

# Sensitivity of X-ray burst models to thermonuclear reaction rates

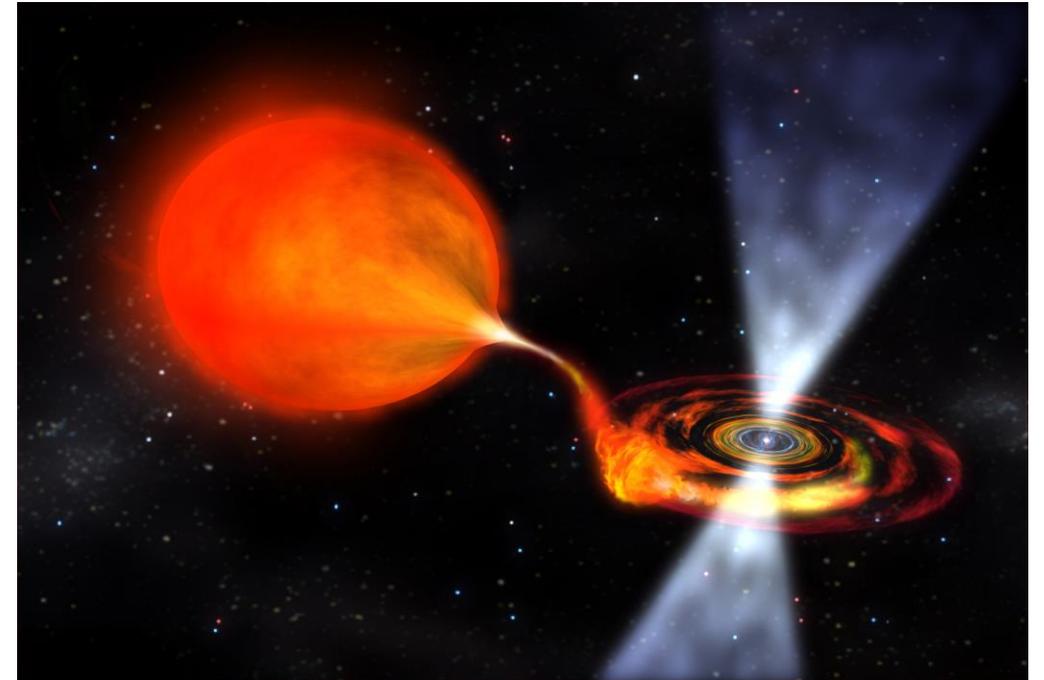
Alfredo Estrade, Irin Sultana, Jessica Borowiak, Jacob Elliott (Central Michigan University), Hendrik Schatz (Michigan State University), Bradley Meyer (Clemson University)



# Outline

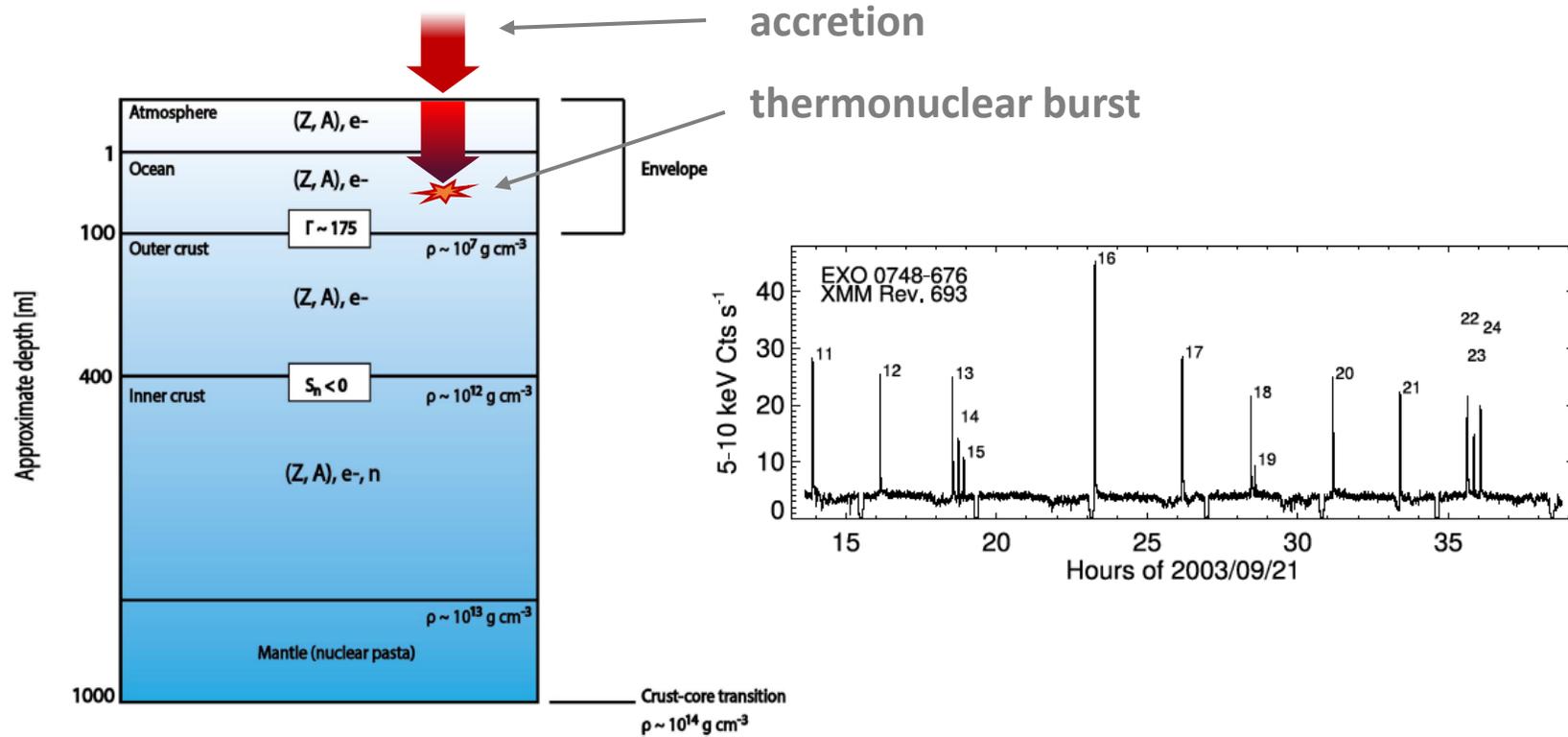
- Connection between observations of accreting neutron stars and nuclear physics processes.
- Sensitivity studies as a tool to identify key nuclear physics uncertainties in the modeling of X-ray bursts
- Results for models of two *standard* X-ray burst sources: *GS 1826-24* and *SAX J1808.4*

