

The background of the slide is a light gray gradient with several realistic water droplets of various sizes scattered across it. The droplets have highlights and shadows, giving them a three-dimensional appearance. The main title is centered in a large, bold, black sans-serif font.

FEASIBILITY STUDIES OF FEMTOSCOPIC MEASUREMENTS IN MPD

DANIEL WIELANEK

NICA DAY 2019

OUTLINE

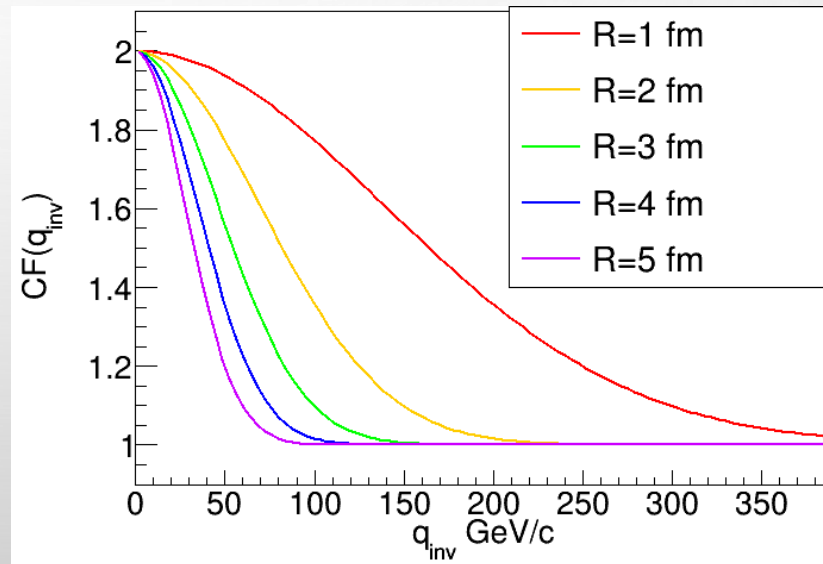
- MOTIVATION
- ANALYSIS
 - SOFTWARE
 - DATA SELECTION
 - RESULTS
- SUMMARY

MOTIVATION

- ACCESS TO INFORMATION ABOUT SPATIOTEMPORAL STRUCTURE OF THE EVENT

$$CF(q) = \frac{N(q)}{D(q)}$$

$$q = p_1 - p_2$$



SOFTWARE

- URQMD 3.4 FOR SIMULATION OF MC-DATA
- MPDROOT (MAY 2018 VERSION) FOR SIMULATION OF DETECTOR RESPONSE
- NICAFEMTO
 - CALCULATION OF CF
 - FITTING CF

DATA

- 3.6 M AU+AU EVENTS
- ENERGY: $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 11 \text{ GeV}$
- CENTRALITY 0-5% (IMPACT PARAMETER $< 3.5 \text{ FM}$)

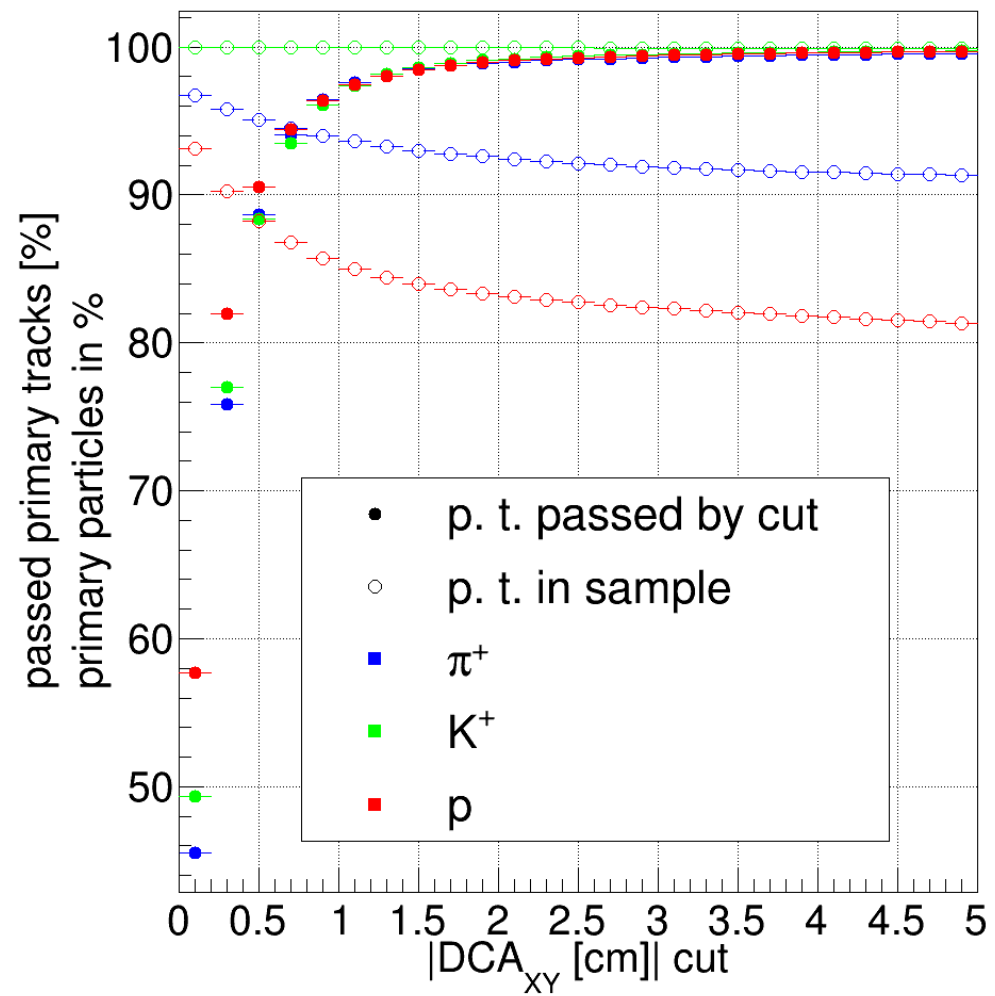
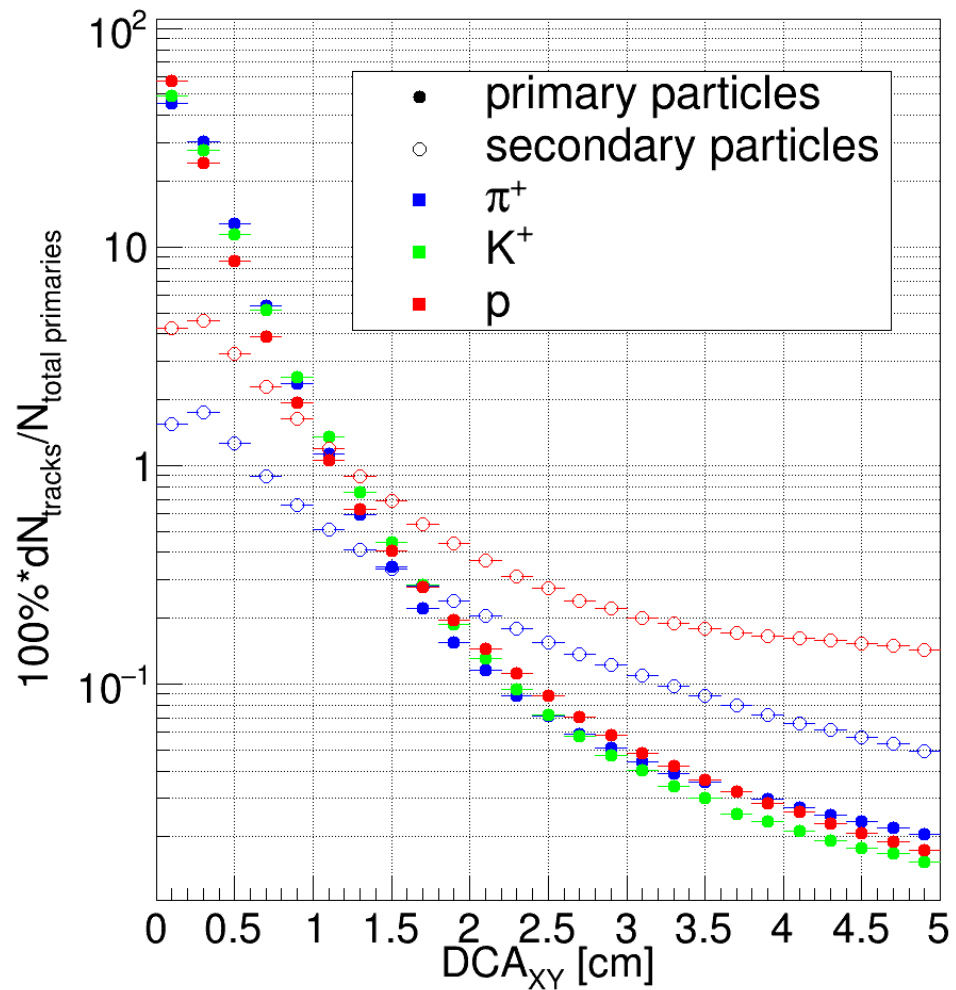
DATA

