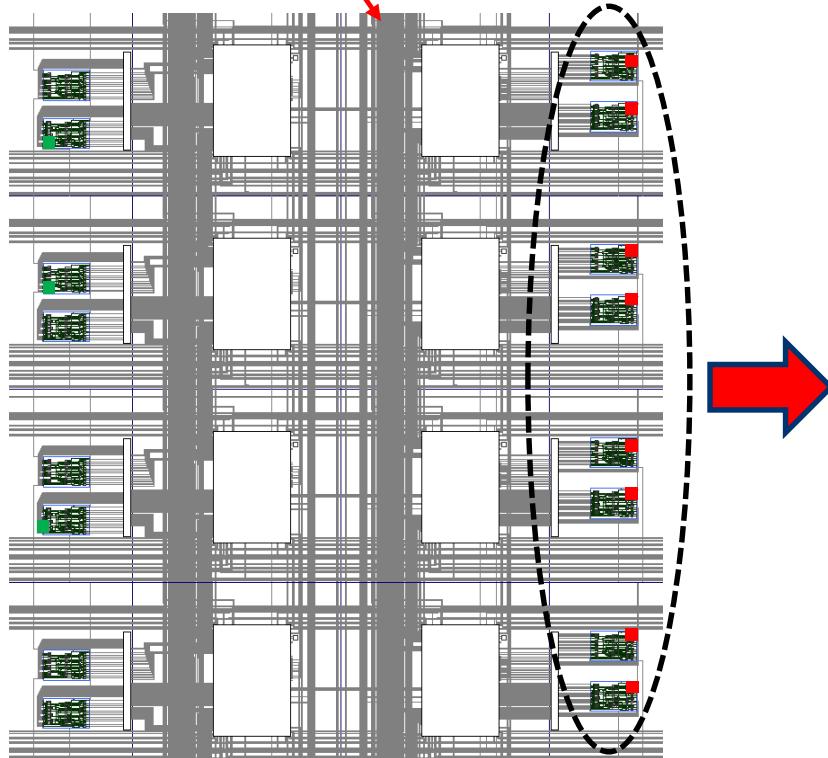
- 128 channels TDC
- Digitization step 160ps
- 16 Flip-Flop stages



# TDC Implementation

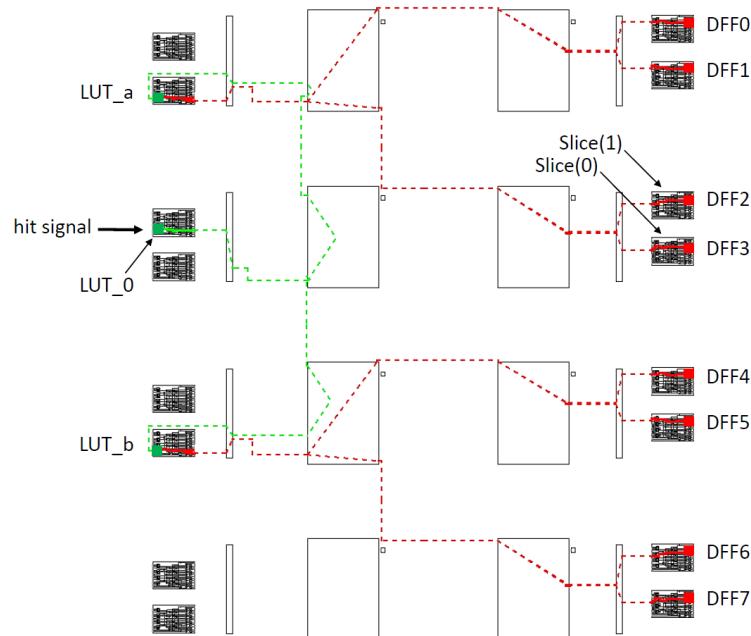


- phase shift
- $\Delta\phi = \frac{360^\circ}{8} = 45^\circ$
- $f_{TDC} = 311.04 \text{ MHz}$
- $t_{\text{LSB}} = \frac{1/311.04 \text{ MHz}}{8} \approx 402 \text{ ps}$

