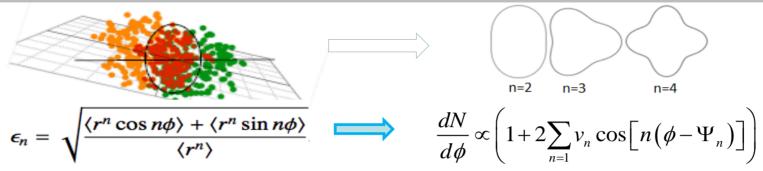
Flow performance studies with MPD (NICA)

A. Anikeev (MEPhI), O. Golosov (MEPhI), E. Kashirin (MEPhI), P. Parfenov(MEPhI), I.Selyuzhenkov (GSI, MEPhI), A. Taranenko (MEPhI), A. Truttse (MEPhI) with big help from Pavel Batyuk (JINR)

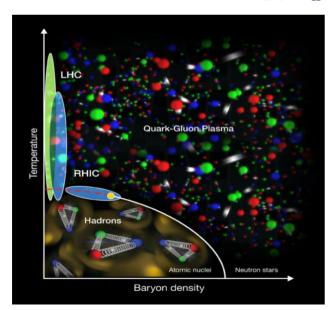


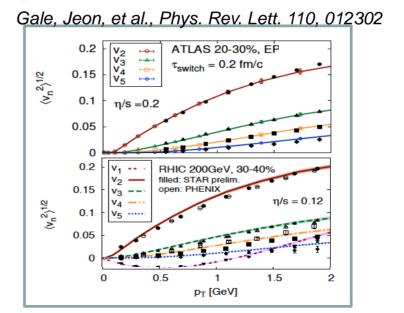
NICA days 2019 and 4th MPD Collaboration Meeting, Warsaw, October 21-25,2019

Anisotropic Flow at RHIC-LHC

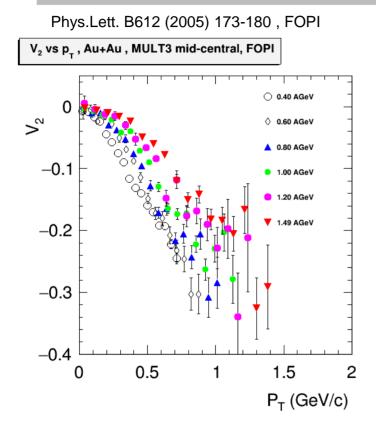


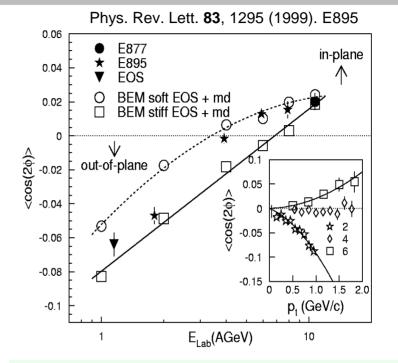
Initial eccentricity (and its attendant fluctuations) ϵ_n drive momentum anisotropy v_n with specific viscous modulation





Elliptic Flow at SIS-AGS: interactions with spectators





Passage time: $2R/(\beta_{cm}\gamma_{cm})$

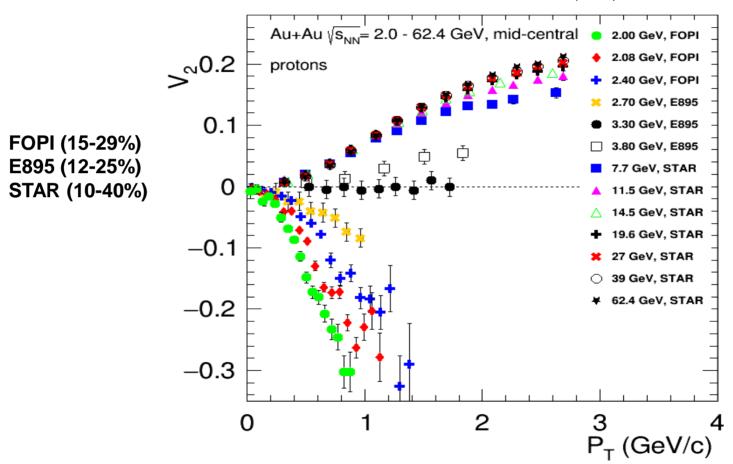
Expansion time: R/c_s

 $c_s = c \sqrt{dp/d\epsilon}$ - speed of sound

a delicate balance between (i) the ability of pressure developed early in the reaction zone and (ii) the passage time for removal of the shadowing by spectators

Excitation function of differential elliptic flow

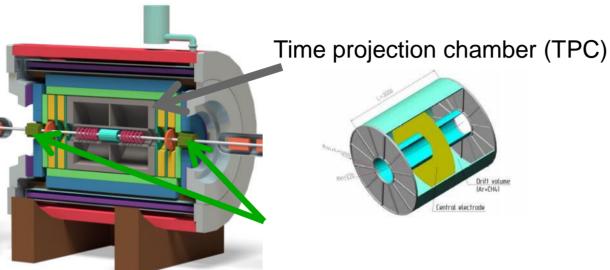
EPJ Web Conf. 204 (2019) 03009



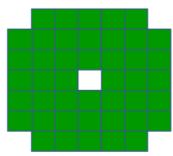
High precision differential measurements of anisotropic flow?