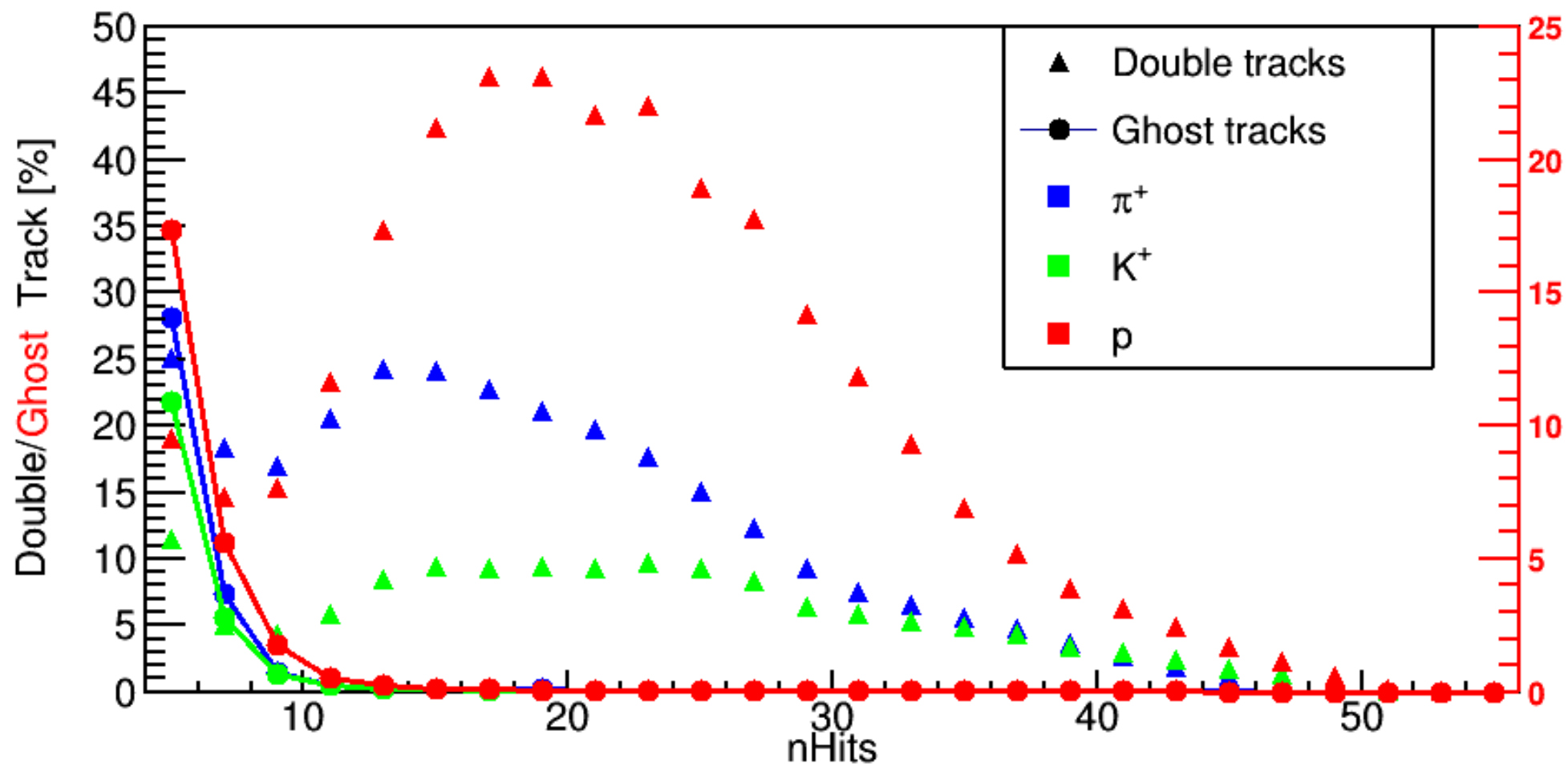
- SIMULATED WITH STANDARD MACROS
- COLLISION POSITION FIXED AT (0,0,0)

