

**A case study
of the LHC mass exclusion limits
for the BSM vector resonances**

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Introduction

- Higgs discovery
- EWSB = ? (BSM: strongly/weakly interacting)
- SM - not final theory
- BSMs predict new particles
- ATLAS and CMS resonance searches:
 - no discovery yet → improving exclusion limits of BSM parameters
 - **Exclusion limits on Mass (MEL)**

Introduction

Plethora of BSMs

- huge task to check all – model dependency
- effective Lagrangian: a convenient tool for pheno
 - analytic tool as model independent as possible
 - data/observables/theory parameters connections
 - proper approximations

Our Goals

- vector resonances: strongly-interacting extensions of the SM
 - well motivated – CHM, TC2, ...
- observability at the LHC

Particular questions

- **MELs**
 - the impact of the resonance-to-fermions free params
- the role of the **b-quark proton contents**
- restriction by the **NWA** ($\Gamma/M < 10\%$)

tBESS model

the effective Lagrangian

- the modified BESS model
 - BESS[R. Casalbuoni et al, PLB 155, 95 (1985); NPB282, 235 (1987)]
 - effective description via the Hidden Local Symmetry approach
 - a specific resonance-to-fermion interaction pattern
 - emphasizes **the role of the 3rd quark generation**
 - **avoids the EWPD low-energy limits**
- particle spectrum
 - **SM fields + vector resonance triplet**
- symmetry
 - global $\mathbf{SU(2)}_L \otimes \mathbf{SU(2)}_R \rightarrow \mathbf{SU(2)}_{L+R}$ (Higgs sector)
 - auxiliary $\mathbf{SU(2)}_{\text{HLS}}$: the vector triplet as gauge bosons
 - non-linear sigma model (NGB)
 - the 125 GeV $\mathbf{SU(2)}_{L+R}$ **scalar singlet** (Higgs)

tBESS model

Main features

- **$SU(2)_{L+R}$ triplet** of vector resonances
- its **mass** depends on the model's couplings
- neutral & charged vector resonances are **degenerate** in mass
- its **total width** grows with the resonance mass
- **direct couplings to fermions**: 3rd quark generation only
- mixing with SM GBs

tBESS model

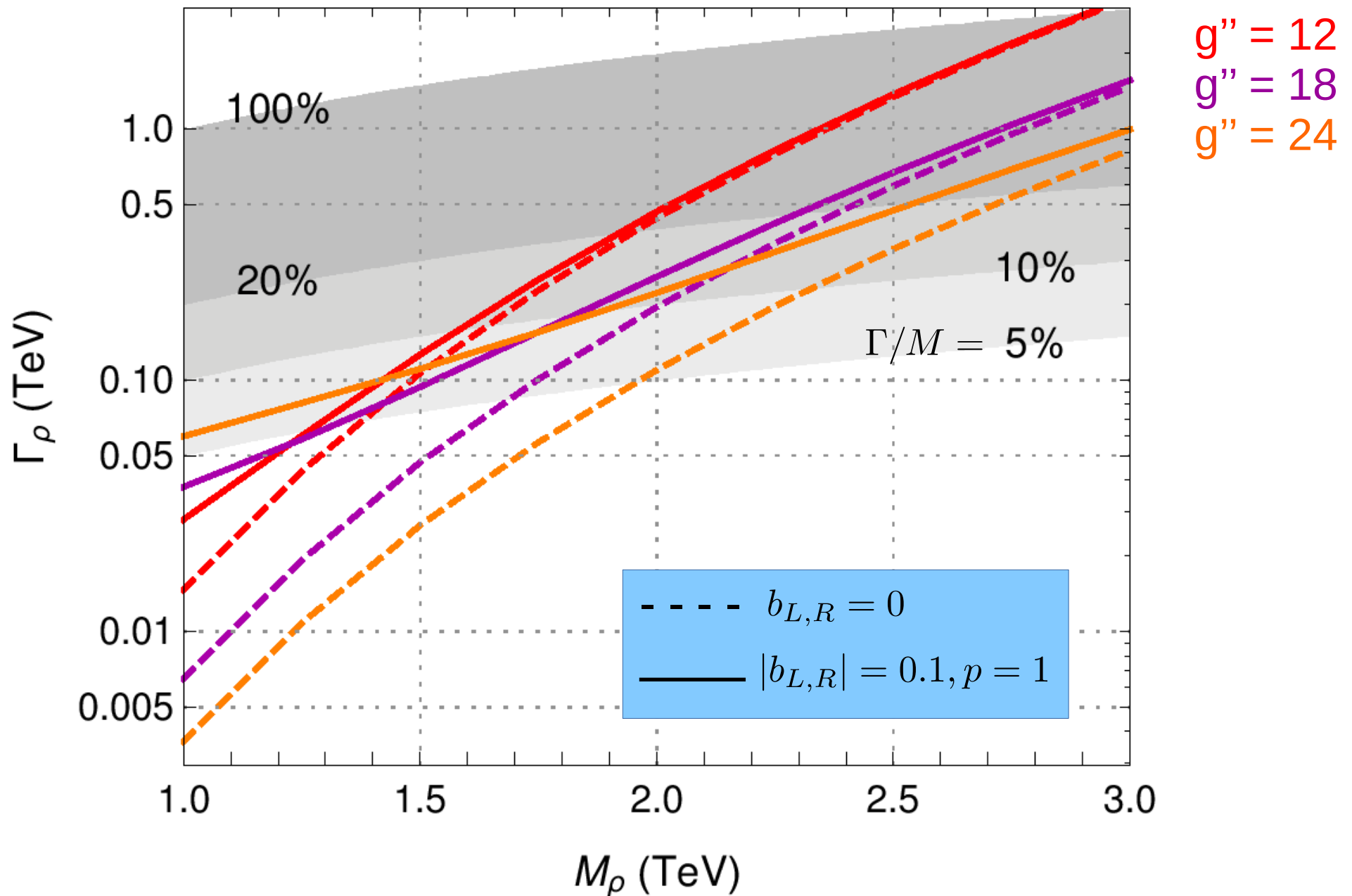
the Lagrangian's free parameters

- the gauge couplings:
 - $g \dots \text{SU}(2)_L$
 - $g' \dots \text{U}(1)_Y$
 - $g''/2 \dots \text{SU}(2)_{\text{HLS}}$
- the resonance masses: $M_\rho \approx \sqrt{\alpha} g'' v / 2$
- the direct vector-to-fermion couplings:

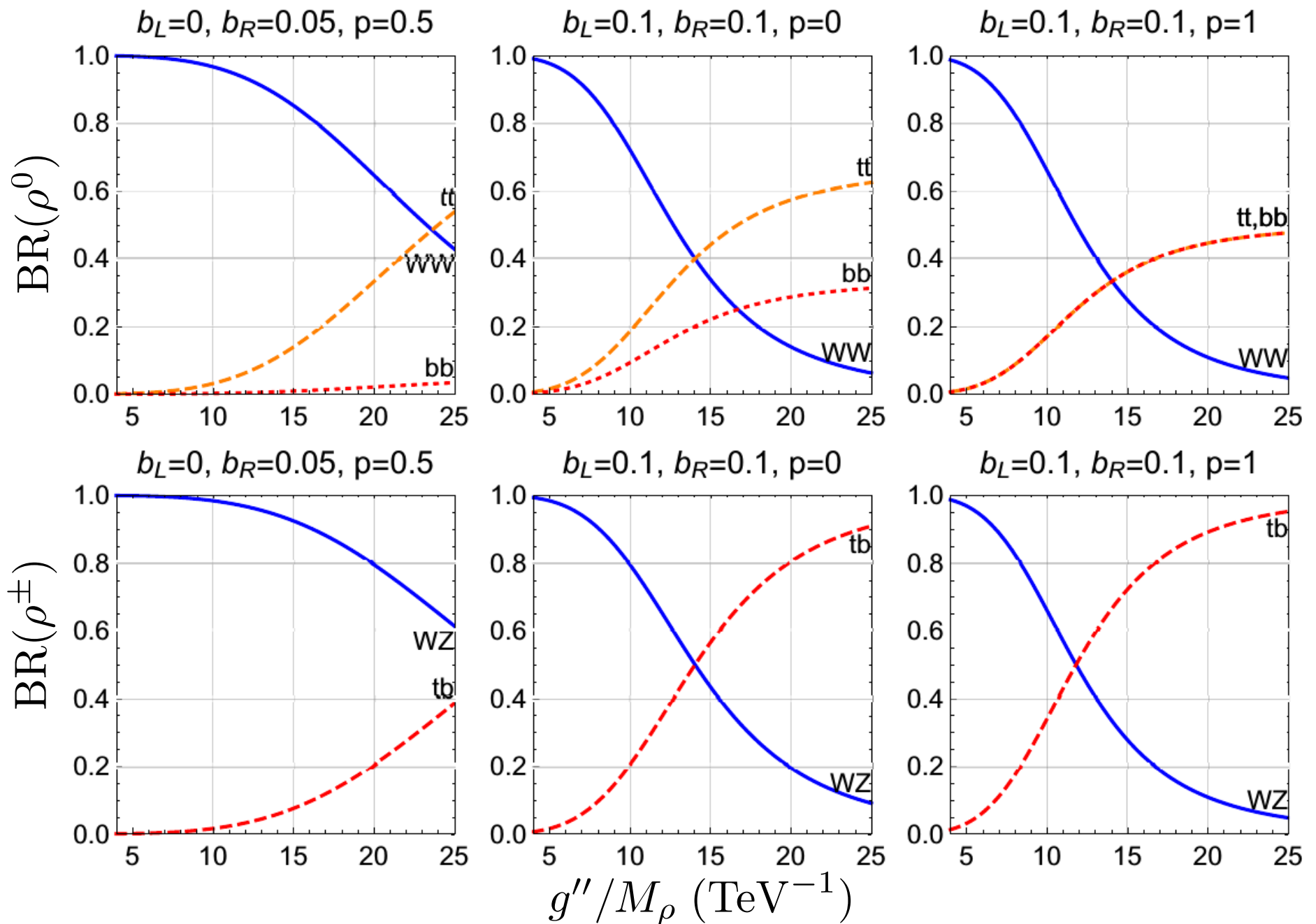
vertex	$V^3 t_L t_L, V^3 b_L b_L$	$V^\pm t_L b_L$	$V^3 t_R t_R$	$V^3 b_R b_R$	$V^\pm t_R b_R$
cpIng	$b_L g''/2$	$b_L g''/2$	$b_R g''/2$	$p^2 b_R g''/2$	$p b_R g''/2$