## Neutron star in a low-mass X-ray binary system



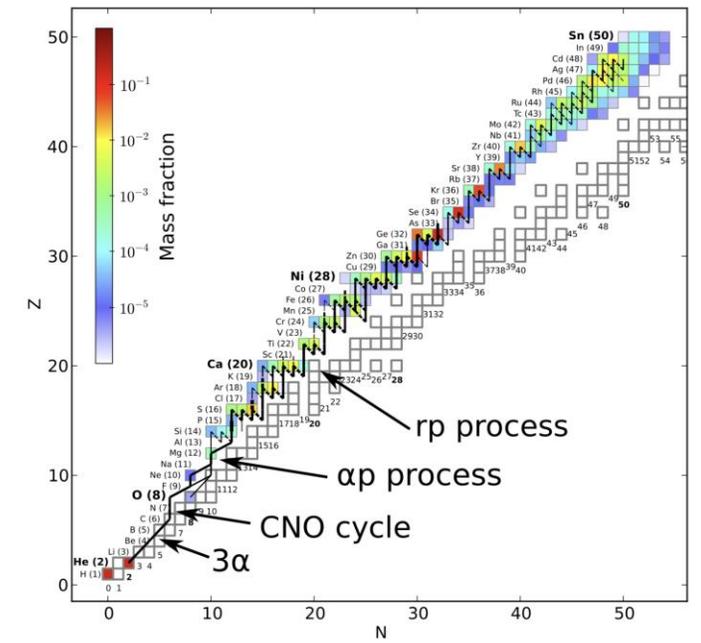
NASA/Dana Berry

# X-ray bursts in accreting neutron stars



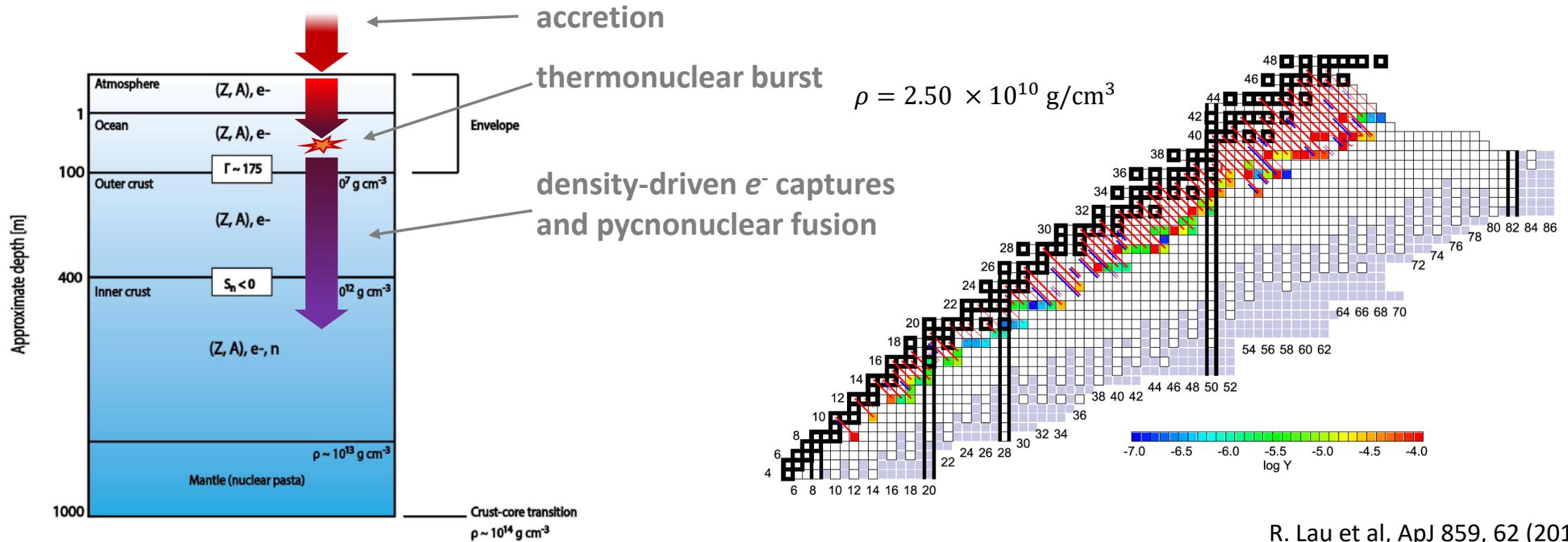
## Outer layers of a neutron star

Meisel++, Jour. Phys. G, 45 (2018)



Galloway and Keek, arXiv:1712.06227 (2017)

# Nuclear processes in the crust of accreting neutron stars

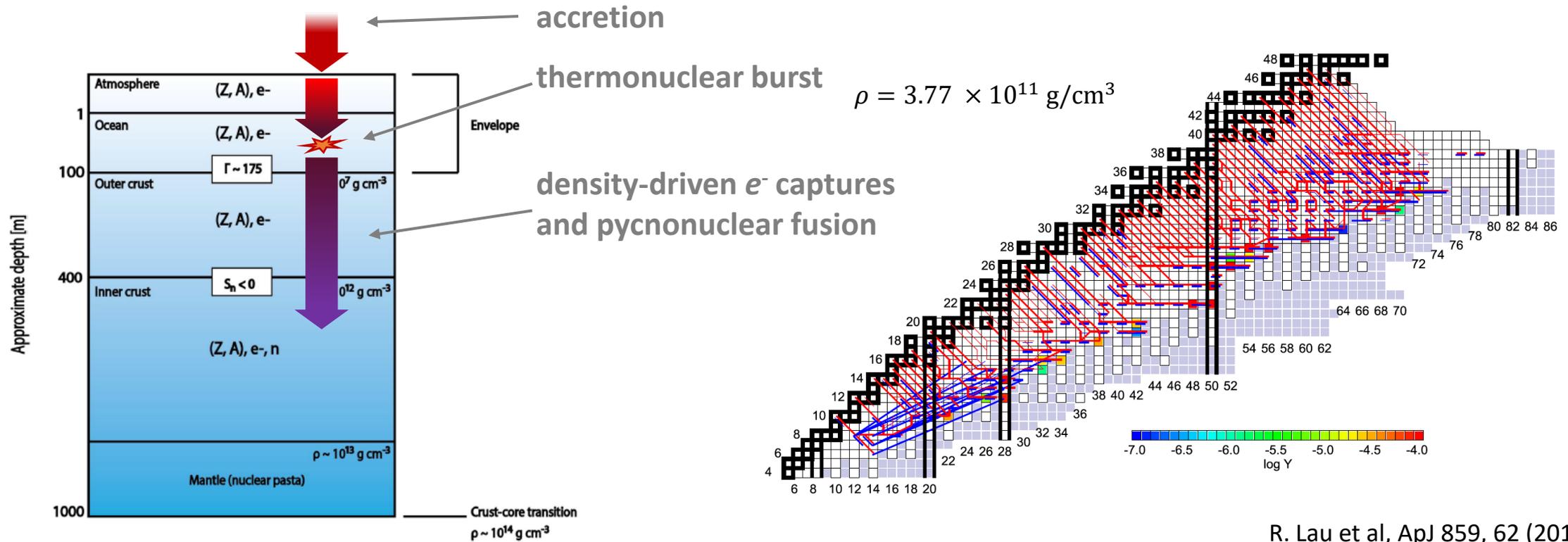


## Outer layers of a neutron star

Meisel++, Jour. Phys. G, 45 (2018)