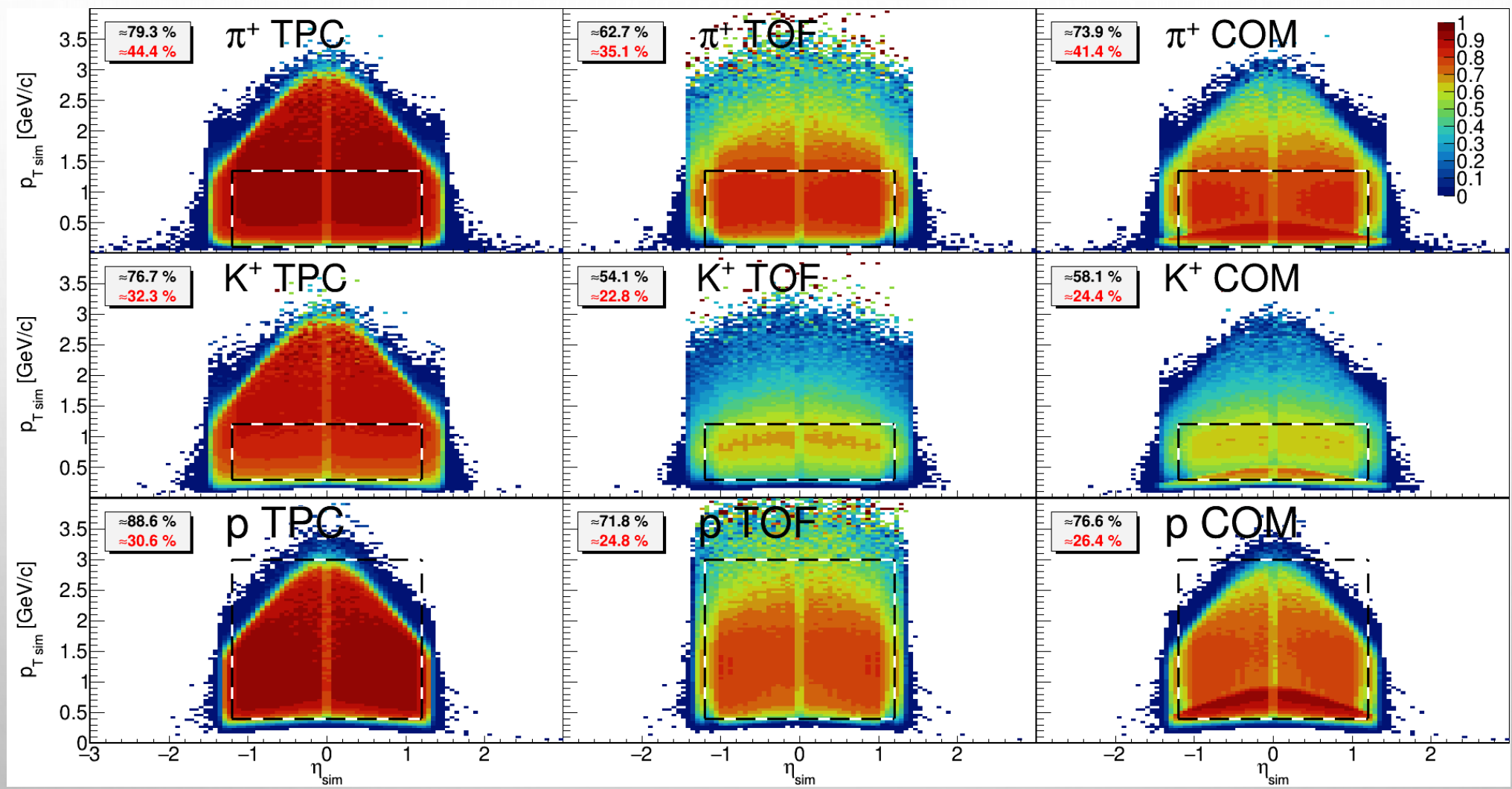
DATA SELECTION

- I FOCUSED ON $\pi^+\pi^+$ CORRELATIONS, THEREFORE I SHOULD SELECT
 - PRIMARY PIONS
 - RELATIVELY WELL RECONSTRUCTED

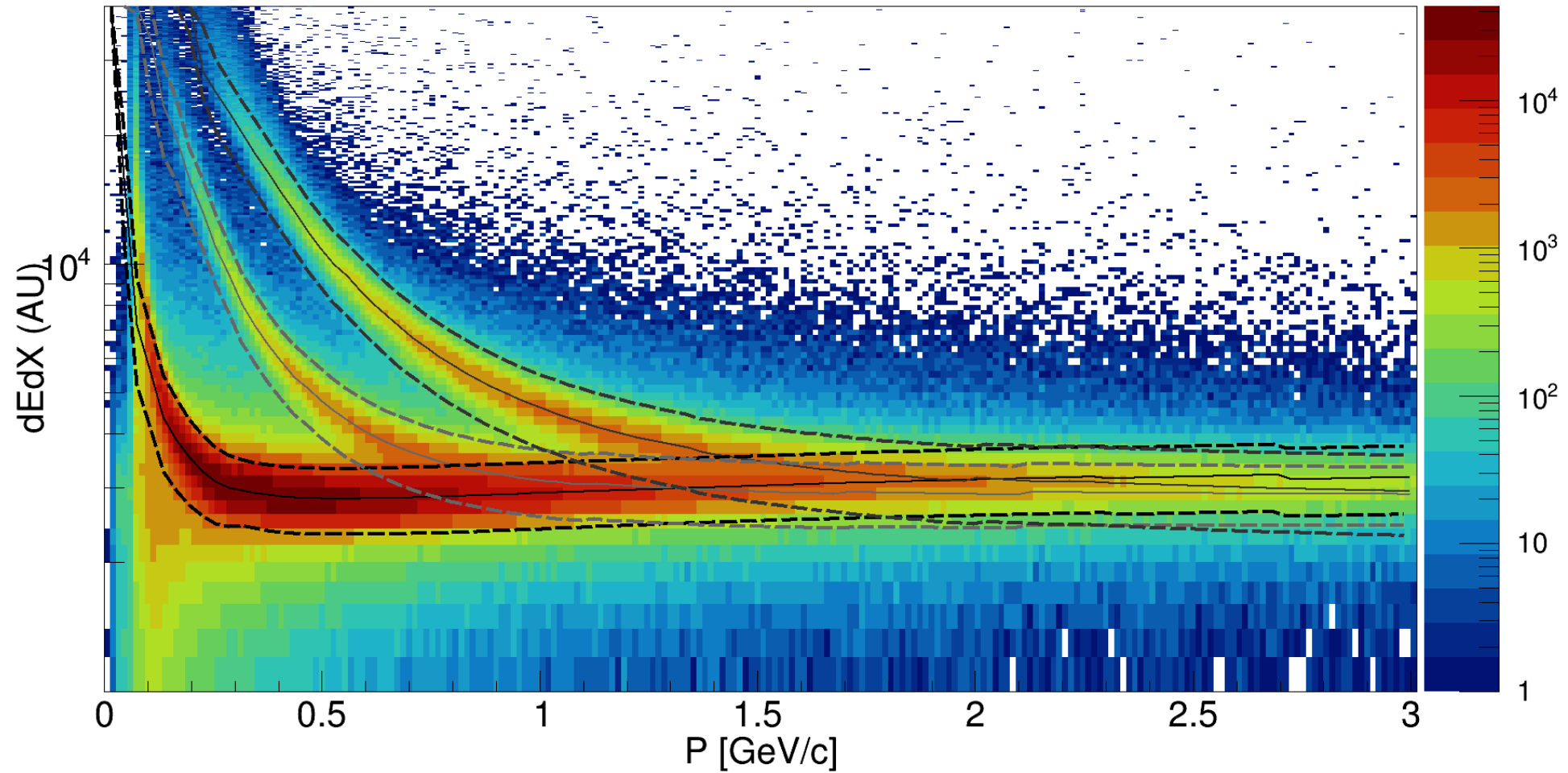
TRACK CUTS

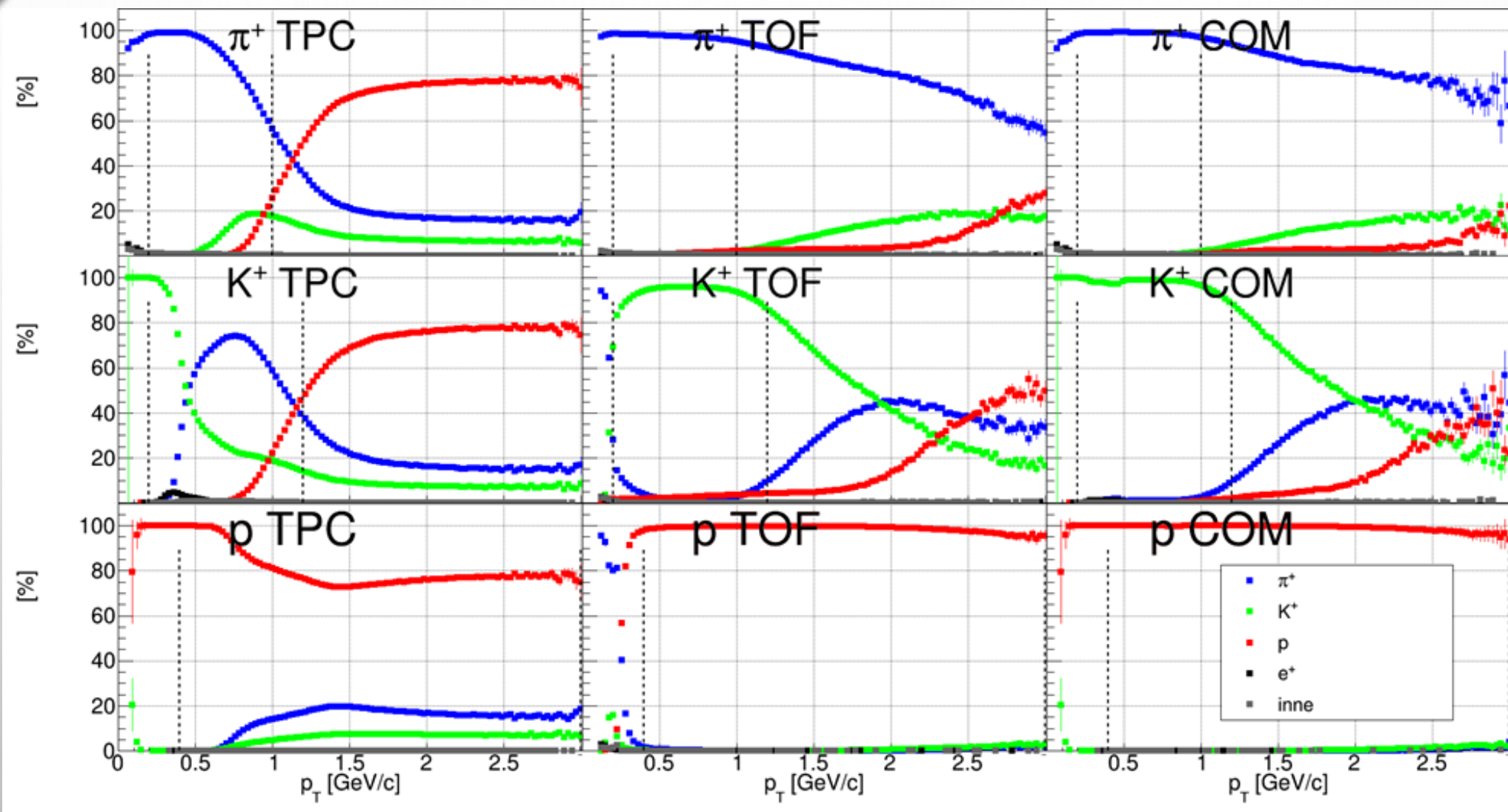






P vs $dEdX_{re}$





DATA SELECTION

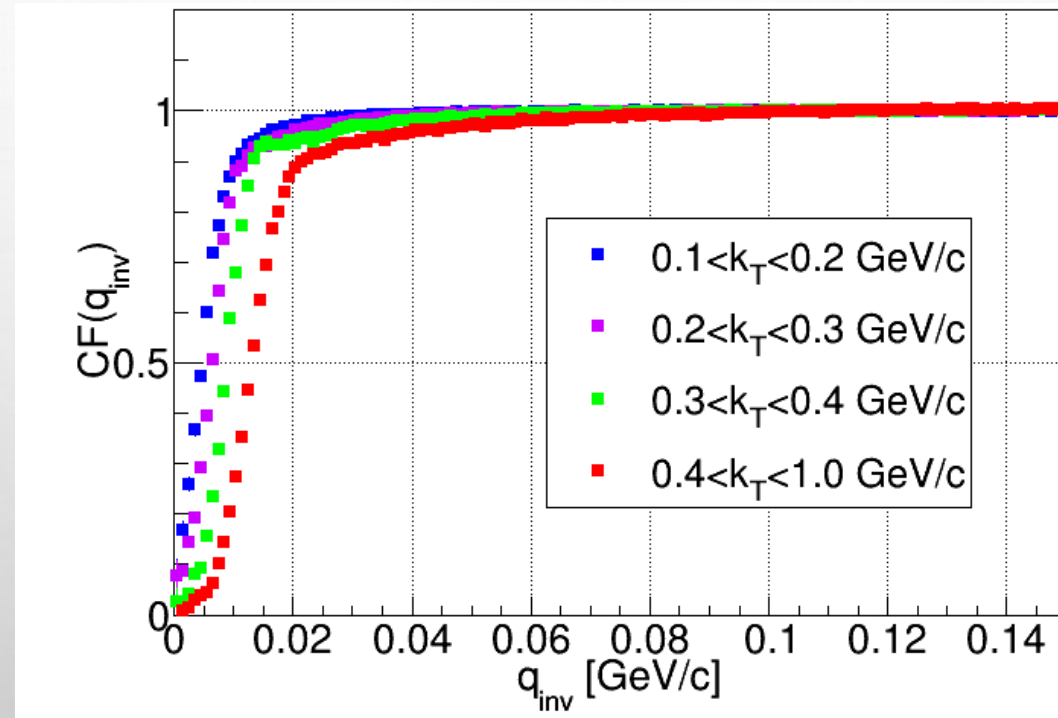
- TRACK CUTS