- mixing induced interactions of ρ to all fermions: $\sim 1/g''$
- perturbativity limit: $g''/2 \leq 4\pi$
- EWPD, Higgs sector measurements, unitarity limits: $g'' > 12$
- EWPD: $|b_{L,R}| < 0.1$

Total Decay Width of ρ_{tBESS}



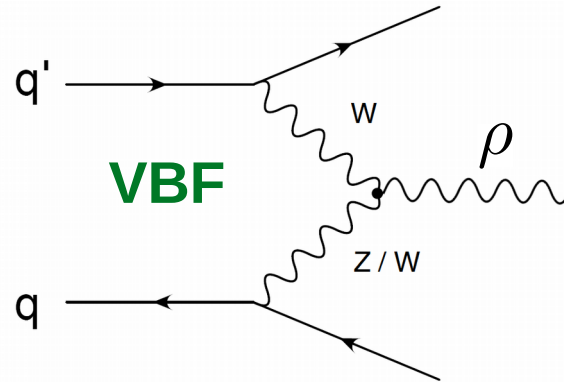
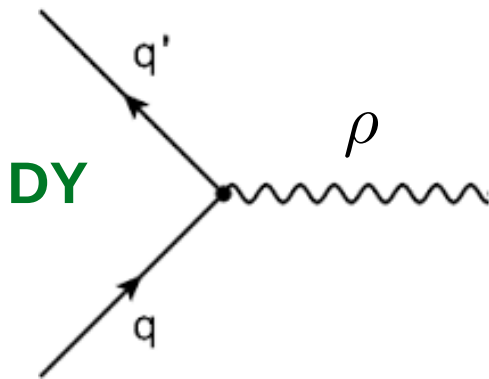
Dominant decay channels $\rho_{\text{tBESS}} \rightarrow \text{AB}$



Calculations

studied processes

- LHC **s-channel production + two-body decay**
- 2 production mechanisms: **DY + VBF**

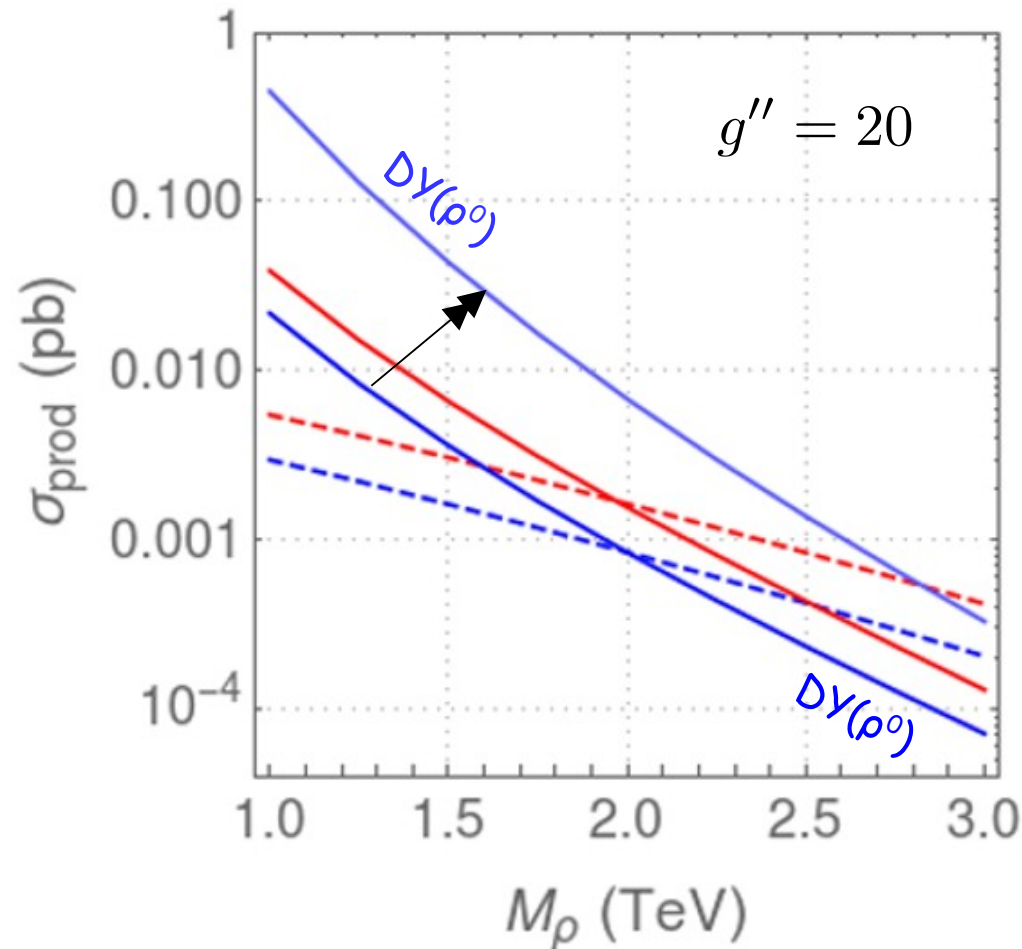


- used approximations: **NWA**(both) & **EWA**(VBF)

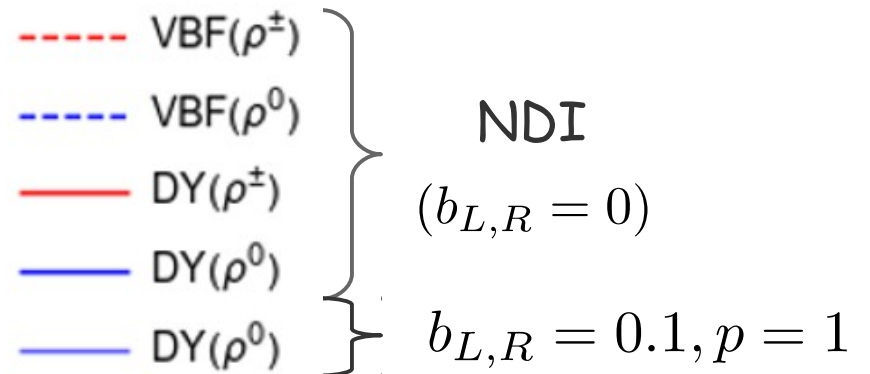
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow abX) = \sigma_{\text{prod}}(pp \rightarrow \rho X) \times \text{BR}(\rho \rightarrow ab)$$

$$\sigma_{\text{prod}}(pp \rightarrow \rho + X) = \sum_{i \leq j \in p} 16\pi^2 K_{ij} \frac{\Gamma_{\rho \rightarrow ij}}{M_\rho} \frac{dL_{ij}}{d\hat{s}} \Big|_{\hat{s}=M_\rho^2}$$

Production XS



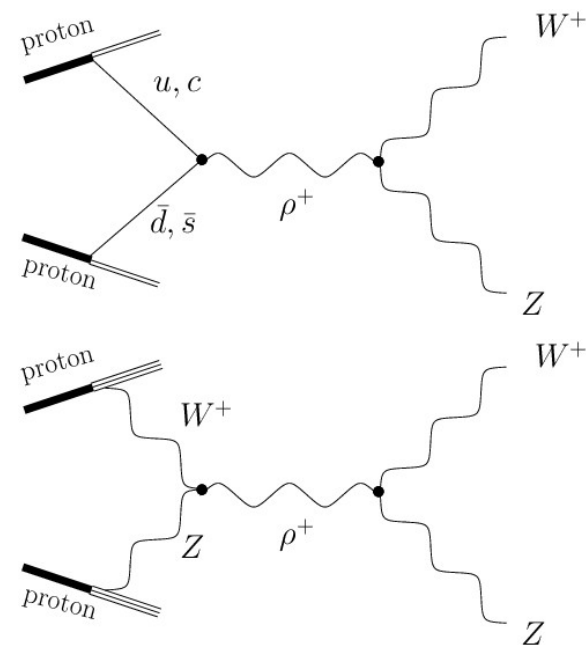
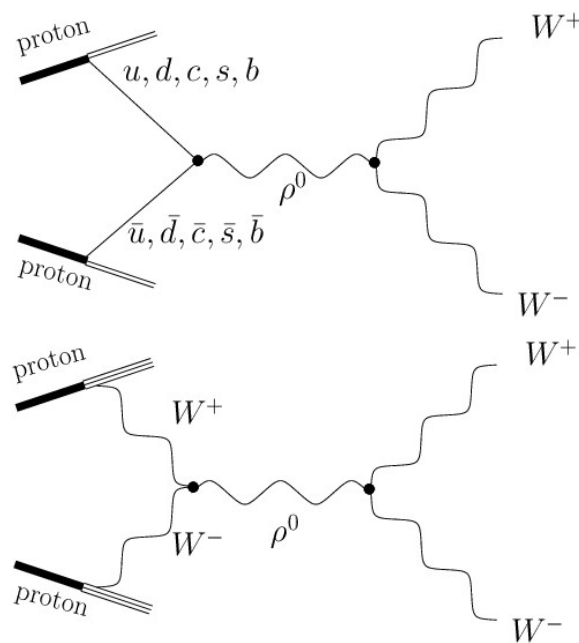
- the effect of the b-quark in proton: $\longrightarrow \blacktriangleright$



