

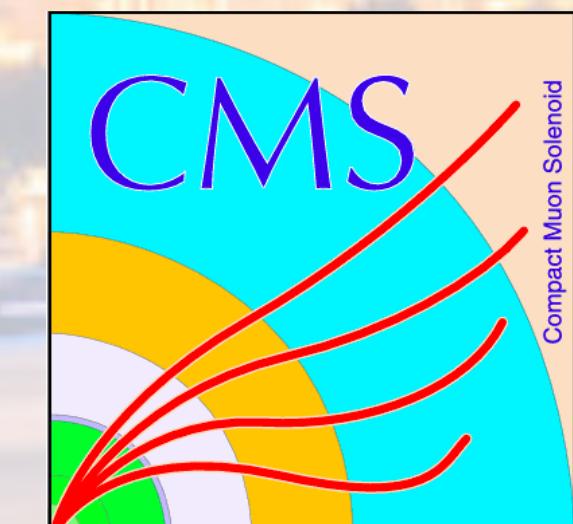
# Nuclear modification factor of isolated photons in pp and PbPb collisions at 5.02 TeV with CMS



**Yeonju Go**  
Korea University  
*for the CMS collaboration*

Quark Matter 2019

Wuhan, China, November 4-8, 2019



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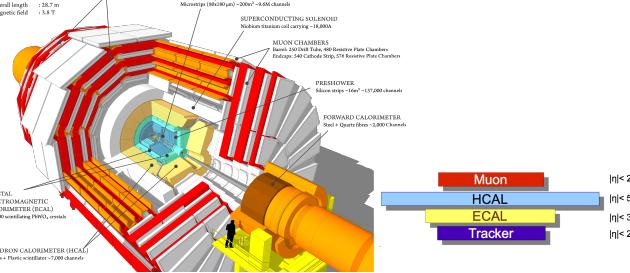


## Introduction

- Prompt photons are unaffected by the strongly interacting medium produced in the reaction, which are the ‘clean’ probes of the initial state of the collision.
- The analysis can give baselines to diagnose any modification of **initial parton states** by the nuclear medium for isolated photon-tagged jet.
- Prompt photons provide a direct way to test perturbative QCD (**pQCD**) and the (**nuclear parton distribution function (PDF)**)
- The transverse momentum spectra and the nuclear modification factors of isolated photon are reported in pp and PbPb collisions at 5.02 TeV using the CMS detector.

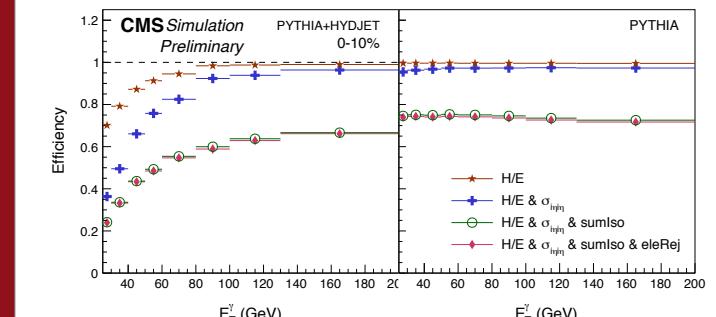
## CMS detector

- Photons are reconstructed and identified using tracker, Ecal and Hcal



## Analysis methods

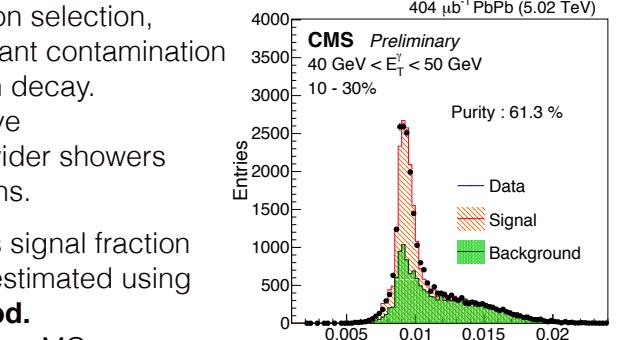
### Efficiency correction



- Isolated photon selection :
  - E ratio of Hcal to Ecal < 0.1
  - sumlso(\*) < 1 GeV (\*) The isolation variable ‘sumlso’ is defined as energy sum in an R=0.4 cone around photon candidates, which is tracker Et + ecal Et + hcal Et.
  - $\sigma_{\eta/\eta} < 0.1$
- Total efficiency = Reconstruction  $\epsilon$  x Trigger  $\epsilon$  x Selection  $\epsilon$  x SF

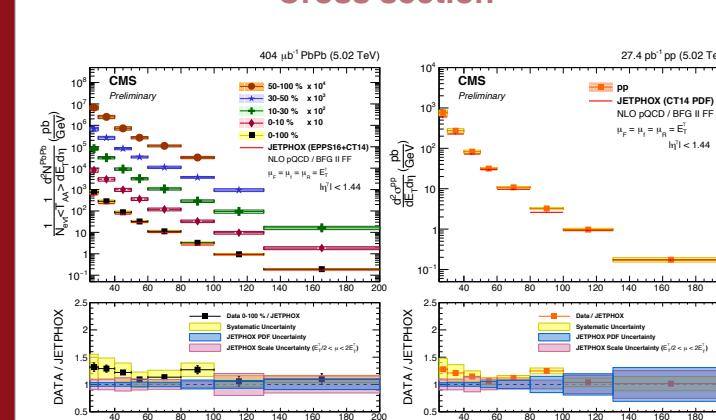
### Signal extraction (Purity correction)

- After isolated photon selection, there is still significant contamination from neutral meson decay.
- Decay photons have characteristically wider showers than prompt photons.
- Purity is defined as signal fraction in  $\sigma_{\eta/\eta} < 0.01$  and estimated using **template fit method**.
  - signal PDF from MC
  - background PDF from DATA in sideband region
$$\sigma_{\eta/\eta}^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=5}^{5 \times 5} w_i (\eta_i - \eta_{5 \times 5})^2}{\sum_{i=1}^{5 \times 5} w_i}, w_i = \max(0, c + \ln \frac{E_i}{E_{5 \times 5}})$$
- After efficiency and purity corrections, the raw spectra are unfolded for detector resolution

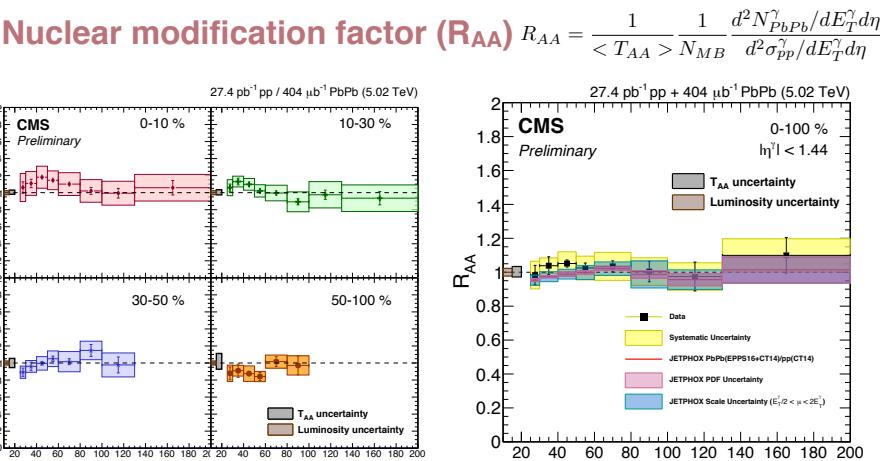


## Results

### Cross section



- The data are compared with the NLO pQCD calculations using JETPHOX for CT14 PDF and EPPS16 nuclear PDF sets.
- The RAA is also sensitive to nuclear modifications of the PDFs in the shadowing and anti-shadowing regions.
- Constraints on nPDF from these data are currently limited by the size of the experimental uncertainties.



- No significant modification** of isolated photon cross sections in PbPb collisions with respect to pp collisions is observed in the explored kinematic ranges at various collision centralities.

## Summary

- The prediction from JETPHOX is found to be consistent with the measured RAA and cross sections for both pp and PbPb collisions.
- These results provide baselines to diagnose any modification of **initial parton states** by the nuclear medium for isolated photon-tagged jet.

