

$\frac{F_2^n}{F_2^p}$ and EMC Ratios from MARATHON

Jason Bane

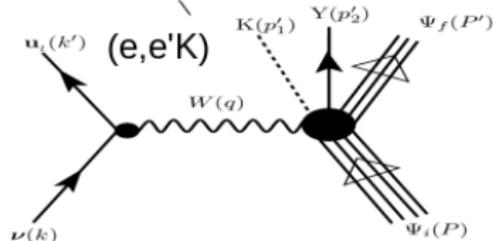
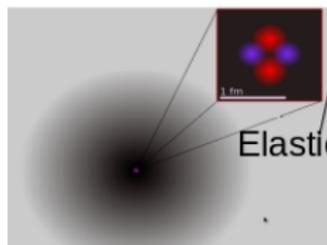
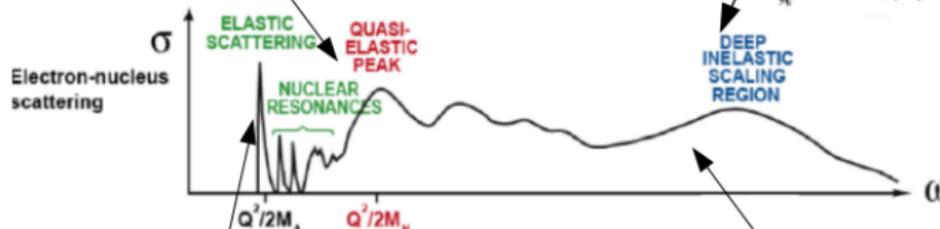
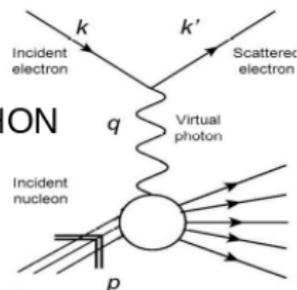
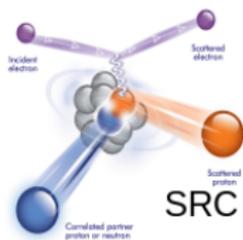
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2 September 2019



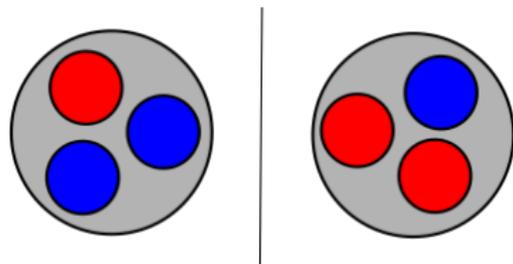
Tritium Experiments





MARATHON

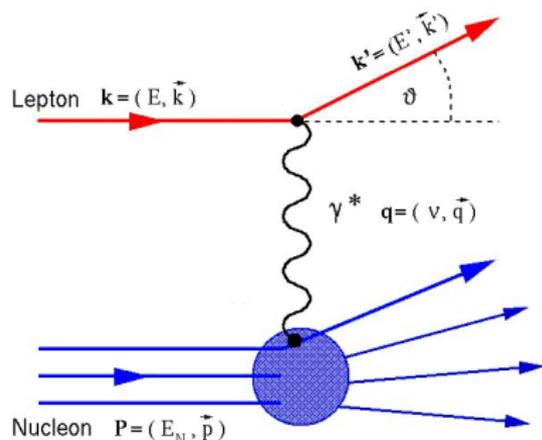
Measurement of F_2^n/F_2^p , d/u Ratios and $A = 3$ EMC Effect in Deep Inelastic Electron Scattering off the Tritium and Helium Mirror Nuclei.



- Lightest and simplest mirror system
 - ▶ Number of protons in ${}^3\text{H} =$ neutrons in ${}^3\text{He}$
- Differences in the nuclear effects are small
- Improve the current measurement and understanding of F_2^n/F_2^p ratio
- Restrict the assumptions and parameters made in the model calculations of the down to up quark distribution ratio



Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS)



- $Q^2 \equiv 4EE' \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$
- $X_{Bj} = \frac{Q^2}{2\nu M}$
- $\sigma_{eN} = \frac{\alpha^2}{eE^2 \sin^4(\frac{\theta}{2})} \left[\frac{F_2}{\nu} \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} + \frac{2F_1}{M} \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \right]$
- $W^2 = 2M\nu + M^2 - Q^2$
- $W^2 > 4 \rightarrow \text{DIS}$

SLAC/CERN Data Interpretation in QPM

- Nachtmann inequality satisfied: $1/4 \leq F_2^n / F_2^p \leq 4$

- For $x \rightarrow 0$: $F_2^n / F_2^p \rightarrow 1$: Sea quarks dominate with:

$$u + \bar{u} = d + \bar{d} = s + \bar{s}$$

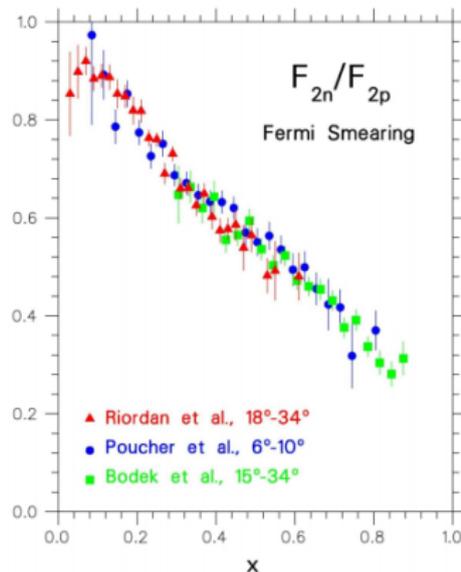
- For $x \rightarrow 1$: $F_2^n / F_2^p \rightarrow 1/4$: High momentum partons in **proton** (**neutron**) are **up** (**down**) quarks, and:

$$s + \bar{s} = 0$$

- For medium and high x , safe to assume that (with d and u denoting now quark plus antiquark distributions):

$$\frac{F_2^n}{F_2^p} = \frac{[1 + 4(d/u)]}{[4 + (d/u)]}$$

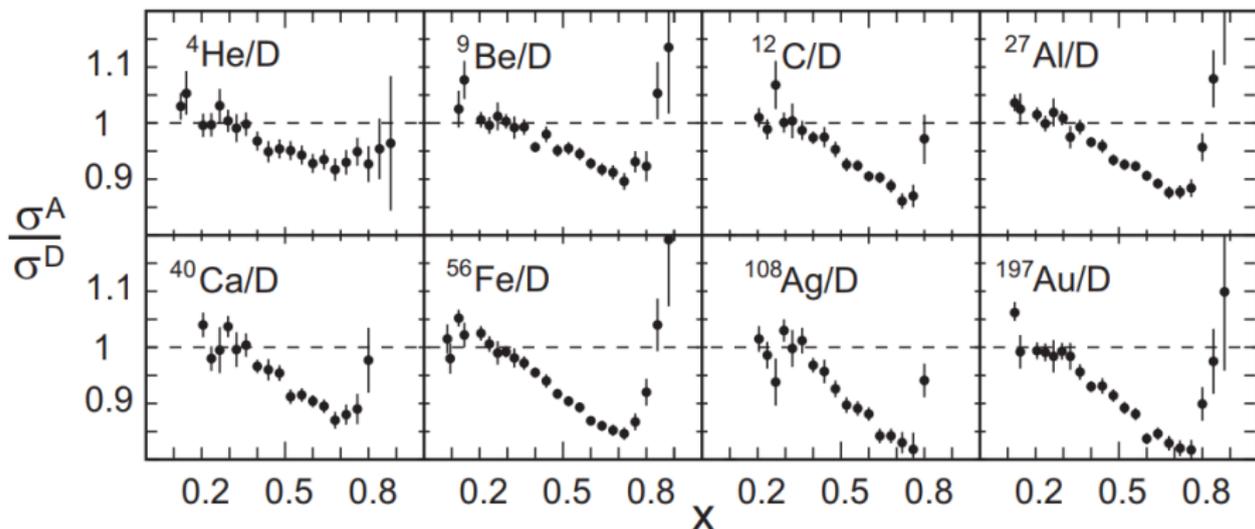
Makis Petratos





EMC Effect

SLAC experiment E139 [J. Gomez et al., 1994] .

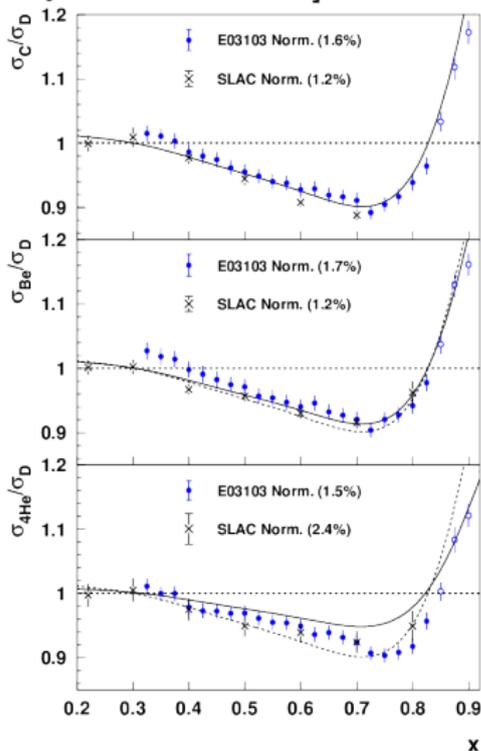




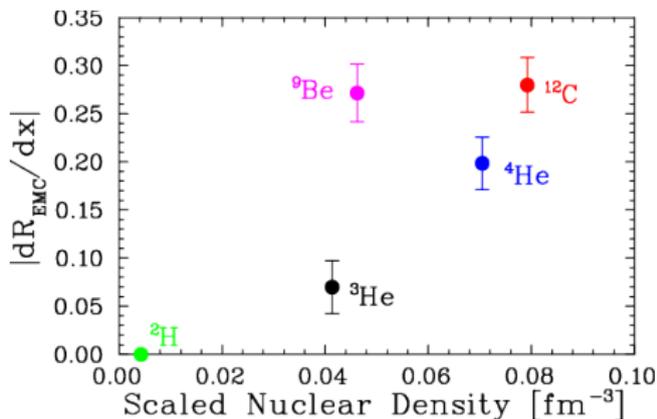
EMC Effect

JLab experiment E03103

[J.Seely, A. Daniel et al]