Flow performance study at MPD (NICA)

Multi Purpose Detector (MPD)



Forward Hadron Calorimeter (FHCal)



-5<n<-2



EP plane

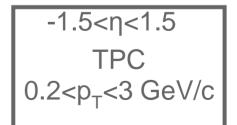
FHCal (2< $|\eta|$ <5)

Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- Tracking of charged particles
- •within ($|\eta|$ < 1.5, 2π in ϕ)
- .PID at low momenta

Time of Flight (TOF)

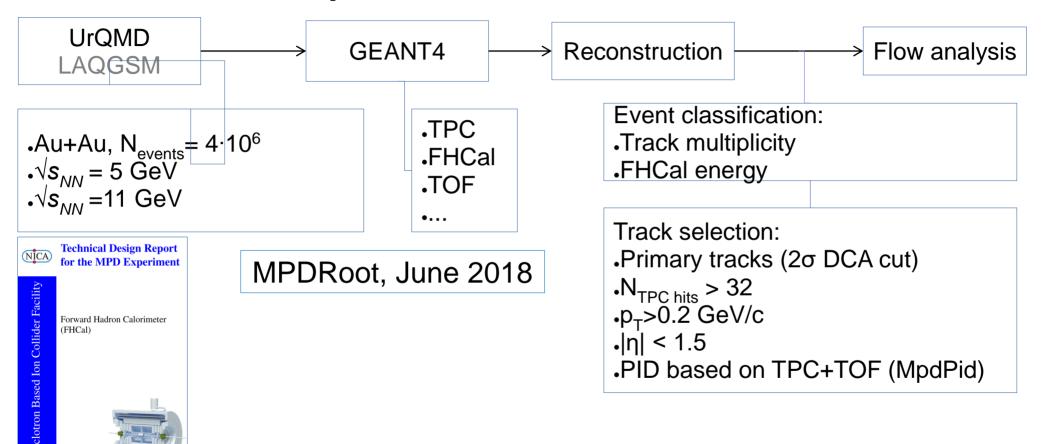
•PID at high momenta



2<η<5

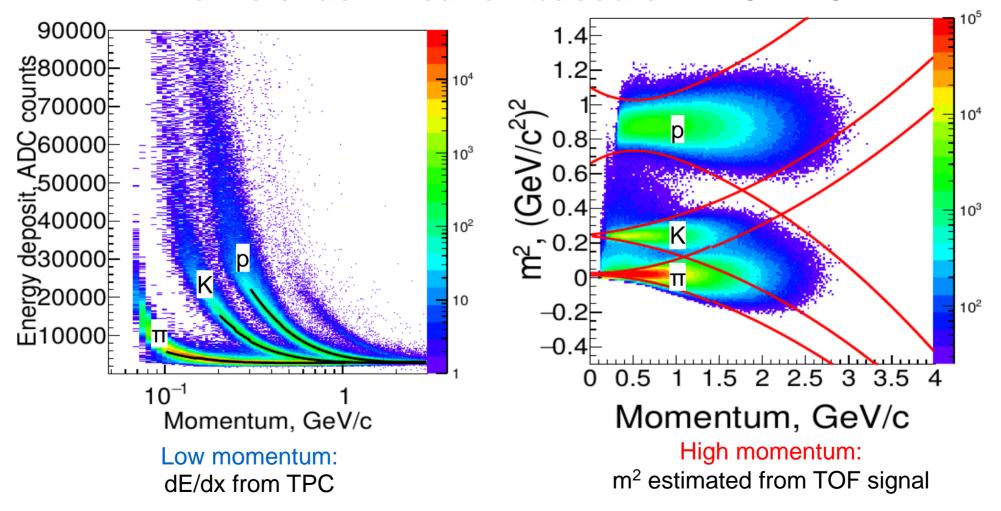
FHCal

Setup, event and track selection

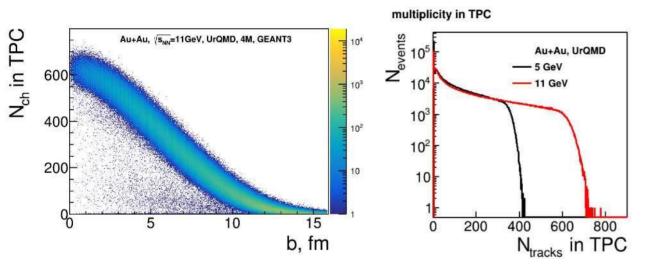


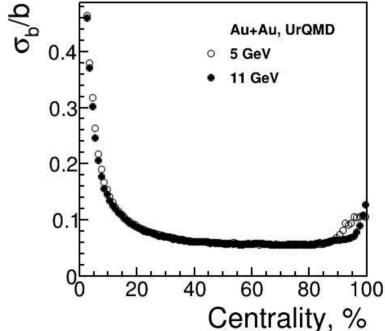
http://mpd.jinr.ru/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/MPD_TDR_FHCal_28_05_2018.pdf

