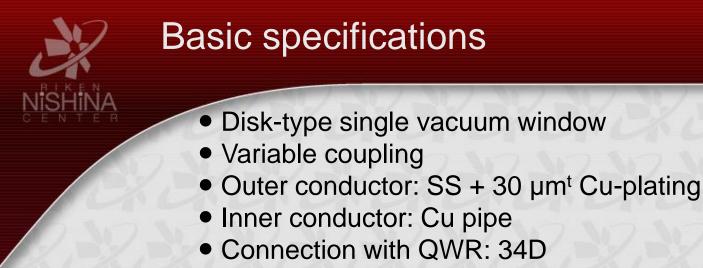


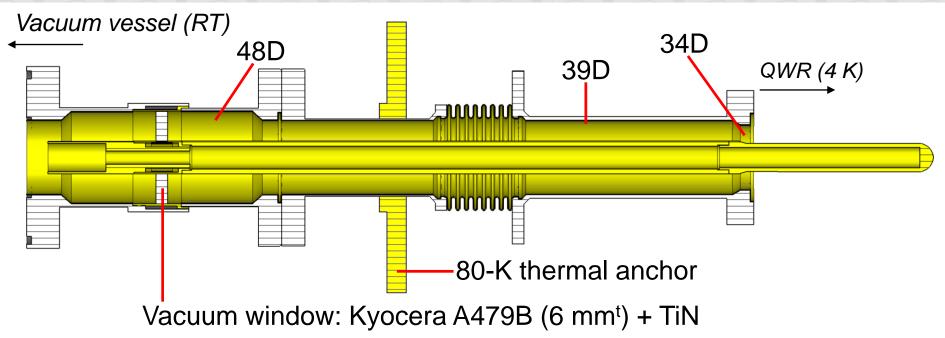
Our experiences and troubles on FPCs for RIKEN QWR

OZEKI, Kazutaka RIKEN Nishina Center





- Frequency: 73.0 MHz
- Assumed maximum RF power: 6 kW
- Mounted on QWR to off-center position





Process list of FPCs

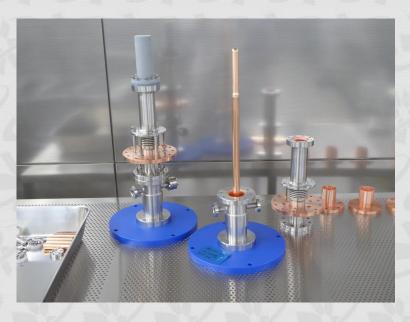
Delivery from manufacturer (MHI-MS)

- 1) Disassembly
- 2) Ultrapure water rinsing (w/o supersonic wave)
- 3) Water removal using air-gun
- 4) Natural drying
- 5) Particle removal using ion-gun
- 6) Re-assembly
- 7) Mount of two FPCs on RF test stand
- 8) 120°C-baking of the system (1-2 day)
- 9) RF process
- 10) Dismount of FPCs from test stand

Mounted on QWR

All processes were performed in ISO-class 1 clean room.

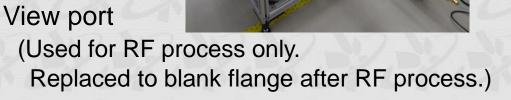
"KOACH" system by KOKEN-LTD. Report in detail by K. Yamada Feb. 06, WG4