EMC as a function of Nuclear Density.
[J.Seely, A. Daniel et al]

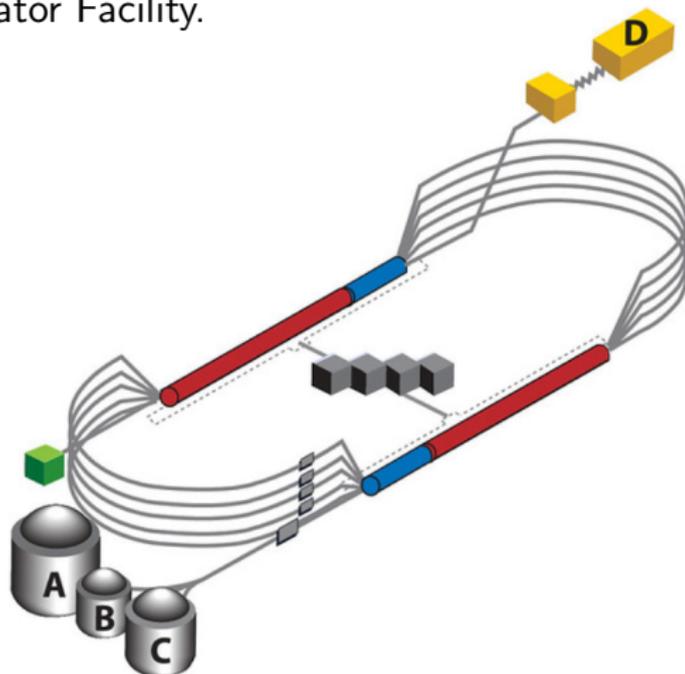


Scaled by $\frac{(A-1)}{A}$



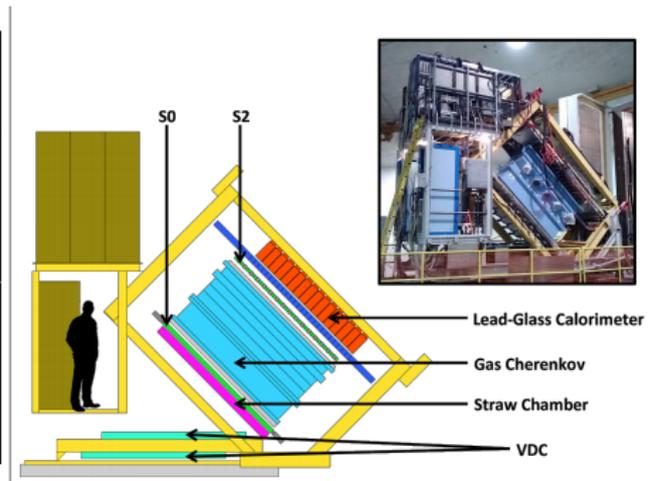
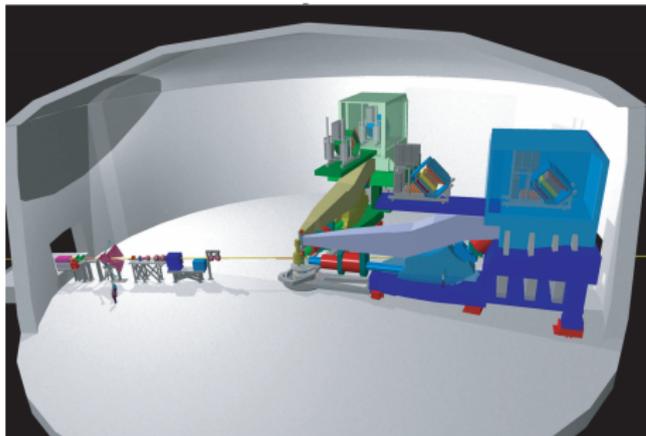
CEBAF

The Continuous Electron Beam Accelerator Facility (CEBAF) at Thomas Jefferson Accelerator Facility.