## References

- [1] CMS Collaboration, *CMS PAS-HIN-18-016*
- [2] P. Aurenche et al., *Phys. Rev. D* 73 (2006) 094007
- [3] S. Dulat et al., *Phys. Rev. D* 93 (2016), no. 3, 033006
- [4] K. J. Eskola, P. Paakkinen, H. Paukkunen, and C. A. Salgado, *Eur. Phys. J. C* 77 (2017), no. 3, 163

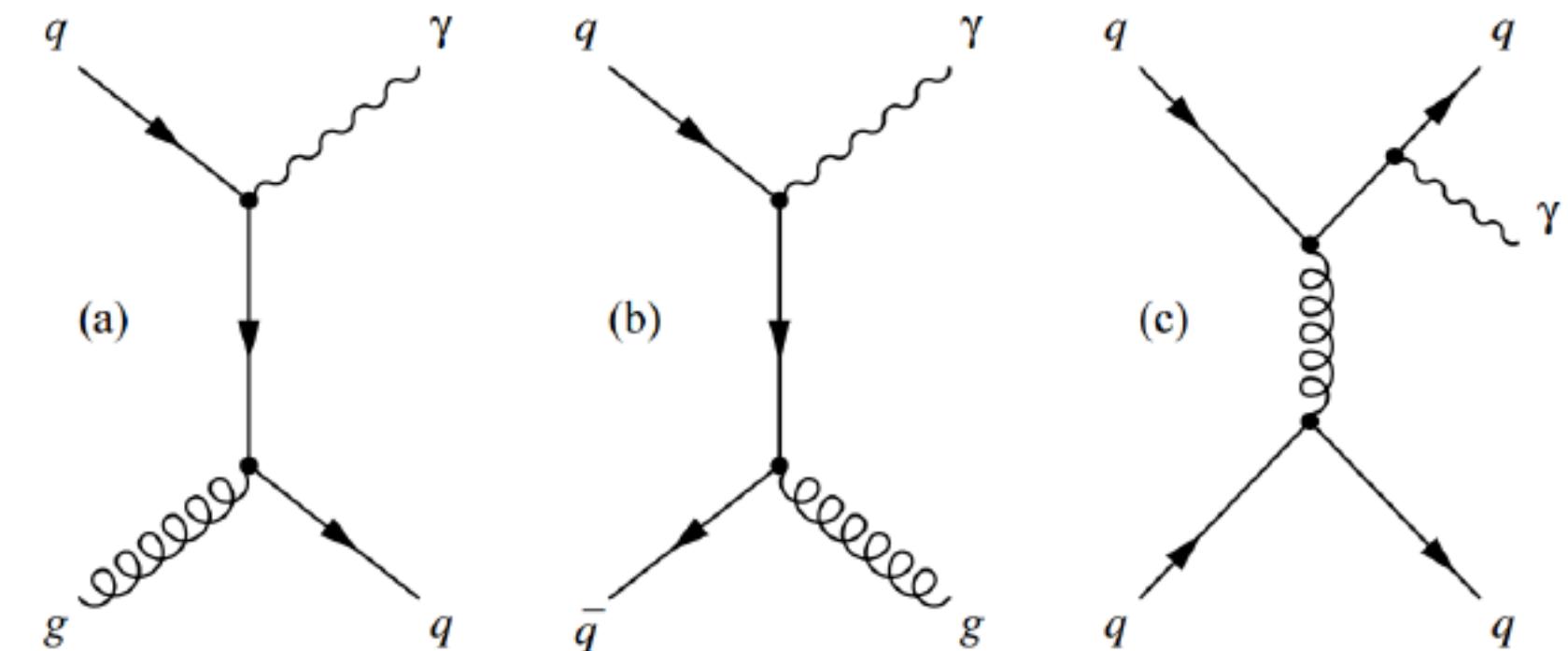
# Why photons?

- **Prompt photons**

- directly produced from **hard scattering** at leading order

OR

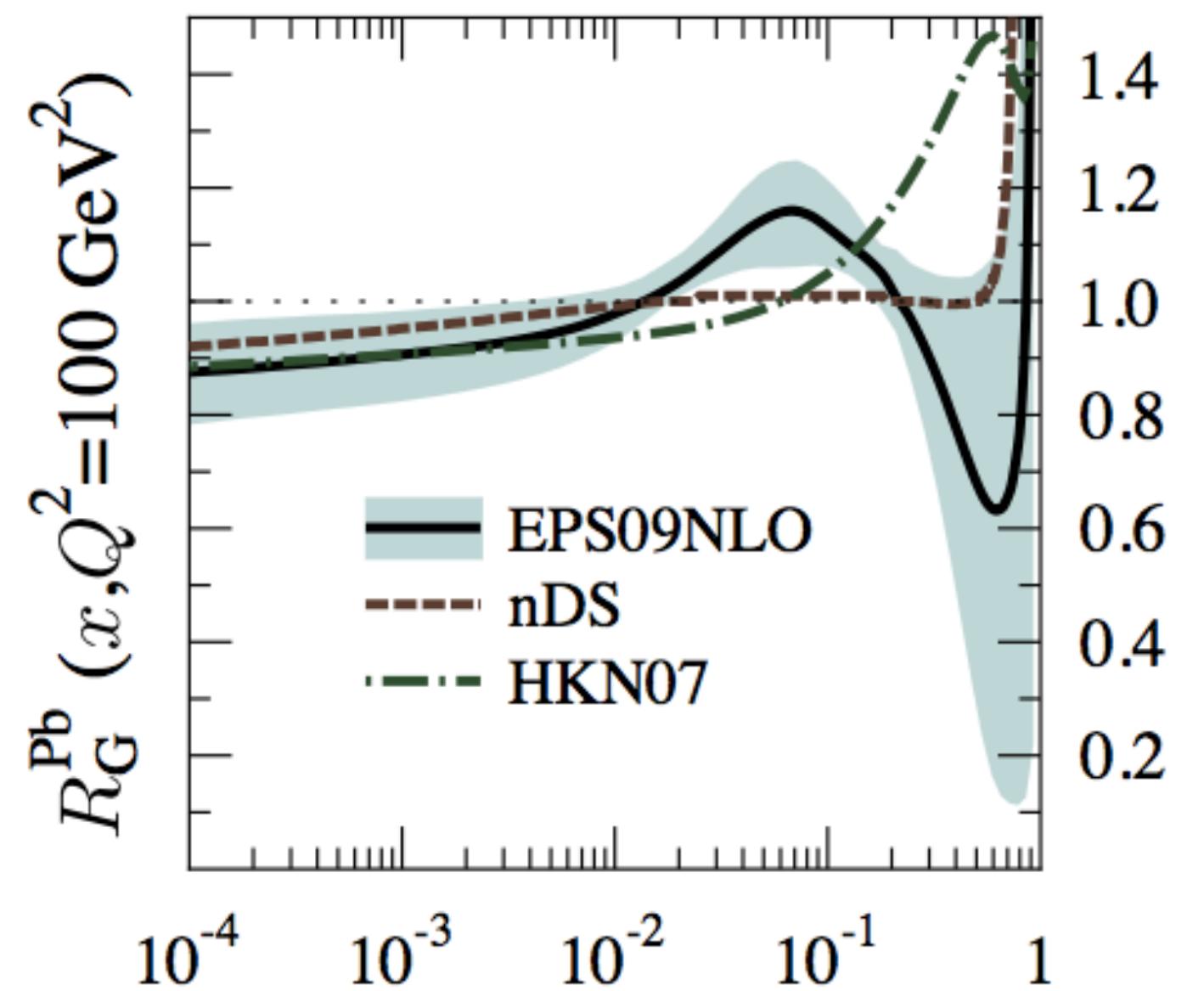
- **fragmented** collinearly from partons at high- $p_T$



- High- $p_T$  prompt photons do **NOT** interact with hot and dense medium

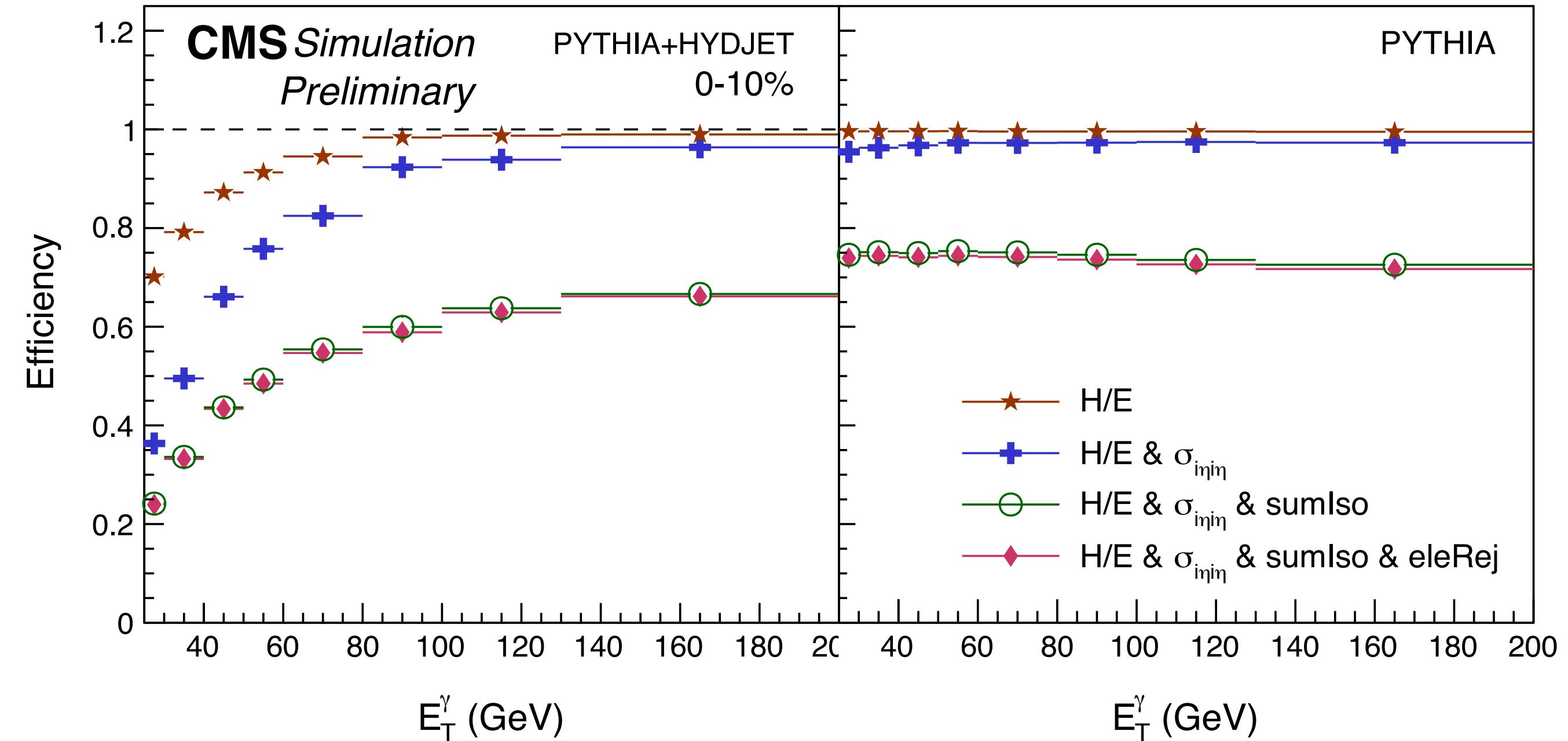
- -> proxy to the **initial parton's energy**
- -> test perturbative QCD
- -> estimate **nuclear parton distribution function (nPDF)**  
by comparing pp and PbPb collisions

