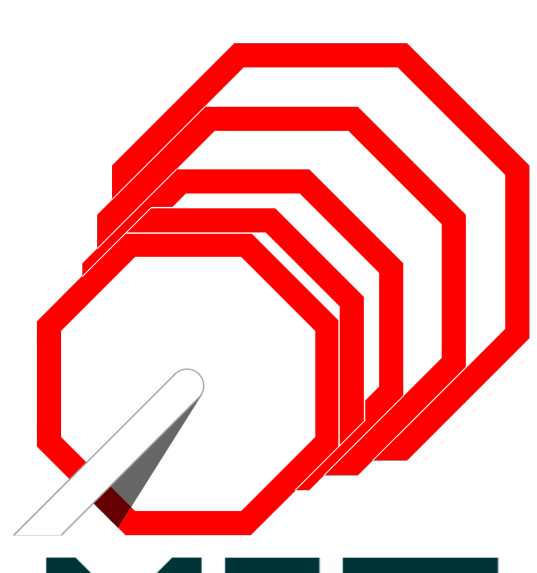




ALICE



Muon Forward Tracker: adding vertexing capability to the ALICE MUON Spectrometer

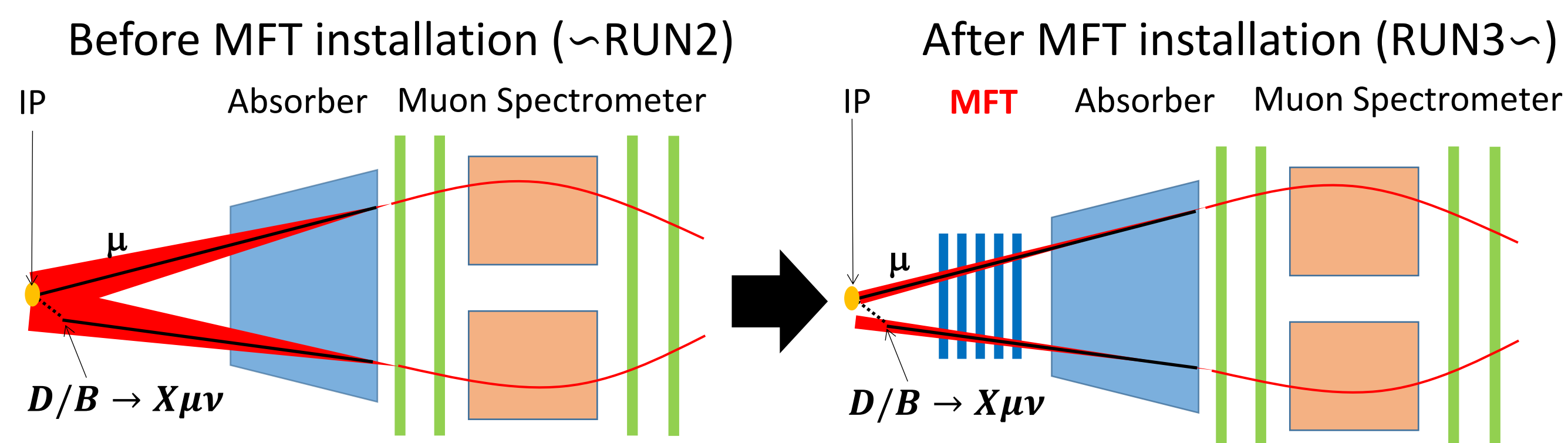


MFT



Yorito Yamaguchi for the ALICE collaboration
Hiroshima University

Installation of MFT



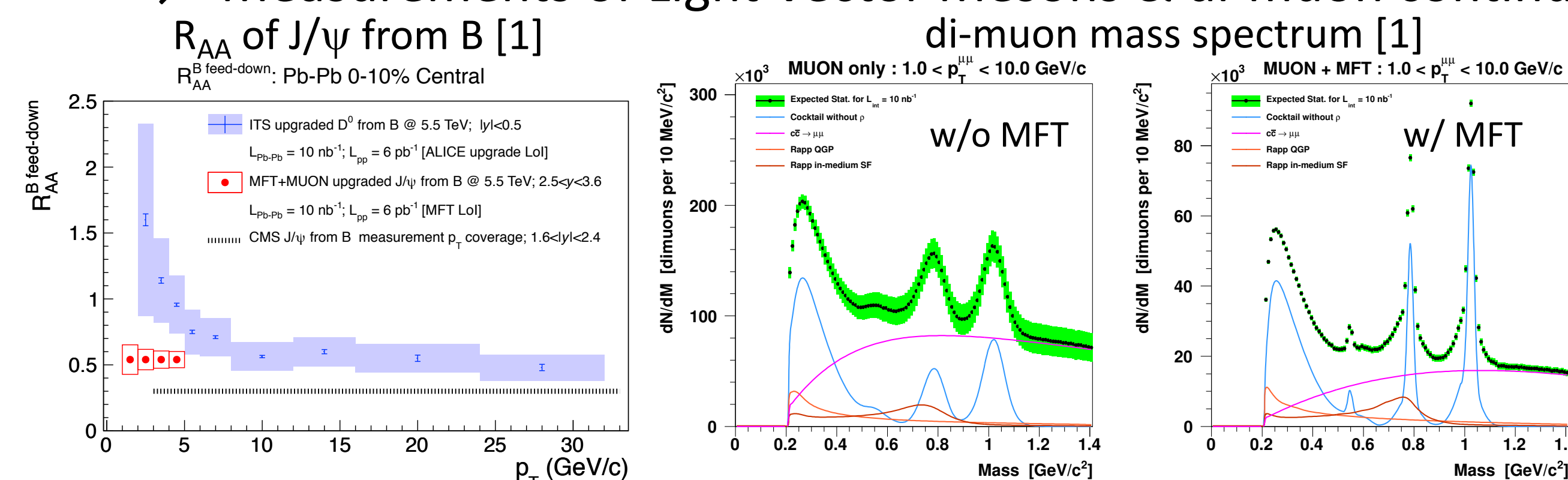
Issue with muon measurements in the forward region (\sim RUN2)

- Blurred vision of the muon vertex due to absence of track info in front of the Absorber