Particle identification based on TPC + TOF



Centrality estimation using multiplicity of charged particles in TPC





- •Good correlation between b and TPC Multiplicity
- •Events were grouped in centrality classes based on multiplicity distribution

Impact parameter resolution is 5-10% for ~10-80% centrality range

Event plane method implementation in MPD (NICA)

Both left and right FHCal parts were used:

$$Q_x^m = \frac{\sum E_i \cos(m\varphi_i)}{\sum E_i}, Q_y^m = \frac{\sum E_i \sin(m\varphi_i)}{\sum E_i}$$

$$\Psi_m^{EP} = \frac{1}{m} ATan2(Q_y^m, Q_x^m)$$

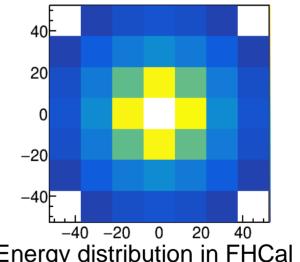
$$m = 1 \text{wasused}$$

- E, is the energy deposition in i-th FHCal module φ , is its azimuthal angle.
- For *m*=1 weights had different signs for backward and forward rapidity.
- Δη-gap>0.5 between TPC and FHCal suppresses non-flow contribution

$$Res^{2}\{\Psi_{n}^{EP,L}, \Psi_{n}^{EP,R}\} = \langle \cos[n(\Psi_{n}^{EP,L} - \Psi_{n}^{EP,R})] \rangle$$

$$Res_{m}\{\Psi_{n}^{EP,true}\} = \langle \cos[n(\Psi_{RP} - \Psi_{n}^{EP})] \rangle$$

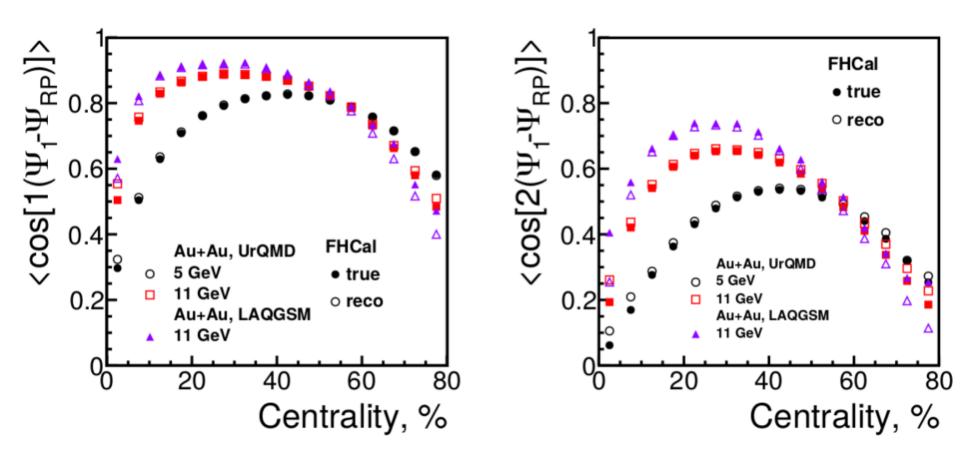
$$v_{n} = \frac{\langle \cos[n(\Psi_{RP} - \Psi_{n}^{EP})] \rangle}{Res_{m}\{\Psi_{n}^{EP,true}\}}$$



Energy distribution in FHCal

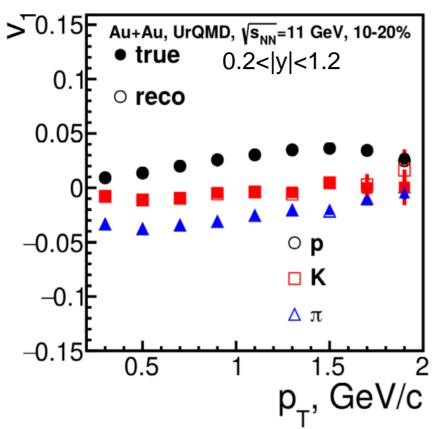
https://git.jinr.ru/nica/mpdroot/tree/dev/macro/physical analysis/Flow

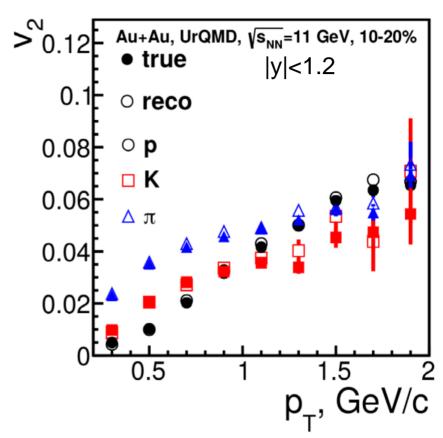
Event plane resolution correction factors



