

# **MD analysis: Partially Stripped Ions in LHC**

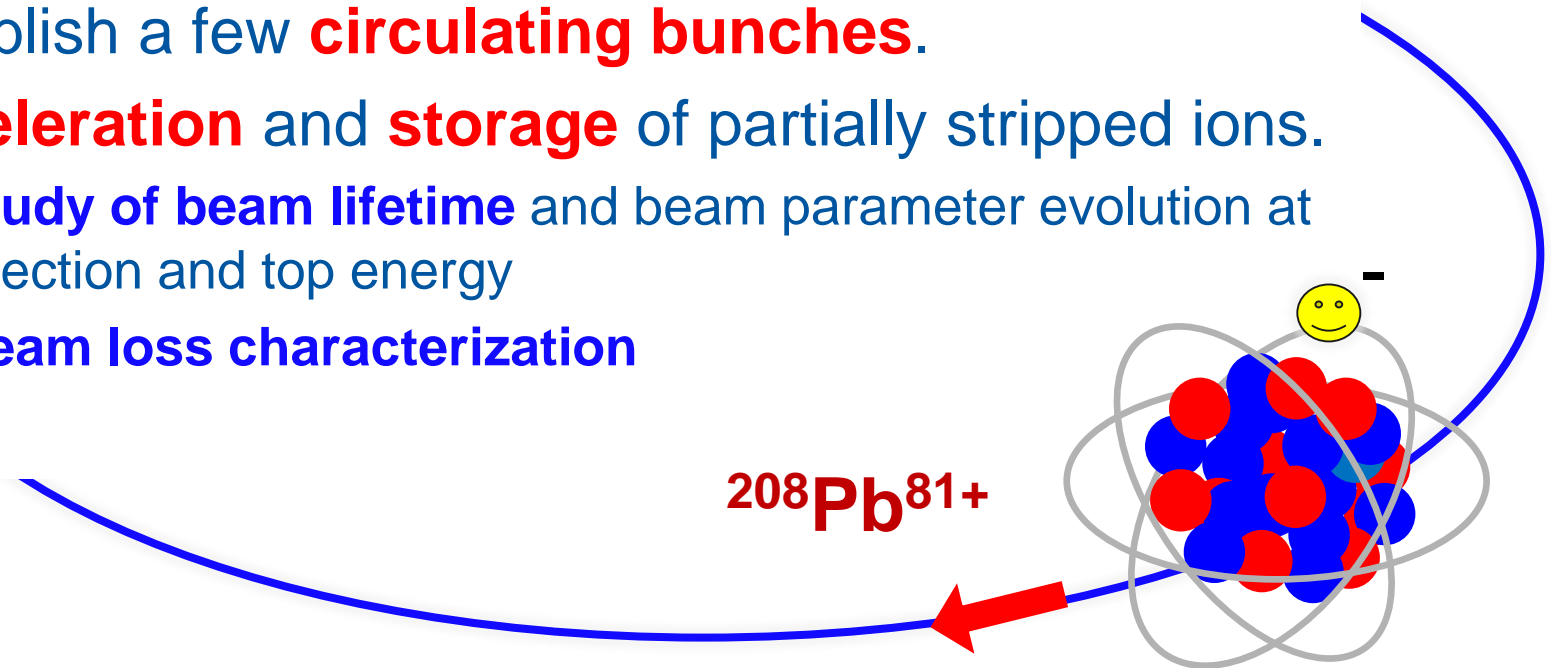
**M. Schaumann**

Thanks to S. Hirlander, R. Alemany and W. Krasny for discussions

# Goals of this initial MD in the LHC

12 hours LHC-MD time on 25.07.2018

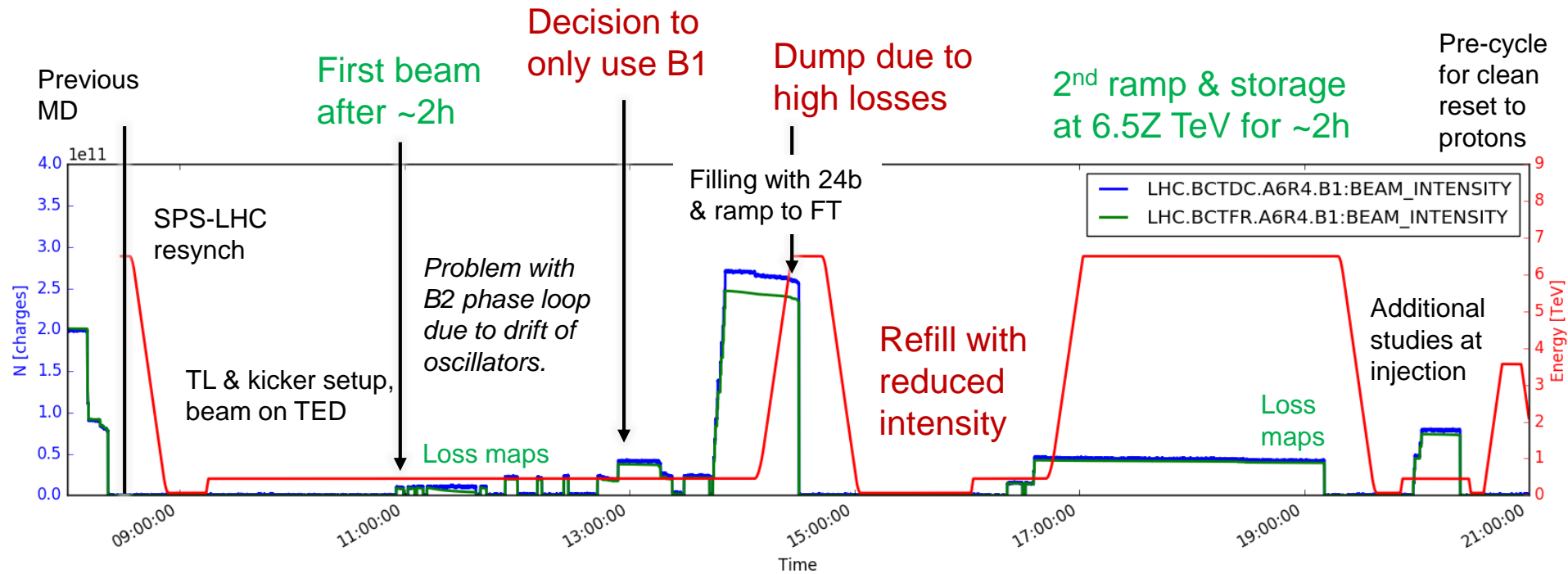
- **Inject** new particle “species” in the LHC
  - Well-known Pb-208, but with one remaining electron
- Establish a few **circulating bunches**.
- **Acceleration** and **storage** of partially stripped ions.
  - **Study of beam lifetime** and beam parameter evolution at injection and top energy
  - **Beam loss characterization**



# MD Setup

- **LHC nominal cycle** until **flat top** (no squeeze, no collisions)
- **Usual injection setup for ions:**
  - particle type, transfer lines, kickers, SPS-LHC resynch & RF (lower RF-frequency than Pb<sup>82+</sup>)
- **Beam:**
  - Duplets with 2 bunches spaced by 200ns and total intensity of >2e10 charges (max.).
  - Pilot scraping in the SPS to get below 1e10 for initial injections.
- **Total circulating intensity: <3e11** (SETUP beam)

# Evolution of the MD



## Decision to only use B1.

B2 not strictly necessary for the success of the MD, no collisions were foreseen.

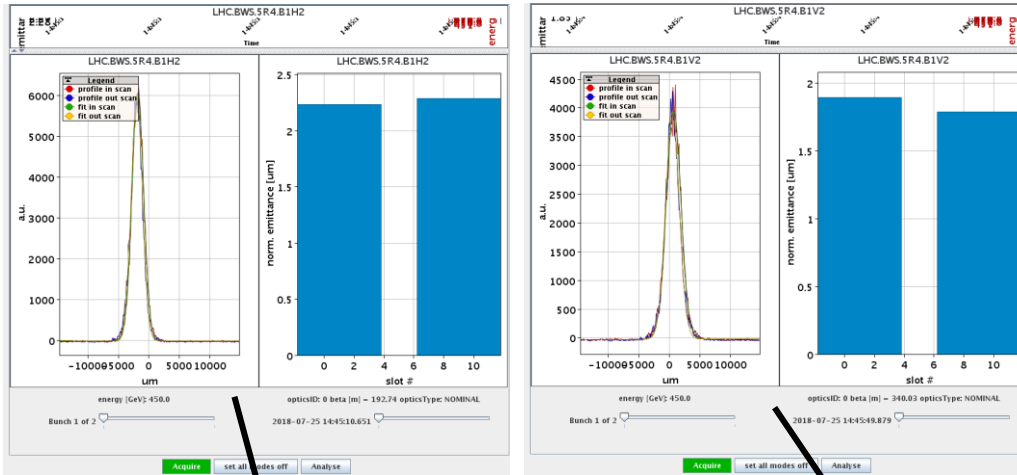
## Dump due to high losses 11R7.

Bad collimation efficiency and instability (zero octupoles and no damper).