$$R_{AA} = \frac{1}{\langle T_{AA} \rangle} \frac{1}{N_{MB}} \frac{d^2 N_{PbPb}^\gamma / dE_T^\gamma d\eta}{d^2 \sigma_{pp}^\gamma / dE_T^\gamma d\eta}$$



arxiv:1103.1471v2

# Analysis methods: Efficiency & Purity

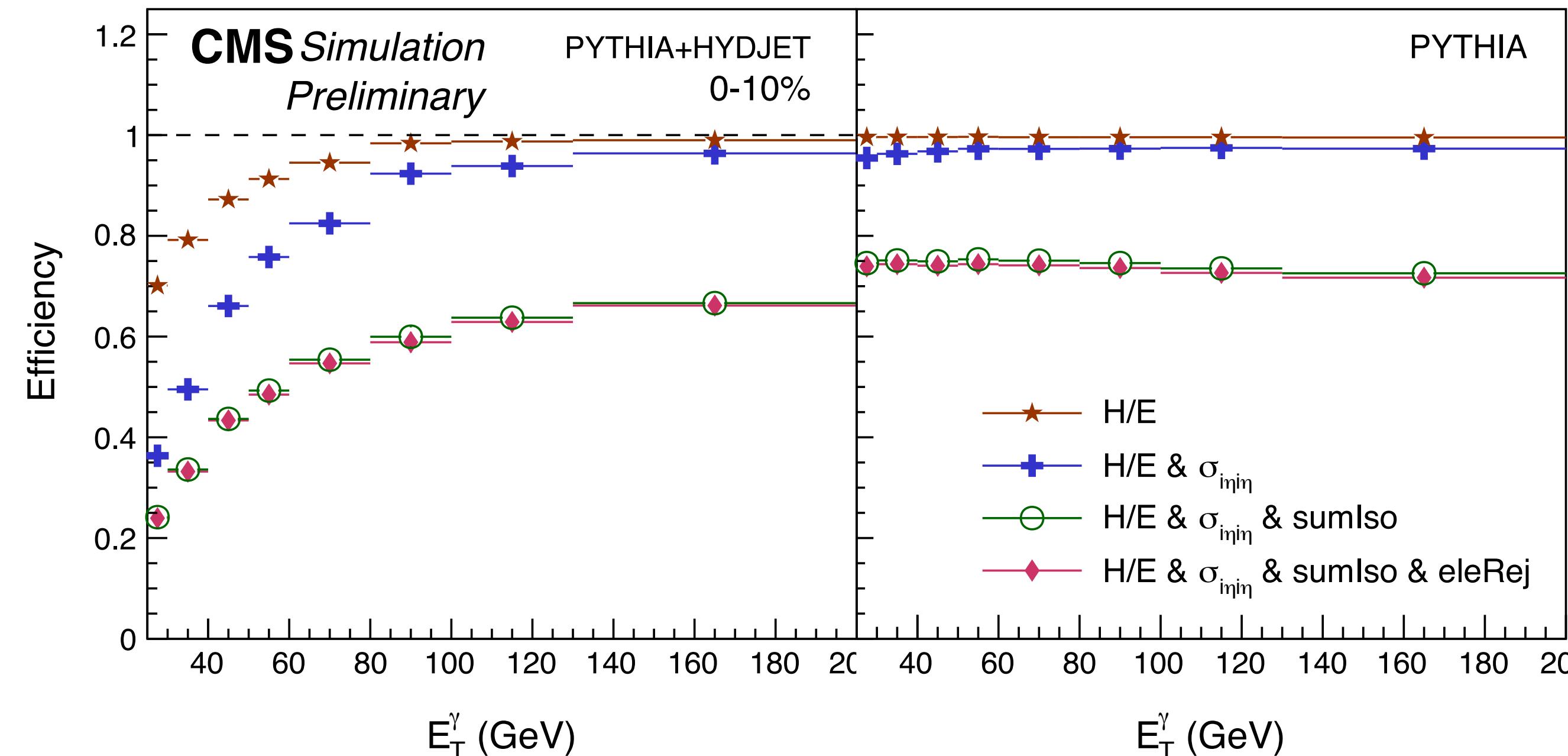


CMS-PAS-HIN-18-016

- Isolated photon selection requirements
  - 1) E ratio of Hcal to Ecal  $< 0.1$
  - 2)  $\sigma_{\eta\eta}$  (shower shape)  $< 0.01$
  - 3) sumIso (Isolation)  $< 1$  GeV

→ suppress **fragmentation**  
and **decay** photons

# Analysis methods: Efficiency & Purity



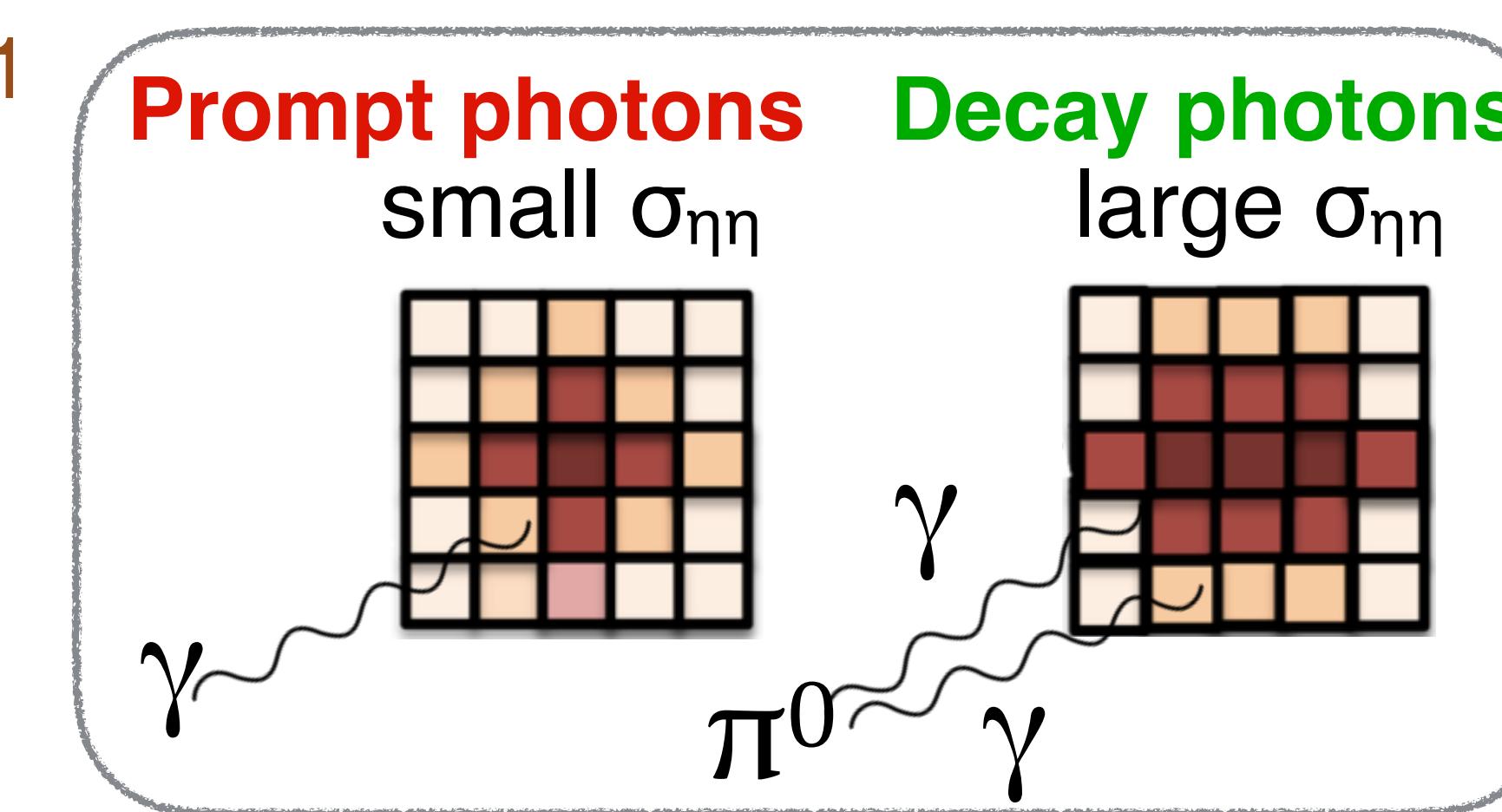
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CMS-PAS-HIN-18-016