Results

experimental input

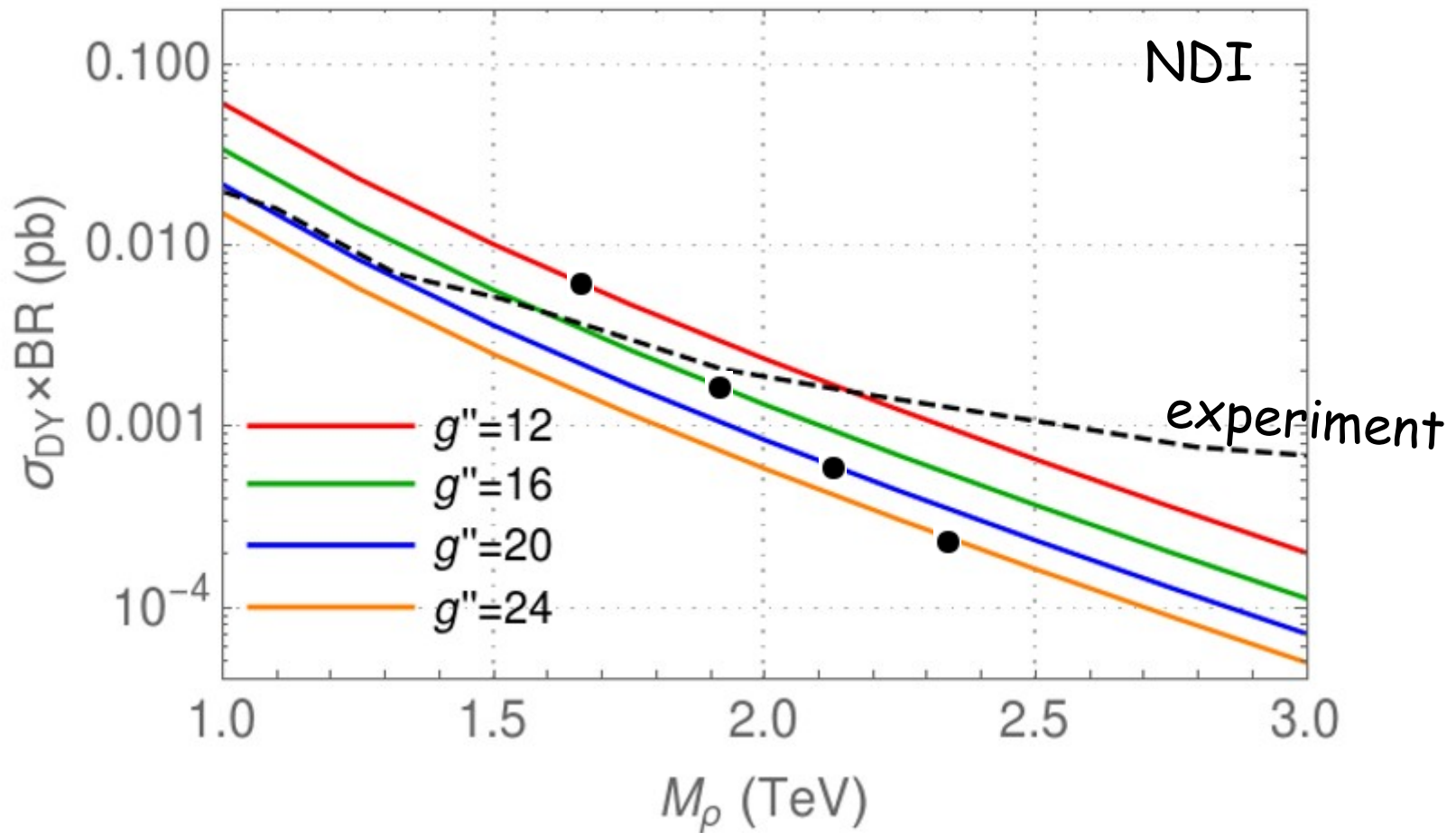
- ATLAS+CMS, ≤ 13 TeV, ≤ 36 fb $^{-1}$
- upper limits on “ $\sigma_{\text{prod}} \times \text{BR}(R \rightarrow \text{ab})$ ”:
 - available: $WW, WZ, WH, ZH, jj, \ell\ell, \ell\nu, \tau\tau, \tau\nu, bb, tt, tb$
 - **restrictions from:** $WZ_{\text{DY}}, WW_{\text{DY}}, WZ_{\text{DY}+\text{VBF}}, WW_{\text{DY}+\text{VBF}}$



Results

no direct interactions ($b_{L,R} = 0$)

