





# Systematic measurement of nucleon removal cross sections in the vicinity of doubly magic <sup>78</sup>Ni

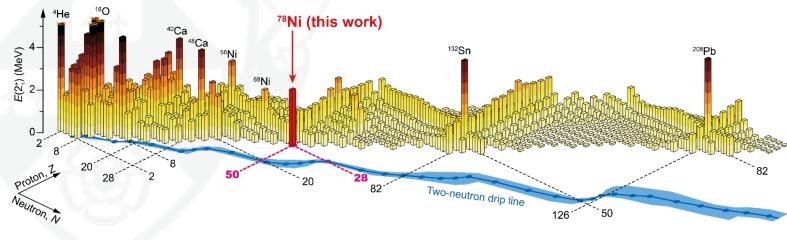
Hiroyuki Takahashi, Daiki Nishimura, Daisuke Suzuki, Ryo Taniuchi and Serge Franchoo for RIBF181 collaboration

Tokyo City University, RIKEN Nishina Center, University of York, and IJCLab

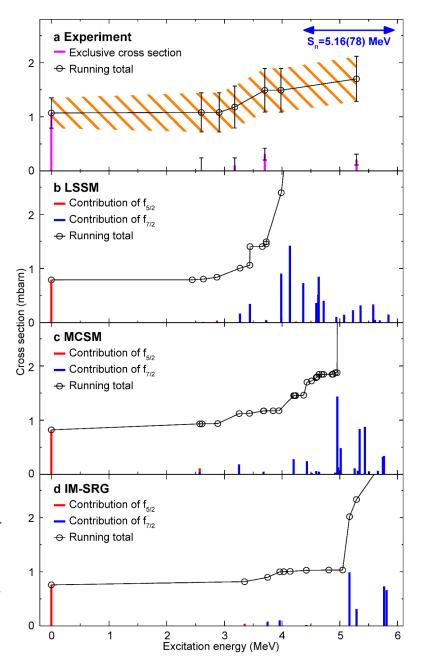
### The doubly magic <sup>78</sup>Ni

In the previous study, the excitation energy of <sup>78</sup>Ni confirmed the magicity of <sup>78</sup>Ni (and suggested its shape coexistence).

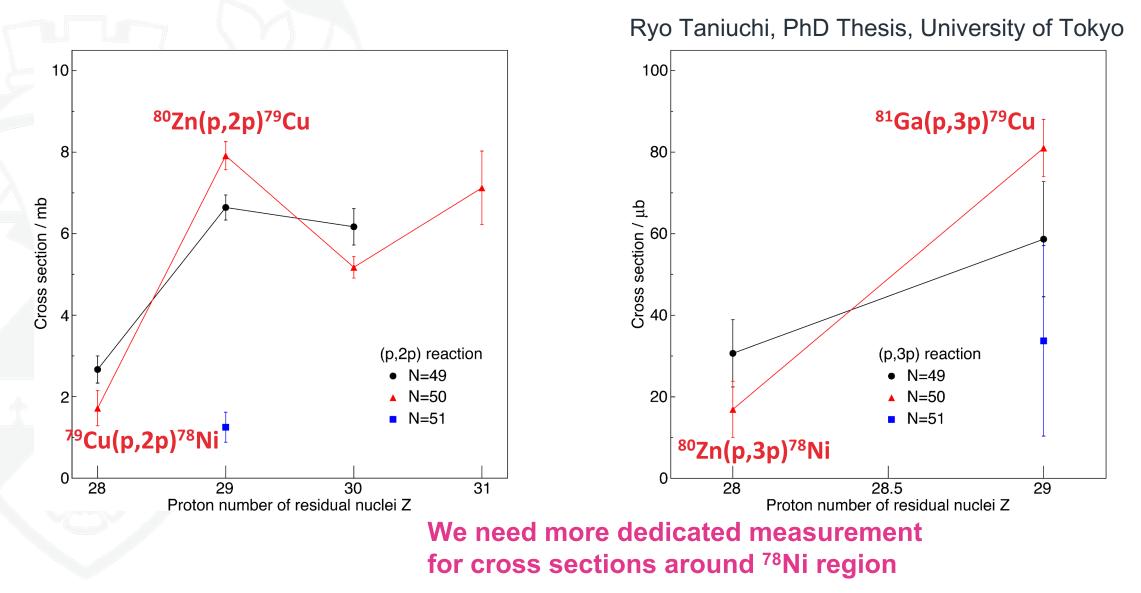
The exclusive <sup>79</sup>Cu(p,2p)<sup>78</sup>Ni cross sections seem to have consistent results between measurement and DWIA calculations with several nuclear structure models.



