LIEBE project review: Offline commissioning

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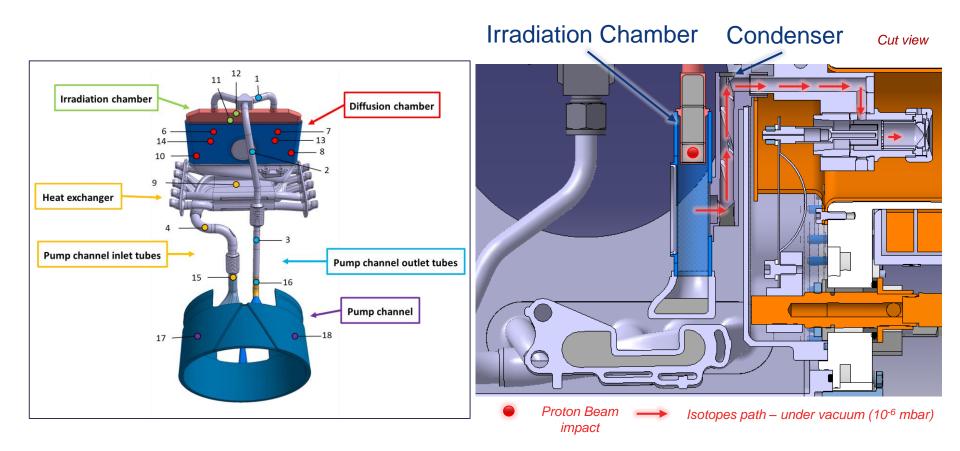
Outline

- Assembly
 - LIEBE target design
- Offline commissioning
 - Interventions in the ISOLDE target area
 - Hydrodynamic characteristics of the loop
 - Alignment-vibration
 - 1st offline tests
 - 2nd offline tests
- Options for the future
 - Present design
 - Lanthanum option, beams in the 100Sn vicinity
 - LIEBE2? Re-usable elements and expectable costs