Good performance in the centrality range 0-80% for NICA collision energy range

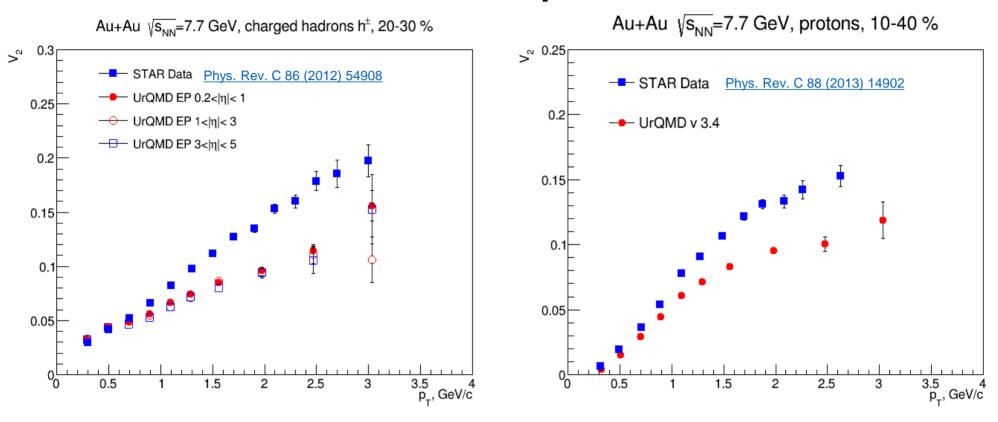
p_T-dependence of v₁ and v₂ of reconstructed signal





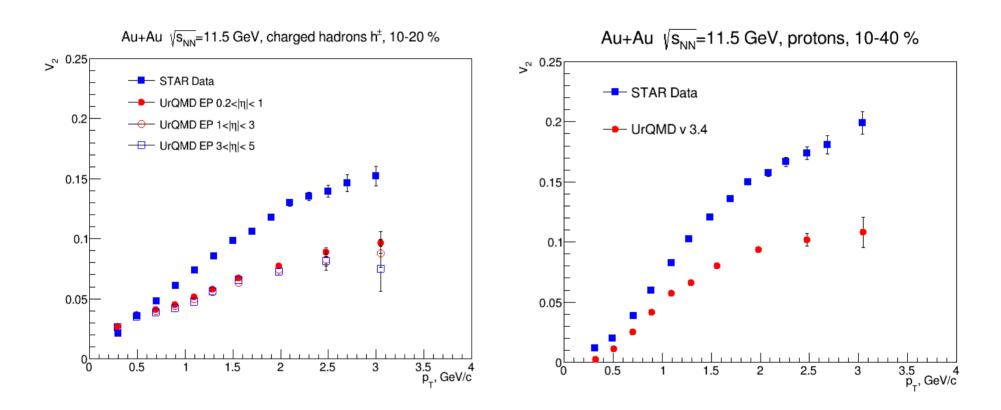
Both directed and elliptic flow results after reconstruction and resolution correction are consistent to that of MC simulation

