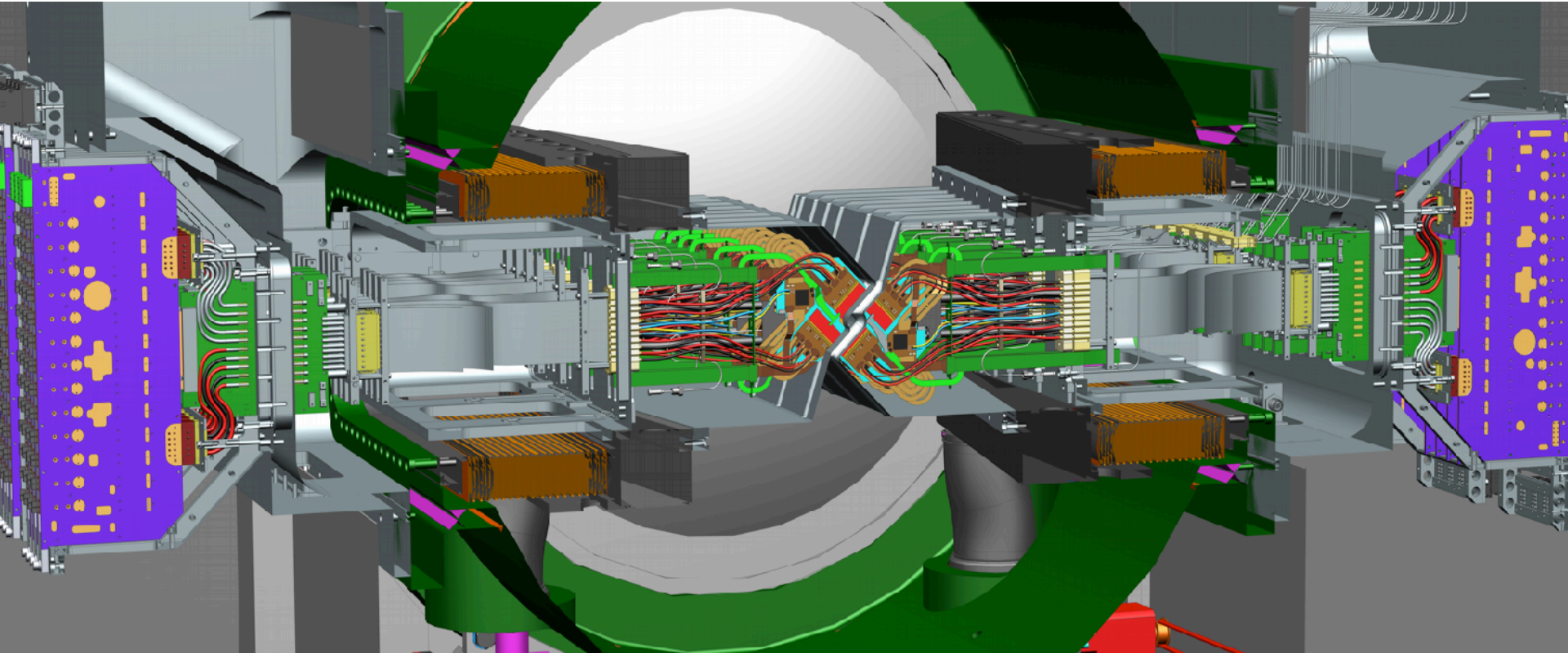




# VELO Upgrade Intro



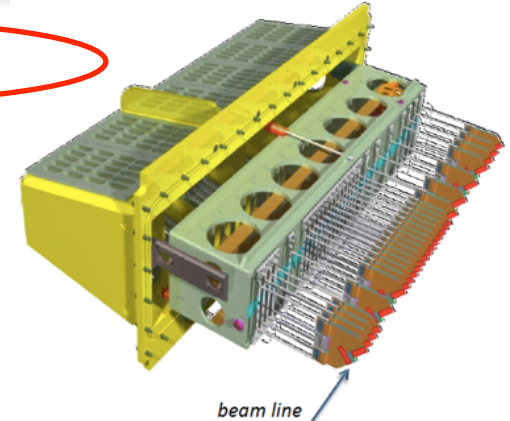
25th Jan 2019  
Machine Protection Panel  
P. Collins