## Refill

Set octupoles during ramp, reduce number of bunches & bunch intensity.

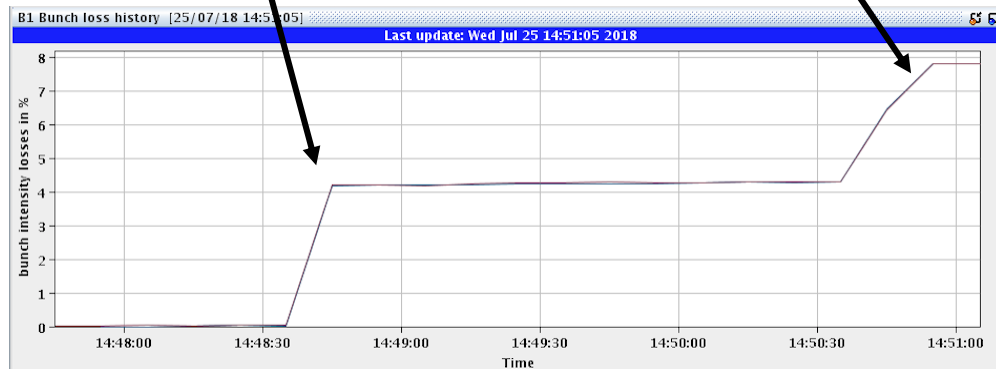
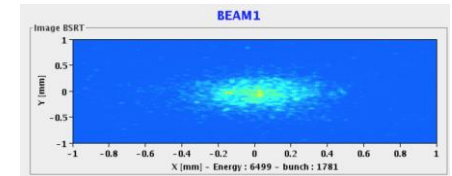
# Emittances Measurement



Emittances could not be measured well.

BSRT:

- No light at injection
- Not always acquiring at FT (2<sup>nd</sup> fill)

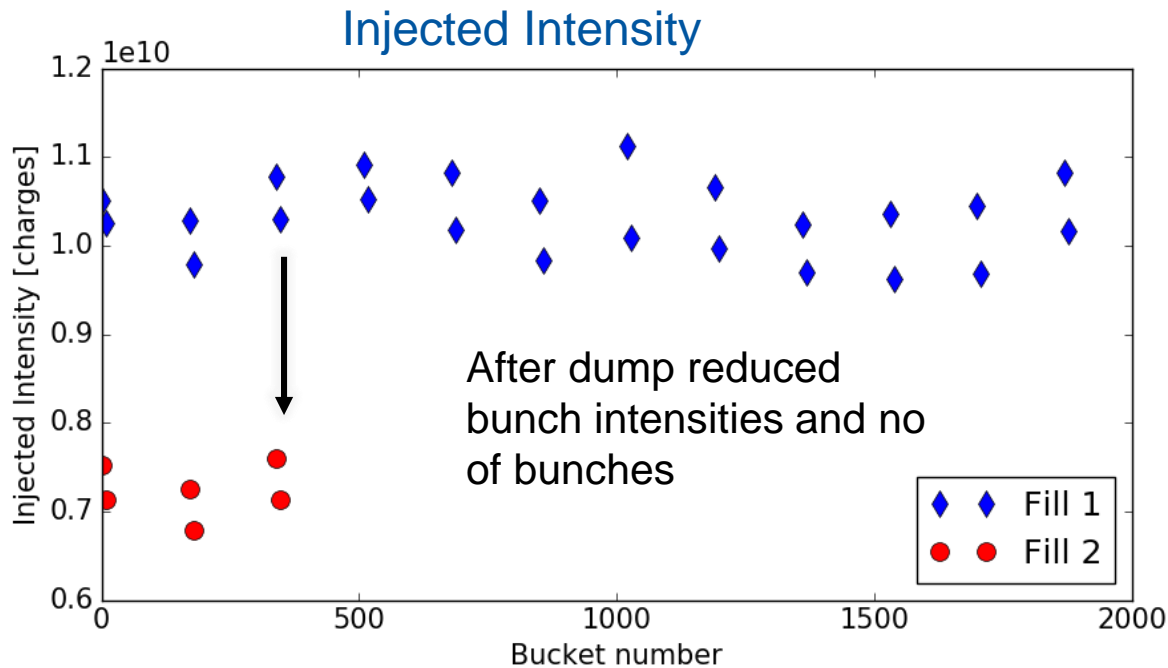


WS:

- ~4% intensity loss per scan by stripping of e<sup>-</sup>,
- Only two not optimized scans done
- not used at FT

No reliable information on emittance could be extracted

# Injected Intensity



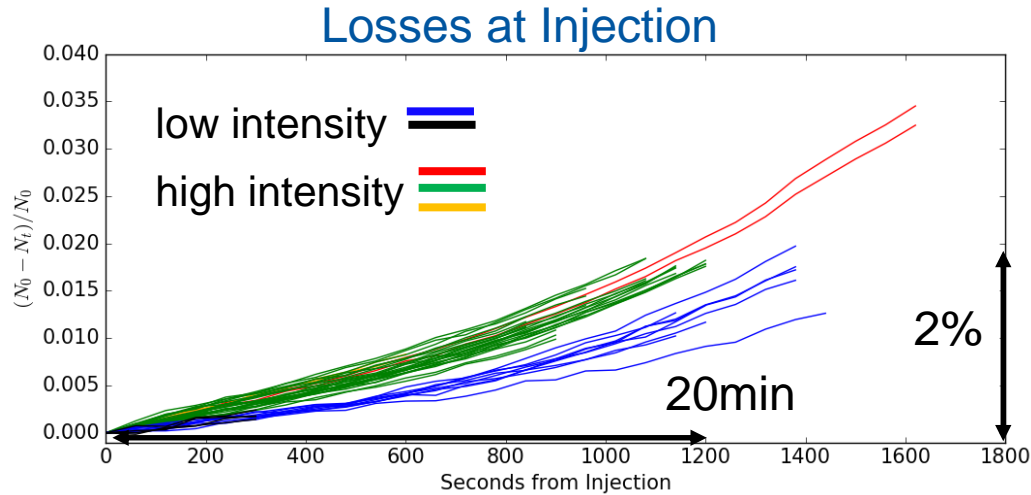
Fill 1:

- 1.1E10 charges/bunch
- 24 bunches

Fill 2 (reduced intensity):

- 0.75E10 charges/bunch (scraping in SPS)
- 6 bunches

# Losses at Injection

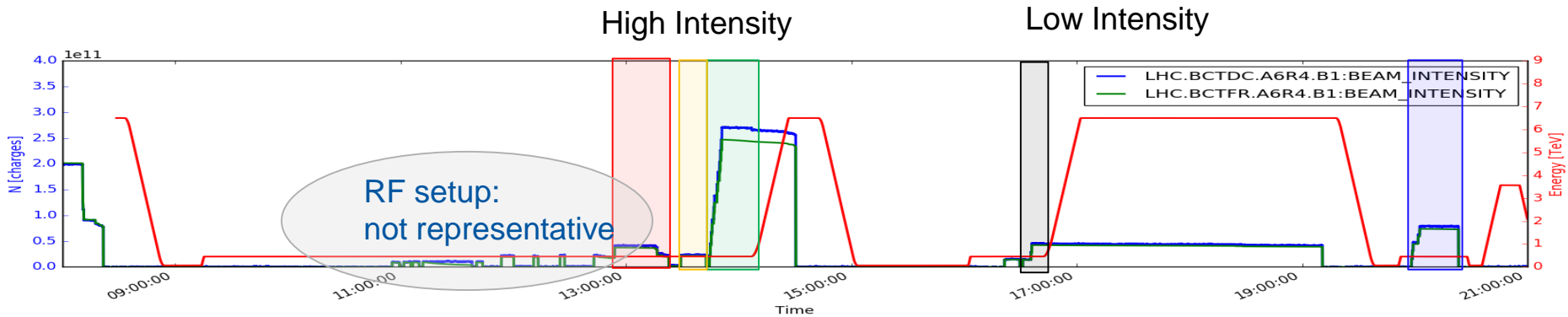


5 periods are analyzed:

- Bunches in different intensity regimes
- Dwell time: 20-30min

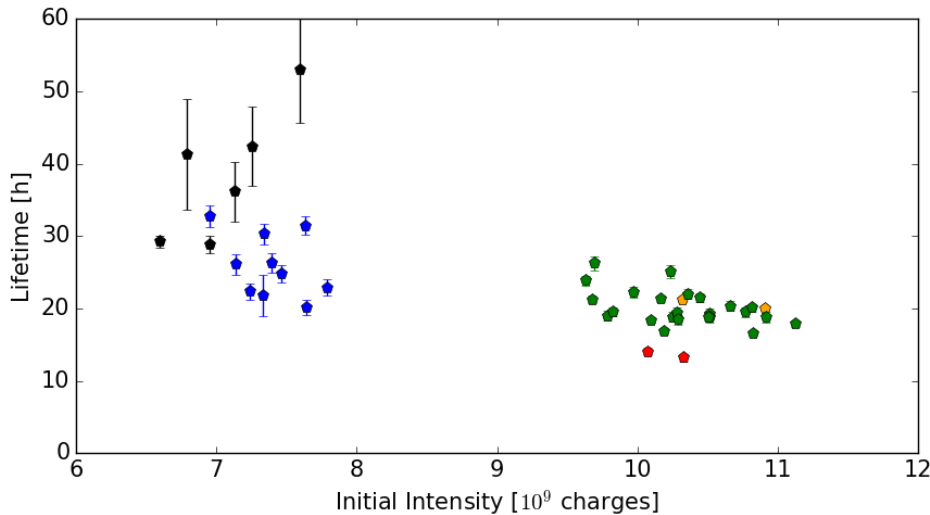
Observations:

- 1) High intensity bunches lose faster.
- 2) Increasing loss rate over time



# Beam Lifetime at Injection (1)

Higher intensity bunches: lose faster = have smaller lifetime

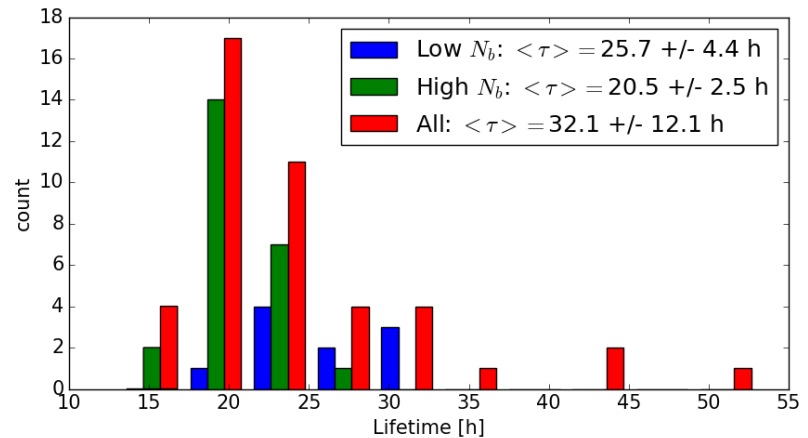


Lifetime fits of the form:  

$$f(x; A, \tau) = Ae^{-x/\tau}$$

Average lifetime at 0.45 TeV  
 proton equiv. energy: **~20h**

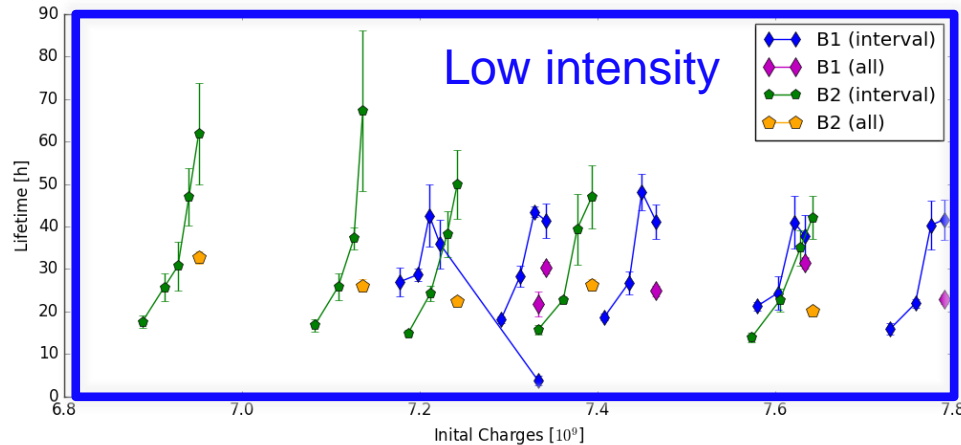
Beam Type	Nb [charges / ions]	Lifetime [h]
Low	7.4e9 / 0.9e8	25.7 +/- 4.4
High	10.3e9 / 1.3e8	20.5 +/- 2.5
All	9.2e9 / 1.1e8	32.1 +/- 12.1





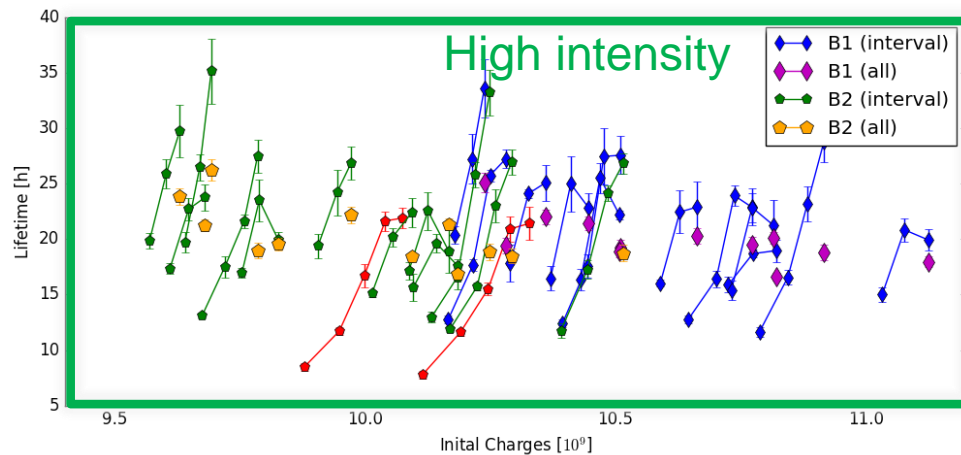
# Beam Lifetime at Injection (2)

With time: loss rate increases = lifetime decreasing



*Lifetime fits over data intervals of 5 minutes.*

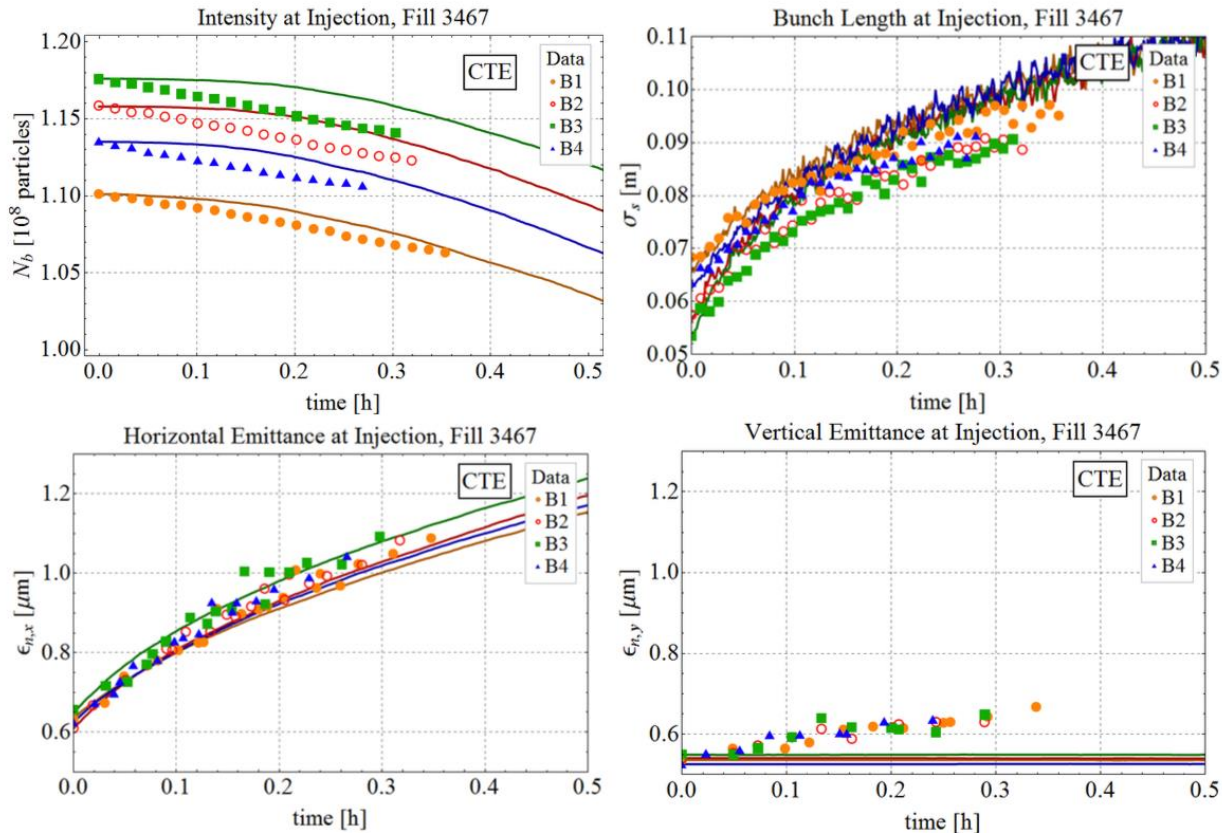
Clear structure:  
**The longer the dwell time** (smaller initial intensity at start of fit interval) **the smaller the lifetime.**