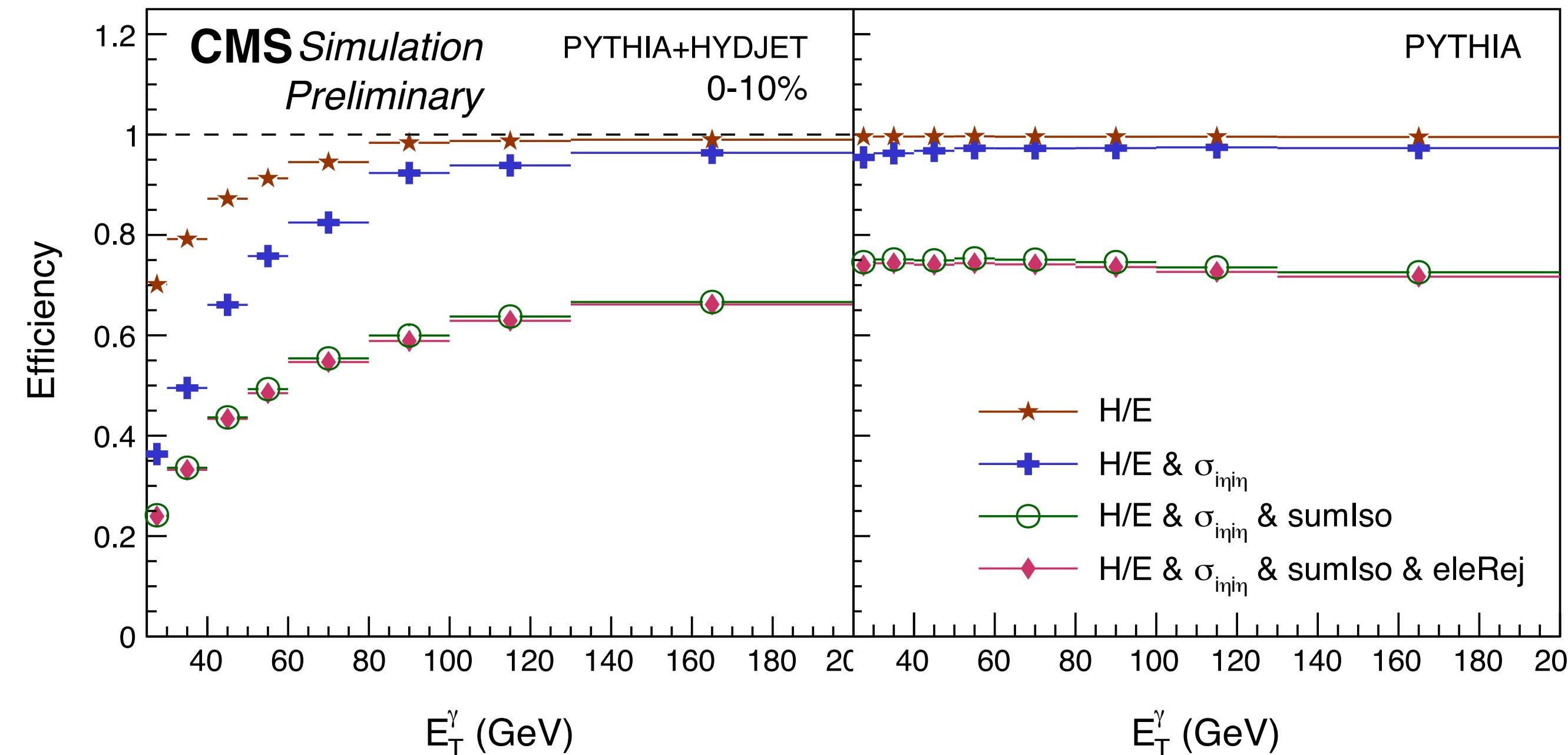
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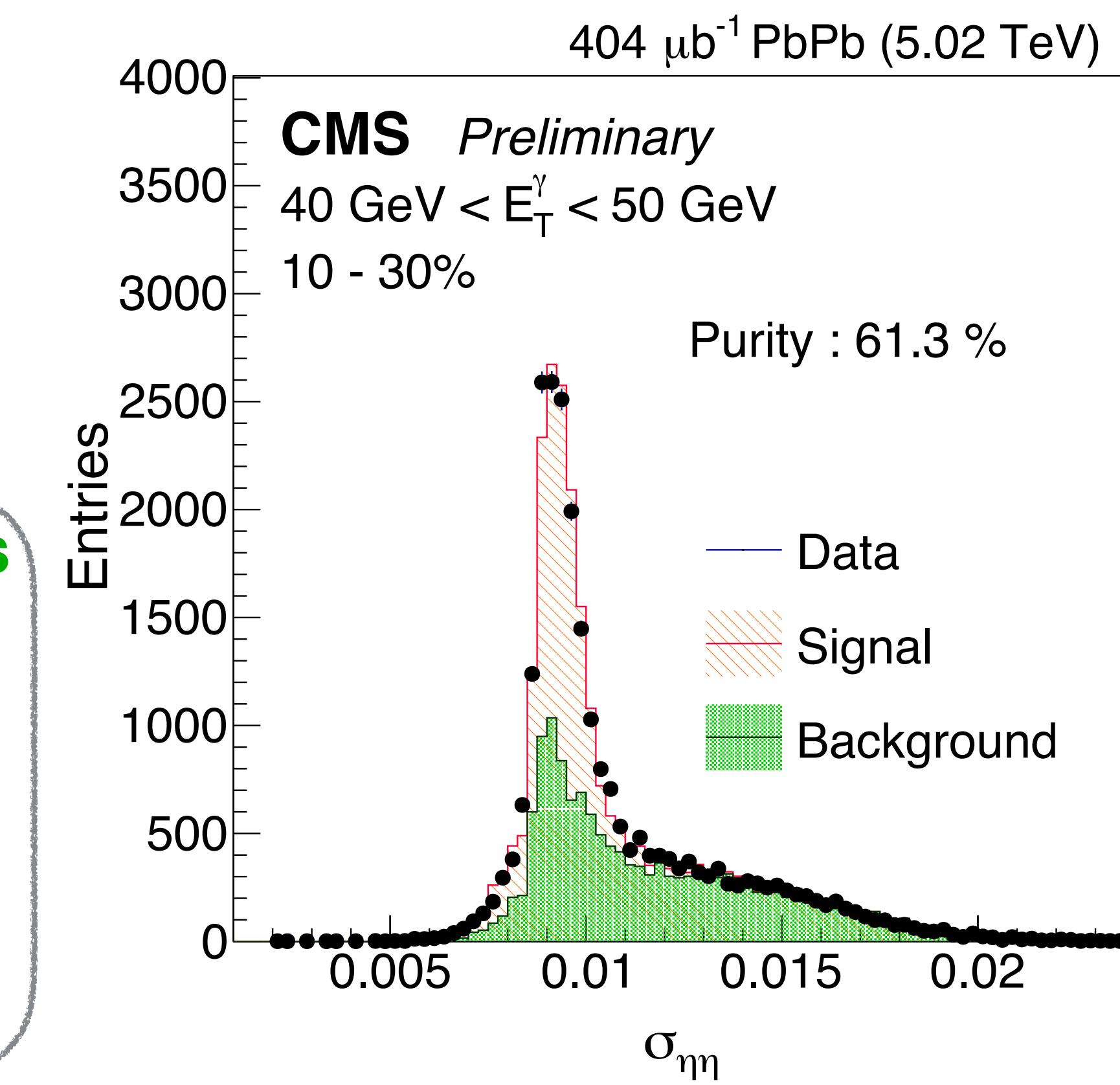
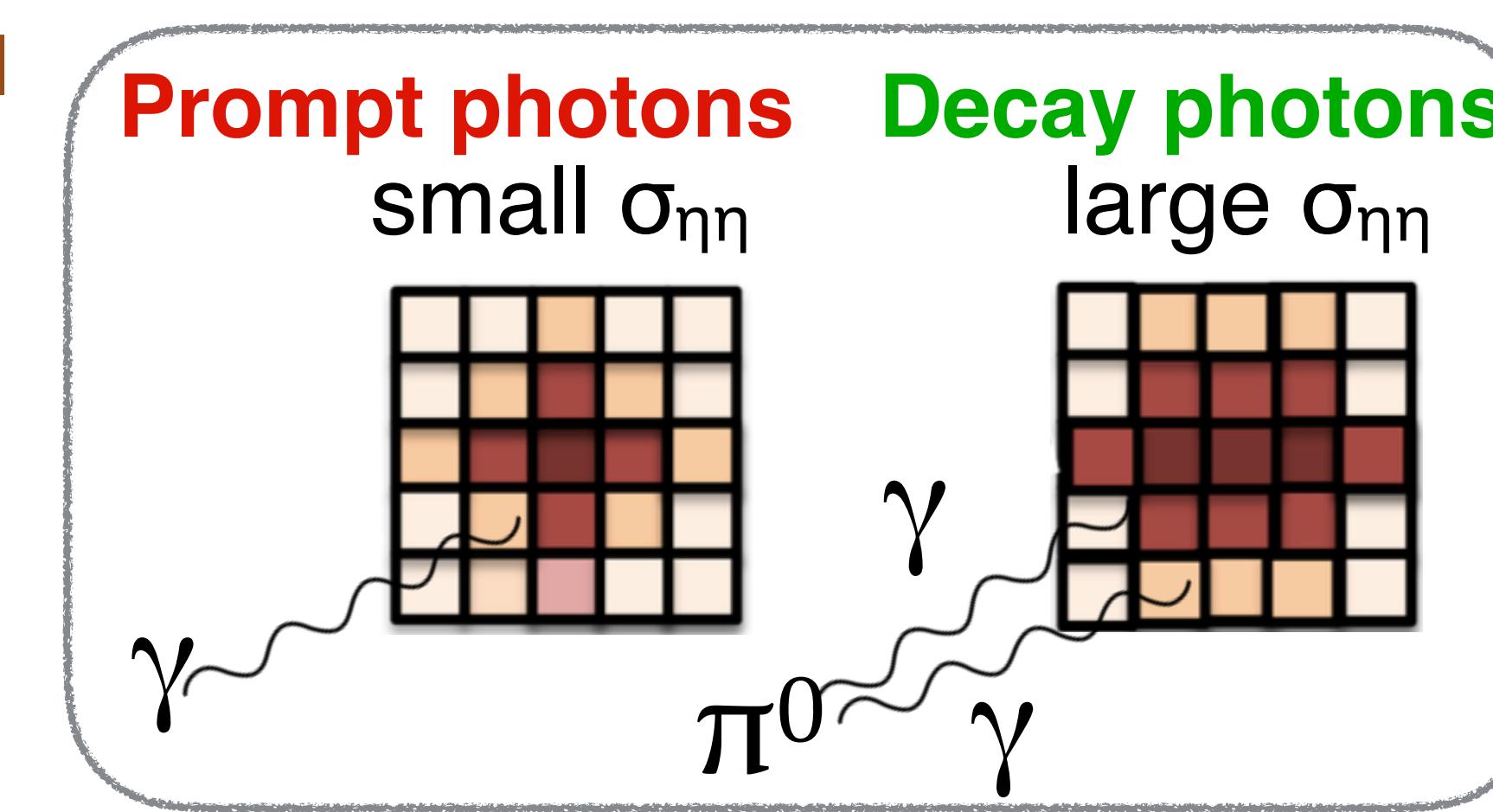