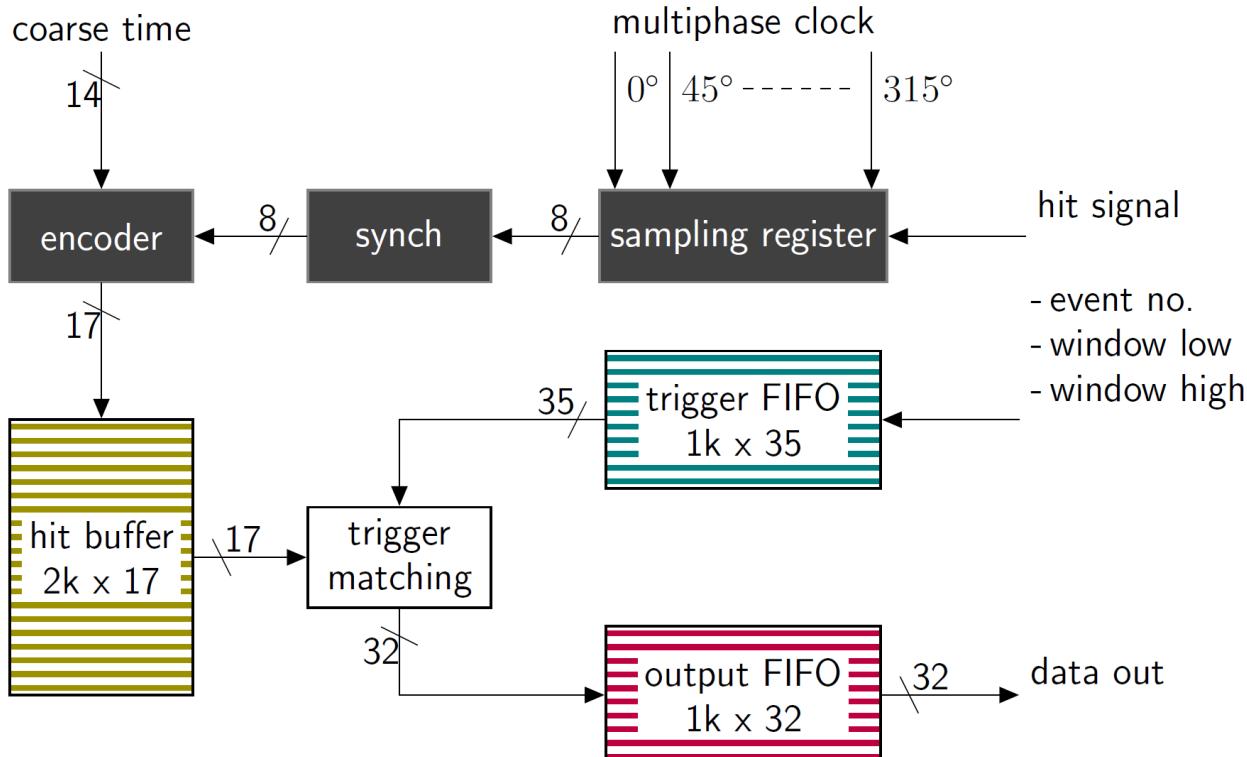


**optimized by interactive routing!**

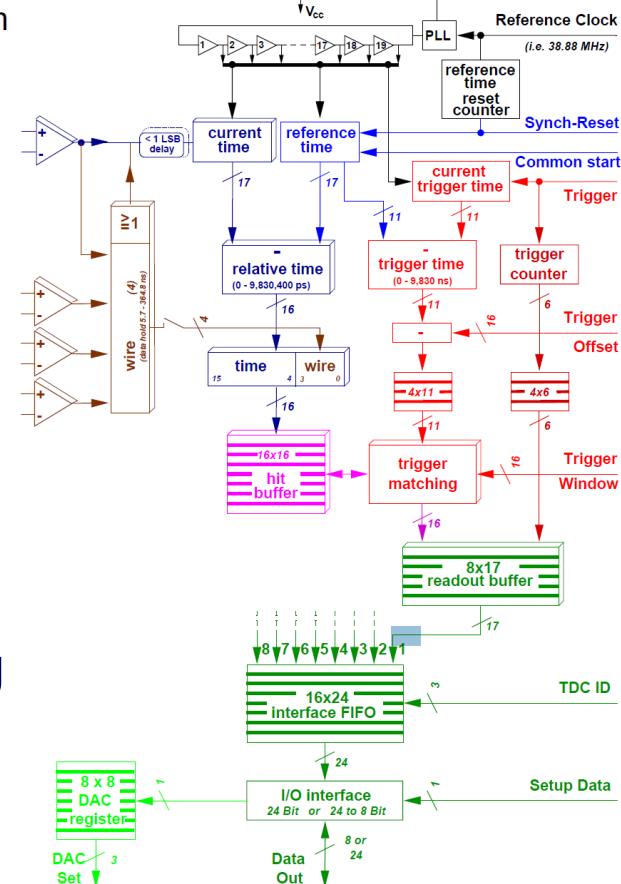
- routing skew < 20ps
  - clock skew < 35ps
- }  $\ll t_{\text{LSB}}$