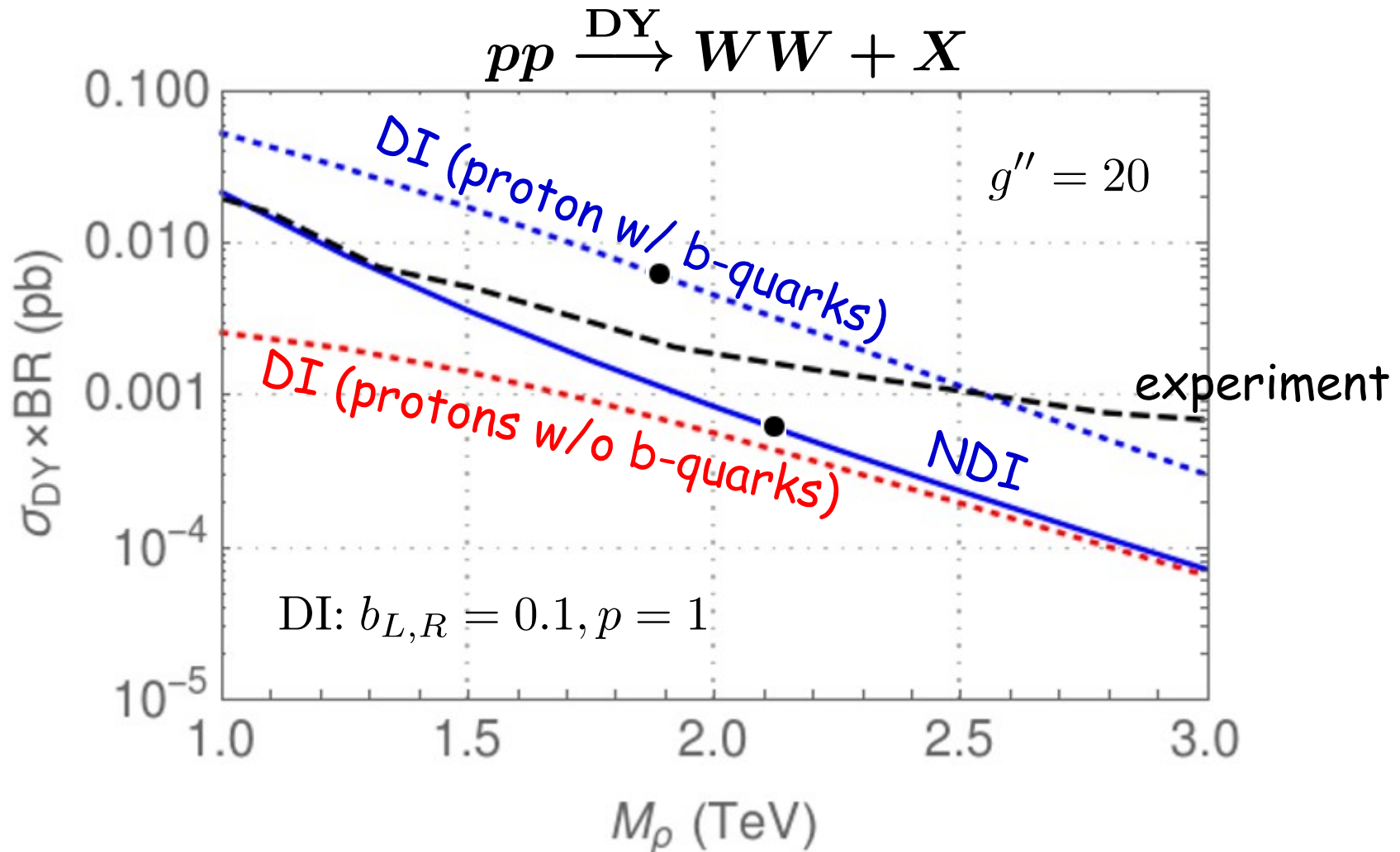
$$pp \xrightarrow{DY} WW + X$$



• $\Gamma/M = 10\%$

Results

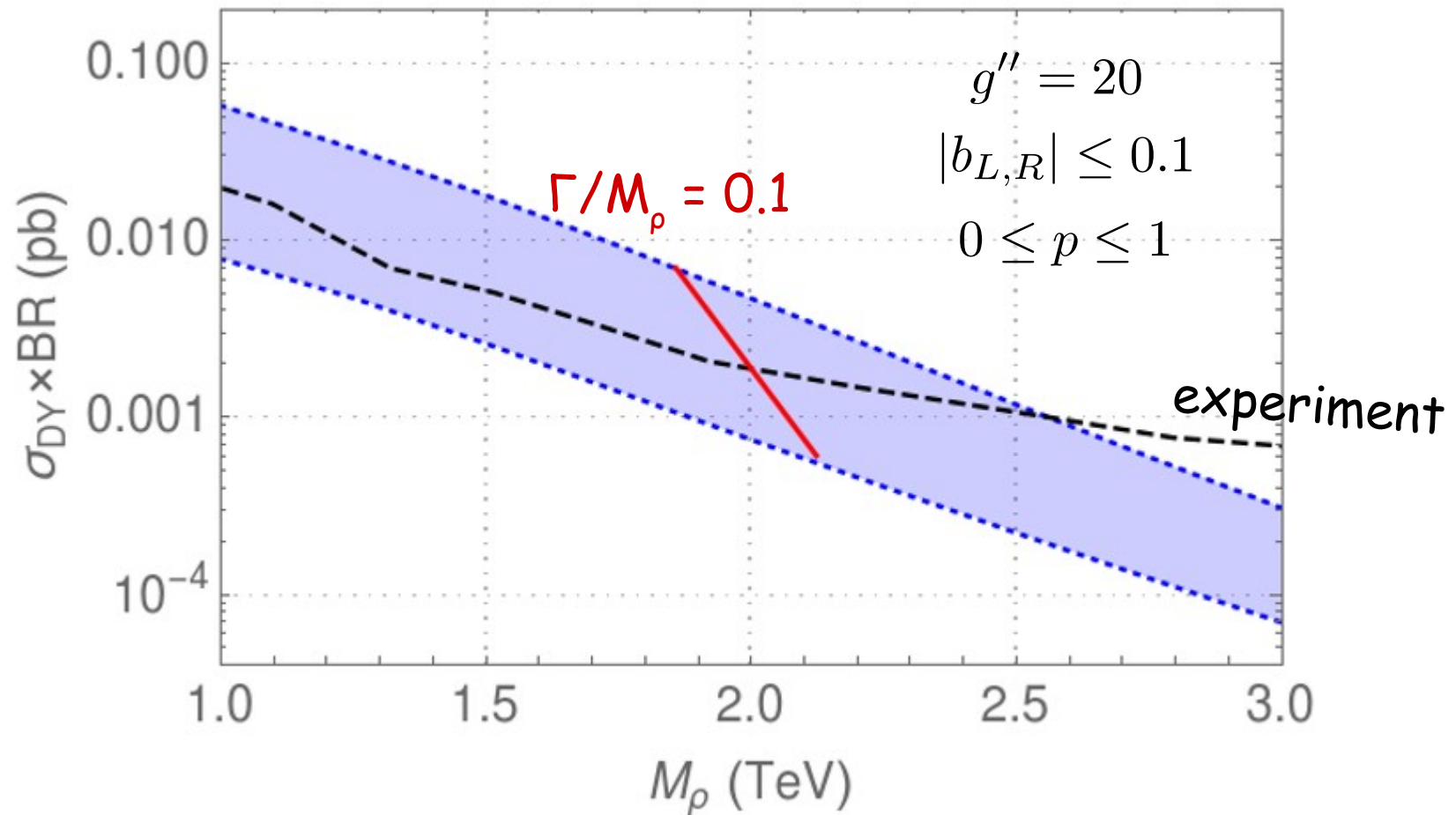
the effect of the b-quark proton contents



Results

the direct interactions turned on

$$pp \xrightarrow{\text{DY}} WW + X$$



Results

MEL's for different scenarios

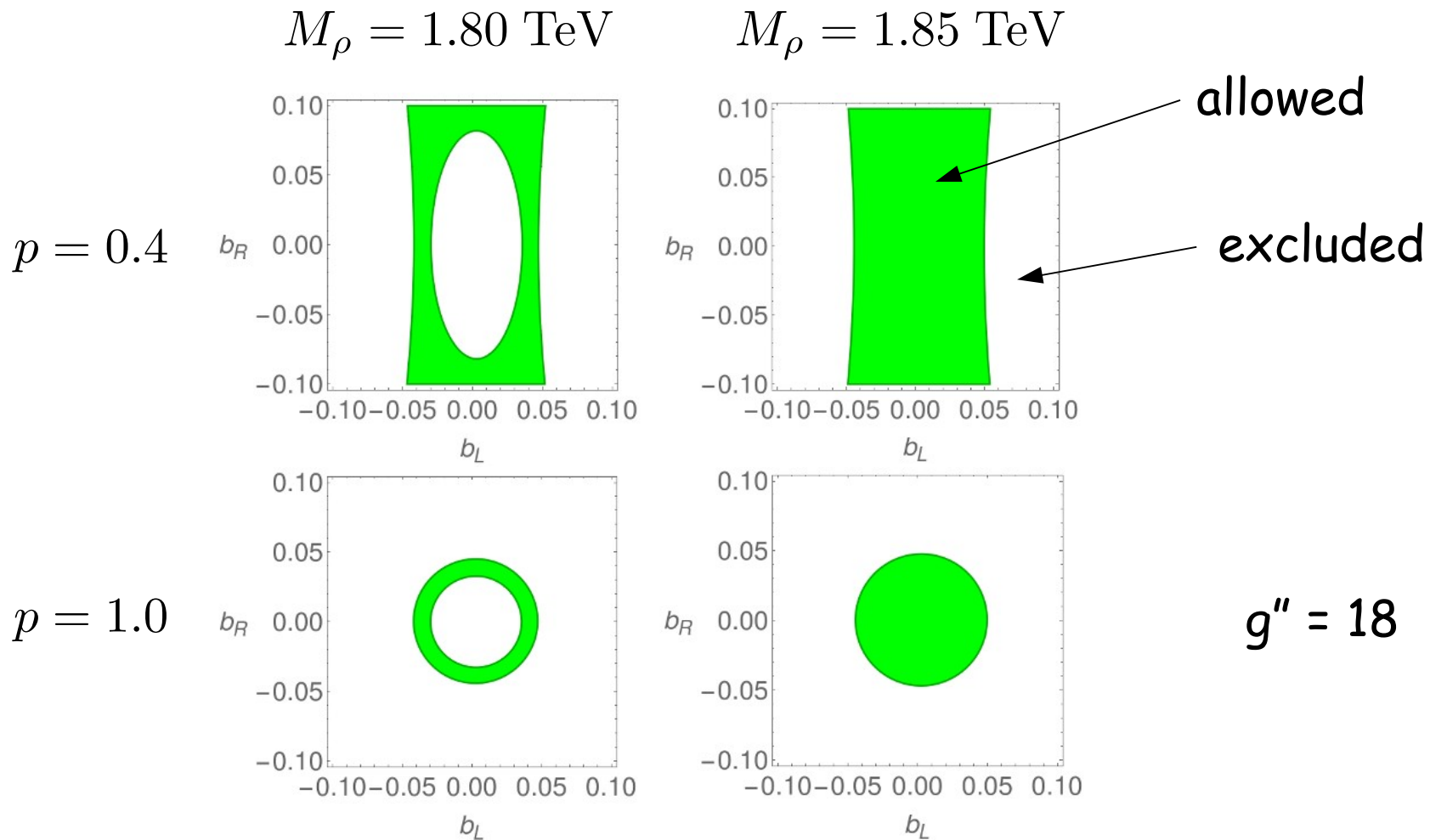
- the strongest of the WZ_{DY} , WW_{DY} , WZ_{DY+VBF} , WW_{DY+VBF} limits

g''	MEL/TeV (Γ/M_ρ)		
	NDI $b_L = b_R = 0$ p irrelevant	DI free $b_L = b_R = b$ $p = 1$	DI $b_L = 0, b_R = 0.1$ free p
		for most relaxing b	for most relaxing p
16	2.07 (0.14)	2.04 (0.14), $b = 0.044$	2.02 (0.14), $p = 0.772$
17	1.95 (0.10)	1.92 (0.10), $b = 0.036$	1.87 (0.09), $p = 0.707$
18	1.83 (0.07)	1.77 (0.06), $b = 0.032$	1.68 (0.06), $p = 0.672$
19	1.70 (0.05)	1.64 (0.04), $b = 0.028$	1.49 (0.04), $p = 0.630$
20	1.60 (0.03)	1.53 (0.03), $b = 0.025$	1.33 (0.03), $p = 0.589$
21	1.51 (0.02)	1.44 (0.02), $b = 0.020$	no MEL for some p
22	1.43 (0.02)	1.38 (0.02), $b = 0.017$	no MEL for some p
23	1.37 (0.01)	1.30 (0.01), $b = 0.017$	no MEL for some p
24	1.31 (0.01)	1.11 (0.01), $b = 0.017$	no MEL for some p
25	1.24 (0.01)	1.03 (0.01), $b = 0.016$	no MEL for some p