R. Lau et al, ApJ 859, 62 (2018)

# Nuclear processes in the crust of accreting neutron stars

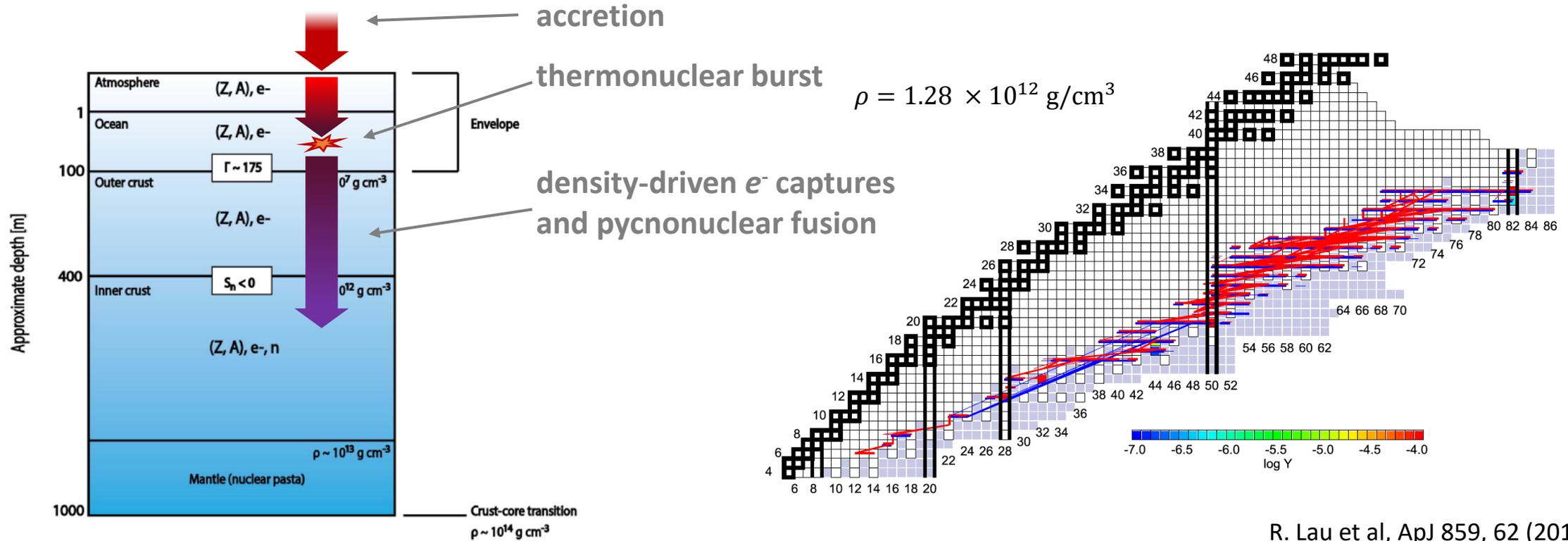


## Outer layers of a neutron star

Meisel++, Jour. Phys. G, 45 (2018)

R. Lau et al, ApJ 859, 62 (2018)

# Nuclear processes in the crust of accreting neutron stars

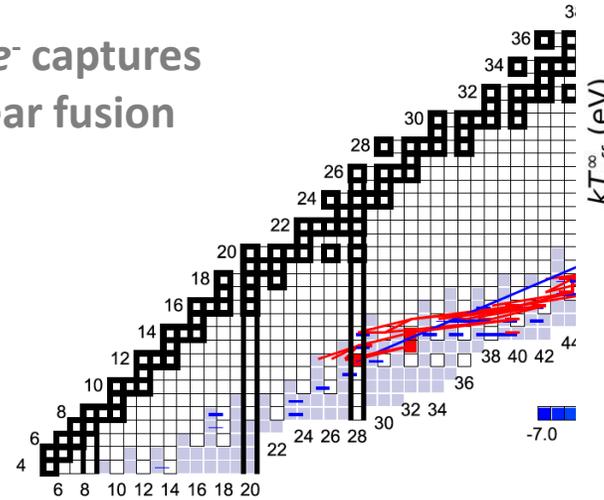
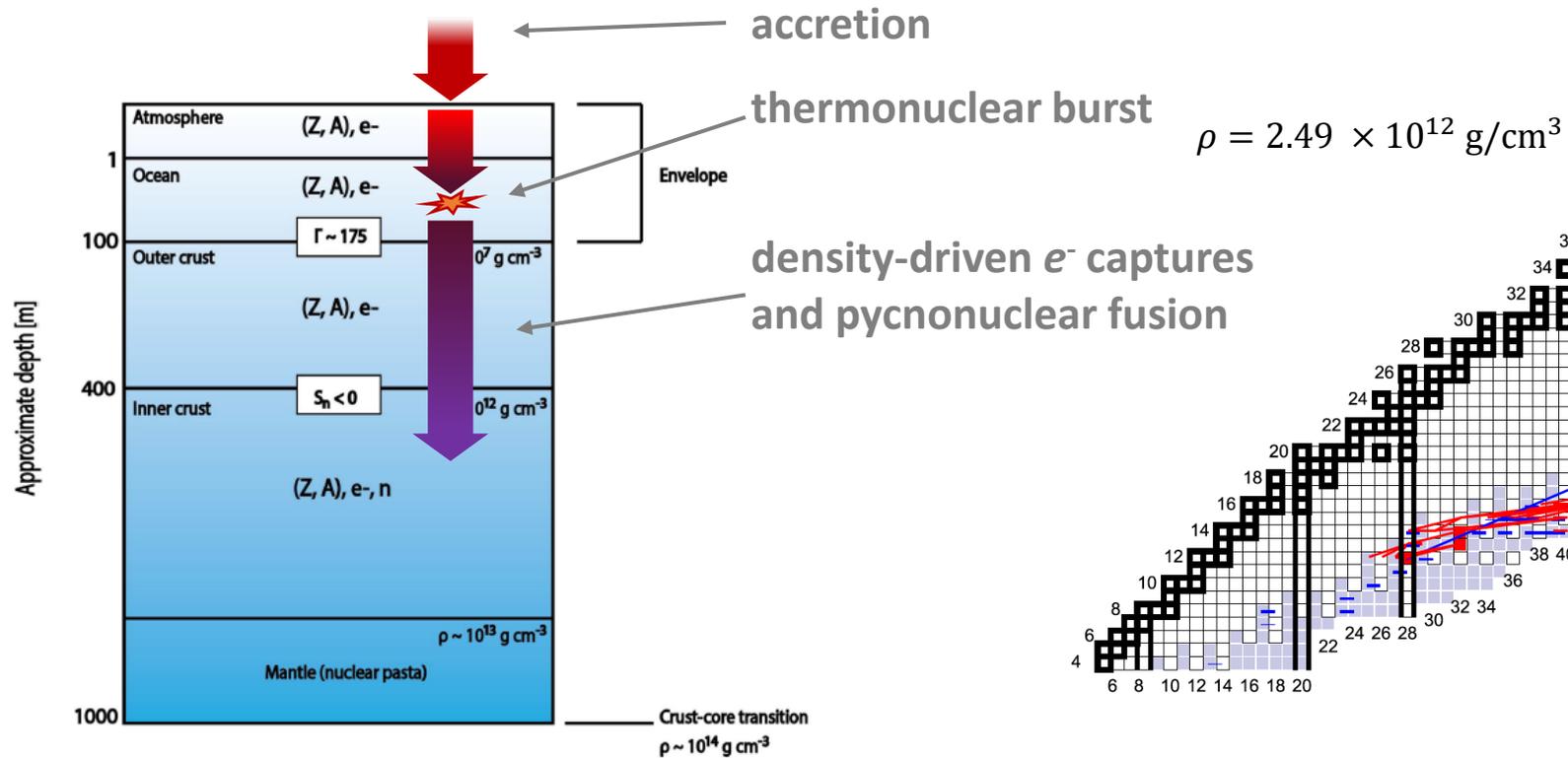