R.Taniuchi et al., Nature 569,53-58 (2019).



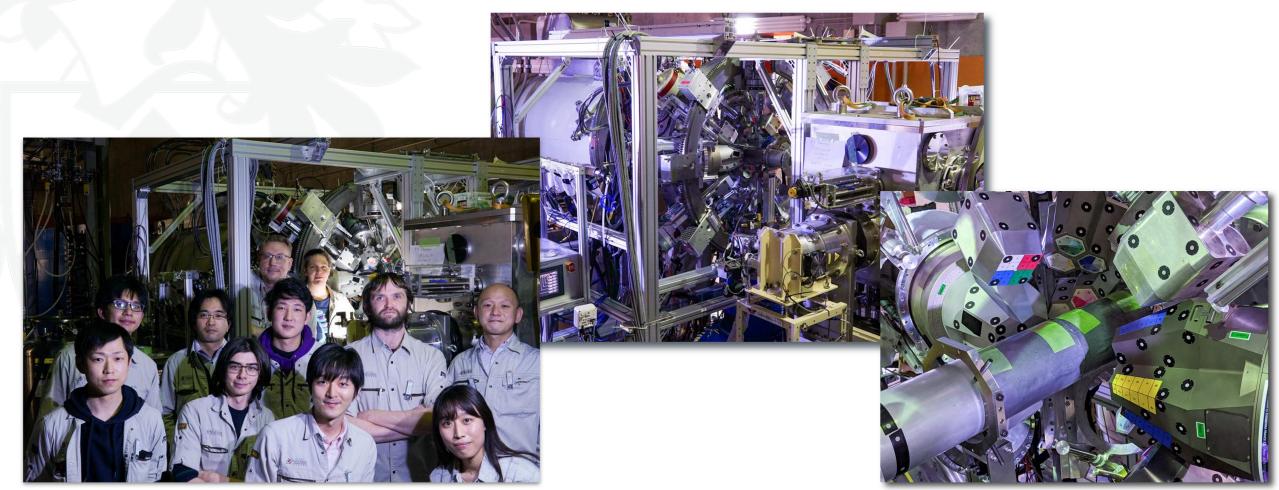
#### **Decreases in inclusive cross sections at Z=28**



#### **The RIBF181 experiment**

"Gamma-ray spectroscopy in the vicinity of double-magic <sup>78</sup>Ni"

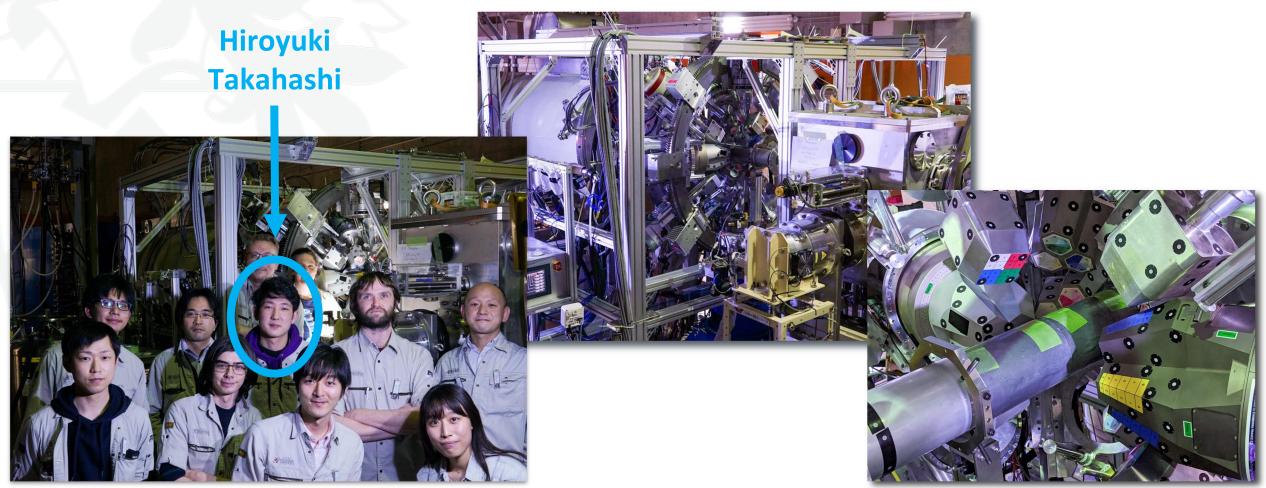
Performed in Apr 2021 at RIBF/RIKEN under the HiCARI campaign