Hall A & The HRSSs





Systematics: ${}^3\text{H}$ Decay

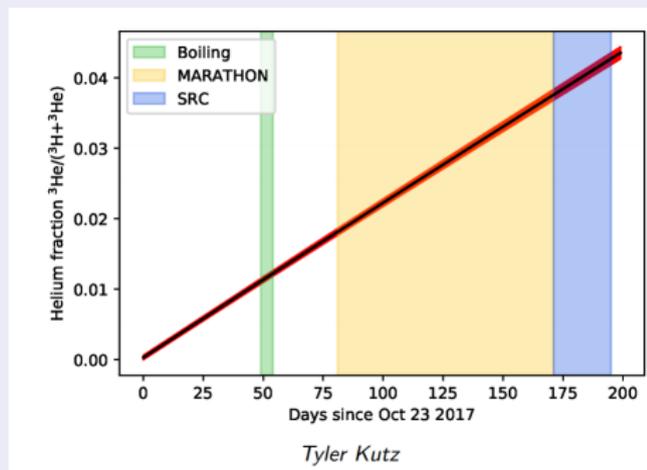


$$\tau({}^3\text{H}) = 4500 \pm 8 \text{ days}$$

$$c = \frac{\eta^{3\text{He}}}{\eta_{\text{tot}}}$$

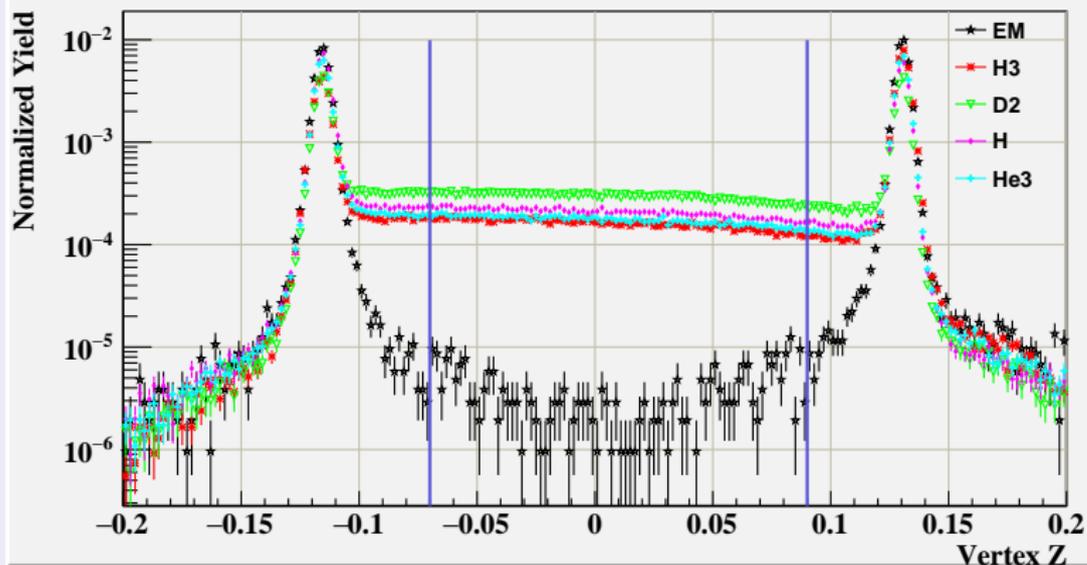
$$\sigma_{3\text{H}} = \left(\frac{\sigma_{\text{tot}}}{\sigma_{3\text{He}}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{1-c} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{1-c} \right)$$

Beta Decay Helium Fraction





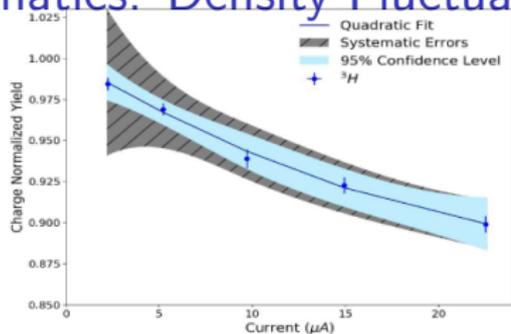
Systematics: Endcaps



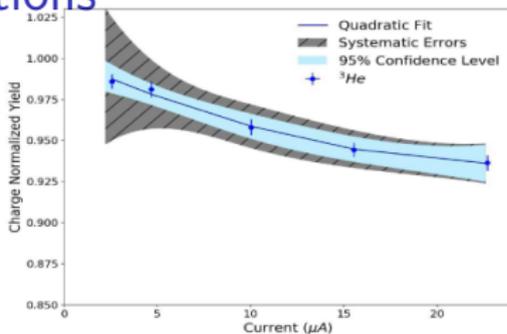
- Extract ratio of the normalized yield from the gas cell to that of the empty cell



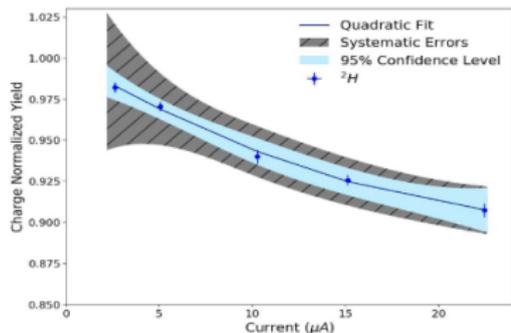
Systematics: Density Fluctuations



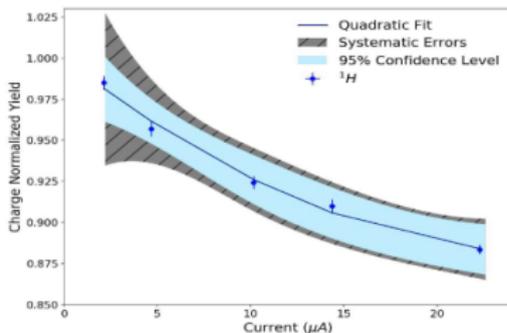
(a) ^3H Density Analysis.



(b) ^3He Density Analysis.



(c) ^2H Density Analysis.



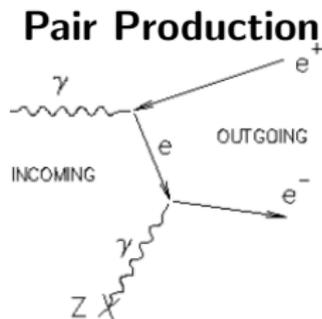
(d) ^1H Density Analysis.

