On High-Tech Entrepreneurship

• Ideation, Validation & Execution



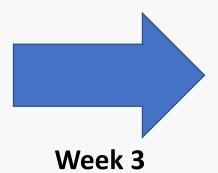
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CESP 2019

CERN Entrepreneurship Student Programme







Check-in with teams via Skype



Jury



Prologue

Entrepreneurship is hard but high-tech entrepreneurship is even harder



Often involves high-risk, delicate and sophisticated technology applied in the real world.



Unstoppable force meets an immovable object.



Ideation



Who are you?



Ideation

Why are you the right person?

Be first

Or be better

Revolutionise?

Problem Specific

Do you know the industry?

Does your background fit for the technology?

Can you find someone to support you in the industry? Does your background fit for the technology?

Do you have 5 people in your LinkedIn network or network from that industry?

Do you know the industry?

Do you know something that no one does?

What problem do you know that you can solve?



Check for the competition



There is a gap in the market but is there a market in the gap?



Find your niche



Start talking to Potential Customers



Lean Customer Development



Lean Customer Development

Ask your connections for introductions

Go to industry events / create your own

Message directly to your contacts

1st or 2nd connections on LinkedIn

Cold e-mails

Get as much as info you can from your contacts.



Developing your product with potential customers

Goal is to try to understand if there is a need in the industry



Lean Customer Development

Tell them what problem you are working on.

Ask how they currently solve it

Learn their experiences with the problem

Tell them about your idea. Do not be afraid.

Is it really a problem in the industry?

Get them involved in the ideation.

How do they think it can be solved?

Certifications Required?



Ideation

Revolutionise?

Problem Specific

What are the regulations/law ?

Certifications Required?

Do you know something that no one does?

Start talking to customers

How long does it usually take to bring a product into this market?



Why would a senior industry expert talk to an entrepreneur?



Achilles' Heel



We all like to talk about ourselves.

Everyone likes to sound smart.



And we all by nature like to help one another.



Flatter the person you are talking to



Do not be a salesperson



Be the young entrepreneur who seeks to make a change.



Ask for help. There is no shame in it.



Remember you are a student seeking to learn.



Show them you are trying to learn



Do not try to sell anything at this early stage.



Gain Knowledge – this is your most valuable profit in the next 5 weeks



Remember, get them involved – make them part of your journey.



More lessons on lean customer development



Do not write long e-mails



Not too short, not too long – to the point.



Know who you are reaching out to



Know what you need from this person



Add some credibility to yourself



Tell them the problem you are working on



Ask for a minimal request for time



Something like this:

Hello, my name is and I am I am currently part of CERN Entrepreneurship Student Programme at CERN in Geneva, Switzerland. I am looking into learning more about
It would be highly valuable for me to hear/learn from your experience and knowledge is the field and ask your opinion on a few subjects.
If I may, may I ask for a quick phone call please?
Thank you.
All the Best/Kind Regards.

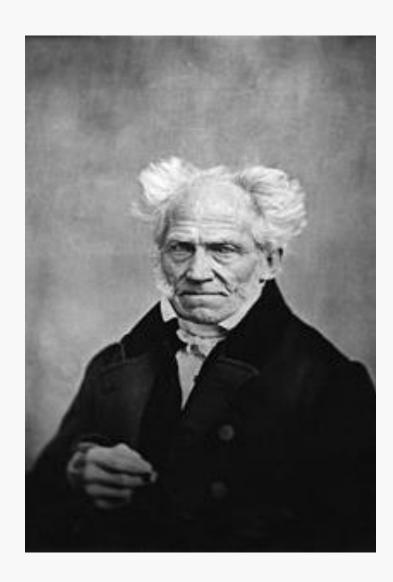


During your call.

- Ask them what the current problem in the industry?
- How do they solve it currently?
- Ask how they think it can be solved?
- Include them in your ideation.
- People will be willing to even help more if you include them and show them that their ideas are appreciated.
- Always thank them and show them you appreciate their time.
- Ask them about the competition.
- How much are they paying for the current solution?
- How much they think your solution would worth?



- Talk to more experts in the field.





"The task is not so much to see what no one has yet seen, but to think what nobody yet has thought about that which everybody sees." - Arthur Schopenhauer.



Innovation can mean doing something completely new but it can also mean making a new combination of things that already exist.



Morphological Box (Zwicky Box)



Hold high opinion of a recognised leader/organisation



Include their work in your own work



Adopt new rising trends



Hold opposite beliefs in each hand.