→ Solution: Installation of MFT for RUN3

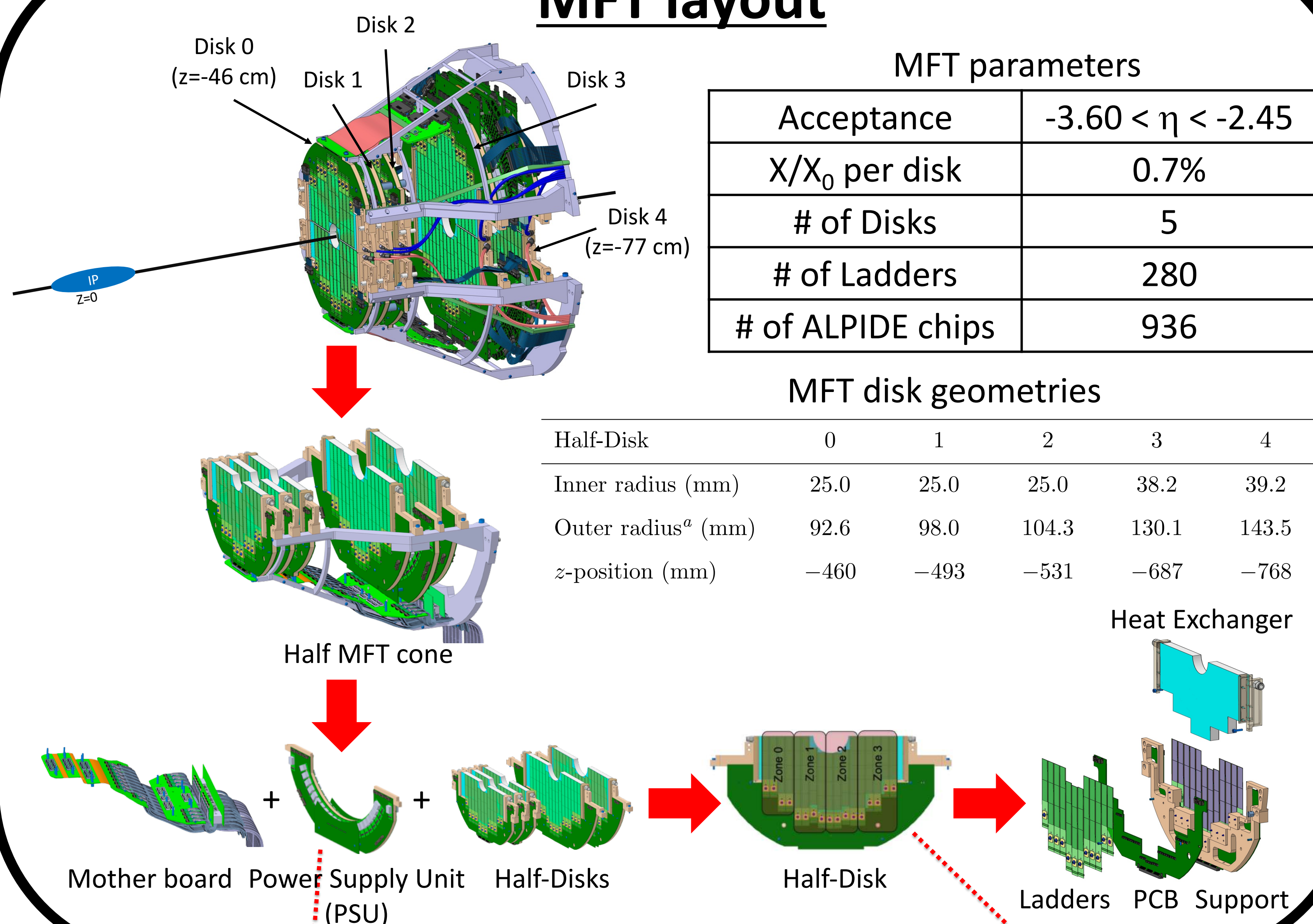
Achievable measurements with MFT

- Better rejection power of muons from π/K decays
- Separation of secondary vertex from IP
→ Measurements of open heavy flavors & J/ψ from B
- Better di-muon mass resolution
→ Measurements of Light Vector Mesons & di-muon continuum



