

# Detector upgrade at Run3 and HL-LHC



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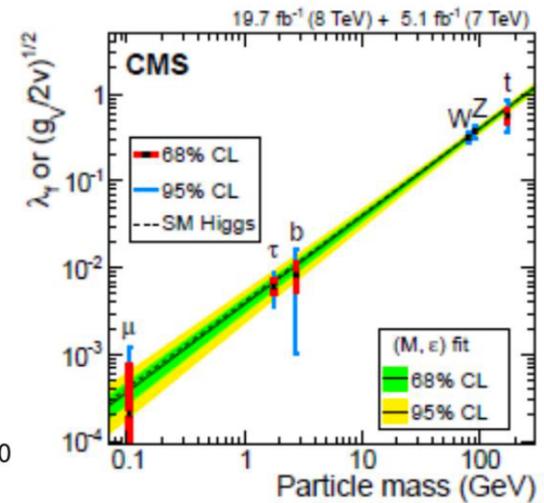
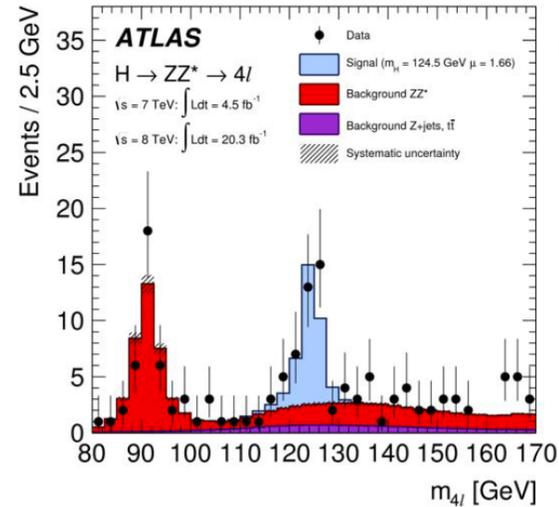
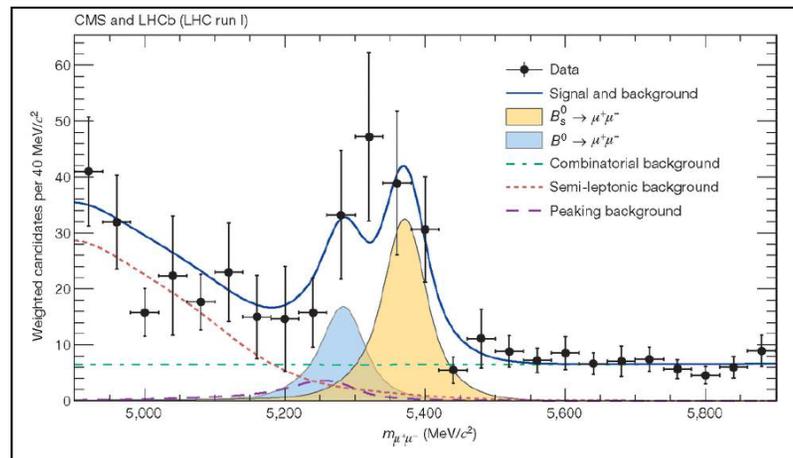
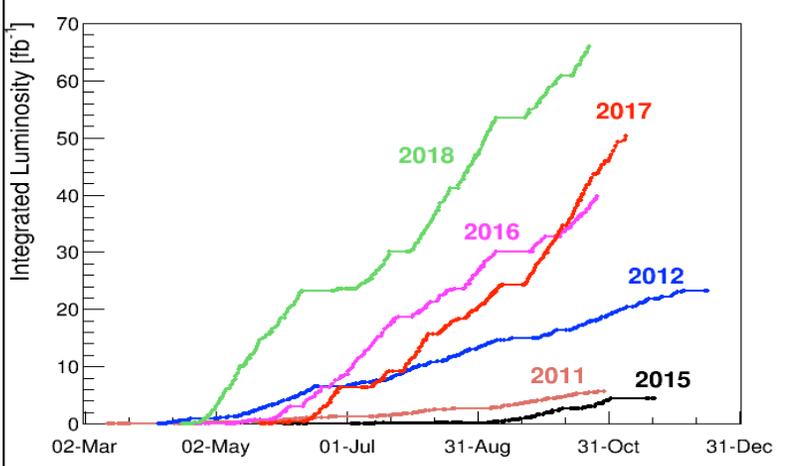
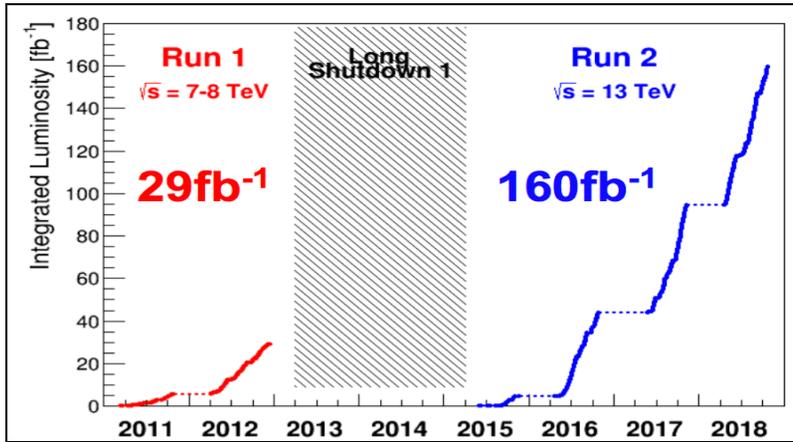


ALICE



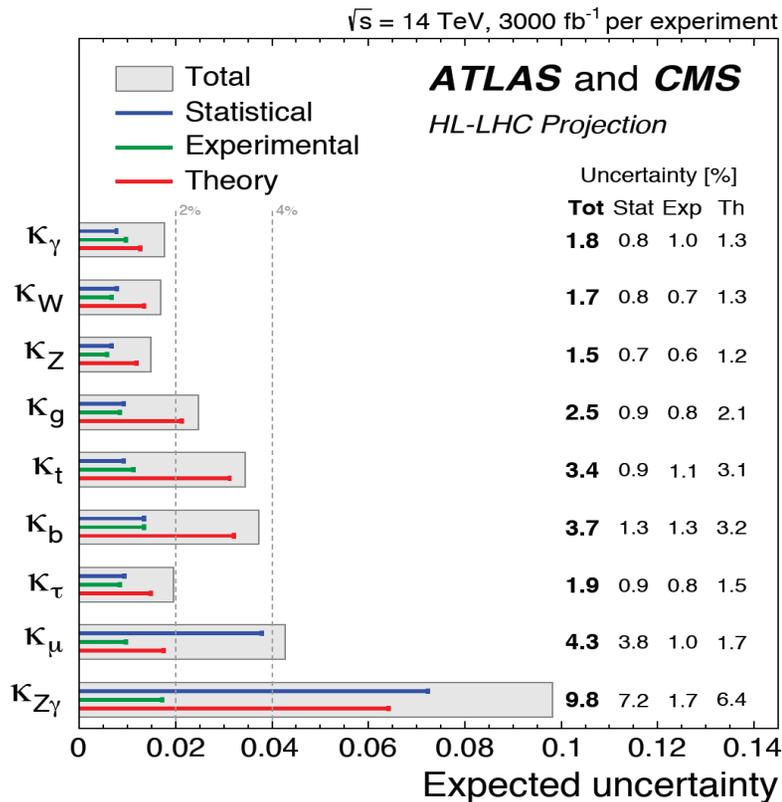
# Legacy (Run 1 and 2)

Source: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/LhcMachine/LhcCoordinationMain>



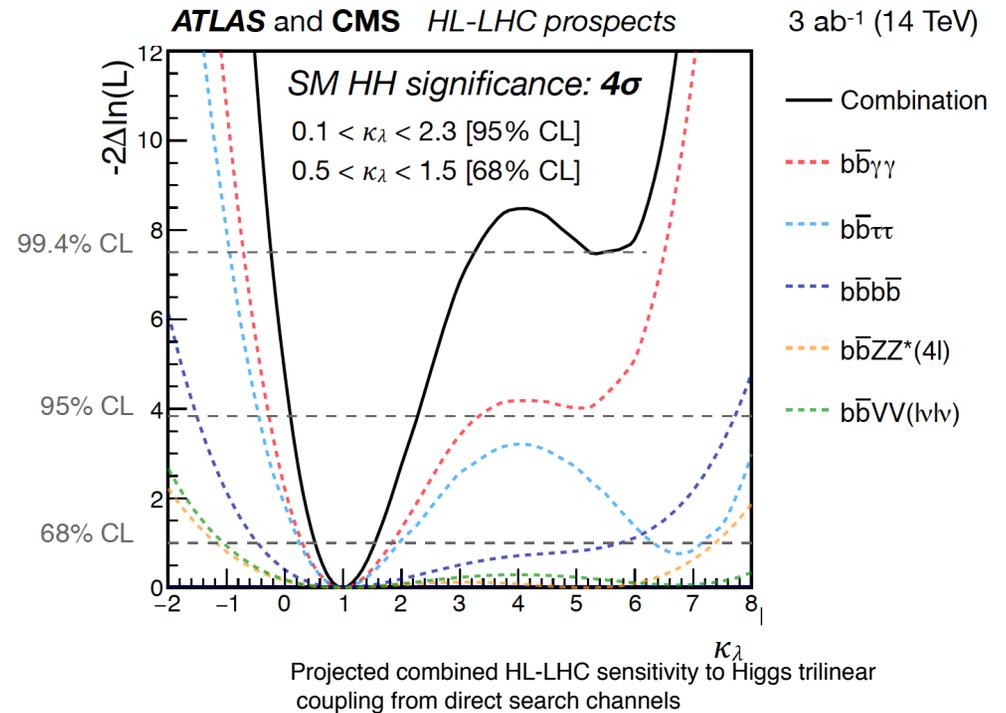
- ▶ Integrated Luminosity
  - ▶ CMS and ATLAS (total)  $\sim 190 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,
  - LHCb:  $10.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (total), ALICE  $1 \text{ nb}^{-1}$  (Run 2/Pb-Pb)
  - (<http://acc-stats.web.cern.ch/acc-stats/#lhc/overview-panel>)
- ▶ Higgs boson coupling to the heaviest, third generation of quarks and leptons
- ▶ Precise masses of the Higgs boson, top quark W boson,  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  branching ratio - constraining the Standard Model
- ▶ Target Long Lived Particle searches  
<https://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevLett.122.131801>