# Sketch of a Single M1-TDC Channel



F1 TDC design:



- M1 TDC core → CATCH-F1 compatible design
- Identical data format to F1 → simplified decoding
- Probably trigger-less R/O possible?

# The ARAGORN Front-End

## MERGER-FPGA (XC7A200T-2 FBG676)

- interface to optical modules
- local event builder
- data hub

## CXP Transceiver Slot

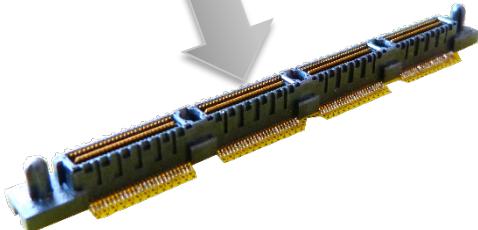
- readout of 7 slave boards up to 6.6 Gb/s

## 4x TDC-FPGA (XC7A200T-2 FBG484)

- Time-to-Digital Converter
- 4x96 = **384 channels** per board

## 4x 208-pin connector (on solder side)

96 detector signals



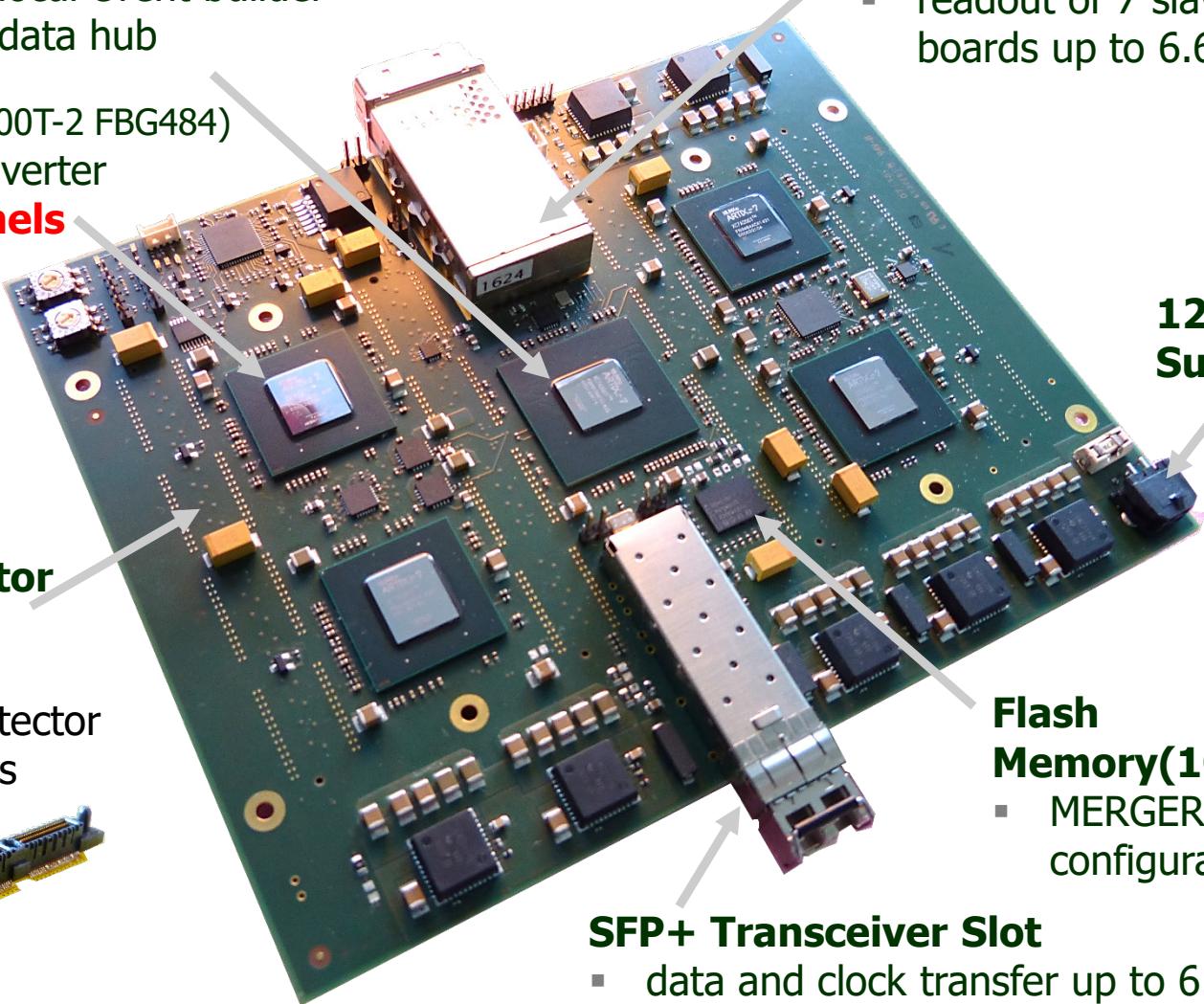
## 12V Power Supply

## Flash Memory(1Gb)

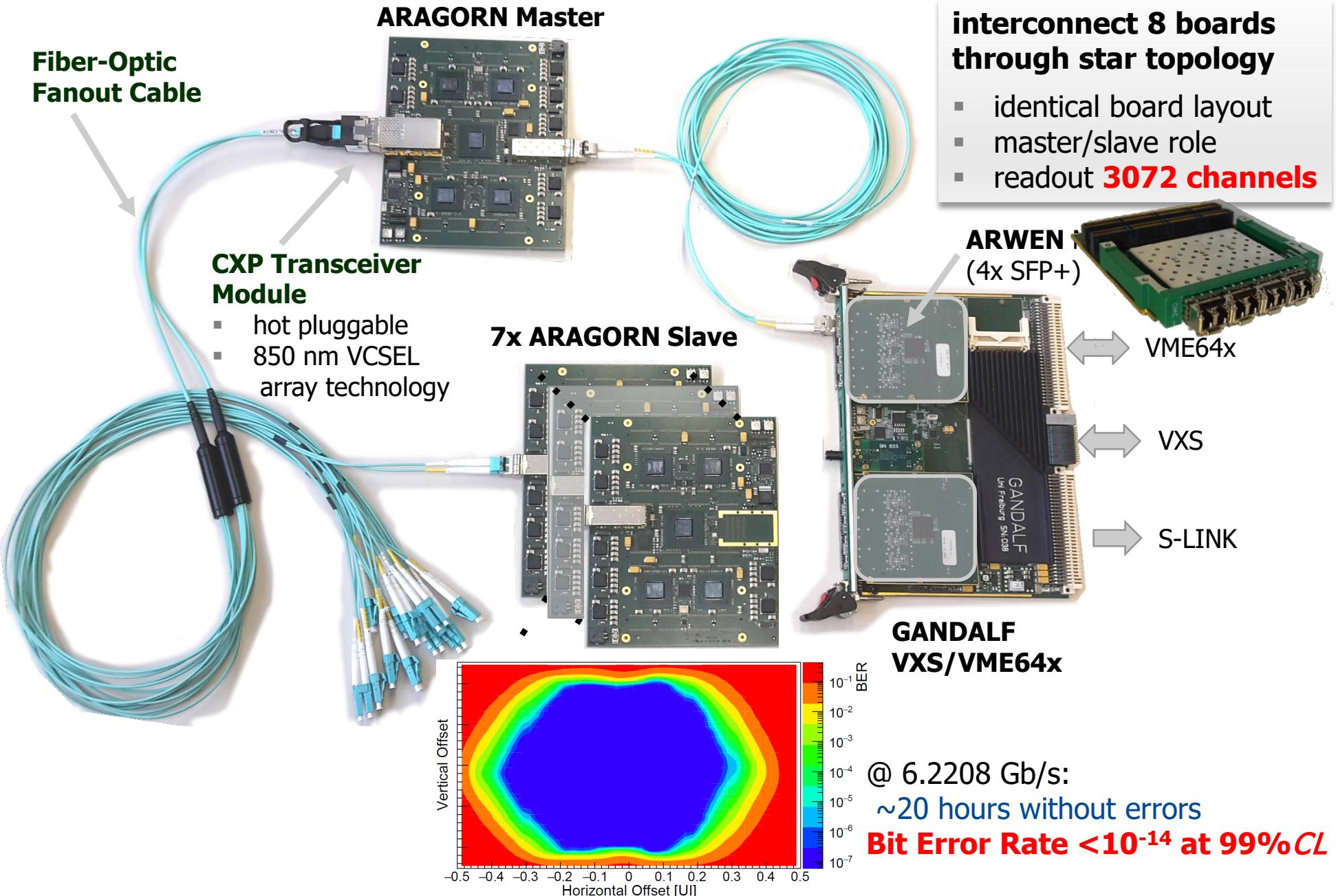
- MERGER-FPGA configuration

## SFP+ Transceiver Slot

- data and clock transfer up to 6.6 Gb/s



# ARAGORN Implementation

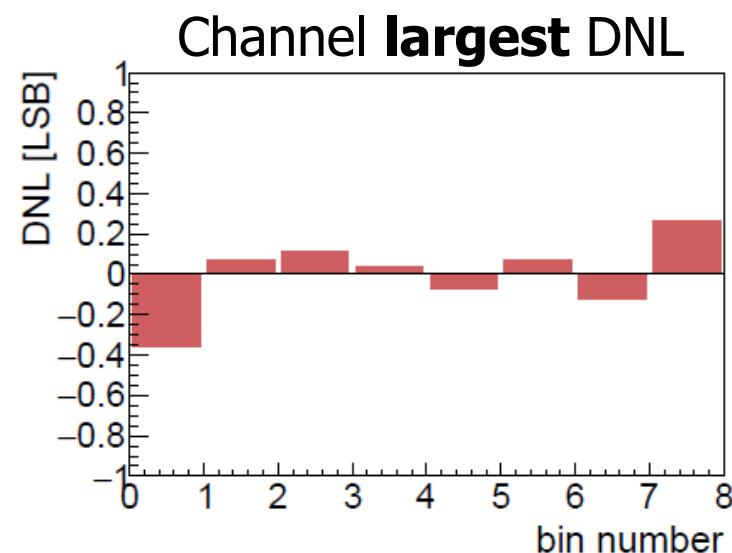