#### **The RIBF181 experiment**

"Gamma-ray spectroscopy in the vicinity of double-magic <sup>78</sup>Ni"

Performed in Apr 2021 at RIBF/RIKEN under the HiCARI campaign



#### **Experimental setup**

- Primary beam: 90 pnA <sup>238</sup>U at 345 MeV/nucleon for 7days
- Secondary beam:
  - 50 kHz (total) at ~250 MeV/nucleon
  - <sup>80</sup>Zn-centred cocktail beam (N = 49-51 transmitted)

<sup>238</sup>U beam

SRC

**F**5

**BiaRIPS** 

- Momentum distribution is restricted to ±2.5%
- ZeroDegree was centred to transmit (-1p) channels
- Two independent DAQs for beamline detectors

IRC

F0 Production target



6.8 mm thick Be target for secondary reactions

F9,

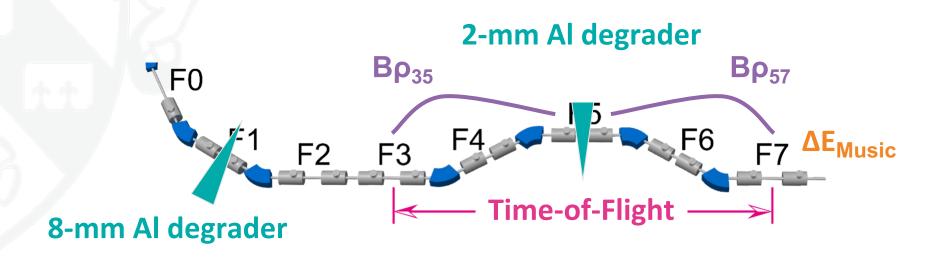
F8

#### **High-rate beam reconstruction in BigRIPS**

Brho-ToF-ΔE method was applied to secondary beam identification event-by-event.

- Brho: Ion trajectories with 6 double-PPACs
- **ToF**: Time-of-flight between F3-F7
- ΔE: MUSIC at F7 with a fast SA (shaping time=0.5 us)

 $\rightarrow \Delta E_{Music}$  suffers from pile-up hits

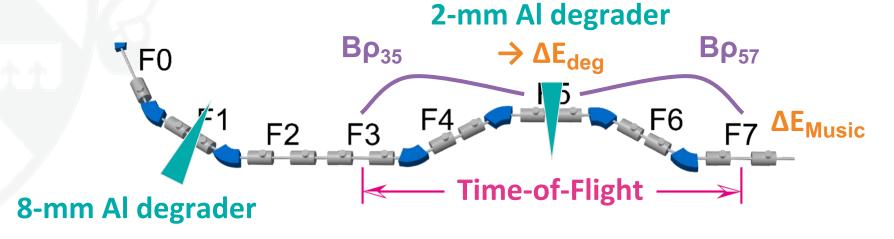


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  - $\rightarrow \Delta E_{Music}$  suffers from pile-up hits
  - $\rightarrow$  Energy loss at the degrader at F5  $\Delta E_{deg}$  is also calculated from **Bp change**

Y. Shimizu et al., J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. 87, 014203 (2018); N. Fukuda et al., J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. 87, 014202 (2018).