[S.N.Santiestebana et. al]

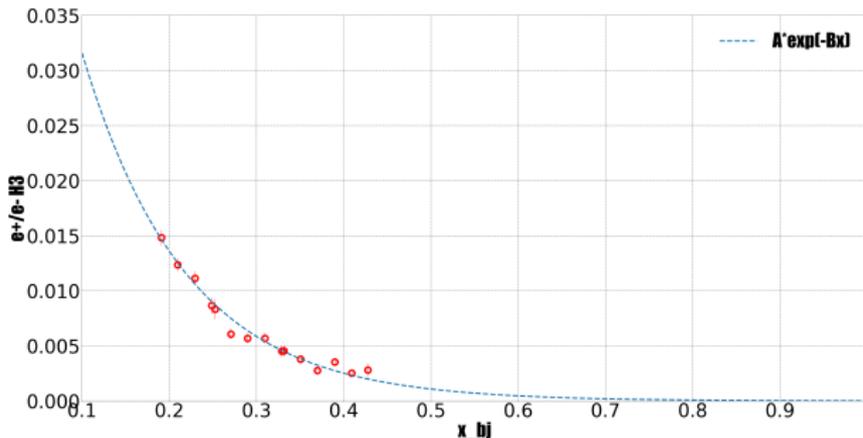


Charge Symmetric back ground

- γ decay into an e^+e^- pairs
- Pair produced $-$ by detecting e^+
- Extraction based on fit to Exponential function

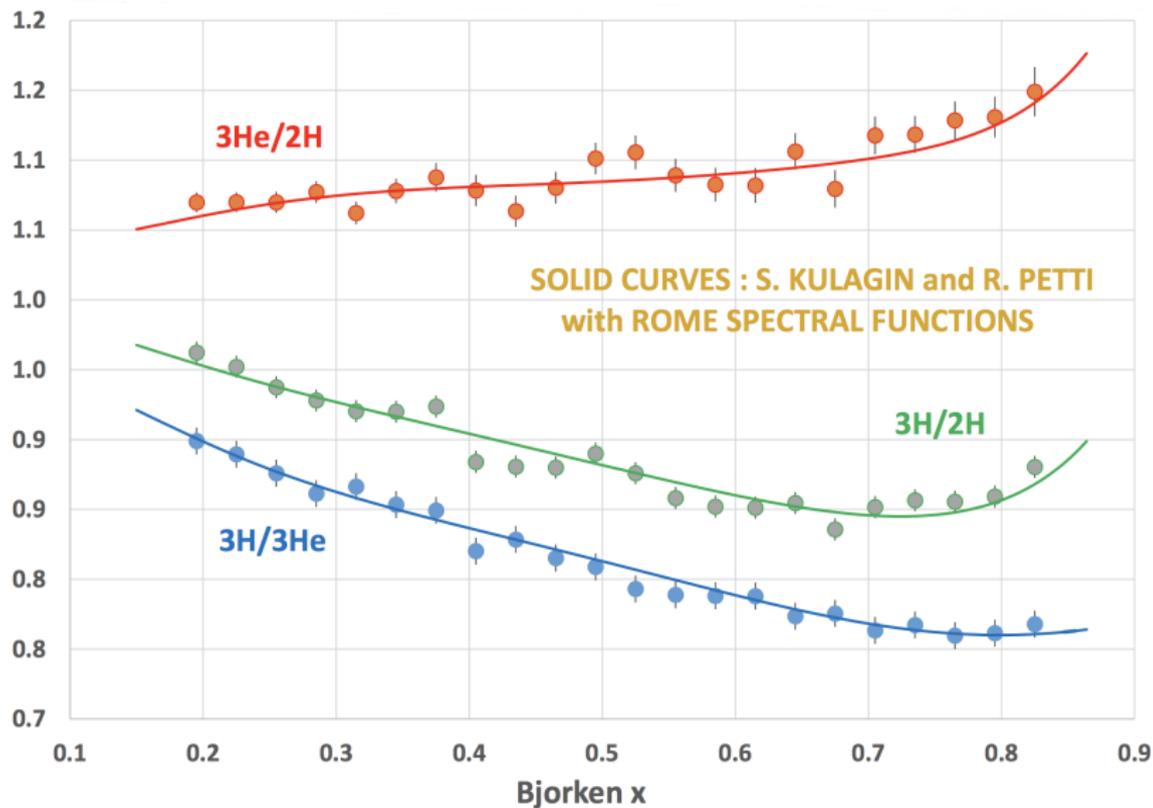


Tritium positron contamination. Credit: Tong Su





Ratio of Yields





Extracting F2 ratio

- Form the “SuperRatio” of EMC-type ratios for $A=3$ mirror nuclei:

$$R(^3\text{He}) = \frac{F_2^{^3\text{He}}}{2F_2^p + F_2^n} \quad R(^3\text{H}) = \frac{F_2^{^3\text{H}}}{F_2^p + 2F_2^n} \quad R^* = \frac{R(^3\text{He})}{R(^3\text{H})}$$

- Solve above equations for the $A=3$ structure function ratio:

$$\frac{\sigma^{^3\text{He}}}{\sigma^{^3\text{H}}} = \frac{F_2^{^3\text{He}}}{F_2^{^3\text{H}}} = R^* \frac{2F_2^p + F_2^n}{F_2^p + 2F_2^n}$$

