# Option to feed the Corrector Package correctors with Water cooled cable following TCC 01/11/2018

G. D'Angelo, P. Fessia, J.-C. Guillaume, S. Yammine, F. Rodriguez Mateos

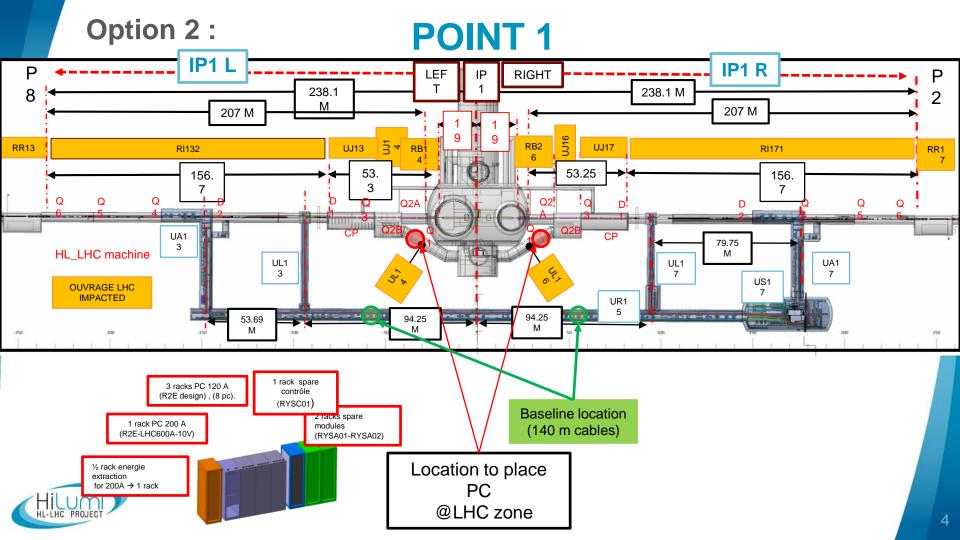


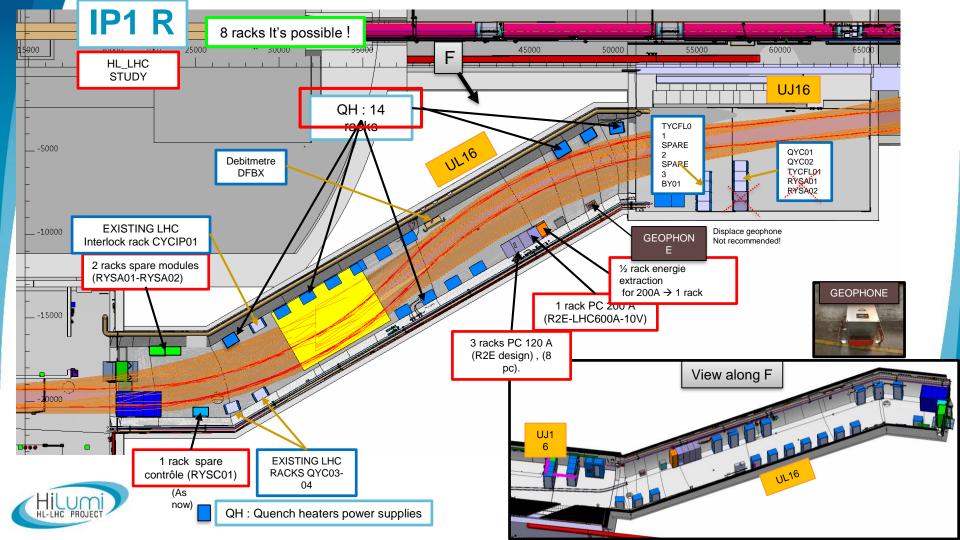
# **Short summary**

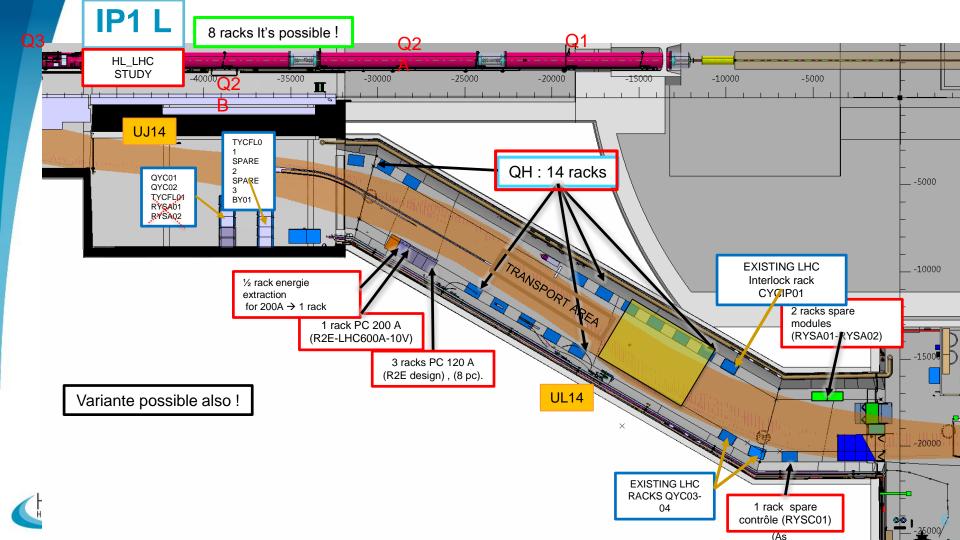
- TCC endorse the removal of the 120 A and 200 A SC wires from the SC link
- The connection of the CP (where the related magnet are connected) to the PC and the PC location itself is still pending
- The following options were discussed
  - Case A: use to standard warm cable leaving the PC on the HL UR. The
    cables would run through the HL ULs and SC link core. This had to be
    reviewed because the core modification to allow the warm copped cable to
    cool in air and the CV installation in the UL had not been foreseen
  - Case A': the update version of the Case A
  - Case B: installation of the PC in the LHC service galleries around the IPs
