

Harnessing the power of threat intelligence for WLCG cybersecurity

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Background

- The modern threat landscape facing research communities include actors that are sophisticated, motivated and well funded
- An important response to this is the sharing of threat intelligence within our community

Background

- If one site sees an attack they can share indicators to allow others to react
 - so called Indicators of Compromise (IoCs)
- Sites also require appropriate monitoring, storage and alerting software to make best use of this information

Security Operations Centre

- The purpose of a Security Operations Centre (SOC)
 - Gather relevant security monitoring data from different sources
 - Aggregate, enrich and analyse that data
 - Use it in the detection of security events and during any subsequent actions
- A SOC consists of a set of software tools and the processes connecting them

WLCG SOC WG

- Working group started in 2016
- Identified need to monitor cluster environment in a new context which can include virtualised / containerised systems
 - Potentially more opaque than existing grid systems
 - Effective network monitoring is critical

WLCG SOC WG

- Mandate to generate reference designs for deployment of SOC components for a range of site topologies
- Work enhanced by including neighbouring communities
 - NRENs
 - University CSIRTs
 - Other research communities
- Participants include Tier-1s, Tier-2s, NRENS, other academic institutes

SOC initial model

- Follow idea of *minimum viable SOC*
- The goal of this model is to
 - synchronise threat intelligence with a remote source
 - ingest security monitoring data
 - store it in a searchable repository and visualise it
 - enrich this data with threat intelligence
 - alert based on any consequent correlations

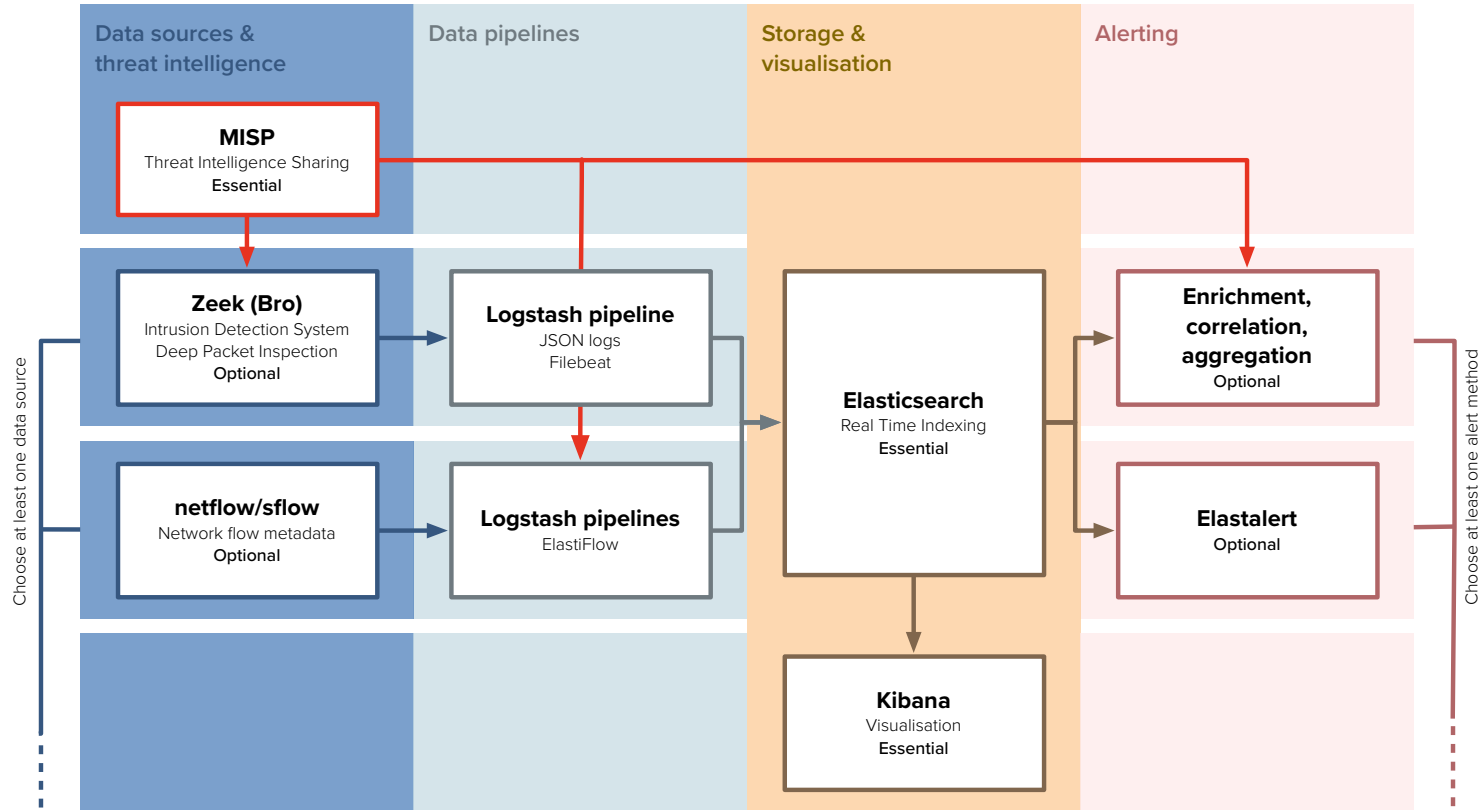
SOC initial model

- In February, decided on SOC initial model consisting of the following stages
 - Data sources and threat intelligence
 - Data pipelines
 - Storage & visualisation
 - Alerting