# Tracking Upgrade

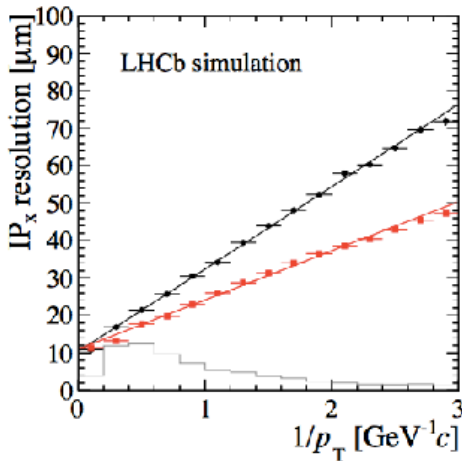


- Vertex Locator **Si strips** → pixels
- TT Si strips → new Si strip detector
- Inner (Si) and Outer (straws) Tracker
- Novel Scintillating Fibre Tracker

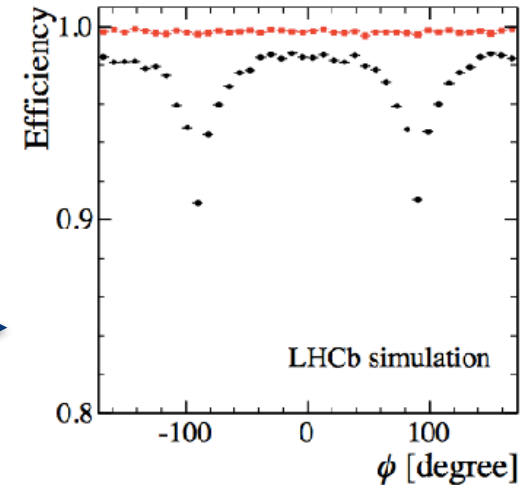


rows of silicon microstrip modules

rows of silicon hybrid pixel modules



Pixel design with superior to strips for impact parameter resolution and efficiency  
 However, strip style cooling insufficient for pixel solution

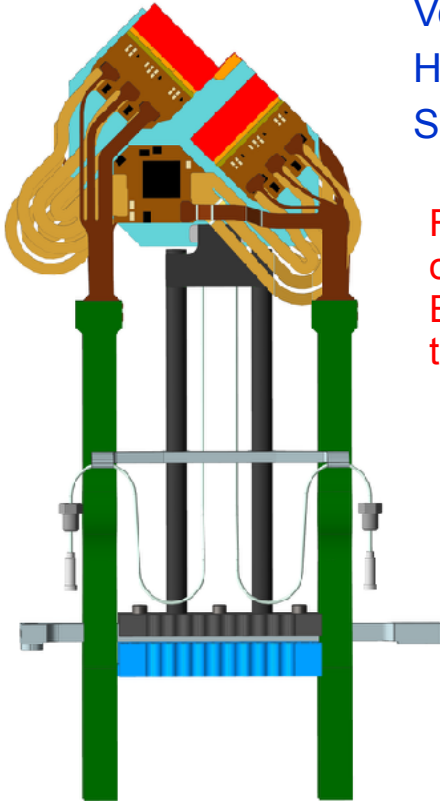




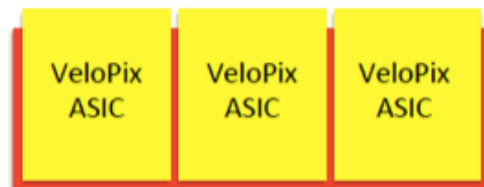
# VELO Sensors and ASICs

## Challenges:

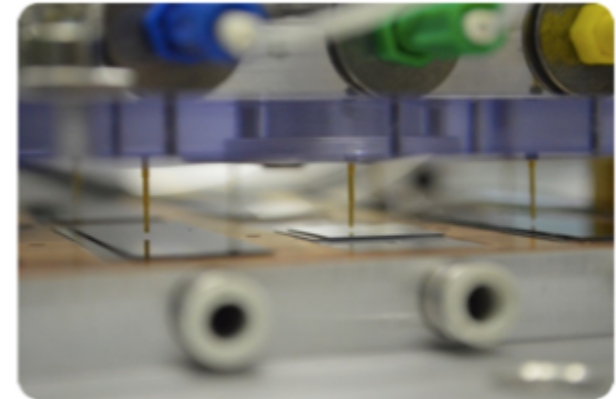
Very high ( $8 \times 10^{15} \text{ n}_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$  for  $50 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) & non-uniform irradiation ( $\sim r^{-2.1}$ )  
Huge data bandwidth: up to 20 Gbit/s for central ASICs and  $\sim 3 \text{ Tbit/s}$  in total  
Sensor temperature must be maintained  $< -20^\circ\text{C}$  with minimal cooling