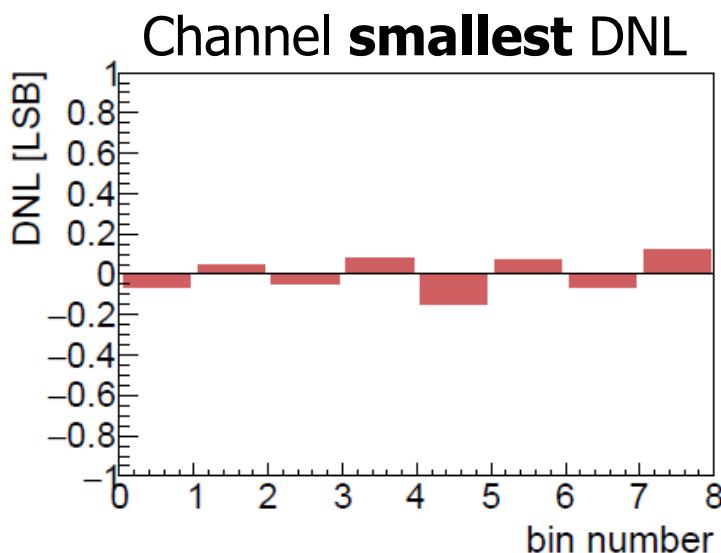


# ARAGORN Specs

- ✓ Channels / board: 384
- ✓ Rate capability: 34MHz
- ✓  $t_{\text{LSB}} = \frac{1/311.04 \text{ MHz}}{8} \approx$  402ps
- ✓ Sensitivity: rising/falling/both edge
- ✓ Double hit resolution: 3.2ns
- ✓ Dead time: none

Systematics from fixed latency link:

System initializations	16.4 ps peak-to-peak
Long-term stability	10.5 ps RMS
Temperature stability	0.21 ps/°C



