Overview of ATLAS Results from Last Year Detector Performance and Physics Highlights

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On behalf of the ATLAS Experiment

TOP 2019





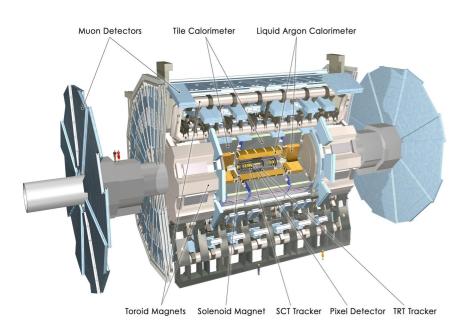
Overview

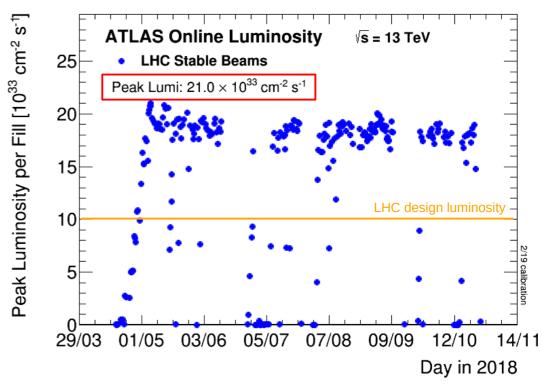
- The LHC & ATLAS Detector
 - ATLAS Run 2 Datasets
- Reconstruction / Calibration
 - Physics Highlights
- The Preparations for Run 3

The LHC and ATLAS Detector in 2018

- Excellent performance of the LHC in 2018 !!!
- Peak luminosity > x2 LHC design luminosity
- ATLAS performance continuously improving:

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Data Taking	92.4 %	92.5 %	93.4 %	95.7 %
Data Quality	87.1 %	92.8 %	93.6 %	97.5 %

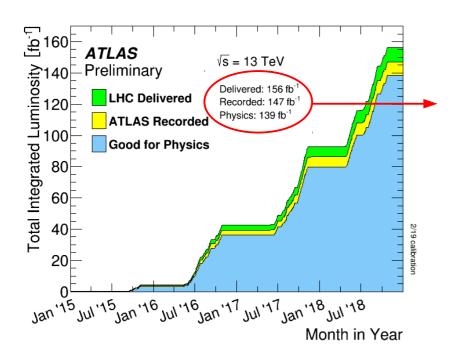




ATLAS pp data: April 25-October 24 2018 Inner Tracker Calorimeters Muon Spectrometer Magnets SCT TRT LAr **MDT RPC** CSC TGC Solenoid Pixel Tile Toroid 99.8 99.8 100 99.7 100 99.8 99.7 100 100 100 99.6 Good for physics: 97.5% (60.1 fb⁻¹)

Luminosity weighted relative detector uptime and good data quality efficiencies (in %) during stable beam in pp collisions at \sqrt{s} =13 TeV between April 25 – October 24 2018, corresponding to a delivered integrated luminosity of 63.8 fb⁻¹ and a recorded integrated luminosity of 61.7 fb⁻¹. Dedicated luminosity calibration activities during LHC fills used 0.7% of recorded data and are included in the inefficiency. The luminosity includes 193 pb⁻¹ of good data taken at an average pileup of μ =2.

ATLAS Run 2 Datasets (2015 - 2018)



Other Datasets

- Pb-Pb, proton-Pb, Xe-Xe
- Data with low <µ> for precision W physics
- Data with different beam energies / optics for diffractive physics

The LHC is a very versatile machine!

Proton-Proton $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV Dataset

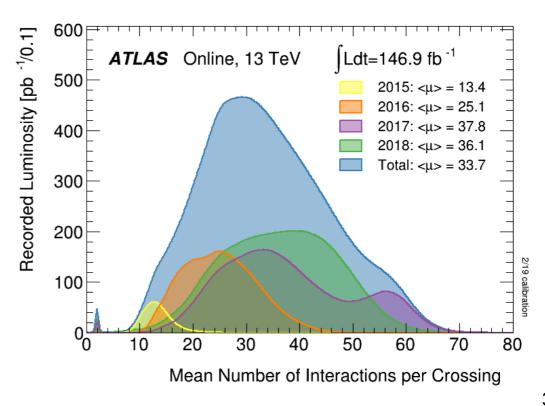
• 156 fb⁻¹ delivered – thanks to CERN accelerators team!

• 147 fb⁻¹ recorded (94 %)

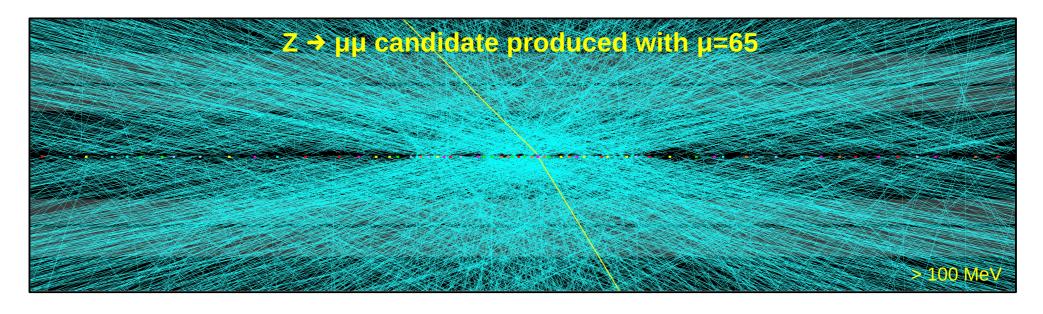
• 139 fb⁻¹ good for physics (95 %)

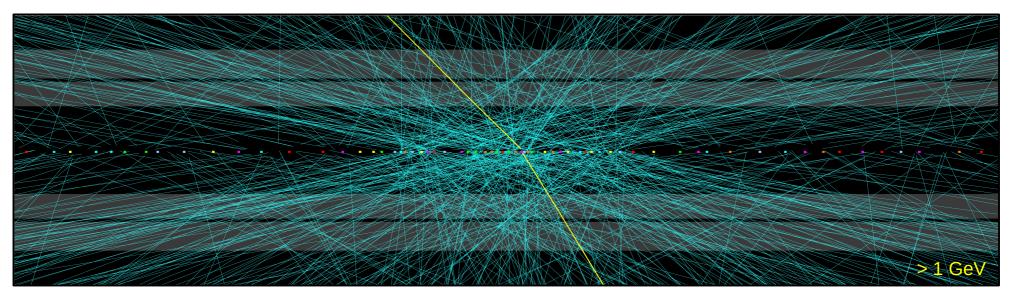
Measured to a precision of 1.7 % [ATLAS-CONF-2019-021]

• Average number of interactions per bunch crossing = 34



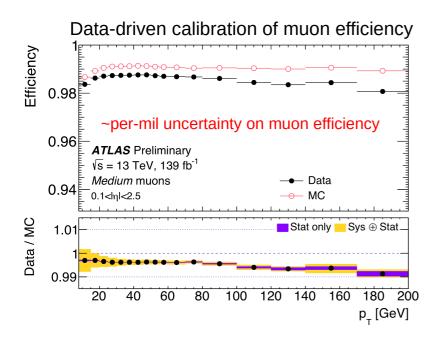
Pile-up in Run 2

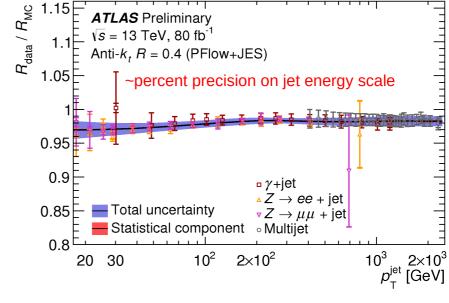




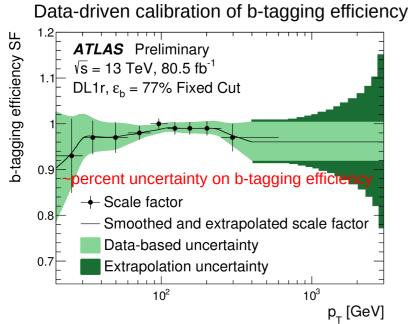
Continues to pose a number of challenges... eg. particle identification / reconstruction, trigger rates / bandwidth

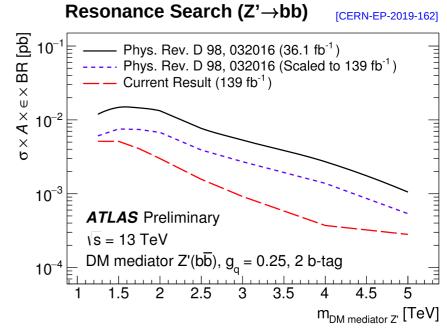
Reconstruction and Calibration





Data-driven energy calibration of jets



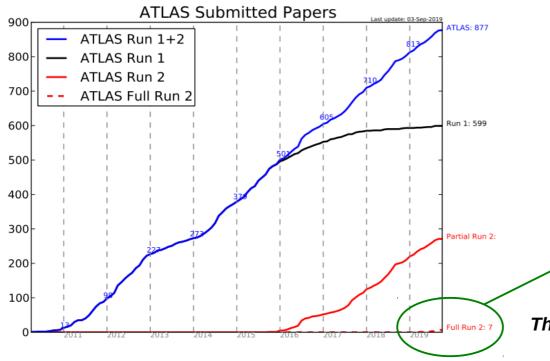


ATLAS Physics Program

The LHC is an **EVERYTHING** factory!

