# Measurement of the CP Violating Phase $\varphi_s$ in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi h^+h^-$ Decays at LHCb Jennifer Zonneveld on behalf of the LHCb Collaboration LHCC 2019, CERN, Geneva (Switzerland)

#### **CP** Violating Phase $\varphi_s$

The decays  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ K^-$  and  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$  can proceed via the same decay diagram. Being a neutral particle, the  $B_s^0$ meson can **oscillate** into its anti-particle.

## $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^+K^-$ 2015 and 2016 Analysis

Determination of  $\varphi_s$ ,  $\Gamma_s$ , the average width in the  $B_s^0$  system, and  $\Delta\Gamma_s$ , the decay width difference of the light (L) and heavy (H)  $B_s^0$  mass eigenstates. A **multidimensional fit** is performed to the decay time and the three helicity angles to **disentangle** the *CP*-even and *CP*-odd components.

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LHCb Unotficial $\lambda$ $\sim$ 3000 F	



 $J/\psi$ 

**Interference** between direct decay and via oscillation gives rise to the CP violating phase  $\varphi_s$ , which is precisely predicted by the Standard Model:

 $\varphi_s^{SM} \approx -2\beta_s \equiv -2\arg\left(-\frac{V_{ts}V_{tb}^*}{V_{cs}V_{cb}^*}\right) = -0.037 \pm 0.001 \text{ rad [1]}$ However this value could be significantly affected by **New Physics**, which makes it experimentally very interesting. The current World Average is in agreement with the Standard Model and is dominated by LHCb:





## $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ 2015 and 2016 Analysis

Access to  $\varphi_s$  and  $\Gamma_H$ , the decay width of the heavy  $B_s^0$  mass eigenstate, by fitting **simultaneously** the *CP*-even and *CP*-odd decay amplitudes to decay time, the three helicity angles and  $m(\pi^+\pi^-)$ . [6]

### $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi h^+ h^-$ Run 1 Analyses

**Time-dependent amplitude analysis** of **3 fb<sup>-1</sup>** of Run 1 data using  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^+K^-$  [3, 4] and  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+\pi^-$  [5] leads to a combined result of:

 $\varphi_s = 0.001 \pm 0.037$  rad **Flavour tagging, decay time resolution, decay time acceptance** and **angular acceptance** are essential ingredients for this precise result.

#### Flavour Tagging





#### **Expected Precision**

- $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^+K^-$  statistical uncertainty  $\sigma_{stat} \sim 0.041$  rad and including Run 1  $\sigma_{stat} \sim 0.030$  rad
- $B_s^0 \to J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$  statistical uncertainty  $\sigma_{stat} \sim 0.060$  rad and

To determine  $\varphi_s$  it is crucial to properly **tag** the *b* quark flavour at production. The OS and SS taggers are exploited to determine the **effective tagging efficiency**:

 $\varepsilon_{eff} = \varepsilon_{tag} (1 - 2\omega)^2$ Analysis of **1.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>** 2015 and 2016 data determines the effective tagging efficiency to be roughly 5% for both  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ K^$ and  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ .

- including Run 1  $\sigma_{stat} \sim 0.044$  rad [6]
- LHCb sensitivity is expected to reach < 0.003 rad with Phase-II Upgrade [7]



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[4] The LHCb Collaboration, R. Aaij *et al.*, Resonances and *CP* violation in B<sup>0</sup><sub>s</sub> and B<sup>0</sup><sub>s</sub> → J/ψ K<sup>+</sup>K<sup>-</sup> decays in the mass region above the φ(1020), *JHEP* 08 037 (2017)
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[6] LHCb-PAPER-2019-003, *in preparation*[7] The LHCb Collaboration, R. Aaij *et al.*, Physics case for an LHCb Upgrade II, CERN-LHCC-2018-027 (2018)