- On the 01/11/2018 following the presentation it was asked to analyze the Water Cool Cable option Case A"



	CASE A	CASE A'	CASE B	
WP3	- 40 kCHF + 95 kCHF	- 40 kCHF + 95 kCHF	- 40 kCHF + 95 kCHF	Plus saving in magnet test (not quantified)
WP6a	- 450 kCHF	- 450 kCHF	- 450 kCHF	On coat algebriaity
WP6a		+3 m SC link from		Op. cost electricity between 15 to 45 kCHF
WP6b	No extra cost	Mexit c si	+ 75 KCHF	over 10 years (depending from kWh cost). Indicative
WP7	- 25 kCHF	- 3 kCHF	No extra cost	evaluation WP6b
WP9	- CHA	- 60 kCHF	- 60 kCHF	Op. cost + 80 kCHF
WP15	Milipact	Minor impact	+ 100 kCHF	Provision in case of need
WP17.1		+128 kCHF core mod		
WP17.2	+ 330 kCHF	+ 286 kCHF + vertical core inst cost	+ 62 kCHF	(38 kCHF already in baseline)
WP17.3		+200 kCHF UL cooling		
Total saving	- 575 kCHF	- 575 kCHF	- 550 kCHF	
Total cost	425 kCHF	709 kCHF	232 kCHF	
Net	- 150 kCHF	134 kCHF	- 318 kCHF <b>(-218 kCHF)</b>	slides except title page 3