Large dataset facilitates a broad physics program

- Probing SM / Higgs processes with high precision
 - Detecting very rare processes
- Exploring vast kinematic domain for new physics



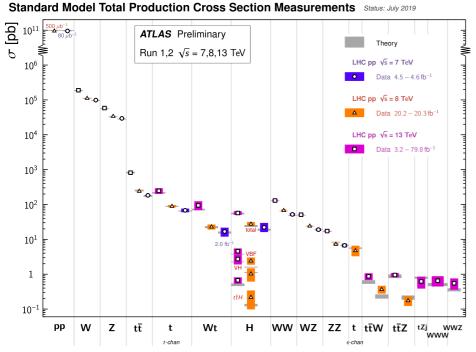
Produced in 139 fb ⁻¹ @ √s = 13 TeV				
Higgs Bosons	7.7 million			
Top Quarks	275 million			
Z Bosons	2.8 billion			
W Bosons	12 billion			
Bottom Quarks	~40 trillion			

2019 has seen the first ATLAS analyses based on the full (139 fb⁻¹) Run 2 dataset

- 7 papers submitted to journals (so far)
 - 26 conference notes

The following is a brief selection of these results

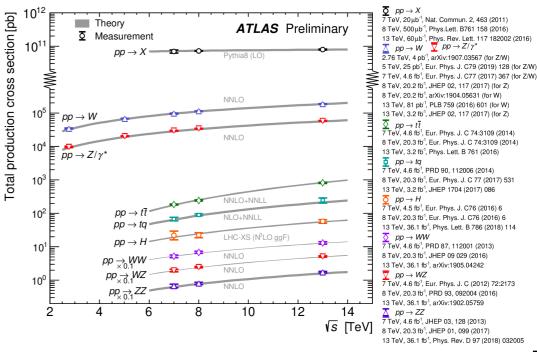
Precision Tests of the Standard Model



So far... all measurements agree with SM predictions

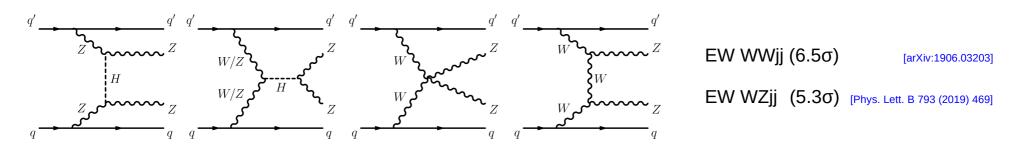
Many cross section measurements have been performed by ATLAS

Theoretical predictions here at NLO or higher



Vector Boson Scattering

Massive VBS provides a key avenue to probe EWSB – here focus on electroweak production of ZZjj



Multivariate discriminants are used to separate signal from (irreducible) QCD background

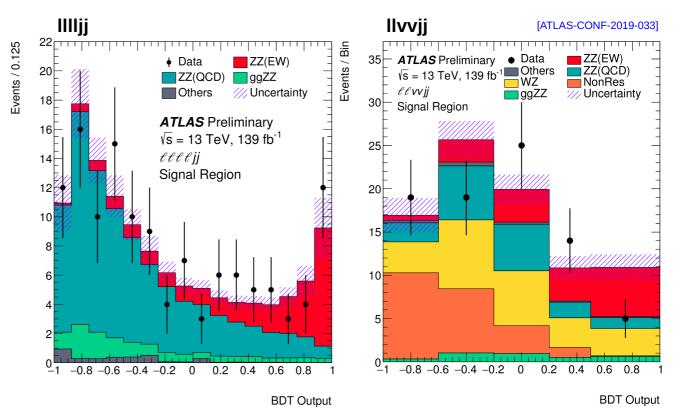
EW ZZjj

Observed with (expected) significance of 5.5σ (4.3 σ)

$$\sigma_{\text{fid}} = 0.82 \pm 0.21 \text{ fb}$$

SM = 0.61 ± 0.03 fb

All VVjj processes have now been observed (>5σ) in ATLAS

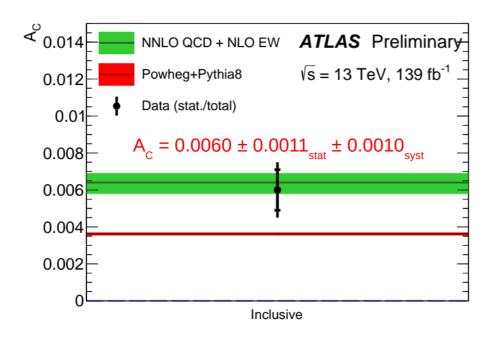


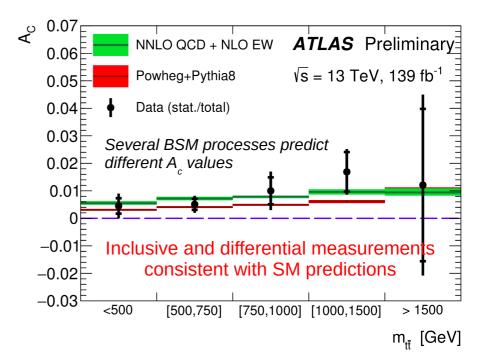
Charge Asymmetry in tt-bar

Large sample of ttbar events allows study of production asymmetry (H.O. QCD effects from qq-bar and qg)

Central-forward charge asymmetry:
$$A_C = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)}$$

Asymmetry measured using resolved and boosted top-quark decays to lepton + jets (Bayesian unfolding procedure used to infer A_c at parton level – correcting for detector/acceptance)



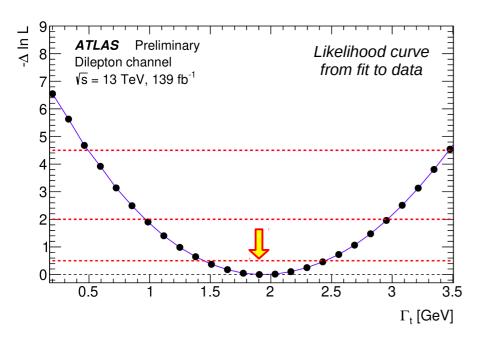


Non-zero at 4σ - first evidence of charge asymmetry @ LHC

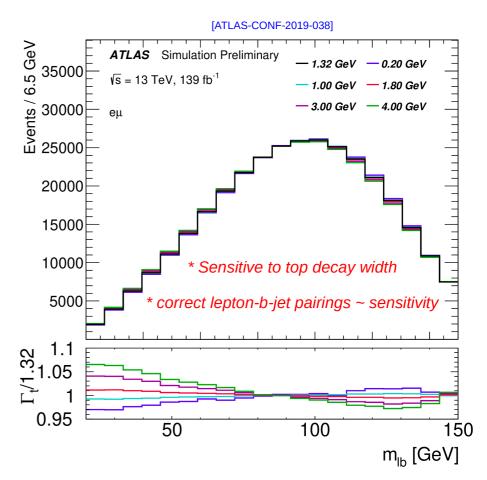
Top-Quark Decay Width

Deviations from SM prediction may hint at non SM decay channels of top-quark / modification of top quark couplings

Direct measurement of top-quark decay width Based on m(lb) distribution in dileptonic tt-bar events



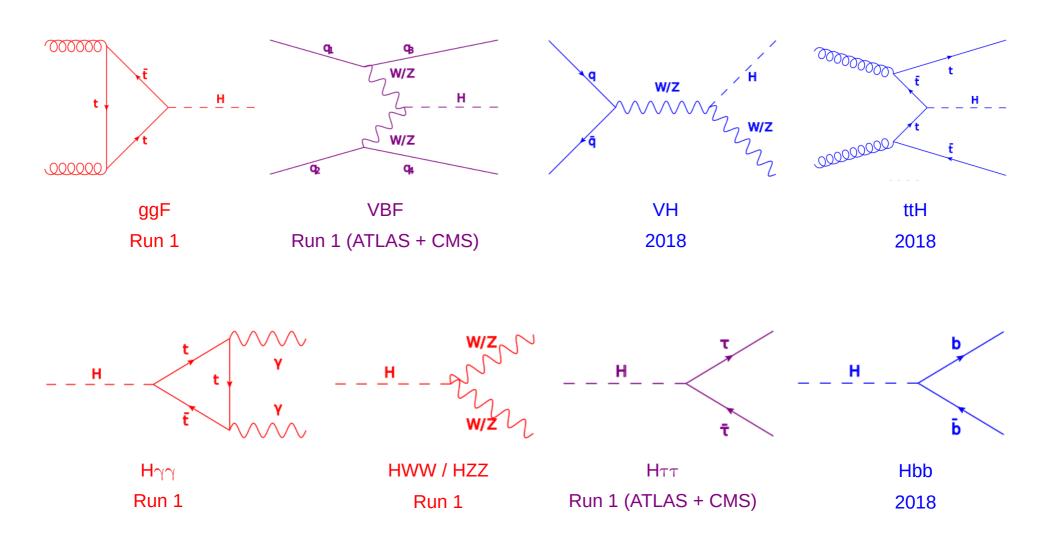
Decay width extracted from profile-likelihood fit of templates representing different decay widths



$$\Gamma_{\text{top}} = 1.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ GeV}$$
SM: 1.32 GeV @ m_{top} = 172.5 GeV

