Full Girder Modal Analysis

Feedback from Henri's Analysis:

- Current design appears to show a natural frequency at or around 50Hz
- Changing the position of the brackets on the girder can have a significant effect on the natural frequencies
 - Increasing the height of the brackets was shown to be significant
- The additional mass added to the Accelerating Structures (e.g. vacuum pumps, waveguides, manifolds) also has a significant effect and should be accounted for

Improved bracket



Credit: Henri Berg, 31/07/2019

Increasing Mounting Height



Increasing Mounting Width



Bracket Position/Design Affect

- The natural frequencies can be tuned away from 50Hz by altering the height/width of the mounting brackets
- However this is highly dependent on the additional mass added to the Accelerating Structures
 - More accurate models including more the vacuum pumps and wave guides should be used

Feedback from Juha's MBQ Analysis:

- The dominant frequencies were highly dependent upon the stiffness's of the base and supporting structures
- Some of the frequencies were not identified until they carried out an Experimental Modal Analysis
 - The tunnel floor
 - The levelling wedge mounts

Effect of the Base Design on Natural Frequencies - Current



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Effect of the Base Design on Natural Frequencies – High Brackets



Effect of the Base Design on Natural Frequencies – High Brackets



Notes About Analysis

- Using a relatively simple models:
 - Flexures are modelled as 1-dimensionally-rigid joints, and are not meshed.
 - SAS adjustment flexures
 - Girder level flexures
 - Springs are included as Ansys 'springs'
- Following Henri's assumption of 150kg distributed mass across the accelerating structure sides