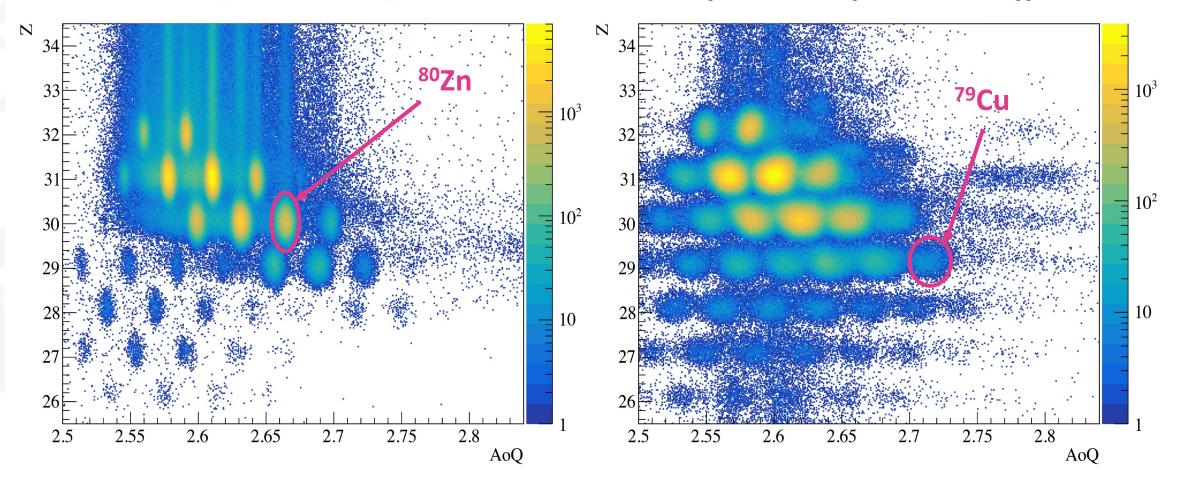


#### **Particle identification plots**

Beam rate of <sup>80</sup>Zn = 2 kHz, <sup>79</sup>Cu = 40 Hz. 7-8 times higher than the previous experiment.