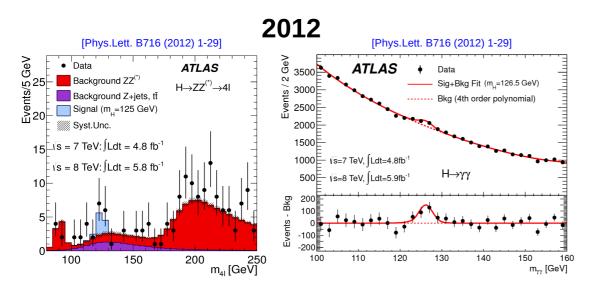
Higgs Physics in ATLAS

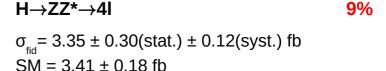
All major production / decay modes of the Higgs have been observed ($\geq 5\sigma$) in ATLAS

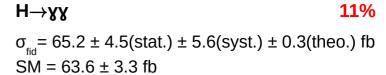


The Higgs (Re-)Discovery

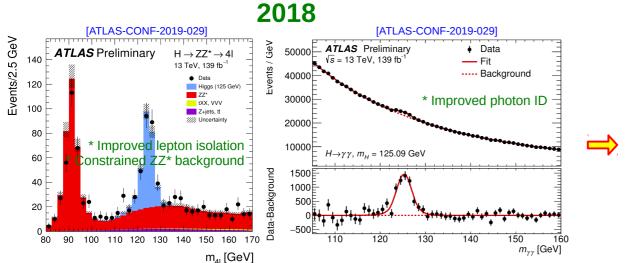
Inclusive and differential cross sections measured in the $H\rightarrow ZZ^*\rightarrow 4I$ and $H\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ channels We're now moving into realm of precision Higgs physics... (many more Higgs to play with!)

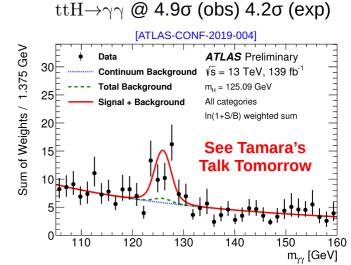




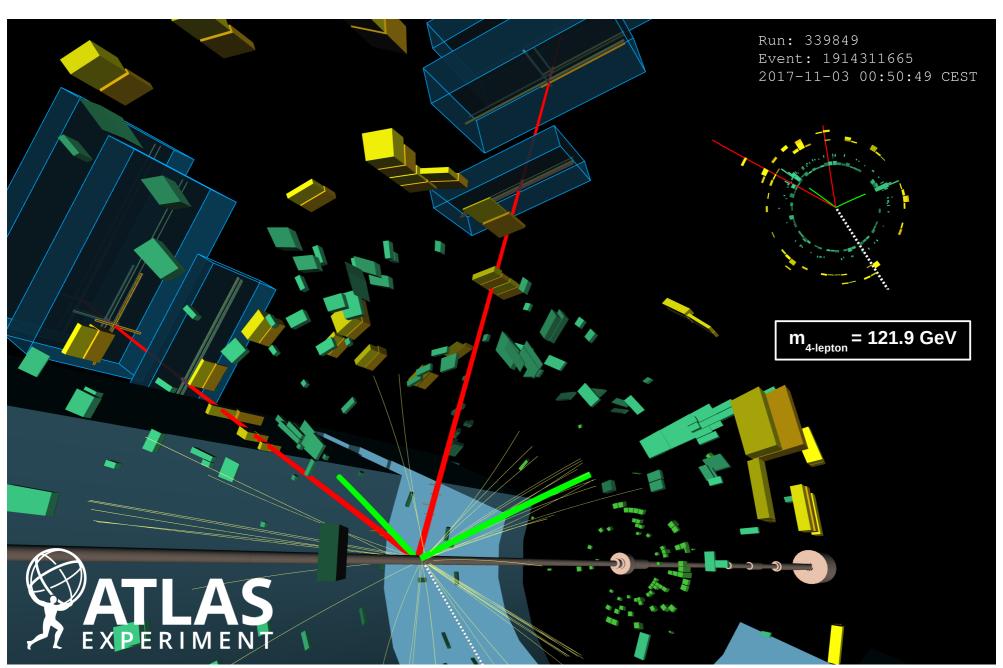


Measurements are in agreement with SM



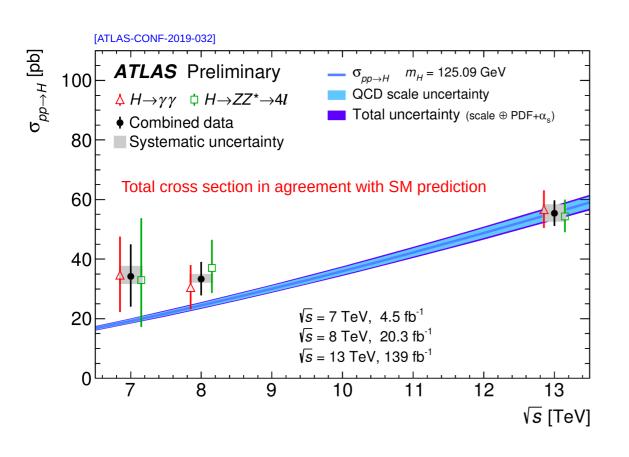


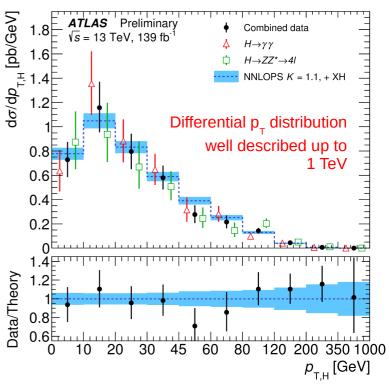
(Z)H \rightarrow 4Lepton Candidate Event



Higgs Boson Cross Sections

Statistical combination of $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ channels provides more precise inclusive and differential cross section measurements





Total Higgs boson production cross section:

8 % precision

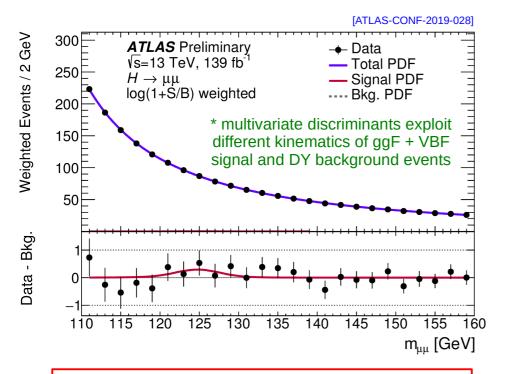
$$\sigma(pp\to H) = 56.7^{+6.4}_{-6.2}(\gamma\gamma), \ 54.4^{+5.6}_{-5.4}(4l) \ 55.4^{+4.3}_{-4.2}(\text{comb.}) \ \text{pb}$$

$$\sigma(pp\to H) = 55.6 \pm 2.5 \ \text{pb} \ (\text{Theory}) \ \textit{(N^3LO-NLO in QCD, NLO in EW)}$$

Higgs Coupling to 2nd Gen. Fermions



Very challenging! Small couplings in the SM & overwhelming background from $Z/y^* \rightarrow \mu\mu$



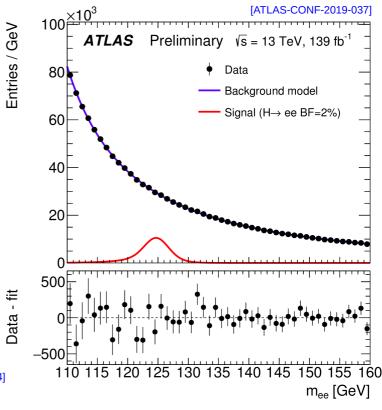
Expect ~15% precision on BR with 3000 fb⁻¹ [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-054]

$H \rightarrow ee$

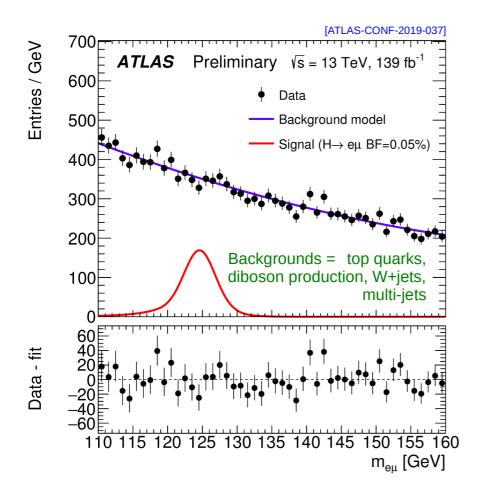
No sensitivity at LHC to SM couplings

No significant excess is observed

Upper limit on BR = 3.6×10^{-4} (obs) 3.5×10^{-4} (exp) x5 improvement

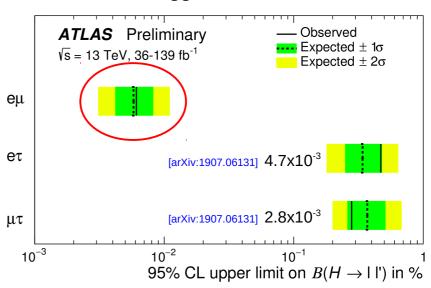


Lepton Flavour Violating Higgs Decays



Large sample of Higgs bosons allows us to seach for non-SM decays

Higgs LFV Limits



No significant excess observed

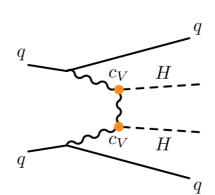
Upper limit on BR = 6.1×10^{-5} (obs) 5.8×10^{-5} (exp) **x6 improvement on previous limit (CMS 2016)** [Phys. Lett. B763(2016) 472]