R. Lau et al, ApJ 859, 62 (2018)

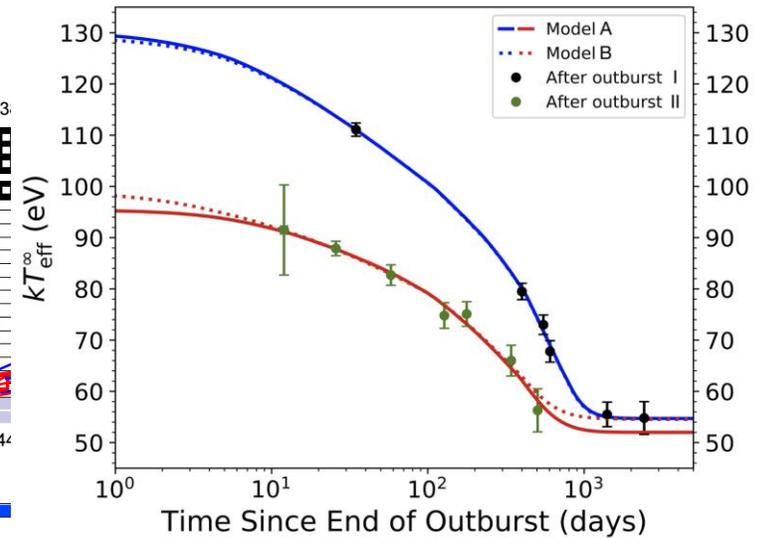
## Outer layers of a neutron star

Meisel++, Jour. Phys. G, 45 (2018)

# Nuclear processes in the crust of accreting neutron stars



Cooling of MXB 1659–29 following accretion outbursts



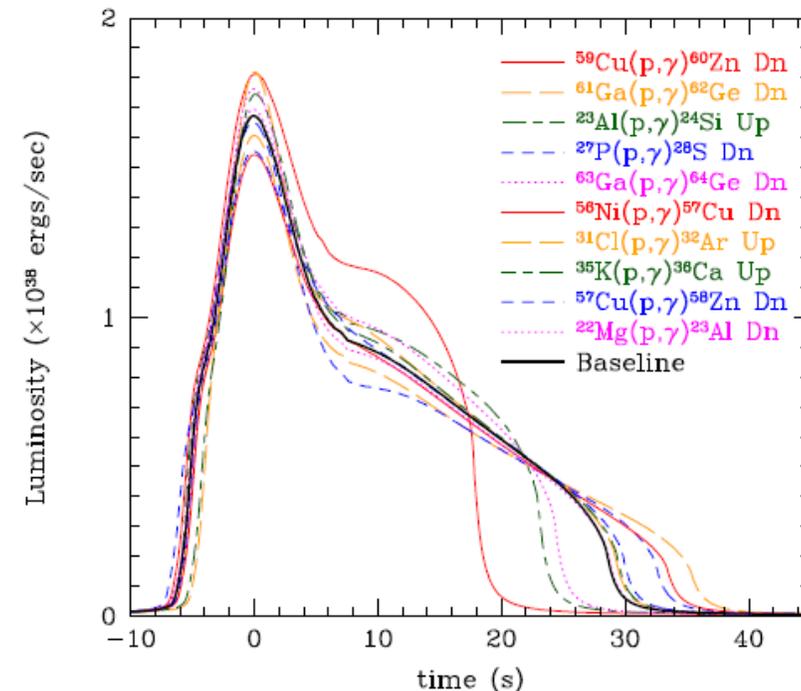
A. Parikh et al, A&A 624, A84 (2019)

## Outer layers of a neutron star

Meisel++, Jour. Phys. G, 45 (2018)

# Sensitivity studies are a tool to identify key nuclear reaction rates in nucleosynthesis processes

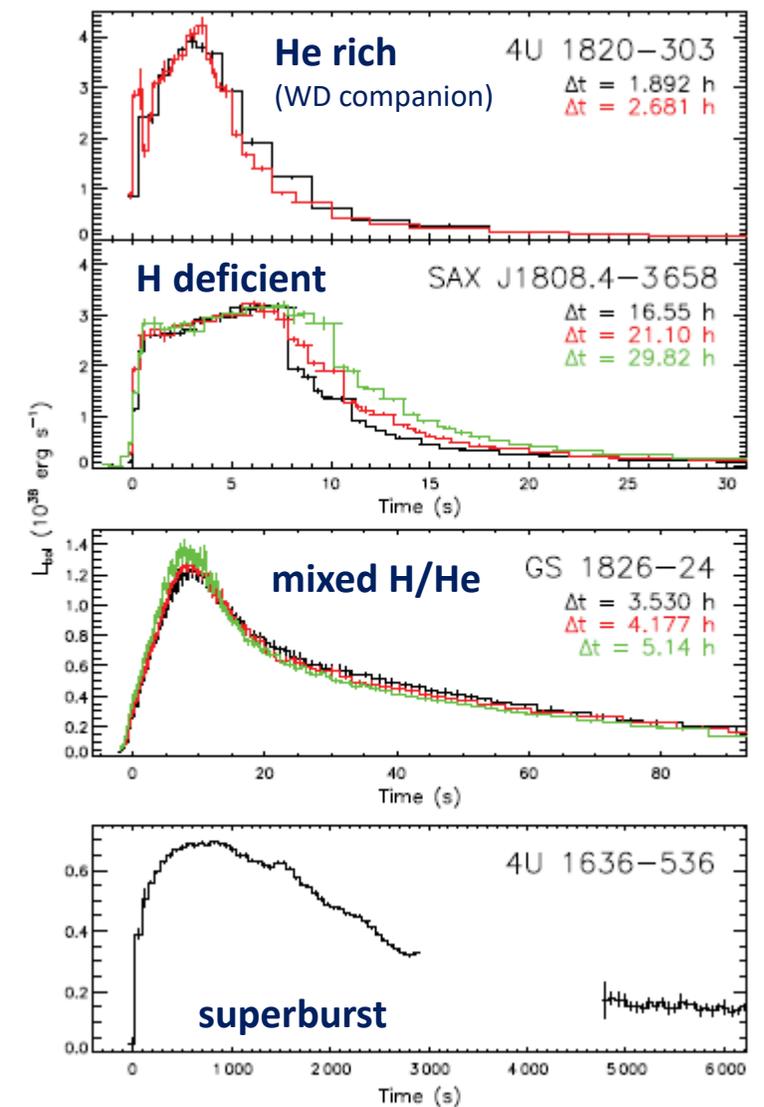
- Sensitivity studies vary the rate of reactions in a network to isolate those with higher impact on the results.
- They have been a valuable tool to guide experimental efforts for X-ray bursts – e.g. Cyburt et al ApJ (2016), Parikh et al NAR (2008), Lam et al EPJ WoC 260 (2022).