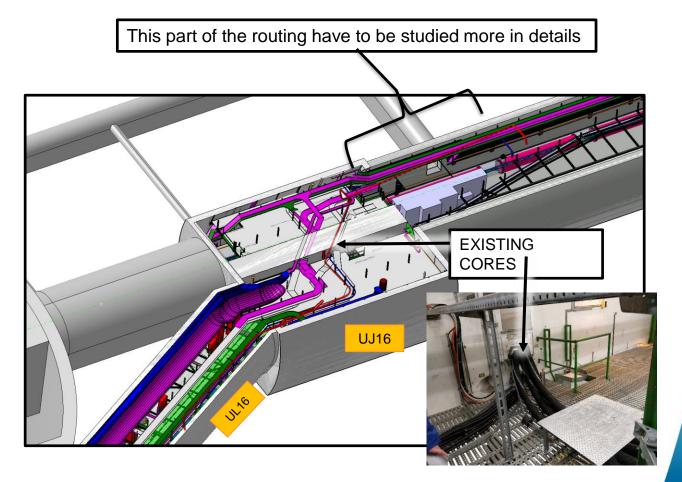




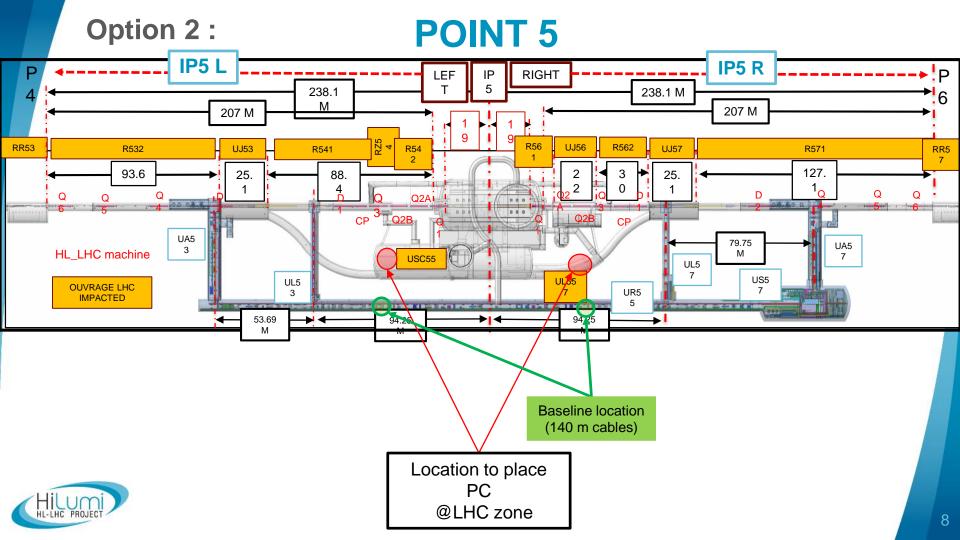


#### Power cables routing from PC to CP

IP1 R



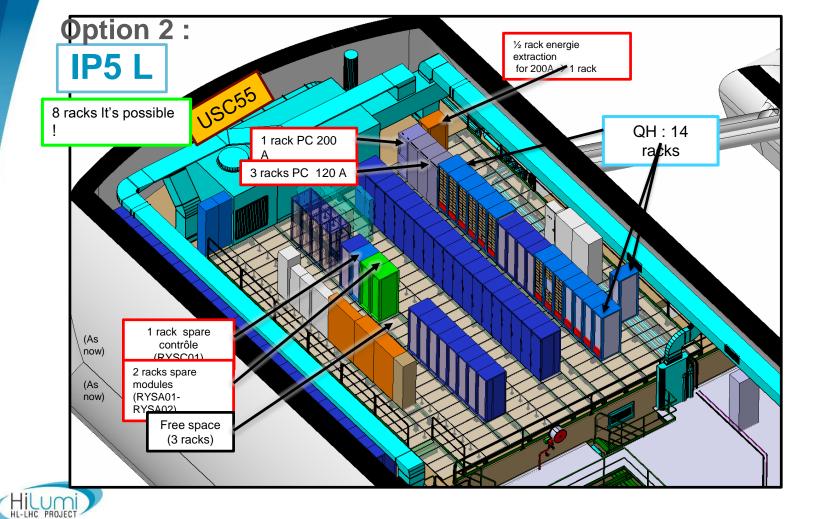




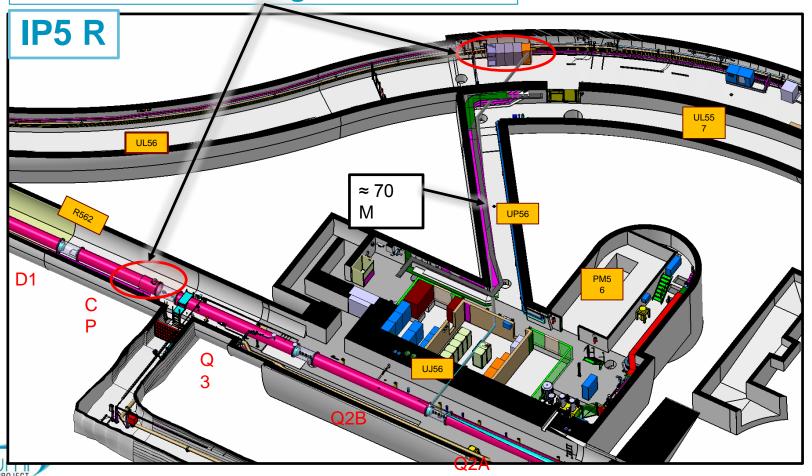
Option 2: 8 racks It's possible PLACE 14 QH racks in IP5 R **UJ56** rack spare contrôle (RYSC01) (As 1 rack PC 200 A (R2E design), (8 pc). extraction now) for 200A-1 rack (R2E-LHC600A-10V) 2 racks spare modules (RYSA01-RYSA02)<sub>(As</sub> now) UL55 Free space