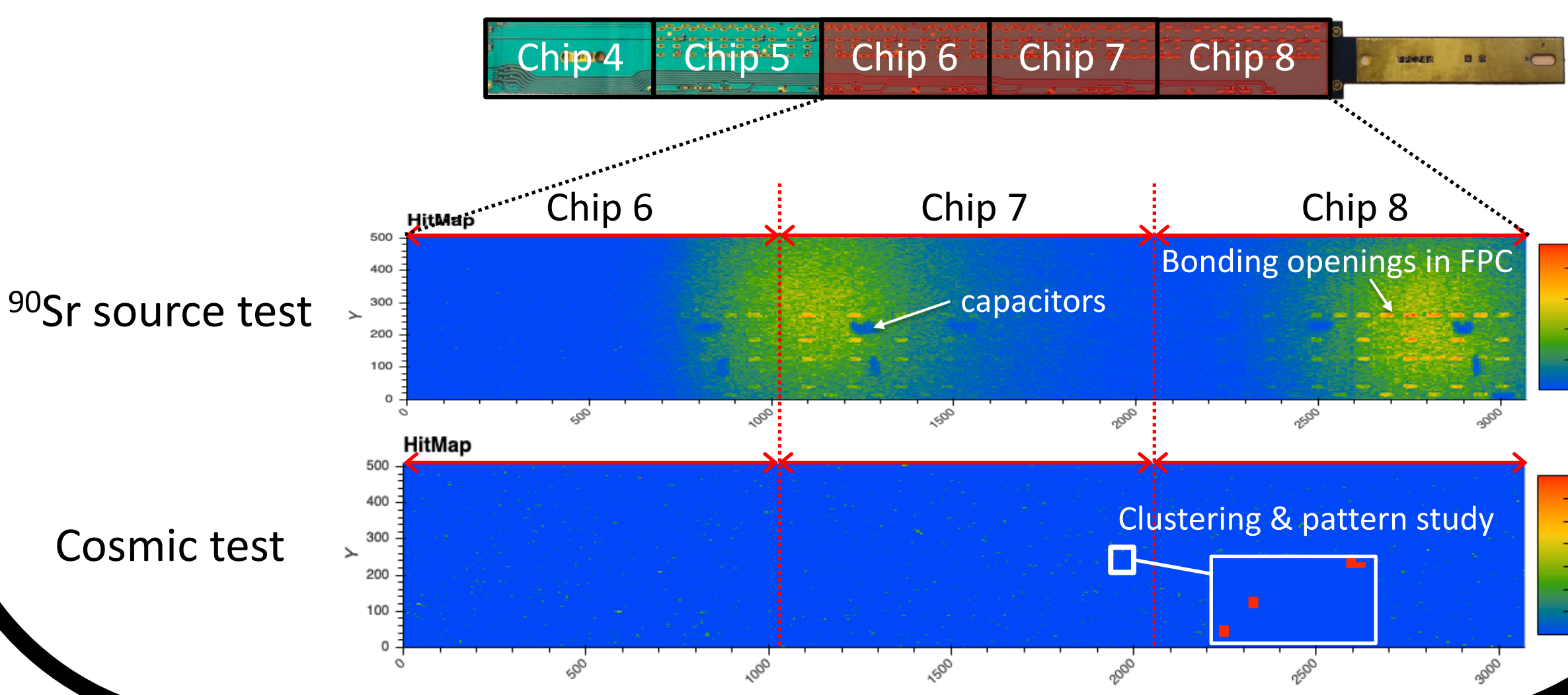
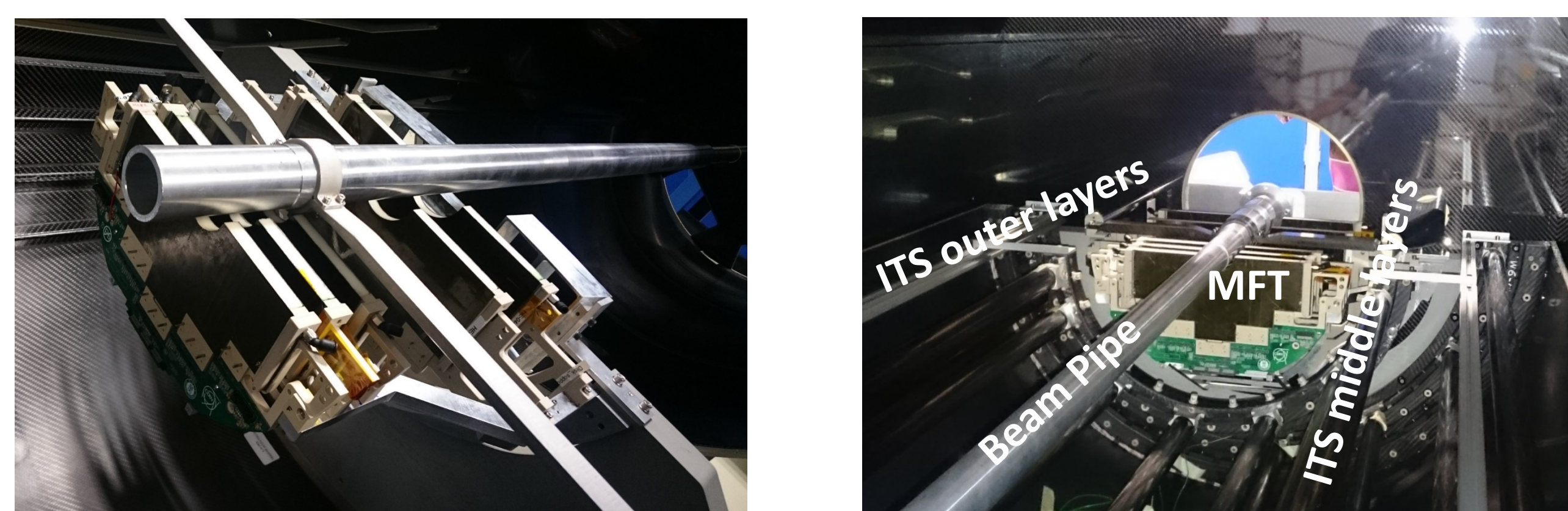
[1]: ALICE collaboration, CERN-LHCC-2013-14; LHCC-I-022-ADD-1