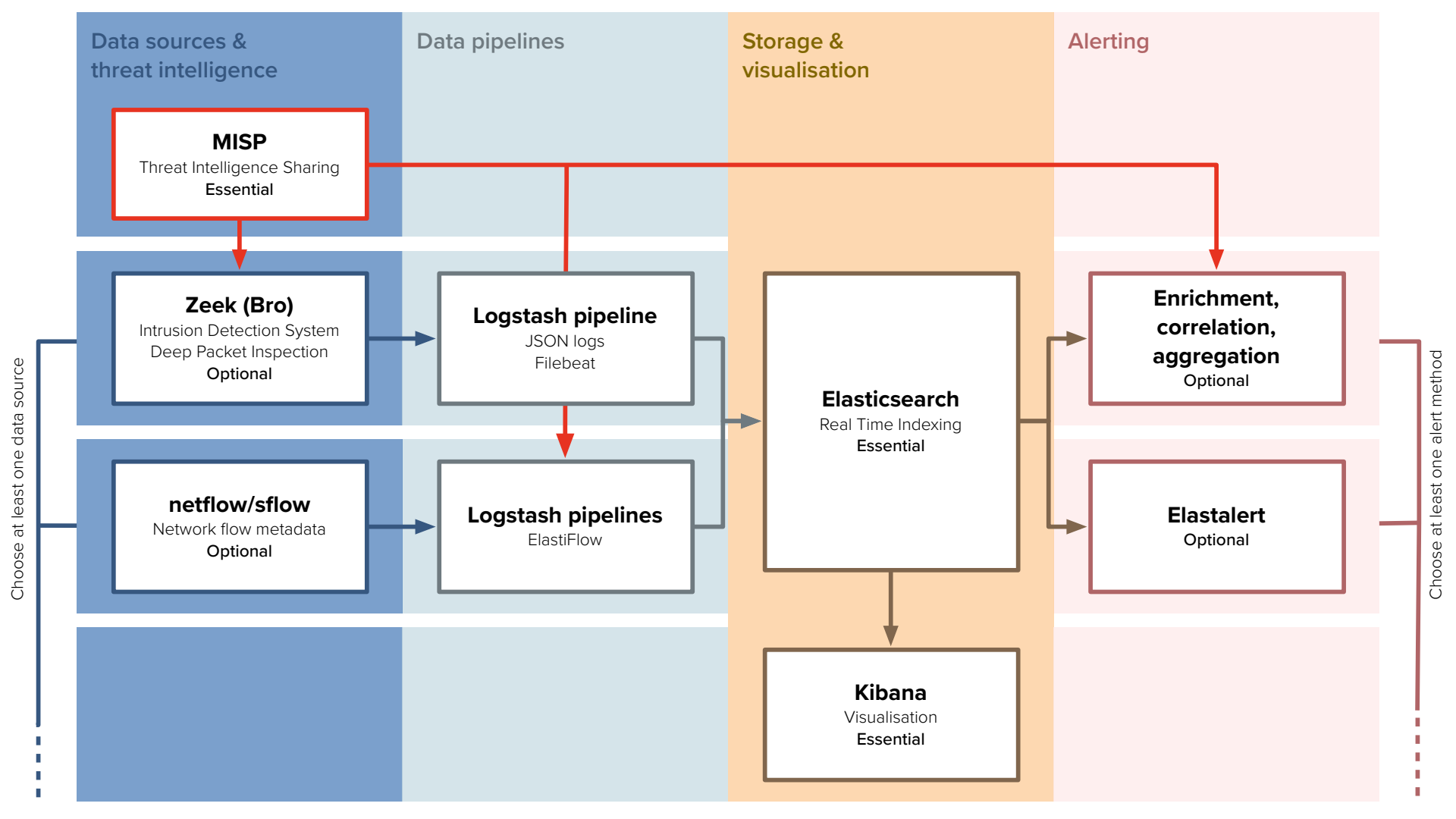
SOC initial model

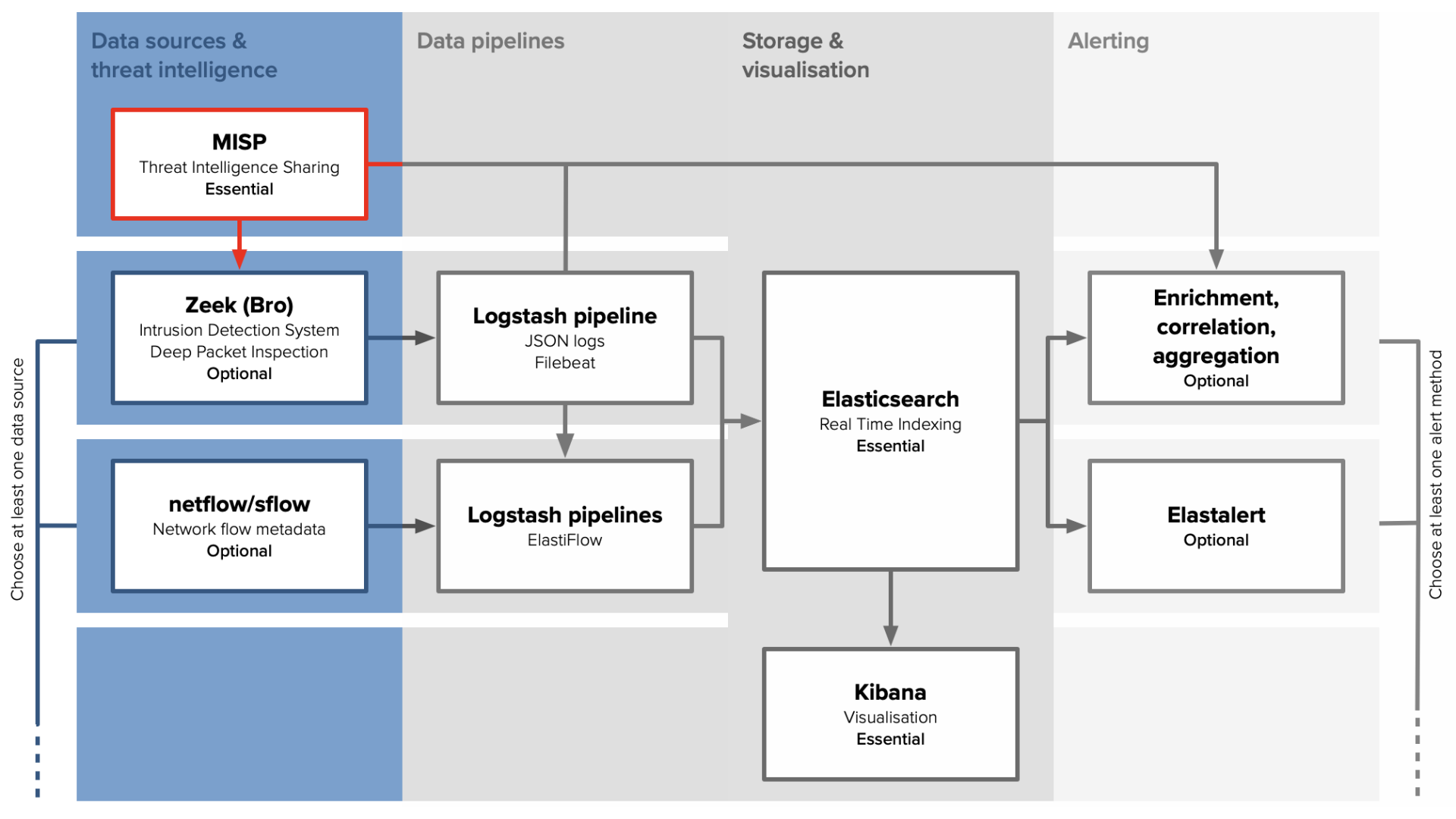
- Define 2 types of component
 - Essential
 - Optional (but require at least one)