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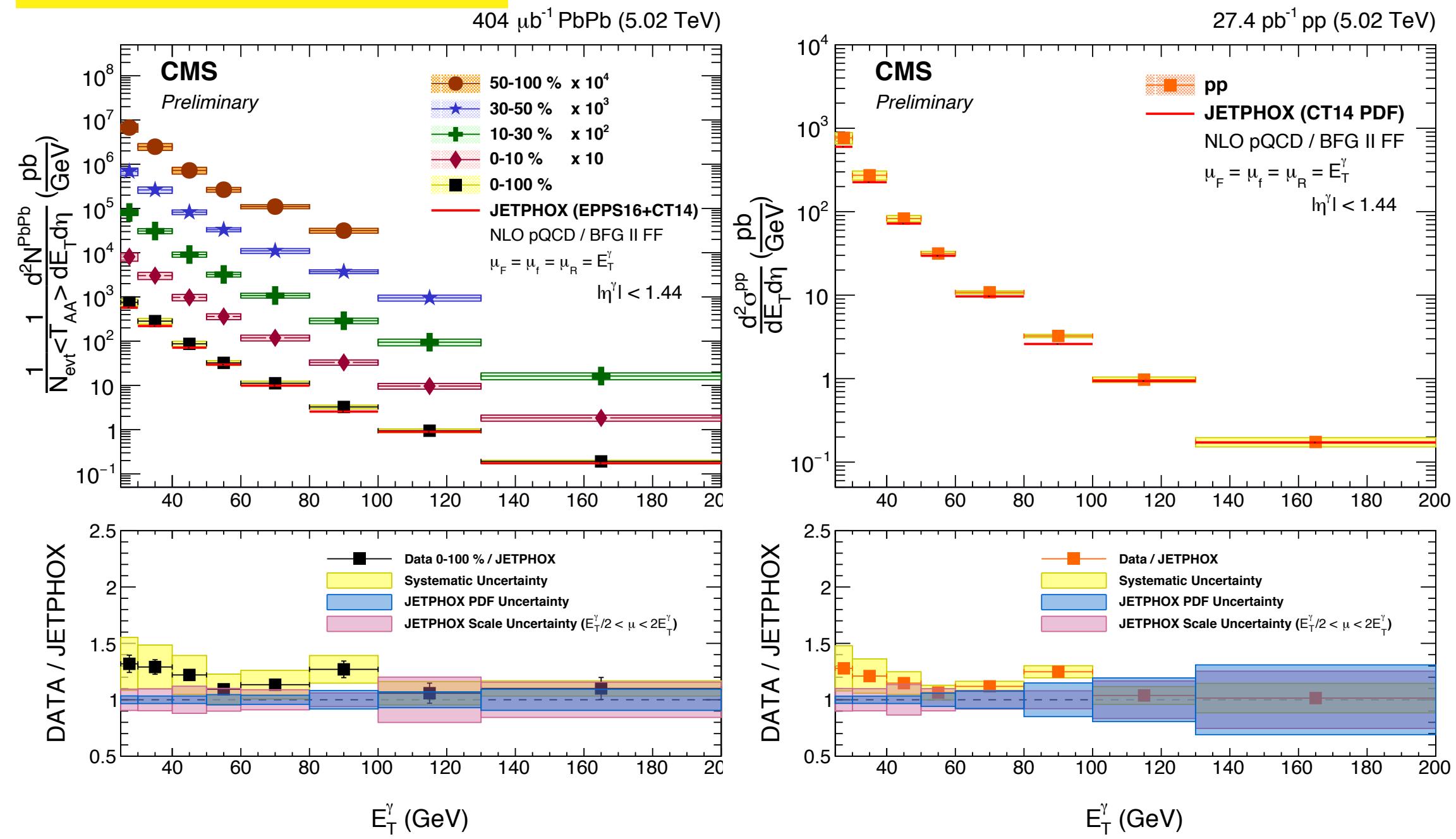
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