MFT layout



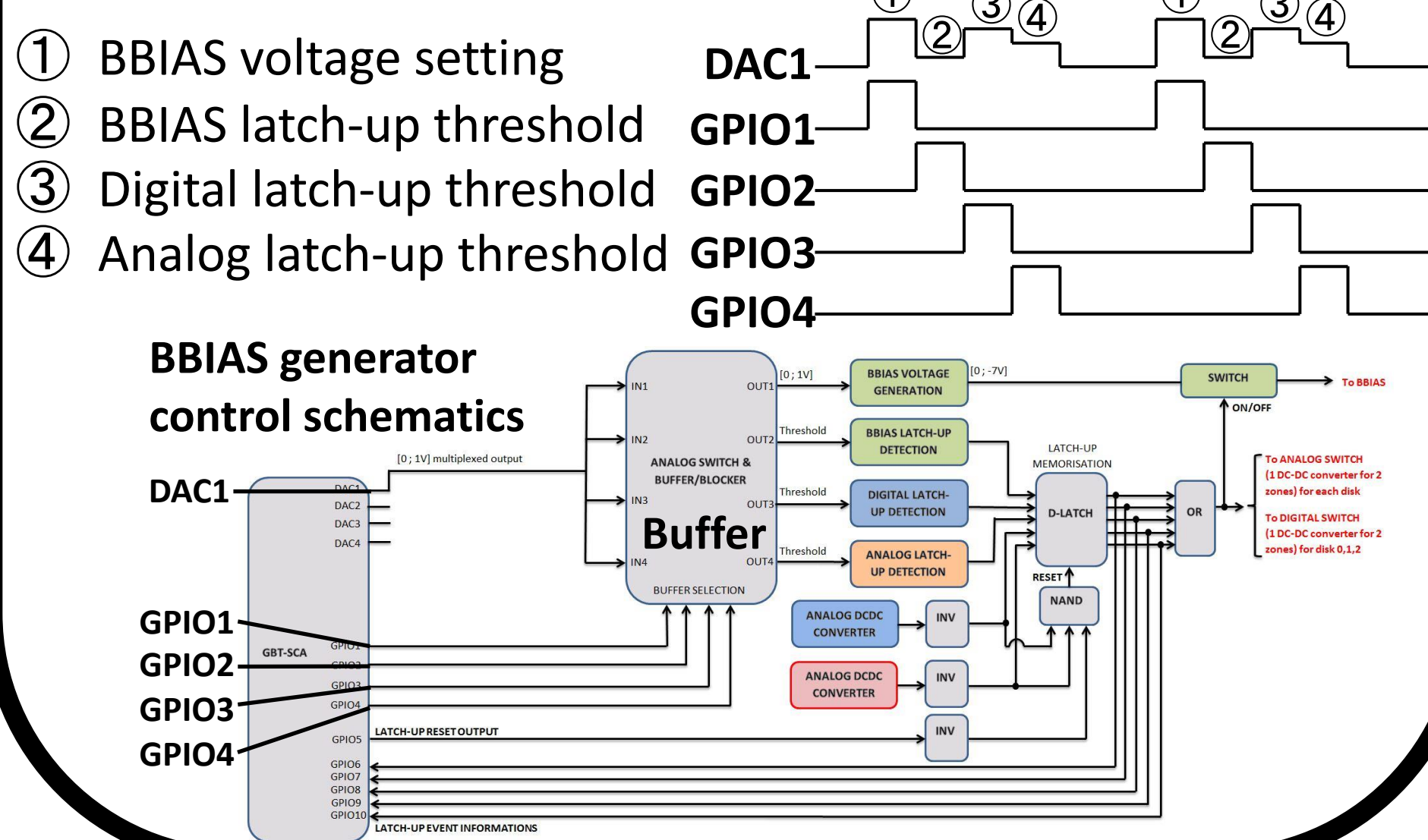
Commissioning at CERN

- MFT commissioning has started since this summer.
 - ✓ 1st Half-MFT assembly with full SC & Readout chain
 - ✓ Continue until May 2020, then installation in ALICE cavern