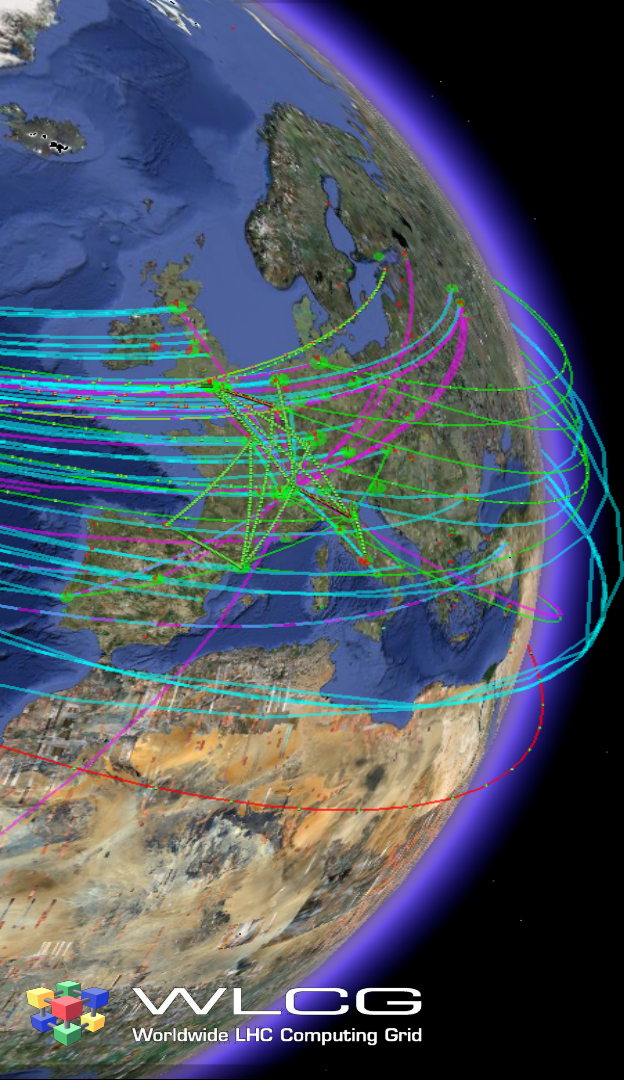
SOC initial model



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Threat Intelligence

Threat Intelligence

- Malware Information Sharing Platform (MISP) [Essential]
- *“A threat intelligence platform for gathering, sharing, storing and correlating Indicators of Compromise”*
 - <https://misp-project.org>
- Enables development of trust frameworks between sites to allow rapid sharing of threat intelligence
- Cornerstone of this work

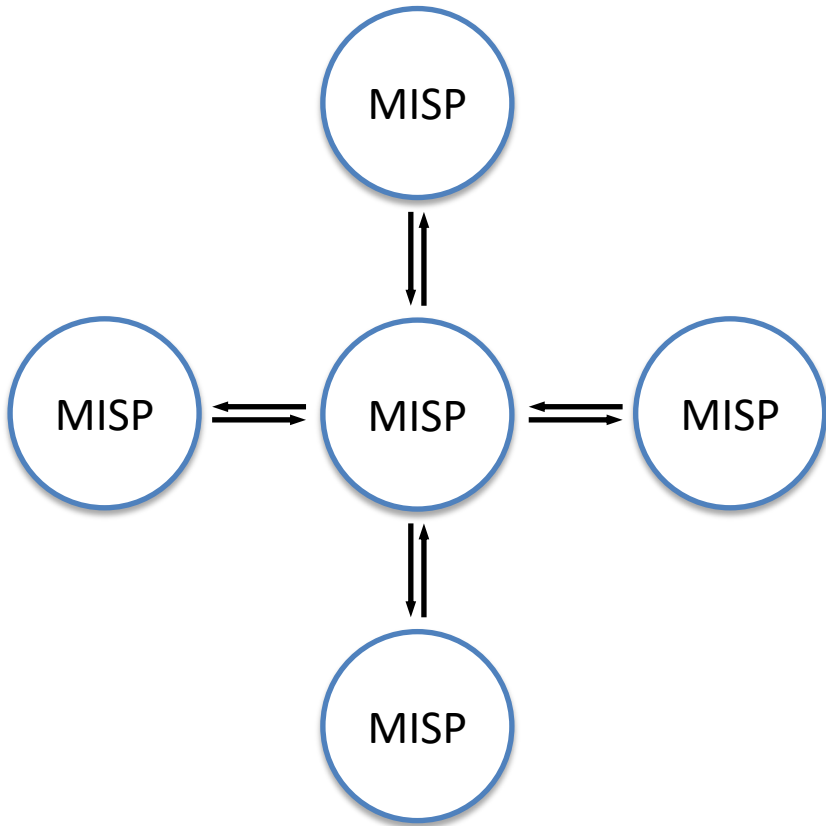
WLCG MISP

- Specific external MISP instance hosted at CERN
 - Shares a portion of the intelligence from their trusted partners
- Available for use by WLCG and neighbouring communities