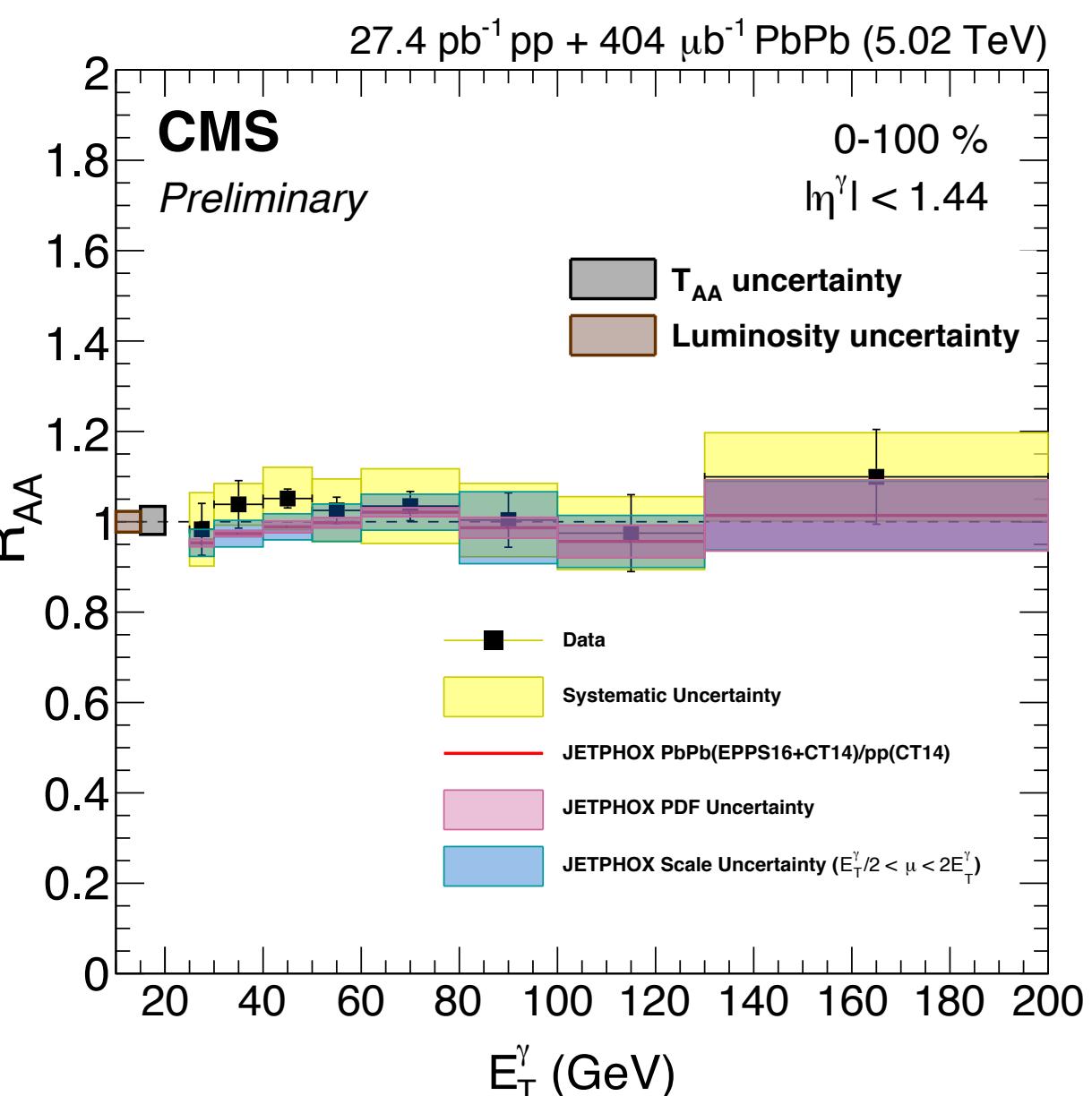
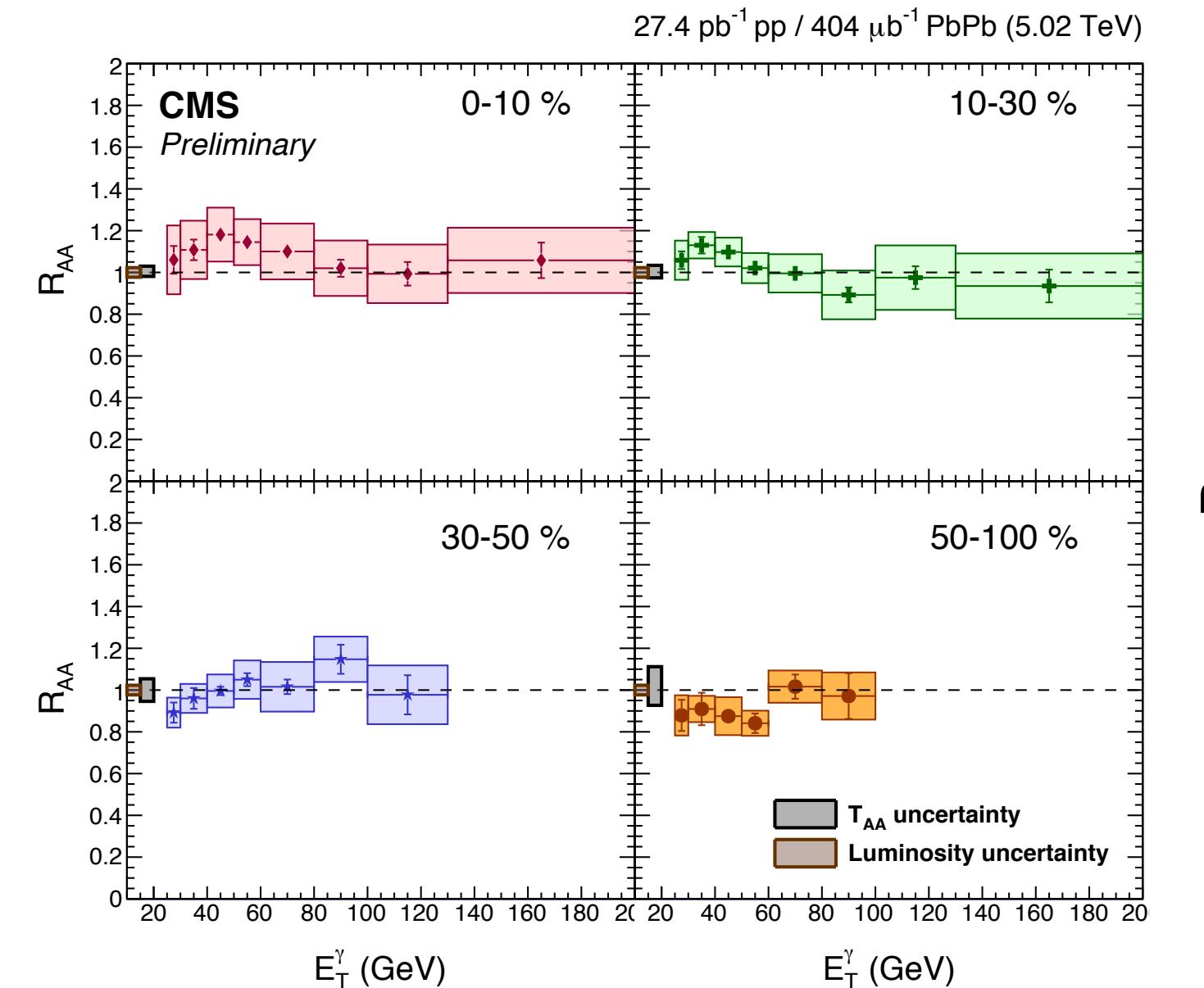
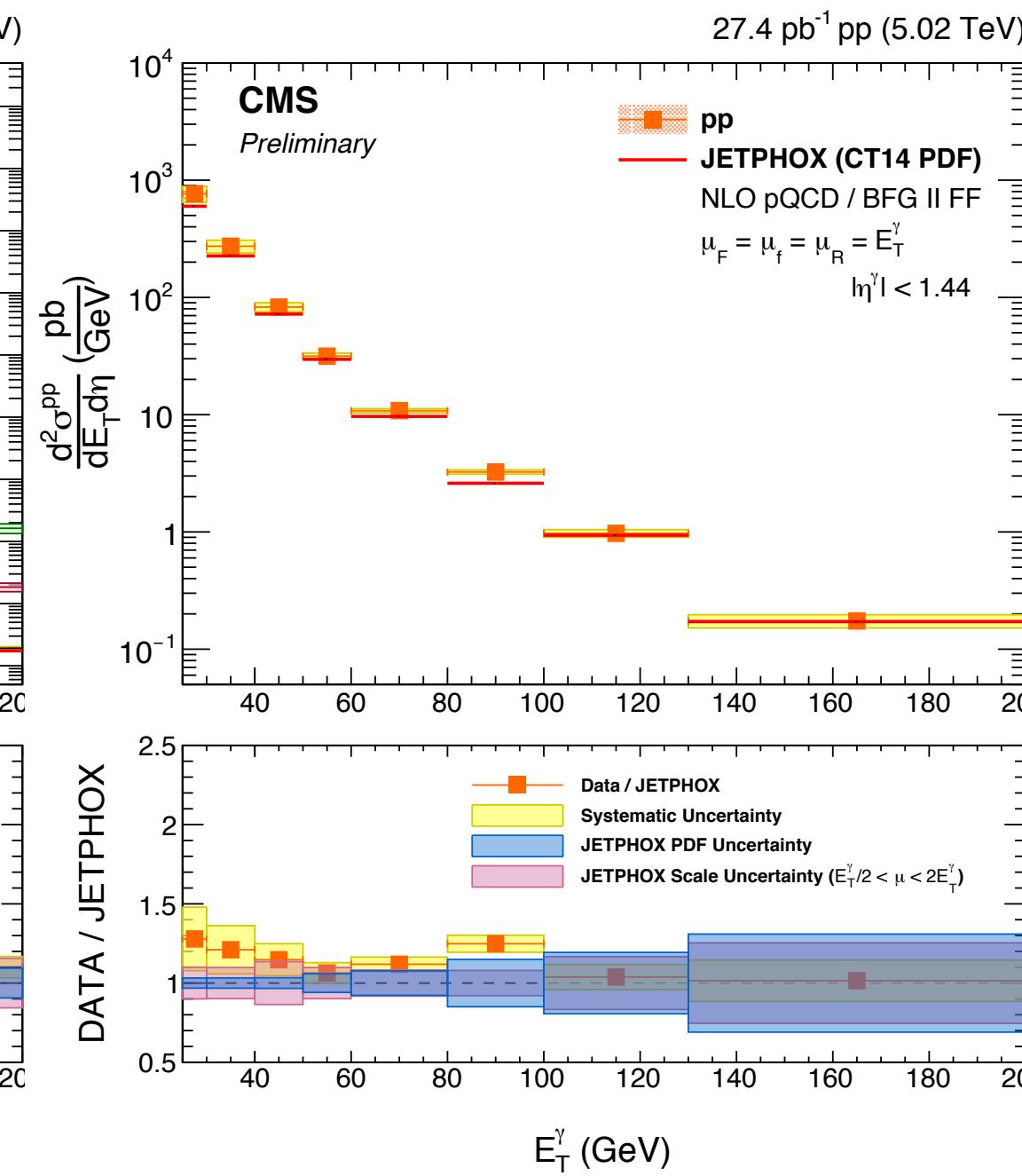
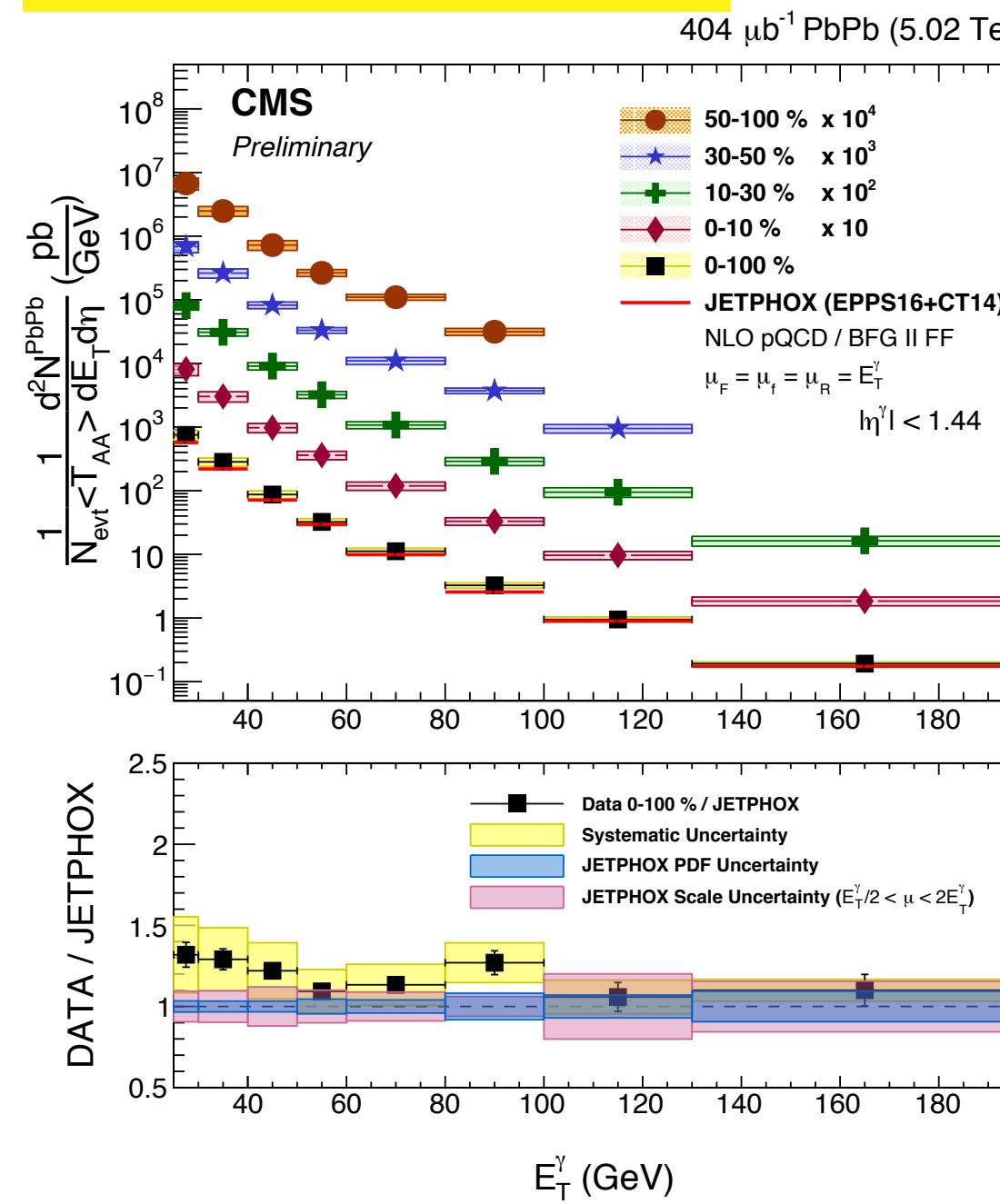