# IP5 L



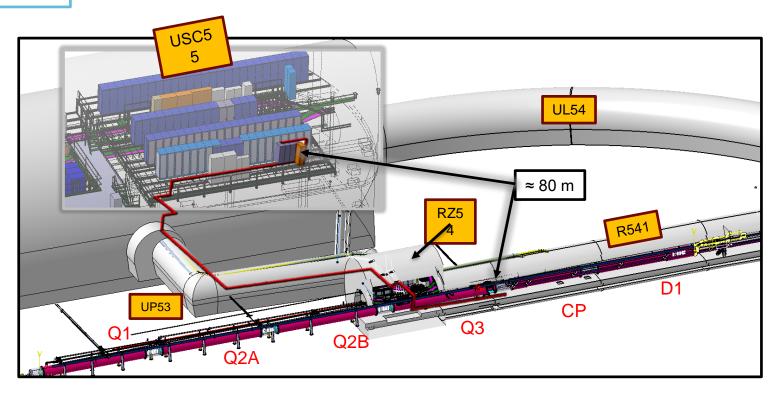


### **Power cables routing from PC to CP**



#### Power cables routing from PC to CP

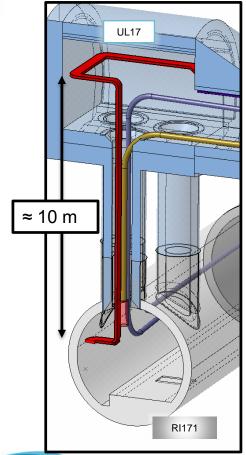
## IP5 L

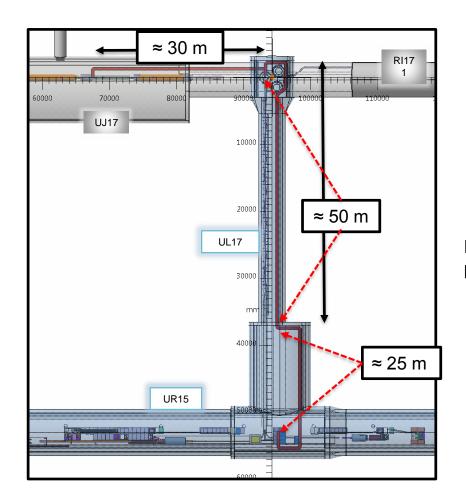




# WCC



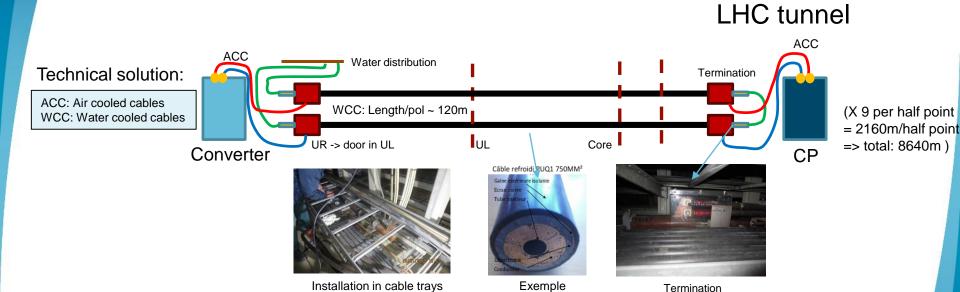




Max length of power cables ≈ 115 -120m



#### For HL-LHC: DC water cooled lines 200 and 120A

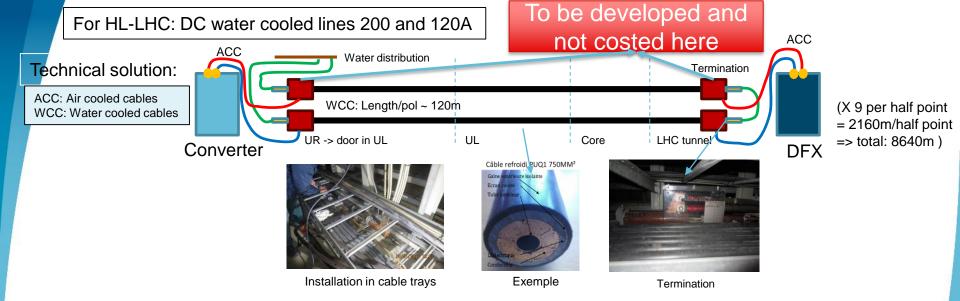




# Some consideration on ELQA and space

- We would have a WCC cable length per circuit between 200 m and 250 m
- This would lead to a leakage current > > 100 μA per circuit to be compared with the typical 5 μA that need to be measured (1μA for MCBC circuits → 10μA for MCBY)
- Human intervention in the LHC tunnel will be necessary to act on the junction box between the WCC and the standard cable that will be connected to the current leads on the CP
- The junction box will be near the D1, a complex area with not negligible radiation (much larger respect the UJs and ULs)





Advantage: 0%->10% of thermal loads remaining in the UR, UL, cores and LHC tunnel.

<u>Disadvantages:</u> High bending radius for the cables, risk of crushing the cable during installation, special manufacture

need more place -> C. trays more larger.

Need of water -> risk of water leakage

-> Water interfaces

Need interlock cable to verify that the cable is correctly cooled.

Price: High level.

