Status of Infusion Studies at Jlab

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Office of Science

Summary, TTC 2019, Feb 5-8 2019

- Earlier "Infusion" were reproducible when gas injected at higher temperature.
- ~75C hold for 4 hours during 120 C baking didn't appear to be beneficial over the conventional 120C bake (statistics of 2 rf test).
- Furnace itself appeared to be clean after the recent upgrade evident from the rf (single cavity) test.
- First infusion run after furnace upgrade wasn't as expected, probably due leak/contamination to gas injection line
- Work in progress to prepare some baseline cavities and infusion run once the furnace issue resolved.

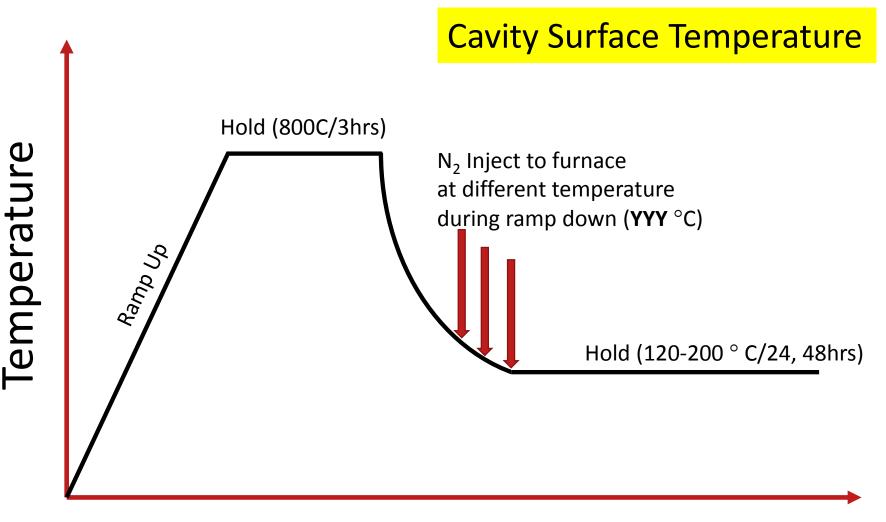


Summary, SRF 2019, June 30-July 5, 2019

- High Q, high E_{acc} results are reproducible when gas injected at higher temperature (250-290 C).
- ~75C hold for 4 hours during 120 C baking didn't appear to be beneficial over the conventional 120C bake (statistics of 2 rf test).
- The influence of furnace contamination, cavity preparations before heat treatment plays significant role in the outcome of the cavity performance.
- Sample studies shows that the dirtier rf surface with NbN_{1-x}O_x phase underneath the topmost Nb₂O₅ layer may be responsible for Q-rise.
- Explorations of several parameters such as the duration of bake time, optimal temperature and partial pressure of nitrogen is ongoing.