WLCG MISP

- Event types
 - Mostly [TLP: GREEN/WHITE](#)
 - [TLP: AMBER](#) for events created by CERN
- Access via CERN SSO
 - Focus on federated identity
 - EduGAIN + [SIRTFI](#)

WLCG MISP



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Data sources

Data sources

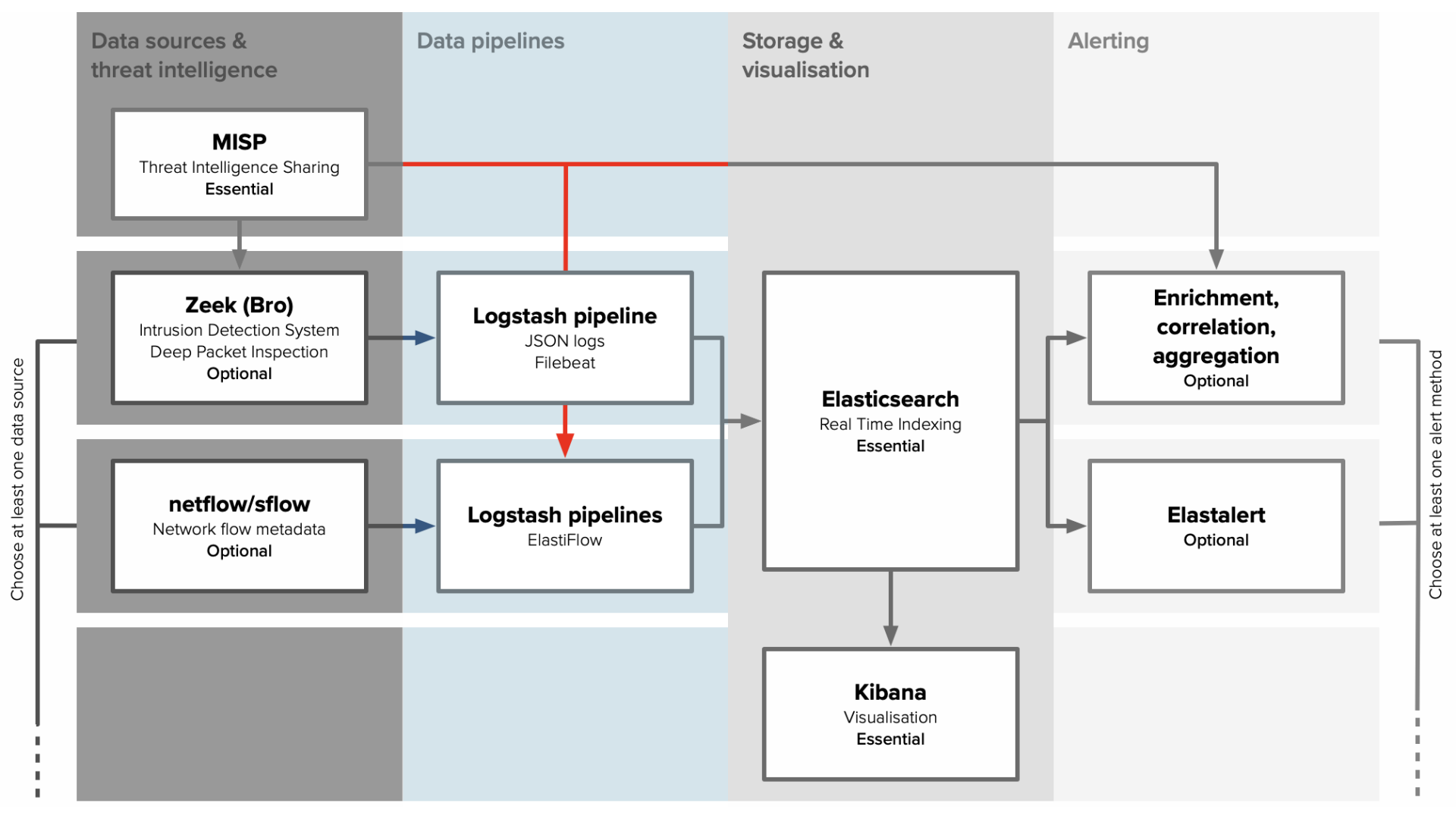
- At least one of
 - Zeek (Bro): deep packet inspection
 - Netflow: network metadata
- Provide two options to hopefully cover range of use cases

Data sources

- Zeek
 - High level of information
 - Scalable and flexible
 - Dynamic protocol analysis
- However
 - Hardware implications
- Commercial options available