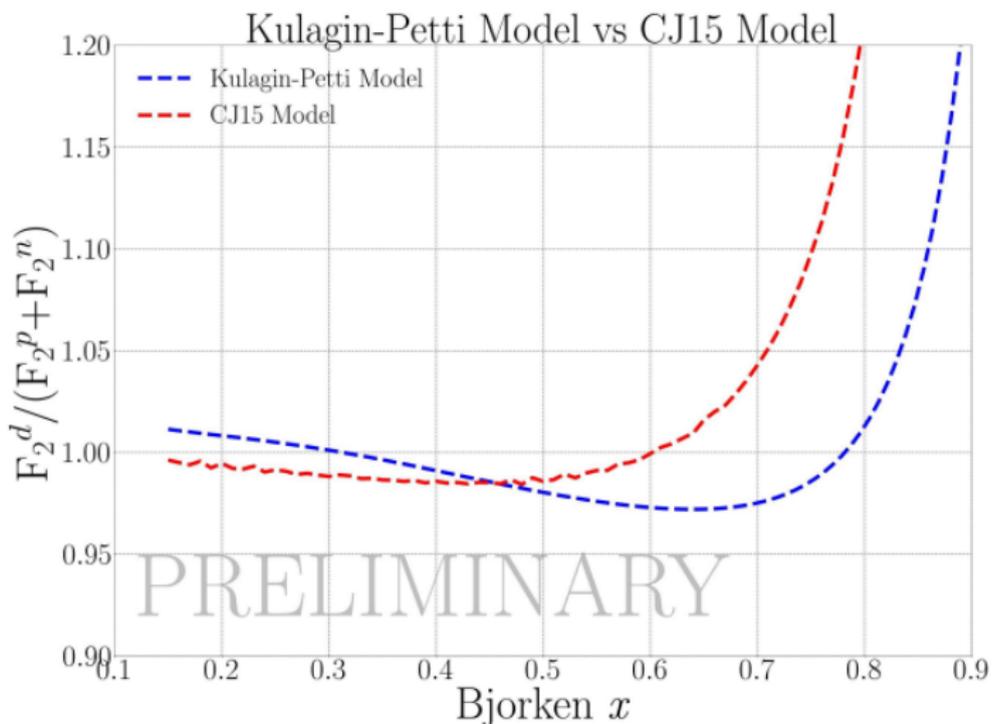
- Solve for the nucleon F_2 ratio and calculate it, using R^* from a reliable theoretical model (value of R^* is very close to unity with small uncertainty), and the measured $A=3$ DIS cross section ratio:

$$\frac{F_2^n}{F_2^p} = \frac{2R^* - \sigma^{^3\text{He}} / \sigma^{^3\text{H}}}{2\sigma^{^3\text{He}} / \sigma^{^3\text{H}} - R^*}$$

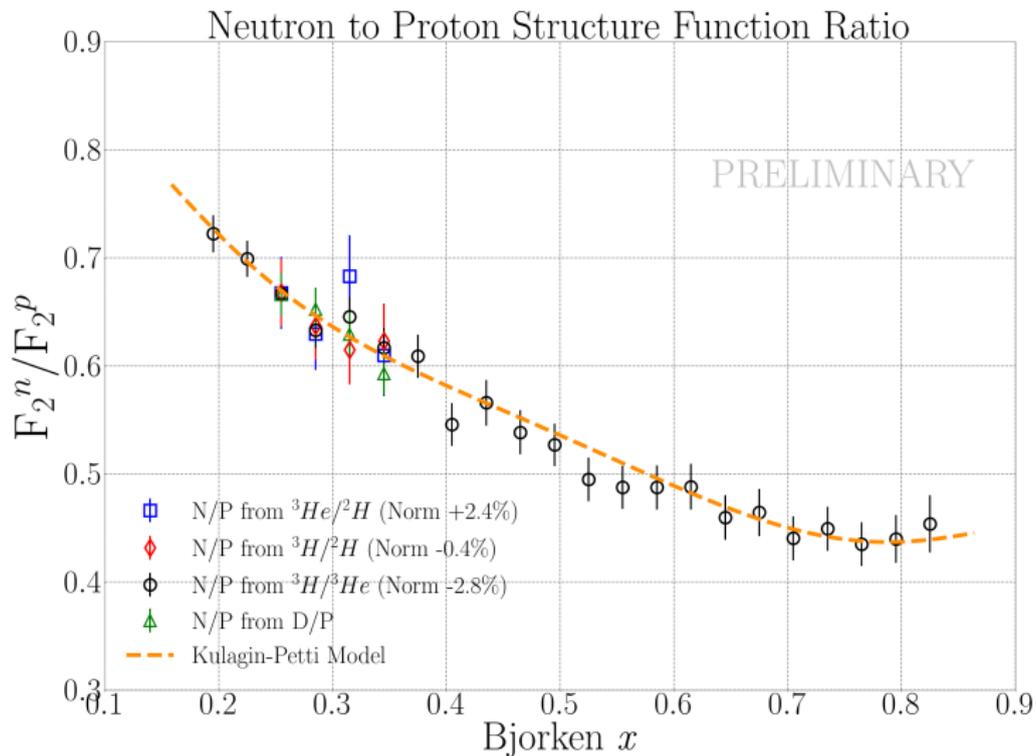
- Iterate the process until it converges to a stable F_2^n/F_2^p ratio.