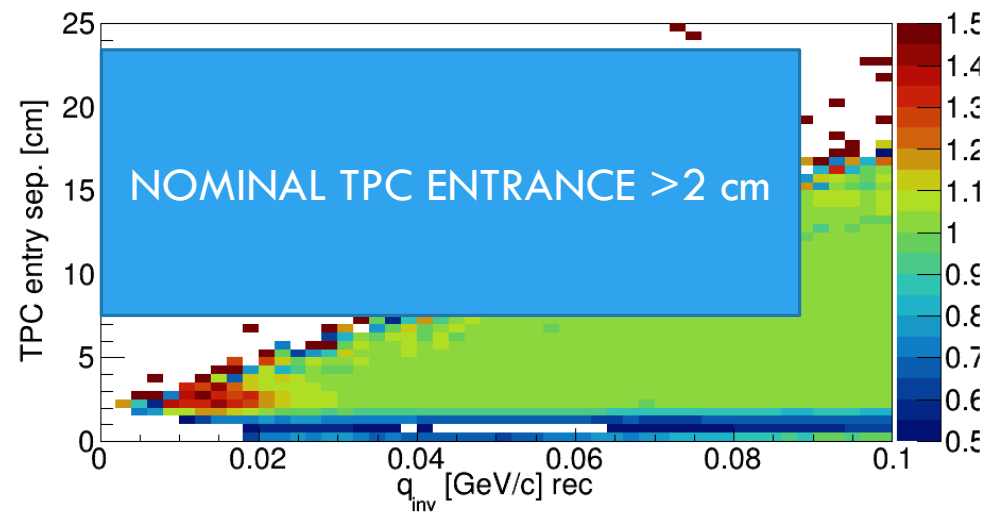
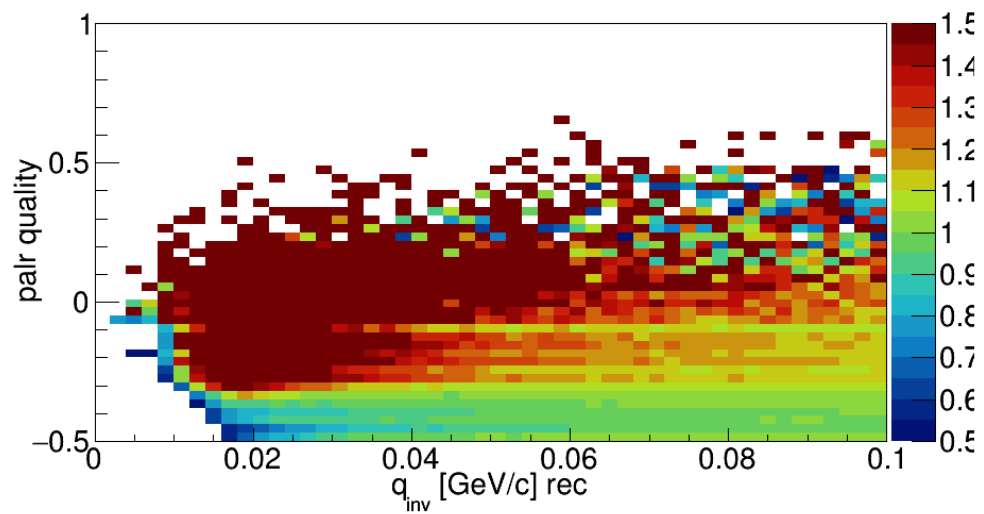
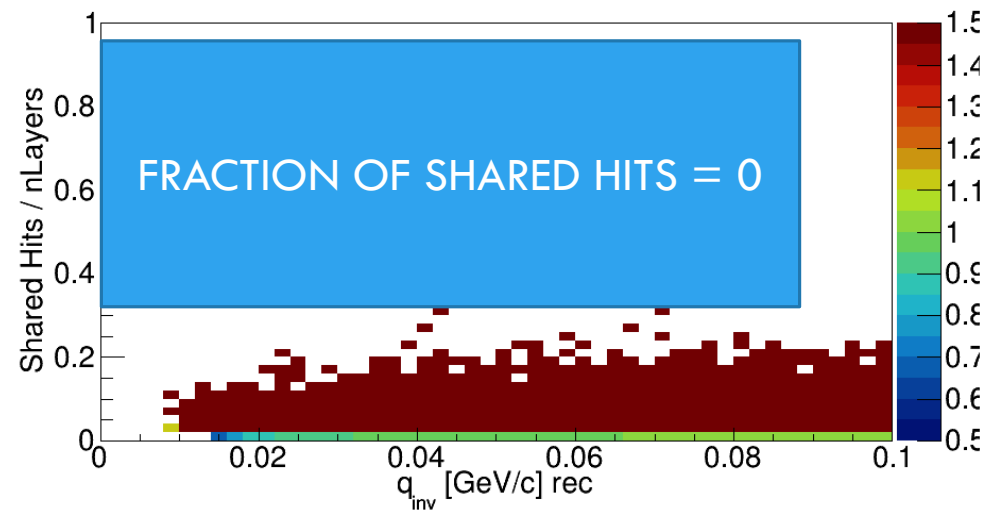
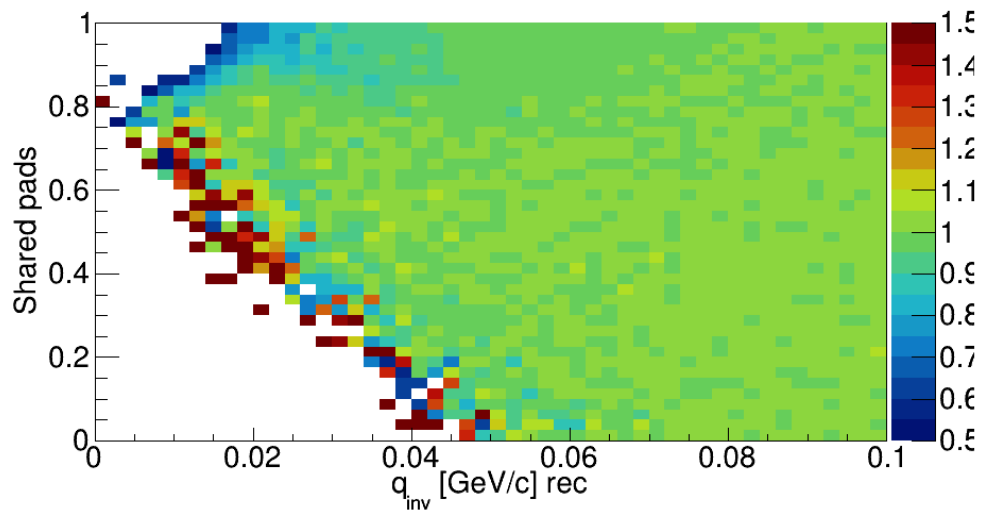
- $DCA_{XY} < 1.25 \text{ CM}$
- $|DCA_z| < 0.75 \text{ CM}$
- $NHITS > 29$
- $|\eta| < 1.2$
- $|PION \ N-SIGMA| < 2$
- $0.3 < M^2 < 0.15 \text{ GEV}^2/\text{C}^4$ IF $P > 0.5 \text{ GEV}/\text{C}$