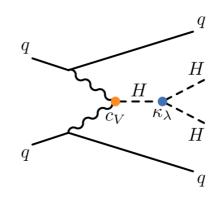
Di-Higgs Production

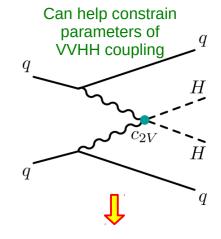
Search for Higgs boson pair production via vector boson fusion, where HH→bbbb

Signature = 4 b-jets + 2 jets with large Δy

Sensitive to production of heavy boson decaying to HH







No significant excess is observed

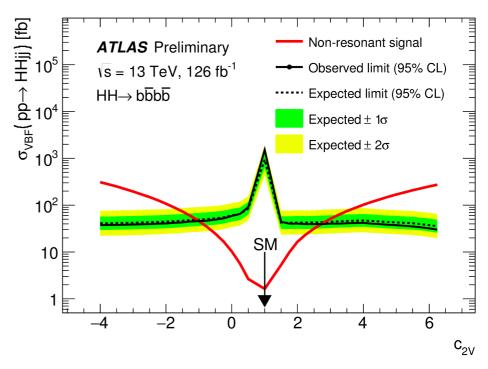
Upper limit on non-resonant production crosssection is 1600 fb (obs) 1000 fb (exp)

The excluded region corresponds to...

$$\rm c^{}_{_{2V}}$$
 < -1.02 and $\rm c^{}_{_{2V}}$ > 2.71 (obs)

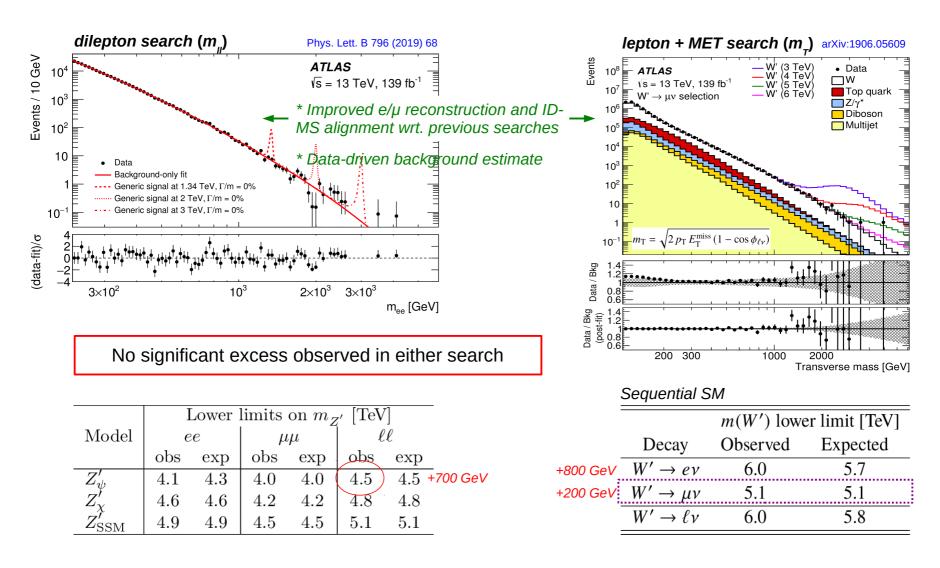
$$c_{2V} < -1.09$$
 and $c_{2V} > 2.82$ (exp)

Observation of Di-Higgs would require HL-LHC



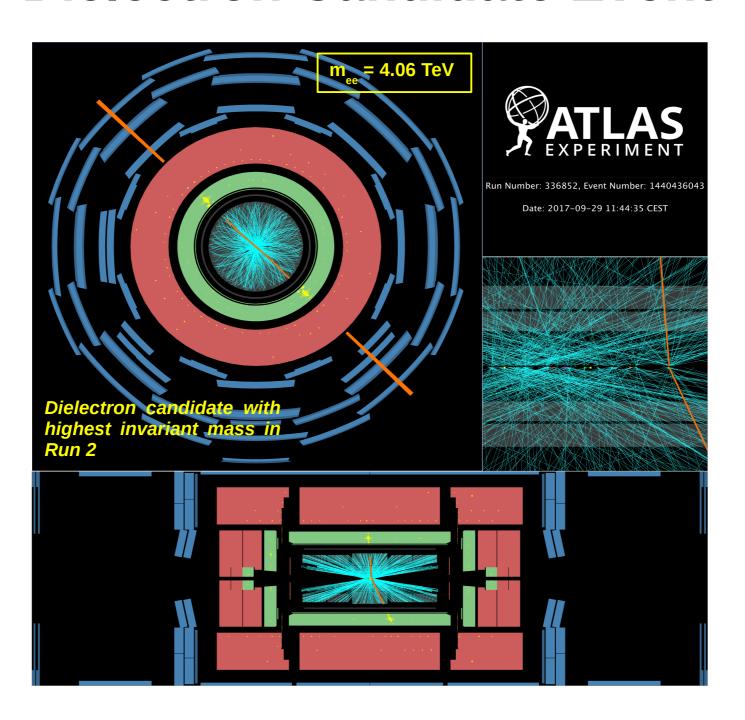
Searches for High-Mass Resonances

Here we're looking for a resonance / bump on top of a smoothly falling background distribution

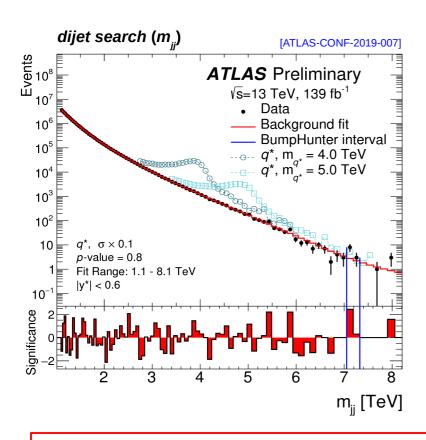


Upper limits on cross-section are also provided for generic resonances with fixed Γ/m (to allow for reinterpretation)

Dielectron Candidate Event



Searches for High-Mass Resonances



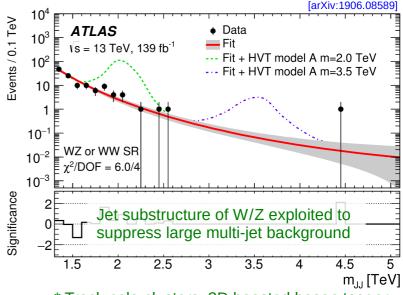
No significant excess observed in either search

Upper limits on cross-section are also provided for generic resonances with fixed Γ / m values

Lower mass limit for q*: 6.7 TeV (obs) 6.4 TeV (exp)

(boosted) diboson search

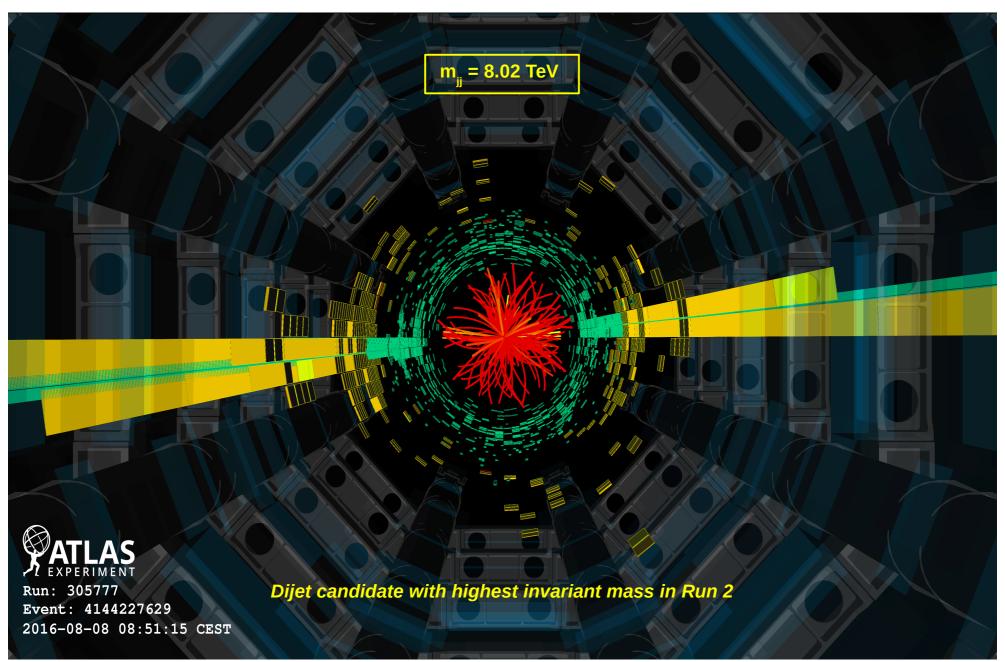
Search for narrow resonances decaying to WW, WZ, ZZ in fully hadronic final states Signature = Two high- p_{τ} , large-radius jets