Power Supply Unit

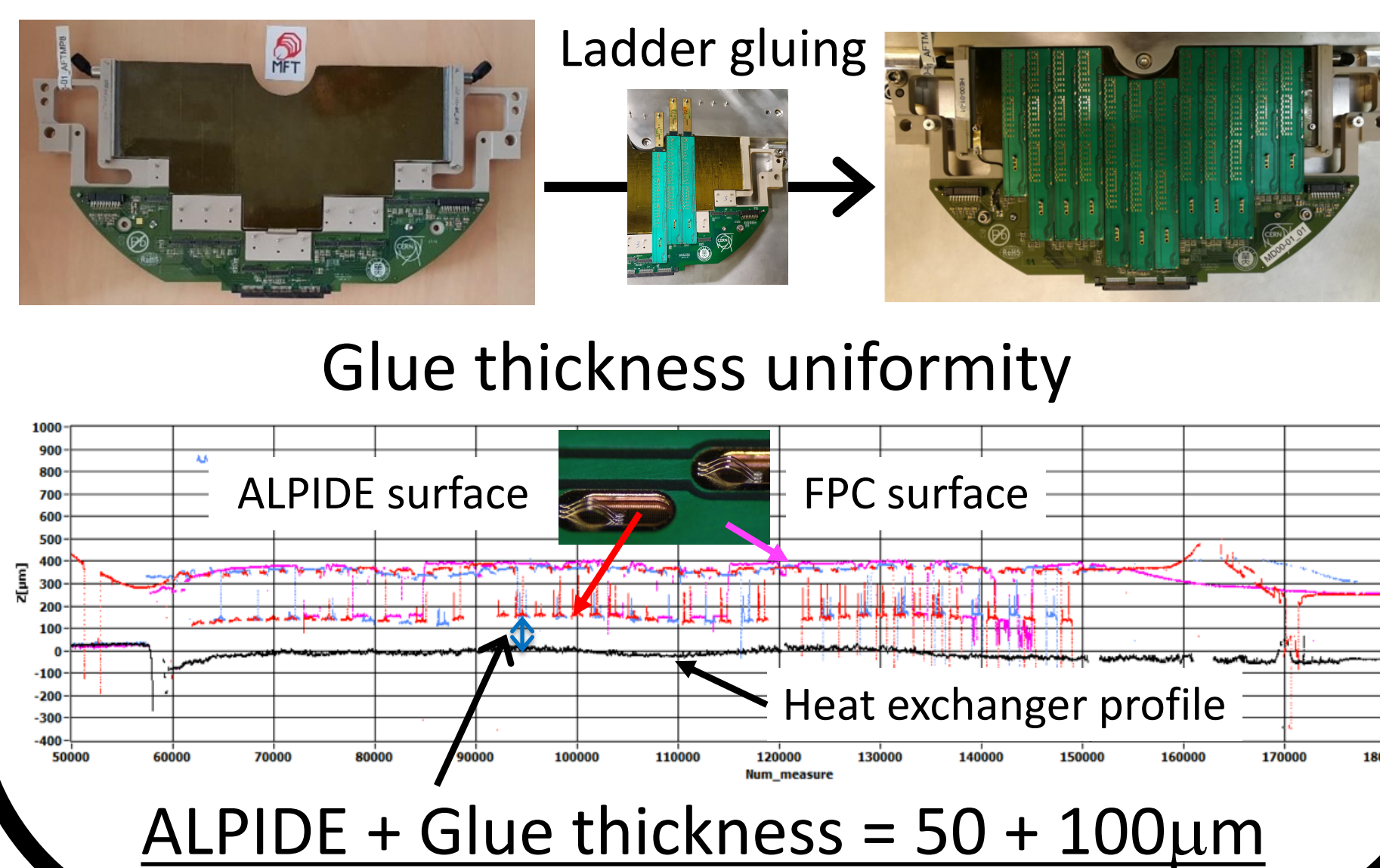
- Connected with CAEN LV modules
- Power supply to separate 4 zones of each Half-Disk
 - ✓ Back Bias (BBIAS) for sensors (0;-3V)
 - ✓ Digital/Analog powers for FPC (+1.8V)