BES: differential elliptic flow: UrQMD



What about other "hadronic" models: SMASH, JAM, HSD? - Under investigation

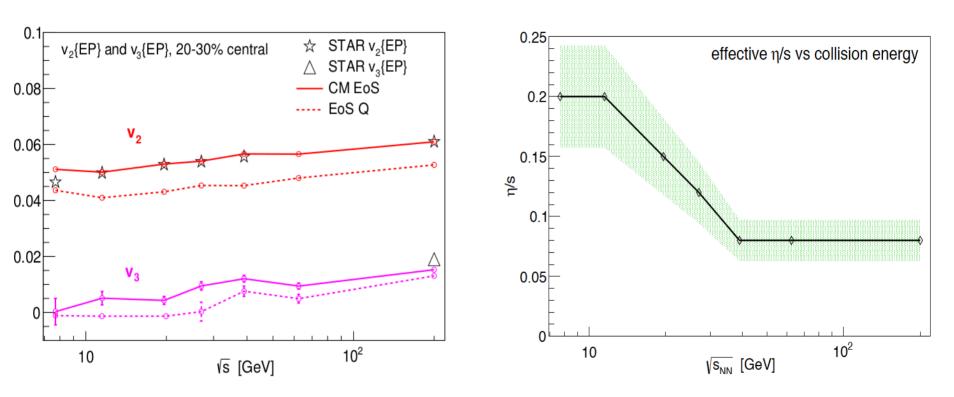
BES: differential elliptic flow: UrQMD



What about other "hadronic" models: SMASH, JAM, HSD? - Under investigation

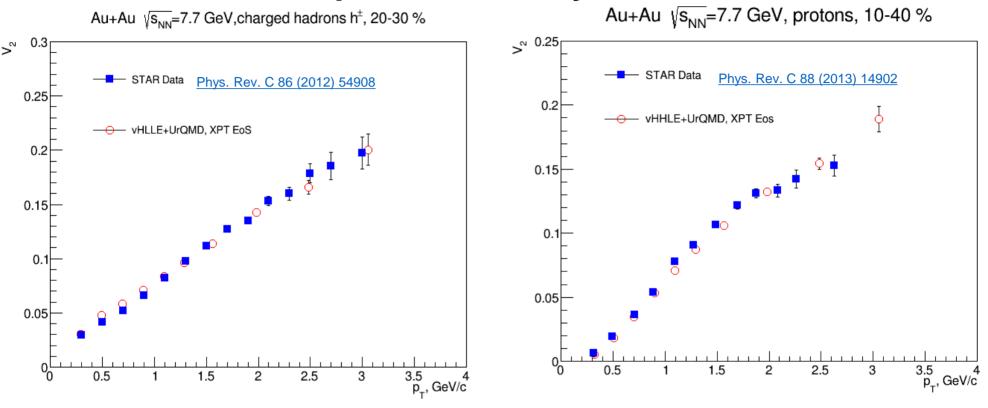
Elliptic and triangular flow of charged hadrons at RHIC BES

Iu.A. Karpenko, P. Huovinen, H. Petersen, M. Bleicher, Phys.Rev. C91 (2015) no.6, 064901



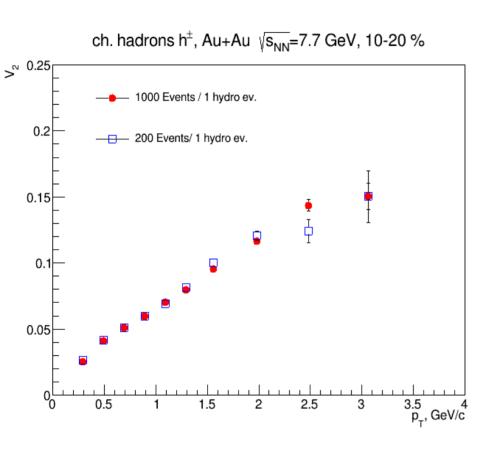
Hybrid model: UrQMD + 3D hydro model vHLLE + UrQMD Shows good agreement with published STAR data for integrated $v_n(\sqrt{s_{NN}})$ from BES-I

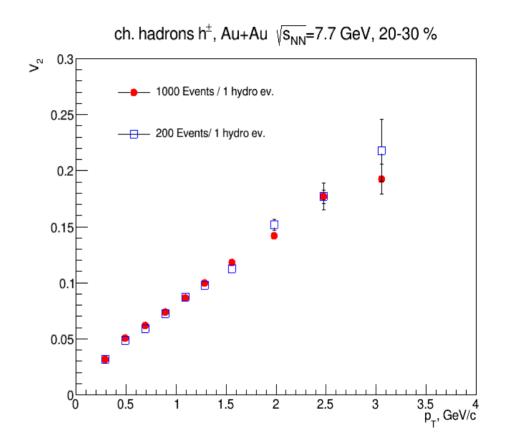
Differential elliptic flow: 3D hydro vHLLE + UrQMD



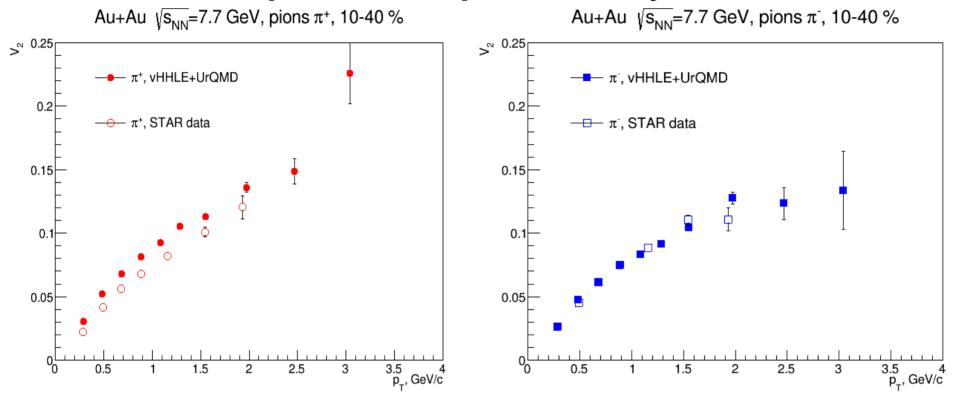
3D hydro model vHLLE + UrQMD (XPT EoS), η/s = 0.2 + param. from Phys.Rev. C91 (2015) no.6, 064901 Results were obtained using interface developed by P. Batyuk (JINR): https://github.com/pbatyuk/vHLLE_package Good agreement with STAR published data