R. Cyburt et al, ApJ 830, 55 (2016)

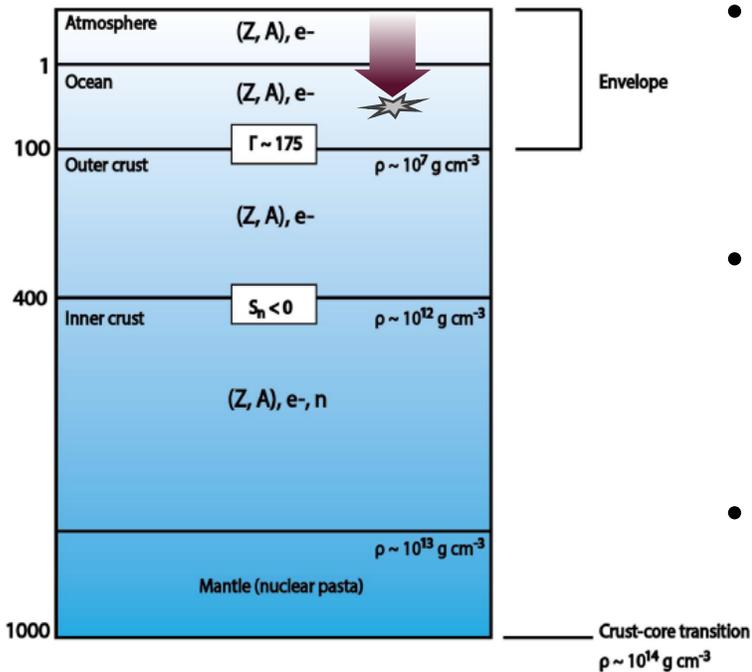
# Our sensitivity study aims to cover the parameter space of observed sources

- The details of the X-ray burst depends on properties of the companion star and the accretion process
- We extend previous study (Cyburt et al) to a wide range in composition of accreted material and accretion rate
- In this presentation:
  - **GS 1826-24**:  $X=70\%$ ,  $Z=2\%$ ,  $\dot{m}=7\% \dot{m}_{\text{Edd}}$
  - **SAX J1808.4**:  $X=50\%$ ,  $Z=2\%$ ,  $\dot{m}=5\% \dot{m}_{\text{Edd}}$



D. Galloway et al, PASA 34 (2019) and ApJS 249 32 (2020)

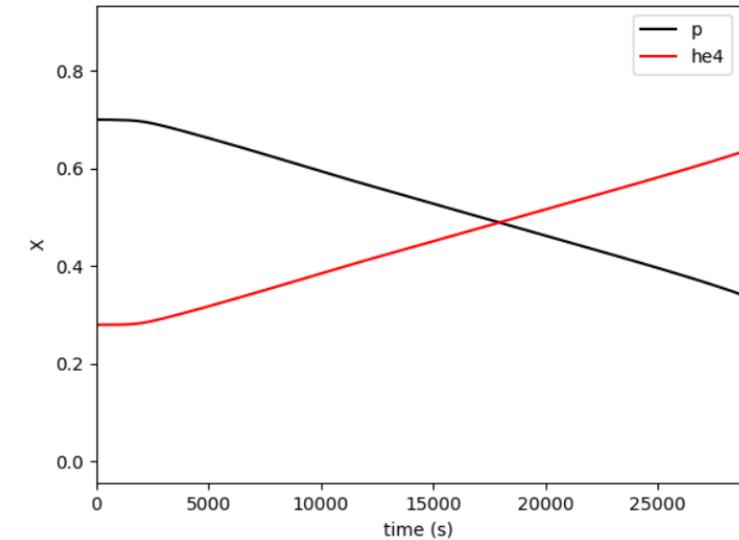
# Network evolves by steady-state burning before ignition of burst



Meisel++, Jour. Phys. G, 45 (2018)

- Thermodynamic trajectory for neutron star ocean calculated with *Settle*. Cumming and Bildsten, ApJ 544, 453 (2000).
- Composition evolved by coupling *NucNet Tools* reaction network to *Settle* trajectory. B. Meyer, PoS, NIC XII:096 (2013).
- Settling process dominated by hot CNO cycle significantly alters composition of accreted material

Change of H/He fraction during settling process

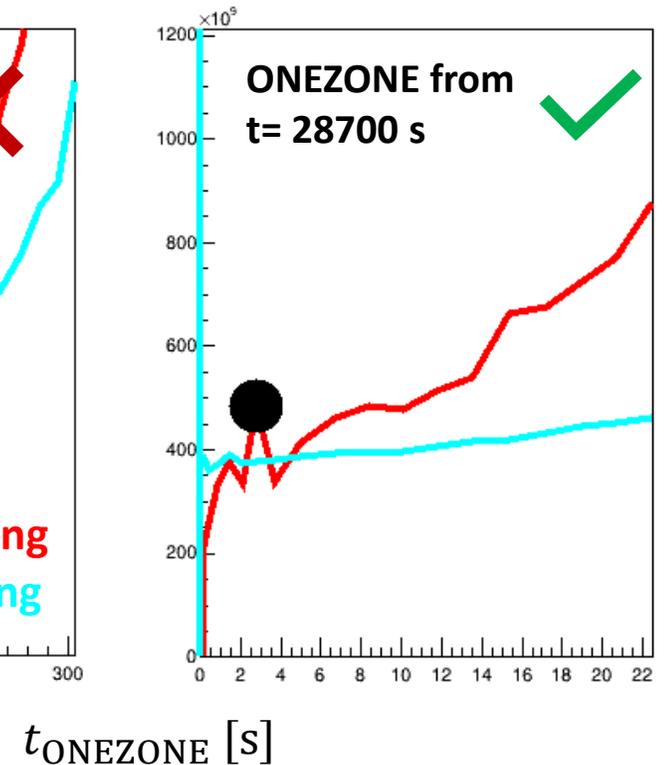
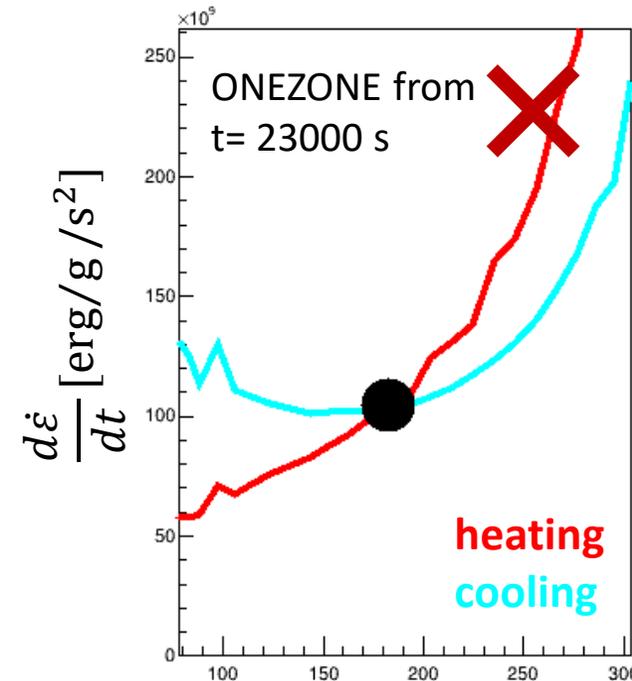