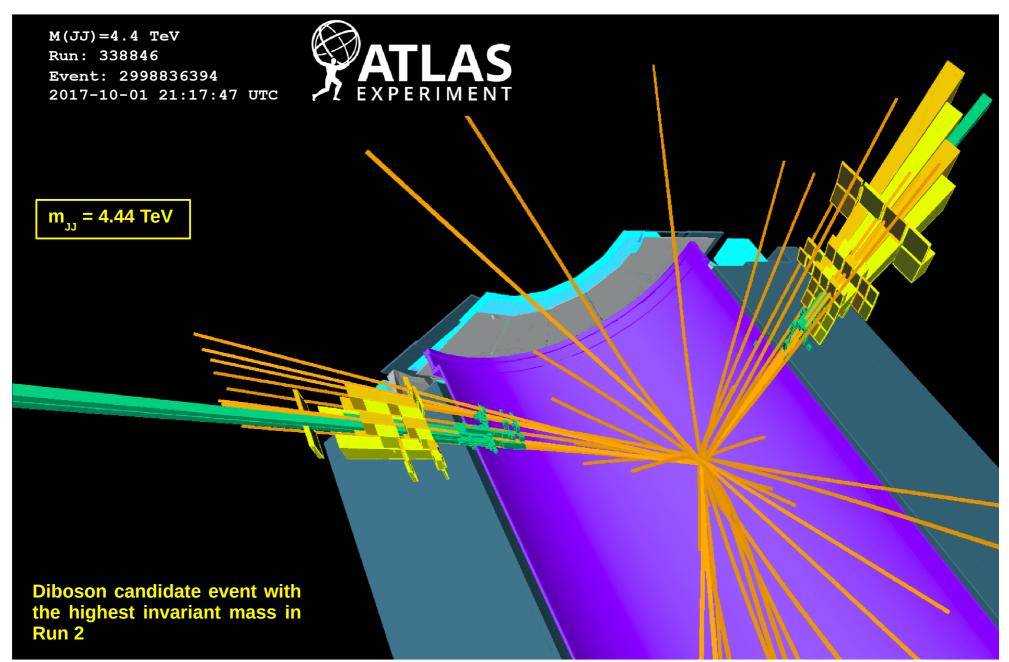
* Track-calo-clusters, 3D boosted boson tagger

Model	Signal Region	Excluded mass range [TeV]
	WW	1.3–2.9
HVT model A, $g_V = 1$	WZ	1.3–3.4
	WW + WZ	1.3–3.5
	WW	1.3–3.1
HVT model B, $g_V = 3$	WZ	1.3–3.6
	WW + WZ	1.3–3.8
	WW	1.3–1.6
Bulk RS, $k/\overline{M}_{Pl} = 1$	ZZ	none
	WW + ZZ	1.3–1.8

Dijet Candidate Event



Diboson Candidate Event



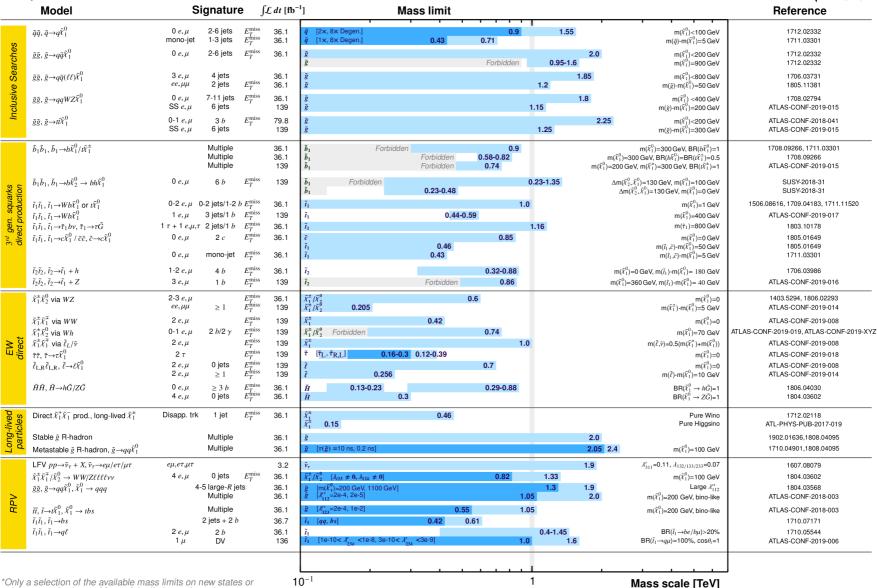
Searches for SUSY

[https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PUBNOTES/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2019-022/]

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

ATLAS Preliminary

 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$



^{*}Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. Many of the limits are based on simplified models, c.f. refs. for the assumptions made.

Searches for SUSY

[https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PUBNOTES/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2019-022/]

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits **ATLAS** Preliminary July 2019 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ Signature $\int \mathcal{L} dt \, [fb^{-1}]$ **Mass limit** Model Reference $0e, \mu$ 36.1 1.55 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ <100 GeV 1712.02332 $\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ E_T^{Tiss} 1-3 jets 36.1 [1x, 8x Degen 0.43 mono-iet 0.71 1711.03301 $m(\tilde{q})-m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0})=5 \text{ GeV}$ $0e, \mu$ 2-6 jets E_T^{miss} $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ 36.1 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ <200 GeV 1712 02332 0.95-1.6 1712.02332 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=900 \text{ GeV}$ $3e, \mu$ 4 jets $m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}) < 800 \text{ GeV}$ 1706.03731 $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\bar{q}(\ell\ell)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 36.1 ee, µµ 2 jets E_T^{miss} 36.1 1.2 $m(\tilde{g})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=50 \text{ GeV}$ 1805.11381 $0e, \mu$ 7-11 jets E_T^{miss} $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qqWZ\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 36. $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ <400 GeV 1708.02794 SS e, μ 6 jets 139 1.15 $m(\tilde{g})-m(\tilde{\chi}_{\perp}^{0})=200 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-015 $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ 0-1 e, μ 3 b E_T^{miss} 79.8 2.25 $m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0})<200 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2018-041 SS e, μ 6 jets 139 1.25 $m(\tilde{g})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=300 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-015 $\tilde{b}_1 \tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0 / t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ Multiple 36.1 Forbidden $m(\tilde{\chi}_{\perp}^{0})=300 \text{ GeV. BR}(b\tilde{\chi}_{\perp}^{0})=1$ 1708.09266, 1711.03301 0.58-0.82 Multiple $m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0})=300 \text{ GeV}, BR(b\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0})=BR(t\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm})=0.5$ 36.1 Forbidden 1708.09266 Multiple . 139 Forbidden $m(\tilde{\chi}_{\perp}^{0})=200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_{\perp}^{\pm})=300 \text{ GeV}, BR(t\tilde{\chi}_{\perp}^{\pm})=1$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-015 $\tilde{b}_1 \tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow b h \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $0e, \mu$ 0.23-1.35 $\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}, \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}) = 130 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}) = 100 \text{ GeV}$ SUSY-2018-31 0.23-0.48 $\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 130 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}$ SUSY-2018-31 $\tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \text{ or } t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 0-2 e, µ 0-2 jets/1-2 b E_T^{miss} 36.1 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$ 1506.08616, 1709.04183, 1711.11520 $\tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow W b \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 3 jets/1 b E_T^{miss} 139 0.44-0.59 ATLAS-CONF-2019-017 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=400 \text{ GeV}$ $E_T^{ m miss}$ m(τ 1)=800 GeV $\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 b\nu, \tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \tau \tilde{G}$ $1 \tau + 1 e, \mu, \tau = 2 \text{ jets/1 } b$ 36.1 1.16 1803.10178 $\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0 / \tilde{c}\tilde{c}, \tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ E_T^{miss} $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ $0e, \mu$ 36.1 0.85 1805.01649 0.46 $m(\tilde{t}_1,\tilde{c})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=50 \text{ GeV}$ 1805.01649 $0e, \mu$ mono-iet 36.1 0.43 $m(\tilde{t}_1,\tilde{c})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=5 \text{ GeV}$ 1711.03301 1-2 e, μ 0.32-0.88 $\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2,\,\tilde{t}_2{ ightarrow}\tilde{t}_1+h$ 1706 03986 4 h 36.1 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV, $m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=180$ GeV $\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$ $3e, \mu$ $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ =360 GeV, $m(\tilde{t}_1)$ - $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ = 40 GeV ATLAS-CONF-2019-016 1 b E_T^{miss} 139 0.86 $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}$ via WZ $2-3e, \mu$ 36.1 0.6 1403.5294, 1806.02293 ≥ 1 0.205 ee, µµ $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{0})=5 \text{ GeV}$ ATI AS-CONF-2019-014 139 $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$ via WW $2e, \mu$ 139 0.42 ATLAS-CONF-2019-008 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ 0-1 e, µ $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}$ via Wh2 b/2 v $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}/\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-019, ATLAS-CONF-2019-XYZ 139 Forbidden 0.74 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=70 \text{ GeV}$ $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\mp}$ via $\tilde{\ell}_{L}/\tilde{\nu}$ $2e, \mu$ 139 $m(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}) + m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}))$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-008 $\tilde{\tau}\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ 2 τ 139 $[\tilde{\tau}_{\mathrm{L}}, \tilde{\tau}_{\mathrm{R,L}}]$ 0.16-0.3 0.12-0.39 ATLAS-CONF-2019-018 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ $\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $2e, \mu$ 0 jets 139 0.7 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-008 0.256 $2e, \mu$ ≥ 1 139 $m(\tilde{\ell})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=10 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-014 $\tilde{H}\tilde{H}, \tilde{H} \rightarrow h\tilde{G}/Z\tilde{G}$ 0.29-0.88 $BR(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow h\tilde{G})=1$ $0e, \mu$ 0.13-0.23 1806 04030 $\geq 3b$ 36.1 \tilde{E}_{T}^{T} $4e, \mu$ 0 jets 36.1 $BR(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow Z\tilde{G})=1$ 1804.03602 E_T^{miss} 0.46 Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ Disapp. trk 1 jet 36.1 Pure Wino 1712.02118 0.15 Pure Higgsing ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-019 Stable g R-hadron Multiple 2.0 1902.01636.1808.04095 36.1 Metastable \tilde{g} R-hadron, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ Multiple 36.1 $[\tau(\tilde{g}) = 10 \text{ ns}, 0.2 \text{ ns}]$ 2.05 2.4 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}$ 1710.04901,1808.04095 LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{v}_{\tau} + X, \tilde{v}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\mu/e\tau/\mu\tau$ εμ,ετ,μτ 3.2 $\lambda'_{311}=0.11, \lambda_{132/133/233}=0.07$ $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\mp}/\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow WW/Z\ell\ell\ell\ell\nu\nu$ $4e, \mu$ 0 jets 36.1 1.33 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}$ 1804.03602 $[\lambda_{i33} \neq 0, \lambda_{124} \neq 0]$ $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqq$ 4-5 large-R jets Large \(\lambda''_{112}\) 36.1 1804.03568 1.9 Multiple 36.1 1.05 2.0 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=200$ GeV, bino-like ATLAS-CONF-2018-003 $\tilde{t}\tilde{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow tbs$ Multiple 36.1 0.55 1.05 $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=200$ GeV, bino-like ATLAS-CONF-2018-003 $\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$ 2 jets + 2 b 36.7 1710.07171 $\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow q\ell$ 36.1 0.4-1.45 BR($\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow be/b\mu$)>20% 1710.05544 $2e,\mu$ 2 h DV 136 BR($\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow q\mu$)=100%, $\cos \theta_t$ =1 ATLAS-CONF-2019-006 10^{-1} *Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or Mass scale [TeV]