Differential elliptic flow: 3D hydro vHLLE + UrQMD



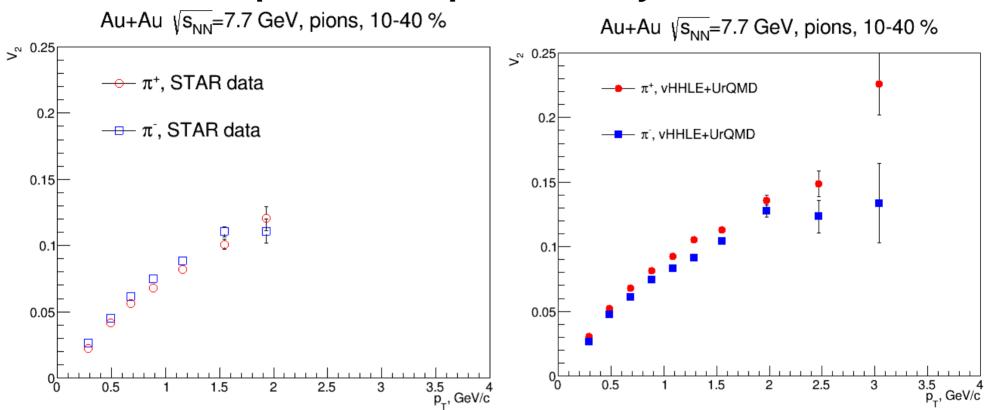


Differential elliptic flow of pions: 3D hydro vHLLE + UrQMD



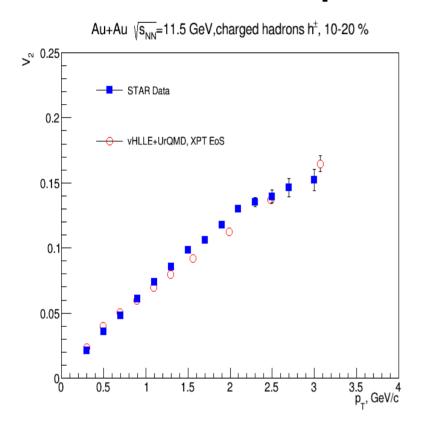
3D hydro model vHLLE + UrQMD (XPT EoS), $\eta/s = 0.2$ + param. from Phys.Rev. C91 (2015) no.6, 064901 At NICA energies the elliptic flow if different for particles and anti-particles!

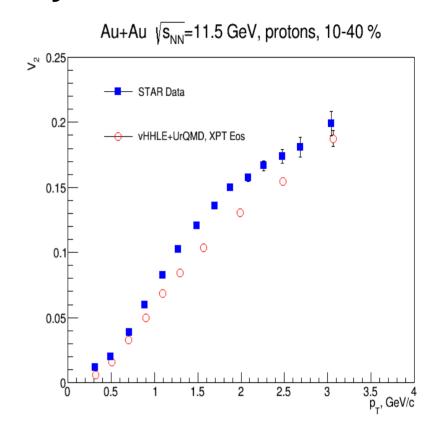
Differential elliptic flow of pions: 3D hydro vHLLE + UrQMD



At NICA energies the elliptic flow if different for particles and anti-particles!

Differential elliptic flow: 3D hydro vHLLE + UrQMD

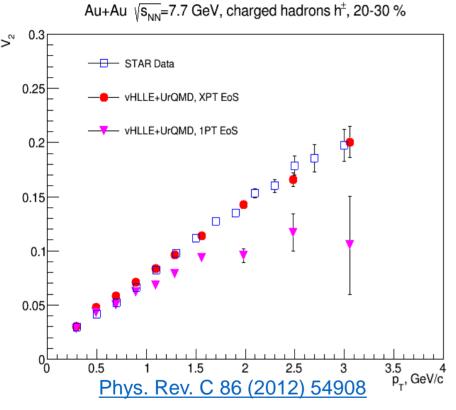




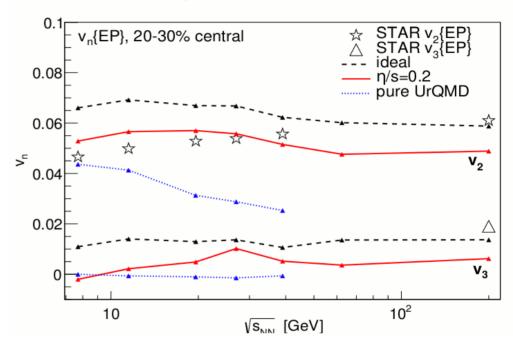
3D hydro model vHLLE + UrQMD (XPT EoS), η/s = 0.2 + param. from Phys.Rev. C91 (2015) no.6, 064901 Results were obtained using interface developed by P. Batyuk (JINR): https://github.com/pbatyuk/vHLLE_package

Reasonable agreement with STAR published data – need tuning?