# TIGER – (Trigger Implementation for GANDALF Electronics Readout)

## COM Express ultra

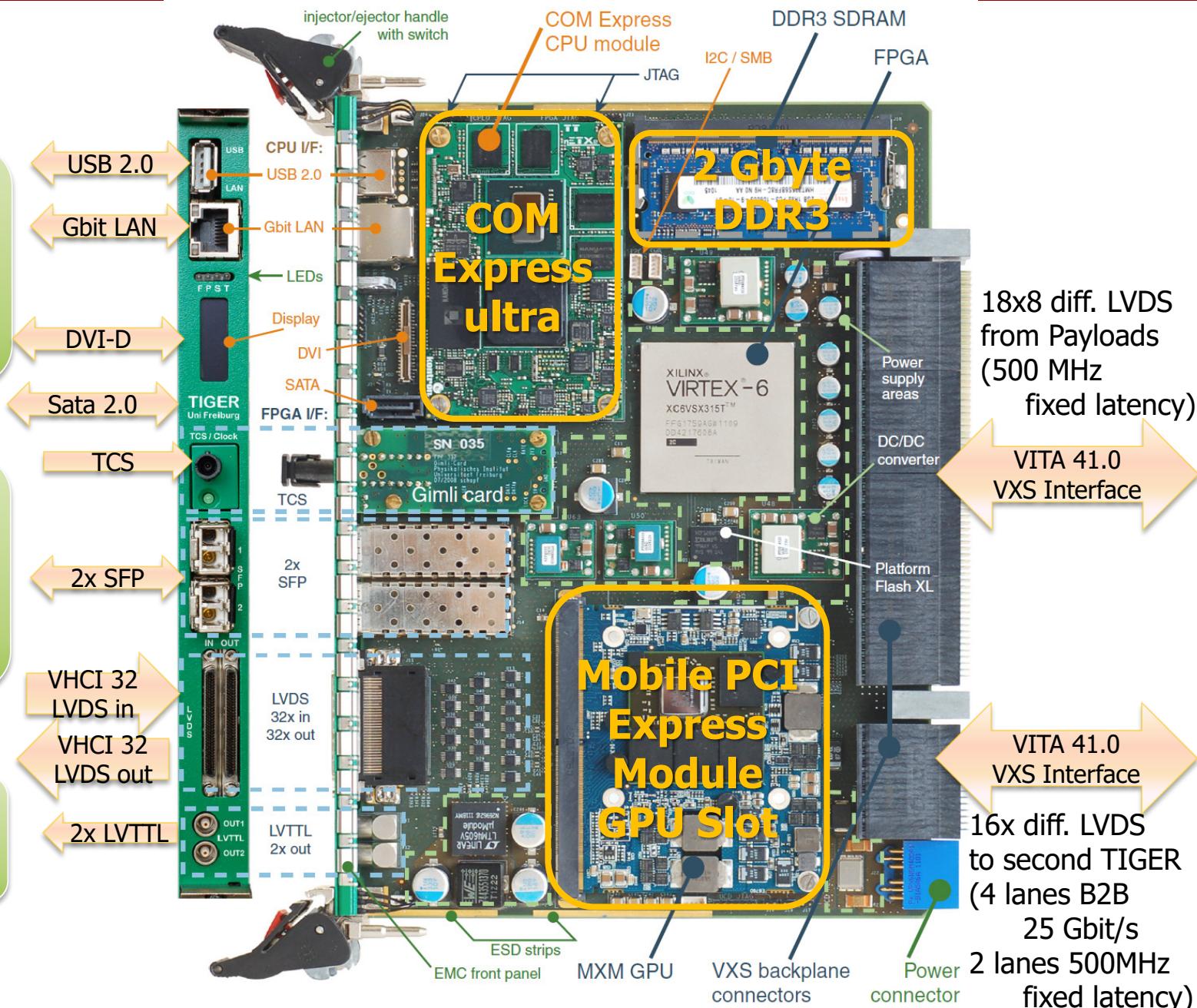
Intel Atom E6xx  
up to 1.6GHz, 1GB RAM  
Interfaces: GbEthernet  
USB  
PCIe