# Physics potential HL-LHC



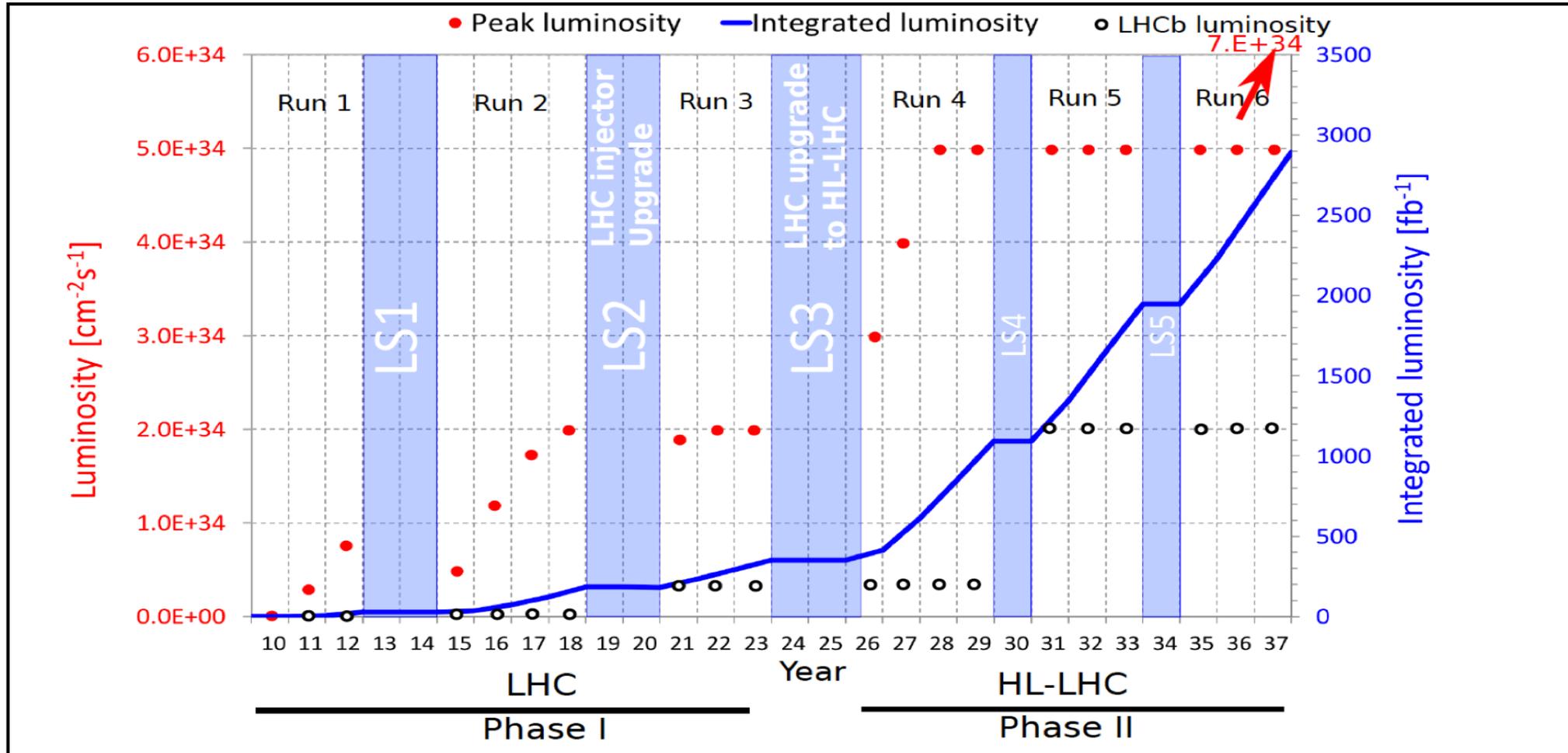
Projected uncertainties on  $\kappa_T$ , combining ATLAS and CMS: total (grey box), statistical (blue), experimental (green) and theory (red).

- ▶ Run 1 and 2 legacy underscores need the for the High-Luminosity LHC, and full design energy of 14 TeV
  - ▶ precise measurement - Higgs boson properties and SM phenomena
  - ▶ Higher sensitivity for both direct and indirect searches for new physics



- ▶ Higgs coupling rate measurements in  $\kappa$ -framework
  - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, ZZ^*, WW^*, \tau^+\tau^-, b\bar{b}, \mu^+\mu^-$  and  $Z\gamma$ .
- ▶ uncertainties reduced by a factor of two
- ▶ Higgs pair production
- ▶ Combined observation sensitivity of 4 s.d. for HH signal

# Timeline (LHC/HL-LHC) - Long Shutdowns, Runs, Upgrades



## Run 3

- ▶ ATLAS and CMS will run at just slightly higher inst. lumi than 2018, significant upgrades in the detector and upgrade systems
- ▶ LHCb will undergo a major detector upgrade, pile up  $\sim 5$
- ▶ ALICE major upgrade

## Run 4

- ▶ Marks officially the start of HL-LHC
- ▶ ATLAS and CMS will undergo major detector upgrades, pileup up to  $\sim 140$  (200)
- ▶ LHCb undergoes consolidation upgrades (phase Ib)
- ▶ LHCb phase II upgrade for Run 5

# Run 3 ALICE Detector



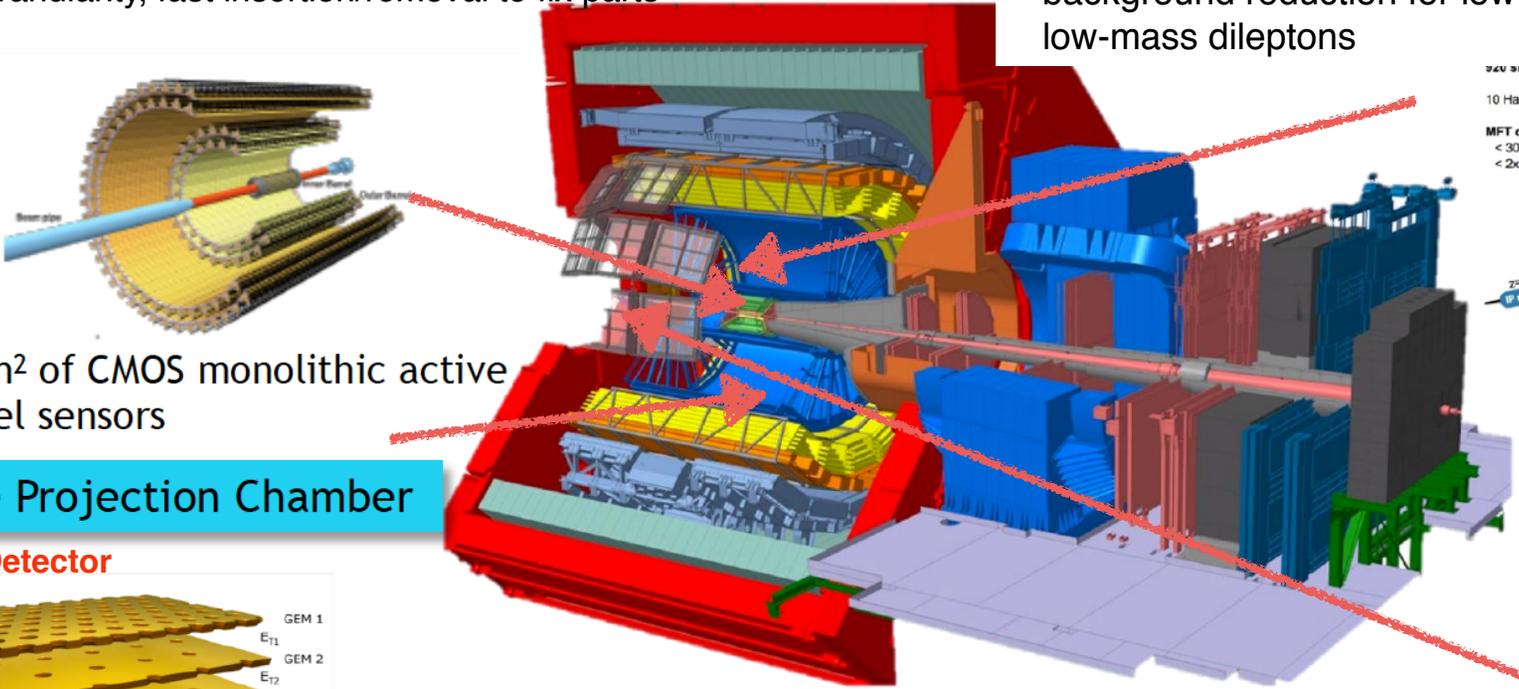
ALICE

- ▶ Improvements in readout bandwidth and trigger capability
- ▶ Goal is to register all Pb-Pb collisions (3kHz -> 50 kHz)

## New Detector

### Inner Tracking System

- ▶ Improve impact parameter resolution by a factor of 3 in (r-phi) and ~5 in (z); reduce material budget, increase granularity, fast insertion/removal to fix parts

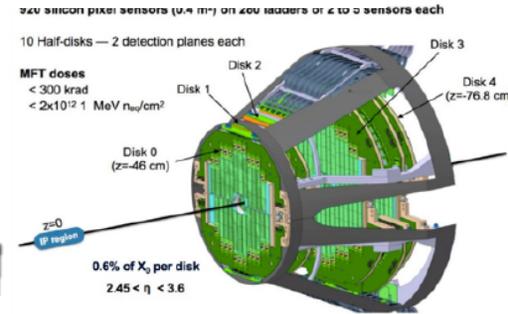


10m<sup>2</sup> of CMOS monolithic active pixel sensors

## New Detector

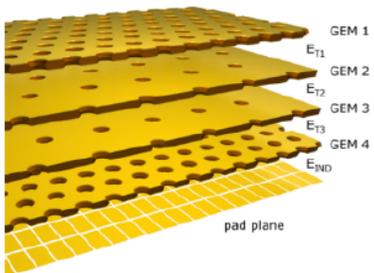
### Muon Forward Tracker

- ▶ New silicon detector in front of muon absorber
- ▶ Add secondary vertexing for heavy-flavour and background reduction for low-p<sub>T</sub> quarkonium and low-mass dileptons



### Time Projection Chamber

## New Detector

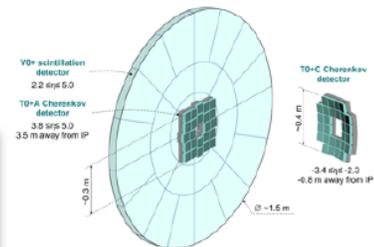


### Integrated Online-Offline system (O<sup>2</sup>)

- Record minimum-bias Pb-Pb data at > 50kHz (currently ~ 1 kHz)

- ▶ GEM: Micro-pattern gas detector with high electric field for electron multiplication in small holes of a thin polymer sheet
- ▶ Proven to work reliably in high-rate environments and high rate capability

### Fast Interaction Trigger



**+ new readout for all detectors**

- ▶ Upgrade of existing V0 and T0 detectors to improve acceptance and timings

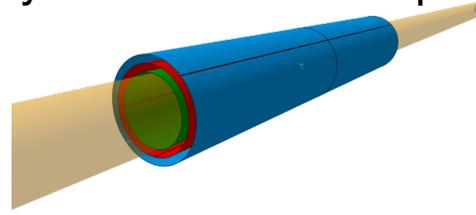
# ALICE upgrade proposal (LS3) for Run 4 and beyond (LS4)