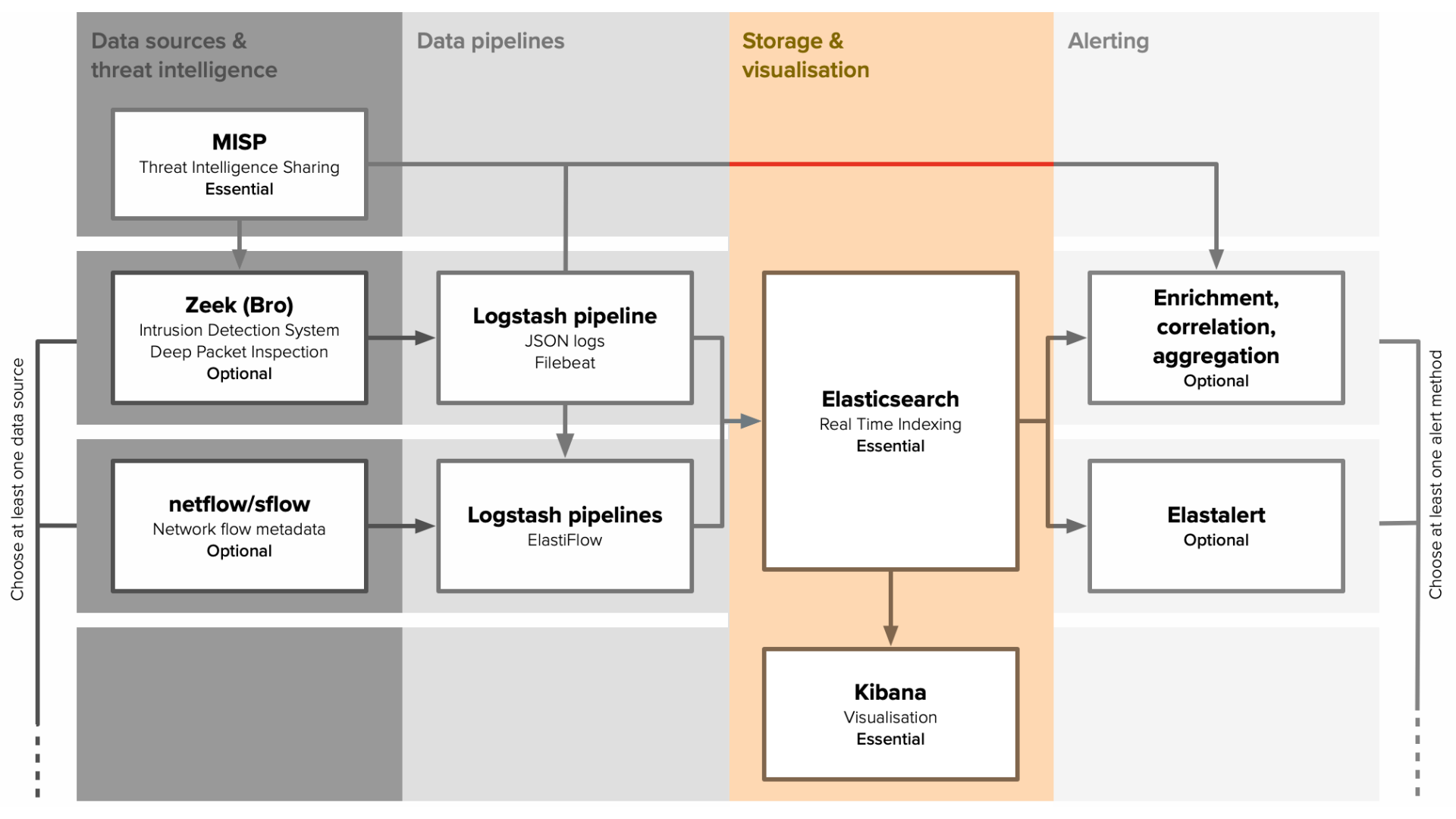
Data sources

- Netflow/Sflow
 - Network metadata
 - Many network vendors provide generators
 - Software clients
- However
 - Less data than Zeek



Data pipelines

- Logstash [Essential]
- Pipelines to ingest data into Elasticsearch
 - Matched to data sources
 - Provide documentation for Zeek pipeline
 - Suggest use of [Elastiflow](#) for netflow pipeline



Storage & visualisation

- Elasticsearch [Essential]
 - Provide deployment tips based on experience of group members
- Kibana [Essential]
 - Provide some dashboards based on CERN SOC experience
 - Elastiflow provides dashboards for netflow visualisation

Elastiflow

[Overview](#) | [Top-N](#) | [Flow](#) | [Geo IP](#) | [AS Traffic](#) | [Exporters](#) | [Traffic Details](#) | [Flow Records](#)

[Client/Server](#) | [Src/Dst](#) | [AS](#)



Flow Exporter

Select...

Client

Select...

Server

Select...

Service

Select...

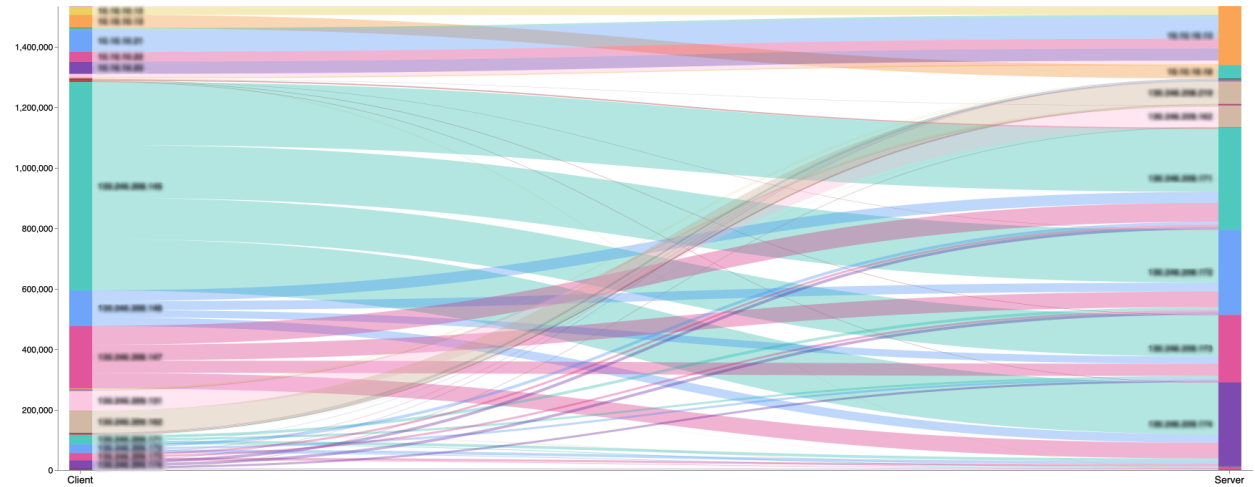
Clients (flow records)



Servers (flow records)



Services (flow records)