# Pb82+ Injection Evolution of 2013

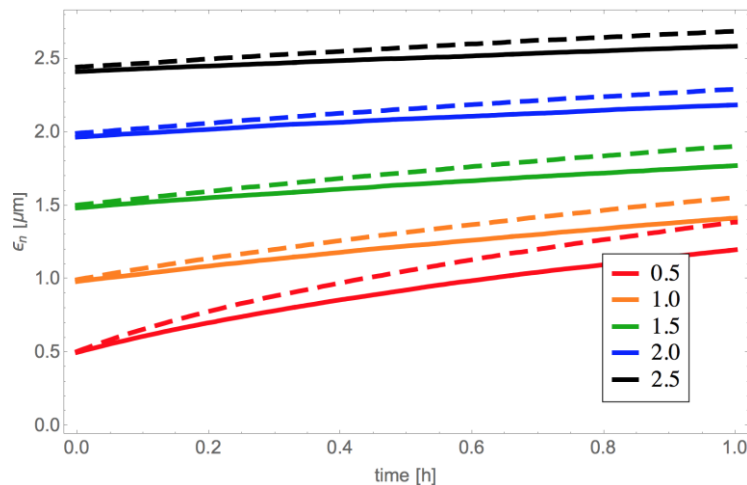
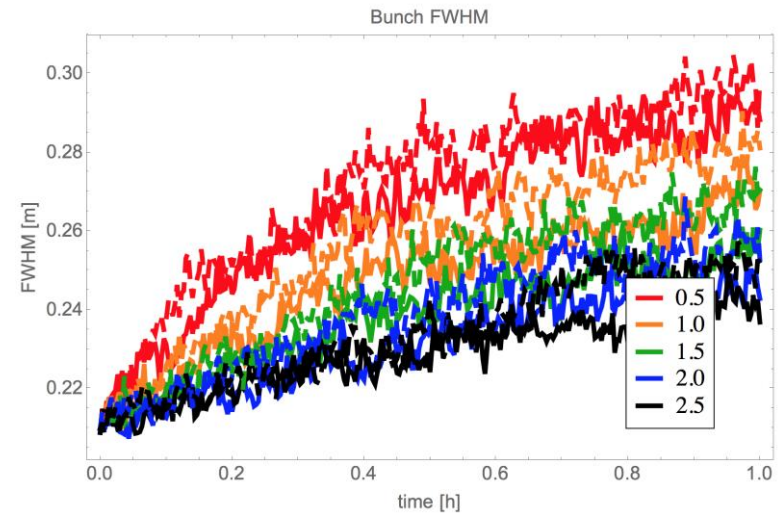
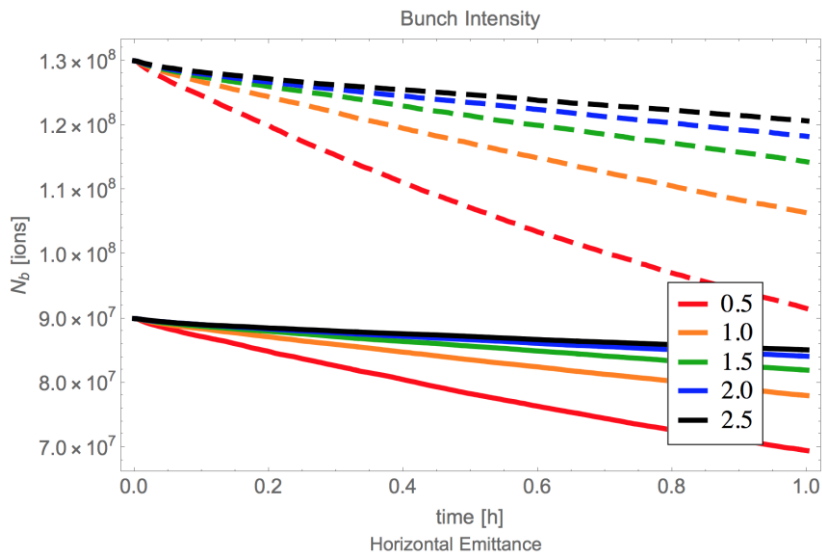
Analysis of the 2011 and 2013 Heavy-Ion Runs

Similar bunch intensity as Pb81+



M. Schaumann, PhD Thesis, Fig. 4.7

# CTE Simulations (Preliminary)

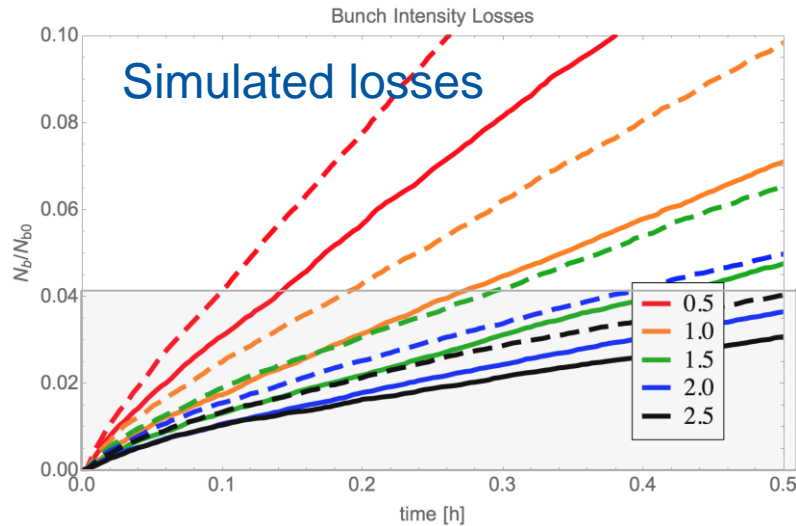


Simulation of

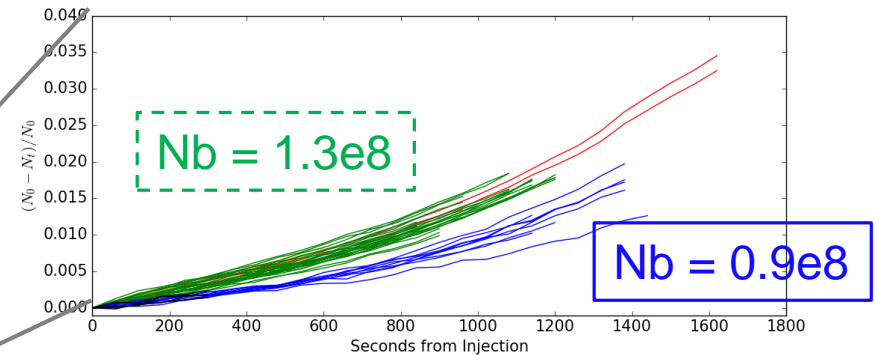
- $N_b = 0.9\text{e}8$  (solid) and  $1.3\text{e}8$  (dashed)
- Emittance =  $0.5 \rightarrow 2.5 \mu\text{m}$  (colors)
- Bunch length 10cm, but was 6cm

Including IBS, radiation damping, debunching model.

# Losses: CTE vs Measurement (Preliminary)



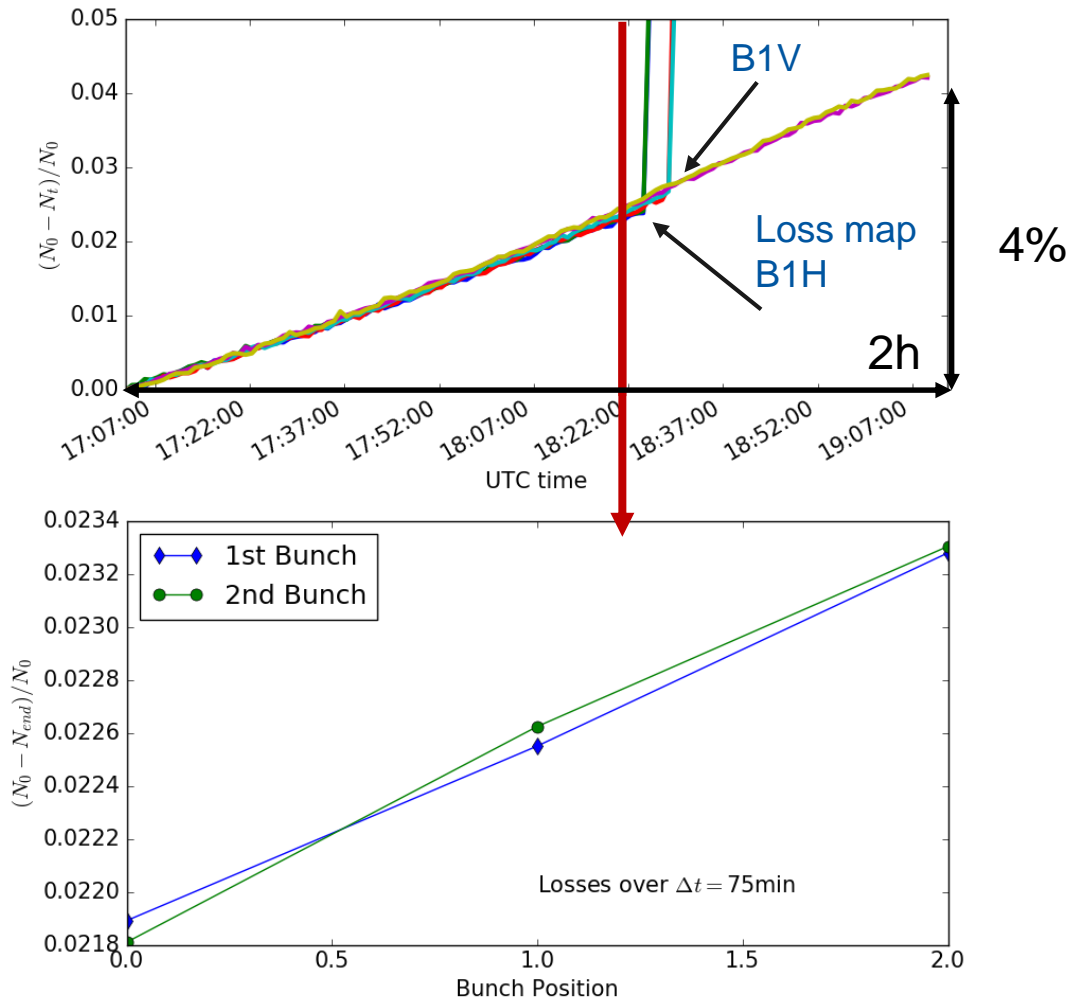
## Measured losses



Comparison of the measured losses to simulations suggest that emittance was  $>2\mu\text{m}$ .