Extracting F2 ratio

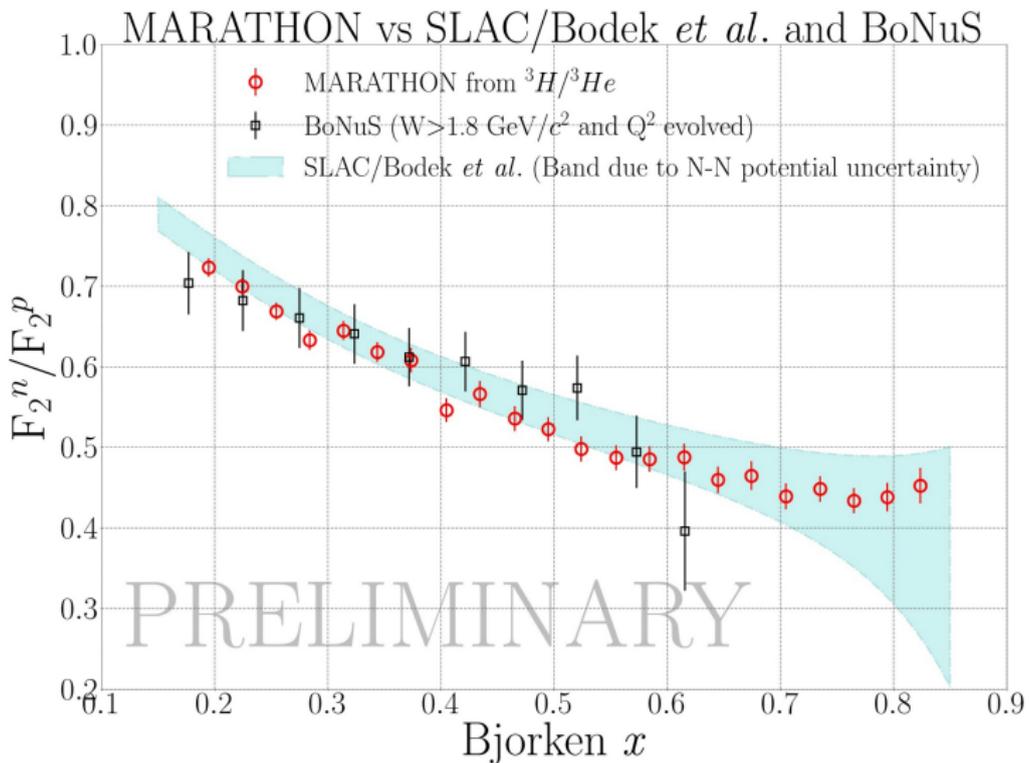


plot credit: Tong Su


 $\frac{F_2^n}{F_2^p}$ for D/p and $^3\text{H}/^3\text{He}$


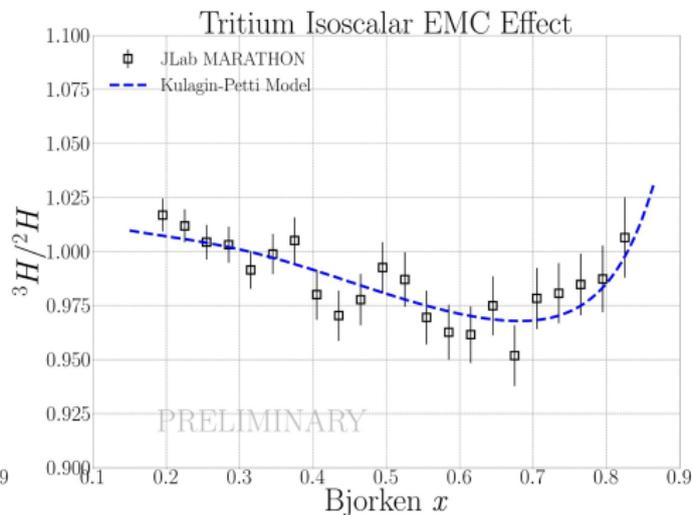
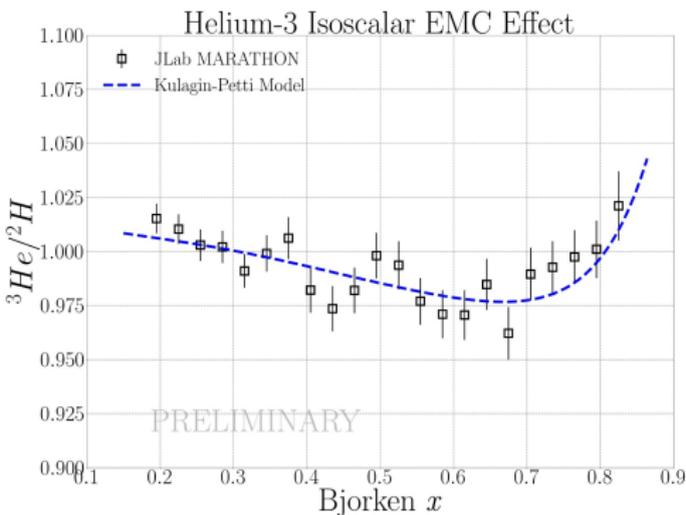


$$\frac{F_2^n}{F_2^p}$$





EMC Effect



- 3H normalized by -0.4%
- 3He normalized by 2.4%
- Isoscalar corrections from MARATHON $F_n(n/p)$

Thank you!!