CORRELATION FUNCTION

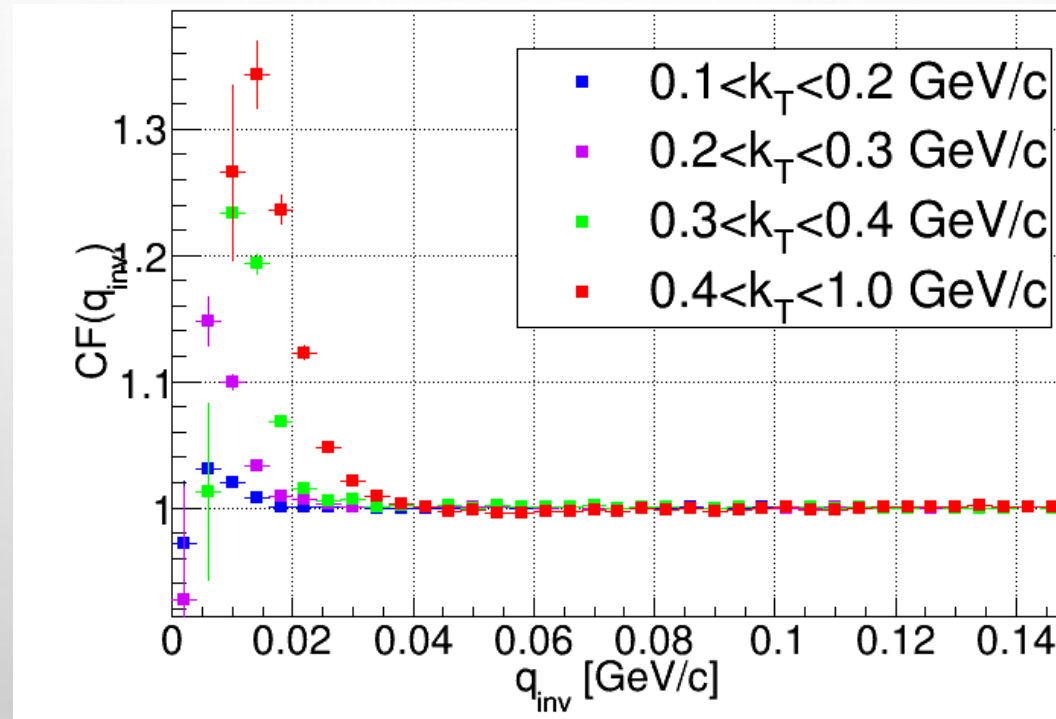
- „RAW FUNCTION” – NO FEMTOSCOPIC WEIGHTS, NO TWO-PARTICLE CUTS:
 - $CF=1$ – EXPECTED
 - $CF<1$ – MERGING (RECONSTRUCTION OF A PAIR AS A SINGLE PARTICLE)
 - $CF>1$ – SPLITTING (RECONSTRUCTION OF A PARTICLE AS A PAIR OF THE PARTICLES)

„RAW” CORRELATION FUNCTION





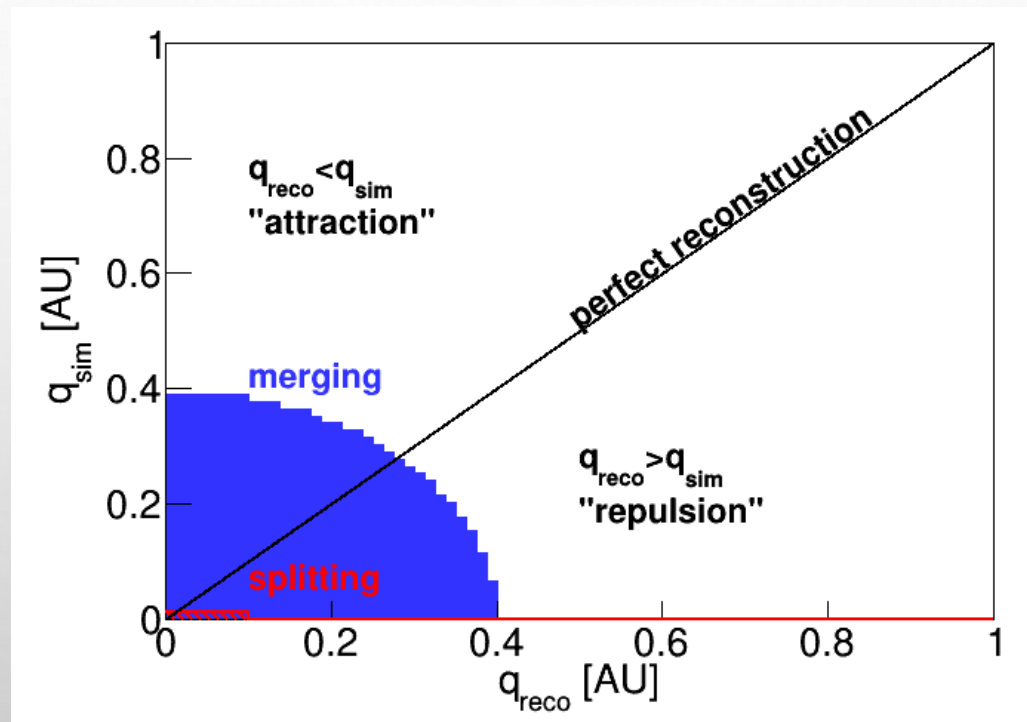
„SECOND” CORRELATION FUNCTION



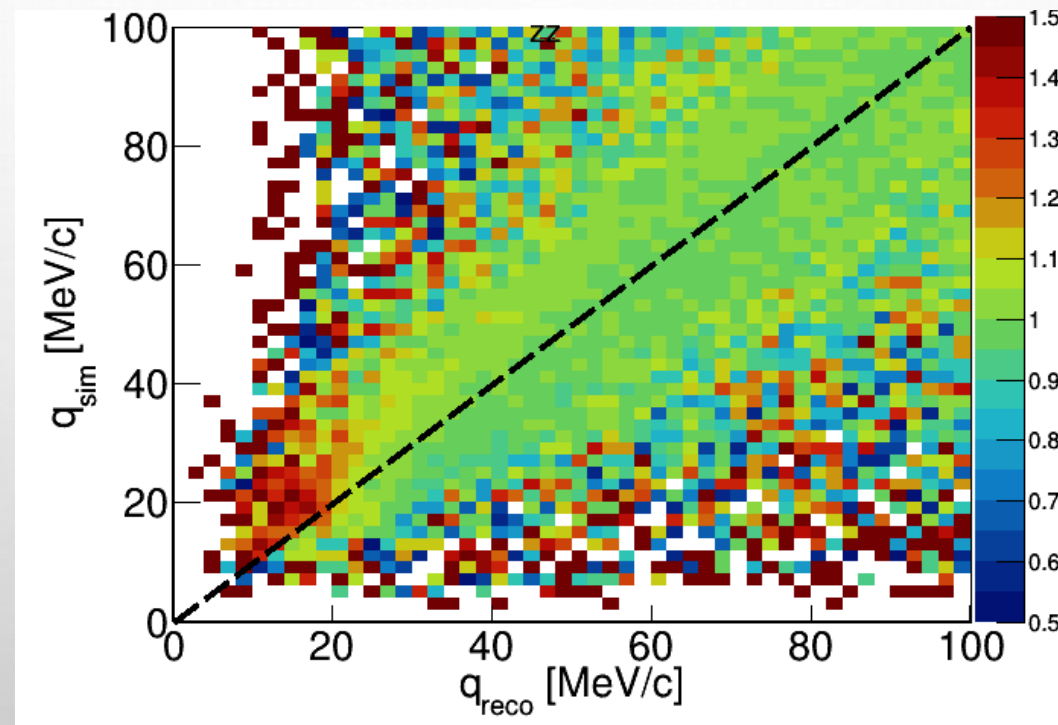
„SECOND” CORRELATION FUNCTION

- „PSEUDOSPLITTING PROBLEM”
 - ALL STANDARD ANTI-SPLITTING CUTS DO NOT WORK
 - REMOVING TRACKS WITH THE SAME MC PARENT DOES NOT HELP