→ But initial bunch length was assumed too large, reducing it can significantly impact the result.

# Losses at FT: Fill 2

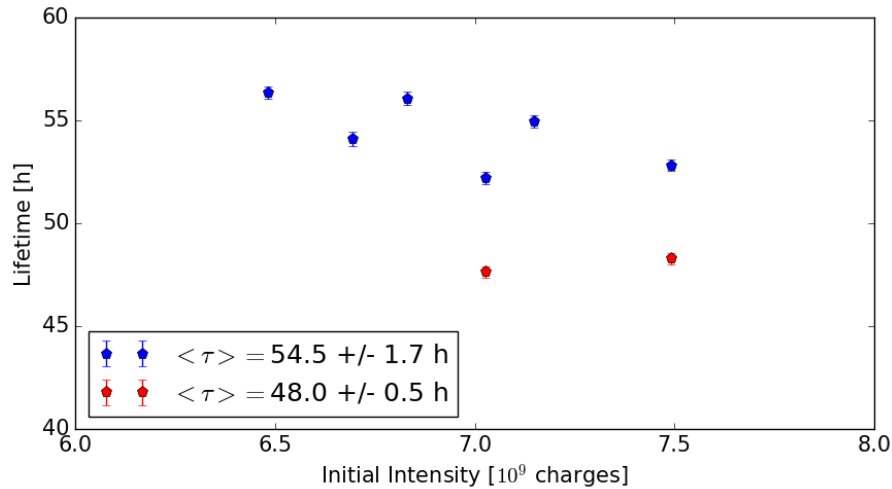


All bunches lose approx. with the same rate

Bunches injected last lose slightly more intensity

Difference 0.15%  
Effect or measurement uncertainty?

# Lifetime at Flat Top (1)



Lifetime fits of the form:

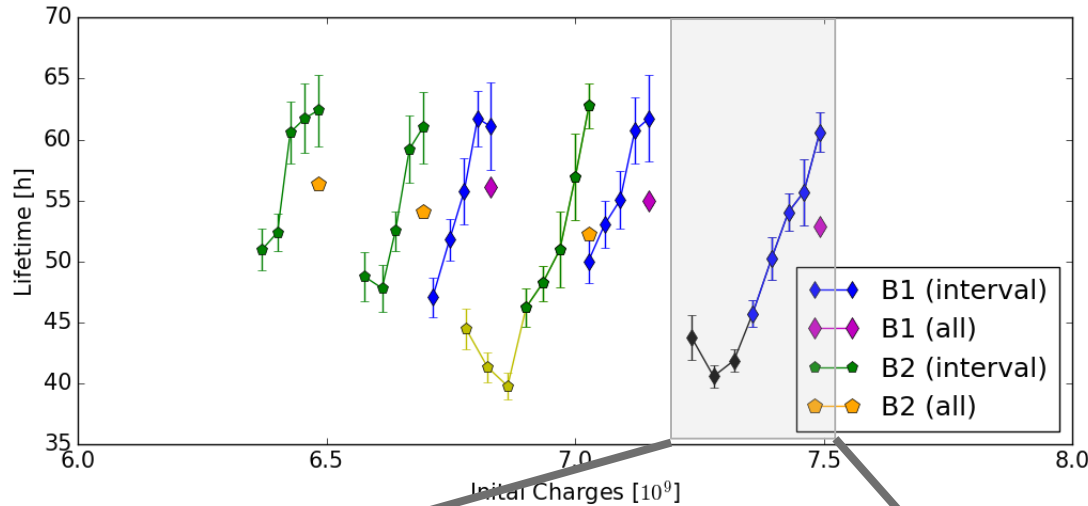
$$f(x; A, \tau) = Ae^{-x/\tau}$$

Fit over longer duration give smaller lifetime.

Average lifetime at 6.5 TeV proton equiv. energy: **~50h**

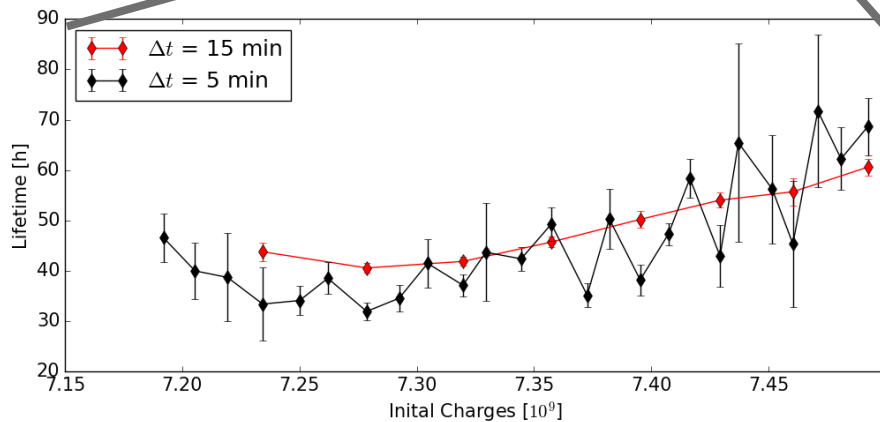
Beam Type	Nb [charges / ions]	Lifetime [h]
Low	7.0e9 / 0.86e8	54.5 +/- 1.7
Low	7.2e9 / 0.89e8	48.0 +/- 0.5

# Lifetime at Flat Top (2)



*Lifetime fits over data intervals of 5 minutes.*

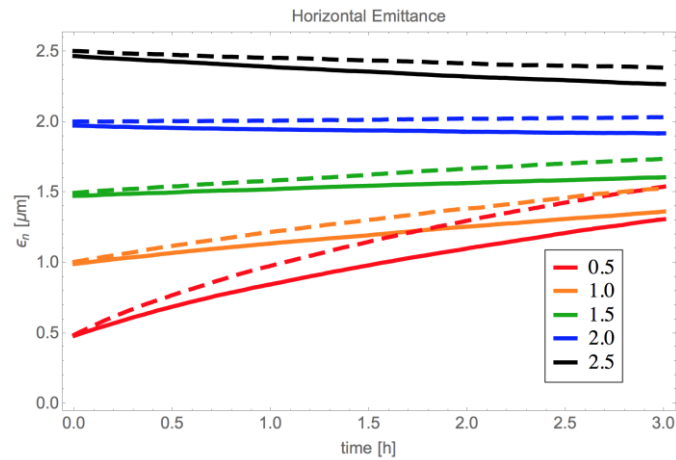
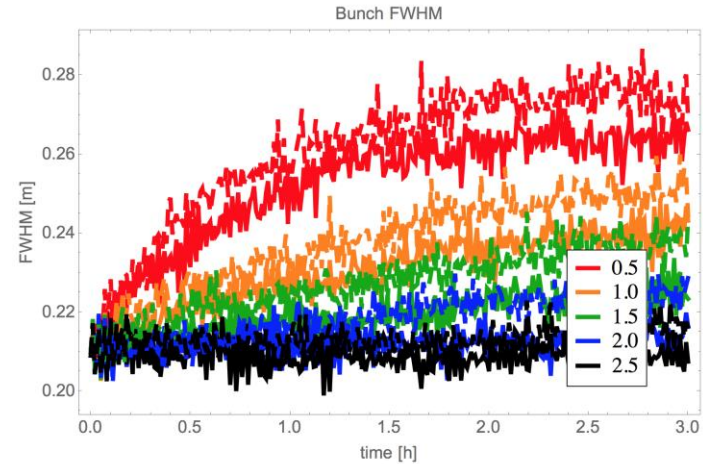
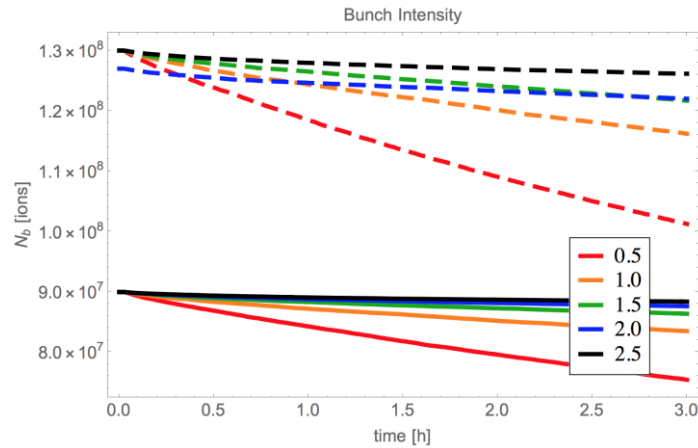
**Similar behavior as at injection**