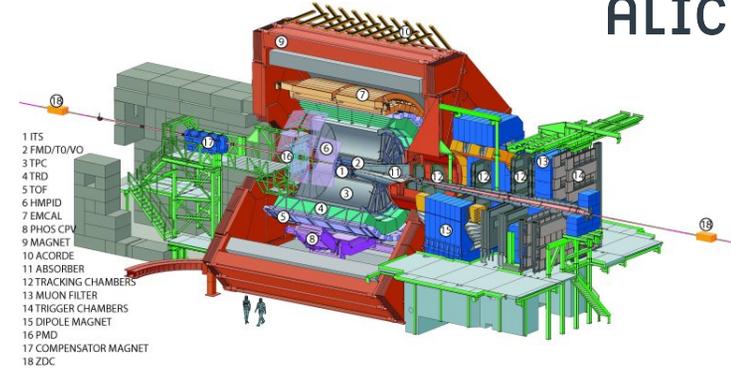
- ▶ Fully cylindrical tracking detector
- ▶ Reduce the material budget
- ▶ Resolution improves by a factor 2 in the full  $p_T$  range
- ▶ Efficiency increases by a factor 1.2-2 for  $p_T < 100\text{MeV}/c$

- ▶ New Beam Pipe  
IR = 16mm,  $\Delta R = 0.5\text{mm}$

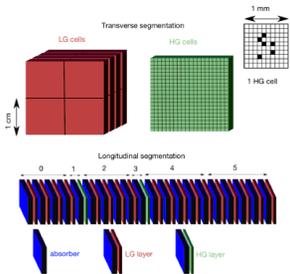
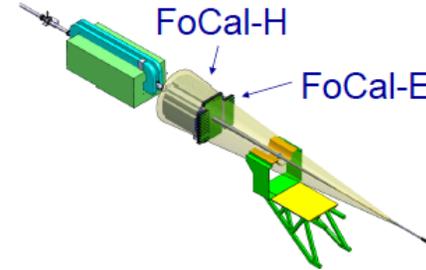
Sensors arranged with a perfectly cylindrical shape -> sensors thinned to  $\sim 30\mu\text{m}$  can be curved to a radius of 10-20mm



Stitching technique -> wide area sensors



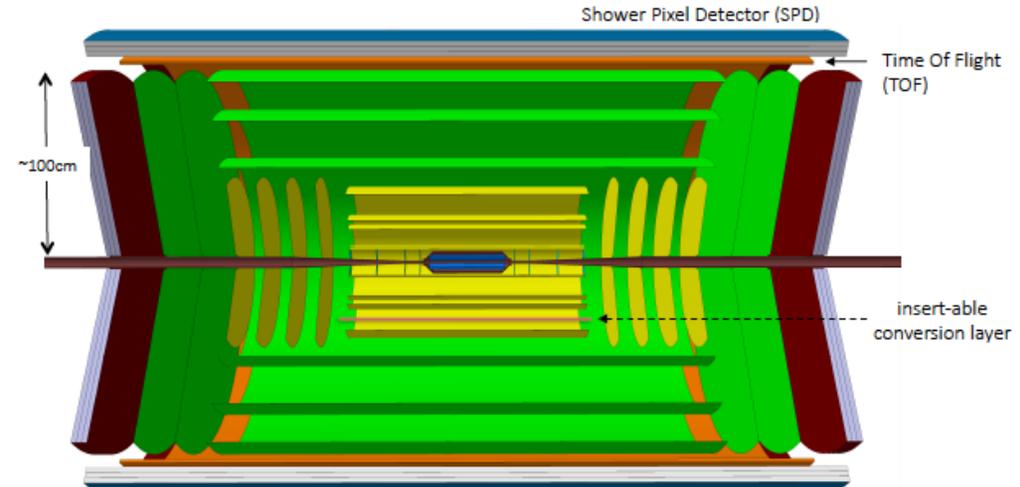
- ▶ The FoCal Proposal
- ▶ high-granularity Si-W calorimeter for photons and  $\pi_0$
- ▶ measurement of direct photon production at forward rapidity in p-Pb



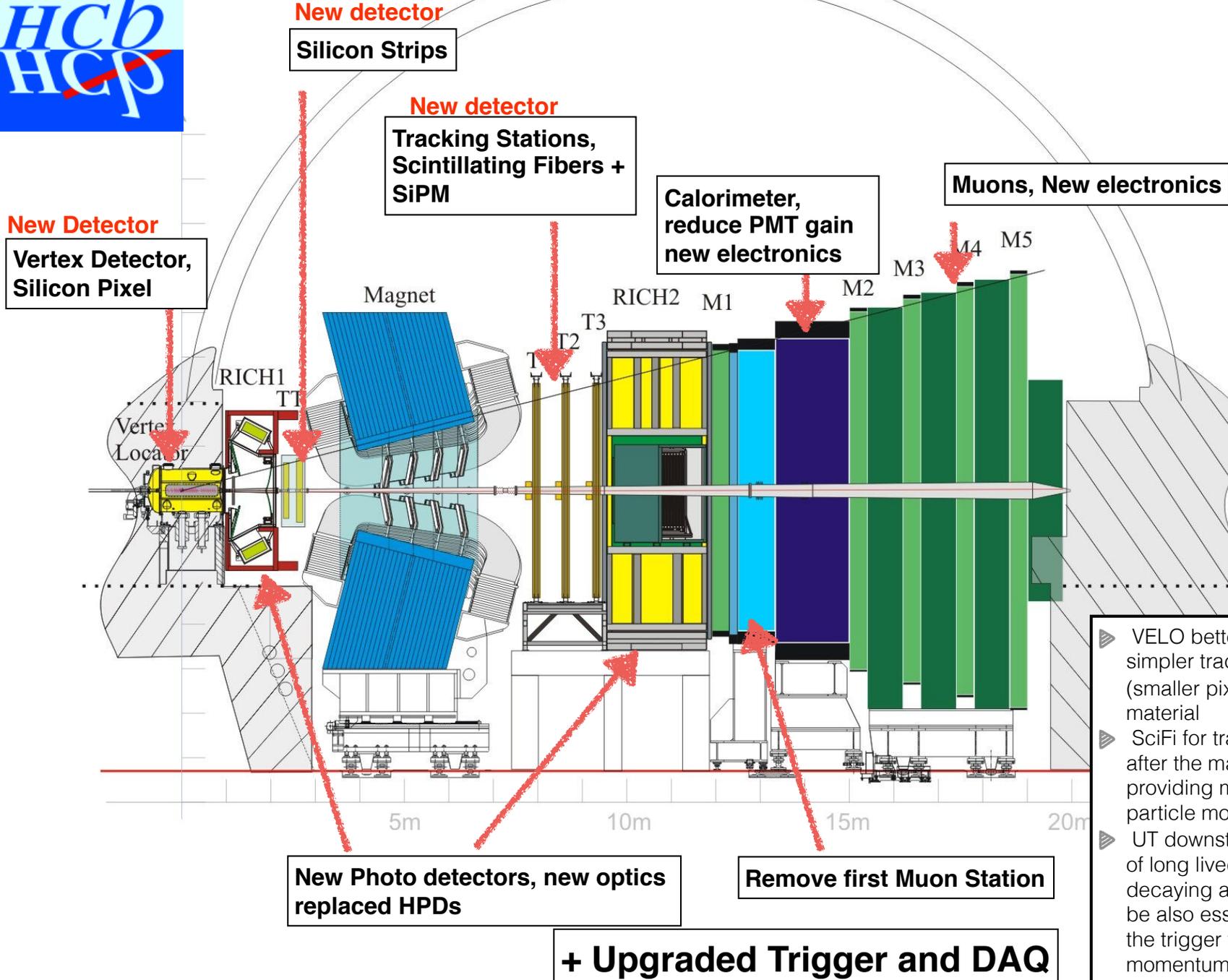
- ▶ The E-Cal Proposal
- ▶ Instrument forward region
- ▶ Separate  $\gamma/\pi_0$  at high energy in pp and pPb
- ▶ Si-W calorimeter with effective granularity  $\approx 1\text{mm}^2$

## Beyond LS4

- ▶ a completely new detector without TPC
- ▶ All-silicon detector (CMOS)
- ▶ enhanced performance (very high spatial and time resolution)



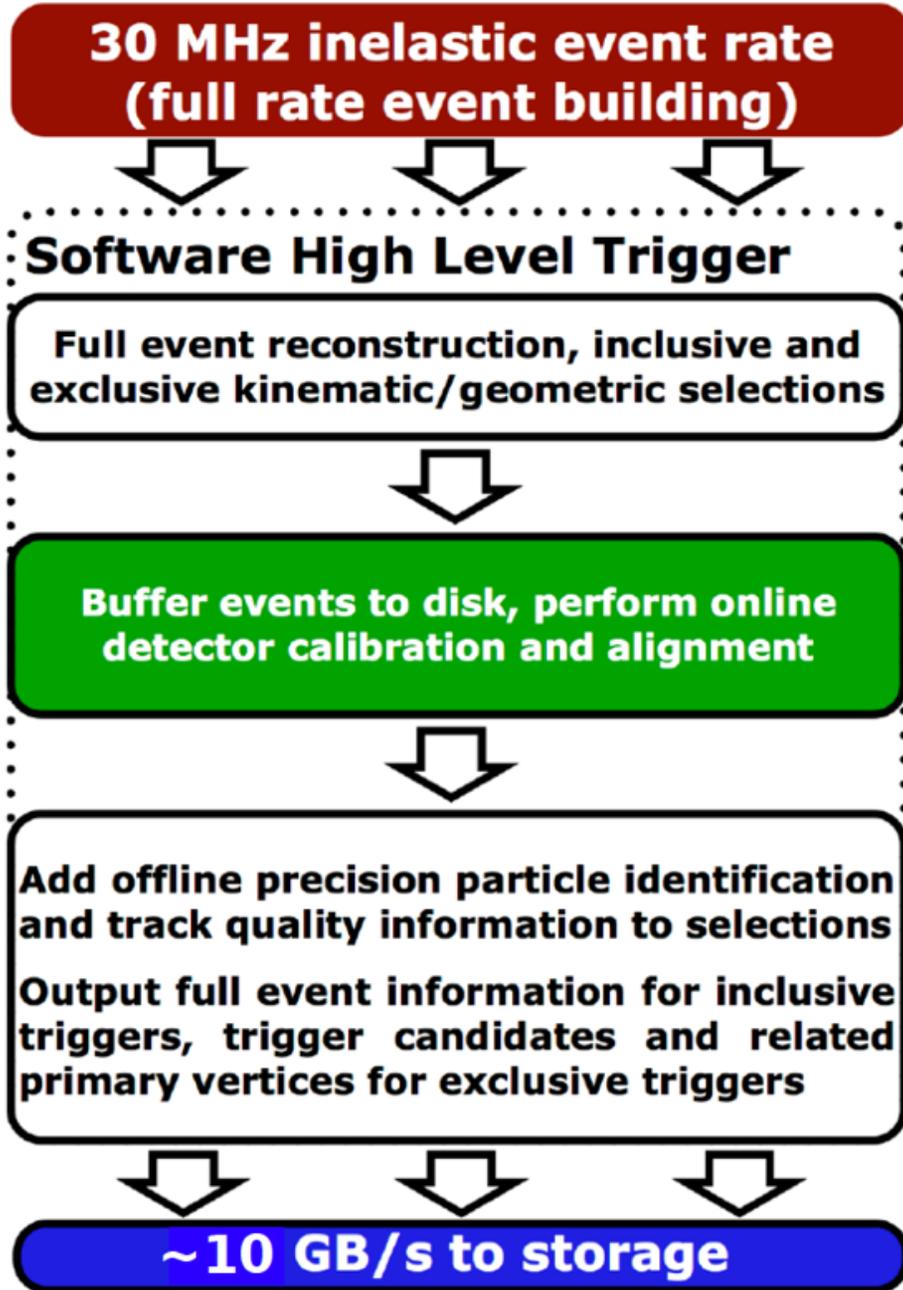
# Run 3 LHCb Detector (Upgrade I)