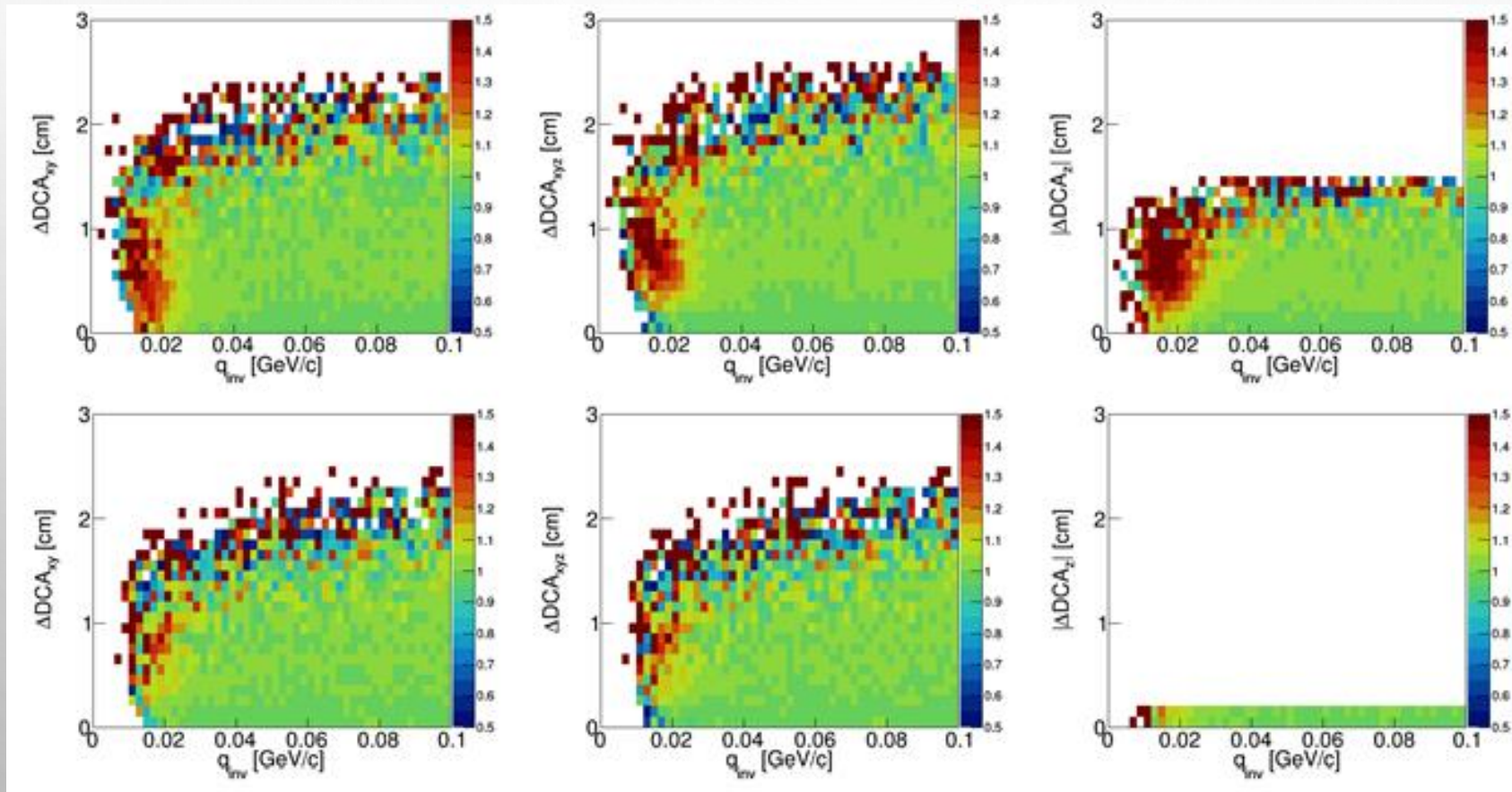
„SECOND” CORRELATION FUNCTION



„SECOND” CORRELATION FUNCTION



„SECOND” CORRELATION FUNCTION



1-D CORRELATION FUNCTION

SIMULATION PARAMETERS

- INCOHERENCE FACTOR (λ) SET TO 0.5
- RADII TAKEN FROM STAR DATA ($\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 11.5 \text{ GeV}$)
- 3D GAUSSIAN IN LCMS ASSUMED

FITTING

- 1D GAUSSIAN SOURCE ASSUMED
- MOMENTUM SMEARING TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT ($C_{gaussian}(q, r) \rightarrow C_{smeared}(q, R)$)
- FITTING FUNCTION:

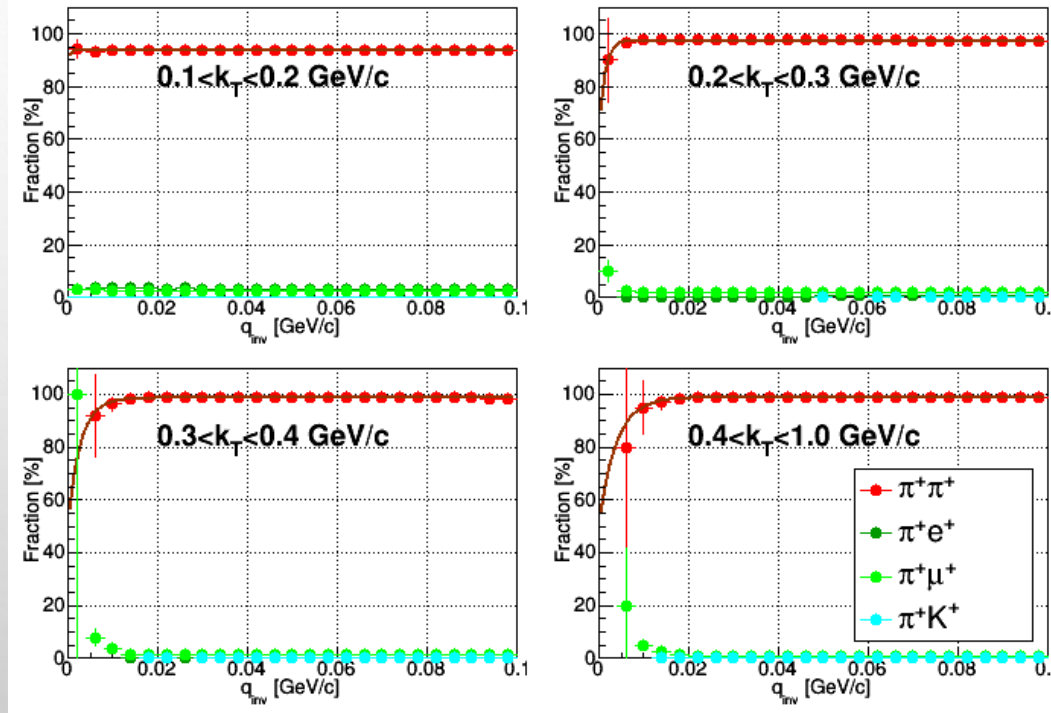
$$C(q, r) = NC_{BCKG}(q)\{\lambda[(C_{smeared}(q, R) - 1)C_{purity}(q)] + 1\}$$