phénomena is shown. Many of the limits are based on simplified models, c.f. refs. for the assumptions made.

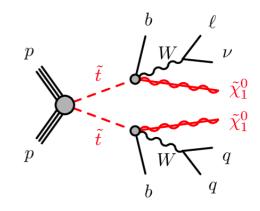
Search for Strong SUSY

Stop Pair Production (3 body decay)

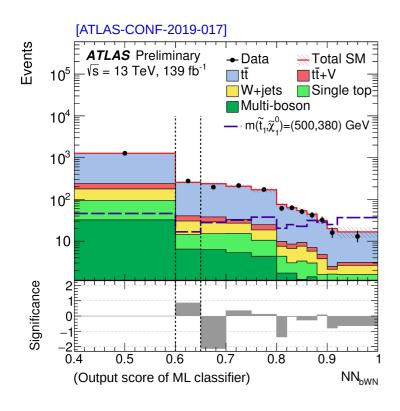
Looking for some specific signatures in some difficult channels

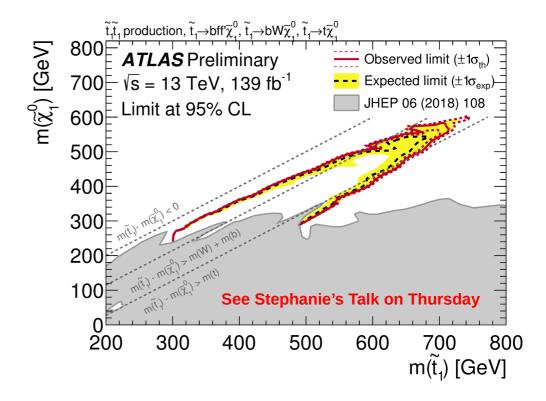
A machine learning approach is used to discriminate the signal from the large dominant tt-bar background

Extends the limits on top squark masses to 720 GeV (with neutralino masses up to 580 GeV).



Signature = one (isolated) lepton + high- p_{-} jets + MET





Search for Electroweak SUSY

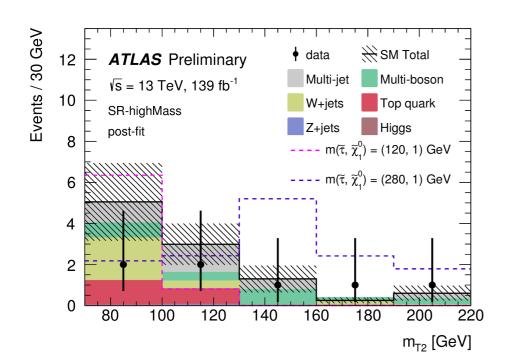
Stau Pair Production

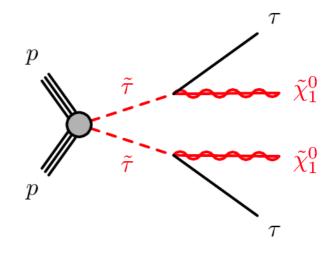
Staus theoretically interesting (eg. a light stau / DM) but experimentally challenging due to...

- * Extremely low production rate
- * Difficulties in reconstructing tau decays at the LHC

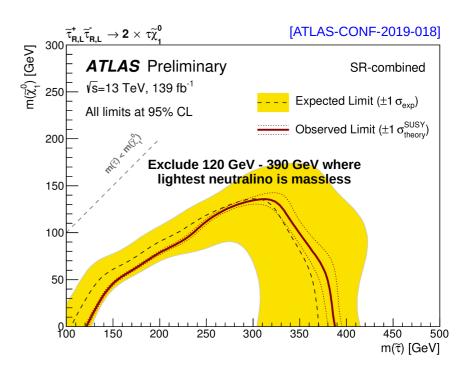
First time sensitivity in ATLAS!

Extends the LEP limit of around 90 GeV

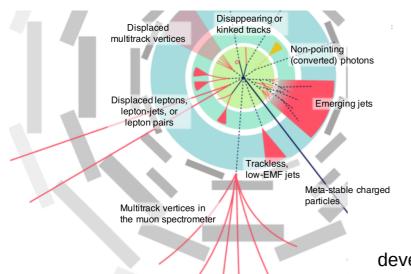




Signature = two (hadronic) taus + MET

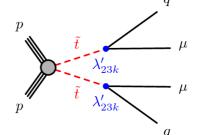


Long Lived Particles



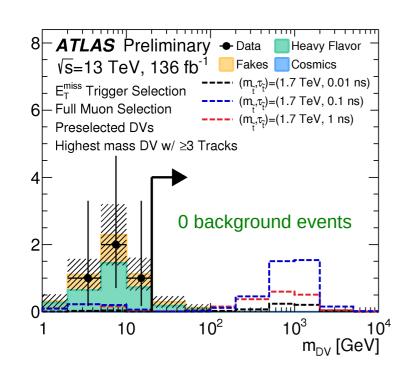
Many BSM models predict long lived (weakly interacting) particles \rightarrow displaced objects in detector

eg. a top squark with a particular RPV coupling

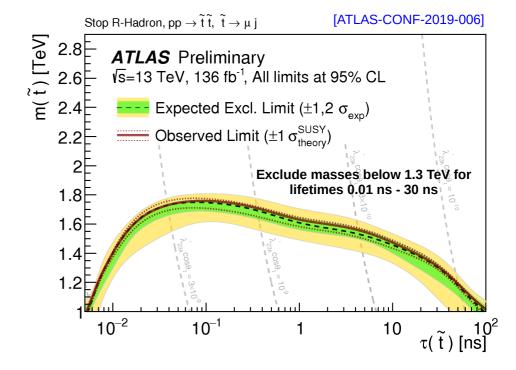


Signature = displaced muon + displaced vertex

Reconstructing these events required developing dedicated techniques for displaced muons/vertices



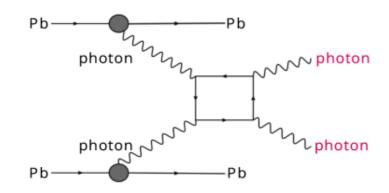
Events



Light-by-Light Scattering

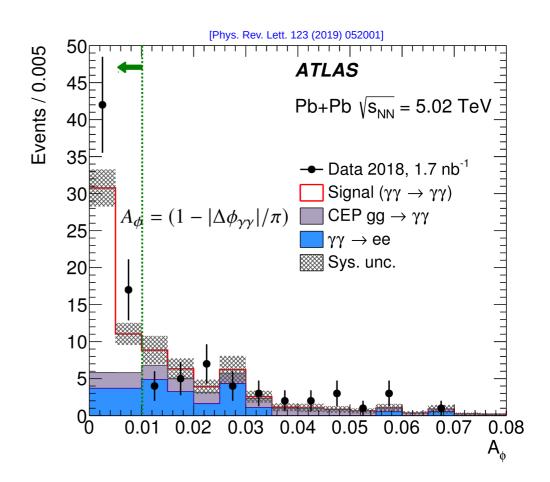
Observation of light by light scattering ($\gamma\gamma\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$) in ultra-peripheral collisions of Pb+Pb @ 5.02 TeV (For UPCs impact parameter > x2 radius of ions)