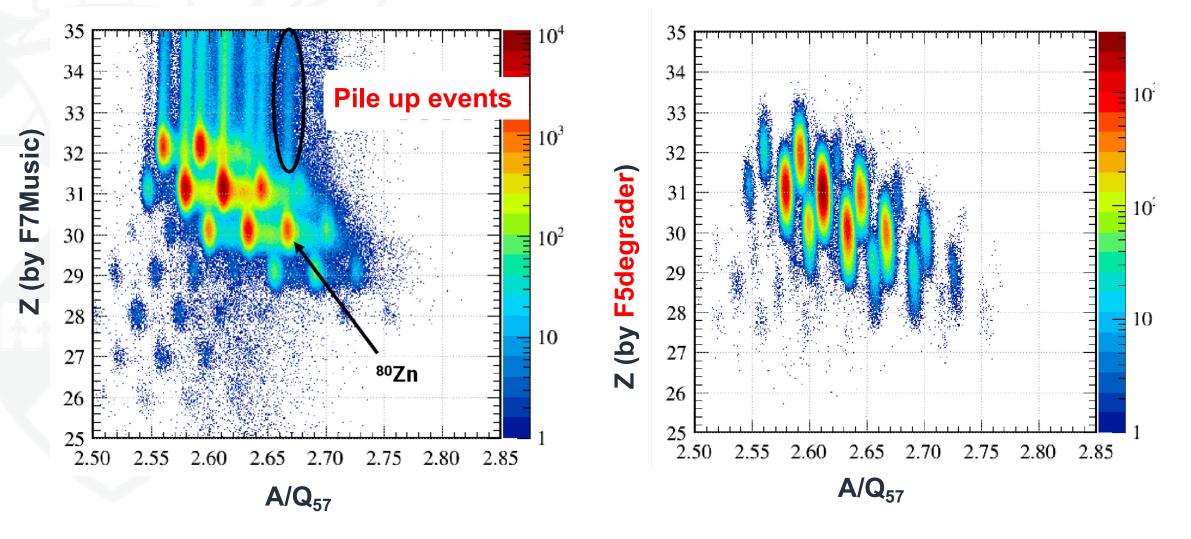
PID in BigRIPS with Gamma triggers

Fragments in ZeroDegree with Gamma triggers

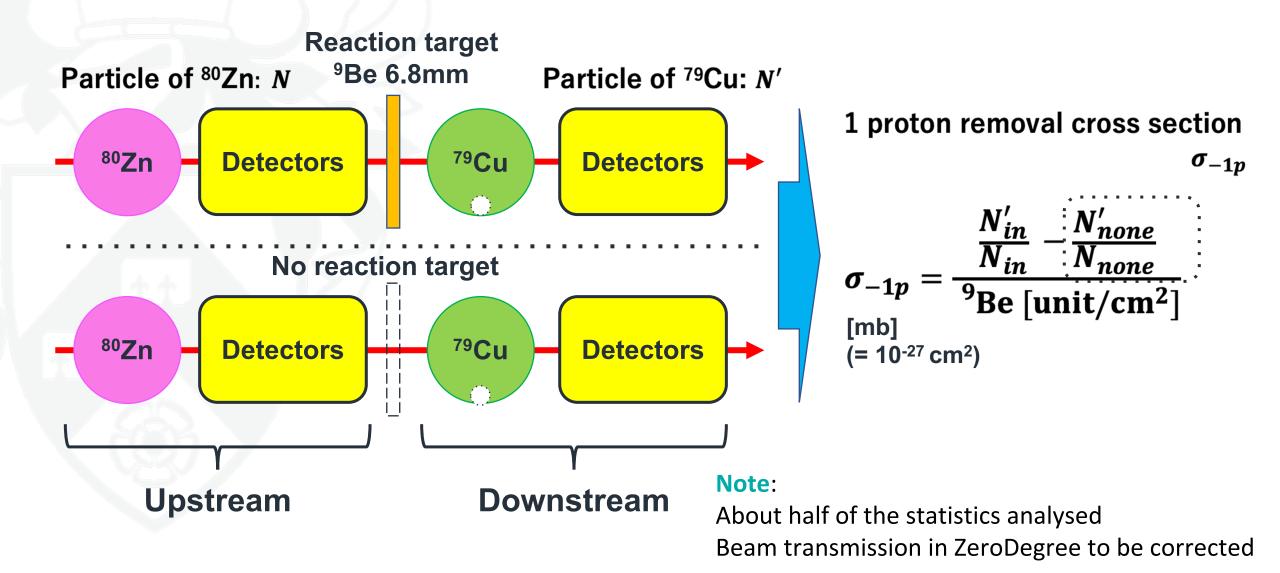


#### Pile-up hits in Music detector for Z reconstruction

An example shown for the Z reconstruction without using the MUSIC detector



#### **Contributions from other materials along beamline**

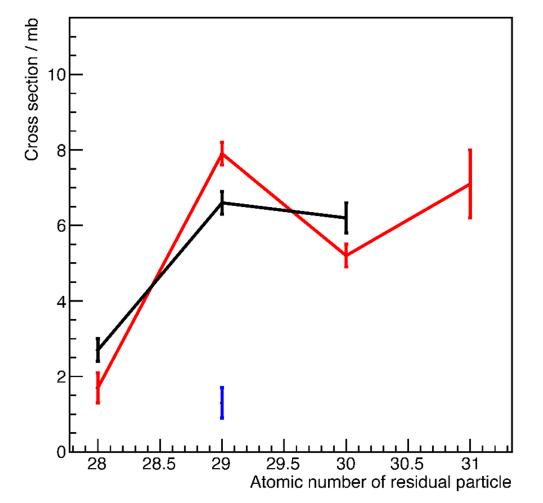


#### **Preliminary measured cross sections**

Cross section / mb 24E **Preliminary** 22 N=48 20F N=49 18|-N=50 N=51 16 14 12 10 8 2 28 28.5 29 31 29.5 30 30.5 Atomic number of residual particle

-1p cross section in this study with Be target

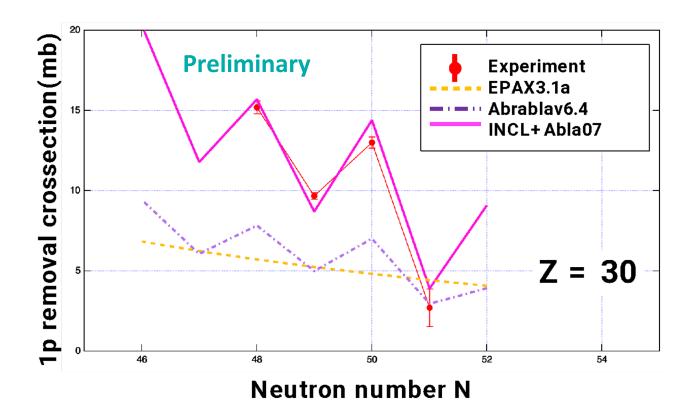
(p,2p) cross section in previous study with LqH<sub>2</sub> target



#### **Comparison with phenom. calculations**

**EPAX**: Phenomenological fit for fragmentation reactions **INCL** (intra-nuclear cascade model): MC-Simulated 2N collisions **Abrasion-ablation**: Ablation taken into account

INCL & Abrabla gives good agreement. Odd-even staggering is well explained. Neutron evaporation process would be affected by separation energy S(n)?