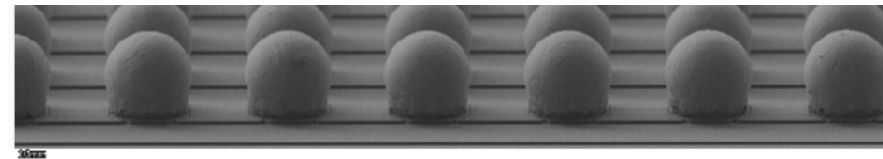
Four sensors per module (sensors on other side shown with dotted lines)  
Each sensor ( $43 \times 15 \text{ mm}$ ) bonded to three VeloPix ASICs



Elongated pixels between sensors for complete coverage



Sensors are bump bonded and automatically probed before vacuum testing to 1000V with spring loaded needle contacts to ASIC backplane



SEM image of  $55 \mu\text{m}$  pitch SgAn bumps  
courtesy Sami Vähänen, ADVACAM Oy

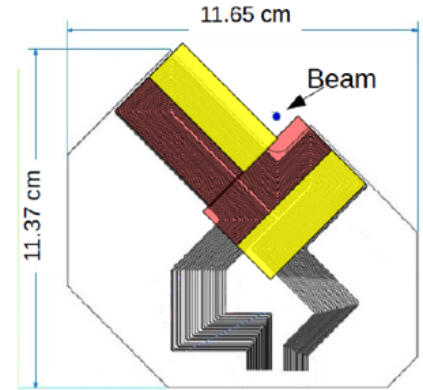
# VELO Cooling

Due to the harsh radiation environment an efficient cooling solution is required to maintain the sensors at  $< -20^{\circ}\text{C}$

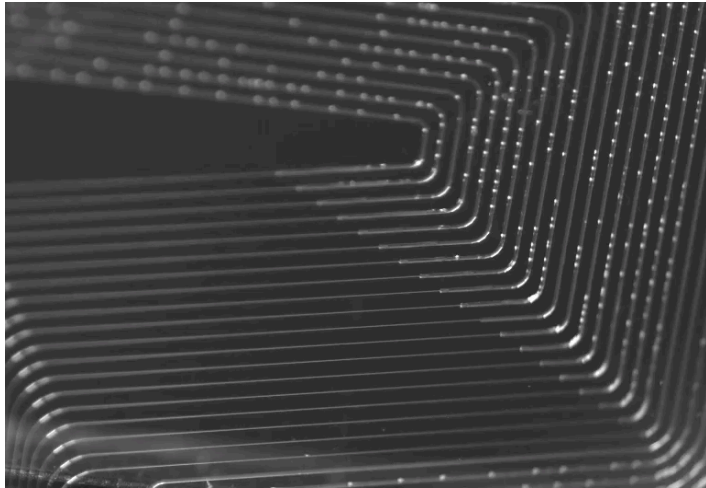
This is provided by the novel technique of evaporative  $\text{CO}_2$  circulating in  $120\ \mu\text{m} \times 200\ \mu\text{m}$  channels within a silicon substrate.

Total thickness:  $500\ \mu\text{m}$

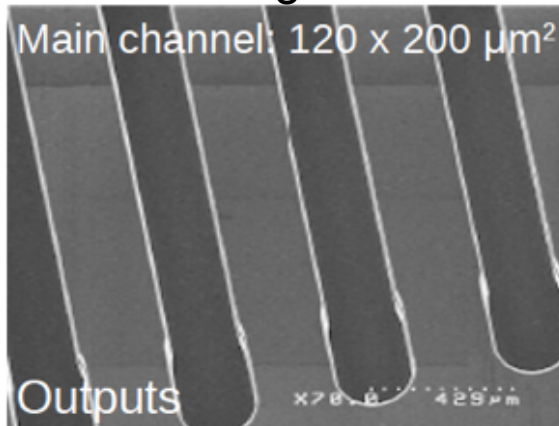
- High thermal efficiency
- CTE match to silicon components
- Minimum and uniform material
- radiation hard