Ex: Pt 3 LHC: 800A; 3 lines DC 500mm2 WCC from UJ32 -> SS pt3: 4.5 km; price 0.9 MCHF @2005 ~ actually: 1.2 MCHF (260CHF/m) For 200A: 36 lines 120mm2 (~100CHF/m) and 8.64km: -> **0.8 MCHF (very preliminary approach).** 

	CASE A' Cu cable	CASE A" WCC	CASE B		
WP3	- 40 kCHF + 95 kCHF	- 40 kCHF + 95 kCHF	- 40 kCHF + 95 kCHF	Plus saving in magnet test (not quantified)	
WP6a	- 450 kCHF	- 450 kCHF	- 450 kCHF	Op. cost electricity between 15 to 45 kCHF over 10 years (depending	
WP6a	+3 m SC link for PC int.	+3 m SC link for PC int.			
WP6b	No extra cost	No extra cost	+ 75 KCHF		
WP7	- 25 kCHF	- 25 kCHF	No extra cost	from kWh cost). Indicative evaluation WP6b	
WP9	- 60 kCHF	- 60 kCHF	- 60 kCHF	Op. cost + 80 kCHF	
WP15	Minor impact	Study to be performed	+ 100 kCHF	Provision in case of need	
WP17.1	+128 kCHF core mod				
WP17.2	+ 286 kCHF + vertical core inst cost	+ 760 kCHF + connection boxes	+ 62 kCHF	(38 kCHF already in baseline)	
WP17.3	+200 kCHF UL cooling	Valve systems		,	
Total saving	- 575 kCHF	- 575 kCHF	- 550 kCHF		
Total cost	709 kCHF	>855 kCHF (~1 MCHF)	232 kCHF		
Net	134 kCHF	>280 kCHF (~450 kCHF)	- 318 kCHF <b>(-218 kCHF)</b>		
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# **Previous presentation 01/11/2018**



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# Necessary actions and impact evaluations to leave the 120 A and 200 A PC (correctors in the CP) in the HL-LHC UR gallery