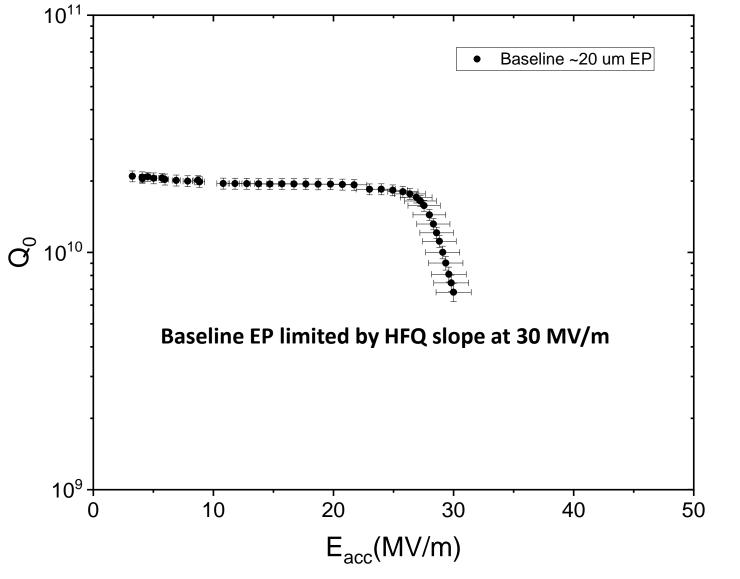


Varying N2 Injection Temperature

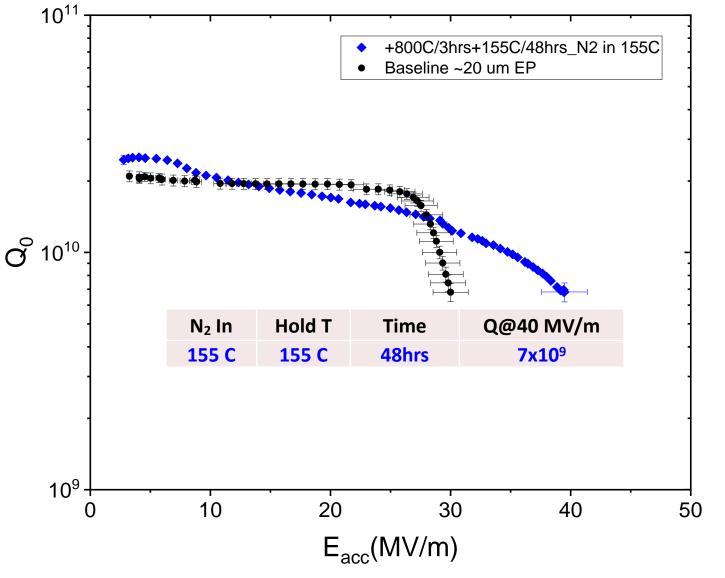


Time

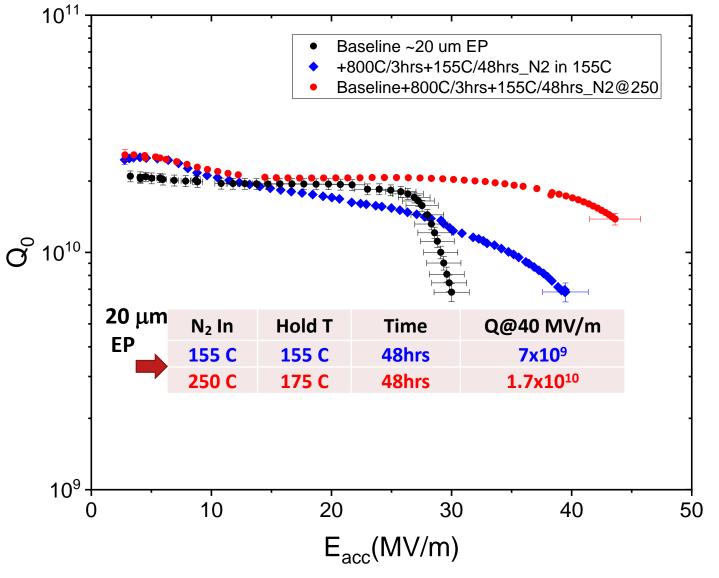




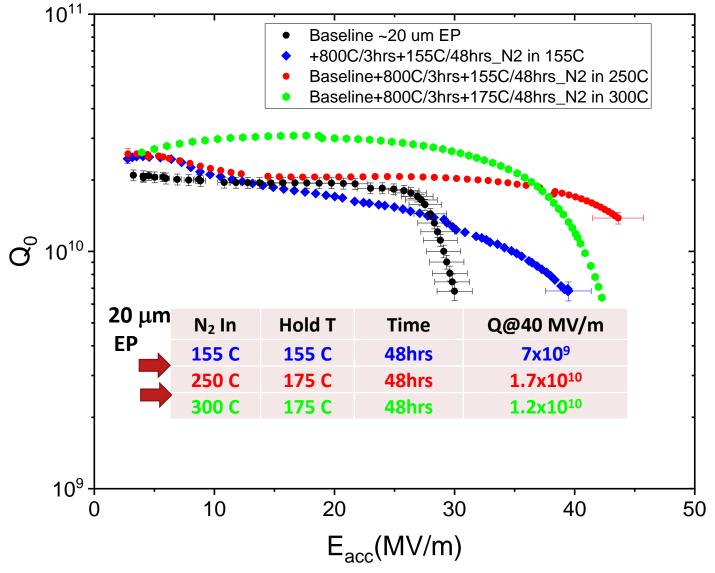




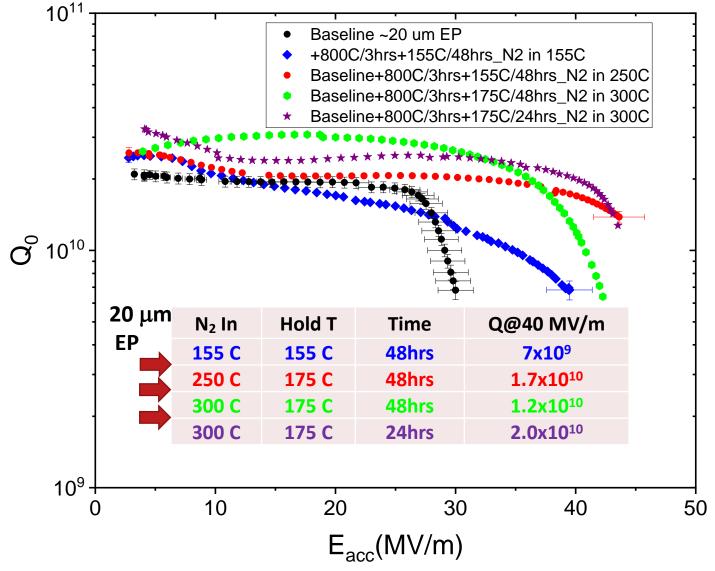






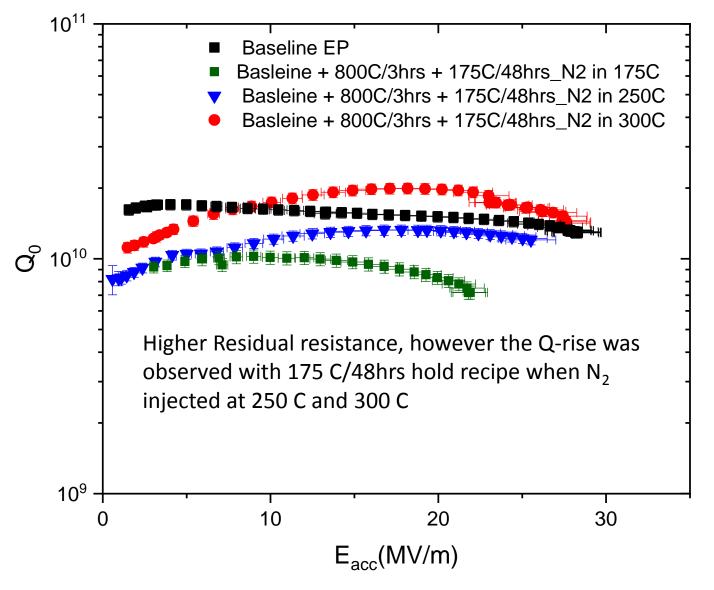






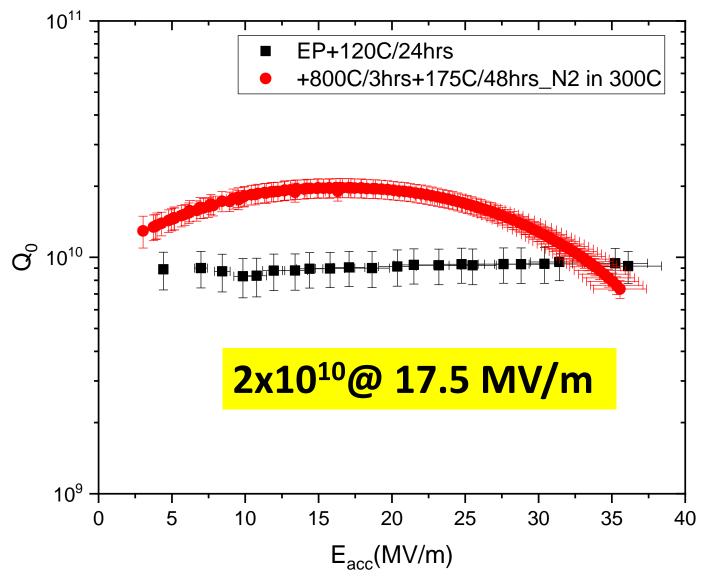


RDL-0, 1.5 GHz



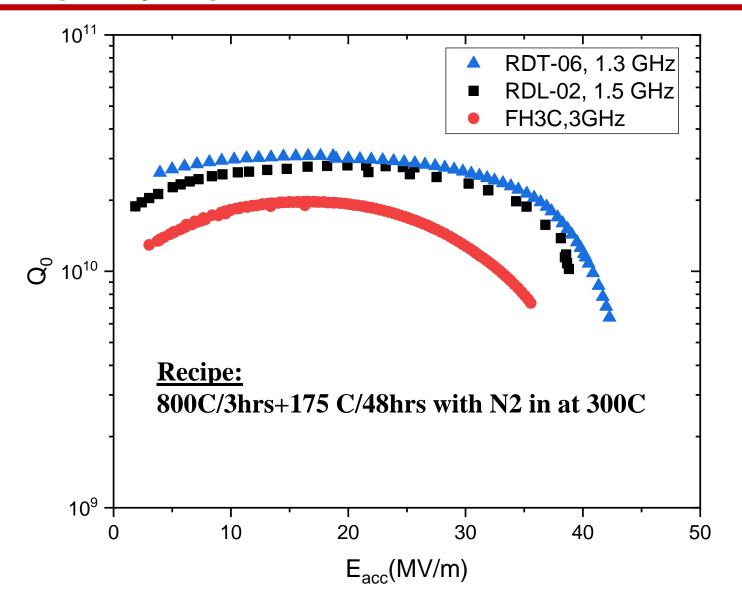


