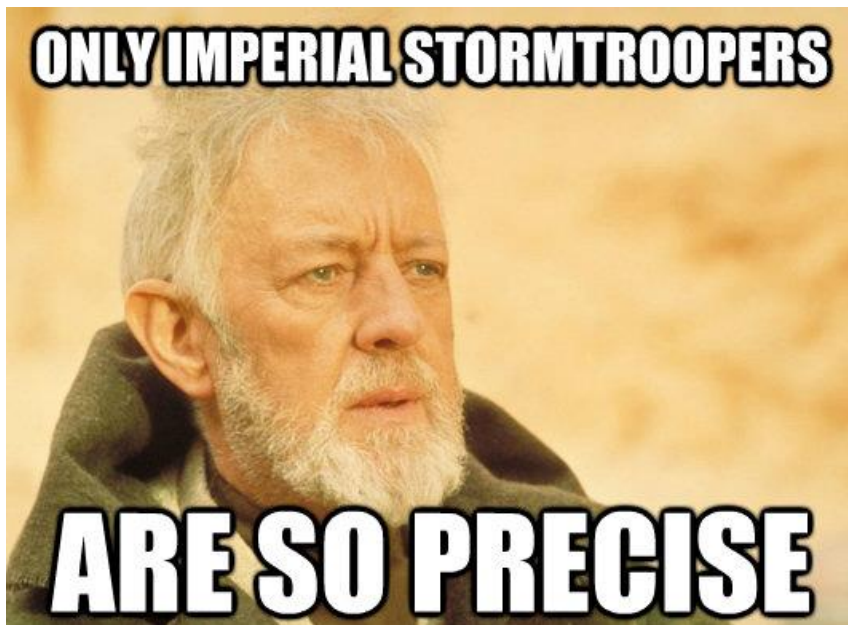


Treatment of theory uncertainties for Higgs measurements and searches at ATLAS



**Thomas CALVET on behalf
of the ATLAS Collaboration**
Stony Brook University

Higgs Couplings
October 01st, 2019

The Importance Of Systematic Uncertainties

- Higgs boson production at LHC is rare

- Required time to accumulate data, first for the discovery

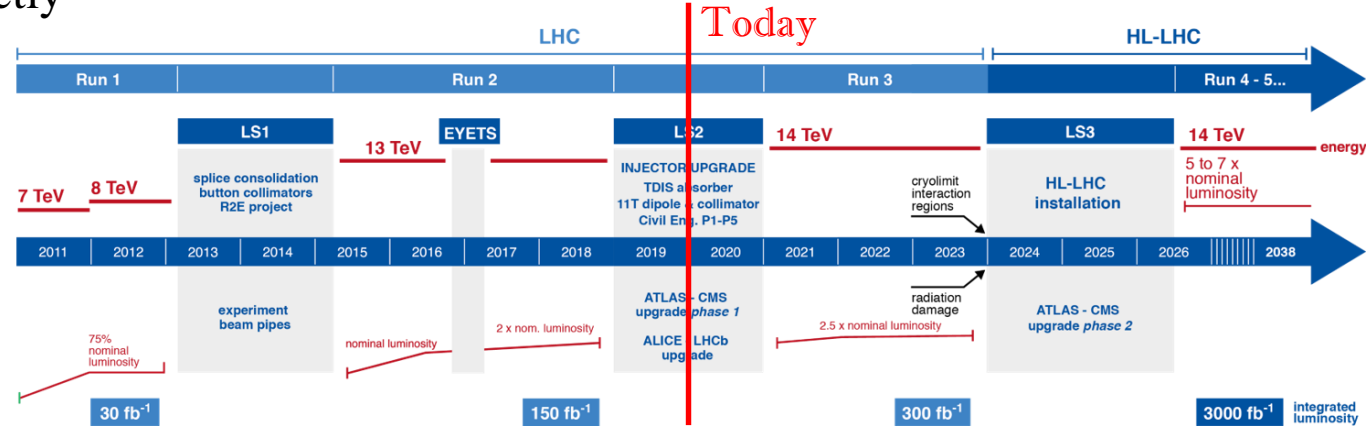
Status for inclusive cross-section

- New era for Higgs studies:

- Most analysis turning “systematically limited”
 - “worst” case: 4 times more data is enough to reach point where more data does not help directly

Higgs channel	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$H \rightarrow 4l$	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$H \rightarrow bb$		ttH	
	139 fb ⁻¹	139 fb ⁻¹	36.1 fb ⁻¹	VH 80 fb ⁻¹	VBF 30.6 fb ⁻¹	$H \rightarrow bb$ 36.1 fb ⁻¹	ML 36.1 fb ⁻¹
Stat limited		✓			✓		=
Syst limited	✓		✓	✓		✓	=
Ratio $\frac{\text{Syst}}{\text{Stat}}$	1.2	0.5	~ 1.4	~ 1.3	~ 0.4	~ 2.0	~ 1

- Only 1/23 of the LHC data collected so far

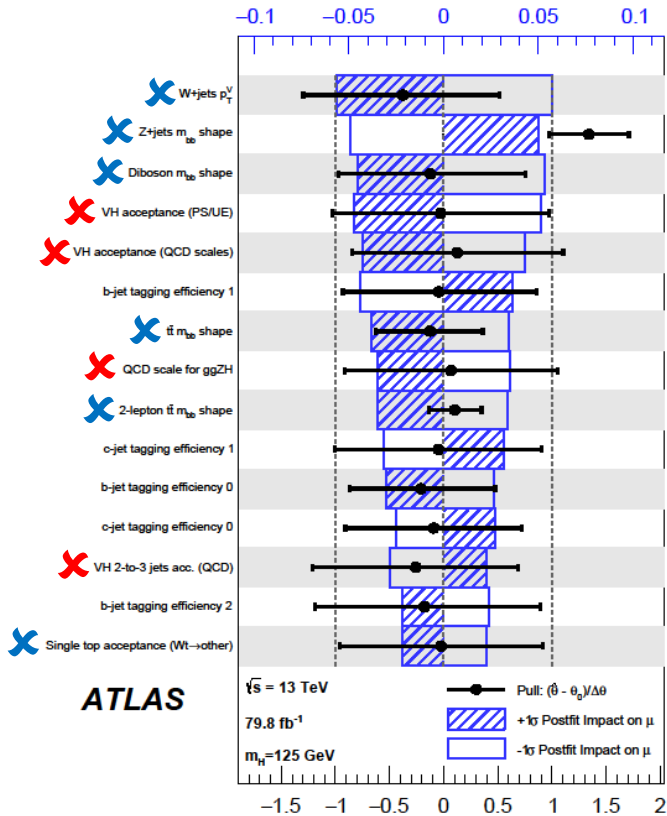


Systematic uncertainty reduction, key for precision measurements



The Importance Of Theory Uncertainties

Phys. Lett. B 786 (2018) 59 $\Delta\mu$



Signal and Background theory uncertainties are the main sources

[arXiv:1906.02025](https://arxiv.org/abs/1906.02025)

