



# Current status of Charge Analysis in HPTPC

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## What's in a raw tpc file?

```
.....*
Br      3 :scopeData : vector<Waveform*> *
Entries :      5 : Total Size=      648 bytes File Size =      122 *
Baskets :      1 : Basket Size=    32000 bytes Compression=    1.26 *
.....*
```

- Each channel is read by the digitiser
- Channels consist of 3 anodes + beam trigger
- When a channel goes triggers all channels saved
- Written as a `vector<Dmtpc::core::Waveform*>` in the raw files
- i.e. get a vector of waveforms for each dmtpc event (exposure/bias in essence)

# The gist of it...



- The basics of what the charge analysis currently looks like is very simple

```
1 rawfile->open()
2
3 for(loop over events){
4     rawfile->getevent()
5     for(all waveforms in event){
6         waveform = event->get_waveform()
7         waveform = calculate_baseline()
8         analysed_waveform = waveform->analyse()
9         peak_height = analysed_waveform->get_peak_height()
10        peak_height->write();
11    }
12 }
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20 }
```

# The gist of it...



- Immediately can build on this with slightly more complexity
- Clean events + some noise cuts + <insert function>

```
1 rawfile->open()
2
3 for(loop over events){
4
5     rawfile->getevent()
6
7     for(all waveforms in event){
8
9         waveform = event->get_waveform()
10
11         waveform = calculate_baseline()
12
13         waveform_clean = waveform->clean()
14
15         analysed_waveform = waveform_clean->analyse()
16
17         peak_height = analysed_waveform->get_peak_height()
18
19         if(peak_height passes){
20
21             peak_height->write();
22         }
23     }
24 }
```

# The Basic Function



- The actual basic code is not much more complicated!

```
1 for(int i = 0; i < nevents ; i++){
2     d->getEvent(i);
3
4     for (int scp=0; scp < d->event()->nScopeData() ; scp++){
5
6         // Channel 4 is anode 3
7         if (d->event()->getTrace(scp)->getInfo()->channel == 4){
8
9             // Create some variables to set
10            double TraceRMS;
11            double gaus_std = 5;
12
13            //Make a trace object
14            TH1D* myTrace = (TH1D*)d->event()->getTrace(scp)->getPhysical();
15
16            // Calculate the baseline for a range of bins
17            baselineValue = dmtpc::waveform::analysis::baseline(myTrace,TraceRMS, 1,2000);
18
19            // Make CSP waveform
20            dmtpc::waveform::CspWaveform cspwf;
21            dmtpc::waveform::analysis::analyzeCSP( myTrace , cspwf , gaus_std);
22
23            // Look at the first entry of cspwf
24            dmtpc::waveform::CspPulse pulse = cspwf.at(0);
25
26            peak = pulse.getPeak();
27
28            if(peak>2*TraceRMS){
29                hpeak->Fill(peak);
30            }
31        }
32    }
33 }
```

# The Basic Function



- There are three key parts: baseline calculation, CspWaveform object, CspWaveform analysis

```
1 for(int i = 0; i < nevents ; i++){
2     d->getEvent(i);
3
4     for (int scp=0; scp < d->event()->nScopeData() ; scp++){
5
6         // Channel 4 is anode 3
7         if (d->event()->getTrace(scp)->getInfo()->channel == 4){
8
9             // Create some variables to set
10            double TraceRMS;
11            double gaus_std = 5;
12
13            //Make a trace object
14            TH1D* myTrace = (TH1D*)d->event()->getTrace(scp)->getPhysical();
15
16            // Calculate the baseline for a range of bins
17            baselineValue = dmtpc::waveform::analysis::baseline(myTrace,TraceRMS, 1,2000);
18
19            // Make CSP waveform
20            dmtpc::waveform::CspWaveform cspwf;
21            dmtpc::waveform::analysis::analyzeCSP( myTrace , cspwf , gaus_std);
22
23            // Look at the first entry of cspwf
24            dmtpc::waveform::CspPulse pulse = cspwf.at(0);
25
26            peak = pulse.getPeak();
27
28            if(peak>2*TraceRMS){
29                hpeak->Fill(peak);
30            }
31        }
32    }
33 }
```

# Baseline Calculation



- Nice and simple!
- Loop through histogram
- Get values for each bin in range → calculate RMS

```
21 double
22 dmtpc::waveform::analysis::baseline(const TH1* hist, double& rms, int binMin, int binMax)
23 {
24
25     double base=0;
26     rms=0;
27     int n = binMax-binMin+1;
28     for (int i = binMin; i<=binMax; i++)
29     {
30         double v = hget(hist,i);
31         base+=v;
32         rms+=v*v;
33     }
34
35     base/=n;
36     rms/=n;
37     rms -= base*base;
38     rms = sqrt(rms);
39     return base;
40
41 }
```

