

RFD SPS-Test Cavity Manufacturing Status

M. Garlaschè on behalf of CERN WP4 Team

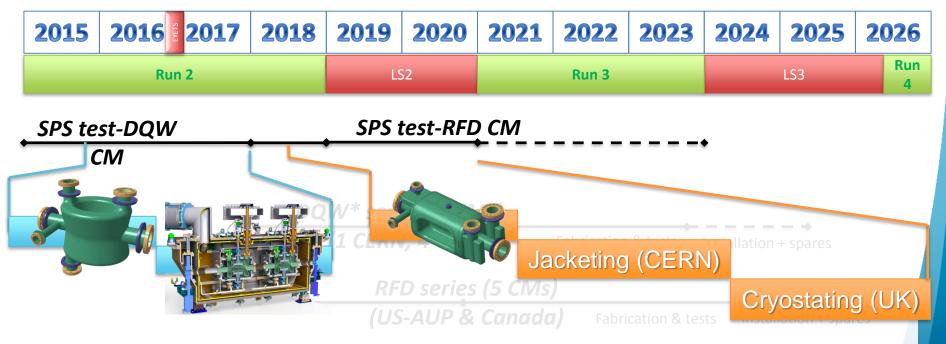
International Review of Crab Cavity System Design and Production Plan CERN (Geneva), 19-21 June 2019

Some History

<u>Before October 2015</u>: tests in SPS to be done using 2 DQW and 2 RFD cavities built in the US

<u>October 2015</u> : start production at CERN of 2 DQW cavities to cope with plans for SPS tests => very tight schedule

- Cavities produced at CERN used to validate the crab cavities behavior with beam in SPS. RFD to follow DQW fabrication
- Cavities produced in the US to be extensively tested for thorough understanding of its fundamental behavior





Fabrication Zeitgeist & Baseline

WP4 context:

- Prototype RFD Cryomodule to be assembled by UK
- Concurring fabrication of series RFD cavity (outsourced by AUP)
- Concurring fabrication of series DQW cavity (outsourced by CERN)

CERN context:

• LS2 activities ongoing

Baseline:

- No fabrication task force as per DQW. Treat as 'normal' activity (both design & fabrication)
- Sound fabrication folder (drawings, tools, steps), then production
- All tests before, then planning and production
- Traceability and Logistics
- Rationalize not reduce! resources & costs (for tests & tools) e.g. RRR40, couple tools
- Capitalize from DQW experience

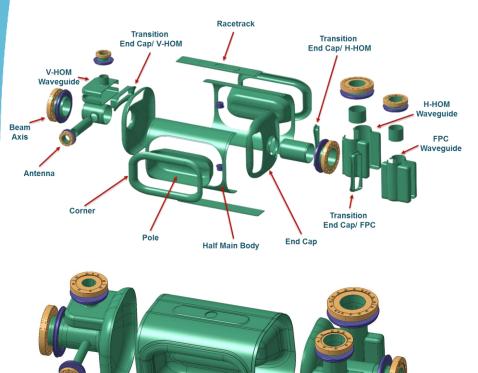
(..shaping processes, clamping, handling...)





RFD Cavity: Manufacturing Cut Out





W.r.t. DQW:

- Multi-technology much more **intertwined** (e.g. waveguides)
- More parts. Bigger parts (..clamping..)
- Longer chain of added value

Rationale behind RFD prototype cut out:

- Favor high-added-value operations (EB welding, trimming)
- Shaping of easiest subcomponents
- Make use of DQW know-how and tooling! (e.g. extremities)
- Optimize raw material cost VS. Process (Memento: 2x cavities)

DQW Fabrication: Strategy



Get it right for Niobium !

Tests: annealed Cu, Al, Nb RRR40 **All processes** involved

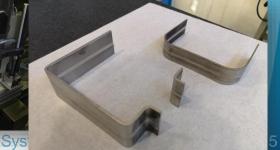
Shaping: Some process parameters..

- press-pad pressure/position
- niobium initial shape & size

The imperatives..

- Account for thickness evolution
- Optimize friction: urethane film
- Circular & Linear tests





Finite Element Simulations

Why?

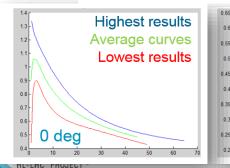
- Compare different manufacturing choices & steer strategy
- identify forming defects & highly stressed regions
- predict on the final thickness distribution

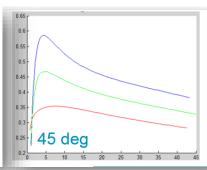
What?