Effect of interval length:  
5 min vs. 15 min

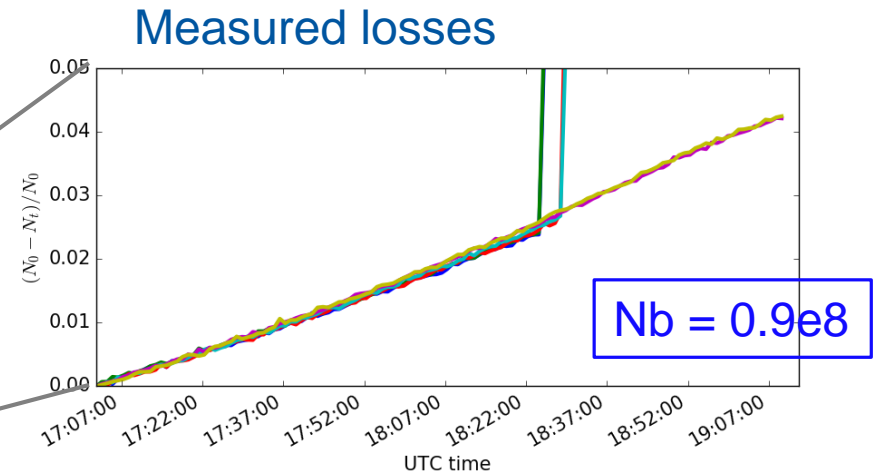
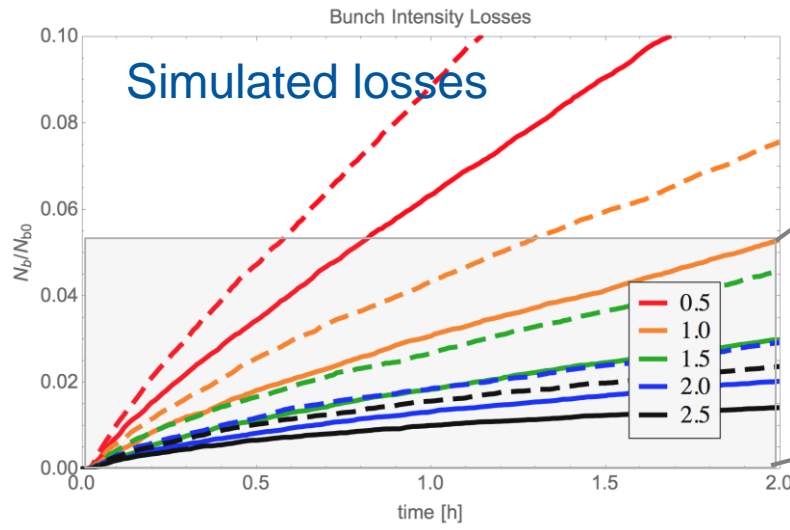
➤ *Similar effect to be expected for fits at injection!*

# CTE Simulations





# Losses: CTE vs Measurement



Debunching from IBS stronger at injection.

Assuming the emittances that can explain main losses at injection ( $>2\mu\text{m}$ ):

→ simulated loss rate at flat top is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of observed.

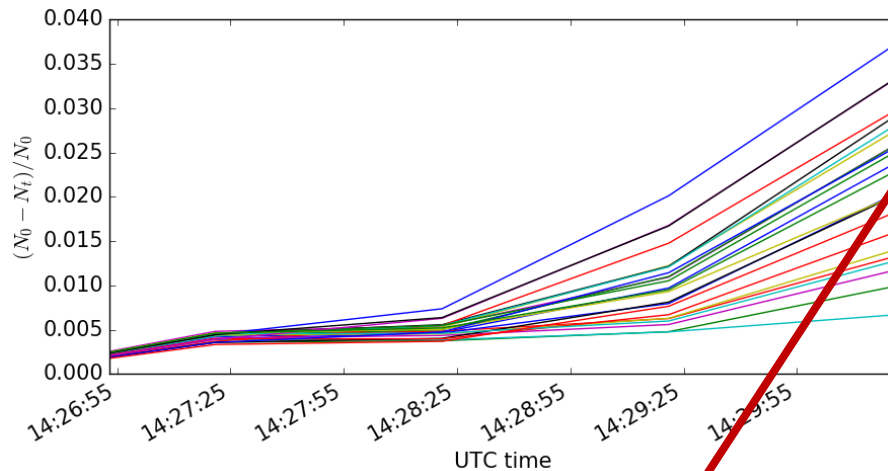
→ suggesting additional loss sources are stronger at flat top.

# Summary and Outlook

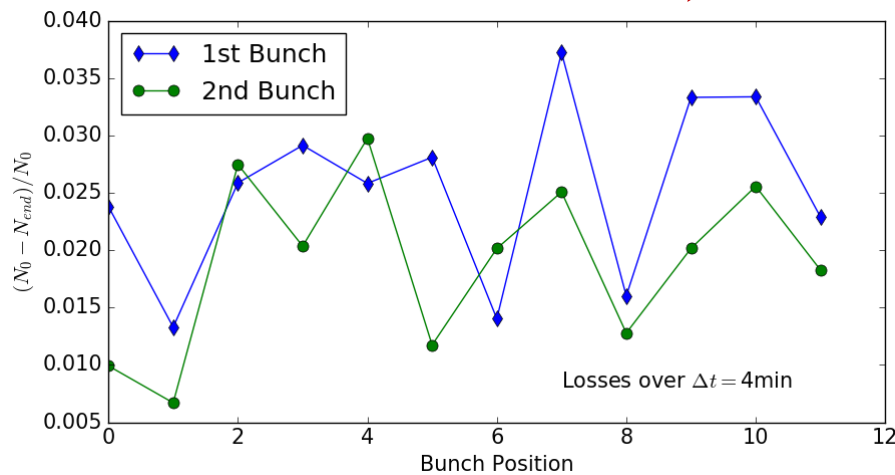
- Lifetime of Pb81+ beams have been studied in LHC at 450GeV and 6.5TeV proton equivalent energy.
- Main Observations:
  - **dominant limit** of the beam intensity is the **collimation efficiency** (*presented in previous meeting*)
  - As expected, e.g. from IBS, lifetime decreases with intensity
  - Lifetime decreases with storage time – *to be further investigated*
  - **Average lifetime at Injection: ~20h**
  - **Average lifetime at Flat top: ~50h**
- Preliminary beam dynamic simulations including IBS, radiation damping and debunching showed promising results but more studies needed.

# Extra Slides

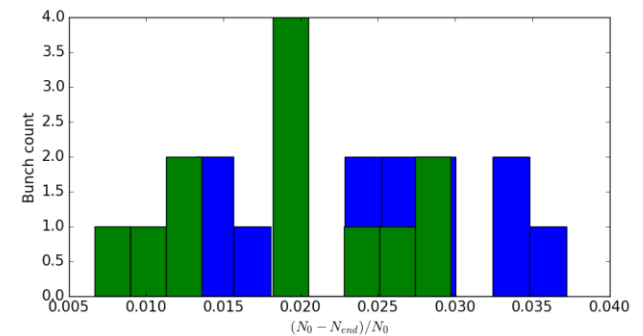
# Losses at FT: Fill 1 (dumped)