Upper limit percentage variation	NR	Spin-0		Spin-2 $k/\overline{M}_{Pl} = 1$		Spin-2 $k/\overline{M}_{Pl} = 2$	
		1 TeV	3 TeV	1 TeV	3 TeV	1 TeV	3 TeV
Simulation statistics	3%	1%	-	2%	-	1%	-
Background modelling	5%	7%	9%	11%	15%	16%	21%
Signal theory	1%	-	-	-	1%	-	-
Tau	2%	-	-	-	-	1%	-
Jet	-	1%	2%	2%	3%	5%	4%
<i>b</i> -tagging	1%	2%	-	3%	-	4%	-
All	13%	12%	11%	19%	18%	29%	25%

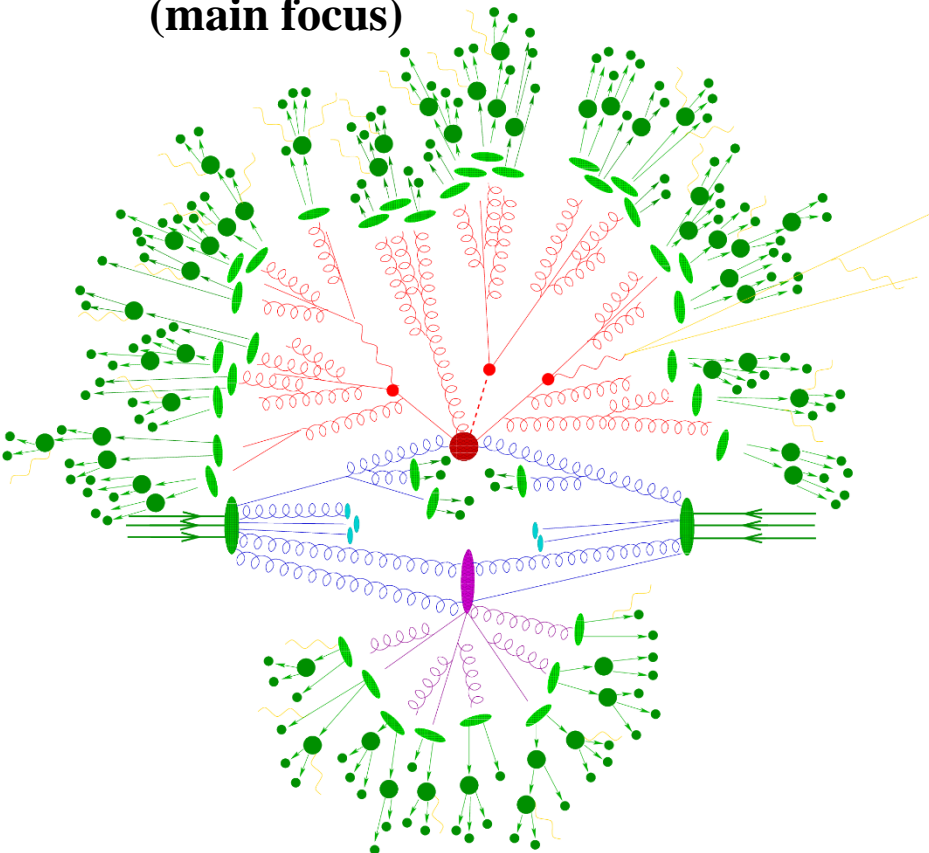
Main (ranked by impact on μ)
 uncertainties in VH with Higgs to bb:
 signal (x) and background (x)
 modelling

Theory uncertainties => largest impact
 on HH cross-section limit
 (after data stat)

Three Background Estimation Methods

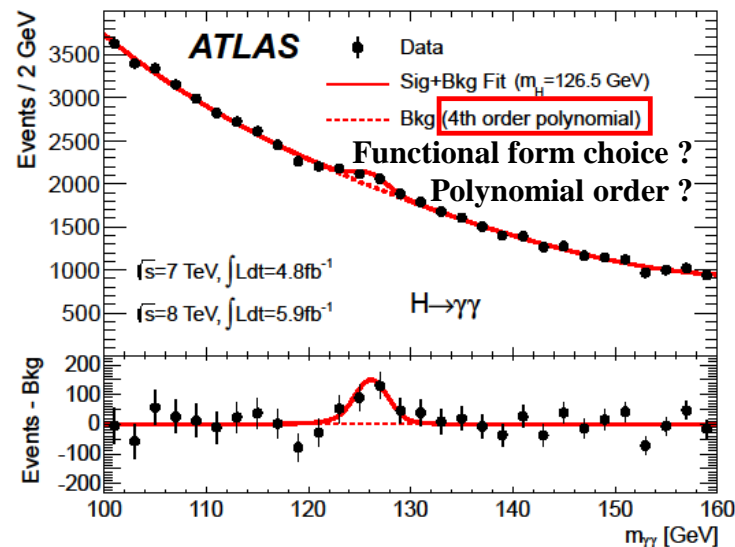
- Theory/Modelling uncertainty definition depends on analysis strategy for each process

1) Monte-Carlo based prediction (main focus)



2) Functional form fit to data

=> Backup <=



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3) Fully data driven estimate