## Virtex-6 VLX365T-2 FPGA

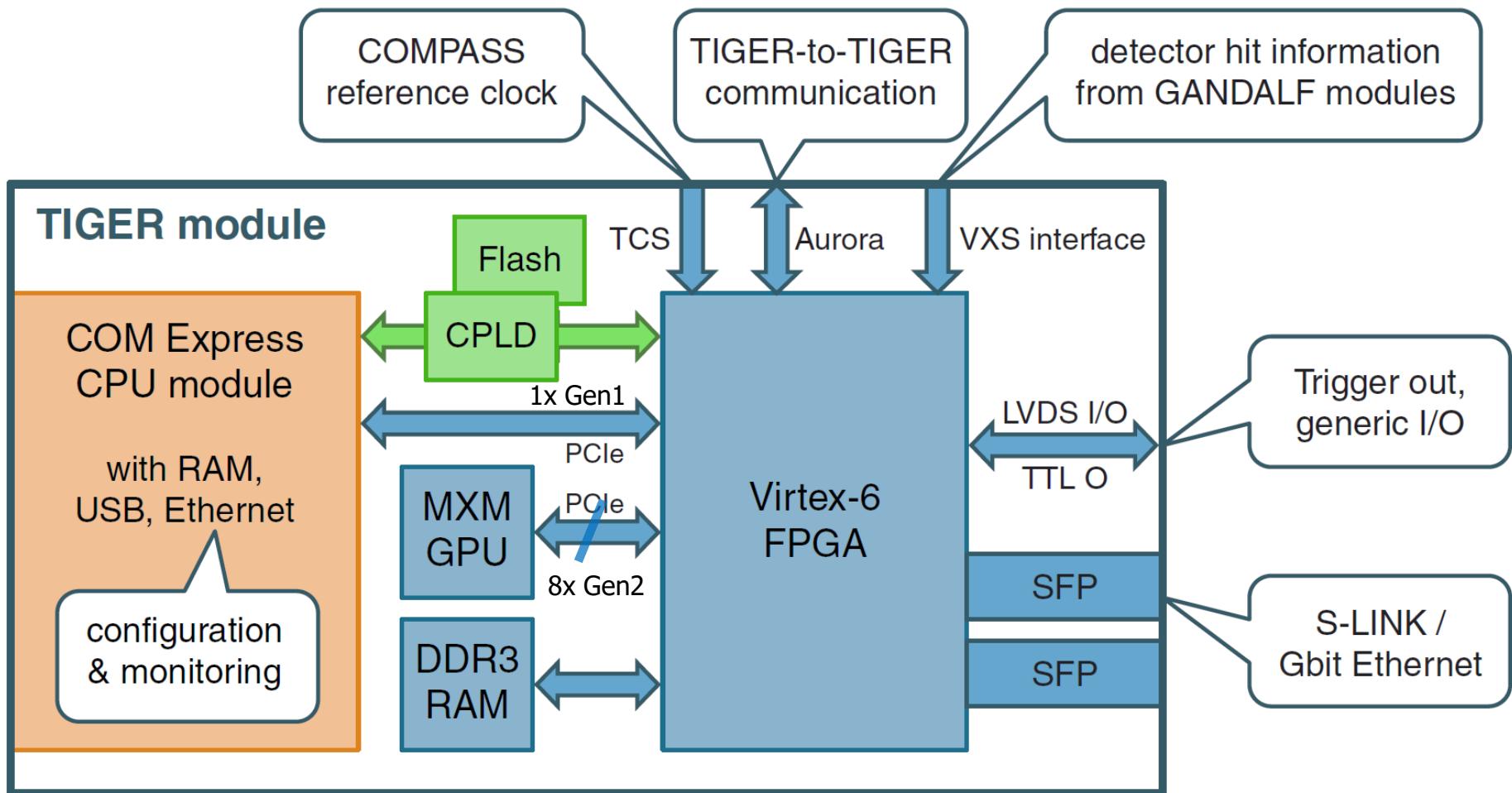
365k Logic Cells,  
15 Mbit Block RAM,  
576 DSP slices  
500 MHz

## GPU

MXM v3.0 slot



# TIGER: Simplified Diagram



- TIGER has no connection to VME bus
- Communication to outside World by Ethernet only