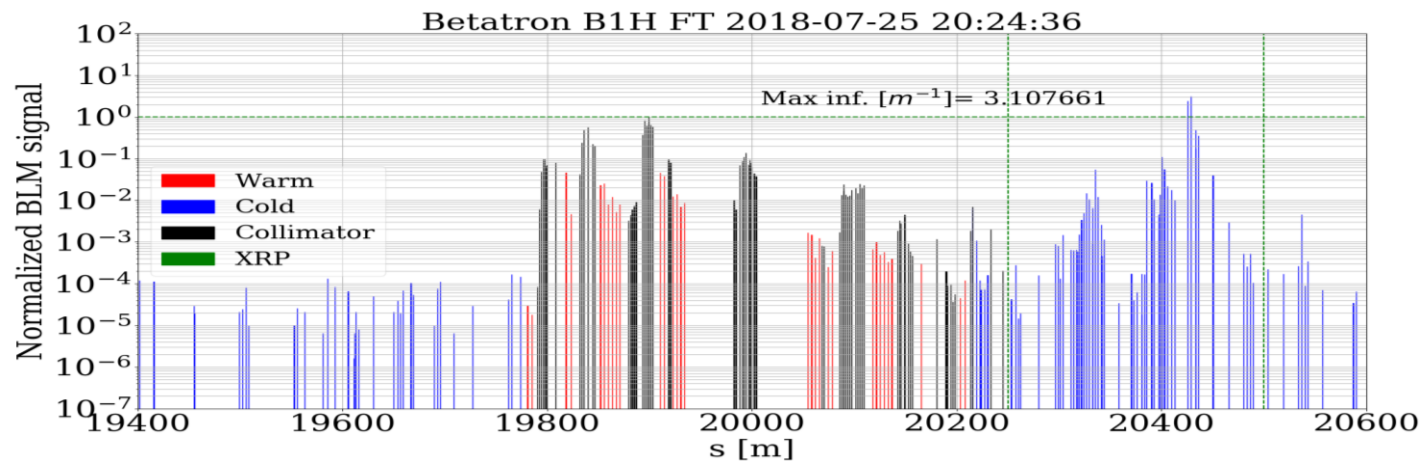
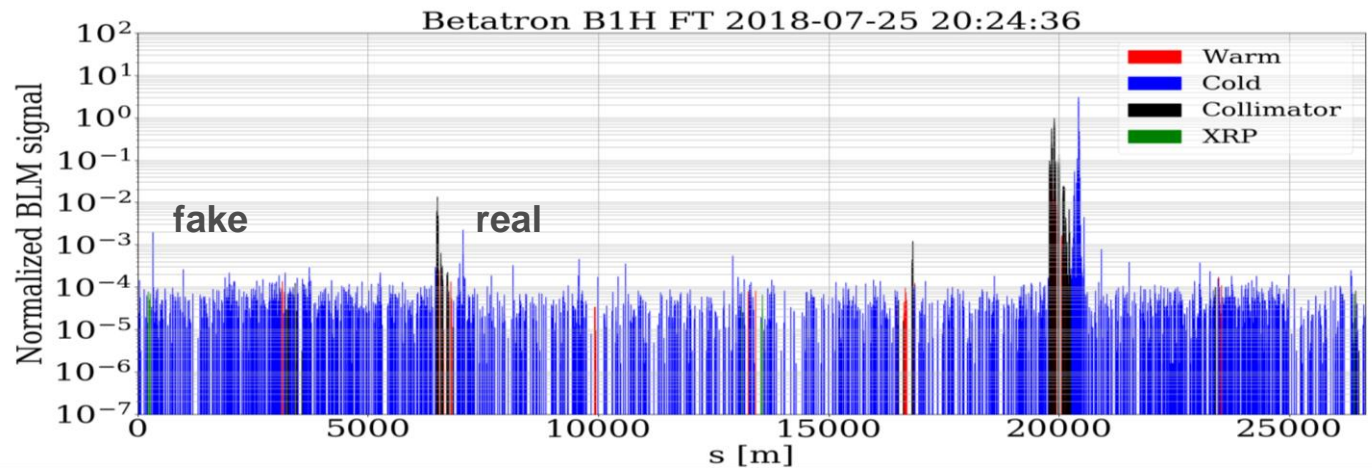
Bunches start losing with different rates, shortly after reaching FT



1<sup>st</sup> bunch of batch has tendency to lose more



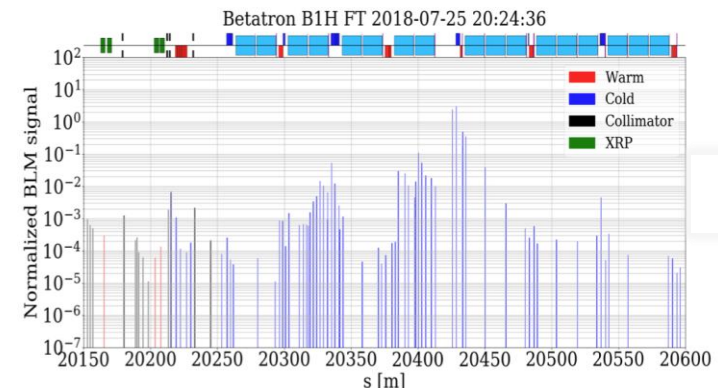
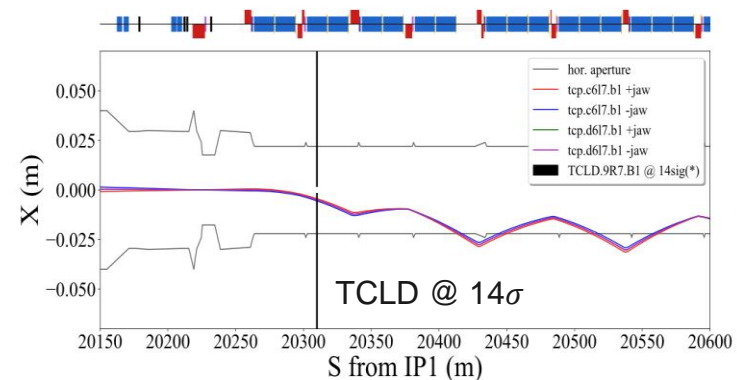
# Loss map – B1H at Flat top



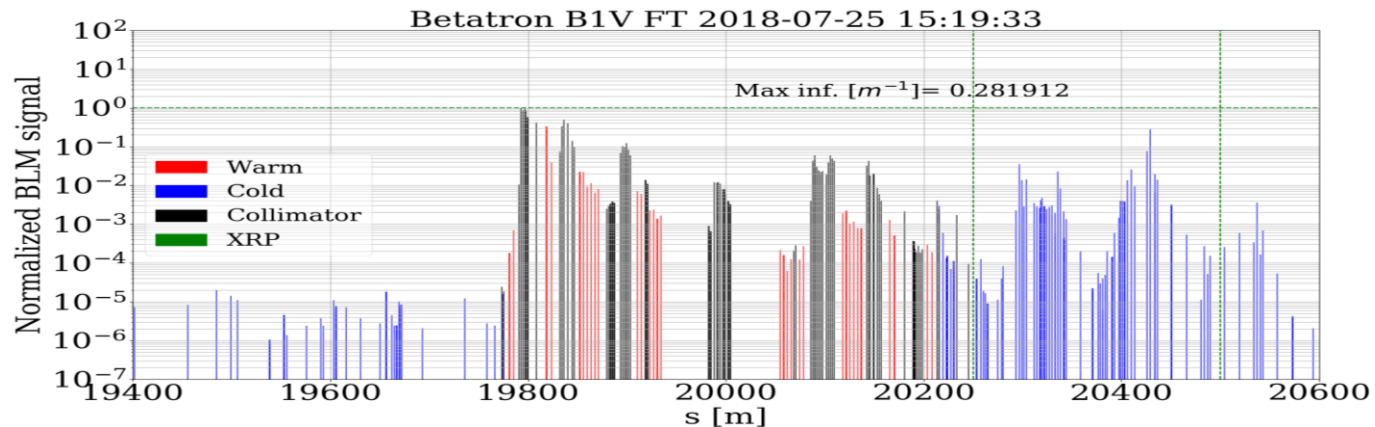
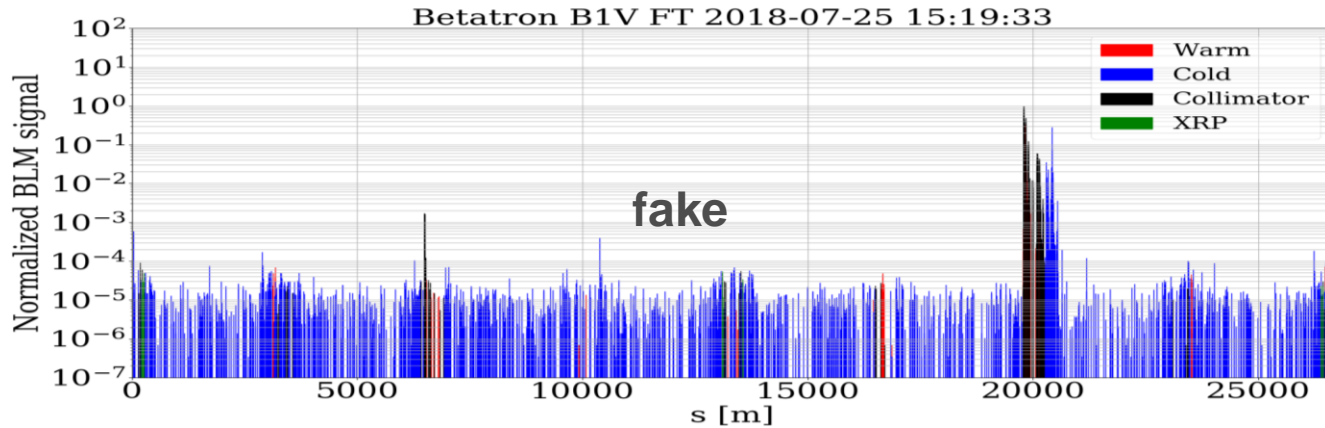
N. Fuster Martinez

# Collimation

- **Worst collimation efficiency ever observed.**
  - **limits intensity** that can be ramped reliably without spurious dumps.
  - Lead to dump of fill 1 after small instability (no octupoles and no dampers).
- Very high **stripping probability of remaining electron** during passage through primary collimator.
  - Fully stripped ions (Pb82+) scatter back in beam, but have **large magnetic rigidity offset** from main beam.
  - Pb82+ follow locally generated dispersion and get **lost on aperture in cell 11**
- Foreseen momentum loss map was not done, because of the high losses in cell 11R7 we had a concerns that could induce a quench.
- Future alleviation under study: DS collimators, crystal collimation