Shaping of: Pole, Main Body, H-HOM waveguide, End Cap, Corner

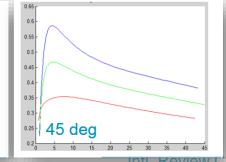
Working on **Springback** modelling, plastic failure and ongoing **material characterizations**:

- Anysotropy
- Niobium Frictional behavior

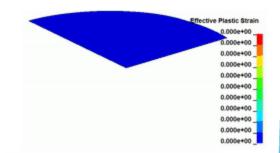


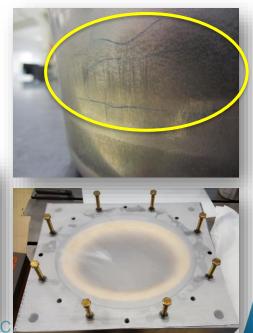


r values curves for each direction and their averages









Manufacturing: Machining Strategy

How to handle unconventional shapes?





...theoretical-shape clamping...

More indulgent on shaping and machining
Advanced tools needed down to last weld

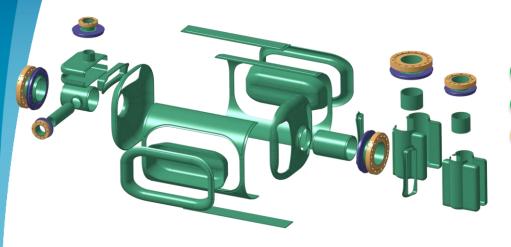
....VS. free-state (stress-free)clamping....

- Forming: must yield best shape possible (→ coining!)
- Machining: no easy referencing.. must go hand in hand with metrology
- Welding: no last minute surprises





Manufacturing : Welding Strategy



Corner-Pole smoothing

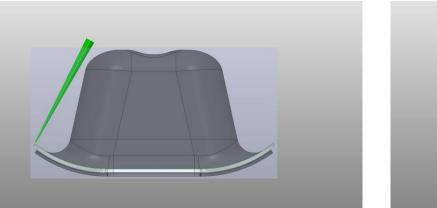
Butt welds (no key/slotted configuration):

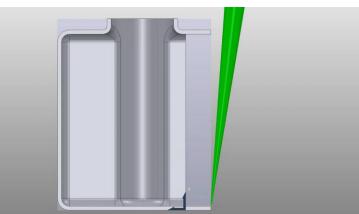
- Easy check for alignment and defects
- Easy RF trimming
- Multi-axis milling

If **RF surface visible**: 4mm weld, smoothing on RF side.

If **RF surface not visible**: thickness reduction for critical welds (→lower energy input, less risky,..)

Backing Ring when remachining feasible





RFD Cavity Manufacturing: Strategy

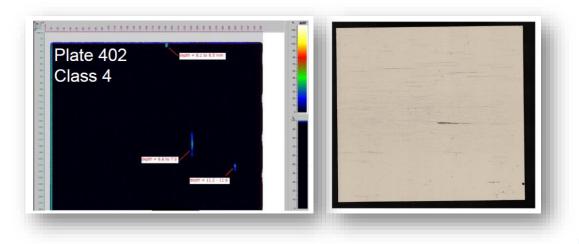
Material:

- Stainless Steels, Bronze (CuSn12), EN 1.2343, ...
- Highly attentive to Niobium and NbTi condition @ reception



Niobium:

- Alumina inclusions
- Automatic inspection on samples of incoming material



NbTi:

 Niobium inclusions, not detected during supplier NDT



The Truth is Out There



CERN **experience on prototype** fabrication is directly translated onto:

• feedback & view exchange within WP4 Collaboration

J. Busom Descarre Date :13 Sep 2018 Mag = 1.00 K X

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- dialogue with suppliers
- updates on processes & CERN specifications

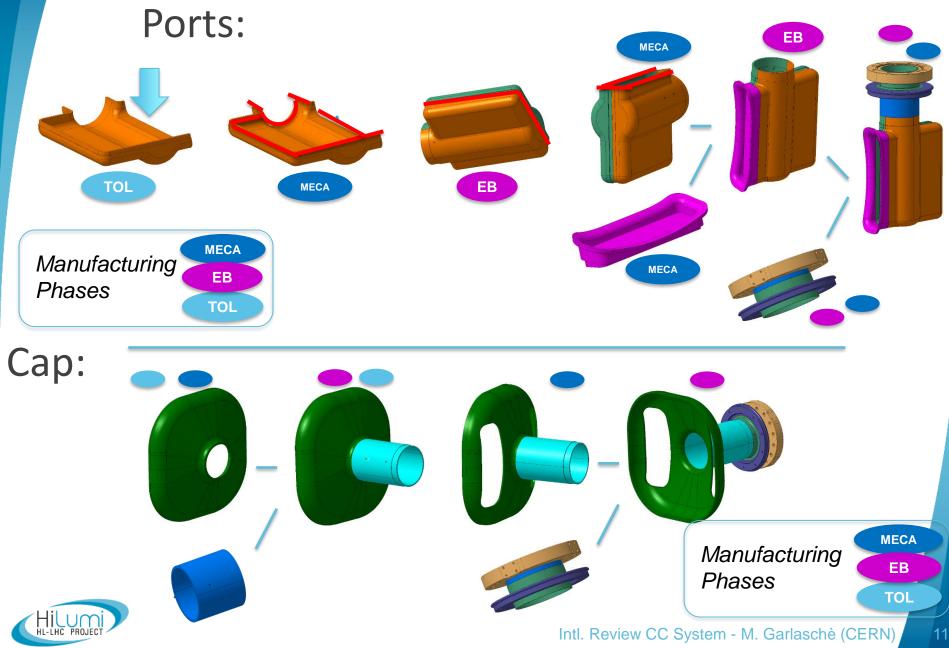
Strategy for fabrication Process parameters and tips Tools design