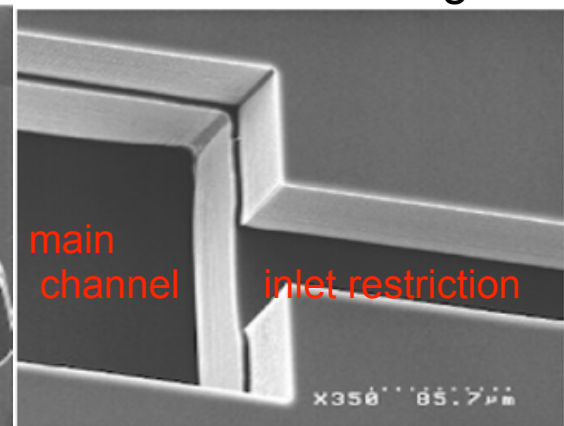
## SEM images of etched wafer before bonding



(click for movie)



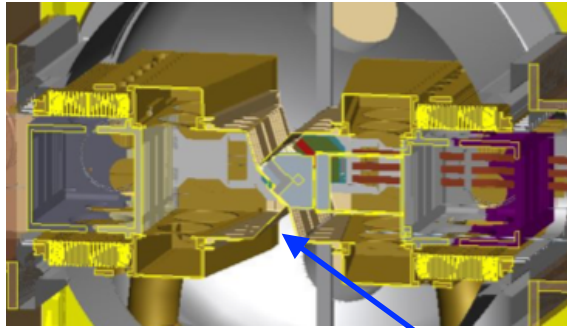
channels output directly to connector



Two step channel etching



# VELO RF Foil



The VELO is separated from the primary vacuum by the 1.1 m long thin walled "RF foil" which also shields the detector and guides the beam wakefields

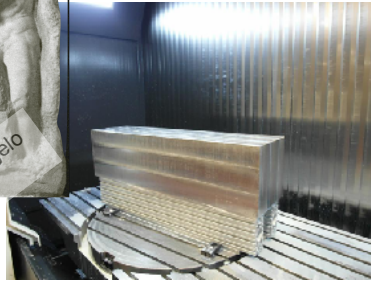
At just 3.5 mm clearance from the beam and 900  $\mu\text{m}$  clearance from the sensors, production represents a huge technical achievement

The final foil withstands 10 mbar pressure variations, is leak tight, and has a final thickness of 250  $\mu\text{m}$ , with an option to go to 150  $\mu\text{m}$  maintained