Differential elliptic flow: 3D hydro vHLLE + UrQMD



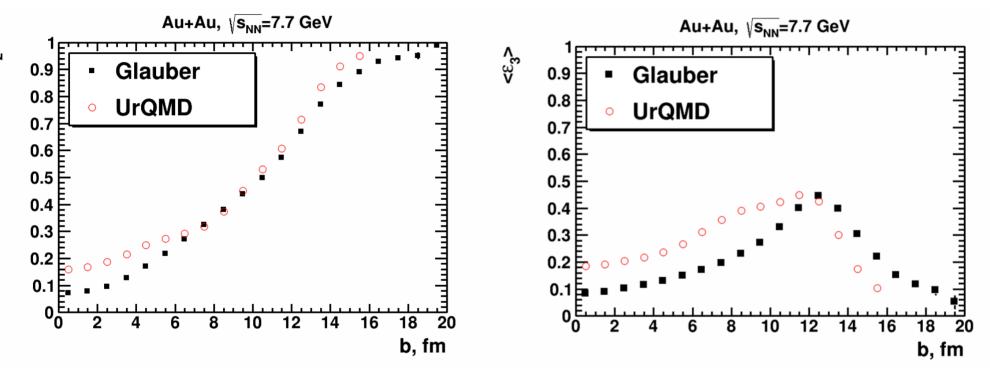
Iu.A. Karpenko, P. Huovinen, H. Petersen, M. Bleicher, Phys.Rev. C91 (2015) no.6, 064901



3D hydro model vHLLE + UrQMD (XPT EoS vs 1PT EoS) shows sensitivity of v_2 to the EoS v_3 =0 for pure UrQMD ??

Model will be used for the flow performance study (v_2 and v_3) at MPD (NICA)

Eccentricity: Comparison w/ UrQMD



Notable difference between MC Glauber and UrQMD eccentricities

Common data format for all models: UrQMD, SMASH, PHSD, JAM, AMPT

Summary

Anisotropic flow performance study in MPD (NICA):

- •Full reconstruction chain was implemented:
- Combined particle identification based on TPC and TOF
- Realistic hadronic simulation (GEANT4)
- •Reconstructed v_1, v_2 are in agreement with MC generated data

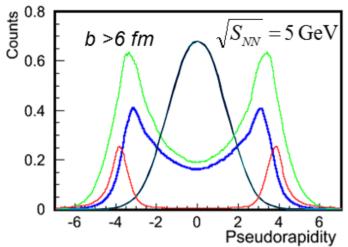
.Model comparison:

- •Pure UrQMD gives smaller v₂ signal compared to STAR data for Au+Au √s_{NN}=7.7 GeV
- •v₂(p_T) from 3D hydro model vHLLE + UrQMD is in a good agreement with STAR data
- •Elliptic and triangular flow are sensitive to the EoS (1PT or XPT)
- •vHLLE + UrQMD will be used for the next step of the flow performance studies at MPD (NICA)

Thank you for your attention!

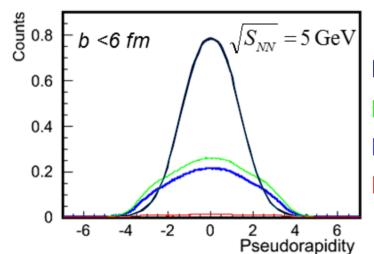
Backup

FHCal and TPC acceptance



.TPC - charged particles at midrapidity (particip

.FHCal - hadrons at forward rapidity (spectators

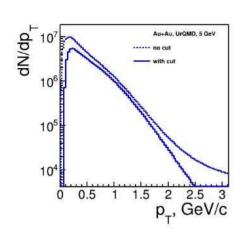


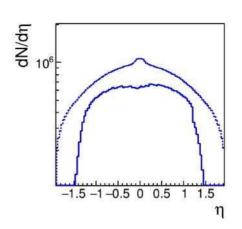
Pions
Neutrons
Protons
Fragments

-5<η<-2 -1.2<η<1.2 FHCal TPC 0.2<ρ_T<2 GeV/c

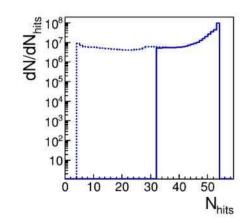
FHCal

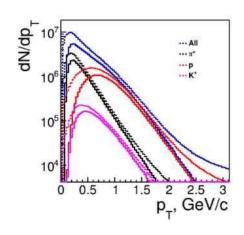
Track selection

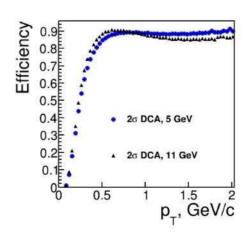




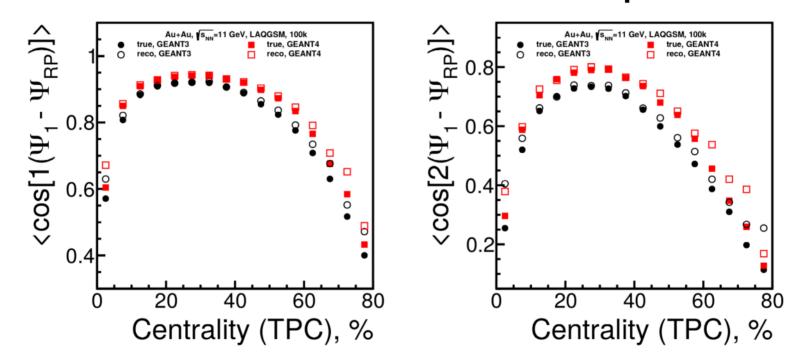
- $\cdot N_{TPC hits} > 32$
- $|p_{T}| < 3$
- •|η|<1.5
- •PID based on TPC+TOF (MpdPid)