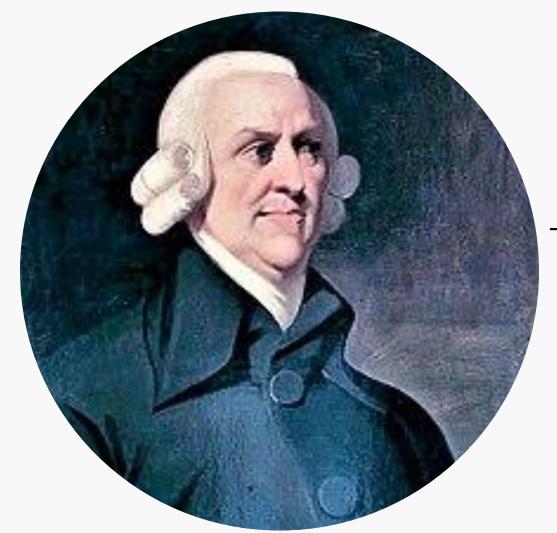
You found the **IDEA**.

Validated with the commercial experts that you are working on a real problem in an industry.

Or you are revolutionising and found a new gap in the market where you can be first.



You are excited and enthusiastic.





"Science is the great antidote to the poison of enthusiasm and superstition."



Validation





- Check your science. Most of the high-technologies are quite good at laboratories and experimentation. But in real world, there might be risks that can easily be overseen.
- Check your science and technology and see how the real world application can work.
- You are perhaps one of the best people in your relative field but none of us is smarter than all of us.
- Find the right experts in the area. Talk to them and ask them the right questions.
- Get them as advisers if you can.

Validation



- Talk to experts in the field.
- Research the articles in the field.
- Find the state-of-the-art of your field.
- Talk to potential customers.





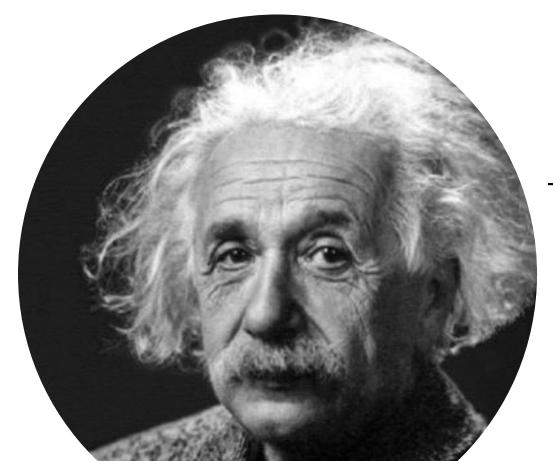
- Why now?

- Why no one has built what you are building before?



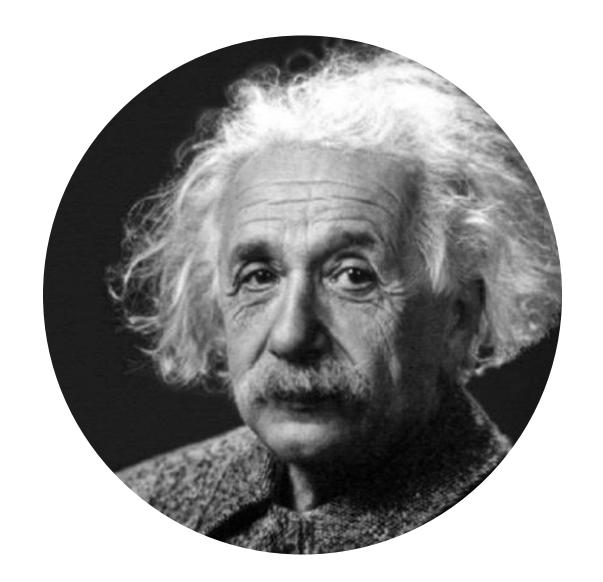
Execution

- No area of science is a closed book containing all the answers.
- High-tech entrepreneur walks hand-to-hand with science.
- Some ideas can be wrong and can be abandoned. That's the way science always works.





"Imagination is more important than knowledge. For knowledge is limited, whereas imagination embraces the entire world, stimulating progress, giving birth to evolution."





"There is not the slightest indication that nuclear energy will ever be obtainable. It would mean that the atom would have to be shattered at will. " Albert Einstein 1934.



Validation

- Listen to experts' advice but do not always do what they exactly tell you to do.
- Take advice not always opinions.