- MARATHON students
- Tritium collaboration
- Hall A Collaboration
- Nadia Fomin and Doug Higinbotham
- DOE and JSA



The JLab MARATHON Tritium Collaboration

D. Abrams, H. Albataineh, **S. Alsalmi**, D. Androic, K. Aniol, W. Armstrong, J. Arrington, H. Atac, T. Averett, C. Ayerbe Gayoso, X. Bai, **J. Bane***, **S. Barcus**, A. Beck, V. Bellini, H. Bhatt, D. Bhetuwal, D. Biswas, D. Blyth, W. Boeglin, D. Bulumulla, A. Camsonne, **M. Carmignotto**, **J. Castellanos**, J-P. Chen, C. Ciofi degli Atti, E. O. Cohen, S. Covrig, K. Craycraft, **R. Cruz-Torres**, B. Dongwi, M. Duer, B. Duran, D. Dutta, N. Fomin, E. Fuchey, C. Gal, T. N. Gautam, S. Gilad, K. Gnanvo, T. Gogami, J. Gomez, C. Gu, A. Habarakada, **T. Hague***, O. Hansen, M. Hattawy, **F. Hauenstein**, O. Hen, D. W. Higinbotham, R. Holt, E. Hughes, C. Hyde, H. Ibrahim, S. Jian, S. Joosten, A. Karki, B. Karki, A. T. Katramatou, C. Keppel, M. Khachatryan, V. Khachatryan, A. Khanal, D. King, P. King, I. Korover, S. A. Kulagin, **T. Kutz***, N. Lashley-Colthirst, G. Laskaris, **S. Li**, W. Li, **H. Liu***, S. Liuti, N. Liyanage, D. Lonardonni, R. Machleidt, L.E. Marcucci, P. Markowitz, **E. McClellan**, D. Meekins, W. Melnitchouk, S. Mey-Tal Beck, Z-E. Meziani, R. Michaels, M. Mihovilovič, V. Nelyubin, **D. Nguyen**, N. Nuruzzaman, **M. Nycz***, R. Obrecht, M. Olson, L. Ou, V. Owen, E. Pace, **B. Pandey**, V. Pandey, A. Papadopoulou, M. Paolone, S. Park, M. Patsyuk, S. Paul, G. G. Petratos, R. Petti, E. Piasetzky, R. Pomatsalyuk, S. Premathilake, A. J. R. Puckett, V. Punjabi, R. Ransome, M. N. H. Rashad, P. E. Reimer, S. Riordan, J. Roche, F. Sammarruca, G. Salmè, **N. Santiesteban**, B. Sawatzky, J. Segal, E. P. Segarra, B. Schmookler, A. Schmidt, S. Scopetta, A. Shahinyan, S. Širca, N. Sparveris, **T. Su***, R. Suleiman, H. Szumila-Vance, A. S. Tadepalli, L. Tang, W. Tireman, F. Tortorici, G. Urciuoli, M. Viviani, L. B. Weinstein, B. Wojtsekhowski, S. Wood, **Z. H. Ye**, Z. Y. Ye, and J. Zhang.

More than 140 Collaborators

Red-Boldfaced Names: Tritium Program grad students; **starred:** MARATHON Ph.D. students

Blue-Boldfaced Names: Tritium Program postdoctoral associates



The JLab MARATHON Tritium Collaboration

Forty Five Institutions (in no particular order): University of Virginia; Texas A & M University; Kent State University; University of Zagreb; California State University, Los Angeles; Argonne National Laboratory; Temple University; The College of William and Mary; University of Tennessee; Massachusetts Institute of Technology; INFN Sezione di Catania; INFN Sezione di Roma, INFN Sezione di Pisa; Mississippi State University; Hampton University; Florida International University; Old Dominion University; Jefferson Lab; University of Perugia; Tel Aviv University; University of Connecticut; Tohoku University; Columbia University; Cairo University; Ohio University; Stony Brook, State University of New York; Syracuse University; Nuclear Research Center-Negev, Beer-Sheva; Institute for Nuclear Research of the Russian Academy of Sciences; University of New Hampshire; University of Regina; Columbia University; Facility for Rare Isotope Beams, Michigan State University; Los Alamos National Laboratory; University of Idaho; University of Pisa; Jožef Stefan Institute, University of Ljubljana; Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz; Saint Norbert College; Center for Neutrino Physics, Virginia Tech; University of South Carolina; Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology; Norfolk State University; Rutgers University; Artem Alikhanian National Laboratory; Tel Aviv University; Northern Michigan University; University of Illinois, Chicago.

Twelve Countries: Armenia, Canada, Croatia, Egypt, Germany, Israel, Italy, Japan, Russia, Slovenia, Ukraine, United States.



References I

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Basic instrumentation for Hall A at Jefferson Lab. NIM A 522(2004) 294-346
-  J. Gomez et al. (SLAC-E139)
Phys. Rev D 49 (1994) 4348
-  S.N.Santiestebana et. al (2019)
Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A 940 (2019) 351-358
-  J.Seely, A. Daniel et al (2013)
New Measurements of the EMC Effect in Very Light Nuclei. *nucl-ex/0904.4448*.