## RF foil: some production steps



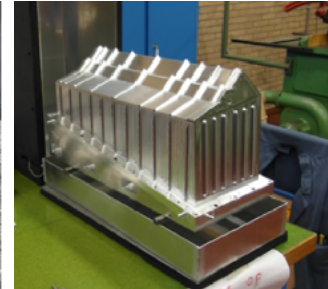
Michaelangelo Slave



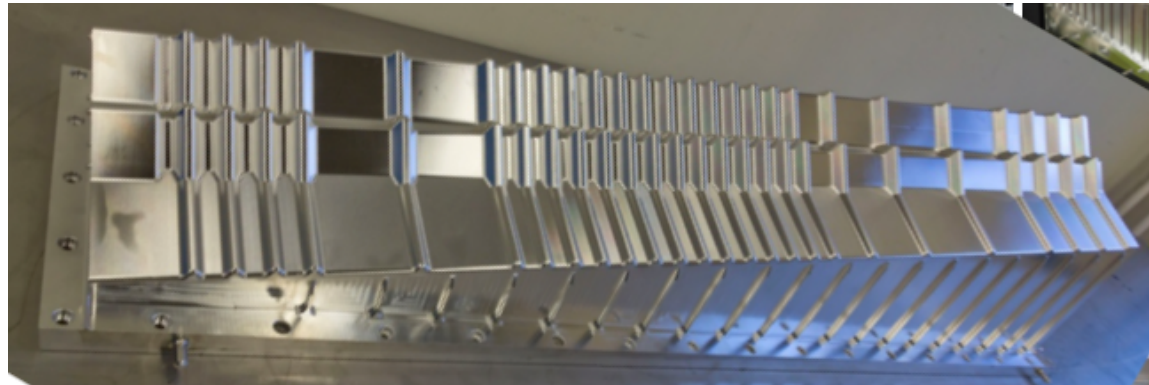
Initial solid forged Al alloy block



>98% of material removed

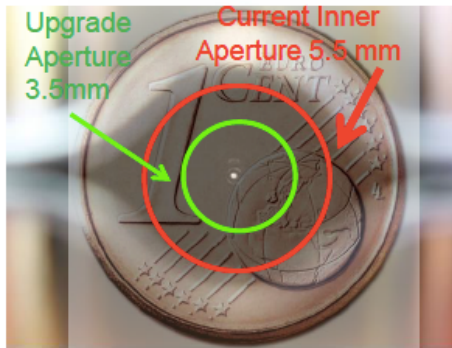


Internal mould support during machining steps



# VELO RF Foil

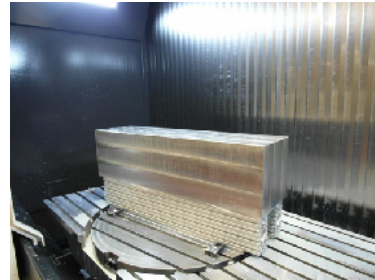
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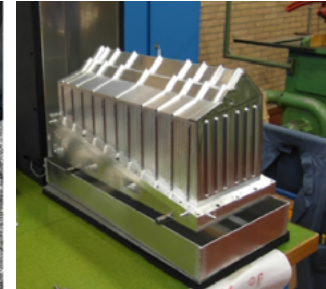
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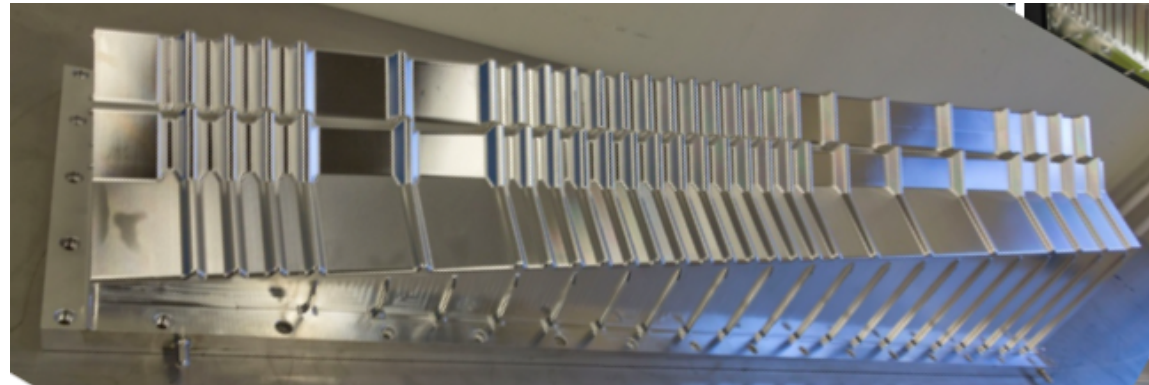
Initial solid forged Al alloy block



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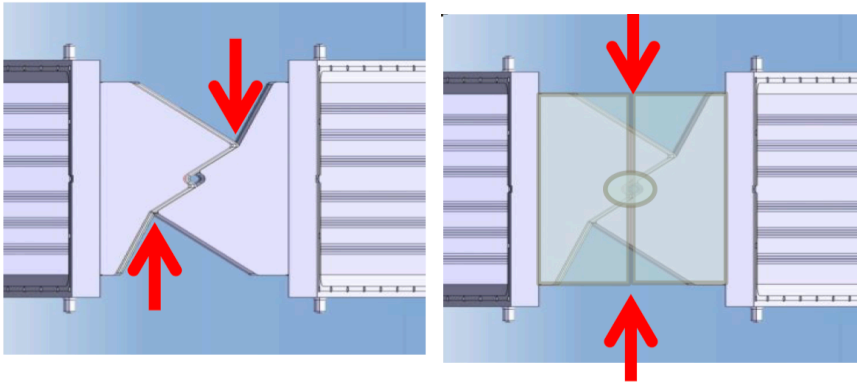
Internal mould support during machining steps