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Elastiflow

Overview | Top-N | Flow | Geo IP | AS Traffic | Exporters | Traffic Details | Flow Records

Client/Server | Src/Dst



Countries (flow records)



- United Kingdom
- Switzerland
- France
- United States
- Russia
- Germany
- Slovakia

Cities (flow records)



- Clermont-Ferrand
- Bratislava
- Budapest
- Provino
- Lund
- Bristol
- Birmingham

Servers and Clients (flow records)



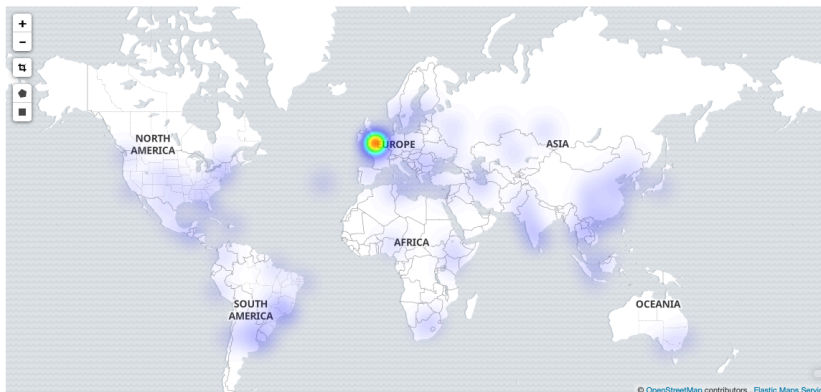
- 192.168.1.1
- 192.168.1.2
- 192.168.1.3
- 192.168.1.4
- 192.168.1.5
- 192.168.1.6
- 192.168.1.7
- 192.168.1.8

Services (flow records)

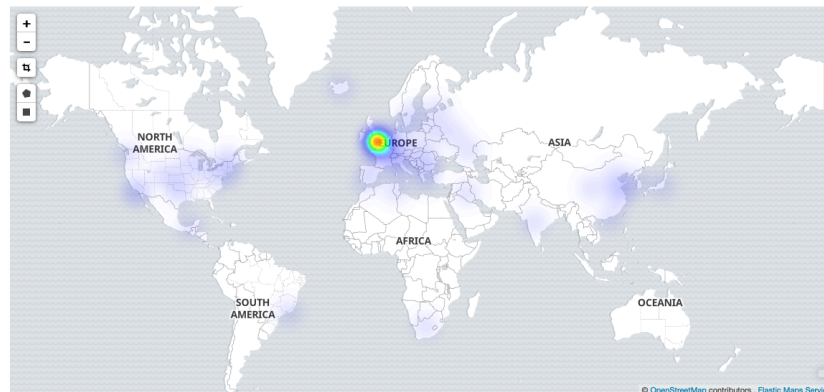


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- www.reddit.com

Client Locations (flow records)

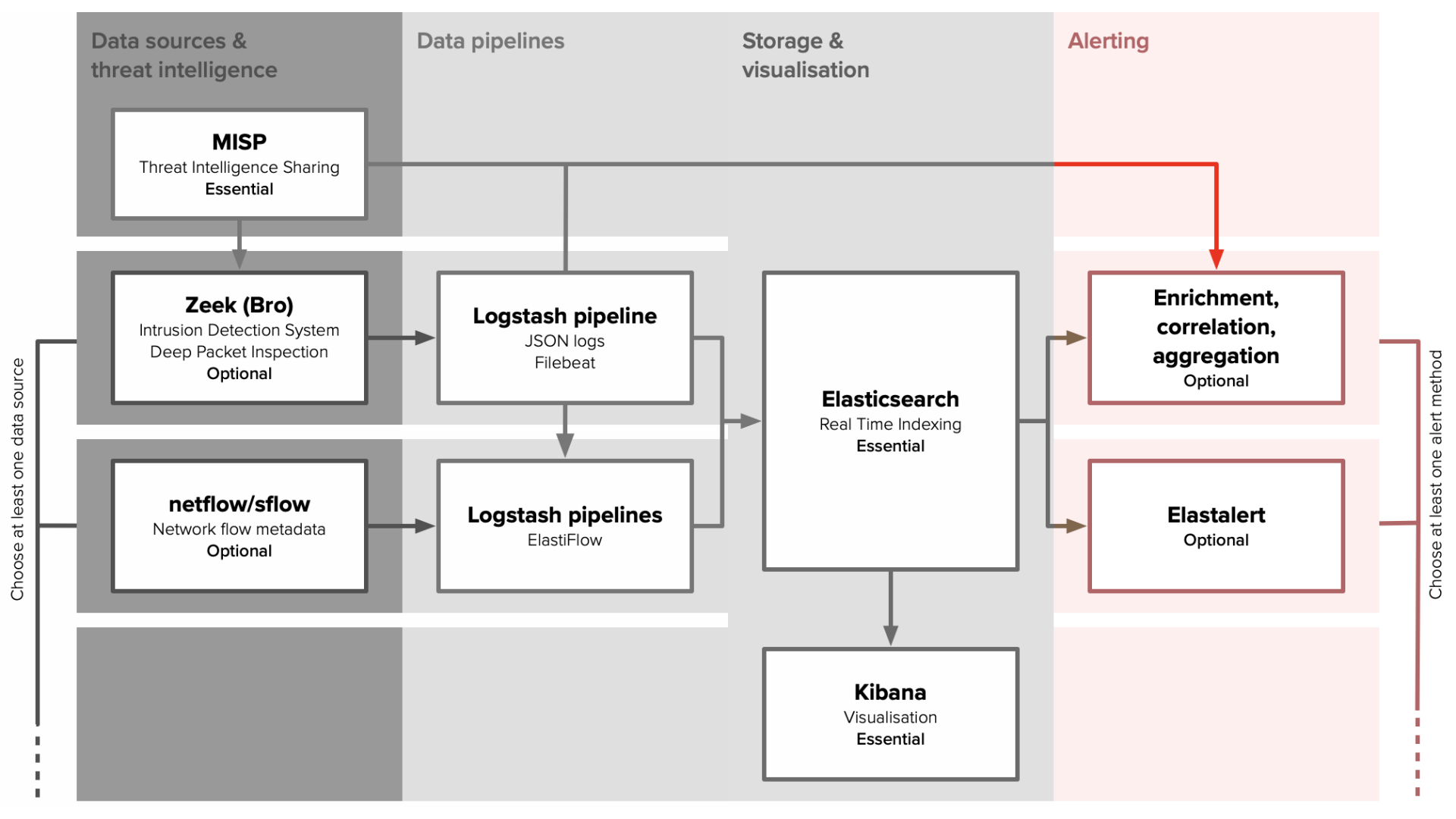


Server Locations (flow records)