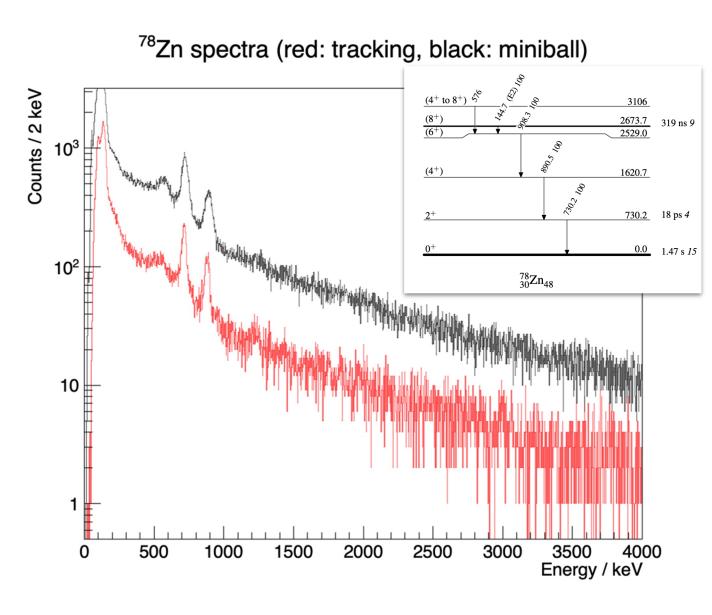


#### **Summary**

- ➤ A systematic measurement of (inclusive) cross sections in <sup>78</sup>Ni region has been performed at ~250 MeV/nucleon on Be target with BigRIPS/ZeroDegree.
- > A (relatively) high-rate secondary beam could be reconstructed unambiguously.
- Preliminary analysis for Z=29-32 isotopes was performed. Consistent results with the previous study using (p,2p) reaction obtained including the sudden decrease in the cross section of <sup>79</sup>Cu(-1p)<sup>78</sup>Ni is seen.
- Within several phenomenological fragmentation models, the Abrabla calculations reproduce the cross sections better than EPAX.

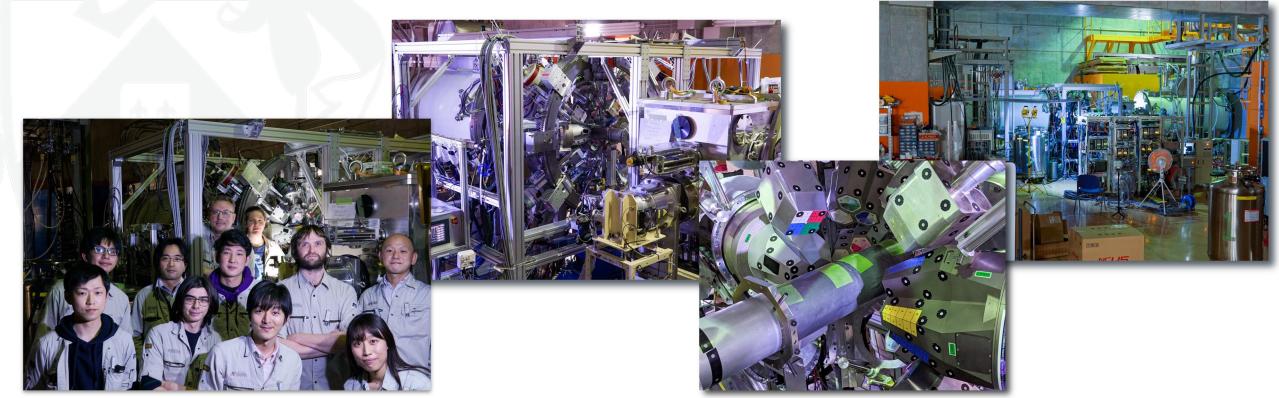
#### **Future outlooks**

- Full statistics of the data and more reaction channels to be analysed
- Comparison with other reaction calculations such as the Eikonal theory will be performed
- Gamma-ray spectra of HiCARI array also being investigated