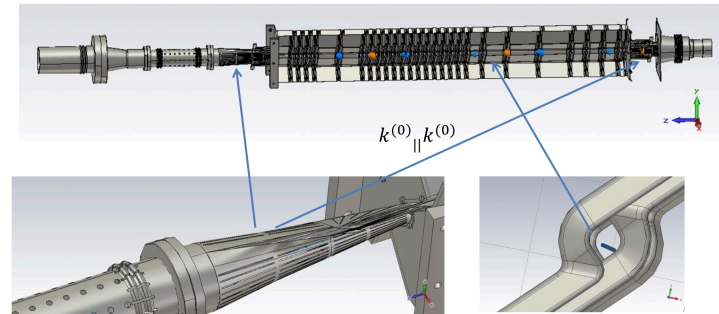


# VELO RF box redesign

- No problems expected in terms of aperture (M. Giovannozzi, R. Appleby, M. Neat, M. Ferro-Luzzi, B. Holzer)
  - VELO model implemented in LHC aperture model with pessimistic configurations
  - Standard mechanical tolerances used: note that upgraded foil by construction will be more precise
  - Closed orbit variation 100  $\mu\text{m}$ ; half external crossing angle 239  $\mu\text{rad}$
  - CERN-ATS-Note-2012-101 TECH, LHCb-PUB-2012-018, TREX9 (2015)



Vacuum simulations (C. Yin Vallgren P. Pinto, G. Bregliozzi RF foil workshop and checkpoint meetings)



Tapering with slots  
(max radius= 27mm, min radius=3.5mm)

Aperture of the middle part of the beam pipe.(min radius= 3.5mm)

Impedance calculations (B. Salvant, O. Zagorodova),  
CATIA -> CST MW Studio 3D calculations

VELO Upgrade safety concerns similar to current VELO:

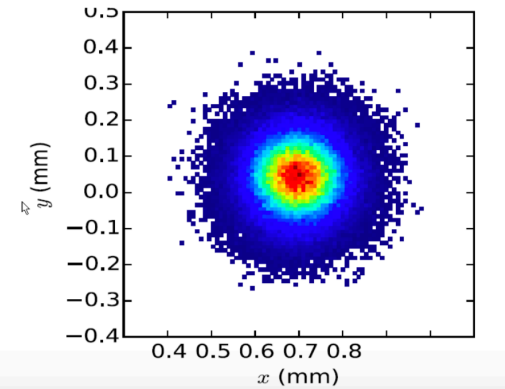
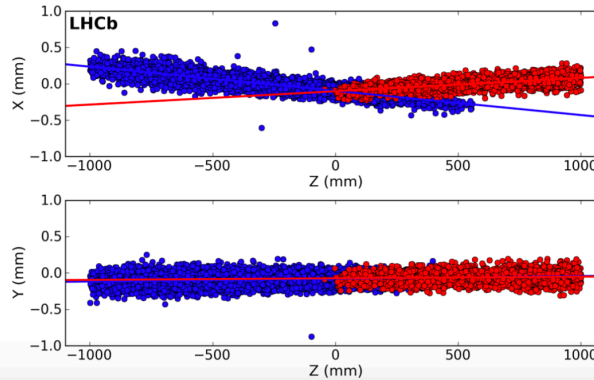
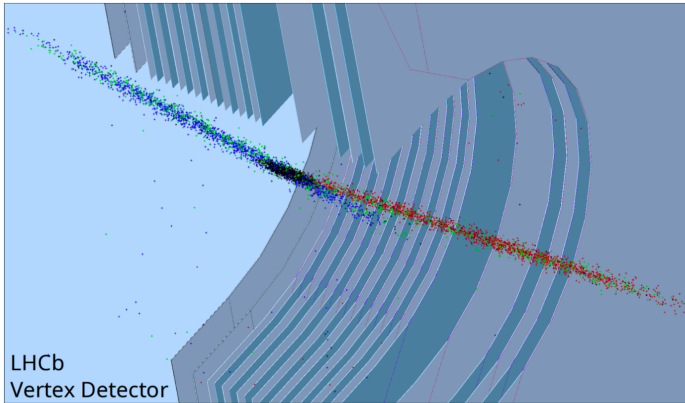
- Differential pressure of primary and secondary vacuum and effect on mechanical integrity of foil
- Protection of silicon sensors against high currents