- Binned templates from data in control-regions
- Uncertainty = data-stat

=> Not covered <=



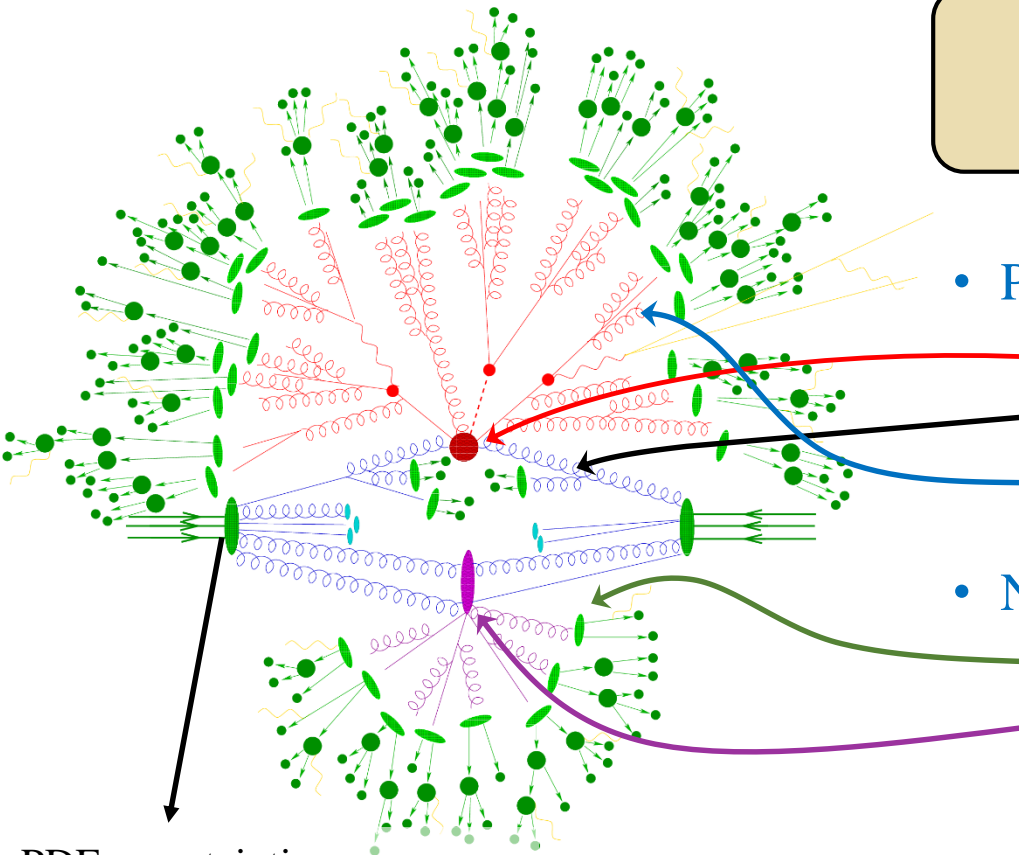
Theory uncertainties: concept



Theory/Modelling Uncertainties For MC Predictions

Theoretical point of view

*Theory uncertainties
cover various physical processes*



- **Perturbative QCD effects:**

- Matrix Element or Hard Scattering
- Initial State Radiation (ISR)
- Final State Radiation (FSR)

- **Non-perturbative QCD:**

- Hadronization and hadronic decays
- Underlying Events (UE) and Multiple-Parton Interaction (MPI)

PDF uncertainties

Not covered

See [Maria's](#) and [James'](#) talks



Input For The Estimation Of The Uncertainty

- Perturbative QCD effects:

- ✗ ✗ ➤ Matrix Element or Hard Scattering
- ✕ ✗ ✗ ➤ Initial State Radiation (ISR)
- ✕ ✗ ✗ ➤ Final State Radiation (FSR)

- Non-perturbative QCD:

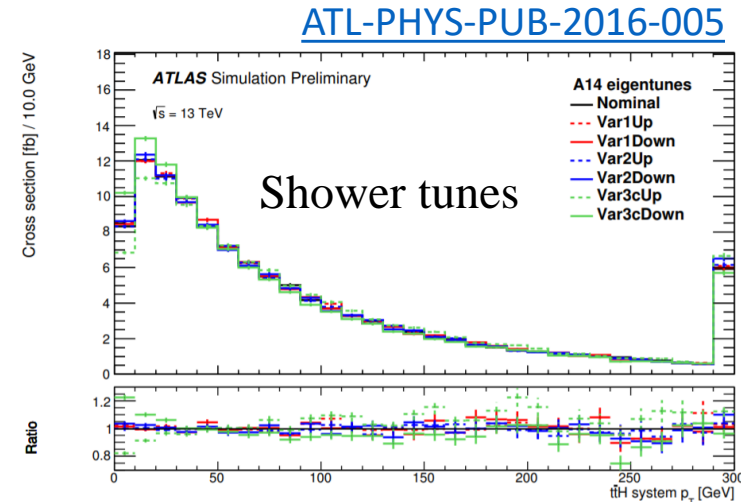
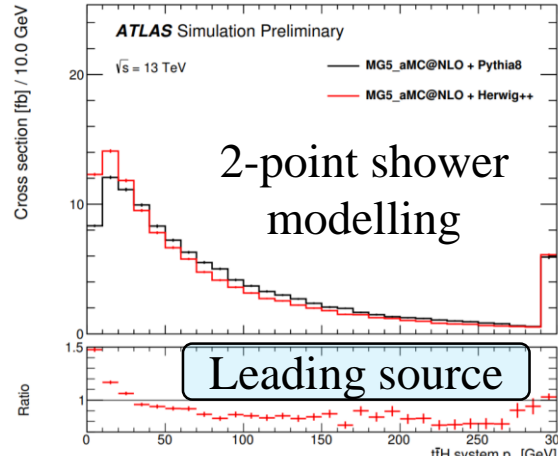
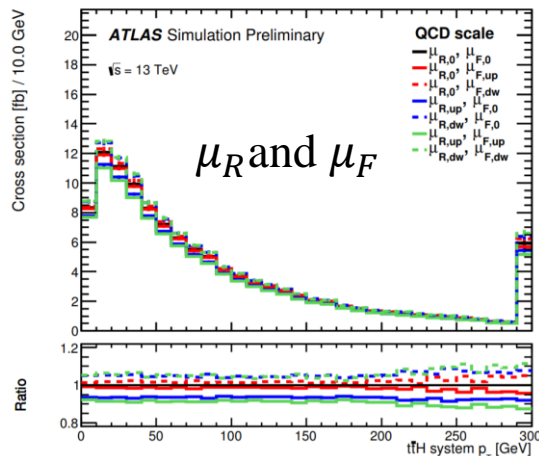
- ✕ ✗ ➤ Hadronization and hadronic decays
- ✕ ✗ ➤ Underlying Events (UE) and Multiple-Parton Interaction (MPI)

- Various inputs available to estimate theory uncertainties:

- Renormalization μ_R and factorization μ_F scales (✗)
- Shower tunes and hdamp (✕)
- “2-point comparisons”: difference between 2 generators (✗)

Clear decomposition does not necessarily exist !