# AnalyseCSP function



- More complicated... (too long to put on slide!)
- The basic idea:
  - Smooths waveform with a gaussian kernel
  - Calculates baseline (see earlier)
  - Sets various members of CspWaveform (baseline, rms, max time, min time)
  - Finds bin with maximum value. Bin = peak time, value = peak voltage
  - Finds voltages and times at {0%, 10%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 90%}\*peak + baseline
  - Calculate rise time and fall time
  - Set various CspPulse members (peak voltage, peak time, start time, end time , integral and “fractional” voltages and times)



# Conclusion



- Analysis is pretty simple! (for now...)
- Key part of the analysis is contained in `dmtpc::waveform::analysis::analyzeCSP`
- Key parameters needed for gain calculation: peak value, peak time, baseline
- Other useful parameters: rise time, fall time, integral
- The DMTPC objects most relevant to this are `Waveform`, `CspWaveform`, `CspPulse` (and `Pulse`)



# BACKUPS

## Dmtpc::core::waveform



```
1 #ifndef DMTPC_CORE_WAVEFORM_HH
2 #define DMTPC_CORE_WAVEFORM_HH
3
4 #include "ScopeInfo.hh"
5 #include "TObject.h"
6 #include <stdint.h>
7 #include "TH1.h"
8
9 namespace dmtpc
10 {
11     namespace core
12     {
13         class Waveform : public TObject
14         {
15
16             public:
17
18             Waveform();
19             virtual ~Waveform();
20             Waveform(const char * name, const char * title, const void * raw_data, const ScopeChannelInfo * info, uint32_t secs, uint32_t nsecs);
21
22             uint32_t GetBinContent(int i) const;
23             double GetPhysicalBinContent(int i) const;
24
25             // seamlessly convert to TH1
26             operator TH1*() { return physical(); } //non-const
27             operator TH1() { return *physical(); } //non-const
28             // operator const *TH1() const { return getPhysical(); } //const
29             // operator const TH1() const { return *getPhysical(); } //const
30
31             void Draw(const char * opt = 0) const { physical()->Draw(opt); }
32             const TH1D* getPhysical() const { return (const TH1D*) physical(); }
33             const TH1* getRaw() const { return data; }
34             void destroyPhysical() const;
35             char getType() const { return type; }
36             const ScopeTraceInfo * getInfo() const { return &trace_info; }
37
38
39             protected:
40             //protected since non-const return
41             TH1D* physical() const;
42             TH1* data;
43             mutable TH1D * physical_data; //!
44             ScopeTraceInfo trace_info;
45             double vmin;
46             double vmax;
47             char type; //C,S,I;
48             char nbits;
49
50             ClassDef(Waveform,1);
51         };
52     }
53 }
54
55 #endif
```



```
11 namespace core
12 {
13     class Waveform : public TObject
14     {
15     public:
16         Waveform();
17         virtual ~Waveform();
18         Waveform(const char * name, const char * title, const void * raw_data, const ScopeChannelInfo * info, uint32_t secs, uint32_t nsecs);
19
20         uint32_t GetBinContent(int i) const;
21         double GetPhysicalBinContent(int i) const;
22
23         // seamlessly convert to TH1
24         operator TH1*() { return physical(); } //non-const
25         operator TH1() { return *physical(); } //non-const
26         // operator const *TH1() const { return getPhysical(); } //const
27         // operator const TH1() const { return *getPhysical(); } //const
28
29         void Draw(const char * opt = 0) const { physical()->Draw(opt); }
30         const TH1D* getPhysical() const { return (const TH1D*) physical(); }
31         const TH1* getRaw() const { return data; }
32         void destroyPhysical() const;
33         char getType() const { return type; }
34         const ScopeTraceInfo * getInfo() const { return &trace_info; }
35
36     protected:
37         //protected since non-const return
38         TH1D* physical() const;
39         TH1* data;
40         mutable TH1D * physical_data; //!
41         ScopeTraceInfo trace_info;
42         double vmin;
43         double vmax;
44         char type; //C,S,I;
45         char nbits;
46
47         ClassDef(Waveform,1);
48     };
49 }
50 }
51 }
52 }
53 }
```



```
28 dmipc::core::Waveform::Waveform(const char * name, const char * title, const void * raw_data, const ScopeChannelInfo * info, uint32_t secs, uint32_t nsecs)
29 {
30
31
32     nbits = info->nbits;
33     vmin = info->vmin;
34     vmax = info->vmax;
35
36     double tmin = -double(info->nsamples_pretrigger)/info->sample_rate*1e6; //ms->ns
37     double tmax = double(info->nsamples - info->nsamples_pretrigger - 1)/info->sample_rate*1e6;
38
39     if (info->nbits <= 8)
40     {
41         type = 'C';
42         data = new TH1C(name,title, info->nsamples, tmin, tmax);
43
44         if (info->nbytes_raw == 1)
45         {
46             memcpy(&((TH1C*)data)->fArray[1], raw_data, info->nsamples);
47         }
48
49         else if (info->nbytes_raw == 2)
50         {
51             const uint16_t * short_data = (const uint16_t *) raw_data;
52             for(size_t i = 0; i < info->nsamples;i++) { ((TH1C*)data)->fArray[i+1] = (uint8_t) short_data[i]; }
53         }
54         else if (info->nbytes_raw == 4)
55         {
56             const uint32_t * int_data = (const uint32_t *) raw_data;
57             for(size_t i = 0; i < info->nsamples;i++) { ((TH1C*)data)->fArray[i+1] = (uint8_t) int_data[i]; }
58         }
59         else unsupported(info);
60     }
```