Very rare process – sensitive to new physics



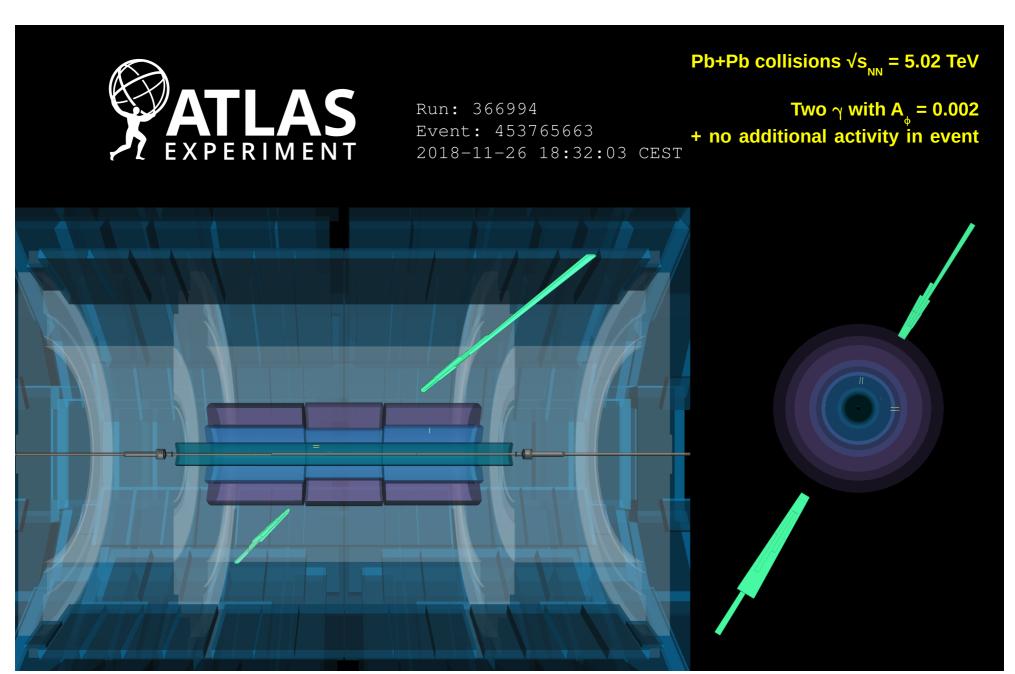
Signature = Exclusive production of two low E_{τ} , back-to-back photons in otherwise empty event

59 candidate events observed for 12 \pm 3 events expected from background (8.2 σ)



This result demonstrates the power and flexibility of the ATLAS detector

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ Candidate Event



Other New ATLAS Results



ATLAS EXPERIMENT — PUBLIC RESULTS

Summary of ATLAS 13 TeV results using the full 2015-2018 (Run 2) dataset

This page provides a compact summary of published and preliminary ATLAS physics and performance results on 13 TeV proton—proton collision data based on the Run-2 data-set taken between 2015 and 2018. For questions, please, contact the ATLAS physics coordinators. See the central publications page for other results from ATLAS.

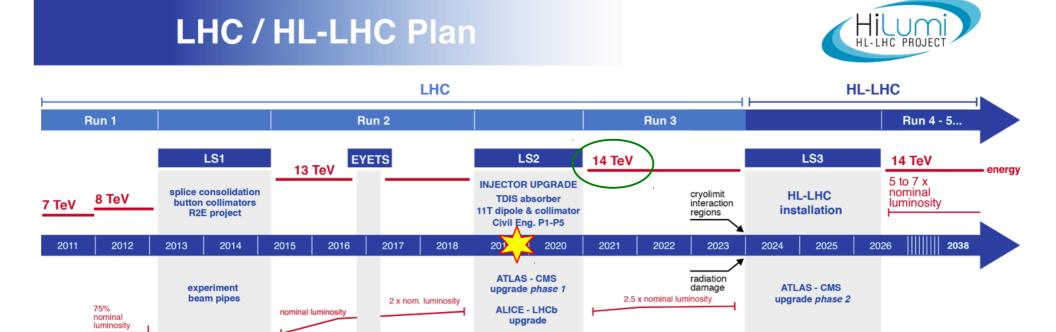
This page also provides links to ATLAS Physics Briefings@ for specific results. These are intended to provide a general introduction to ATLAS physics results for a non-specialist audience.

Physics results

33 documents (Papers	s published: 1, accepted: 2, submitted: 4; Confe	erence notes: 26)				
Group	Format	Short Title	Date	√s (TeV)	L	Links
TRIG	Paper	Performance of the electron and photon triggers of the ATLAS experiment during LHC Run-2 NEW	02-SEP-19	13	146 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1909.00761 Inspire
SUSY	Paper	Chargino pair, slepton pair; 2 leptons NEW	21-AUG-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1908.08215 Inspire
HDBS	Paper	HH->bb WW-> bblvlv NEW	19-AUG-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1908.06765 Inspire
SUSY	Paper	Sbottom; b-jets	08-AUG-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1908.03122 Inspire
HIGG	Conference note	Search BSM H(125)->emu lepton flavor violating decay and H(125)->ee	05-AUG-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Briefing Internal
SUSY	Conference note	Gluino pair; squark pair; gluino-squark; 0-lepton	05-AUG-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
TOPQ	Conference note	Top width measurement in dilepton ttbar	02-AUG-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
HDBS	Conference note	Dimuon search + b-jet at 8 and 13 TeV	31-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
STDM	Conference note	Lund Plane measurement with charged particles	24-JUL-19	13	140 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
STDM	Conference note	Observation of electroweak production of two jets in association with a Z-boson pair	12-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
STDM	Conference note	Z(->II) gamma cross section at 13TeV	12-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
FTAG	Conference note	Soft b-hadron tagging for compressed SUSY scenarios	11-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
HDBS	Conference note	VBF HH to 4b	11-JUL-19	13	126 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
HIGG	Conference note	H(125) combination differential cross-sections gamma gamma and 4I	11-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Briefing Internal
HIGG	Conference note	H(125)->gammagamma differential cross sections	11-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Briefing Internal
HIGG	Conference note	Search H(125)->mumu	11-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Briefing Internal
SUSY	Conference note	Chargino-neutralino pair; Higgs boson in final state, 2 b-jets and 1 lepton	10-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Internal
HIGG	Conference note	h(125)->4I STXS and differential cross sections	09-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Briefing Internal
TOPQ	Conference note	Measurement of ttbar charge asymmetry at 13 TeV in I+jets	09-JUL-19	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents Briefing Internal

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ResultswithData2018

Preparations for Run 3 (and Beyond)



Upgrade Phase 1	 New LAr calorimeter electronics New small wheels for muon system TDAQ upgrades (wrt. above items)
Upgrade Phase 2	 New all-silicon inner tracker New electronics in calorimeter / muon systems TDAQ upgrades (HPC, parallelization, GPUs?)

150 fb⁻¹

30 fb⁻¹



300 fb⁻¹

3000 fb⁻¹

Summary

Excellent performance of LHC and ATLAS detector → Run 2 dataset of 139 fb⁻¹

- High precision measurements of Higgs, multi-boson and top quark properties
 - Progress in some very rare physics searches
- Searches for new physics through new signatures and improved sensitivities

No significant deviations from SM predictions... so far!

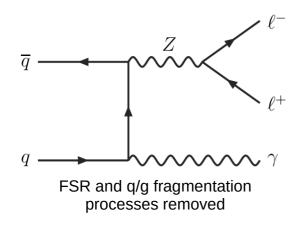
Improvements/repairs to ATLAS detector are ongoing for Run 3 (and HL-LHC)

Much more to come... stay tuned!

Backup Slides

Zy—IIy Production

Provides tests of EW sector of SM / sensitive to new physics effects (eg. direct couplings of Z to photons)

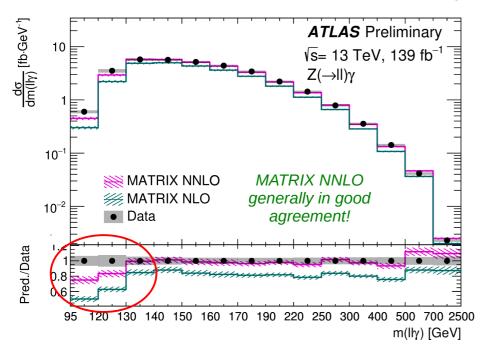


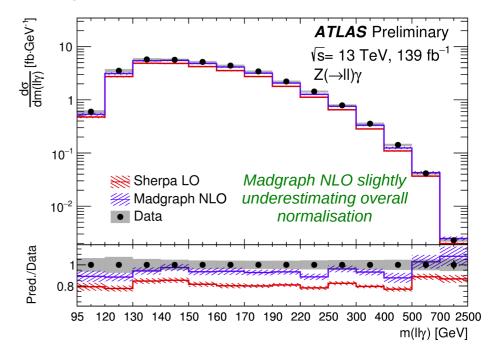
Differential cross sections measured wrt. the Ily system

Precision better than 5% in most measurement bins

compared with parton shower MC generators and parton-level generator Matrix (corrected to particle level).