- ▶ VELO better hit resolution and simpler track reconstruction (smaller pixel size), less material
- ▶ SciFi for track reconstruction after the magnet region thus providing measurement of the particle momentum
- ▶ UT downstream reconstruction of long lived particles decaying after the VELO. It will be also essential to improve the trigger timing, and the momentum resolution

# Run 3 LHCb Detector (Upgrade I) - Trigger

## LHCb Upgrade Trigger Diagram



### Current Trigger and Limitations

- ▶ The current trigger strategy at LHCb - L0 40 MHz up to 1 MHz (calorimeters and the muon based)
- ▶ HLT performs partial event reconstruction at the rate of 1 MHz
- ▶ Selected events are stored at a rate of 12.5 KHz.
- ▶ current readout and triggering scheme is a limiting factor for the trigger
- ▶ trigger yield on many hadronic channels already saturates at the current luminosity

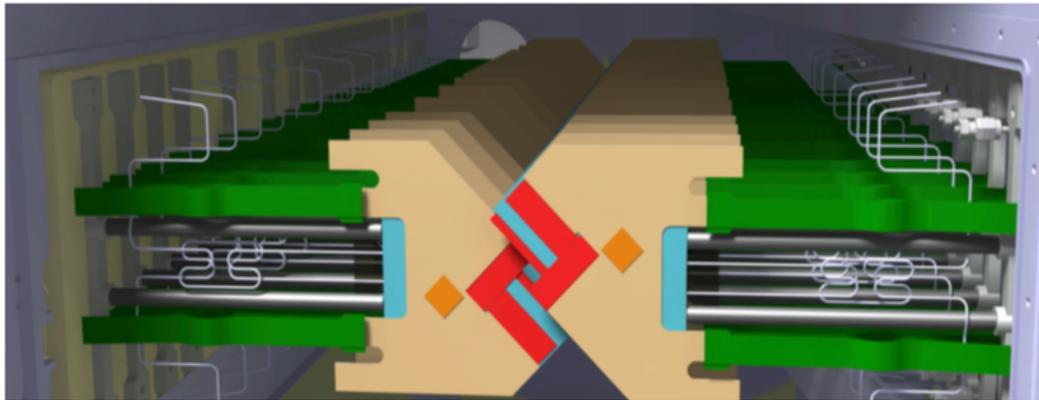
### Upgrade I - trigger

- ▶ 40 MHz readout
- ▶ Remove hardware trigger
- ▶ Tracking followed by high efficiency displaced tracks inclusive sections
- ▶ Perform a fast reconstruction for real-time alignment and calibration
- ▶ Online quality= offline quality
  - ▶ no need for further processing
- ▶ Increased output rate to storage
- ▶ Analysis on Trigger Objects, only save what is necessary from event

CERN-LHCC-2018-007 ; LHCb-TDR-017

# Run 3 LHCb Detector Tracking System

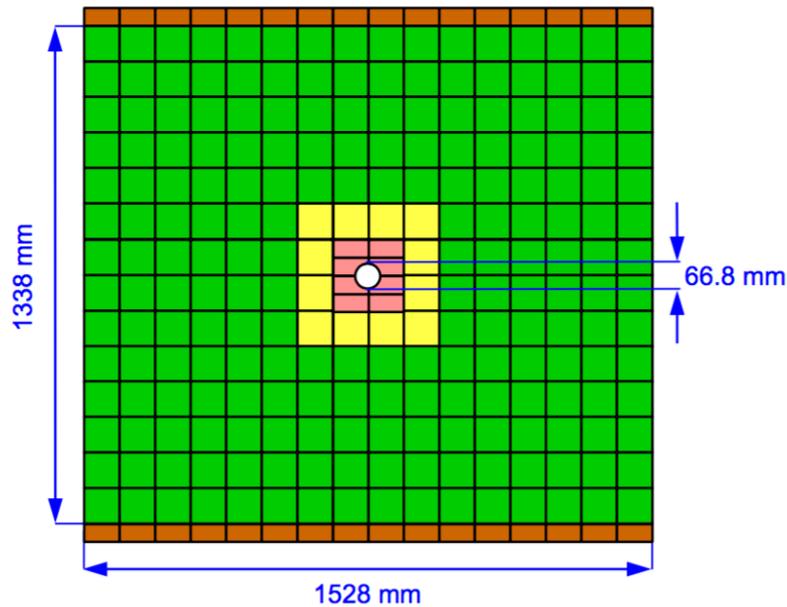
## VELO



(a)

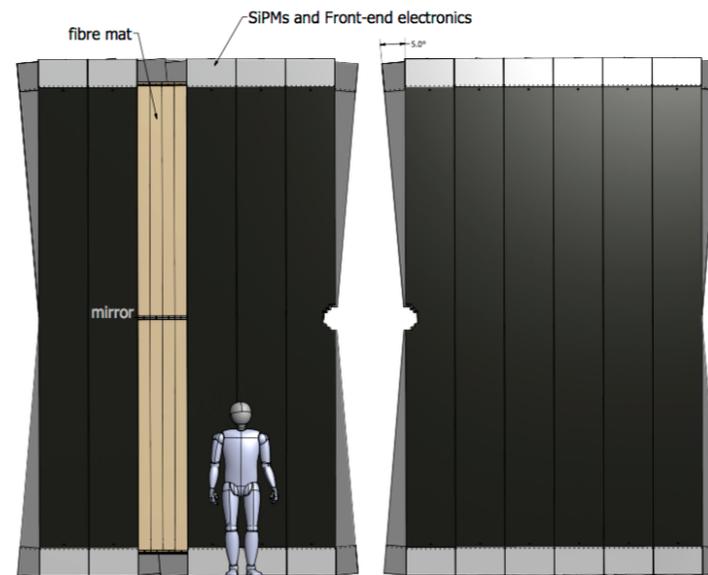
- ▶ better  $p_T$  resolution
- ▶ drastic reduction in ghost rate
- ▶ large gain in reconstruction time

## UT



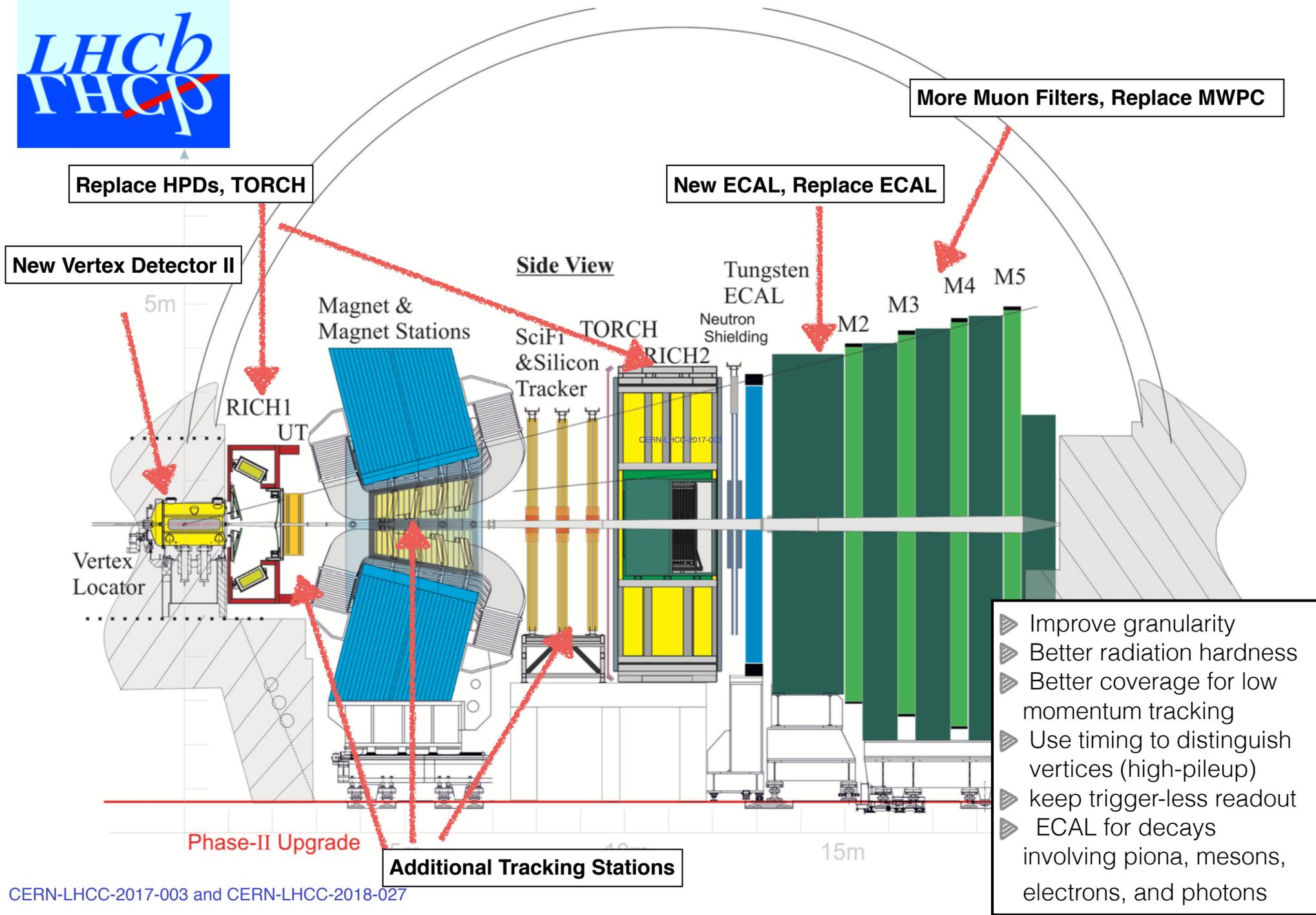
(b)