Half-Disk

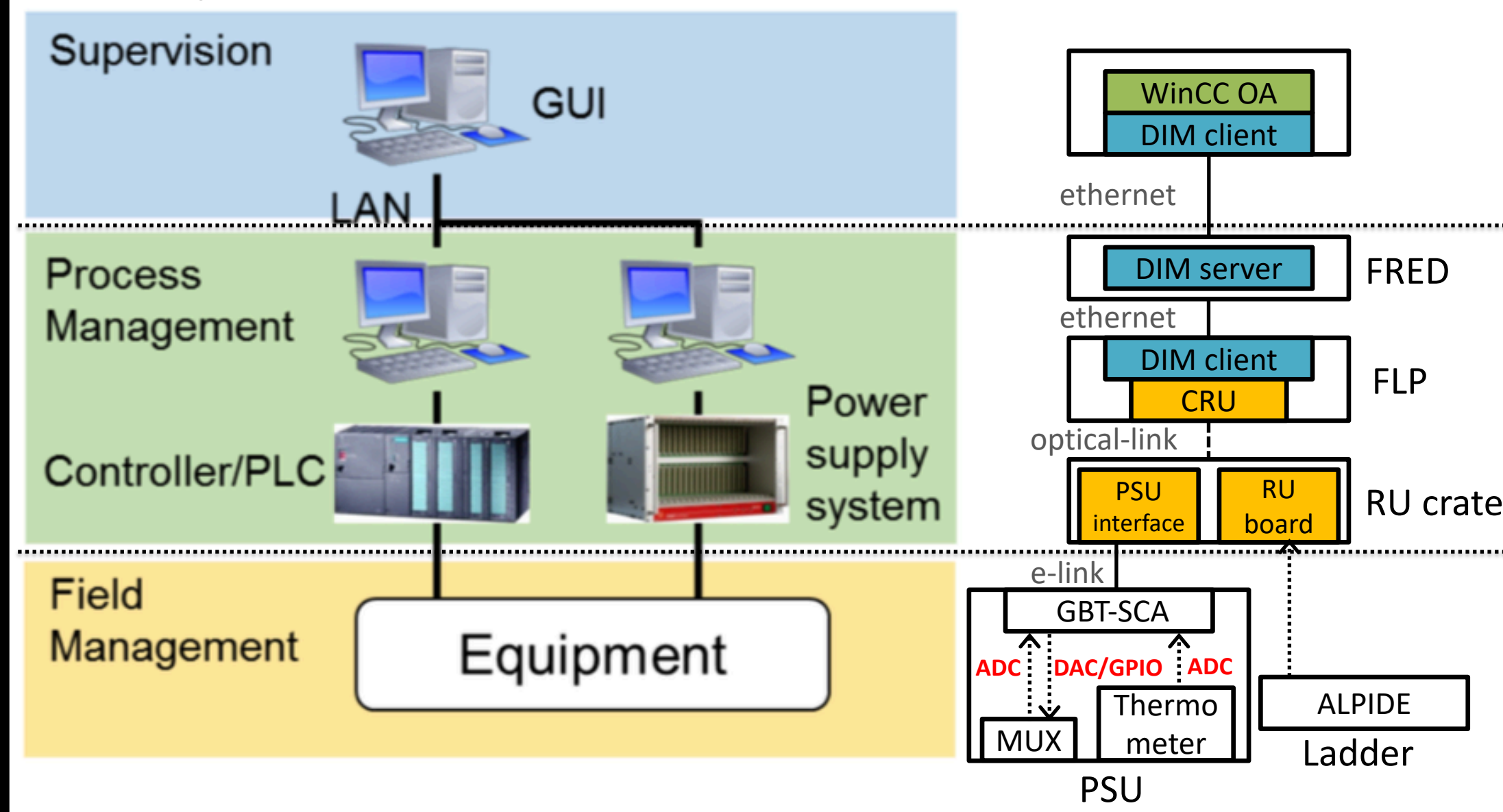
Half-disk production

- Assembly of PCB + Mechanical support + Heat exchanger
- Ladder gluing on both disk surfaces



