



Contribution ID: 355

Type: **Talk**

[622] LaVO₃ Thin Films under Epitaxial Strain

Wednesday 28 August 2019 14:15 (15 minutes)

Interplay between spin, charge, orbital and lattice degrees of freedom is extremely strong and at the origin of numerous phenomena in complex oxides [1]. The bulk 3d² LaVO₃ showcases an interesting phase diagram where the low temperature orbital and spin ordering are strongly dependent upon the A cations size [2]. The GdFeO₃-type distortions remove the t_{2g} degeneracy and modify the bandwidth to generate a Mott state. Above the transition temperature (140 K), LaVO₃ is a paramagnetic insulator while below, an orbital and spin order establishes [3]. The transition can be described mainly by one-dimensional orbital correlations between dx_z and dy_z states since the lowest energy dxy orbitals have an occupation number close to one. We have explored different effects of biaxial strain in epitaxial thin films of LaVO₃. X-ray diffraction reveals that the layers accommodate the strain imposed by the substrate assuming different patterns of octahedral tilts and rotations. We used temperature dependent X-ray diffraction, muon spectroscopy and optical conductivity to investigate how the strain-induced crystal field splitting [4] alters the d-d orbital correlations.

- [1] D. I. Khomskii, Transition metal compounds (Cambridge University Press, 2014).
- [2] Y. Ren et al., Nature (London) 396, 441 (1998); Phys. Rev.B 67, 014107 (2003).
- [3] M. De Raychaudhury, E. Pavarini, and O. Andersen, Phys. Rev. Lett. 99, 126402 (2007).
- [4] G. Sclauzero, K. Dymkowski, and C. Ederer, Phys. Rev. B 94, 245109 (2016).

Author: MELEY, Hugo (DQMP, Université de Genève)

Presenter: MELEY, Hugo (DQMP, Université de Genève)

Session Classification: MaNEP: Correlations and topology in quantum matter