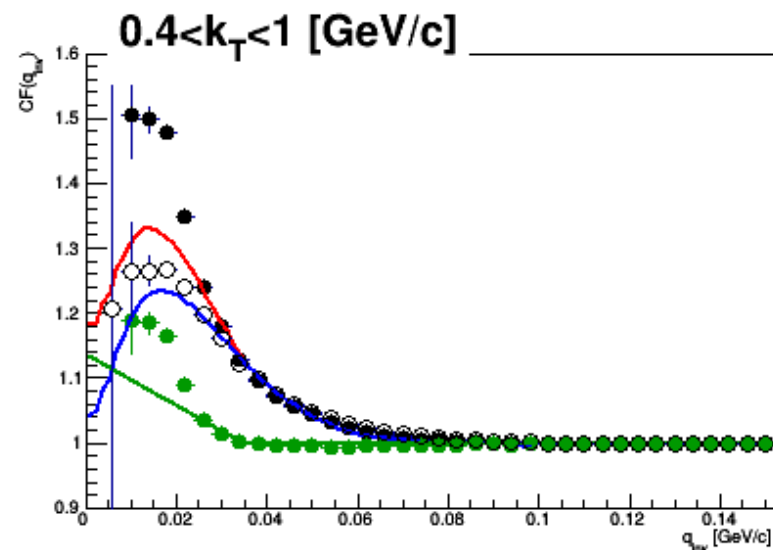
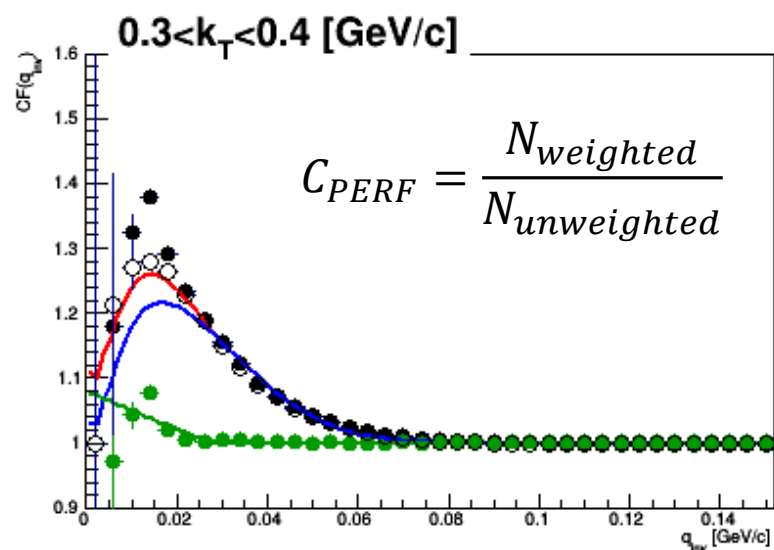
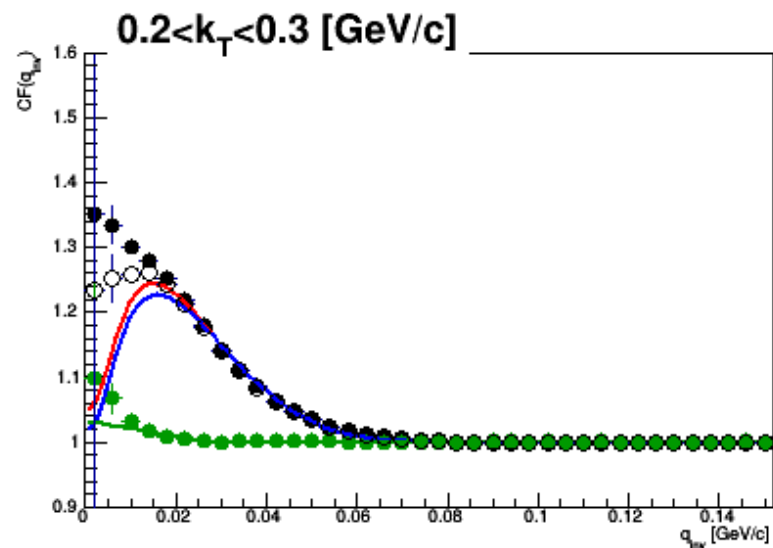
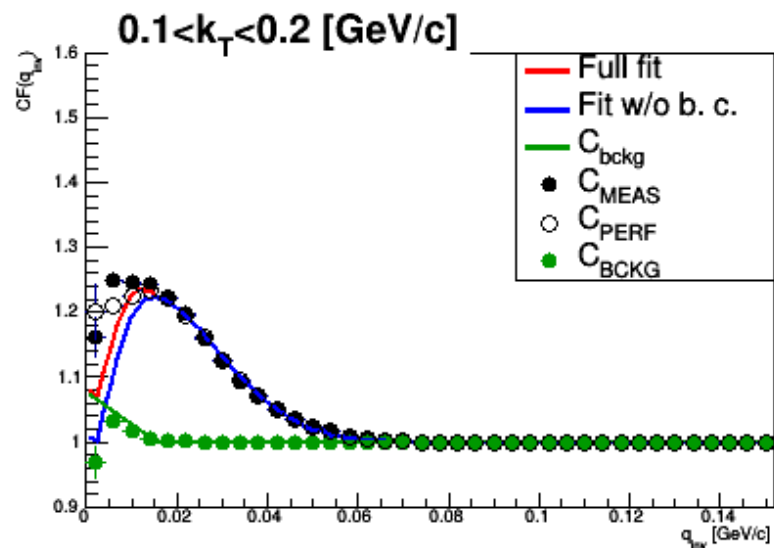
FITTING

- THE „PSEUDOSPLITTING” WAS PARAMETRIZED BY A LINEAR FUNCTION
 - $C_{BCKG}(q) = 1 + a + bq$ IF $aq > 0$
 - $C_{BCKG}(q) = 1$ IF $a + bq < 0$

PURITY STUDY

$$C_{purity}(q) = C - B \cdot \exp(-qA)$$





RESULTS

- STASTIC UNCERTAINTY WAS NEIGLIGIBLE
- THE SYSTEMATIC UNCERTAINTY:
 - 6.2-19.3 % FOR RADII (DEPENDS ON K_T)
 - 46.9-63.3 % FOR LAMBDA (DEPENDS ON K_T)
- MAIN SOURCES OF UNCERTAINTY:
 - FITTING RANGE
 - BACKGROUND CORRECTION FUNCTION