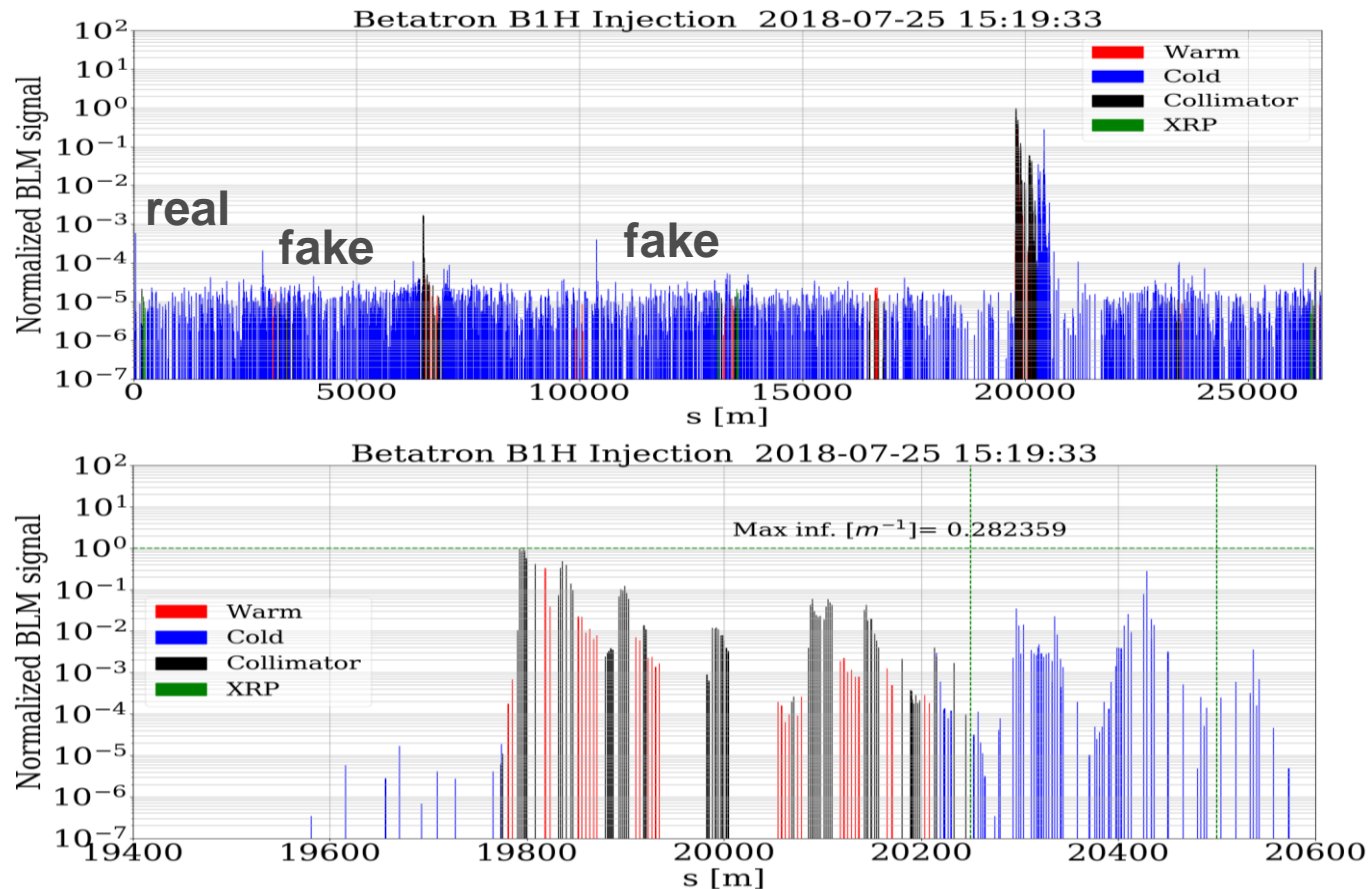


# Loss Map– B1V Flat top



N. Fuster Martinez

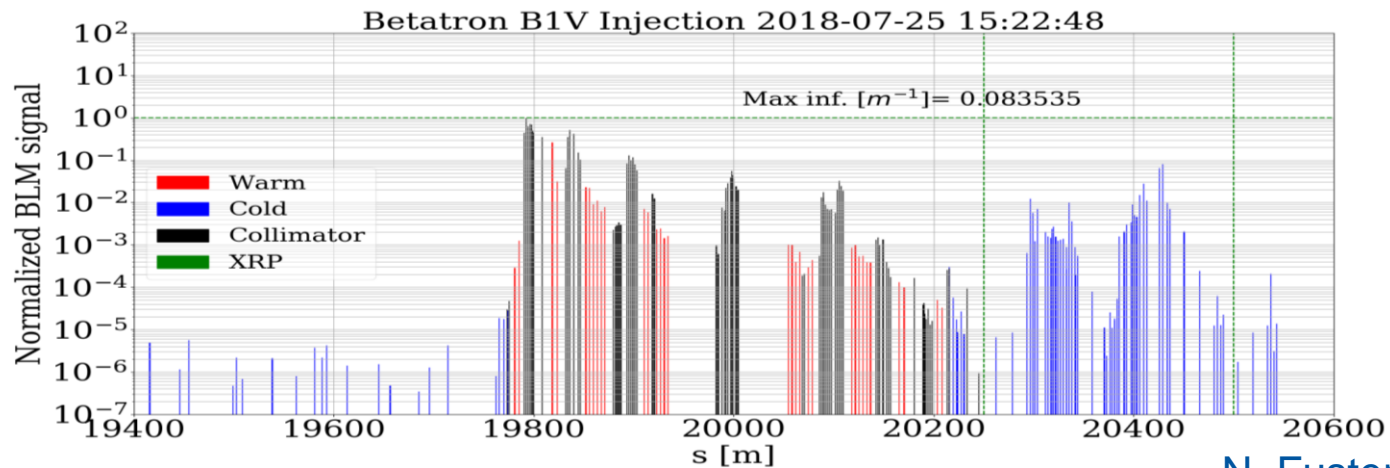
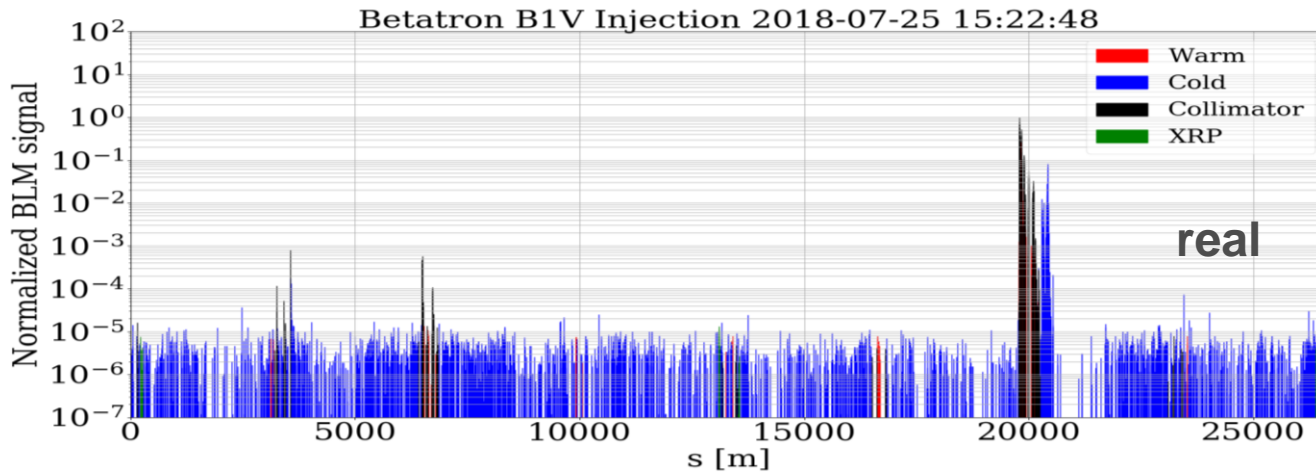
# Loss Map – B1H Injection



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# Loss Map – B1V Injection



N. Fuster Martinez

# List of parameters

- RF voltage:
  - Injection 8MV
  - FT 12MV

# Summary and Outlook

- On 25 July 2018 the **LHC injected, accelerated** and **stored** lead ions with one remaining electron (**208Pb81+**) for the first time.
  - Achieving the **1st milestone of the Gamma Factory**
- A few Pb81+ bunches circulated at 6.5 TeV proton equivalent energy with **beam lifetimes of about 40-60 hours**.
- A **dominant limit** of the beam intensity is the **collimation efficiency**.
- **Crystal collimation** MD with PSI beams was requested to study its mitigation potential **to overcome the collimation limit**.
  - Scheduled for MD4, but was canceled just before the start due to unavailability of ion beams.