## SciFi

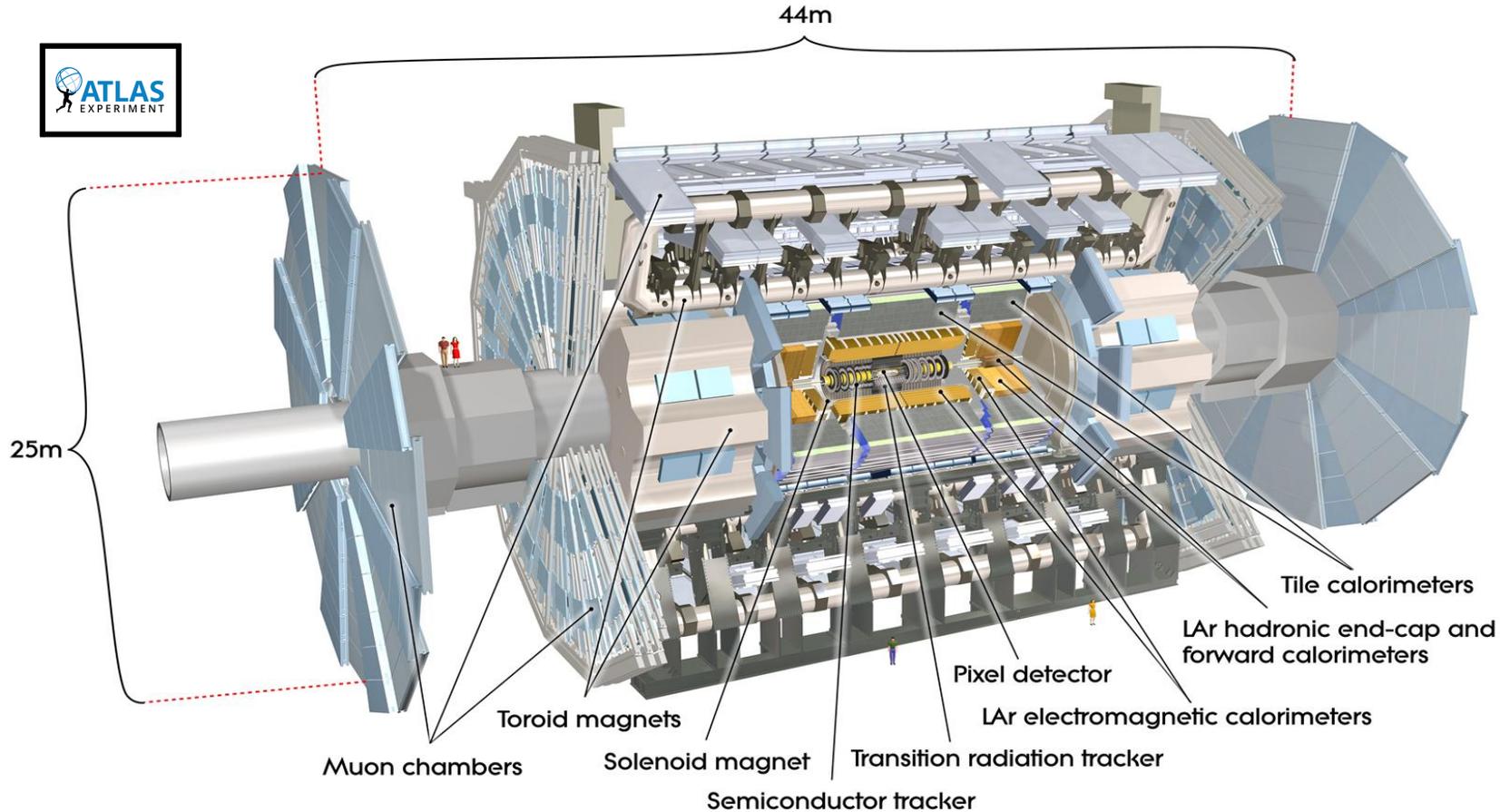


(c)

# LHCb Upgrade II



# ATLAS Upgrade I - LS2



- ▶ Consolidation of LHC ATLAS - Preparation for HL-LHC ATLAS
- ▶ Better trigger capabilities (efficiency, fake rejection)
- ▶ Maintain same acceptance/ $p_T$  thresholds with higher pileup.
- ▶ Fast Track Trigger (FTK) HW based tracking of Si-tracking layers at “Level 1.5”
- ▶ High Granular L1 Calorimeter Trigger
- ▶ Muons: New Small Wheel (NSW), sTGC + MicroMegas (trigger & precise tracking)
- ▶ Trigger/DAQ Phase I Upgrade
  - ▶ L1Calo - improved lepton triggering, MET...
  - ▶ L1Muon - new/improved sector logic

# CMS Upgrade I - LS2



## CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes  
 Overall diameter : 15.0 m  
 Overall length : 28.7 m  
 Magnetic field : 3.8 T

STEEL RETURN YOKE  
 12,500 tonnes

### SILICON TRACKERS

Pixel (100x150  $\mu\text{m}$ )  $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 66\text{M}$  channels  
 Microstrips (80x180  $\mu\text{m}$ )  $\sim 200\text{m}^2 \sim 9.6\text{M}$  channels

### SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID

Niobium titanium coil carrying  $\sim 18,000\text{A}$

### MUON CHAMBERS

Barrel: 250 Drift Tube, 480 Resistive Plate Chambers  
 Endcaps: 468 Cathode Strip, 432 Resistive Plate Chambers

### PRESHOWER

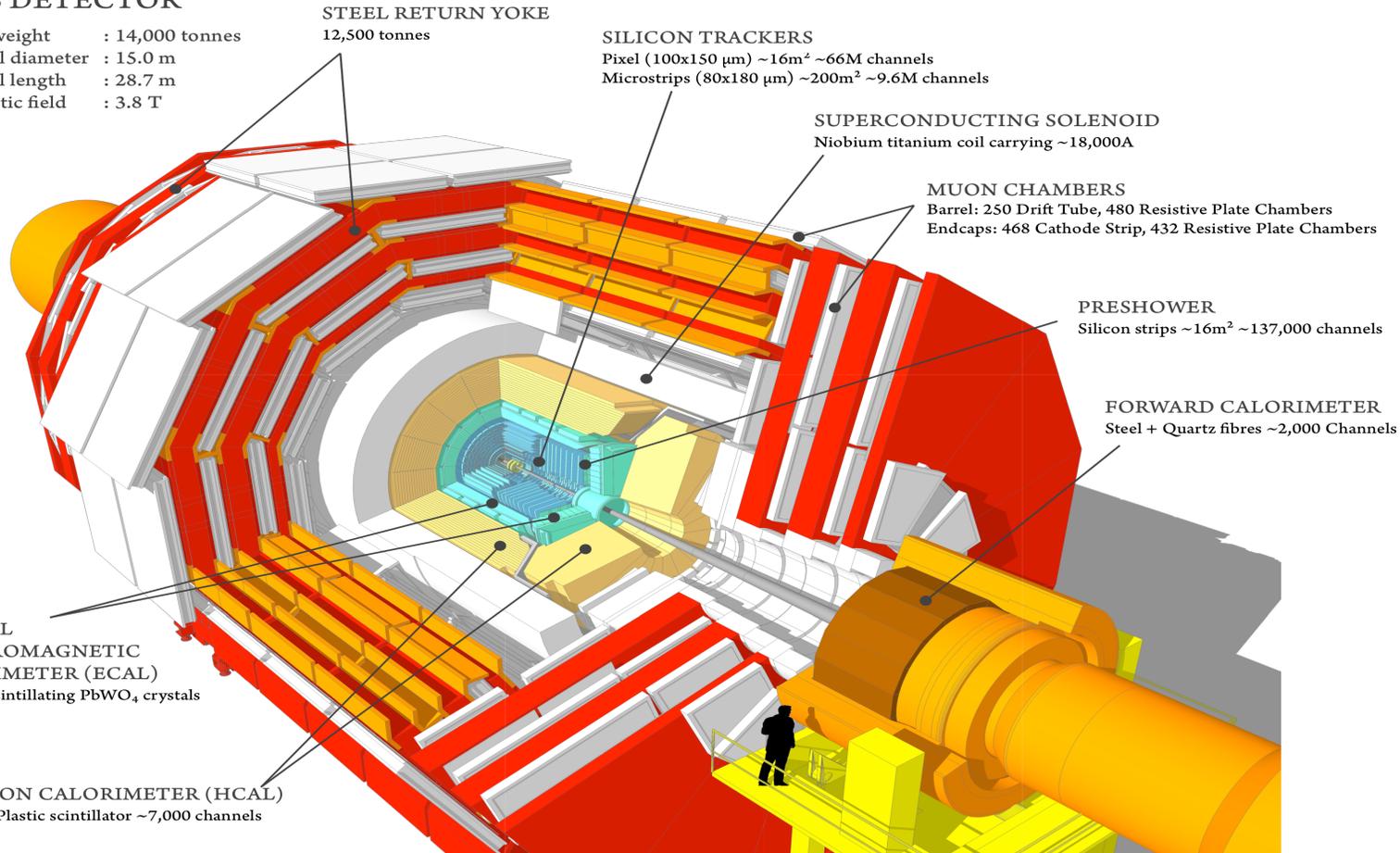
Silicon strips  $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 137,000$  channels

### FORWARD CALORIMETER

Steel + Quartz fibres  $\sim 2,000$  Channels

CRYSTAL  
 ELECTROMAGNETIC  
 CALORIMETER (ECAL)  
 $\sim 76,000$  scintillating  $\text{PbWO}_4$  crystals

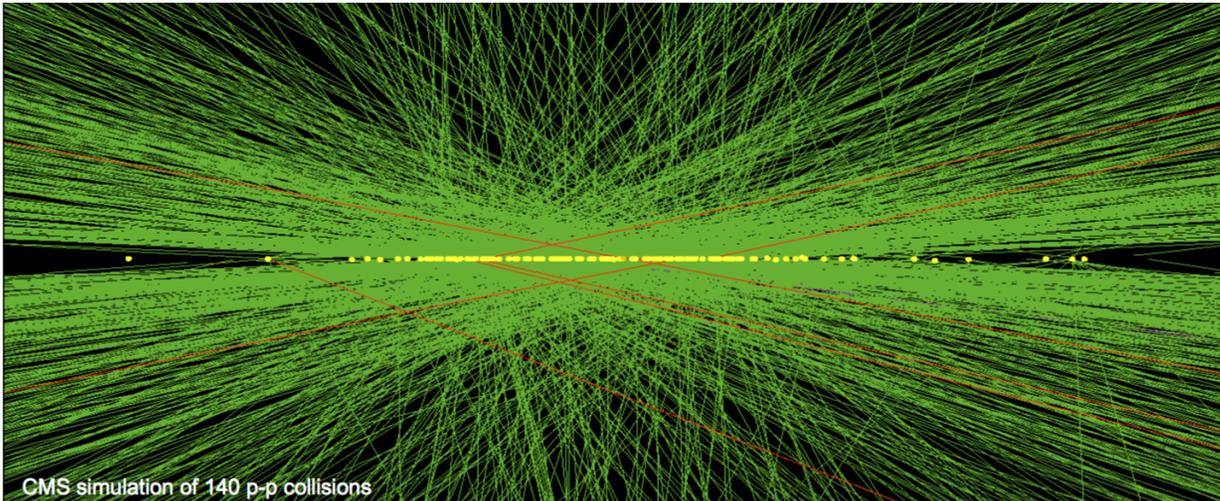
HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)  
 Brass + Plastic scintillator  $\sim 7,000$  channels



- ▶ Consolidation of LHC CMS - Preparation for HL-LHC CMS
- ▶ Phase-1 Pixel Detector installed in YETS (early 2017)
- ▶ HCAL Upgrade HPD  $\rightarrow$  SiPM End-cap done in 2017/2018
- ▶ CSC endcap muon chamber New front-end
- ▶ Installation of GEM chamber GE1/1
- ▶ Installation of Phase2 beam pipe
- ▶ Trigger modification to accommodate Muon and Calo changes

## Phase II - Challenges and Strategy

- ▶ Luminosity of up to  $7.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- ▶ up to 200 events/ 25 ns bunch crossing
- ▶ Higher pile-up, higher occupancy