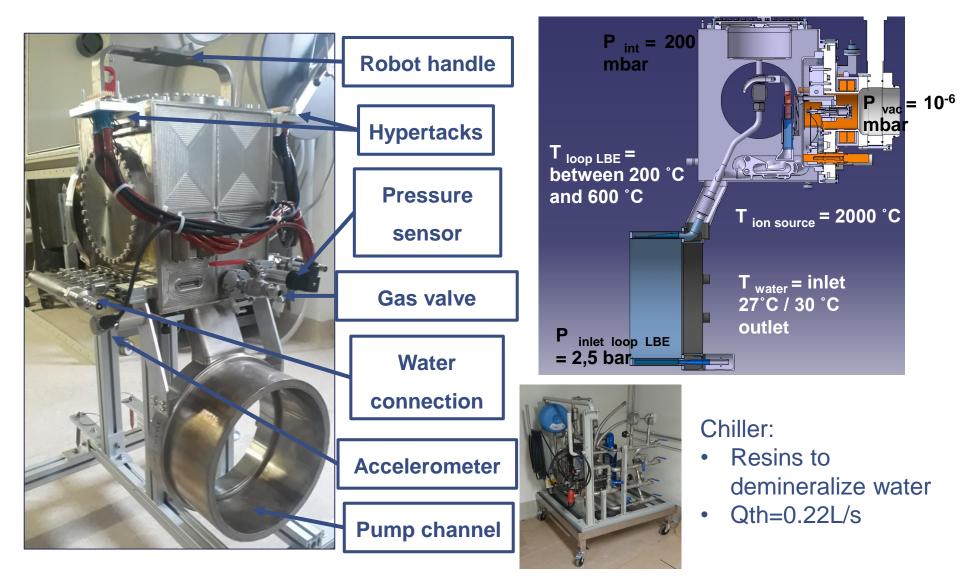
LIEBE target design: The loop

• Design approved in Project Review October 2015. EDMS nº 1554616



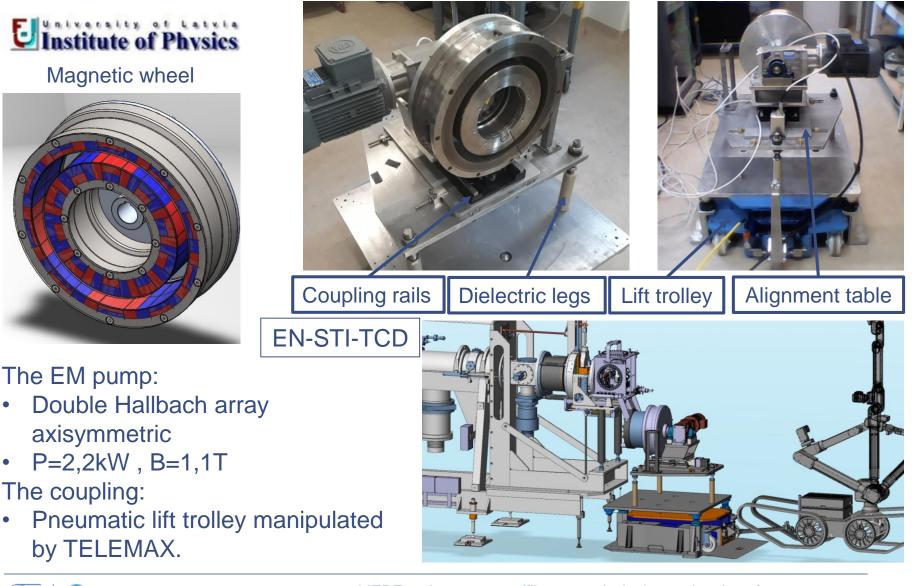


LIEBE target design: The second envelope





LIEBE target design: The electromagnetic pump





Offline commissioning

- Interventions in the ISOLDE target area
- Hydrodynamic characteristics of the loop
- Alignment-vibration
- 1st offline tests
- 2nd offline tests



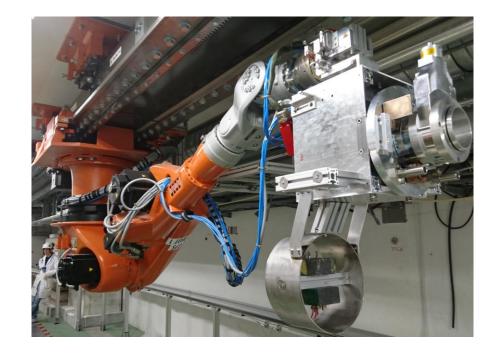
ALARA committee 2016

- Modifications on GPS:
 - Pump support
 - GPS reinforcement
 - Electrical connections
 - Shelf for storage

1.6 man.mSv approved

- Fake target tests:
 - KUKA and TELEMAX handling

EDMS nº 1594320

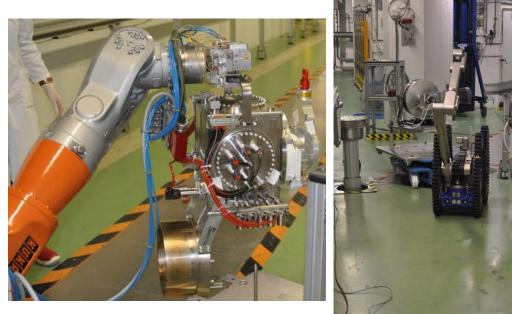


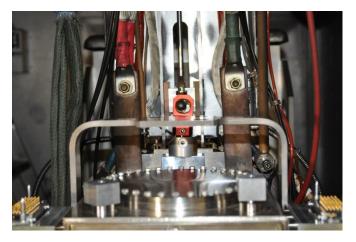


Intervention LIEBE 2018

Intervention feedback in EDMS nº 1570850

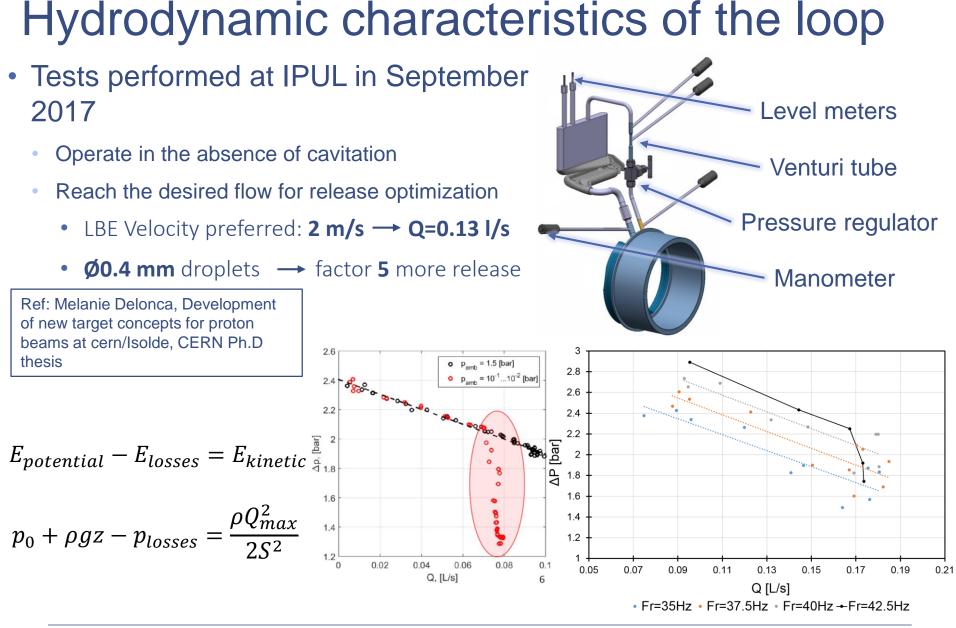
- Handling of the real elements by the robots:
 - Visual inspection of good alignment with the front end
 - Shelf modification
 - Feedback on TELEMAX manipulation of the pneumatic system
 - Geometrical measurements of the EM pump positioning
- Chiller installation
- Necessary installation of new cables through the Boris tube
- Re-cabling and testing of the Hypertack connections