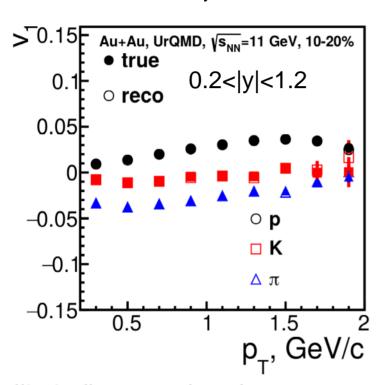


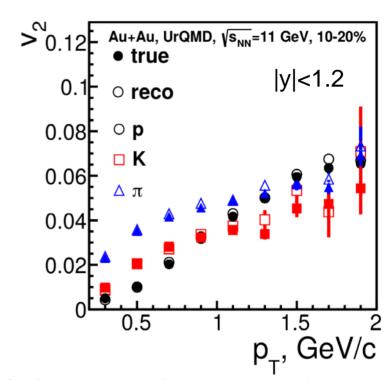
Resolution correction factor: GEANT3 vs GEANT4 comparison



GEANT4 has more realistic hadronic shower simulation

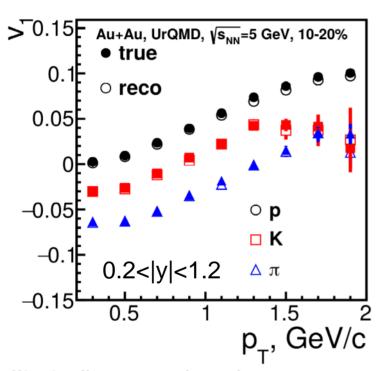
$v_{1.2}(p_T)$, Au+Au, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 11 \text{ GeV}$

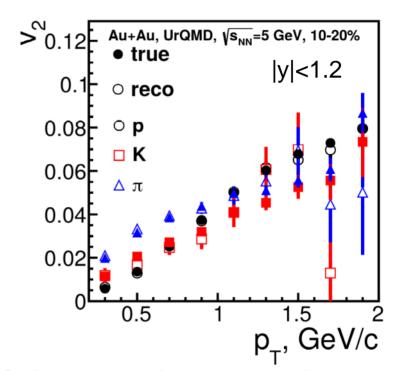




nd elliptic flow results after reconstruction and resolution correction are consistent to that o

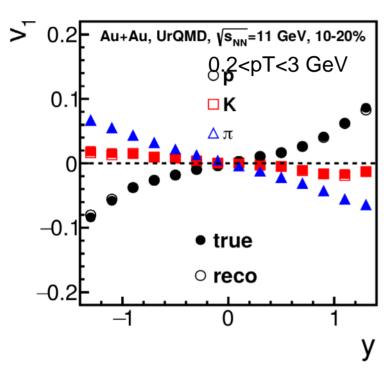
$v_{1.2}(p_T)$, Au+Au, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5$ GeV

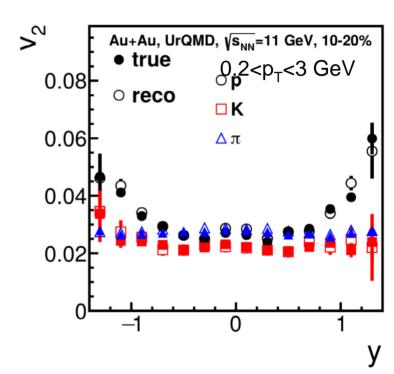




nd elliptic flow results after reconstruction and resolution correction are consistent to that o

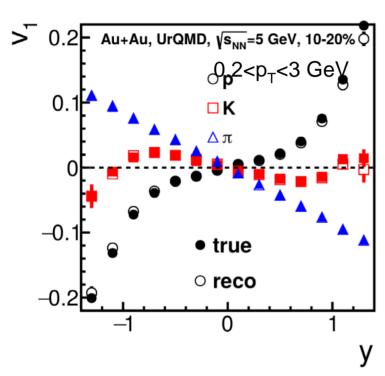
$v_{1,2}(y)$, Au+Au, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 11 \text{ GeV}$

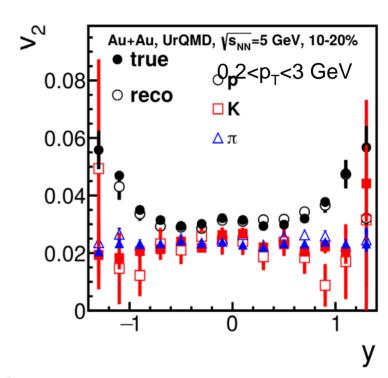




nd elliptic flow results after reconstruction and resolution correction are consistent to that o

$v_{1,2}(y)$, Au+Au, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5$ GeV





nd elliptic flow results after reconstruction and resolution correction are consistent to that o