- Impact on ttH system p_T of:



More on Parton-Shower ? See [James'](#) and [Keith's](#) talks



A Few Doors Ahead

- Perturbative QCD effects:

- ✘ \triangleright Matrix Element or Hard Scattering
- ✘ \triangleright Initial State Radiation (ISR)
- ✘ \triangleright Final State Radiation (FSR)

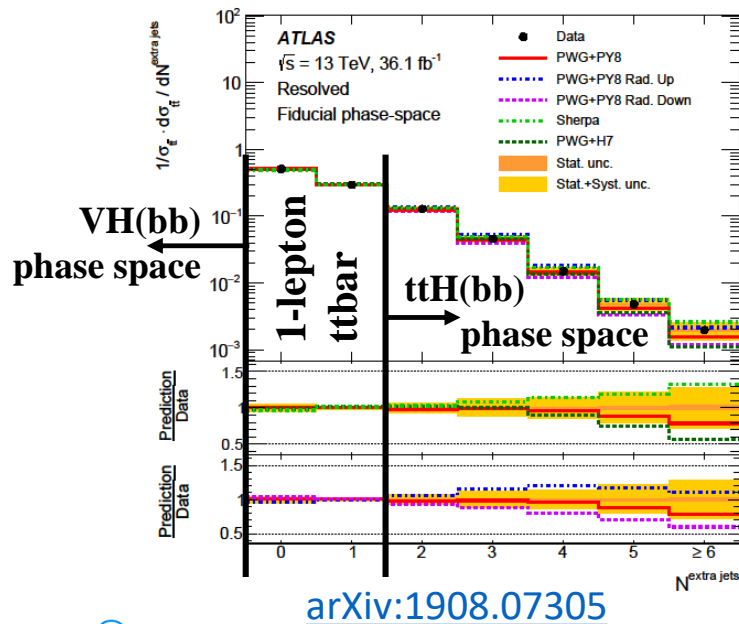
- Non-perturbative QCD:

- ✘ \triangleright Hadronization and hadronic decays
- ✘ \triangleright Underlying Events (UE) and Multiple-Parton Interaction (MPI)

- Ideal case: decompose uncertainty across all physical effects

- \triangleright Reduce impact of single uncertainties

- Make use of the increasing availability of data:



2-point uncertainties for Higgs signal:

- \triangleright $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, 4l differential well established
- \triangleright ttH and $H \rightarrow bb$ differential starting

Can start constraining Higgs models ?

2-point uncertainties for Higgs backgrounds:

- \triangleright Models tuned in process phase-space
- \triangleright More data \Rightarrow phase-space closer to Higgs ?

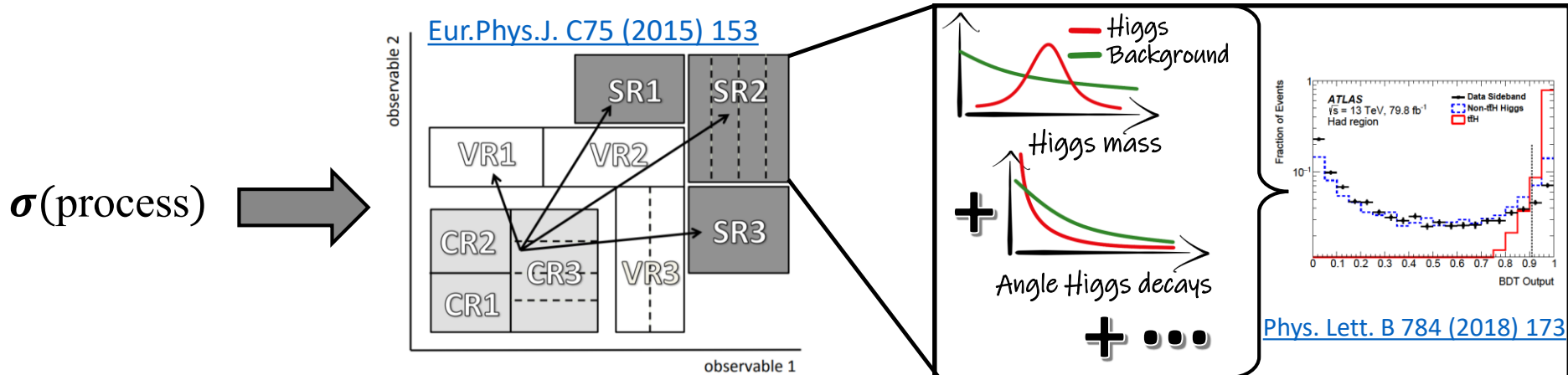


Theory uncertainties: parametrization



Theory Uncertainties Effects On The Analysis

Analysis point of view



Uncertainty on
cross-section

Uncertainty on
acceptance in and
across categories

In most cases: uncertainty on
p.d.f “**shapes**” in categories
Often: involve combination with
machine-learning