Simulation of the reconstruction of 140 pileup p-p collisions in the CMS tracker



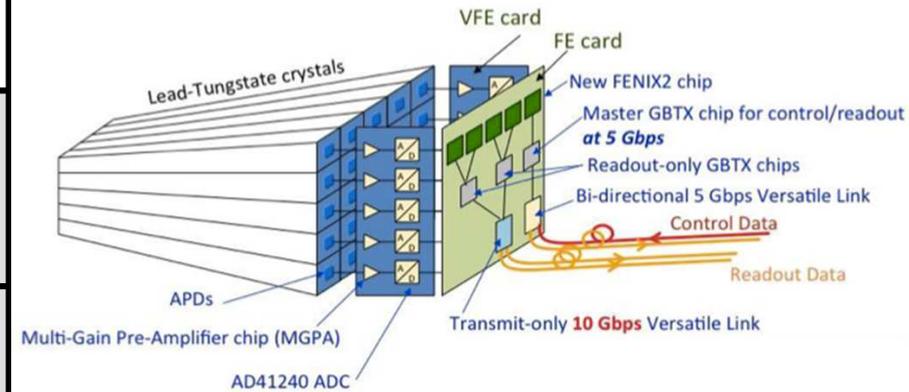
ttbar event with 140 pile-up events (ATLAS simulation)

- ▶ Major modification of the detector, trigger and DAQ system.
- ▶ Need higher detector granularity
- ▶ Increase HW trigger latency and enhanced processing capabilities to maintain good efficiency
- ▶ Hardware tracking to provide track information to the trigger
- ▶ Timing and fine granularity (tracker, calorimeters) to mitigate pile-up

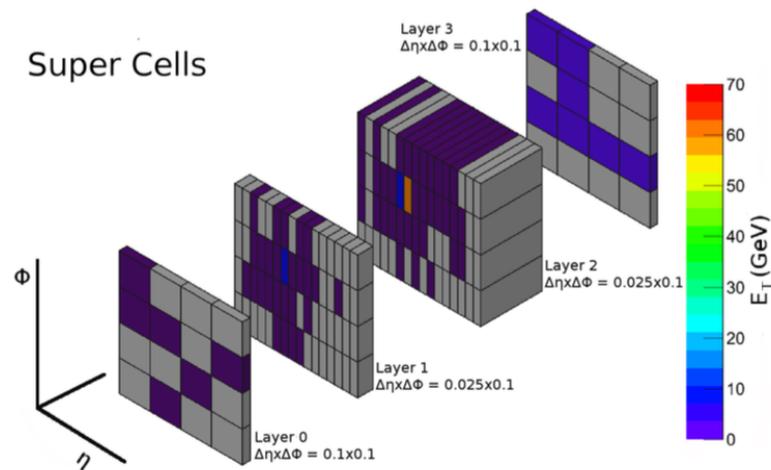
# ATLAS and CMS Phase II Upgrades at a glance

		
<b>Pixel Detector</b>	New, Radiation tolerant - higher granularity, extended coverage forward region	New, Radiation tolerant - higher granularity, extended coverage forward region
<b>Tracker</b>	New, all silicon, extended coverage forward region high granularity timing detector	New, all silicon, extended coverage forward region detector
<b>Calorimeters</b>	New FE electronics for Tile and LAr (trigger), replace FCAL if required	replace full endcaps (longevity), FE electronics in ECAL barrel for trigger
<b>Muon system</b>	additional forward chambers - new FE electronics in DT chambers (longevity & trigger)	new FE electronics for trigger
<b>Timing</b>	New, track-to-vertex association, pile up mitigation, Coverage $2.4 < \eta < 4$	New, track-to-vertex association, pile up mitigation, Coverage $\eta < 3$
<b>Trigger/DAQ</b>	Upgrade, add tracking at Level 1, new back-end electronics	Upgrade, add tracking at Level 1, new back-end electronics

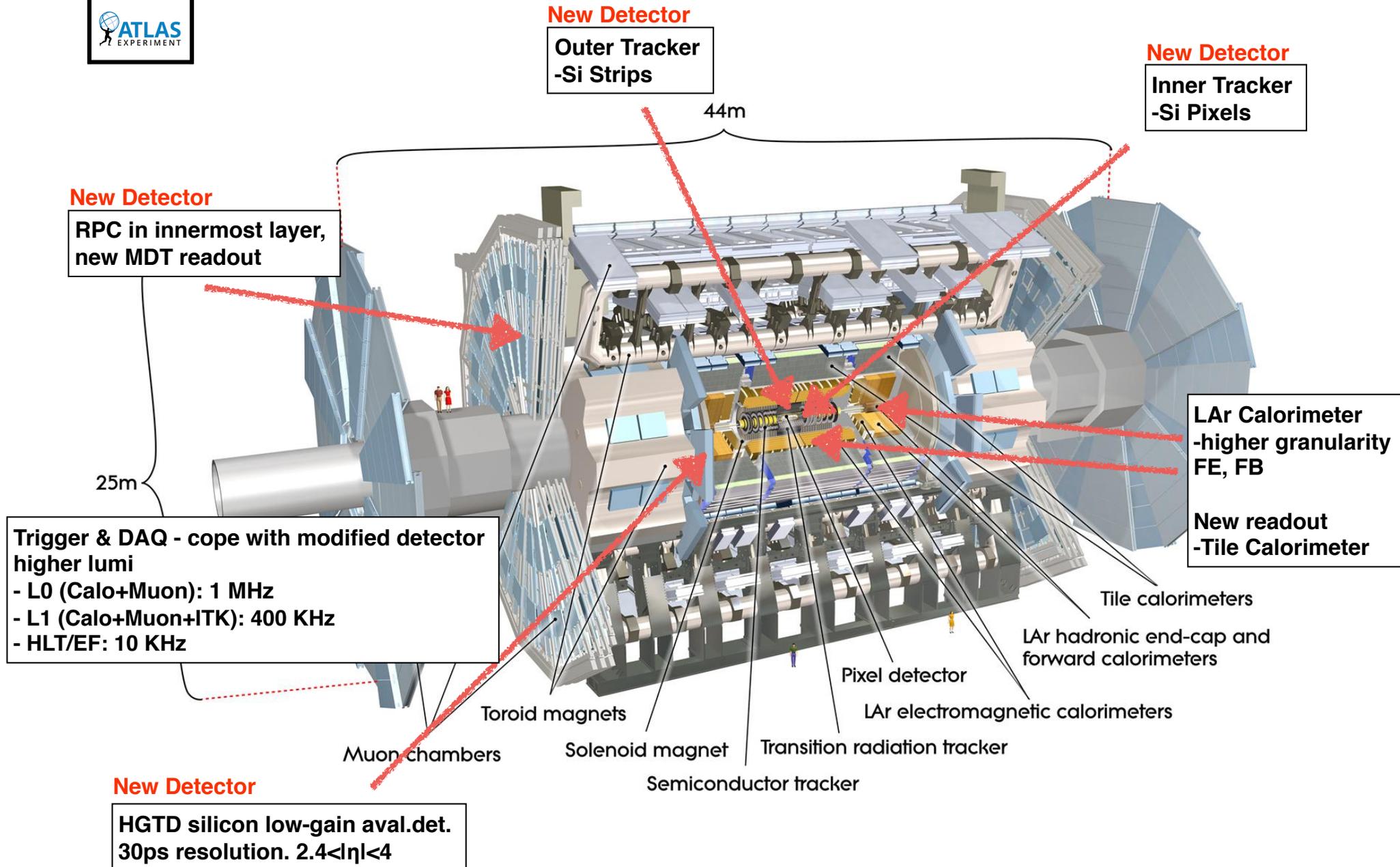
## CMS - Barrel Calorimeters crystal readout



## ATLAS - Super Cells designed for LAr trigger upgrades



# ATLAS Phase II upgrades



# CMS Phase II upgrades



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### FORWARD CALORIMETER

Steel + Quartz fibres  $\sim 2,000$  Channels

**New readout for Muon system  
 + new stations  $1.6 < \eta < 2.4$**

**ECAL barrel readout  
 - full granularity @ 40 MHz**

## New Detector

**Outer Tracker  
 - Si macro-pixels+strips**

## New Detector

**Inner Tracker  
 - Si Pixels**

EMAGNETIC  
 METER (ECAL)  
 Scintillating  $\text{PbWO}_4$  crystals

HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)  
 Brass + Plastic scintillator  $\sim 7,000$  channels

## New Detector

**MIP timing  
 $\sigma_t = \sim 30$  ps**

## New Detector

**Endcap Calorimeter  
 4D showers,  $\sigma_t = \sim 20$  ps**

**L1-Trigger/HLT/DAQ - cope with modified detector  
 higher lumi**

- Tracks in L1-Trigger at 40 MHz
- PFlow-like selection 750 kHz output
- HLT output 7.5 kHz

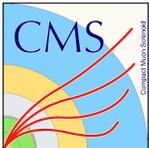
# ATLAS and CMS Phase II Trigger

- ▶ Tracks in Trigger, high granularity, improve single lepton trigger, sensitive to EW scale
- ▶ Pileup mitigation techniques using tracks in the trigger, improve hadronic triggers



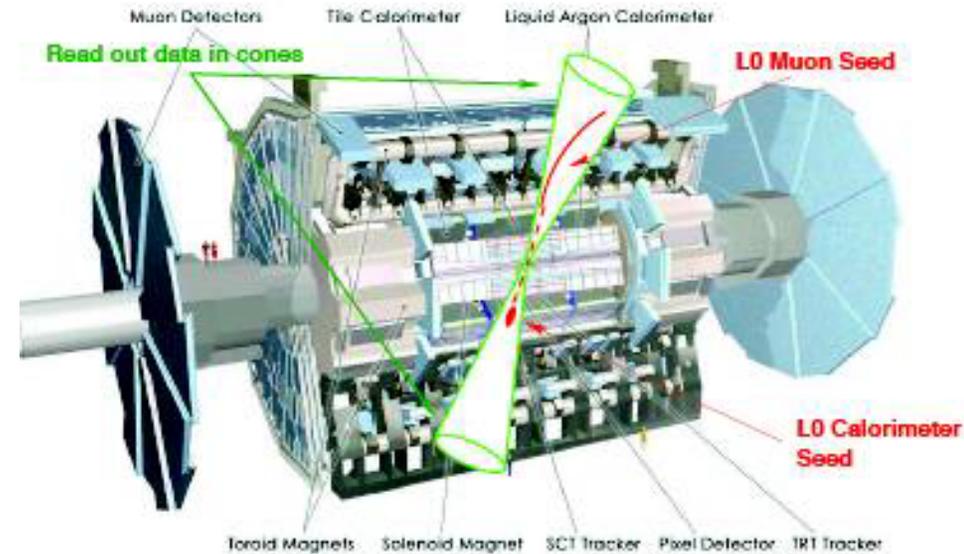
ATLAS [CERN-LHCC-2017-020]

- ▶ Being installed: Fast Track Trigger (FTK) at L2,  $25\mu\text{s}$ , pattern recognition with associative memories (AM), track fitting in FPGAs
- ▶ 'Pull architecture'
- ▶ HL-LHC: L0 trigger (Calo/Muon) reduces rate within  $\sim 6\mu\text{s}$  to  $\geq 500\text{ kHz}$  and defines 'regions of interest' (Rois)
- ▶ L1 track trigger extracts tracking info inside RoIs from detector FEs
- ▶ HW trigger accept 1 MHz ( $10\mu\text{s}$ )
- ▶ z-resolution  $< \sim 10\text{ mm}$
- ▶ Data storage 10kHz