# Cross sections & RAA of Isolated photons

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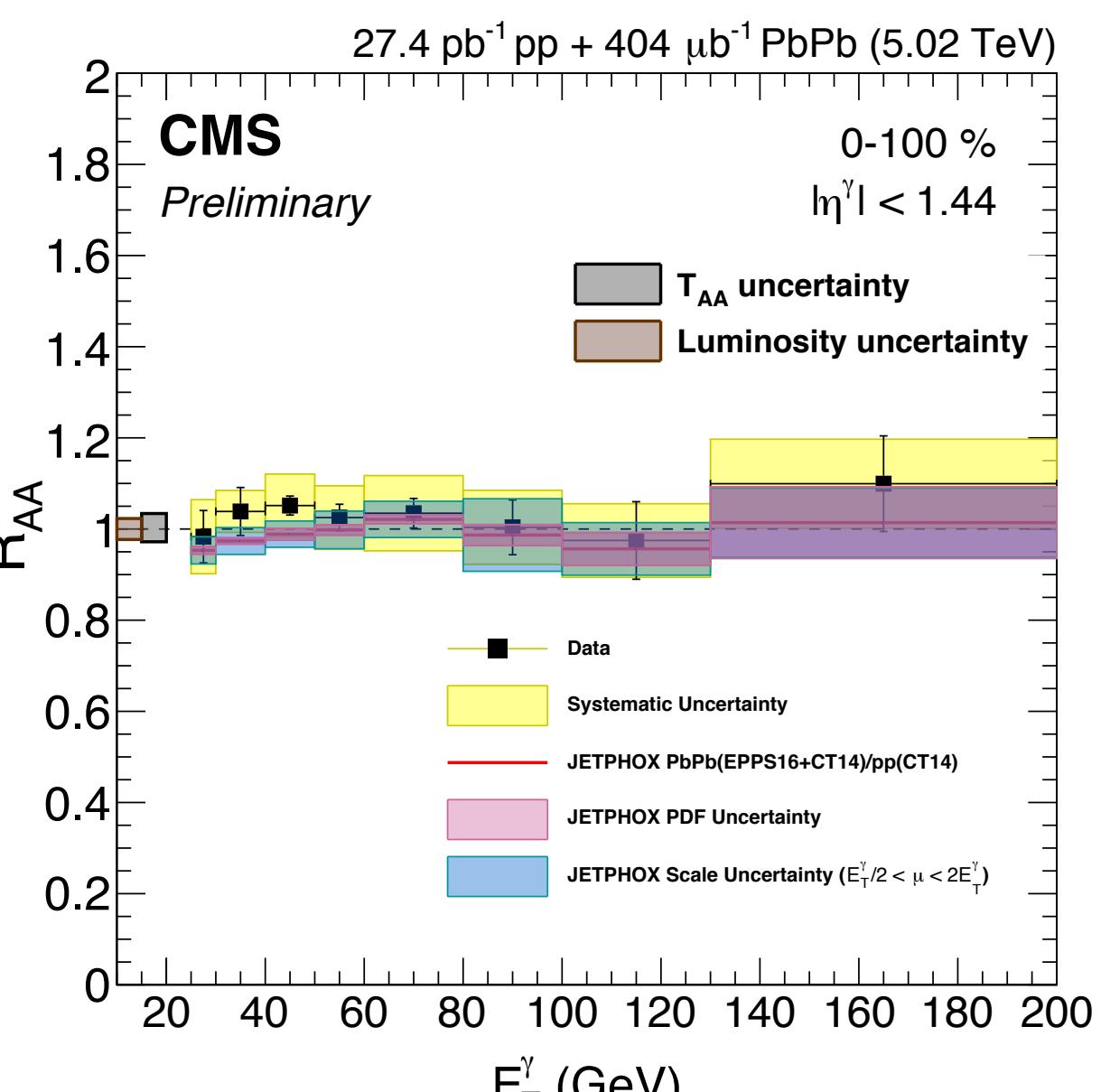
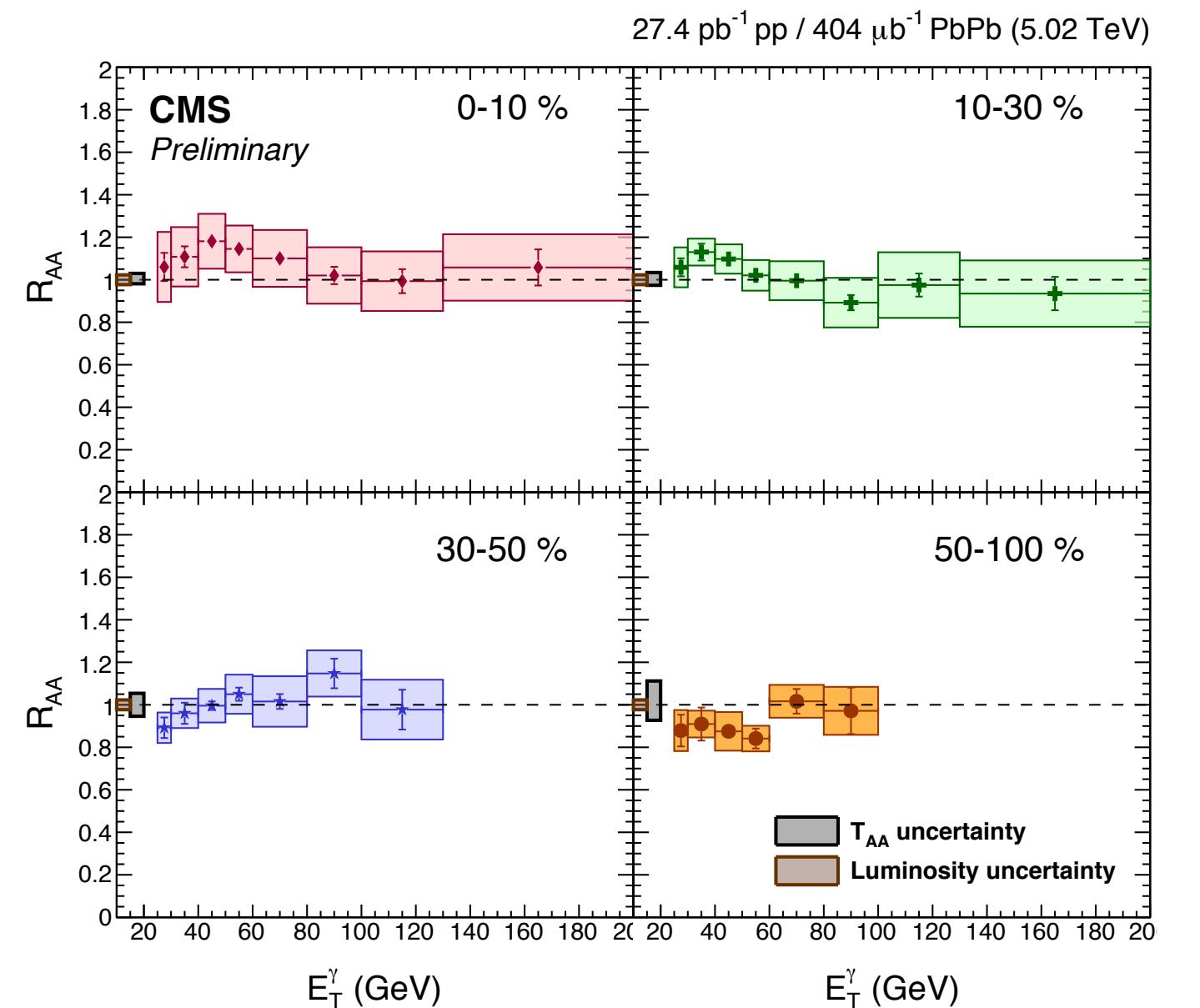
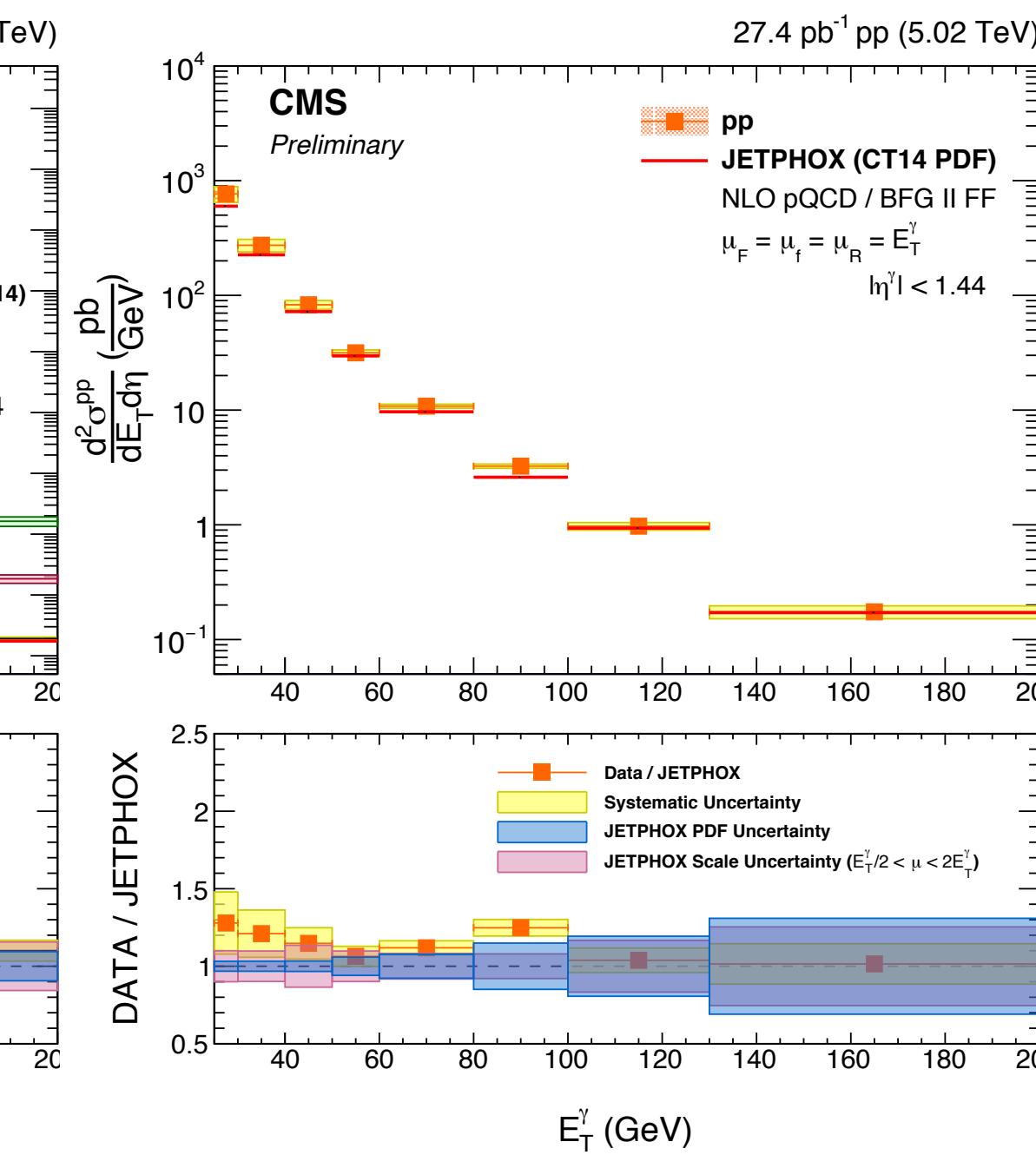
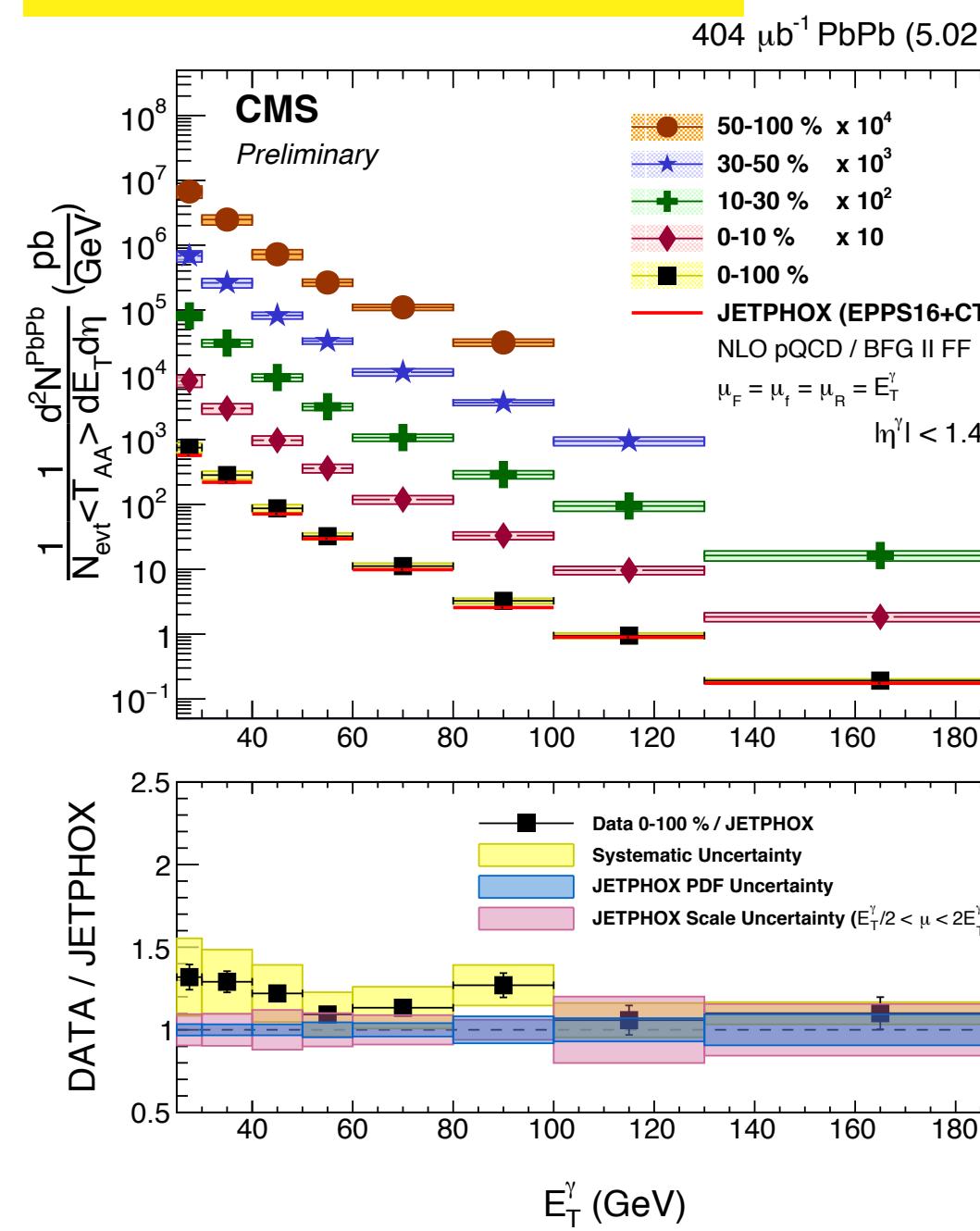


# Cross sections & RAA of Isolated photons

**CMS-PAS-HIN-18-016**


# Cross sections & RAA of Isolated photons

CMS-PAS-HIN-18-016



PLB 710 (2012) 256–277

## Summary

- The current measurements **significantly improve the accuracy**.
- The JETPHOX prediction is found to be **consistent** with the data.
- No significant modification** of isolated photons is found  
-> **valuable probes** to access the initial parton's  $p_T$  in  $\gamma+\text{jet}$  or  $\gamma+\text{hadron}$  events.