Results: direct couplings constraints

allowed values of $b_{L,R}$

- unification of the WZ_{DY} , WW_{DY} , WZ_{DY+VBF} , WW_{DY+VBF} limits



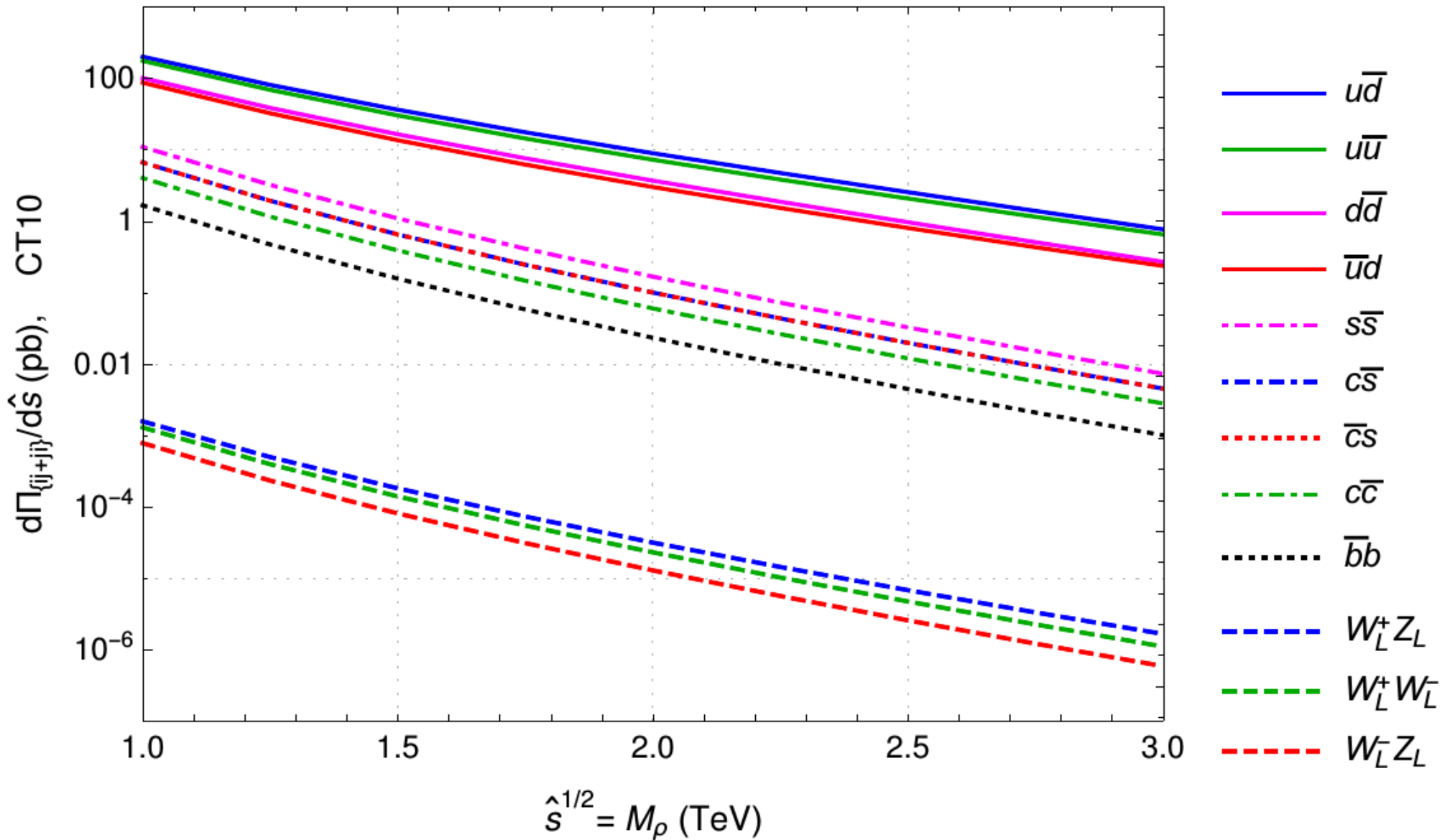
Summary

- MEL's of the tBESS vector resonance triplet were investigated
- the **b-quark contents** of the proton **cannot be ignored**
- NWA limitation: $\Gamma/M_\rho \leq 0.1$ (0.2) $\Rightarrow M_\rho \leq 2.3$ (2.8) TeV
- **there are param. space regions for which MEL ≤ 2 TeV**
- **analysis beyond NWA required** for MEL ≥ 3 TeV
- avoid the false generalization that the current vector resonance MEL's dwell at 5 TeV or higher