**GS 1826-24**

$(X_{\text{acc}} = 70\% \rightarrow X_{\text{ign}} = 34\%)$

# X-ray burst modeled with ONEZONE

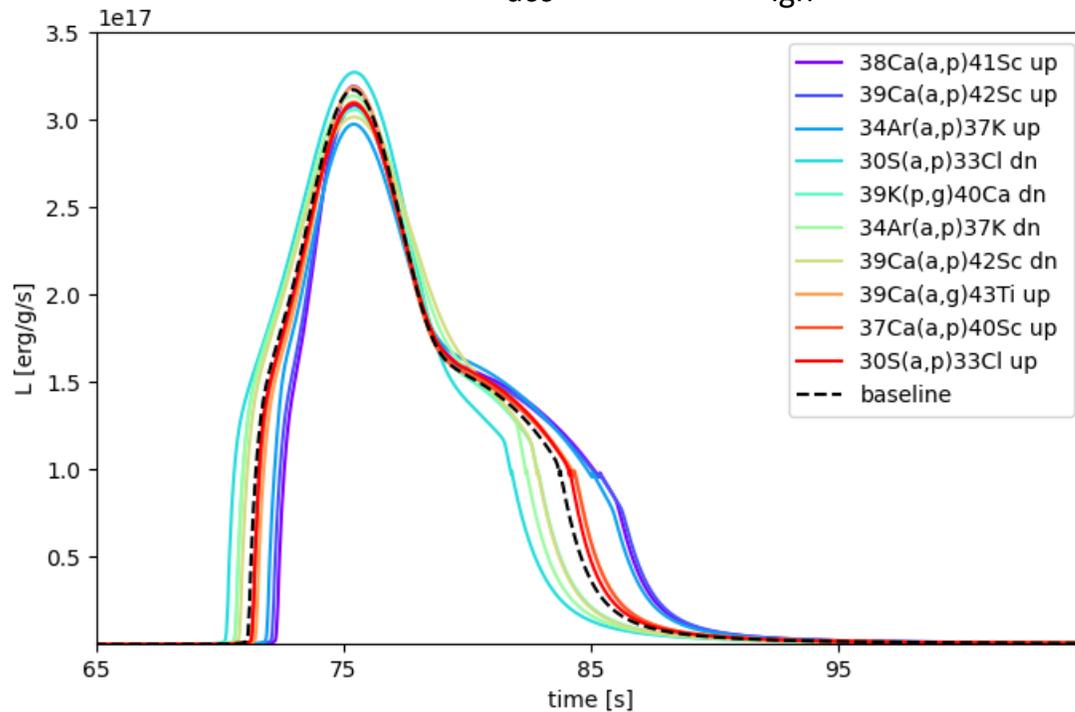
- ONEZONE: reaction network that can evolve thermodynamic conditions in a single zone.
- Criteria to estimate burst ignition depth: derivative of heating rate > derivative of cooling rate. Cumming++ ApJ 544 (2000)
- Sensitivity study:
  - Vary individually all  $(\alpha, p)$ ,  $(\alpha, \gamma)$ , and  $(p, \gamma)$  rates by factor of x100 and x0.01
  - Impact of reaction measured by change of burst luminosity and abundances vs model with standard rates (JINA Reaclib)