#### Local and core members of the RIBF181 experiment

R. Taniuchi, S. Franchoo, D. Suzuki, N. Aoi, H. Baba, F. Browne, C. M. Campbell, S. Chen,
R. Crane, H. L. Crawford, H. de Witte, P. Doornenbal, C. Fransen, N. Fukuda, H. Hess,
E. Ideguchi, S. Iwazaki, J. Kim, A. Kohda, T. Koike, T. Koiwai, B. Mauss, R. Mizuno, B. Moon,
M. Niikura, D. Nishimura, T. Parry, M. Petri, P. Reiter, H. Sakurai, Y. Shimizu, H. Suzuki,
H. Takahashi, H. Takeda, S. Thiel, K. Wimmer, Y. Yamamoto, and M. Yoshimoto

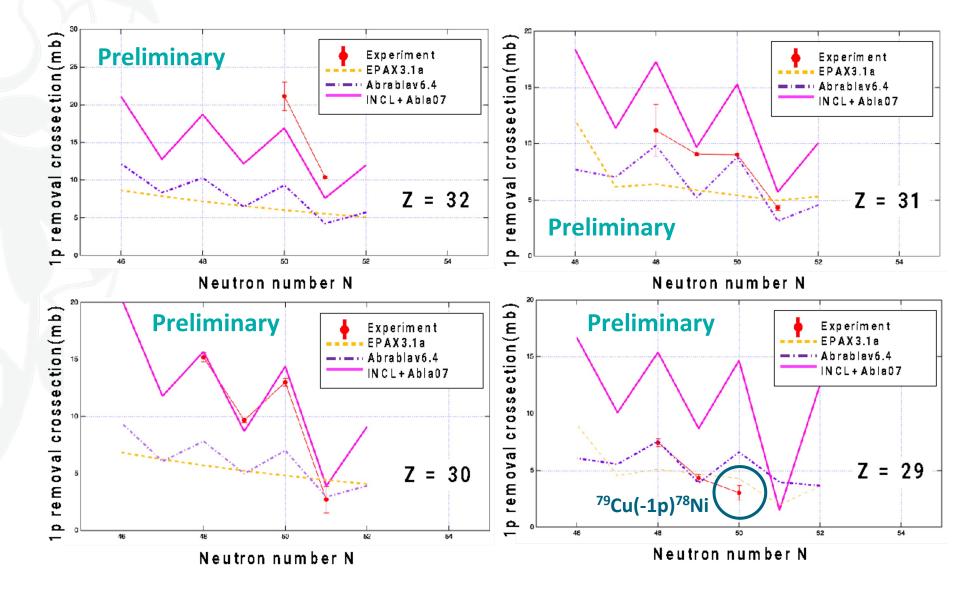




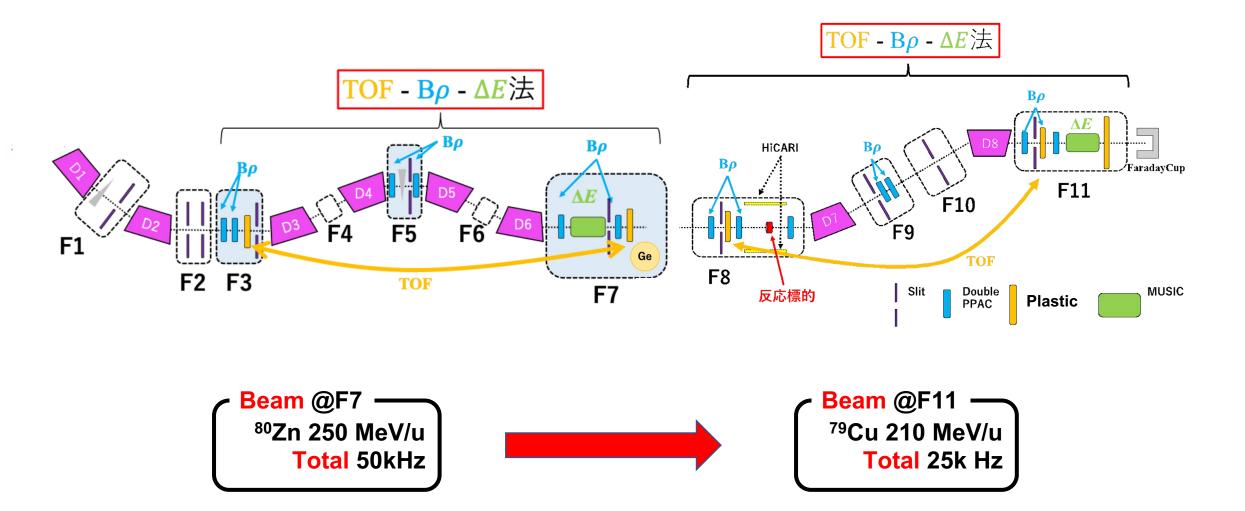
#### Preliminary results with a part of the data