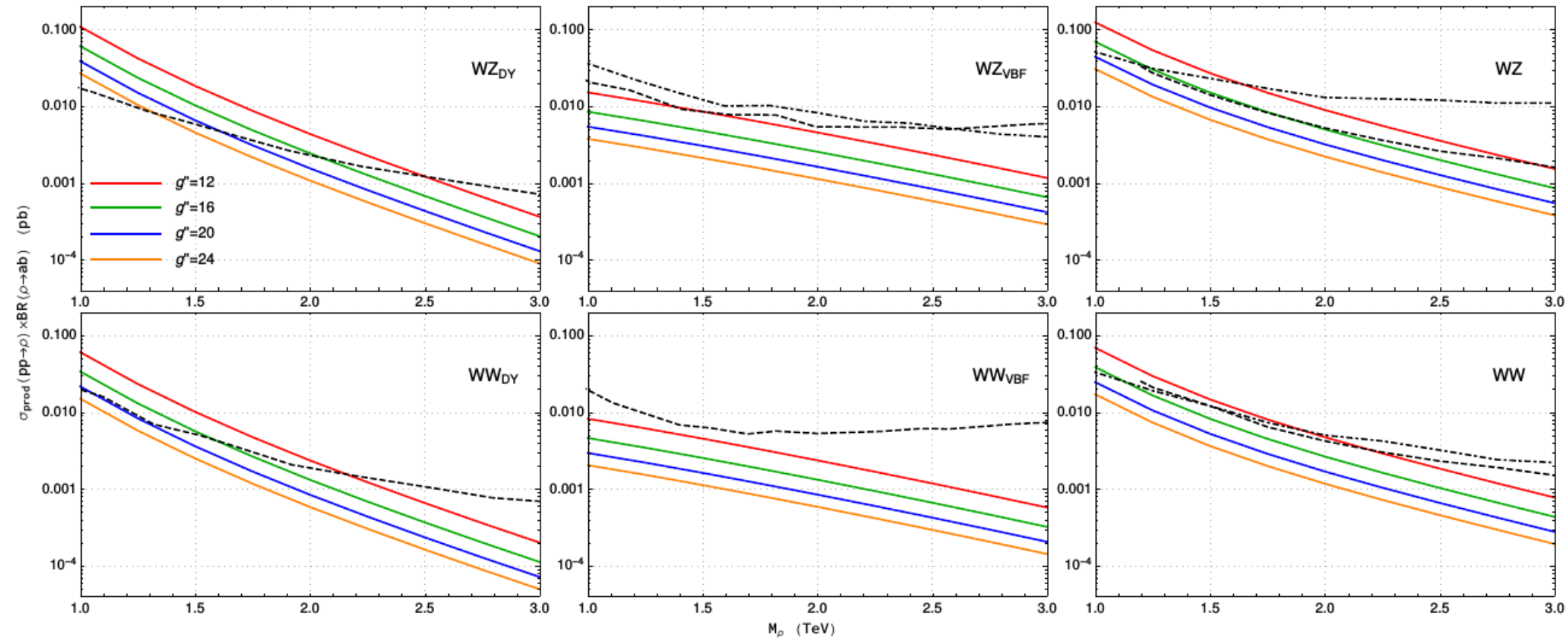
Backup

The LHC pp-dLuminosities

$s^{1/2} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

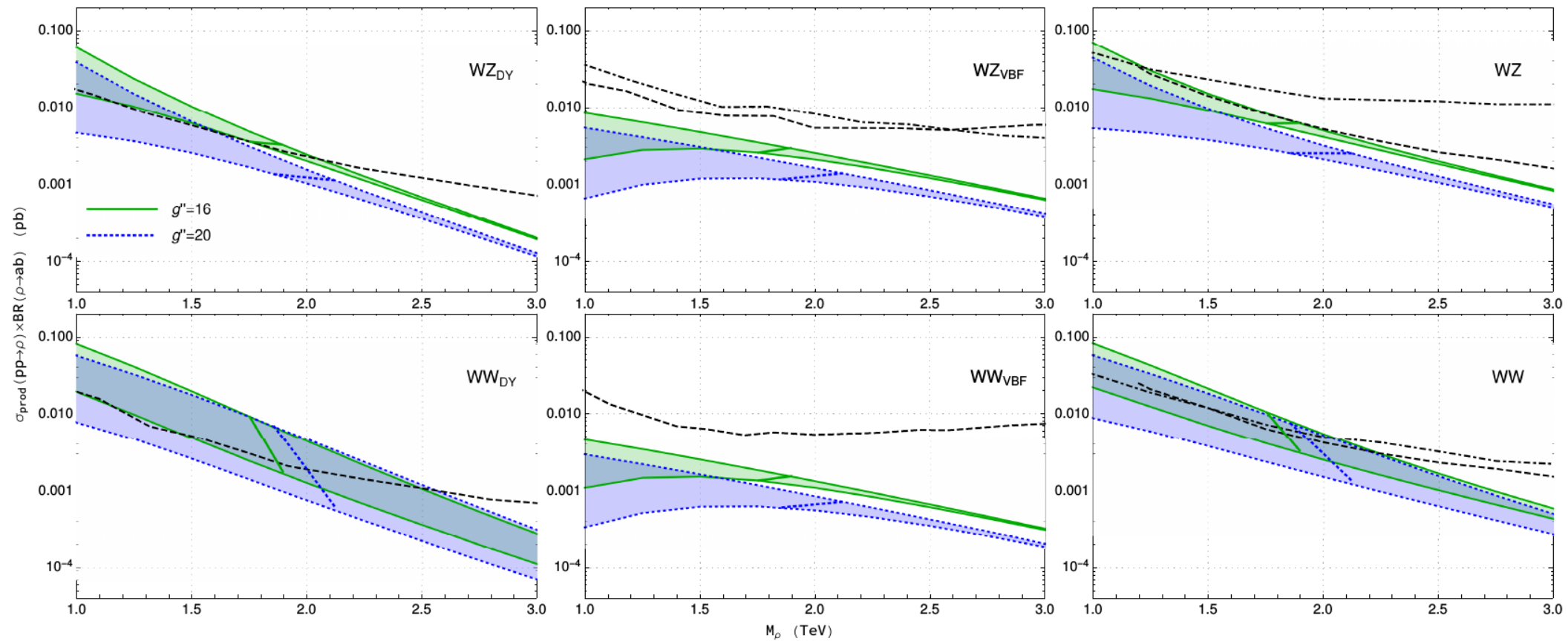


MELs: No direct interaction



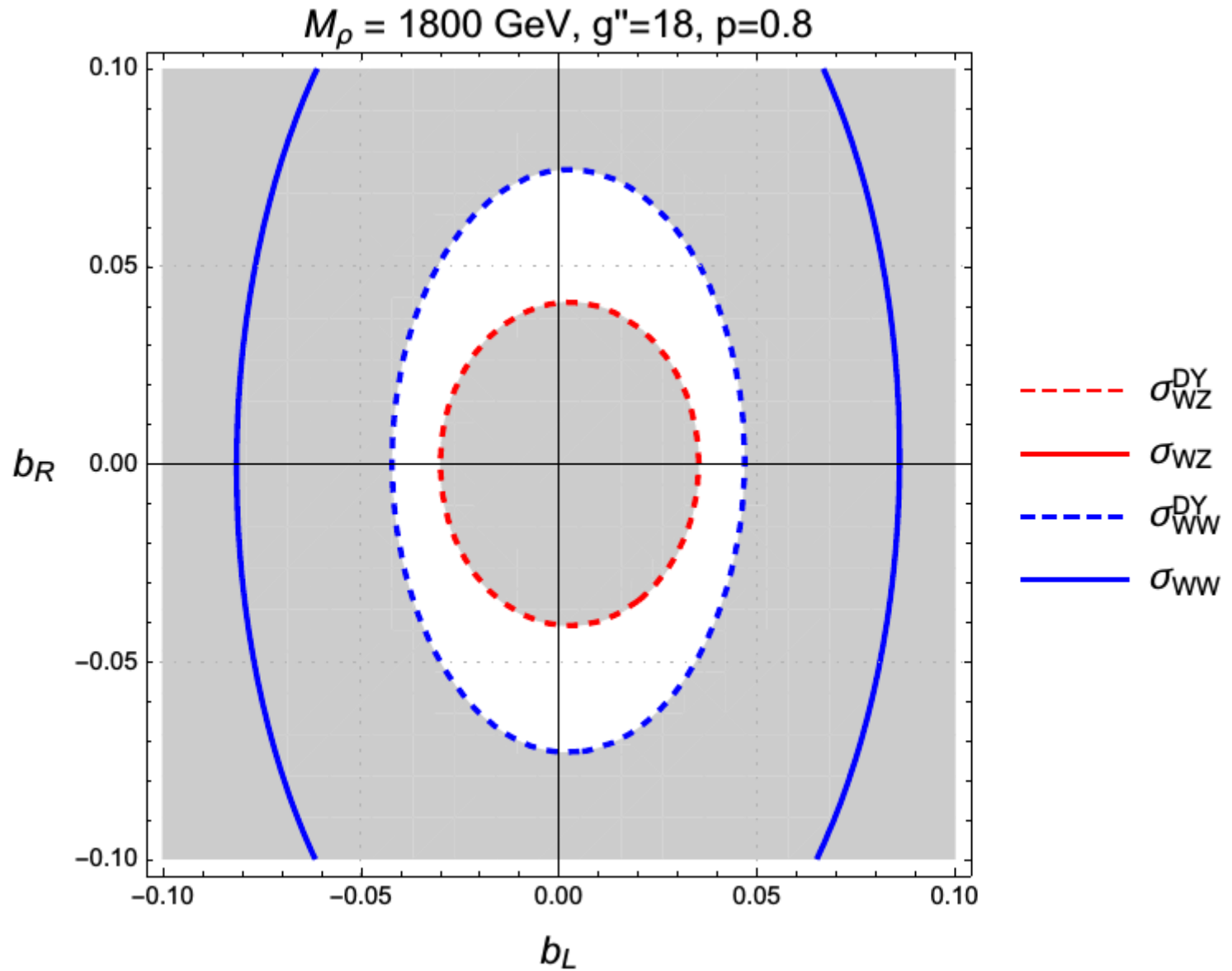
$$g'' = 20 \quad \rightarrow \quad M_\rho > 1.6 \text{ TeV}$$