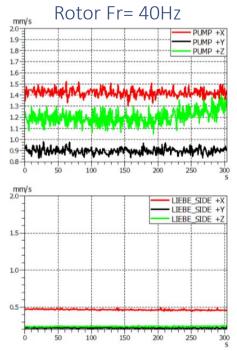




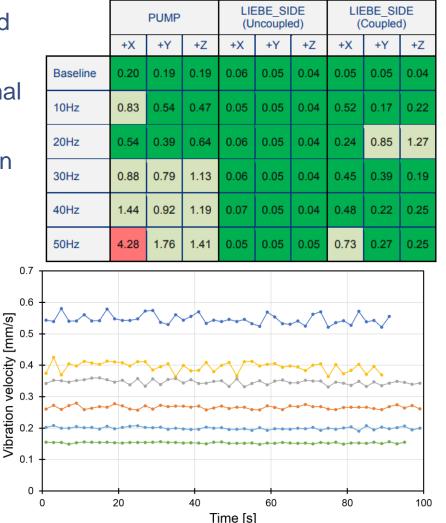


Alignment-vibration

- Target and EM pump fidualization and alignment evaluation in offline 1
- Good/satisfactory levels for operational frequencies
- Accelerometer to monitor the vibration throughout operation with LBE



Fidualization and alignment EDMS n^o 1894710,1894735,1894729. Vibration EDMS n^o1868573, n^o 2043157.

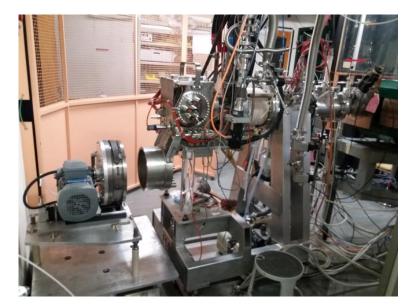


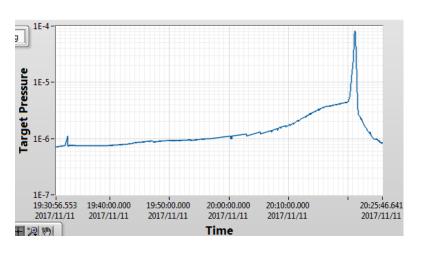
+Fr=40Hz +Fr=35Hz +Fr=30Hz +Fr=25Hz +Fr=20Hz +Background

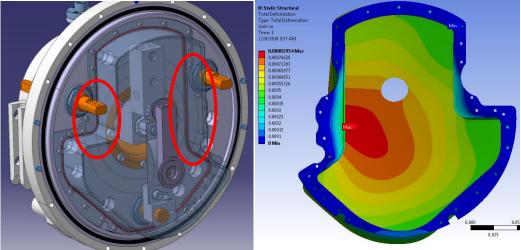
LIEBE review : target offline commissioning and options for future

1st offline tests

- NO melting of LBE:
 - Leaking ion source vacuum vessel:
 - Leak appearing when heating up the ion source to 1700 °C
 - Parasitic currents generated by the pump power cables



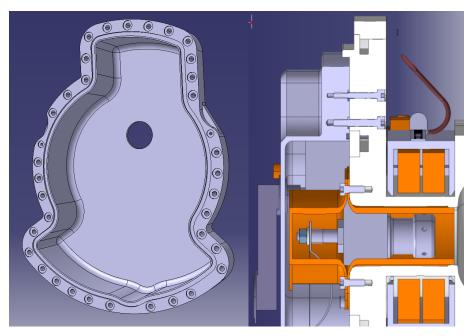


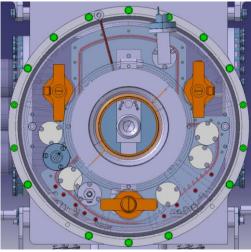


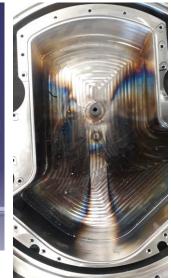


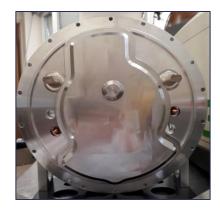
Base replacement

- New ion source Vessel:
 - Double isolation
 - Easier removal
 - Overall higher mechanical resistance
 - Incorporated heat screen