# GPU and CPU Modules



- AMD HD6770M
- nVidia GTS 250M



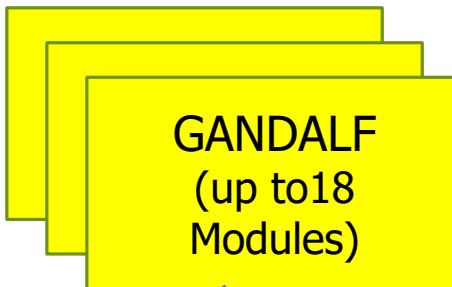
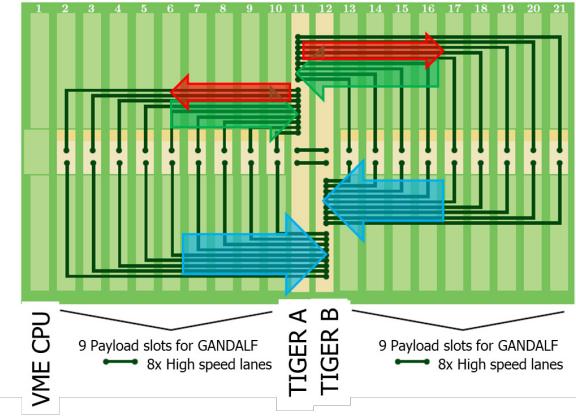
Kontron nanoETxpress-TT:  
COMe-mTTi10 E680T

- size: 55mm x 84 mm
- 1GB DDR2 memory
- 4GB onboard SSD
- 4x PCI Express x1 Lanes
- 10/100/1000 Mbit LAN

# TIGER in COMPASS II



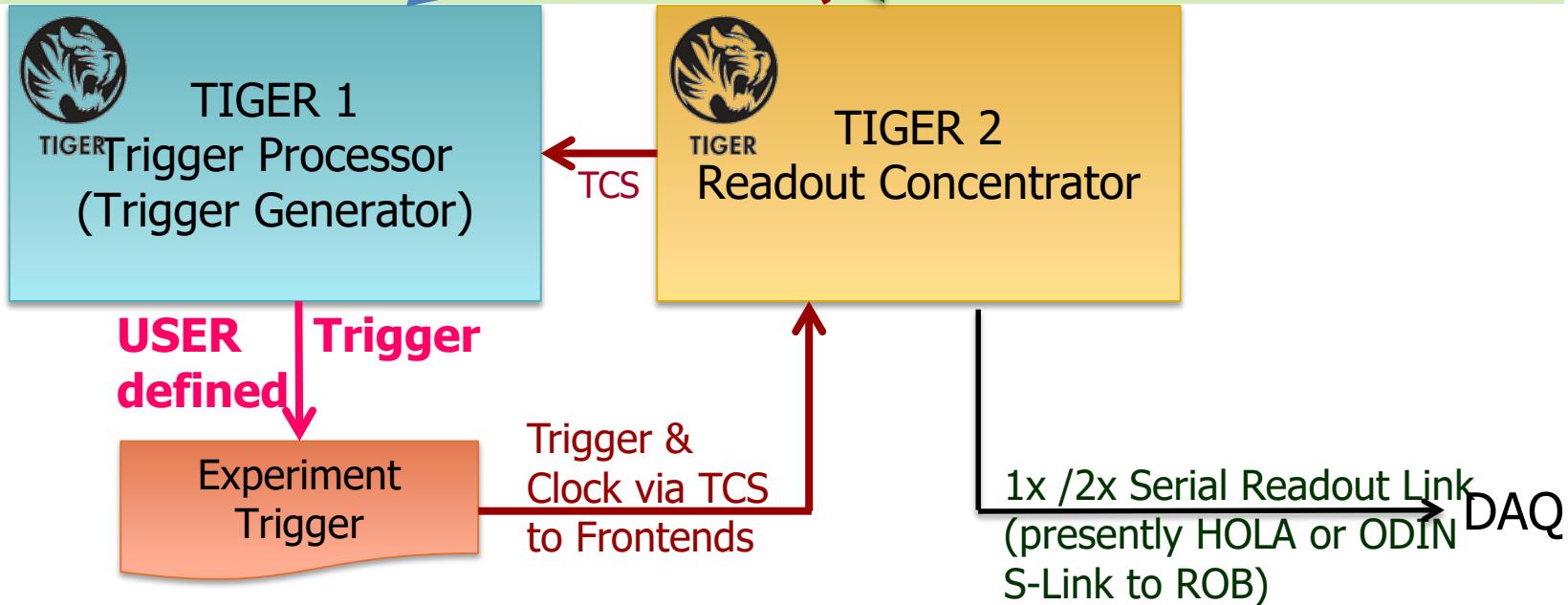
Backplane:



## Vita 41.1 VXS Backplane

18\*8 fixed latency  
(time stamps,  
Amplitudes)

18x S-Link  
18x Trigger & Clock  
(TCS)



# Concluding Remarks

Presently ...

... COMPASS related hardware projects completed,

... we are eager to start something new ...

... either new TDC based on PicoTDC  
or firmware contribution to digital trigger