[ATLAS-CONF-2019-034]

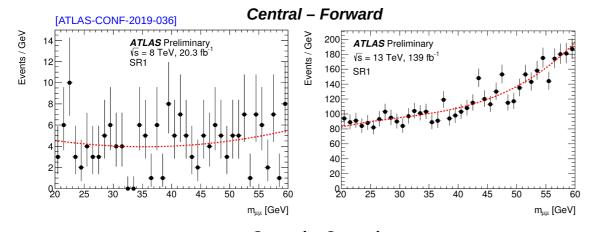


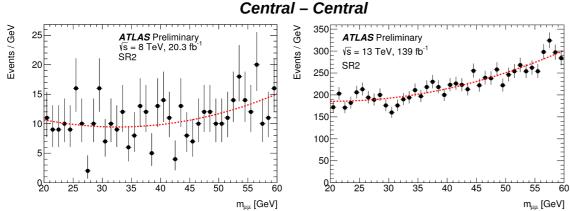


Resonance Search in bjµµ Final State

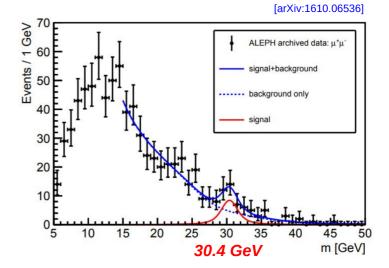
Recent result on archived LEP data reported excess in dimuon invariant mass spectrum in events with a b-quark – with a local (global) significance of 5.0σ (2.6σ)







	8 TeV		13 TeV	
Region	SR1	SR2	SR1	SR2
Local significance (28 GeV)	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.2
Max. significance	0.9 (29.5 GeV)	1.1 (29.5 GeV)	0.8 (27.5 GeV)	2.1 (26 GeV)



CMS reported excess at 28 GeV in 8 TeV data:

[JHEP 1811 (2018) 161]

@ 8 TeV		@ 13 TeV		
SR 1	SR 2	SR 1	SR 2	
4.2σ	2.9σ	2.0σ	1.4σ deficit	



ATLAS has since targeted the same topology using Run 1 & Run 2 data:

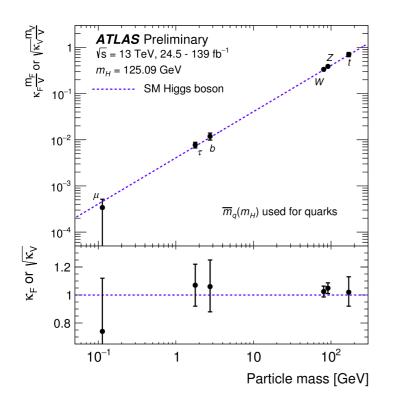
No significant excess is observed

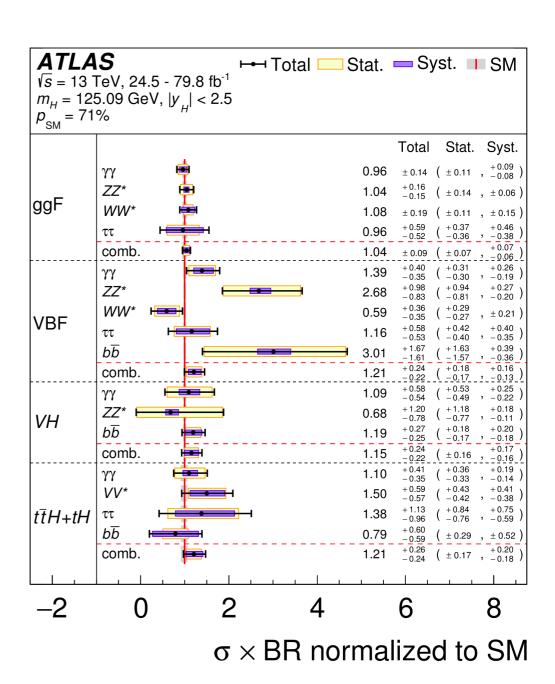
Higgs Combined Measurements

global signal strength $\mu = 1.11 (+0.09)(-0.08)$

[arXiv:1909.02845]

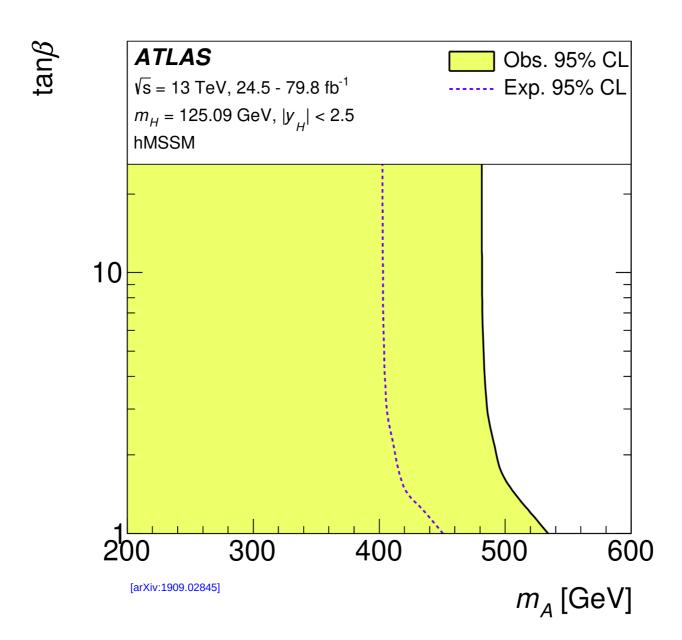
Uncertainty source	$\Delta\mu/\mu$ [%]
Statistical uncertainty	4.4
Systematic uncertainties	6.2
Theory uncertainties	4.8
Signal	4.2
Background	2.6
Experimental uncertainties (excl. MC stat.)	4.1
Luminosity	2.0
Background modeling	1.6
Jets, $E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	1.4
Flavor tagging	1.1
Electrons, photons	2.2
Muons	0.2
au-lepton	0.4
Other	1.6
MC statistical uncertainty	1.7
Total uncertainty	7.6



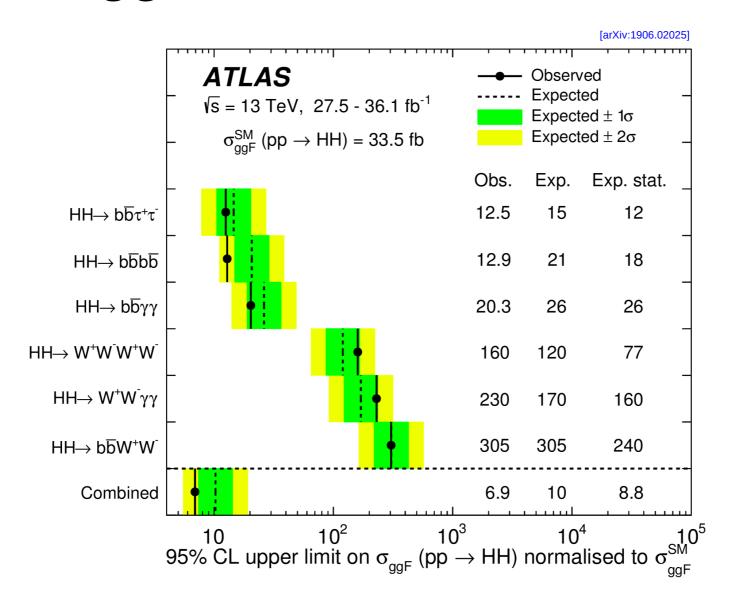


Higgs Combined Measurements

BSM Higgses searched for both directly and indirectly ightarrow couplings measurement provides indirect limit on $m_{_{A}}$ (hMSSM)



Di-Higgs Combined Measurements

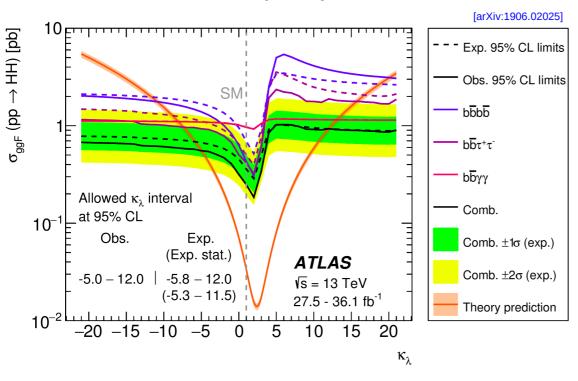


Non-resonant Higgs boson pair production cross-section is 6.9 x $\sigma_{_{SM}}$ @ 95% CL

Higgs Self-Coupling Constraints

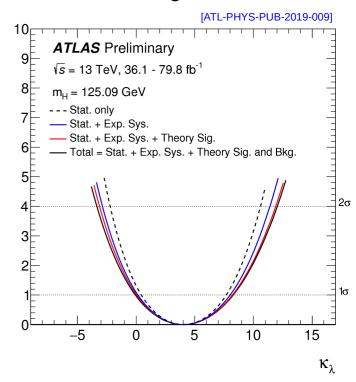
-2 ln (A)





 $-5.0 < \kappa_{\lambda} < 12.0 @ 95\% CL$

Single H



 $-3.2 < k_{\lambda} < 11.9 @ 95 \% CL$

λ(HHH) contributes to single Higgs processes at NLO EW via Higgs self energy loop correction (+ additional diagrams).

Therefore an indirect constraint on λ(HHH) can be extracted by comparing precise measurements of production yields and SM predictions.