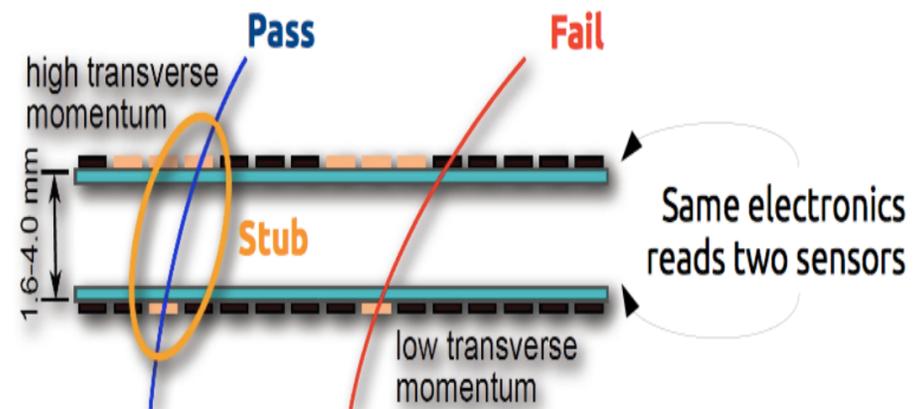


CMS [CERN-LHCC-2017-013,014]

- ▶ 'Push architecture' for outer tracker
- ▶ Track segment selection at front-ends based on pt measurement (at 40 MHz)
- ▶  $\sim 1\text{mm}$  primary vertex resolution
- ▶ Pattern recognition and track fit at L1 in off-detector electronics (AM+FPGAs)
- ▶ HW trigger accept 750 kHz ( $12.5\mu\text{s}$ )
- ▶ Data storage 7.5 kHz
- ▶ Explore 'pull architecture' for pixel b tags at L1

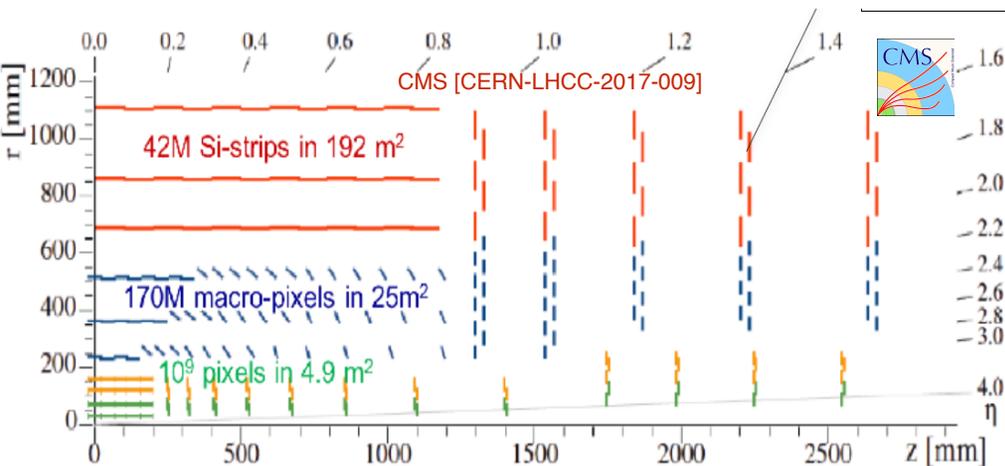
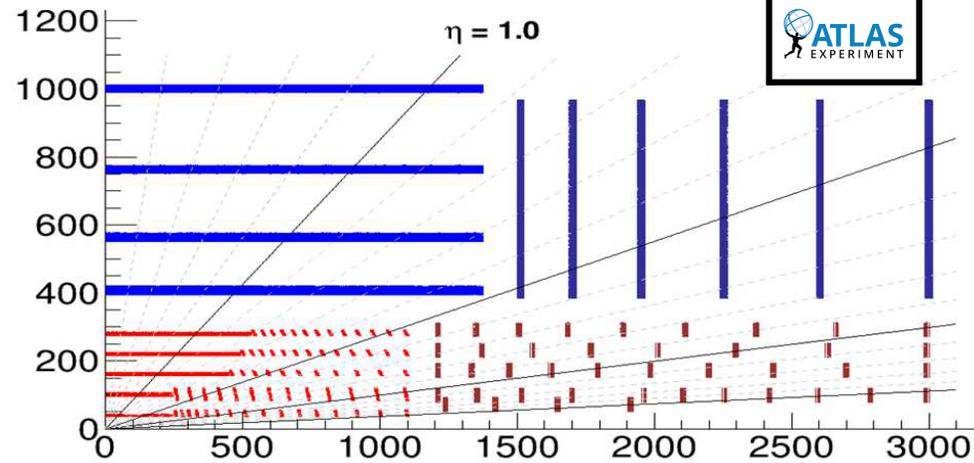


Tracker design is from the ground up done for triggering



# ATLAS and CMS Phase II Tracker

ATLAS [CERN-LHCC-2017-005,CERN-LHCC-2017-021]



Tracker		ATLAS	CMS
Inner (Pixels)	Layers (B+EC)	5 + 9	4 + 12
	Area	~13 m <sup>2</sup>	4.9 m <sup>2</sup>
Outer	Layers (B+EC)	4 + 6	6 + 5
	Area	163 m <sup>2</sup>	192 m <sup>2</sup>

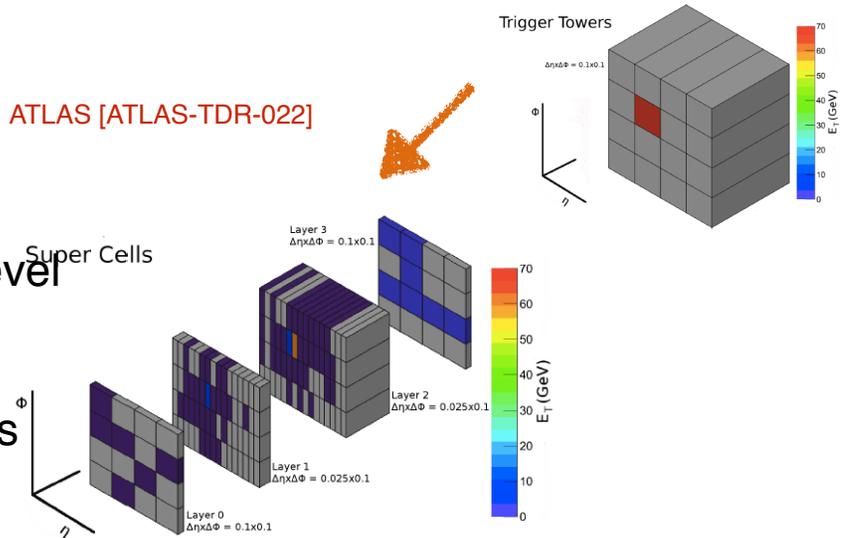
- ▶ Reduced material in active volume wrt Phase I
- ▶ Improved IP and vertex resolution
- ▶ Extended coverage
  - ▶  $|\eta| < 2.5 \rightarrow |\eta| < 4.0$
  - ▶ VBF processes and improved association of tracks to jets for PU mitigation
- ▶ Pixel: mix of technologies
  - ▶ planar n-in-p, 3D, CMOS 50 x50 and 25 x100 $\mu\text{m}^2$
- ▶ Strip: pitch ~ 60-90  $\mu\text{m}$  & length ~ 2.5 – 5 cm
  - ▶ CMS: back-to-back sensors,  $p_T$  measurement in the readout
  - ▶ ATLAS: stereo-angle between sensors on double sided structure.
- ▶ A lot of optimisation to minimize the pile-up influence (computing time, b-tagging, jet-reco, ...)

# ATLAS and CMS Phase II Calorimetry



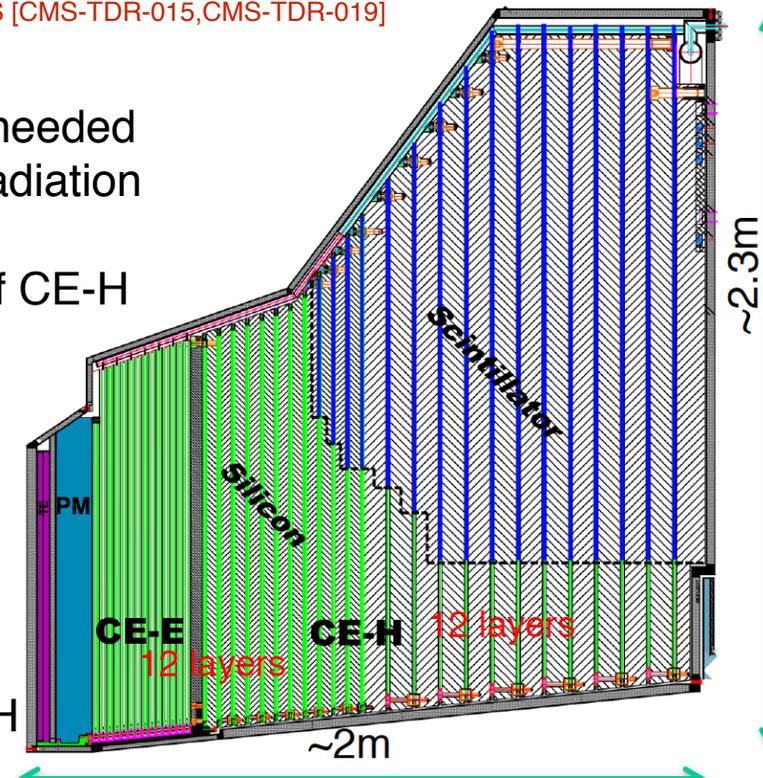
- ▶ Exploiting the higher resolution and longitudinal shower information from the calorimeter for better energy resolution / signal discrimination at trigger level
- ▶ LAr Calorimeter - higher granularity FE, FB
- ▶ High Granular L1 Calorimeter Trigger
- ▶ Tile Calorimeter: replace HV, FE and BE electronics

ATLAS [ATLAS-TDR-022]