*Theory uncertainties cover unknowns in a
multi (large)-dimensional phase-space*

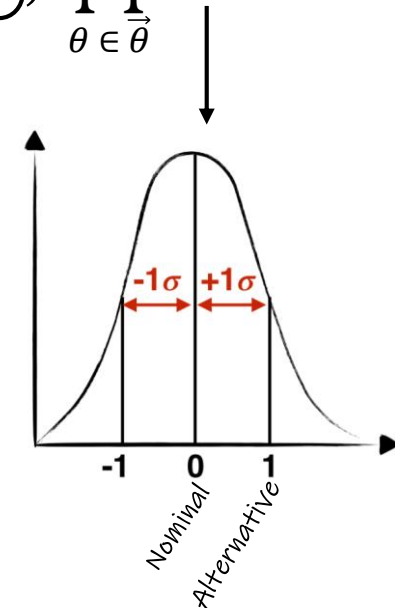
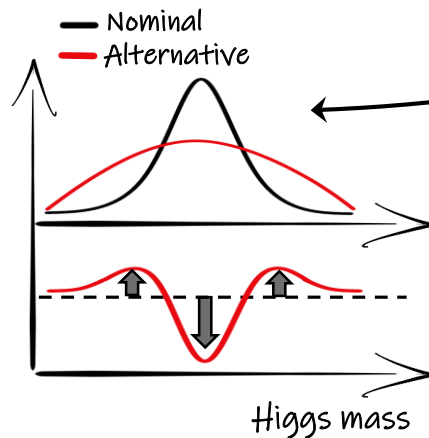


Theory Uncertainties Effects On The Analysis

- Distributions in all control and signal regions fitted simultaneously

- Binned Likelihood Fit

$$\mathcal{L}(\mu, \vec{\theta}) = \prod_{i \in \text{bins}} \text{Pois} \left(N_{data}^i \mid \mu \cdot \underbrace{N_{sig}^i(\vec{\theta}) + N_{bkg}^i(\vec{\theta})}_{\text{Nominal}} \right) \prod_{\theta \in \vec{\theta}} \text{PDF}(\theta)$$



Theory uncertainties = Nuisance Parameters:

- Distribution smoothly drifted from nominal to alternative prediction
- Post-fit uncertainty from Likelihood profiling
 - Can be reduced by data in control regions

Assume Gaussian penalty:

- 0 = nominal model
- 1σ = alternative generator
- Sort of arbitrary choice favoring nominal model



Background Theoretical Uncertainties

- Covering multi-aspects => require several independent uncertainties:
 - Decompose => reduce impact of single uncertainties, avoid large “over-constraints”
- Implementation analysis dependent

A snapshot

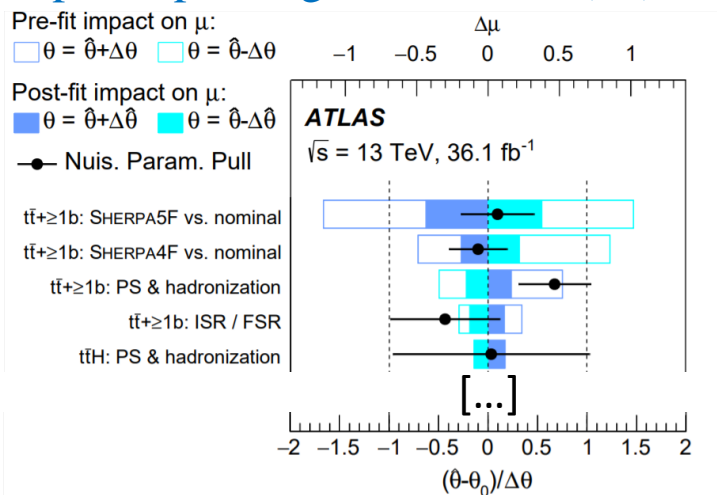
Origin based decomposition:

- Generator / PartonShower / Radiation
- Generator or PartonShower + Scales
- ...

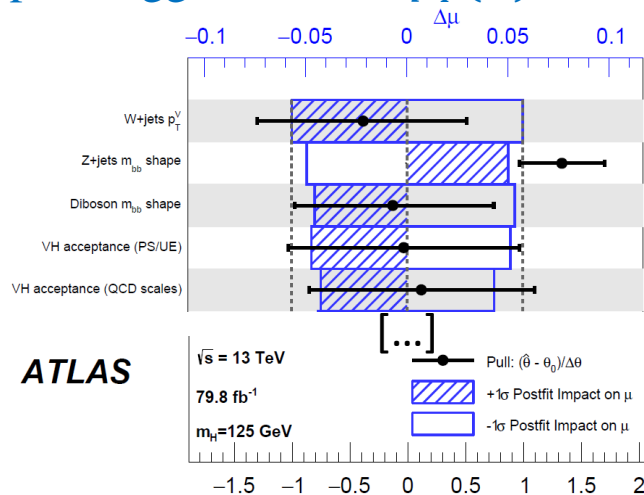
Observable based decomposition:

- Isolating effects along ‘analysis’ observables then treated uncorrelated
- In general max available variation in observable spectrum

Example: top backgrounds in ttH(bb)



Example: Higgs mass and $p_T(V)$ in VH(bb)



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Background Theoretical Uncertainties

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Origin based decomposition:

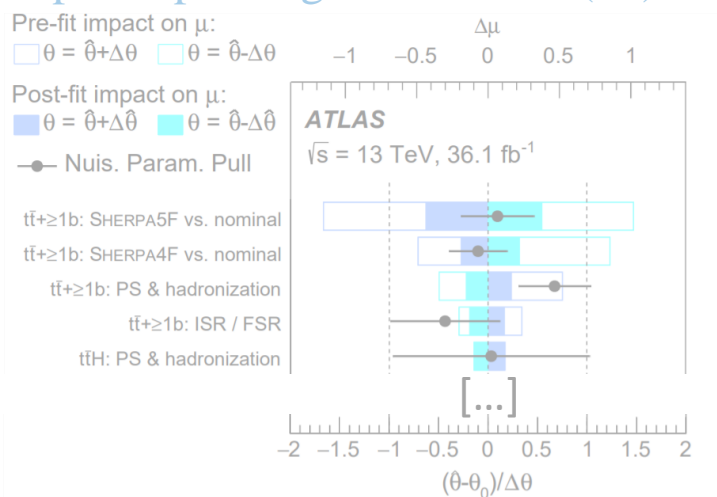
- Generator / PartonShower / Radiation
- Generator
- ...