# CspWaveform



- Private members

```
64     protected:
65         int N;
66         std::vector<CspPulse> pulse;
67         uint32_t secs;
68         uint32_t nsecs;
69         double base;
70         double rms;
71         double wfMax;
72         double wfMaxTime;
73         int wfMaxBin;
74         double wfMin;
75         double wfMinTime;
76         int wfMinBin;
77
78         ClassDef(CspWaveform, 1)
79     };
80
```

# CspPulse



```
18 public:
19
20 /** Default constructor. Sets rise and fall time variables to -1,
21 all else to 0.
22 */
23 CspPulse() :
24     Pulse(),
25     R0(-1),R10(-1),R25(-1),R50(-1),R75(-1),R90(-1),
26     F0(-1),F10(-1),F25(-1),F50(-1),F75(-1),F90(-1){;}
27
28
29 CspPulse(int nb) : Pulse(nb),
30     R0(-1),R10(-1),R25(-1),R50(-1),R75(-1),R90(-1),
31     F0(-1),F10(-1),F25(-1),F50(-1),F75(-1),F90(-1){;}
32
33 CspPulse(const Pulse& p) : Pulse(p),
34     R0(-1),R10(-1),R25(-1),R50(-1),R75(-1),R90(-1),
35     F0(-1),F10(-1),F25(-1),F50(-1),F75(-1),F90(-1){;}
36
```

# Pulse



```
93
94     protected:
95
96         bool init;
97
98         int nbin;
99         double peak;
100        double peakTime;
101        double startTime;
102        double startBin;
103        double endTime;
104        double endBin;
105        double integral;
106
107        ClassDef(Pulse,1);
108
```



# GetRise, getFall



```

29 void
30 dmtpc::waveform::analysis::riseTime(const TH1* hist, const vector<double>& list,
31     vector<double>& values, double startTime, double endTime,
32     bool fromStart)
33 {
34
35     double binWidth = hist->GetXaxis()->GetBinWidth(1);
36     int n = list.size();
37
38     values.clear();
39     values.resize(n,-1);
40
41     int startBin = hist->GetXaxis()->FindBin(startTime);
42     int endBin = hist->GetXaxis()->FindBin(endTime);
43     startBin = startBin==1?startBin:startBin-1;
44     double v;
45     if (fromStart){
46         double lastV=hget(hist,startBin);
47         for (int i = startBin; i<=endBin ;i++)
48         {
49             v = hget(hist, i);
50
51             for (int j = 0; j<n ; j++){
52
53                 if (values[j]==-1&&lastV<list[j]&&v>=list[j]){
54                     double binFrac = (list[j] - lastV) / (v-lastV);
55                     values[j] = binFrac*binWidth + hcenter(hist,i-1);
56
57                     if (j==n-1) break;
58
59                     }//if reaches value
60
61                 }//values
62                 lastV=v;
63             }//bins
64         }else{
65             double lastV=hget(hist,endBin);
66             for (int i = endBin; i>=startBin; i--)
67             {
68                 v = hget(hist,i);
69                 for (int j=n-1; j>=0; j++){
70
71                     if (values[j]==-1&&lastV>list[j]&&v<=list[j]){
72
73                         double binFrac = (list[j]-lastV)/(v-lastV);
74                         values[j] = hcenter(hist,i+1)-binFrac*binWidth;
75
76                         if (j==0) break;
77                     }
78                 }
79             }
80
81             }//values
82             lastV=v;
83         }
84     }//which side to start at
85
86
87 }
88

```