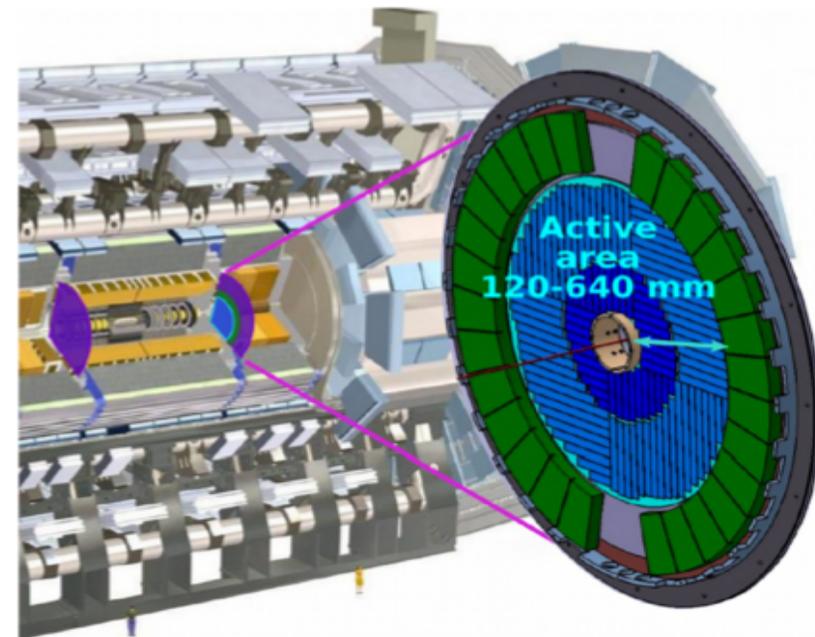
- ▶ High granularity calorimeter for particle flow
- ▶ VBF identification and hadr. tau-jets, PU rejection
- ▶ High fluence, especially at  $|\eta| > 3 \rightarrow$  Rad. hard Si + SiPMs needed
- ▶ Hexagonal modules based on Si sensors in CE-E and high-radiation regions of CE-H
- ▶ Scintillating tiles with SiPM readout in low-radiation regions of CE-H
- ▶ HGCal covers  $1.5 < \eta < 3.0$
- ▶ Full system maintained at  $-30^\circ\text{C}$
- ▶  $\sim 600\text{m}^2$  of silicon sensors
- ▶  $\sim 500\text{m}^2$  of scintillators
- ▶ 6M Si channels, 0.5 or 1.1  $\text{cm}^2$  cell size, 400k scint-tile channels ( $\eta-\phi$ )
- ▶ Data readout from all layers
- ▶ Trigger readout from alternate layers in CE-E and all in CE-H

CMS [CMS-TDR-015,CMS-TDR-019]



## ATLAS and CMS Phase II Timing

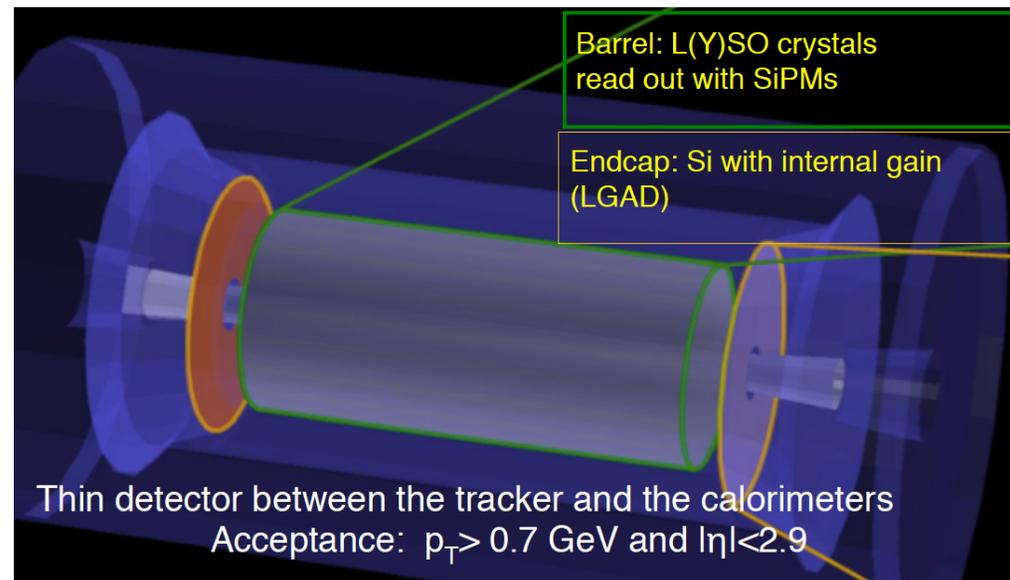
- ▶ Timing layer needed as track-to-vertex association is ambiguous when tracking z-resolution is larger than separation between vertices
- ▶ Key component for pile-up mitigation techniques, in particular for jet reconstruction. Complement calorimeter timing informations
- ▶ Unique discovery potential for Long Lived Particles
  - ▶ <https://indico.cern.ch/event/793591/>
  - ▶ [https://indico.cern.ch/event/792346/contributions/3426226/attachments/1852203/3041097/14\\_TimingLLP\\_ZhenLiu\\_CERNLLP2019.pdf](https://indico.cern.ch/event/792346/contributions/3426226/attachments/1852203/3041097/14_TimingLLP_ZhenLiu_CERNLLP2019.pdf)
- ▶ Different strategy for timing layer
  - ▶ ATLAS forward
  - ▶ CMS central
- ▶ Scintillators (LYSO:Ce) and SiPM for lower irradiation



- ▶ LGAD Silicon sensors,  $O(\text{mm}^2)$  channels
- ▶ 30 ps per tracks
- ▶ Coverage  $2.4 < \eta < 4$

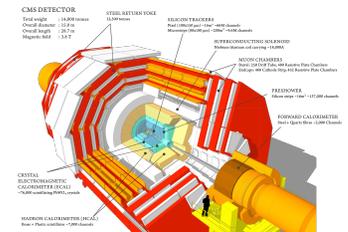
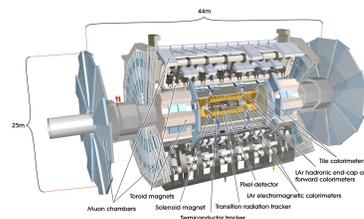
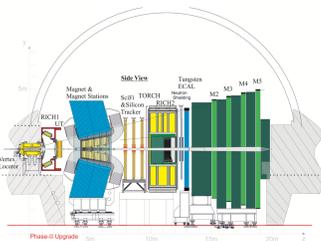
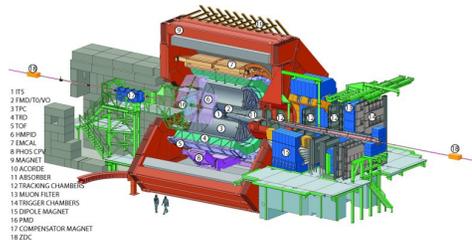


- ▶ LYSO:Ce crystals with SiPM (Barrel),  $O(\text{cm}^2)$  channels
- ▶ LGAD Silicon sensors (Endcaps),  $O(\text{mm}^2)$  channels
- ▶ 30-40 ps per tracks
- ▶ Coverage  $\eta < 3$



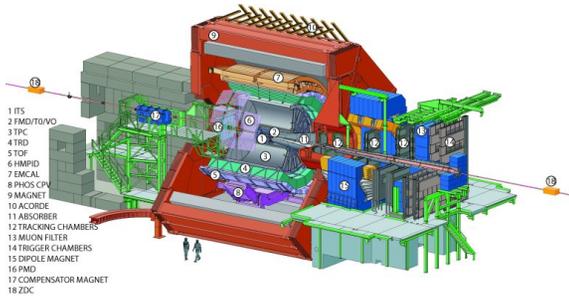
## Run 3 and HL-LHC Outlook

- ▶ HL-LHC:  $7.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ , 200 pileup, 3000  $\text{fb}^{-1}$
- ▶ Great physics potential, very challenging environment
- ▶ Comprehensive Upgrade programs for ATLAS, LHCb, CMS
- ▶ Currently TDRs are being published or have been published for the subsystems
- ▶ ALICE undergoing a major upgrade completed in 2020 for Run 3
- ▶ Another  $150 \text{fb}^{-1}$  to be collected by ATLAS CMS phase I detectors and more upgrade proposals in view of Run 4
- ▶ LHCb Upgrade I soon to be installed,  $50 \text{fb}^{-1}$  by 2029,  $300 \text{fb}^{-1}$  by 2036 if Upgrade II.
- ▶ ATLAS and CMS will be fully upgraded by 2026, expect  $3000 \text{fb}^{-1}$  by 2037
- ▶ A matching collaborative computing and software effort to meet HL-LHC challenging experimental conditions (not covered in this talk) [https://indico.cern.ch/event/651352/contributions/2960318/attachments/1630863/2599645/WLCG\\_Strategy\\_towards\\_HL-LHC.pdf](https://indico.cern.ch/event/651352/contributions/2960318/attachments/1630863/2599645/WLCG_Strategy_towards_HL-LHC.pdf), arXiv:1712.06982
- ▶ The hardware modifications opens new possibilities for LLP community
- ▶ Busy and exciting years ahead of us!

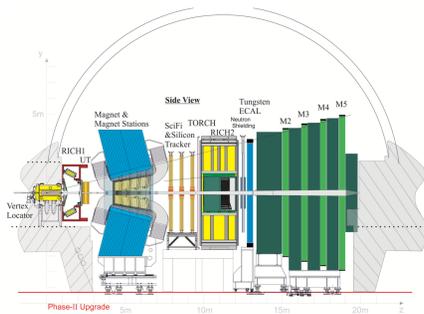


Thanks to colleagues - a lot of material borrowed from their slides

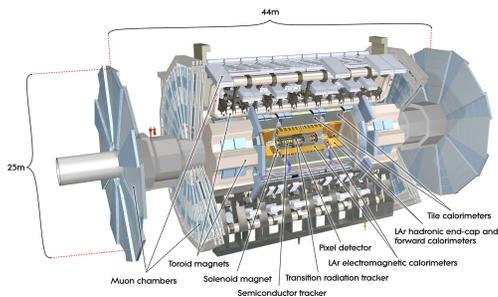
# Public available Links to referred and further information on Phase-2 upgrade



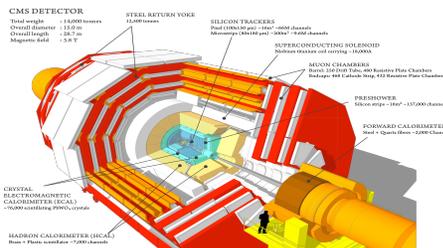
[CERN-LHCC-2012-012](#), [LHCC-I-022](#)  
[CERN-LHCC-2013-014](#), [LHCC-I-022-AOD-1](#)  
[CERN-LHCC-2012-005](#), [LHCC-G-159](#), [2012](#)  
[CERN-LHCC-2013-024](#), [ALICE-TDR-017](#)  
[CERN-LHCC-2013-020](#), [ALICE-TDR-018](#)  
[CERN-LHCC-2013-018](#), [ALICE-TDR-015](#)  
[CDS ALICE-PUBLIC-2018-013](#)  
[arXiv:1812.06772](#), [arXiv:1902.01211](#)



[Software and Computing \(Run 3\) CERN-LHCC-2018-007](#)  
[Velo \(Run 3\) CERN-LHCC-2013-021](#)  
[EOI Phase-II CERN-LHCC-2017-003](#)



[ITk Pixel TDR CERN-LHCC-2017-021](#)  
[ITk Strip TDR CERN-LHCC-2017-005](#)  
[LAr TDR CERN-LHCC-2017-018](#)  
[Tile TDR CERN-LHCC-2017-019](#)  
[Muon TDR CERN-LHCC-2017-017](#)  
[TDAQ TDR CERN-LHCC-2017-020](#)  
[Timing Detector CERN-LHCC-2018-023](#)



[Tracker CERN-LHCC-2017-00](#)  
[Muon CERN-LHCC-2017-012](#)  
[Barrel CERN-LHCC-2017-011](#)  
[Endcap CERN-LHCC-2017-023](#)  
[MTD CERN-LHCC-2017-027](#)  
[L1 Trigger \(Interim TDR\) CERN-LHCC-2017-013](#)  
[DAQ/HLT \(Interim TDR\) CERN-LHCC-2017-014](#)

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