Action in case of extreme UE affecting LHCb (or LHC) also the same:

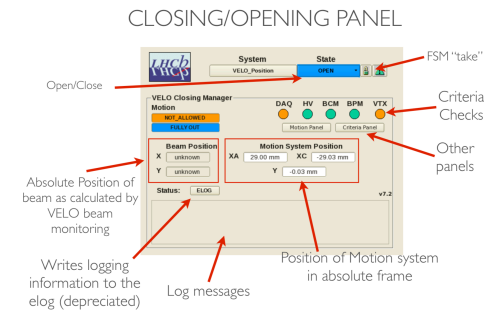
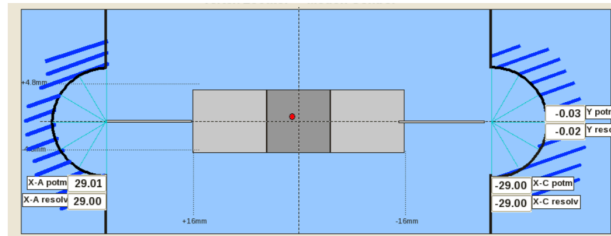
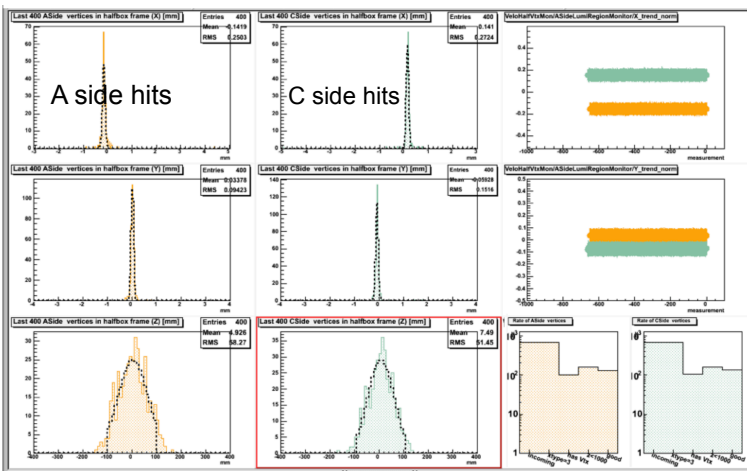
- Extract sensors and install blind flanges, Extract RF boxes and install emergency WF supressor, Install emergency pipe



# VELO - the mobile detector



VELO supplies extremely precise beam imaging; here seen with SMOG to reconstruct position and angle, transverse profile, bunch population, ghost charge etc. The reconstruction also used as the ultimate safety factor during VELO closing

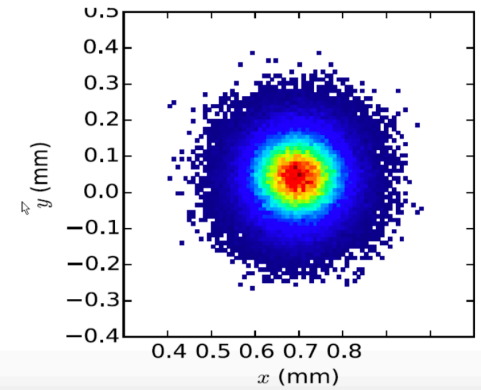
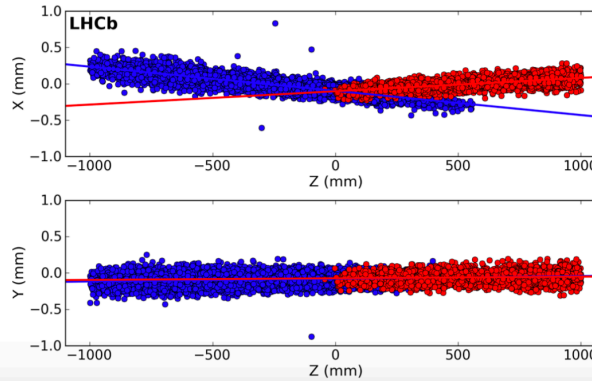
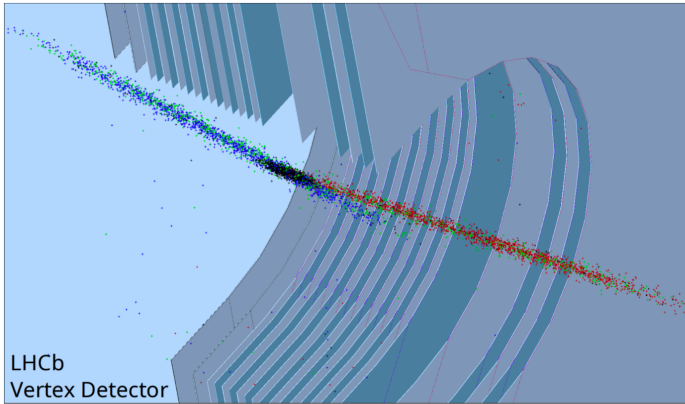