From November 2017 to July 2018



Full offline test report in EDMS nº 2043157

Diffusion chamber

Pump channel outlet tubes

Pump channe

Pressure in 2nd envelope [mbar]

350.00 300.00 250.00 200.00

50.00 0.00 12:2

12:50:24

UTC TIME

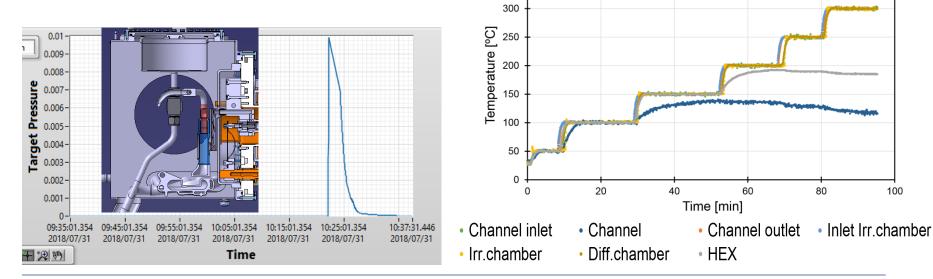
1:19:12 |

PN

:48:00

2nd offline tests

- Successful coupling and alignment, systems check
 - Good pressure read outs from 2nd Heat exchanger envelope
 - Issues with level sensors
- No heat contribution from the proton beam
 - 1.2KW proton beam
 - 2.7KW heating elements
 - 1.4KW EM pump (calculated)
- Expected pressure peak due to remaining argon on top of the LBE container



Irradiation chamber

Pump channel inlet tubes

17 -

350

TC lost during assembly



2nd offline tests · ^{Channel Inle</sub>}

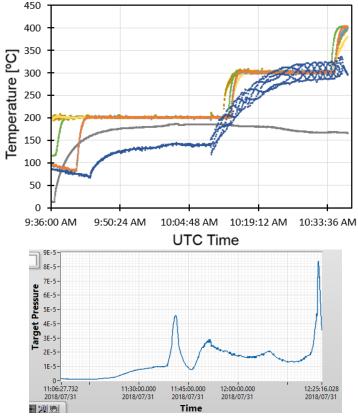
Channel inlet

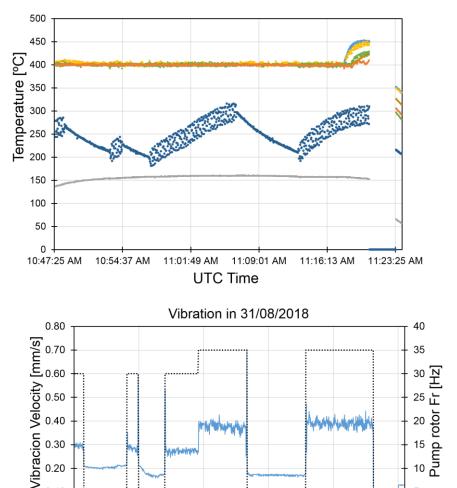
- Channel
- Diff.chamber

Channel outlet Inlet Irr.chamber

Early operation with LBE 30/07/2018:

- Signs of outgassing
- Similar vibration as in vacuum
- Pump uncontrolled stops
- HEX slightly colder





11:01:49 AM

11:09:01 AM

UTC Time

—Vibration velocity ……Pump rotor Fr

11:16:13 AM

HEX



10:54:37 AM

0.20

0.10

0.00

10:47:25 AM

11:23:25 AM

5

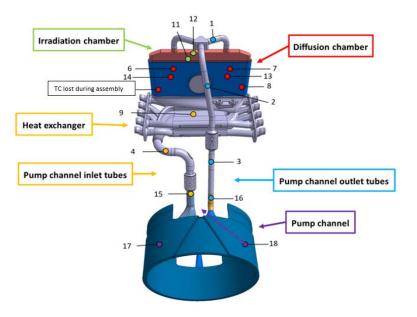
2nd offline tests

Tests interruptions:

- Broken HE
 - Lost control of the heating element
 - 21A sent to heat nearby parts of the loop
 - Lost heating in power in particular section:

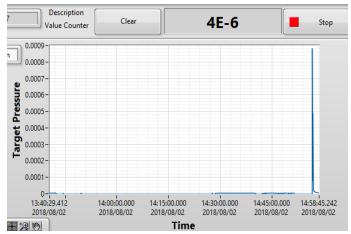


LBE solidification in the loop Not considered in the design phase



Vacuum leaks:

• Considered to be caused by remaining argon bubbles





LIEBE review : target offline commissioning and options for future



- Channel inlet Irr.chamber
- Channel

Clear

Value Counte

Diff.chamber

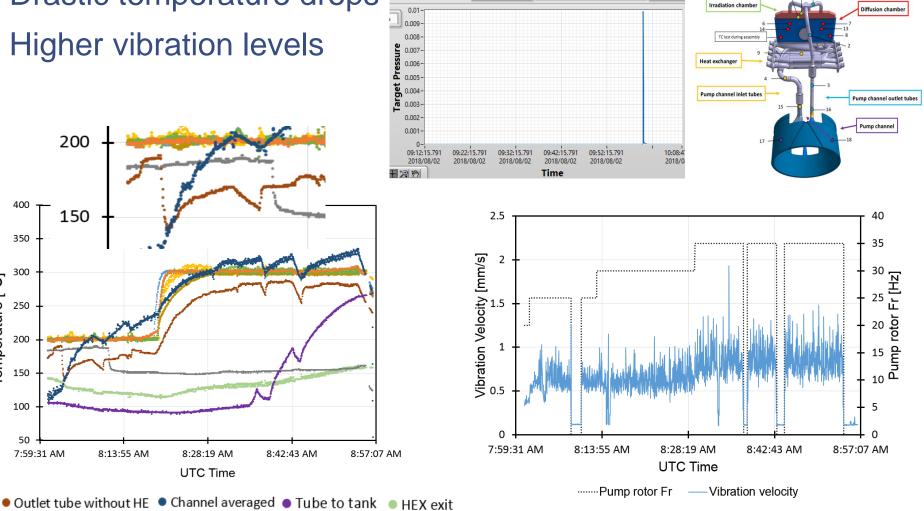
4.9E-6

• HEX

 Channel outlet Inlet Irr.chamber



• Higher vibration levels





8:13:55 AM

8:28:19 AM

UTC Time

200

150

400

350

300

250

200

150

100

50

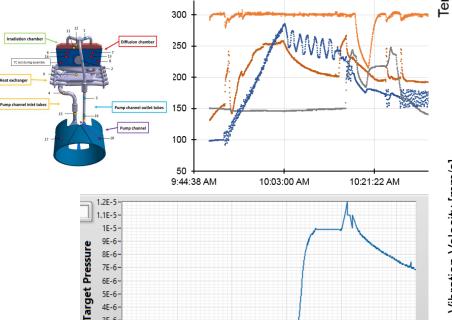
7:59:31 AM

Temperature [°C]