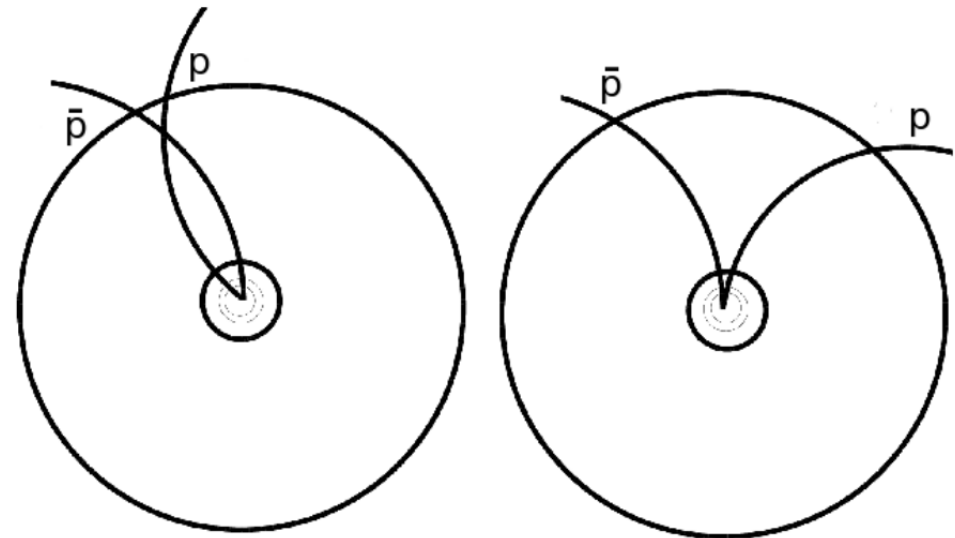
3-D CORRELATION FUNCTIONS

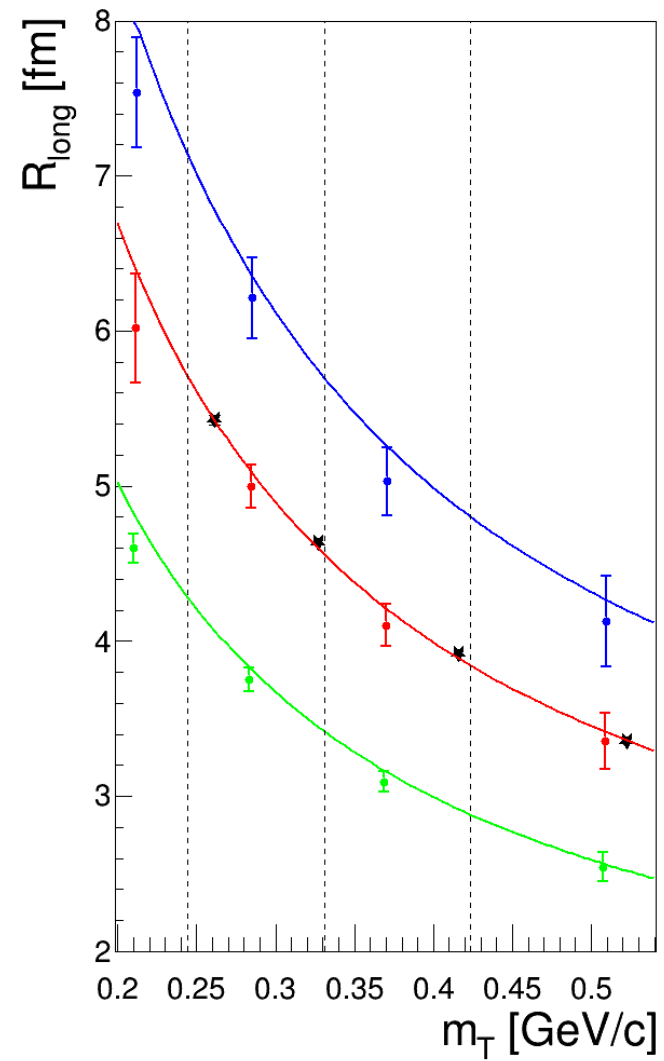
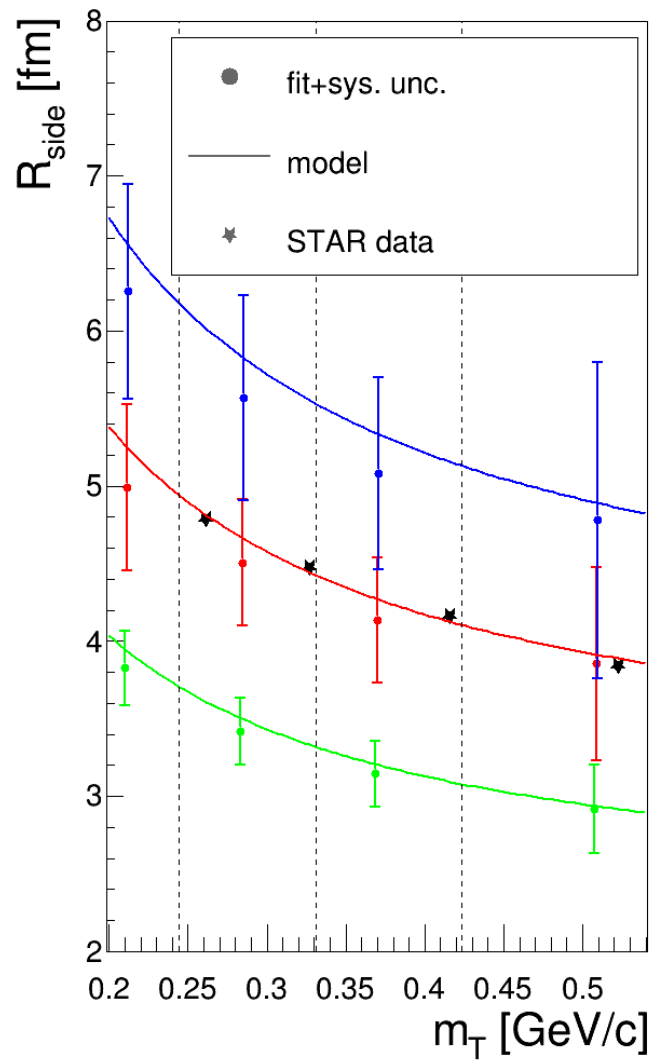
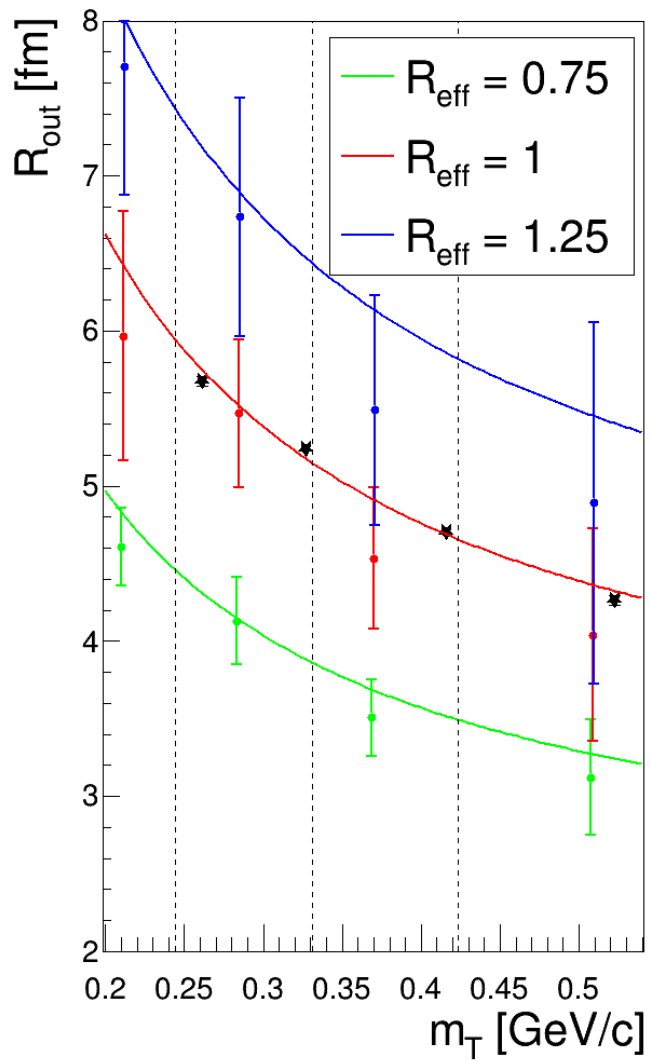
3D STUDIES

- THE SAME CUTS WERE APPLIED ON THE SAME DATA
- MAIN DIFFERENCES IN FITTING PROCEDURE:
 - DUE TO COMPUTING RESOURCES MOMENTUM RESOLUTION CORRECTION WAS NOT APPLIED – ONLY SYSTEMATIC UNCERTAINTY WAS ESTIMATED(AS A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN DATA FITTED WITH AND WITHOUT SMEARED MOMENTUM)
 - BOWLER-SINYUKOV USED (INSTEAD OF FUNCTION DIRECTLY FROM LEDNICKY'S CODE)
 - BACKGROUND FUNCTION DESCRIBED NUMERICALLY (CALCULATED FROM $\pi^- \pi^-$ PAIRS)

3D STUDIES

- STATISTIC UNCERTAINTY NEGLIGIBLE ($<0.3\%$)
- TOTAL SYSTEMATIC UNCERTAINTY OF RADII
 - 14-17% FOR „OUT”
 - 11-15% FOR „SIDE”
 - 5 – 6% FOR „LONG”
 - 22-24% FOR „LAMBDA”
- MAIN SOURCE OF UNCERTAINTIES: TWO PARTICLE CUTS, COWBOY-SAILOR CUT, BOWLER-SINYUKOV PROCEDURE, MOMENTUM RESOLUTION CORRECTION





SUMMARY

- STUDIES OF PION CORRELATION IN ONE AND THREE DIMENSIONS WERE PERFORMED
- THE „PSEUDOSPLITTING” EFFECT WAS OBSERVED (BUT NOT EXPLAINED!)
- BASIC TOOLS FOR FITTING WERE DEVELOPED AND TESTED
- SYSTEMATIC UNCERTAINTIES WERE ESTIMATED

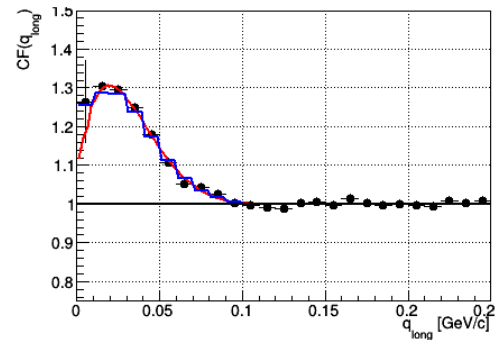
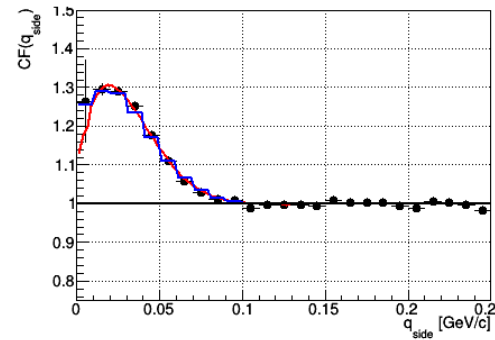
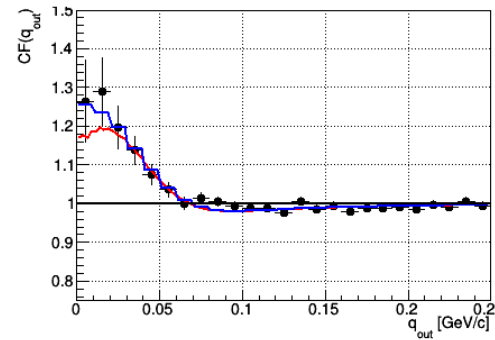
PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

- GENERATION OF DATA WITH NEWER SOFTWARE
- IMPROVEMENTS IN FITTING PROCEDURES (ESPECIALLY FOR 3D CF)
- STUDY OF KAONS AND PROTONS (REQUIRE MUCH MORE STATISTICS)

The image features a light gray gradient background with several realistic water droplets of various sizes scattered in the corners. The droplets have highlights and shadows, giving them a three-dimensional appearance. The text "THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION" is centered in the upper half of the image.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

BACKUP SLIDES



— without bin opt.
— with bin opt.