FH3C, 3 GHz





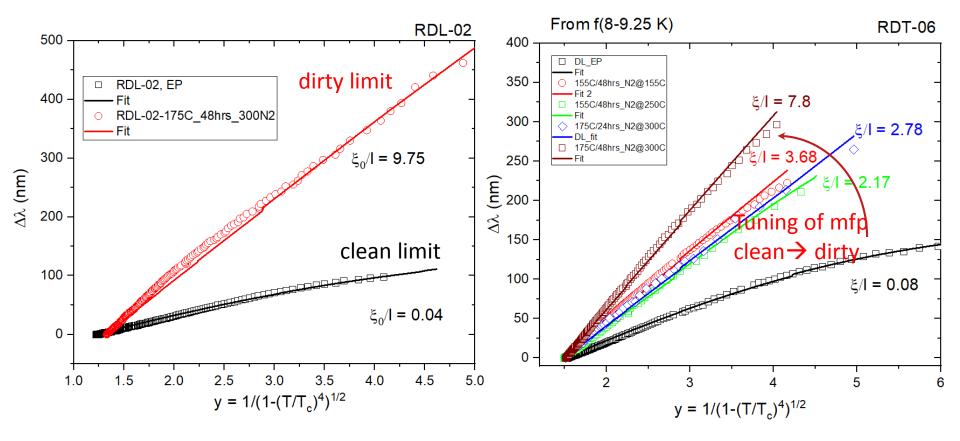
Frequency Dependence



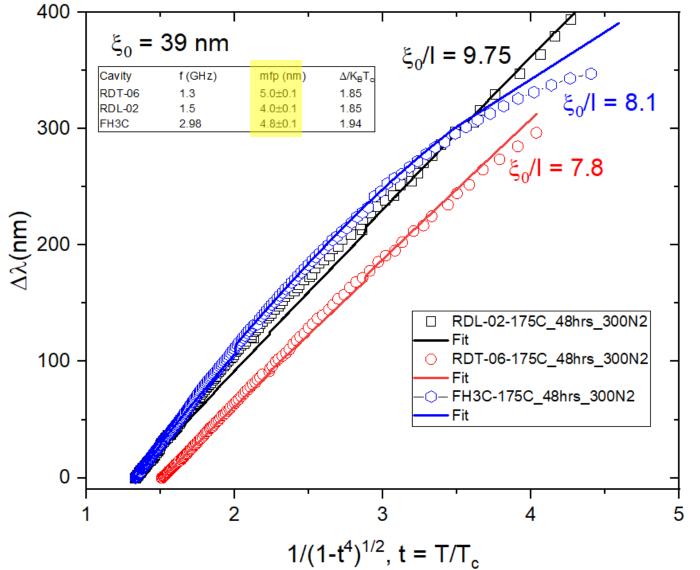


Mean free path from f vs T data

Resonant frequency was tracked during the cavity warm up. The change in penetration depth with temperature was fitted with BCS theory in the temperature range (8-9.25K). T_c, λ_0 , ξ_0 was fixed as material parameters and Δ/K_BT_c = 1.85 in some cases, when wasn't available from Rs(T) fits







Jefferson Lab

Summary

- RF performance of SRF cavity was tuned depending on the gas injection temperature, hold temperature and time.
- The same recipe applied to three different cavities with different frequency, showing the similar Q(E) dependence.
- The recipe will be applied to multi-cell cavities to reproduce the single cell results.