**Note**: About half of the statistics analysed

Beam transmission in ZeroDegree to be corrected



## **Detectors set up**



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ビーム設定

表 2.4 本実験における BigRIPS のビームライン設定

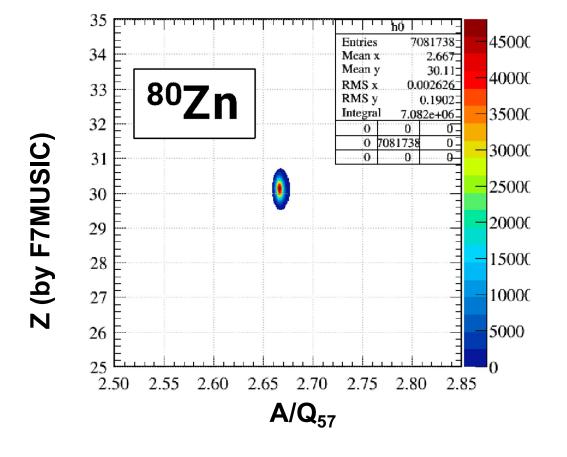
名称		設定	
核種		<sup>80</sup> Zn	
F0 生成標的 Be		4 mm	
F1 Wedge 型ディグレーダー		8 mm	
	Al	$7.3129 \mathrm{\ mrad}$	
F5 Wedge 型ディグレーダー		2.0 mm	
	Al	$1.60 \mathrm{mrad}$	
Slit	$\mathbf{F1}$	L: 42.80 mm,R: 64.20 mm	
	F2	L: 7.00 mm,R: 12.00 mm	
	F5	L:110.00 mm,R: 63.40 mm	
	$\mathbf{F7}$	L:110.00 mm,R:110.00 mm	
Brho	D1	7.8470 Tm	
	D2	$6.986~\mathrm{Tm}$	
	D3	$6.963~\mathrm{Tm}$	
	D4	$6.963~\mathrm{Tm}$	
	D5	$6.707 \ \mathrm{Tm}$	
	D6	$6.707~\mathrm{Tm}$	
ビーム強度	F3	約 63 kHz	
	$\mathbf{F7}$	約 50 kHz	

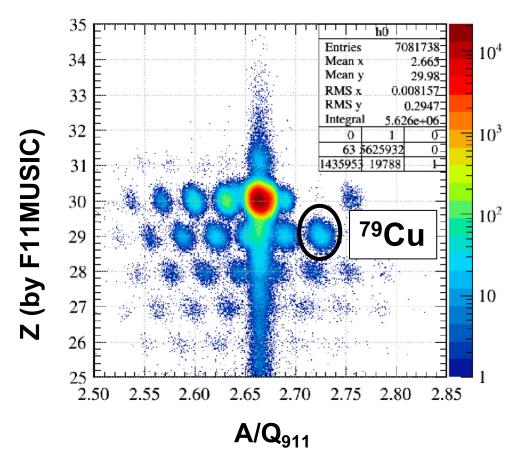
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#### 表 2.5 本実験における ZDS のビームライン設定

名称		Taget in	Target out	
核種		<sup>79</sup> Cu		
反応標的 Be		6.8 mm		
Slit	F9	L: 120.00 mm,R: 120.00 mm		
	F10	L: 120.00 mm,R: 120.00 mm		
Brho	D7	6.015 Tm	$6.724~\mathrm{Tm}$	
	D8	6.006 Tm	$6.717~\mathrm{Tm}$	
ビーム強度	F11	約 24 kHz	約 34 kHz	

# Measurement of 1-proton removal cross section





**Before** Reaction target

After Reaction target 20

20