# Results: reactions that impact burst luminosity

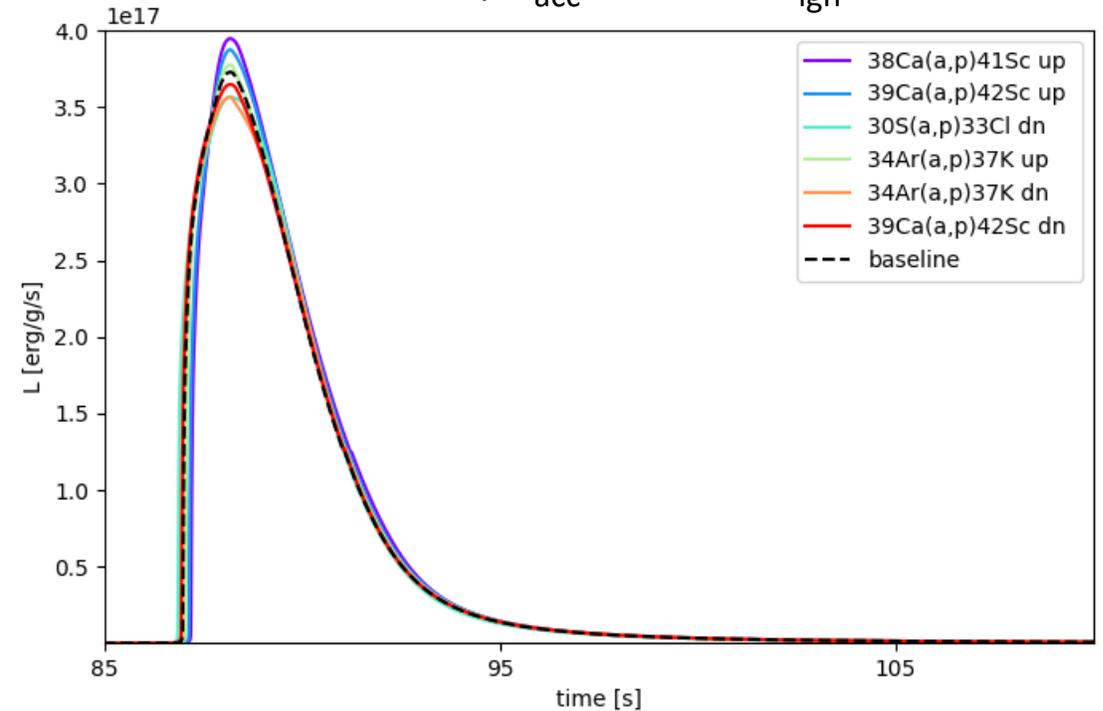
## Mixed H/He

GS 1826-24,  $X_{\text{acc}} = 70\% \rightarrow X_{\text{ign}} = 34\%$



## H deficient

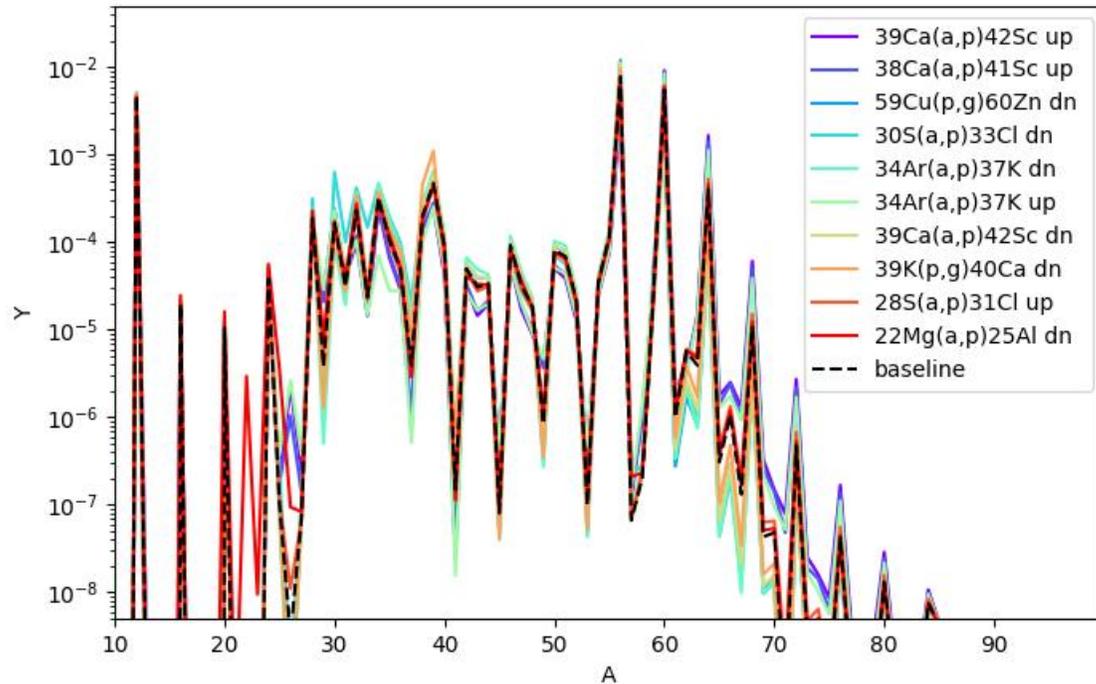
SAX J1808.4,  $X_{\text{acc}} = 50\% \rightarrow X_{\text{ign}} = 6\%$



# Results: reactions that impact burst nucleosynthesis

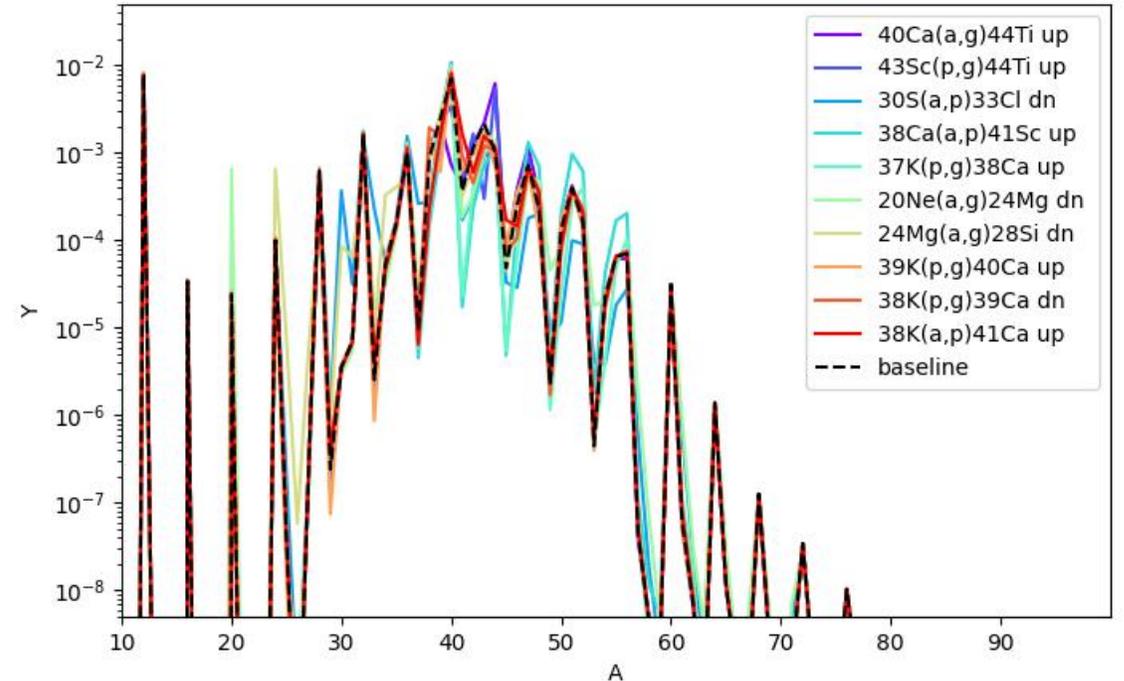
## Mixed H/He

GS 1826-24,  $X_{\text{acc}} = 70\% \rightarrow X_{\text{ign}} = 34\%$



## H deficient

SAX J1808.4,  $X_{\text{acc}} = 50\% \rightarrow X_{\text{ign}} = 6\%$

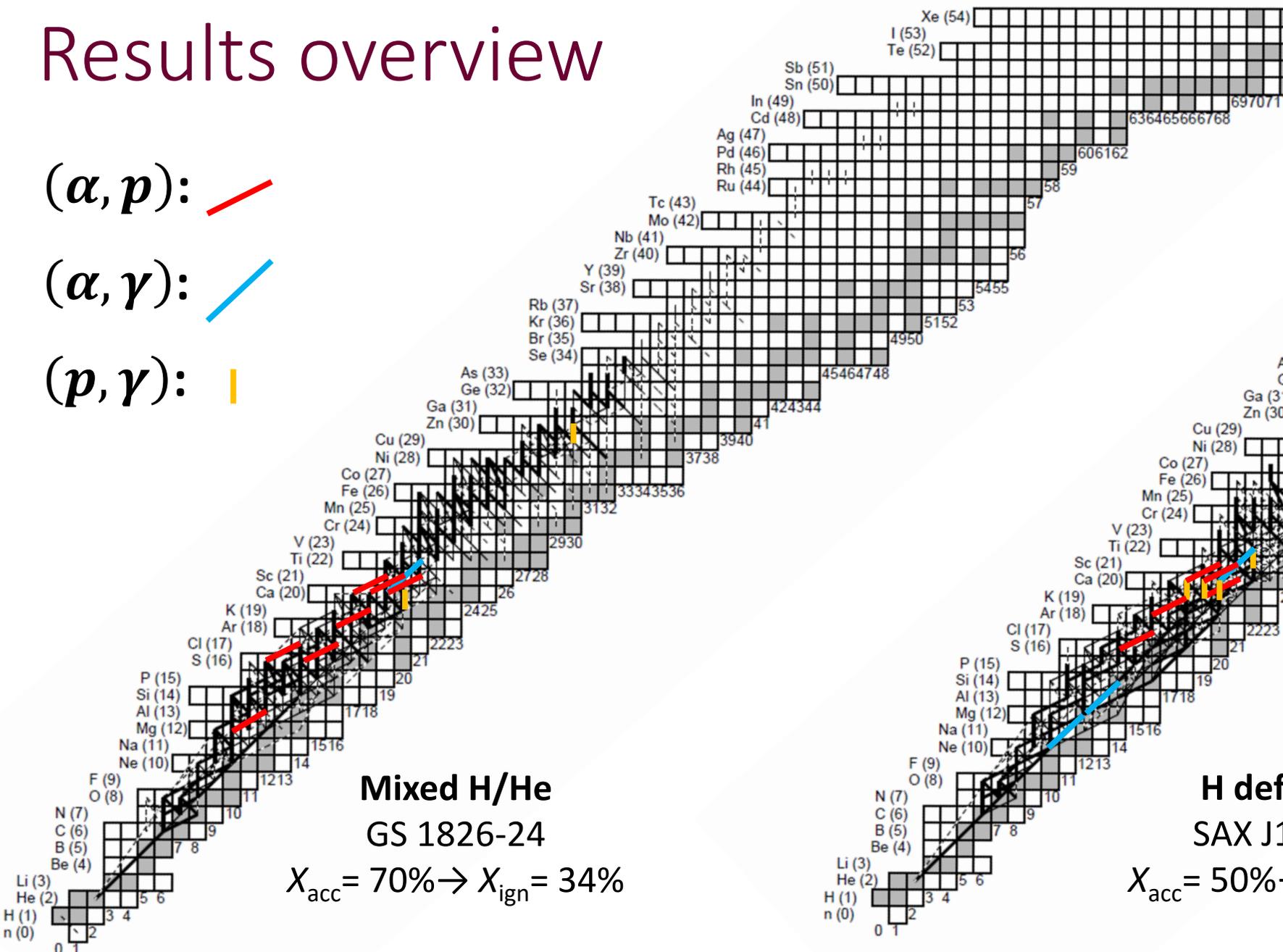


# Results overview

$(\alpha, p)$ : 