Observable based decomposition:

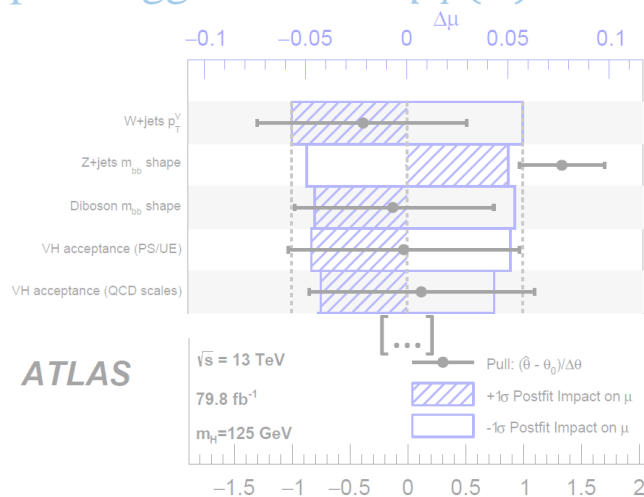
- Isolating effects along ‘analysis’ observables

Strong reduction of the uncertainty (usually in CR) transported to the signal region

Example: top backgrounds in $tt(\bar{b}b)$



Example: Higgs mass and p_T^V in $VH(bb)$



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Background Theoretical Uncertainties

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A snapshot

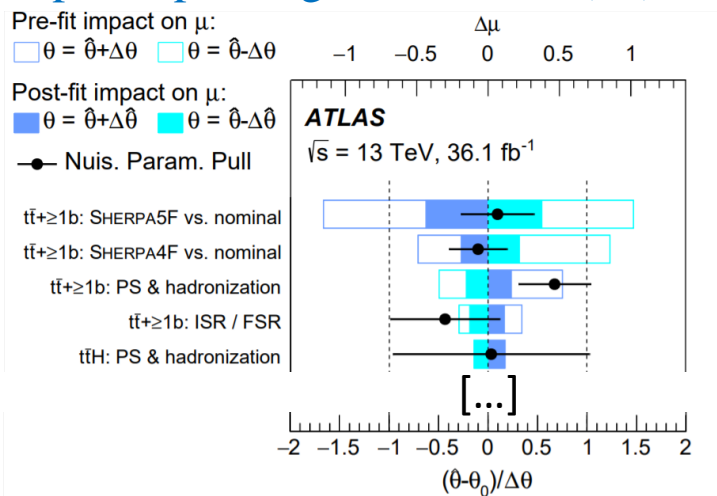
Origin based decomposition:

- Generator / PartonShower / Radiation
- Generator or PartonShower + Scales
- ...

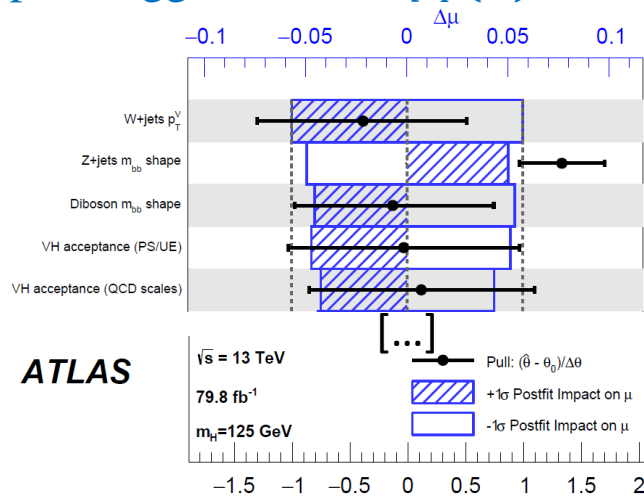
Observable based decomposition:

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Example: top backgrounds in ttH(bb)



Example: Higgs mass and $p_T(V)$ in VH(bb)



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Background Theoretical Uncertainties

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A snapshot

Origin based decomposition:

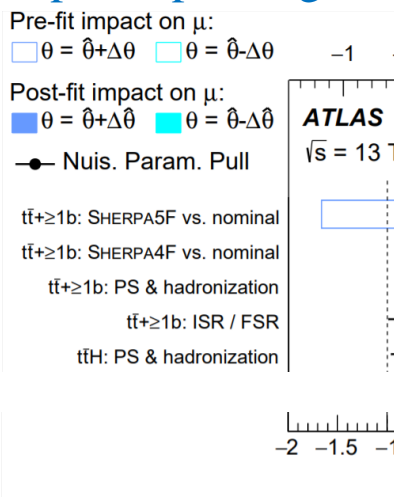
- Generator / PartonShower / Radiation
- Generator or PartonShower / Hadronization
- ...

Observable based decomposition:

- Isolating effects along ‘analysis’ observables
- ... to reduce the variation in