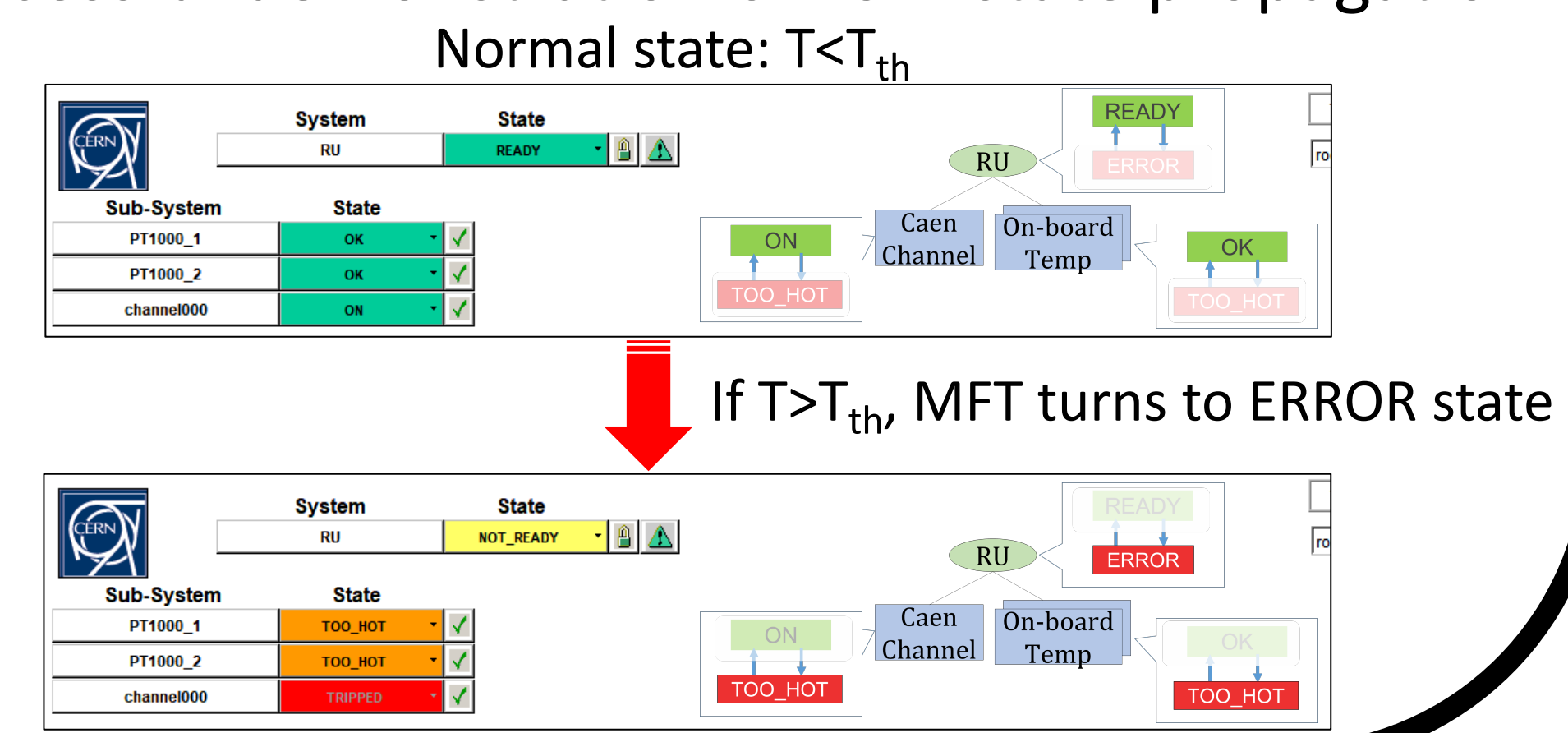
Detector Control System

- Has to be updated for operation with the new ALICE computing system (O²)
- CERN-developed JCOP framework with WinCC Open Architecture as SCADA



DCS test with Finite State Machine (FSM)

- FSM: Hierarchical control for independent hardware systems (Detector, Power Supply, Cooling plant)
- Successful demonstration of FSM state propagation



ALPIDE and MFT Ladder

ALPIDE (ALICE Pixel Detector)

- Monolithic Active Pixel Sensors

Pixel size	27 x 29 μ m ²
Sensor size	15 x 30mm ²
Spatial resolution	\sim 5 μ m
Integration time	4 μ s
Power consumption	40mW/cm ²