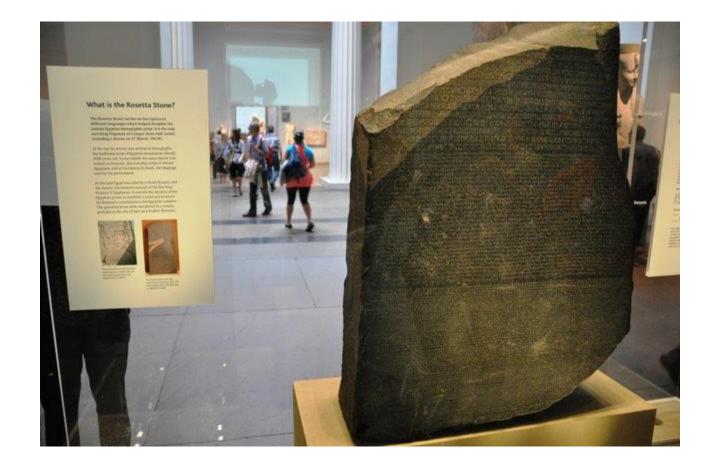


You now have checked the science with experts. Validated with customers. – What's next?



Rosetta Stone



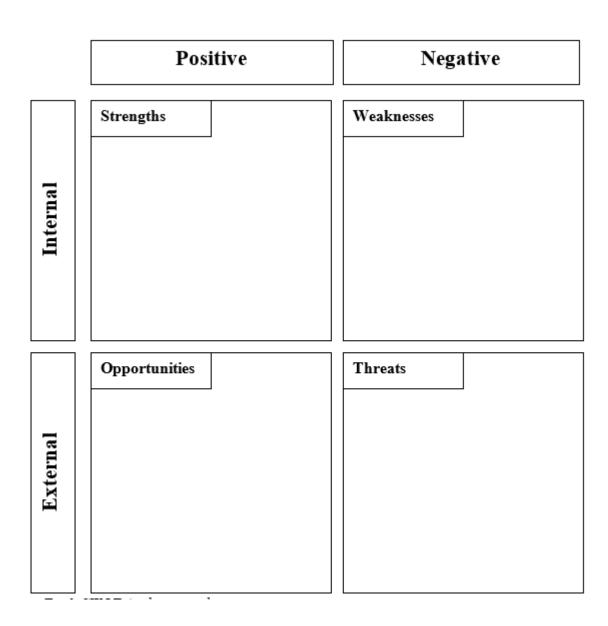




Write yours

SWOT Analysis

- Strengths
- Weaknesses
- Opportunities
- Threats



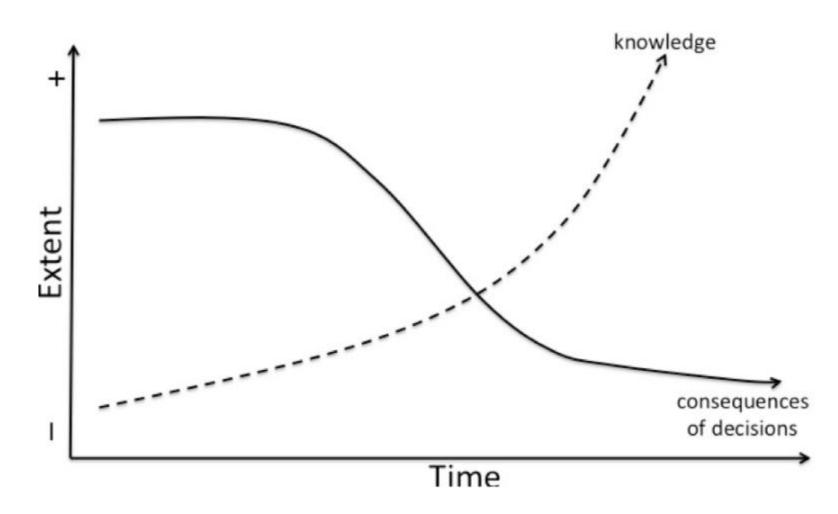




Execution

Consequences Model







Try and work with Universities



If you do not have a prototype, built your prototype with them.



If you have a prototype, have them as advisors.



Get Letters of Support if you can from your advisers and supporters.



Digest your decisions.



Not always consistent but definite



Things can change as you gain new information.



Attention to detail, the beauty is usually there – but do not get lost in your thoughts.



During execution, make prompt decisions – get the job done.



Your opinion can change as you gain new knowledge – do not be hard on yourself.



Do not be afraid of a pivot if necessary.



Passion, hard-work and most importantly determination.



Avoid VCs as long as you can – look for grants, government, university funding.



Remember to keep your customers in the loop – update them, perhaps they will help you with trials.



Decentralised, flexible R&D Strategy