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#### **Cost evaluation**

Amalia Ballarino et al. TCC 20/09/2018

	CASE A	CASE B	
Ų			
WP3	- 40 kCH	F + 95 kCHF	Plus saving in magnet test
WP6a	- 45	0 kCHF	(not quantified)
WP6b	No extra cost	+ 75 KCHF	
WP7	- 25 kCHF	No extra cost	
WP9	- 60 kCHF		Operational cost + 80 kCHF
WP15	Minor impact	+ 100 kCHF	Provision in case of need
WP17	+ 330 kCHF	+ 62 kCHF	
VVIII	T 330 KOI II	T UZ KOTII	

Total saving CASE A: 575 kCHF

CASE B: 550 kCHF

Total extra-cost CASE A: 425 kCHF

CASE B: 232 kCHF

Net saving CASE A: 150 kCHF

CASE B: 318 kCHF



#### **Case definition**

#### CASE A:

- PC installed in the HL UR
- Connection to the CP via copper cables in the HL UL via vertical cores
- No solution for cooling of the cable in the cores
- CASE B:
  - PC installed in the LHC Point 1 and Point 5 bypasses as the present IT PC (LHC ULs)
  - Connection following similar path as the present cables for the DFX

#### CASE A':

Refined CASE A with solution for the cooling of the cables in the cores

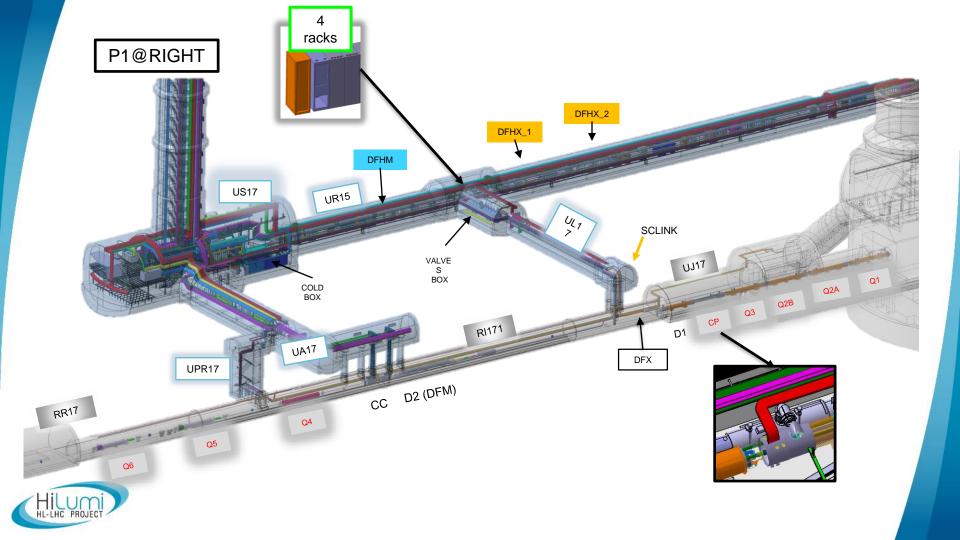


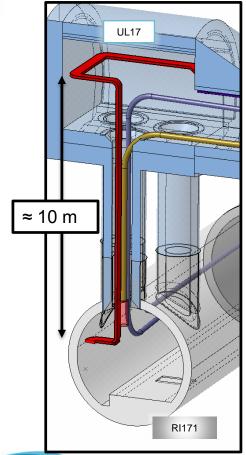
# Actions to make feasible the installation of the 120A and 200 A in the UR linking them to the CP with copper cable

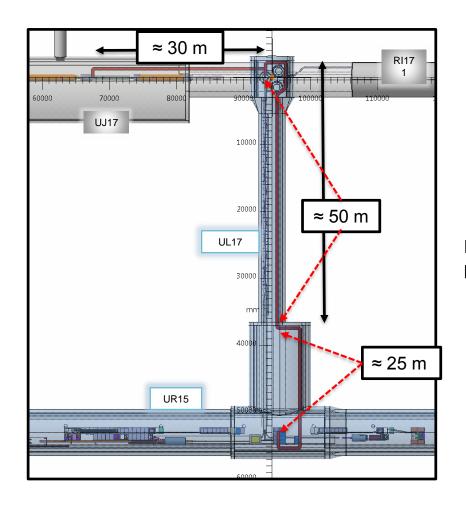
- Find solution to provide cooling to the cables installed in the vertical cores
- Optimize PC position to reduce the cable length and reduce integration problems in the UR
- Check that introduced resistance is acceptable for the circuit
- Ensure that the dissipated heat power can be evacuated