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Alerting

- At least one of
 - Enrichment, correlation and aggregation scripts based on CERN example
 - Elastalert
 - Trigger on Elasticsearch query
 - Spike of events
 - Matching on field content

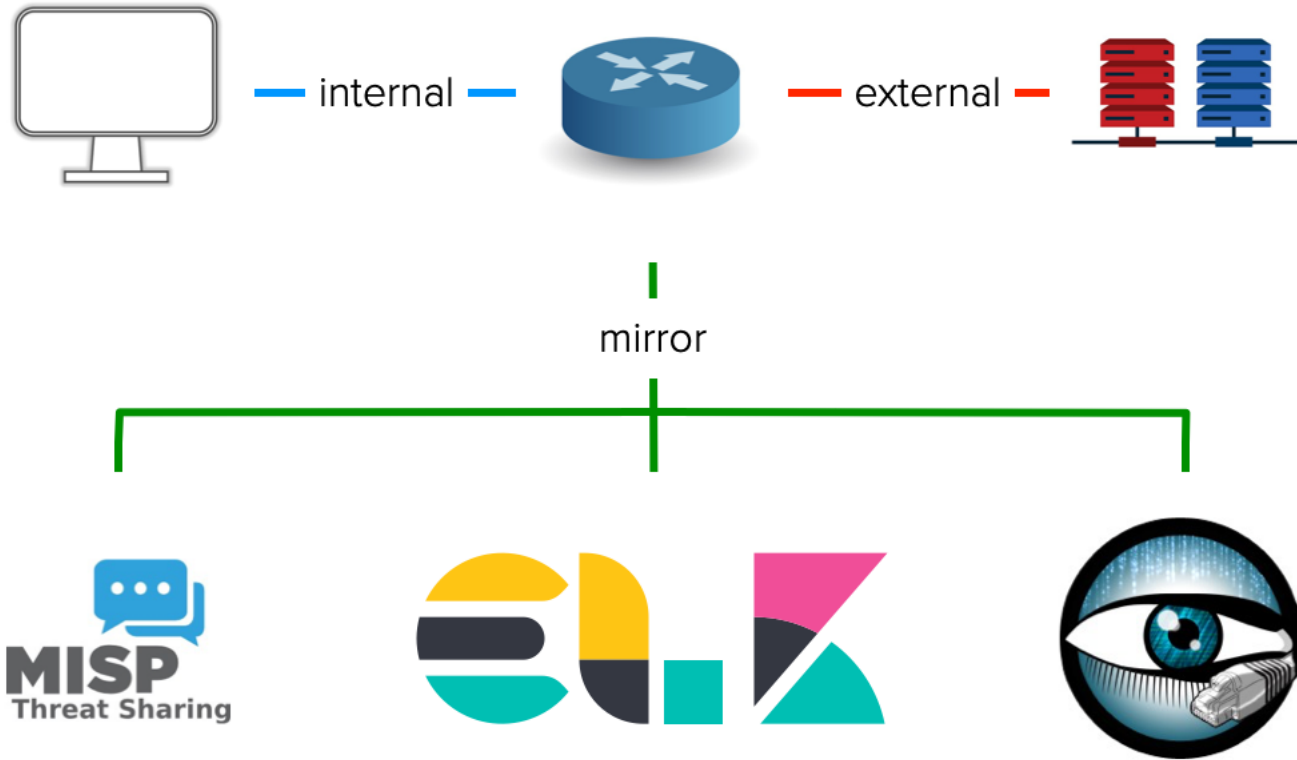
Current implementations

- AGLT2
 - Zeek/Netflow + Elasticsearch + MISP
- STFC Cloud (this summer)
 - Sflow + Elasticsearch + MISP
- Nikhef (this summer)
 - Zeek + Elasticsearch + MISP

PocketSOC

- SOC demonstrator
 - Docker cluster designed to run on a laptop
 - Essential components and network elements
 - Minimal traffic to demonstrate workflow
 - Test new components