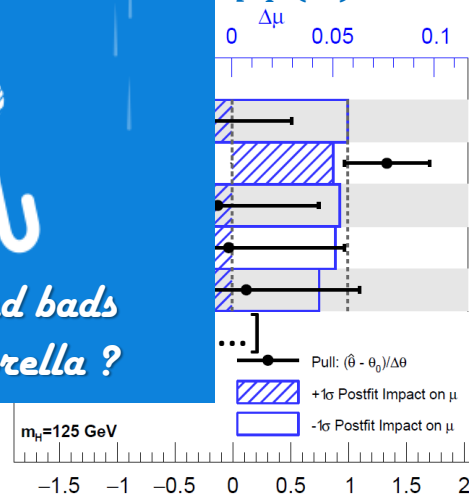
Example: top background

Phys. Rev. D 97 (2018) 072016



*Both approach have their goods and bads
To be placed under a common umbrella ?*

Example: $p_T(V)$ in $VH(bb)$

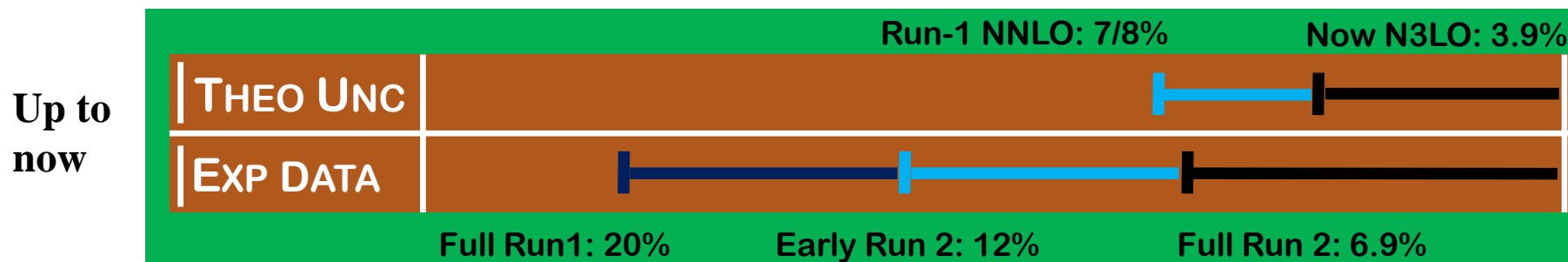


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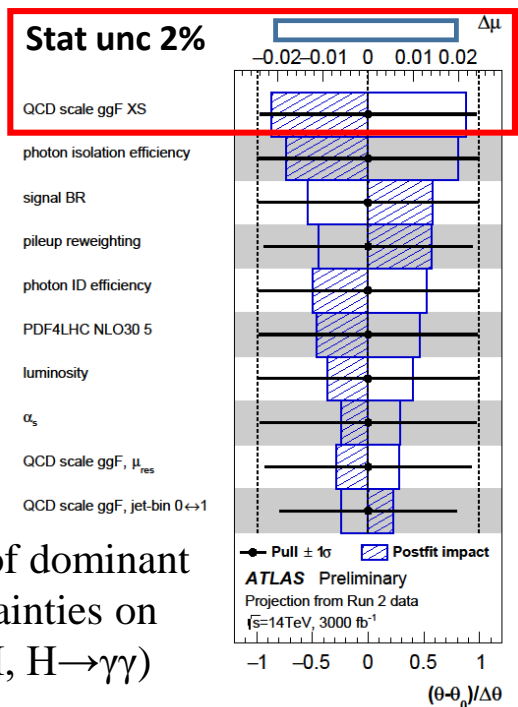


Signal Theory Uncertainties

- Higgs signal cross-section uncertainties generally from scale variations
- Example ggH cross-section uncertainty VS impact of data stat on $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$:



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Impact of dominant uncertainties on $\mu(\text{ggH}, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$

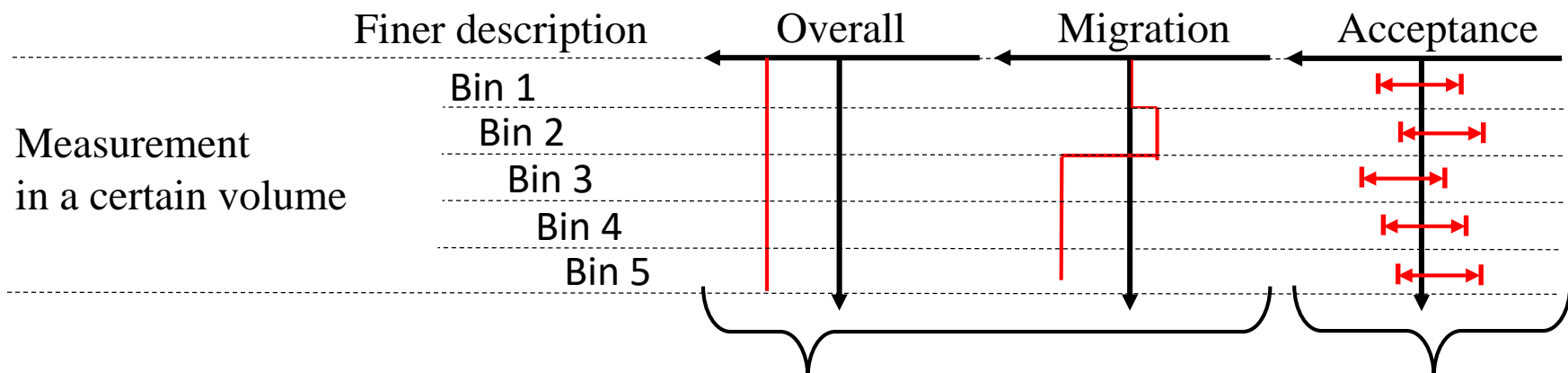
In $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
Impact of $\sigma(\text{ggH})$ uncertainty and of data-stat closing up

They will equalize at HL-LHC



Signal Theory Uncertainties

- Signal uncertainties reduced with “fiducial” or Simplified Template Cross-Section:



Impact of μ_R and μ_F on prediction decomposed:

- Keep only “migrations” with null total impact

Variation of acceptance changing shower model or tunes

Measurement region ($ y_H < 2.5, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$)	SM prediction [fb]	Result [fb]	Stat. unc. [fb]	Syst. unc. [fb]		
				Th. sig.	Th. bkg.	Exp.
3-POI scheme						
$W \rightarrow \ell\nu; p_T^V > 150 \text{ GeV}$	31.1 ± 1.4	35 ± 14	± 9	± 2	± 9	± 4
$Z \rightarrow \ell\ell, \nu\nu; 75 < p_T^V < 150 \text{ GeV}$	50.6 ± 4.1	81 ± 45	± 35	± 10	± 21	± 19
$Z \rightarrow \ell\ell, \nu\nu; p_T^V > 150 \text{ GeV}$	23.7 ± 3.0	28.4 ± 8.1	± 6.4	± 2.4	± 3.6	± 2.3