Review of the Case A with more details and associated Cost. Here as Case A'



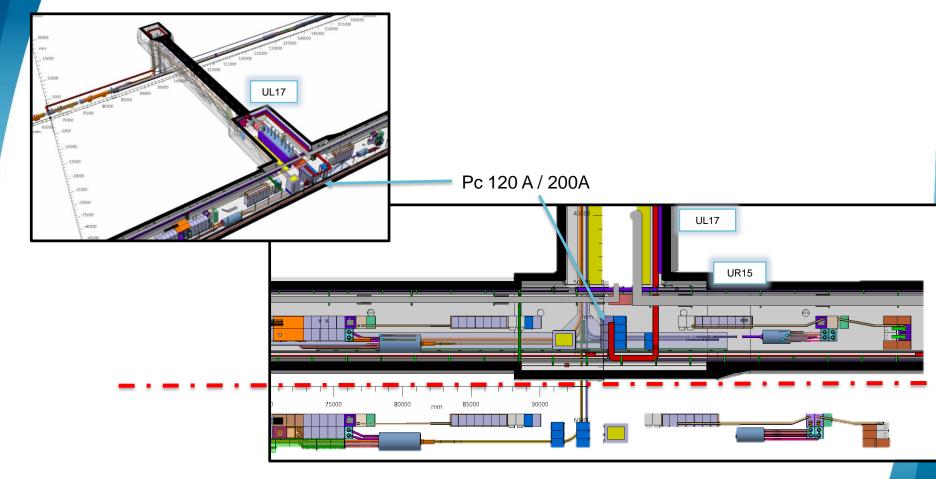




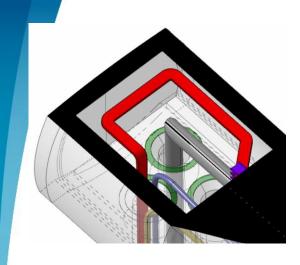


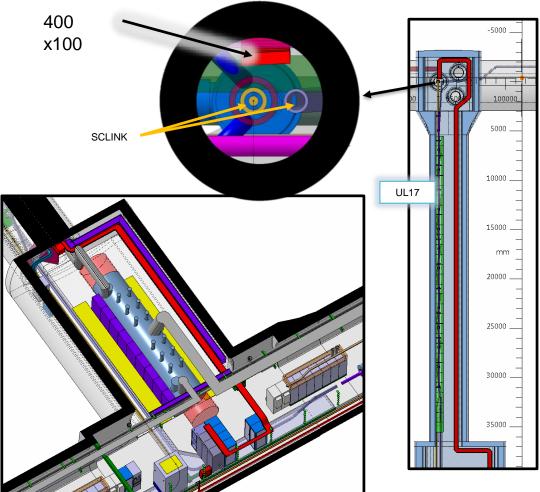
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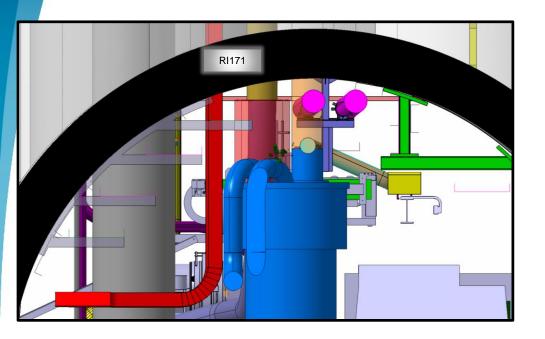