PocketSOC

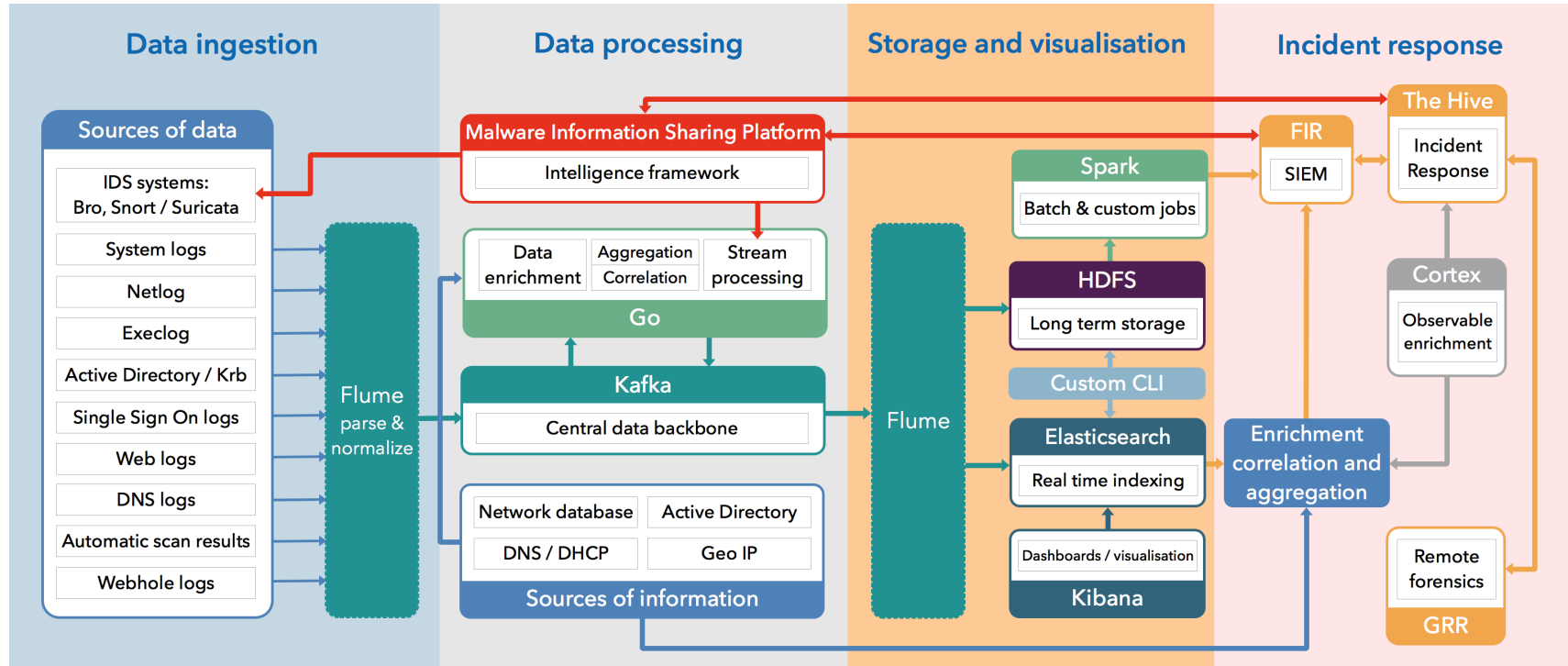


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CERN SOC

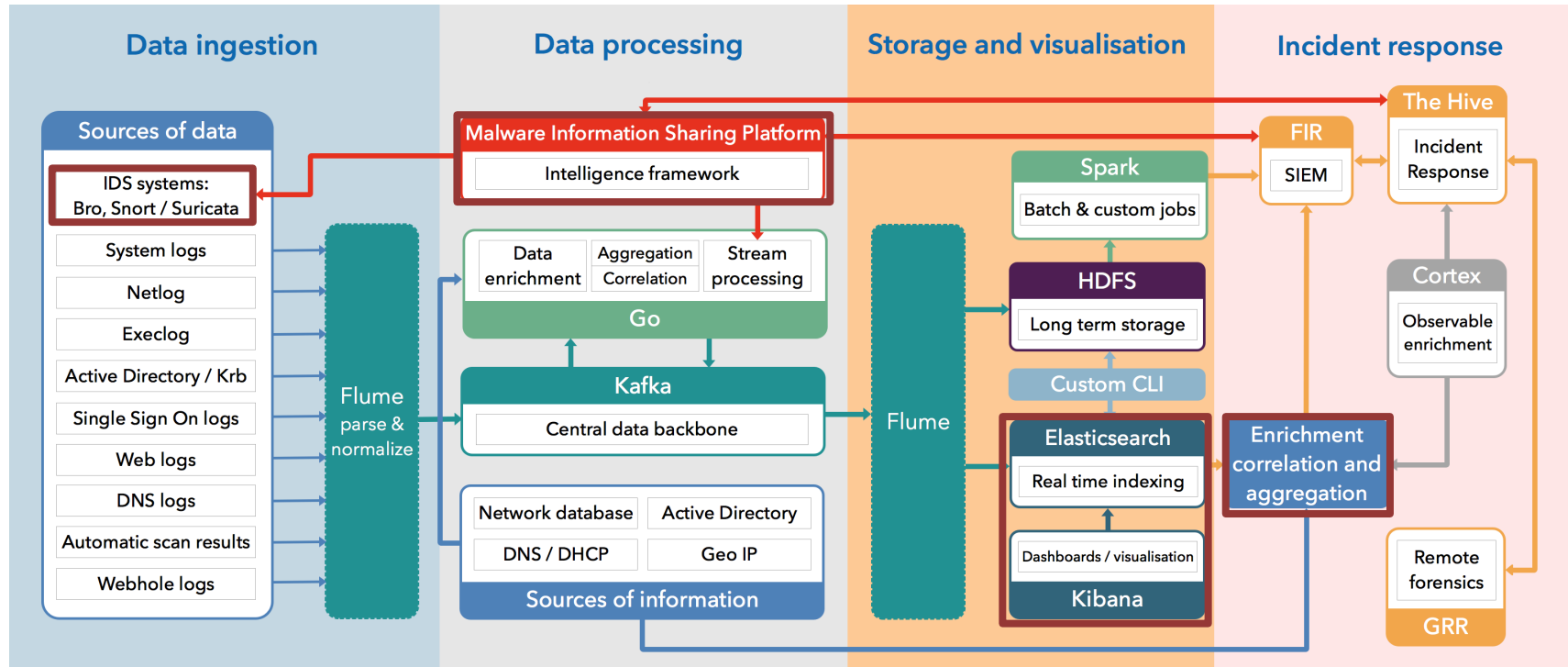
- Closely following and benefitting from work on the CERN SOC
- Gives indicators for future direction of the SOC model

CERN SOC



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CERN SOC



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Next SOC Workshop

- 4th SOC Workshop
 - Next week!
 - 21-23 October @ Nikhef
 - Major focus: threat intelligence sharing
 - Validation of SOC workflow
 - Roundtable discussing social and technical issues of intelligence sharing

Contact

- Main working group page
 - <https://wlcg-soc-wg.web.cern.ch>
- Documentation
 - <https://wlcg-soc-wg-doc.web.cern.ch>