VELO closing monitor, panel, and Motion UI

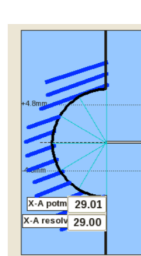
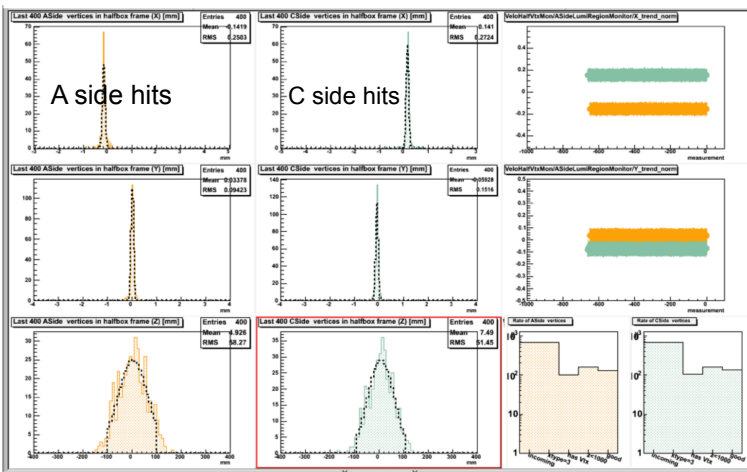
32 criteria to be satisfied to allow each movement  
After first year of operation - and ironing out of most glitches - move to automatic closing procedure

VELO has now opened and closed in real conditions thousands of times

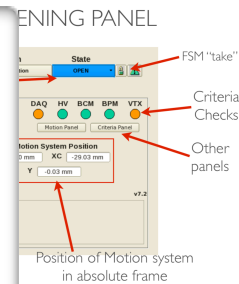
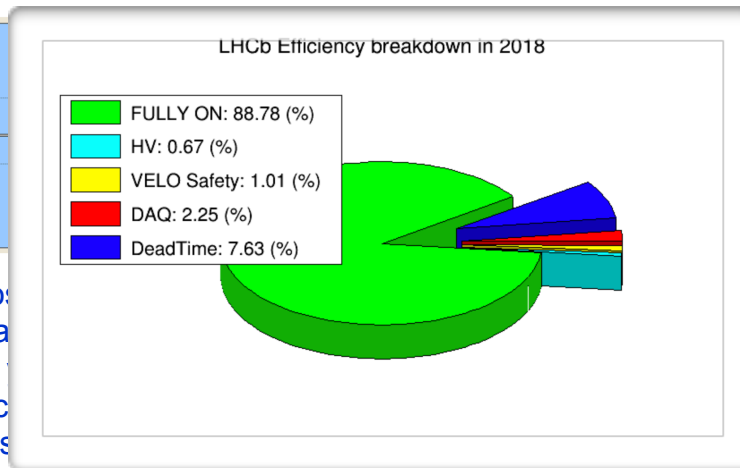
# VELO - the mobile detector



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VELO closed  
32 criteria  
After first  
automatic  
VELO has



move to  
of times

# Conclusions

- To be discussed today:
  - Review of motion system EoR incident
  - Safety matrix and implementation
  - New features related to enhanced pressure sensors (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Thank you for your attention