Transition

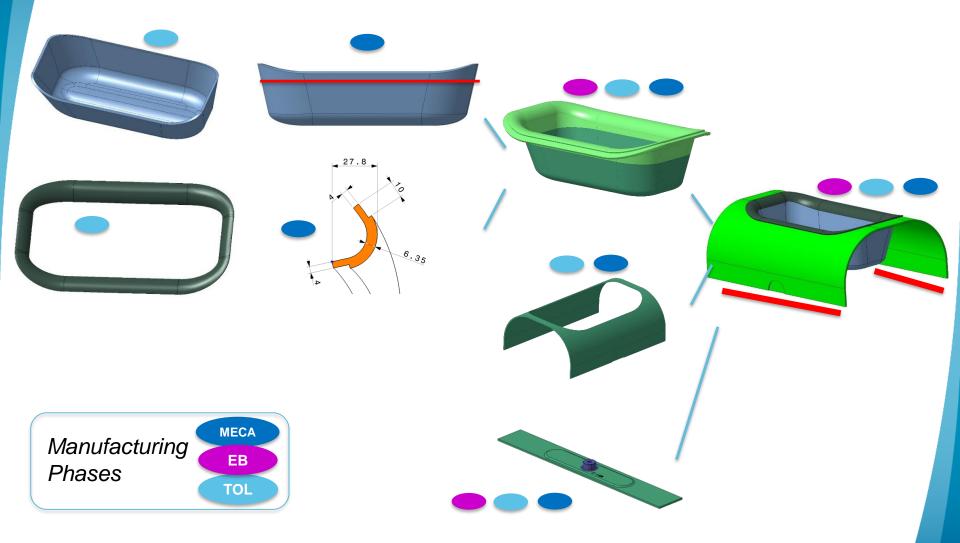


M. Garlaschè (CERN)

Cavity Build Up



Cavity Build Up

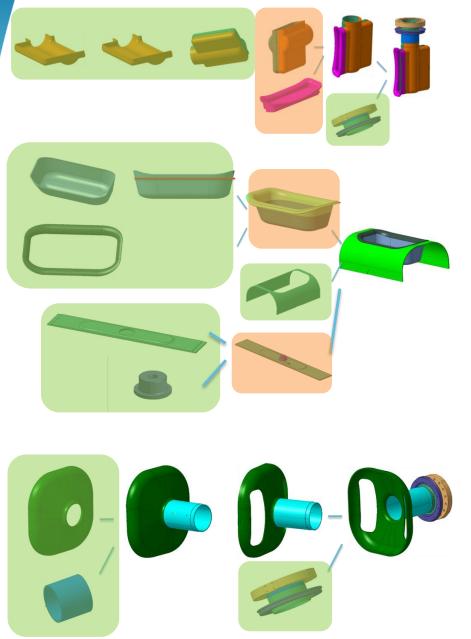


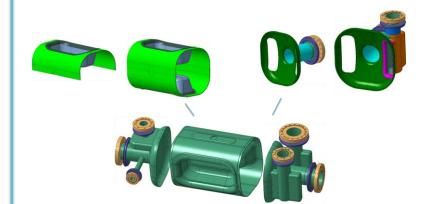


Cavity Build Up MECA Manufacturing EB Phases TOL



Fabrication Status





DONE

ONGOING

Some Pics



















Conclusions

Great capitalization of experience from DQW.

Experience is spread onto current activities and onto **feedback to WP4 Collaboration.**

As per DQW, experience and support of collaboration is paramount.

Planning:

- No major technical showstoppers. Cavities well on the way.
- LS2 & other CERN urgent programs have an impact on activities.
- Current expected deadlines for cavity delivery:
 - CAV#1 Mid of Q4 2019
 - CAV#2 End of Q4 2019







Thank you!



Intl. Review CC System - M. Garlaschè (CERN)