$(\alpha, \gamma)$ : 

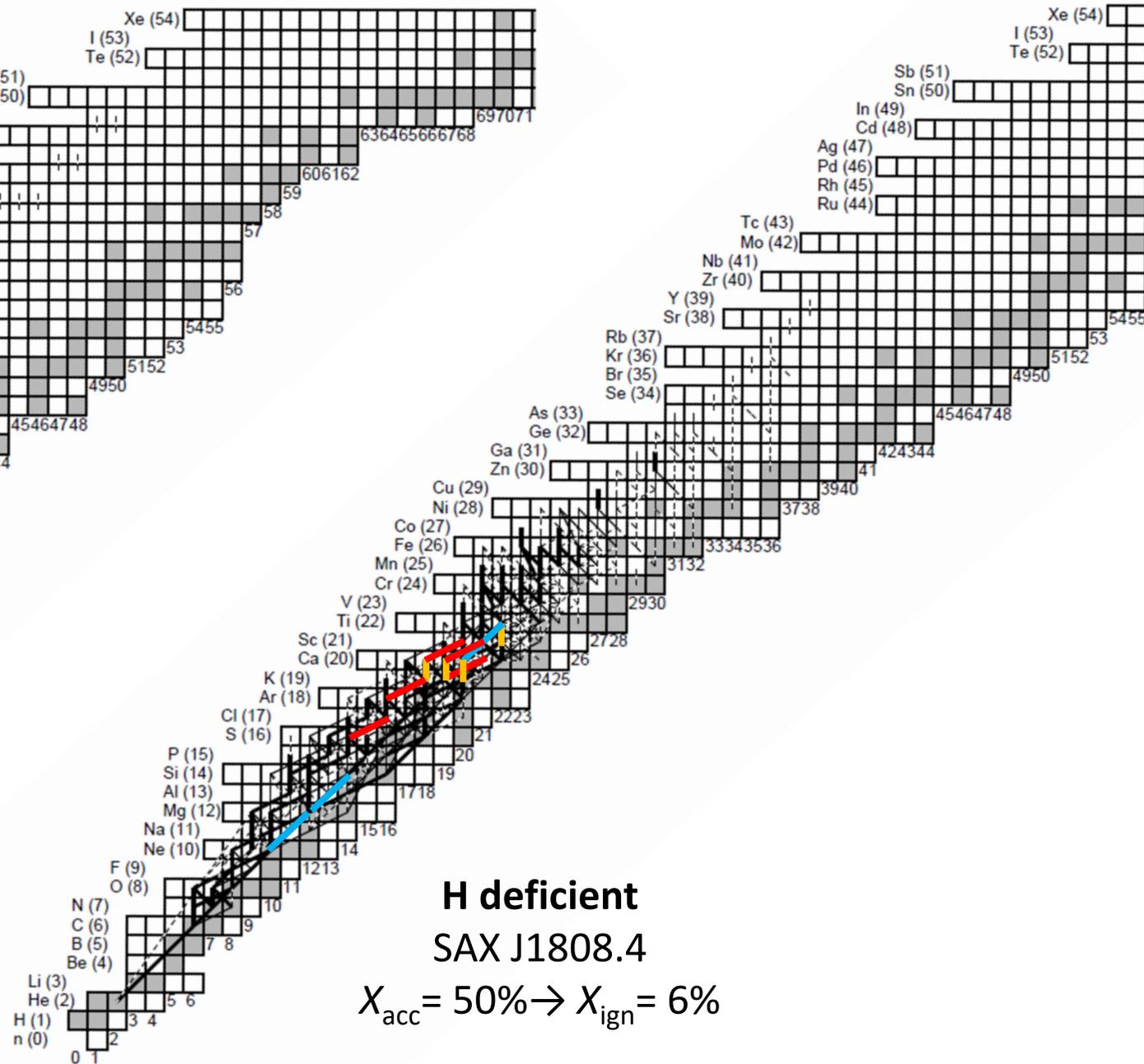
$(p, \gamma)$ : 



**Mixed H/He**

GS 1826-24

$$X_{\text{acc}} = 70\% \rightarrow X_{\text{ign}} = 34\%$$



**H deficient**

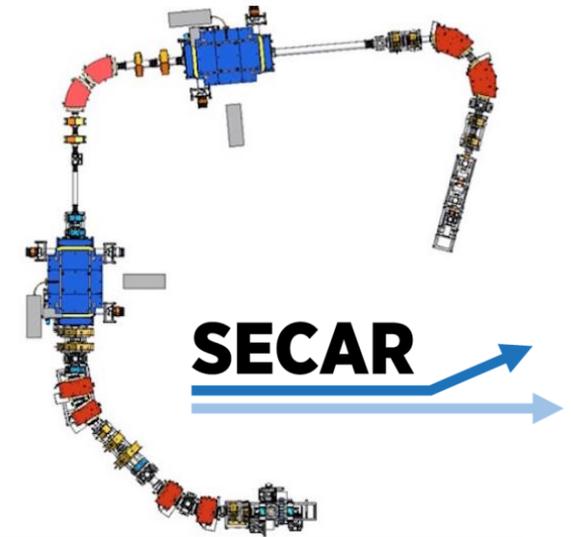
SAX J1808.4

$$X_{\text{acc}} = 50\% \rightarrow X_{\text{ign}} = 6\%$$

# Conclusions and Outlook

- Develop the machinery for an X-ray burst sensitivity study based on fast single-zone reaction networks.
- Ongoing calculations for a grid of parameters of X-ray binary systems (H/He fraction, metallicity, accretion rate).
- He-rich bursts lightcurves are affected by small number of rates. Rate of settling process is important.
- Our sensitivity study will give an overview of how role of charge particle reactions evolves with the properties of accreting binary systems.

Thermonuclear reaction rate measurements in Michigan:  
SECAR @ FRIB (and others)



See: [Ruchi Garg](#) (poster), [Pelagia Tsintari](#) (Thu. session 3)

**Join us @ CMU!** Open postdoc in experimental nuclear astrophysics.  
Alfredo Estrade: [estra1a@cmich.edu](mailto:estra1a@cmich.edu)  
George Perdikakis: [perdi1g@cmich.edu](mailto:perdi1g@cmich.edu)