MELs: General interaction

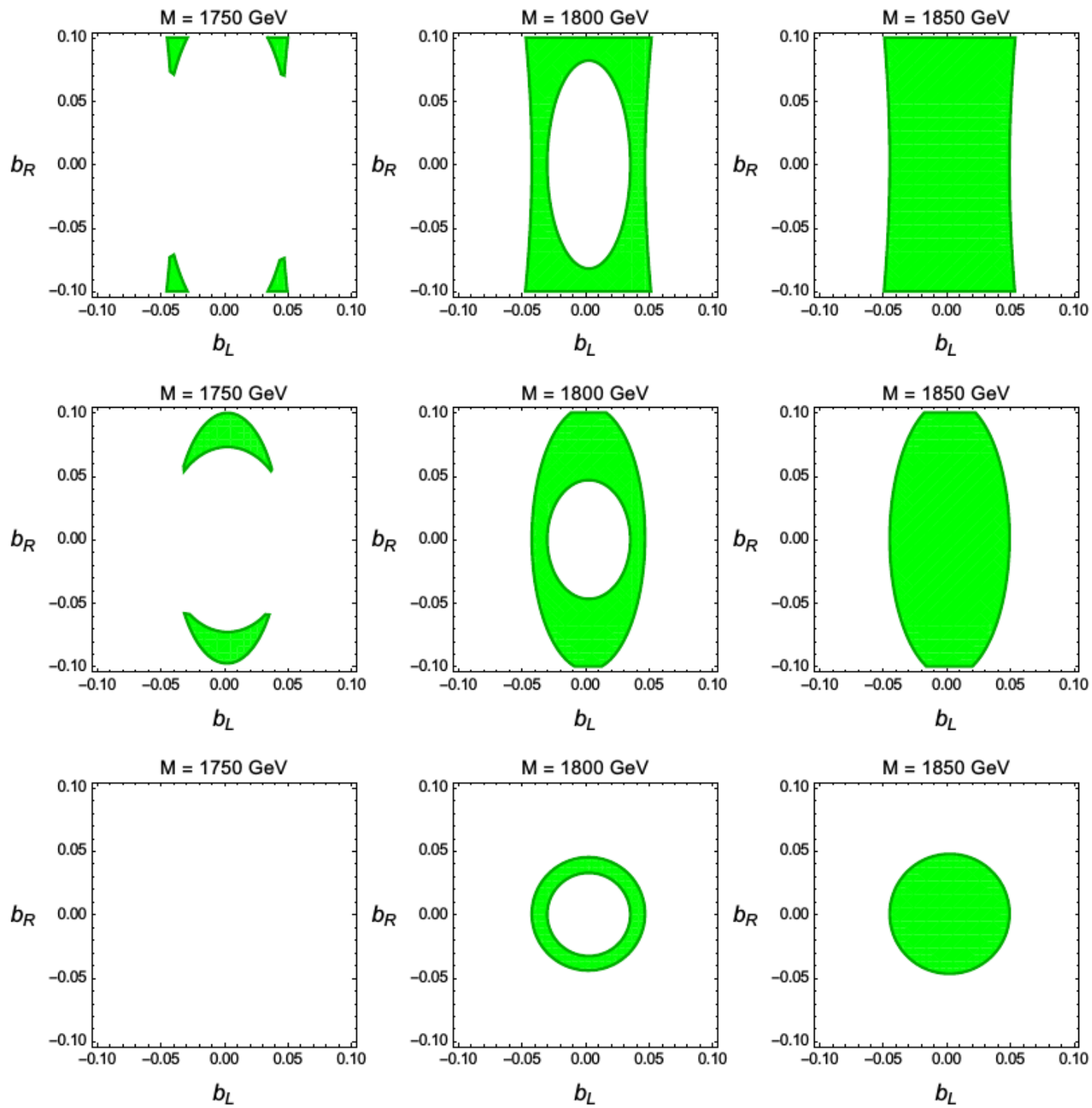


given g'' and DI scenario \rightarrow MEL

Limits on DI parameters

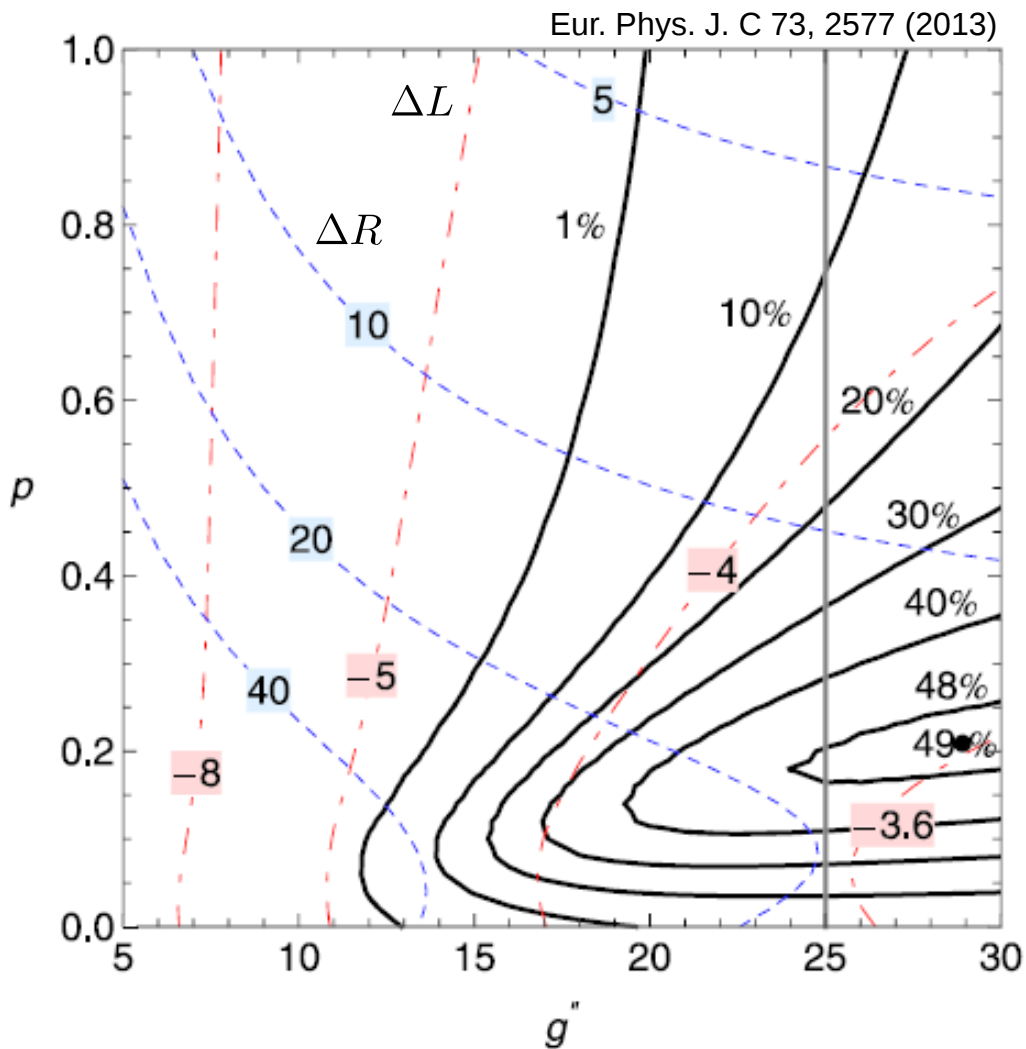


$g_{pp} = 18;$
 $p = 0.4, 0.7, 1$



Low-Energy limits

LE limits on g'' , p , $\Delta L \equiv b_L - 2\lambda_L$, $\Delta R \equiv b_R + 2\lambda_R$
 using (pseudo-)observables: $\Gamma_b(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b} + X)$, $\text{BR}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$,
 $\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2, \epsilon_3$ (BO: M_W/M_Z , $\Gamma_l(Z \rightarrow l\bar{l} + \text{photons})$, $A_l^{FB}(M_Z)$)

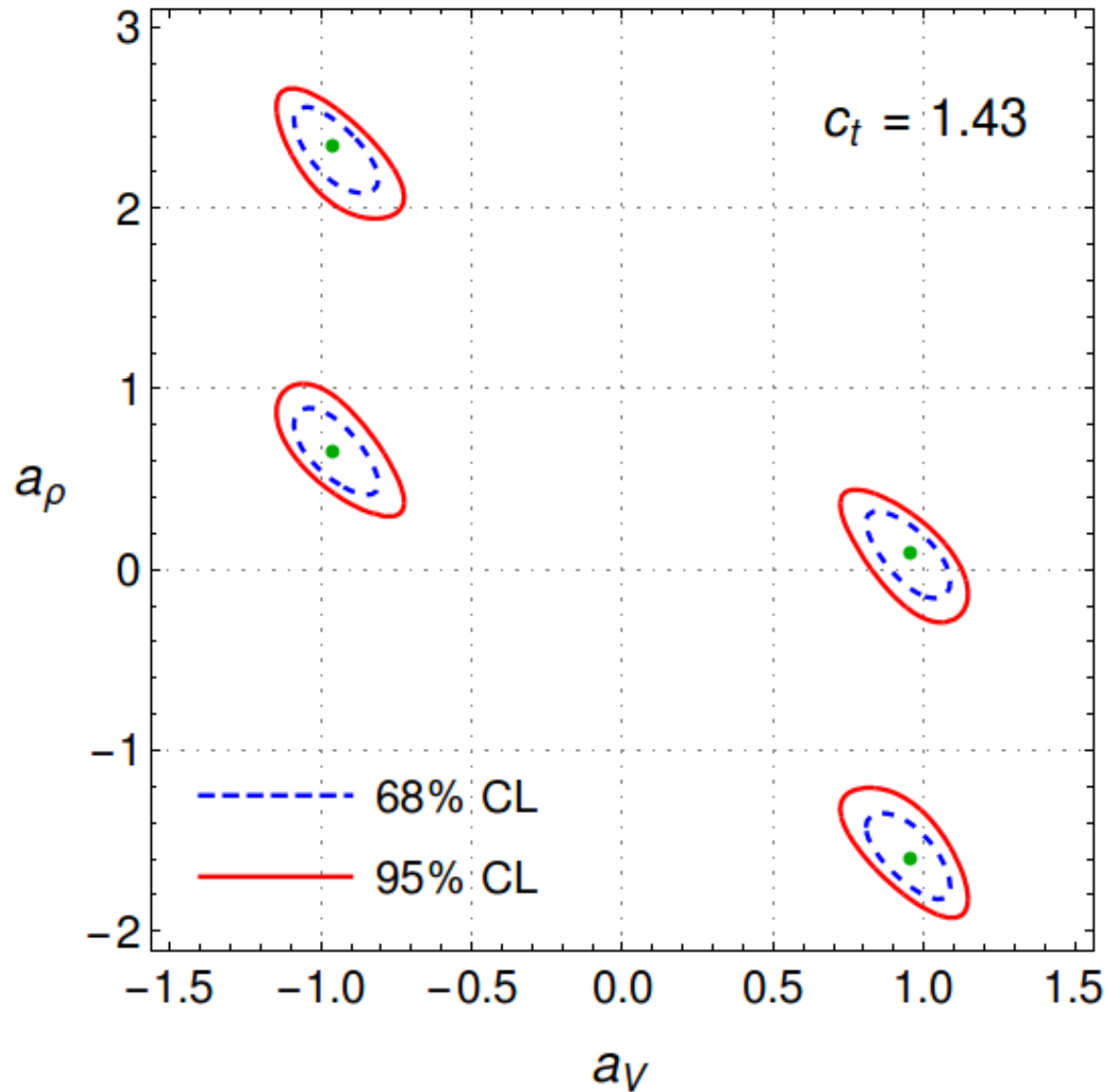


Fitting two parameters ΔL and ΔR :
 backing of the fit with given (g'', p) and
 the best-fit values of ΔL and ΔR
 (in thousandths)

95% CL limits of 4D fit
 (projections of 4D to 1D)
 ($\Lambda = 1$ TeV)

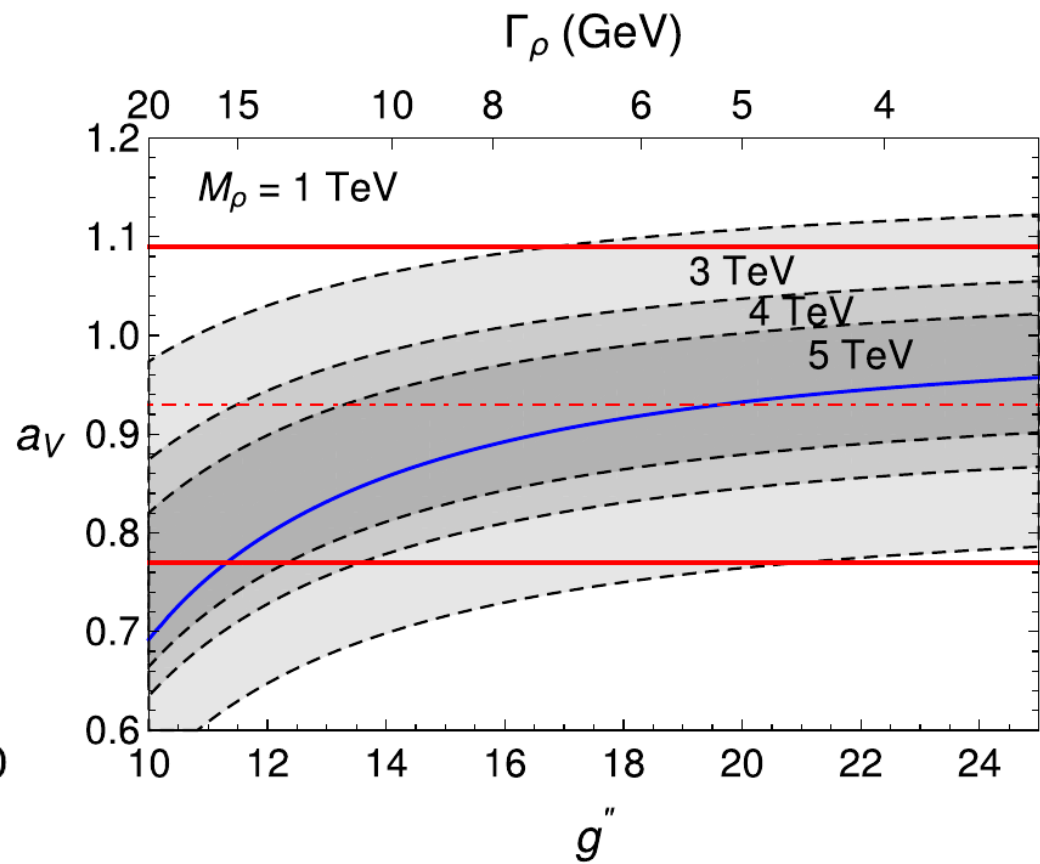
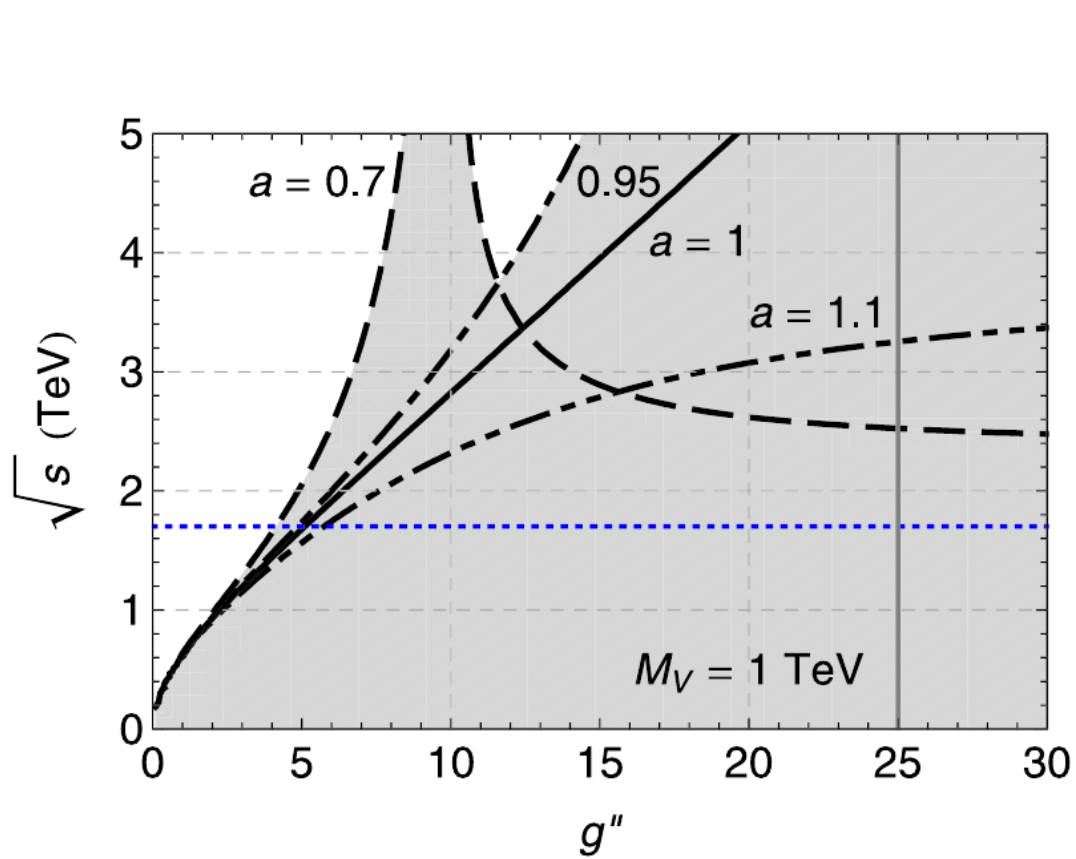
$12 < g''$
 $-0.013 < \Delta L < 0.006$
 $-0.006 < \Delta R < 0.056$
 all interval $0 \leq p \leq 1$