LIEBE review : target offline commissioning and options for future

Channel inlet 2nd offline tests Irr.chamber

- Cavitation
- Temperature drops
- Loose of vacuum



11:07:30.709

2018/08/02

10:57:30.709

2018/08/02

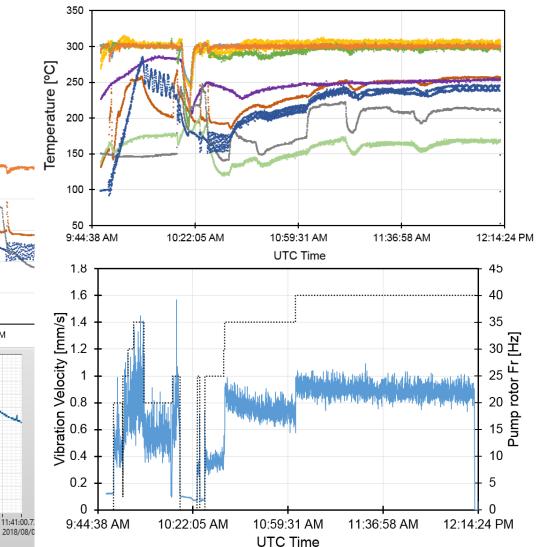
11:17:30.709

2018/08/02

Time

11:27:30.709

2018/08/02



• HEX

Outlet tube without HE • Channel averaged • Tube to tank • HEX exit

Channel outlet
 Inlet Irr.chamber



4E-6-3E-6-

2E-6-1E-6

0

┣ ᇩ –

10:47:30.709

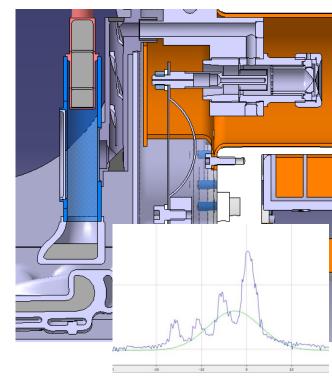
2018/08/02

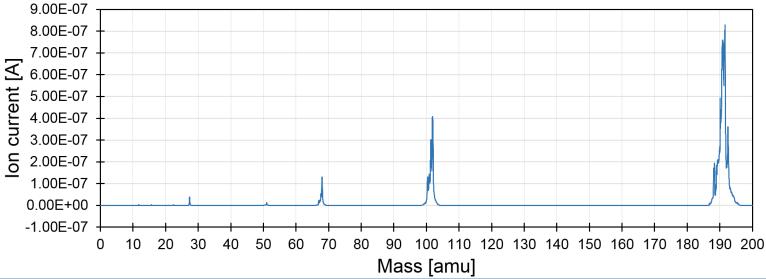
Channel

Diff.chamber

2nd offline tests: Mass scans

- Short-circuits detected in the VADIS.
- High contamination levels of Pb and Bi ions from LBE up to 0.8µA
- No perturbation of the beam by the EM pump magnets or vibration



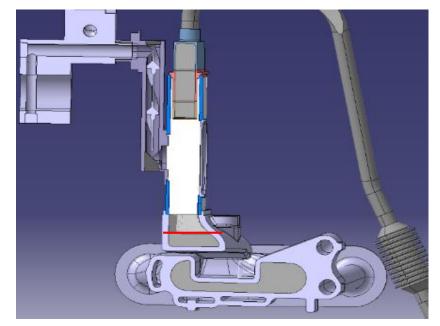




2nd offline tests

- LBE solidification
- Insufficient heating system
- Unknown hydrodynamic conditions





Volume to fill the diffusion chamber in the worst case scenario (not taking into account the "chimney" small volume) = 0.3L

Post tests inspection:

- LBE coated all surfaces near the ion source and extraction electrode
- Bigger quantities following a stream path towards and underneath the ion source



Offline commissioning conclusions

Commissioning with positive feedback:

- Installation in the ISOLDE target area
- Hydrodynamics of the droplet formation
- Mechanical stability of the coupling target/EM pump
- Beam production
- Safety requirements:
 - 2nd envelope
 - Vibration control
 - Durability of the sensors in the target area?

Non compliant commissioning:

- Thermal system
 - Insufficient to guarantee molten LBE by itself
- Hydrodynamics in case of a plug
 - EM pump developed pressures
- Control system
 - Security measures against short-circuits
 - User interface

Related issues:

- Design rigidity
- Short operation tests time



Options for the future

- Present design
- Lanthanum option, beams in the 100Sn vicinity
- LIEBE2? Re-usable elements and expectable costs

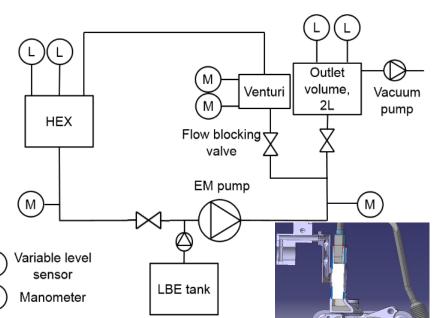


Present design

- Experimental study of the hydrodynamics in case of a plug (in collaboration with IPUL):
 - Liquid metal developed columns
 - Total LM volume in the loop
 - Heating elements test

↓ Safe operation mode

- Dedicated loop test stand:
 - Gain operating experience
 - Refine control and data acquisition systems (EN-SMM-MRO)



| | Expectable costs | Cost (CHF) |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| | Dedicated stand | 10000 |
| | Heating elements + thermocouples | 15000 |
| CALL P | Dedicated worker | 50000 |

Operating procedure

 \rightarrow Offline tests



/year

LIEBE 2?