Removed

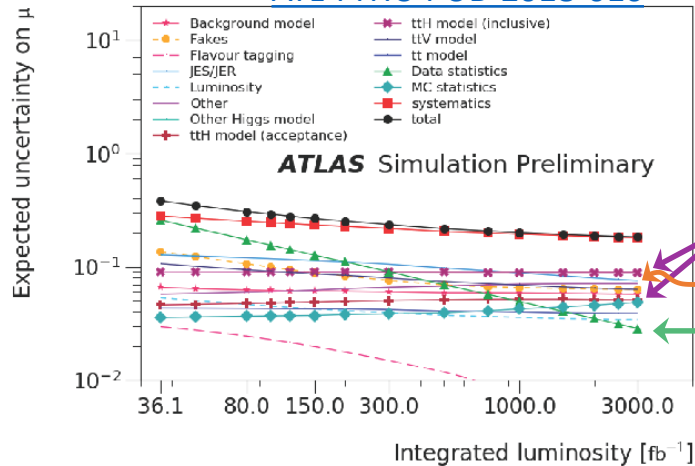
Kept

Illustration from
VH(bb) STXS
[JHEP 05 \(2019\) 141](https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.06208)



Conclusions

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-010



- Theory uncertainties are in phase to become main limitation

ttH theory uncertainties

Data-driven background and experimental uncertainties

Data-stat

- Many probes on the market:

- Scale variations, Monte-Carlo generator choice, Parton-Shower model/tune, ...
- Better disentangle physical stages => better understanding of the uncertainty
- Differential measurements still stat limited; approaching constraints soon ?

- Better uncertainty decomposition: reduced single systematic uncertainty impact

- Cover several shapes and acceptances
- Signal theory uncertainties reduced with fiducial/STXS
 - But important for interpretation
- Origin or/and observable based decomposition ?
 - Avoid propagation of constrain between different physics



Thank you for your attention

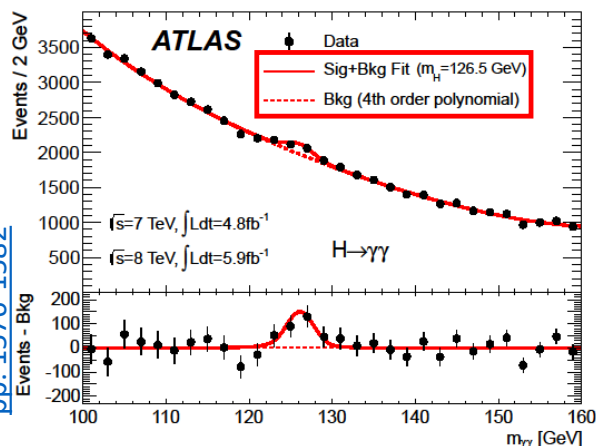


Backup



Theory/Modelling In Parametric Fits To Data

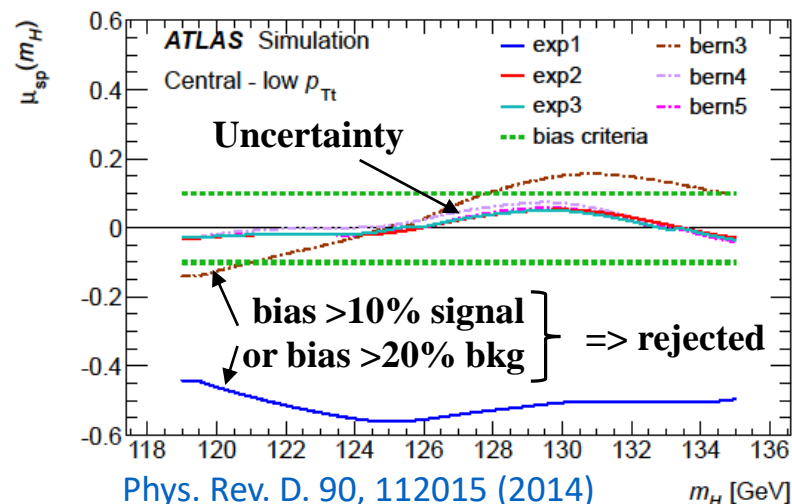
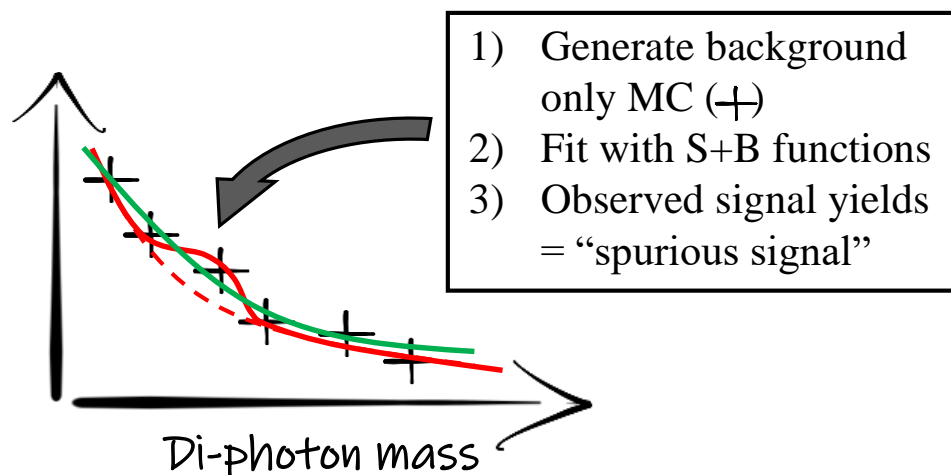
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Large uncertainties on choice of parametric function

Source	Uncertainty (%)
Statistics	6.9
Signal extraction syst.	7.9
Photon energy scale & resolution	4.6
Background modelling (spurious signal)	6.4
Correction factor	2.6
Pile-up modelling	2.0
Photon identification efficiency	1.2
Photon isolation efficiency	1.1
Trigger efficiency	0.5
Theoretical modelling	0.5
Photon energy scale & resolution	0.1
Luminosity	1.7
Total	11.0

- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ signal: impact of photon reconstruction on width and position
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ backgrounds: uncertainty on signal = potential bias from function choice
 - Spurious signal test



Additional references

- Status table p2

- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ full run 2: [ATLAS-CONF-2019-029](#)
- $H \rightarrow 4l$ full run 2: [ATLAS-CONF-2019-025](#)
- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ 36.1 fb^{-1} : [Phys. Rev. D 99 \(2019\) 072001](#)

- Racing p14 $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$:

- Run 1: [Phys. Rev. D. 90, 112015 \(2014\)](#)
- Early Run 2: [Phys. Rev. D 98 \(2018\) 052005](#)
- Full Run 2 (see above)