Kappa framework: contours of χ^2 -cut, fixed c_t



parameter	sol1
c_t	$1.43^{+0.21}_{-0.24}$
a_γ	$0.96^{+0.07}_{-0.08}$
a_ρ	$0.09^{+0.13}_{-0.14}$

Unitarity limits



Structure of tBESS Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{GB}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{ESB}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{ferm}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{GB}} = \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{Tr}(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2g'^2} \text{Tr}(\mathbf{B}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{B}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{2}{g''^2} \text{Tr}(\mathbf{V}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{V}^{\mu\nu})$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{ESB}} = \mathcal{L}_h + \mathcal{L}_2$$

$$\mathcal{L}_h = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu h \partial^\mu h - \frac{1}{2} M_h^2 h^2 - c_h \frac{M_h^2}{2v} h^3 - c'_h \frac{M_h^2}{8v^2} h^4$$

$$\mathcal{L}_2 = -v^2 [\text{Tr}(\bar{\omega}^\perp)^2 (1 + 2a_V \frac{h}{v} + a'_V \frac{h^2}{v^2} + \dots) + \alpha \text{Tr}(\bar{\omega}^\parallel)^2 (1 + 2a_\rho \frac{h}{v} + a'_\rho \frac{h^2}{v^2} + \dots)]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{ferm}}^{\text{scalar}} = - \sum_{k=1}^6 \bar{\psi}_L^k U M_f^k (1 + c_f^k \frac{h}{v} + c_f'^k \frac{h^2}{v^2} + \dots) \psi_R^k + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_2 = \mathcal{M}(\alpha) + \frac{2a_V}{v} \mathcal{M}(\alpha r) h$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2a_V}{v} \mathcal{M}(\alpha r) h = \frac{2h}{v} & \left[\frac{1}{2} c_Z M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu + c_W M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{1}{2} c_{\rho^0} M_{\rho^0}^2 \rho_\mu^0 \rho^{0\mu} + c_{\rho^\pm} M_{\rho^\pm}^2 \rho_\mu^\pm \rho^{\mp\mu} \right. \\ & \left. + c_{Z\rho^0} M_Z M_{\rho^0} Z_\mu \rho^{0\mu} + c_{W\rho^\pm} M_W M_{\rho^\pm} (W_\mu^+ \rho^{\mp\mu} + \text{h.c.}) \right] \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

Partial Decay widths

the phenomenological vertices

- $(V^3, V^\pm) \rightarrow (\rho^0, \rho^\pm)$
- the gauge boson mixings: $\rho^0(V^3, W^3, B), \rho^\pm(V^\pm, W^\pm)$
- **induced interactions** of ρ to all fermions: $\sim 1/g''$

the ρ decays (@LO)

$$\Gamma_{\rho \rightarrow WW, WZ} = \frac{M_\rho}{48\pi g''^2} \left(\frac{M_\rho}{v} \right)^4$$

$$\Gamma_{\rho \rightarrow tt} = \frac{M_\rho g''^2}{128\pi} (b_L^2 + b_R^2)$$

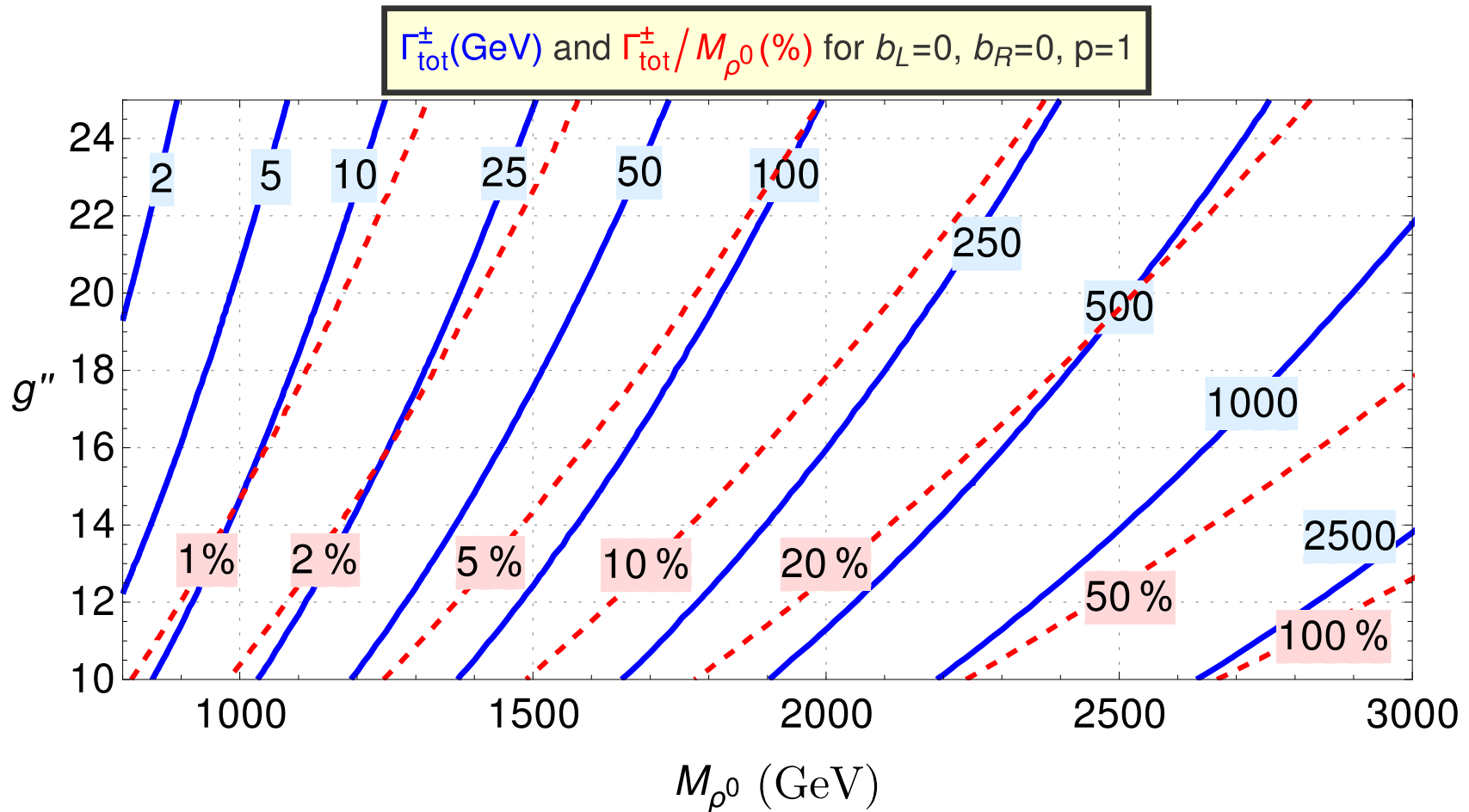
$$\Gamma_{\rho \rightarrow bb} = \frac{M_\rho g''^2}{128\pi} (b_L^2 + p^4 b_R^2)$$

$$\Gamma_{\rho \rightarrow tb} = \frac{M_\rho g''^2}{64\pi} (b_L^2 + p^2 b_R^2)$$

- $\rho \rightarrow$ light ferms, HZ, HW: **negligible** $\Gamma \sim 1/(g'')^2$

Total Decay Width and Fatness Contours of ρ^\pm

(NDI case; blue labels in GeV)



$$BR(\rho \rightarrow WZ) \simeq 1$$

Total Decay Width Contours of ρ^\pm

(labels in GeV)