Advantages:

- Changes of design from lessons learned:
 - Simplified HEX ↔ chiller water flow control
 - Design flexibility
- Estimated costs from CERN EDH (Electronic Document handling system)

| Re-usable elements/studies | Cost* (CHF) | Expectable similar costs | Cost (CHF) |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------|
| EM pump | 33000 | Assembly | 100000 |
| Skid (chiller) | 23000 | Heating elements | 15000 |
| EM pump coupling | 40000 | + thermocouples | |
| system | | Mechanical design | 35000 |
| Control system | 40000 | + control system | |
| Mechanical design | | Dedicated worker | 50000/year |
| (Bureau d'etudes) | | | |

*Costs take into account human work power

Re-usable 190000CHF



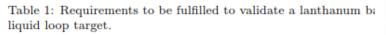
The Lanthanum option

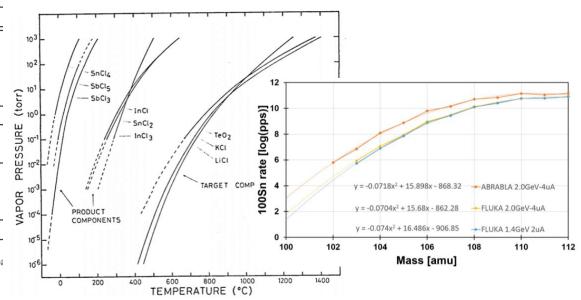
- Changes in the LIEBE design:
 - Heating elements
 - Design of a diffusion chamber with gas line

EMIS2018 proceedings: The LIEBE high-power target: Offline commissioning results and prospects for the production of 100Sn ISOL beams at HIE-ISOLDE

| Molten targets operated online | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Material | Operation temp.[°C] | Beams | | |
| Ge | 1100 | Zn | | |
| Sn | 1100 | Cd | | |
| $^{\rm Pb}$ | 700 | Hg | | |
| Bi | | | | |
| Pb-Bi | 600 | Kr/Xe/I/Cd/Hg/At | | |
| NaF-LiF | 700 | $\rm CO/Ne$ | | |
| ${ m TeCl}_4$ | 420 | SbCl/SnCl | | |
| Sc-La | 1300 | Ca/K/Ar | | |
| Y-La | 1300 | $\rm Sr/Rb/Kr$ | | |
| La | 1400 | Ba/Cs/Xe | | |
| Th-La | 1400 | m Ra/Fr/ m Rn | | |
| Gd-La | 1400 | Eu/Sm | | |
| Lu-La | 1400 | Yb/Tm | | |
| Prospective eutectics for beams in the ¹⁰⁰ Sn region | | | | |
| Ag-La | 518 * | $Cd/MCl_x(M=In,Sn,Sb)$ | | |
| Au-La | 561 * | $\mathrm{Cd}/\mathrm{MCl}_x$ | | |
| Ni-La | 532 * | $\mathrm{Cd}/\mathrm{MCl}_x$ | | |

| Lanthanum based liquid loop req. | | |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Lanthanum eutectic characterization | Melting Point Vapor pressure EM pump induction Viscosity | |
| Material compatibility | Corrosion | |
| Hydro-dynamic | · Droplet formation | |
| properties | Cavitation | |
| MCl_x compounds | Formation temperature Effusion transport Ionization | |
| Monitoring systems and full loop operation | | |







Acknowledgements

EN-STI-RBS : Bernard Crepieux, Andres Vieitez, Melanie Delonca, Thierry Stora, TISD group, Ana Paula Bernardes, Ermanno Barbero, Beatriz Conde Fernandez, Vincent Barozier EN-STI-TCD : Edouard Grenier-Boley EN-MME : Laurent Prever-Loiri, Lukasz Jerzy EN-SMM : Thierry Feniet, Antje Behrens, Alexandre Beynel EN-HE : Jean Louis Grenard BE-OP : Pascal Fernier SINP, IPUL, SCK.CEN : Susanta Lahiri, Kalvis Kravalis, Donald Houngbo,





Thank you for your attention

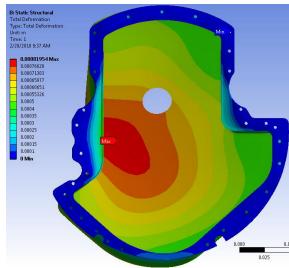
1st offline tests

Analysis and first solutions attempted

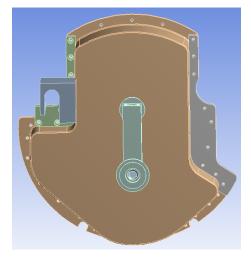


Cathode (up to 2000 °C)