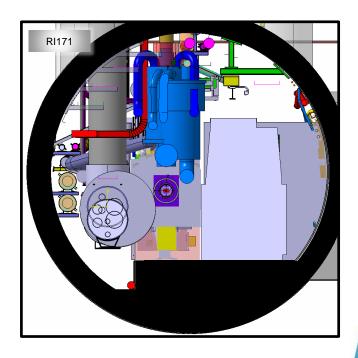




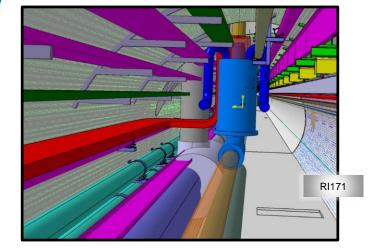


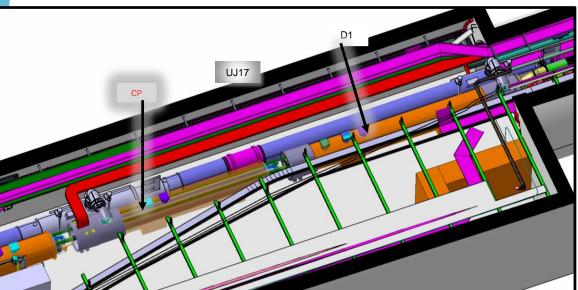




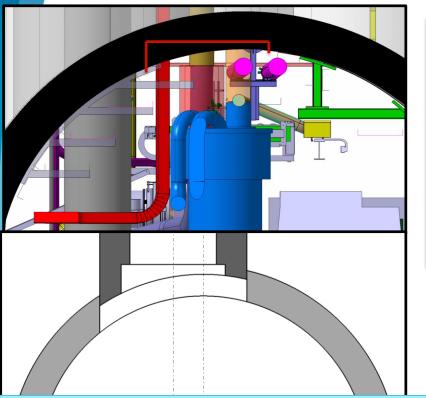








# Moving surface for air leak tightens from UL to LHC tunnel



The proposed solution satisfies EL requirement Modifying 4 cores (1 each IP Side).

WP17.1

estimated cost 32 kCHF/core

Total 128 kCHF

Images shown here on the leftare purely conceptual and havebeen prepared by WP15.They are not representative of thepossible solution to be proposedby WP17.1

Remark the flat enlargement at the bottom of the core would help the installation of the new DFX

o to Inser

# **WP6B** position

- There is no technical showstopper to keep the PCs in the URs. The supplement with respect to the baseline (120 A and 200 A in the sc link) will <u>+ 0 CHF</u> for URs vs <u>+ 75</u> <u>KCHF for ULs/USC55</u>.
- WP6B has communicated the requested minimum cable sections to EL (for 120A and 200A circuits) that respect the power converters limitation of 10V. This takes into account the ramp rate requirements given to us by WP2 and an estimate of the cables length (140 m per polarity). The new increased inductance value of the Quad Corrector (1505 mH vs. 1247 mH before) remains in the margin that has been taken.

The margin taken on the voltage is 20 % and accounts for inductance variation in function of circuit current, possible mutual inductances between circuits, possible inductance evolution from magnet design perspective, etc.

- The indicative cable cross-sections provided by EL to satisfy the WP6B requirements are are:
  - 200A: 240 mm2/polarity120A: 120 mm2/polarity



# WP 17.2: cabling

- With the previous sections and 120 m the budgeted cable cost is 81 kCHF/IP side
- Total 324 kCHF
- Possible cost increase for installation in the cores



# WP17.3: cooling and ventilation

- With the maximum current the following power shall be dissipated
  - Vertical cores: 0.4 kW
  - UL ventilation door to core: 1.9 kW
  - UR:1.1 kW
- It is needed to install 2 water cooled

Fan-Coil in each UL (1+1 redundant). No water drain was foreseen in the ULs.

Small risk in case if water leak: costs

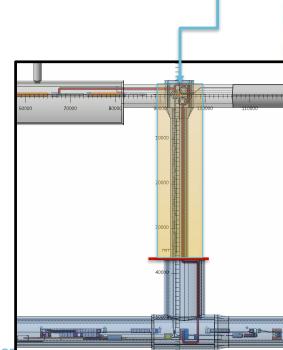
40 kCHF/UL fan coil

10 kCHF/UL collectors (partial compensatory measure)

#### TOTAL 200 kCHF

The 2 DN20 pipes to feed the Fan-Coil shall be integrated in the same trench with the SC link Power to be extracted matching full power max current





2.3 kW UL