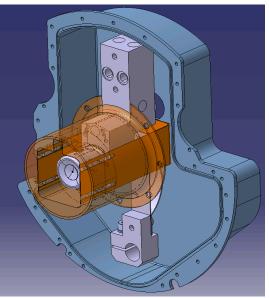
Water cooled aluminum base



Near solving solution, stable vacuum at 1900degC, leak at 2000degC



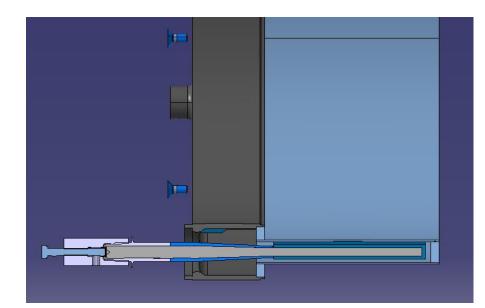
Ineffective mechanical rigidness and contact cooling from electrical feedthroughs





Emptying system

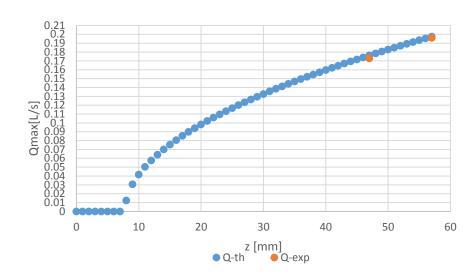
- Piercing of a thin wall at the bottom of the target
- Tank with gas connector to pump possible vapors.
- Leak tight Swagelok connection between the tank and LIEBE

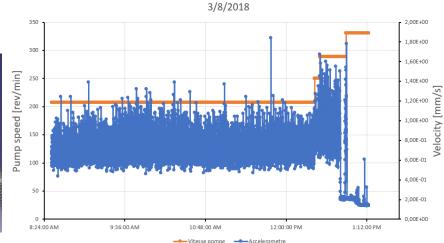


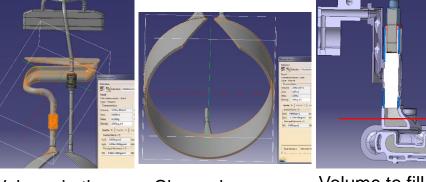


LIEBE mock-up extended tests

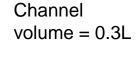
- Possibility to slightly reduce the level of LBE
 - Gain of 0.1L to fill the diff.chamber at Qmax=0.15L/s
 - Only 2/3 of the channel volume filled
- No sign of pressure problems for 4h at a low pump Fr (25Hz).







Volume in the inlet side of the channel = 0.3L



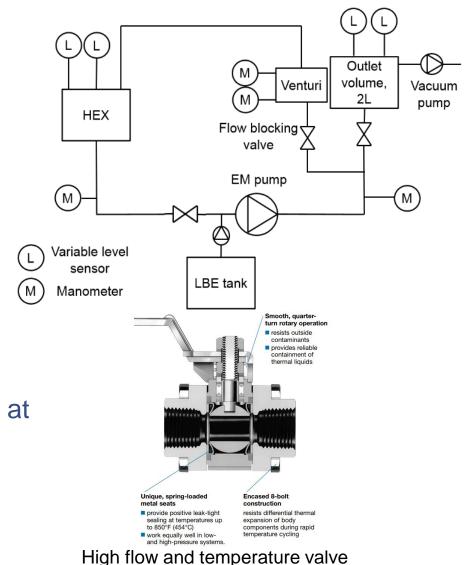
Volume to fill the diffusion chamber in the worst case scenario = 0.3L



LIEBE review : target offline commissioning and options for future

LIEBE mock-up extended tests

- Outlet LM level depending on:
 - Total LM volume in the loop
 - Pump Fr
- Level detection:
 - Pressure
 - Electric contact
 - Inductance sensors (sensor developed in IPUL)
- Qmax experimental confirmation at lower "z"
 - Similar setup to previous tests





LIEBE review : target offline commissioning and options for future

Saturated vapour pressure

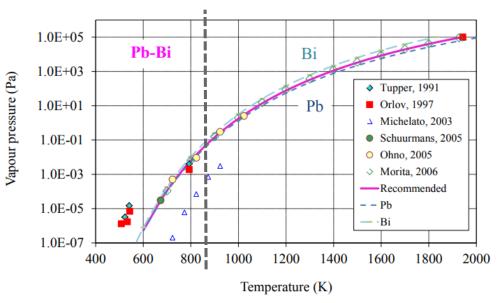


Figure 2.8.3(a): Saturated vapour pressures of liquid LBE versus temperature

$$p_{s(LBE)}[Pa] = 1.22 \times 10^{10} \cdot exp(-22552/T)K$$

Recommended correlation:

- T=673K(400degC) Ps= 3.4e-7mbar
- T=773K(500degC) Ps= 2.6e-5mbar
- T=873K (600degC) Ps= 7.3e-4mbar
- T=923K (650degC) Ps= 3e-3mbar