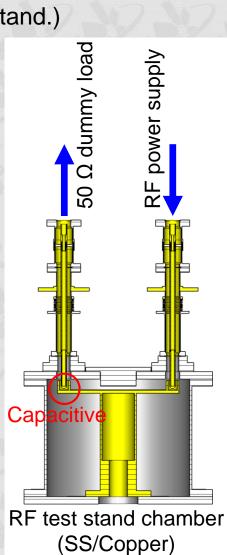


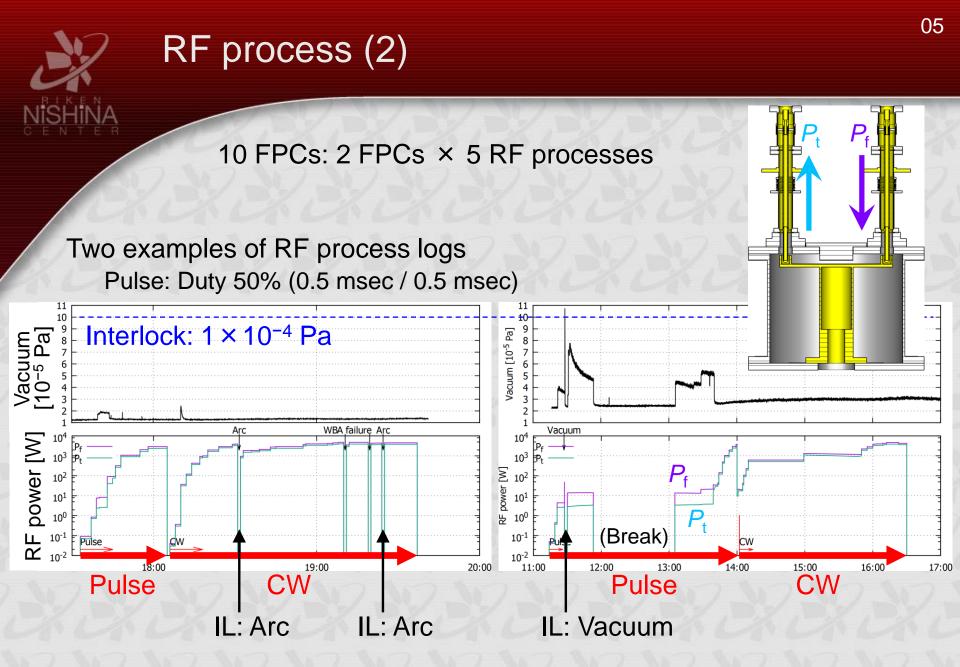
RF process (1)

- Interlock
 - Vacuum (Vacuum gauge was mounted on test stand.)
 - Arc



Pickup port





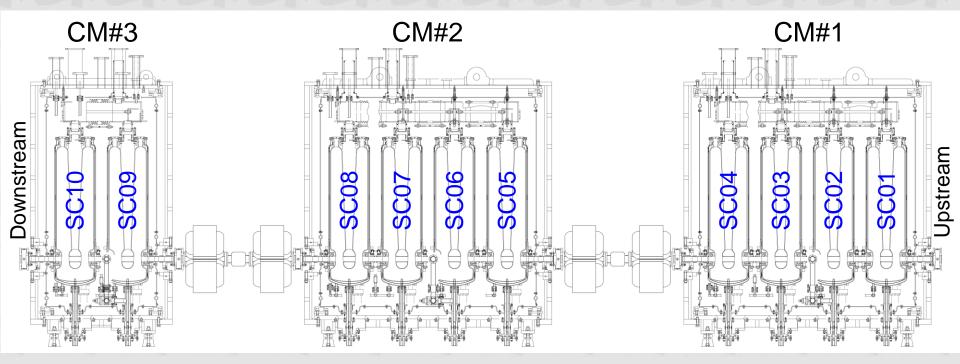
RF power seemed to be fed up to ~5 kW without any difficulties.

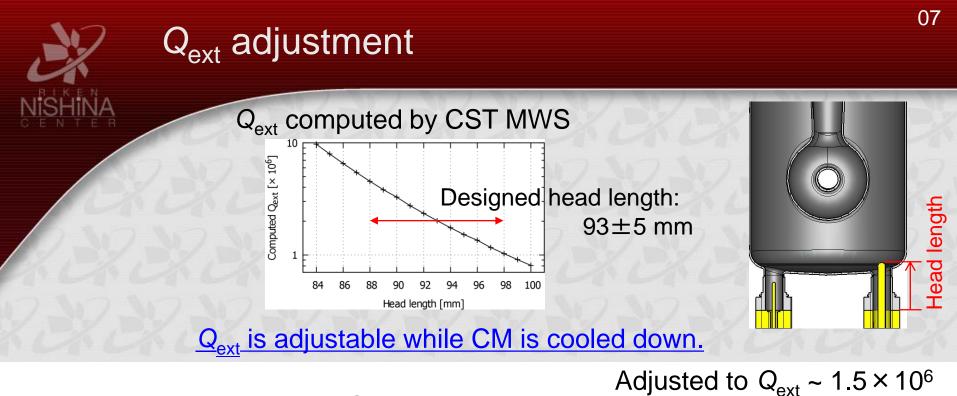


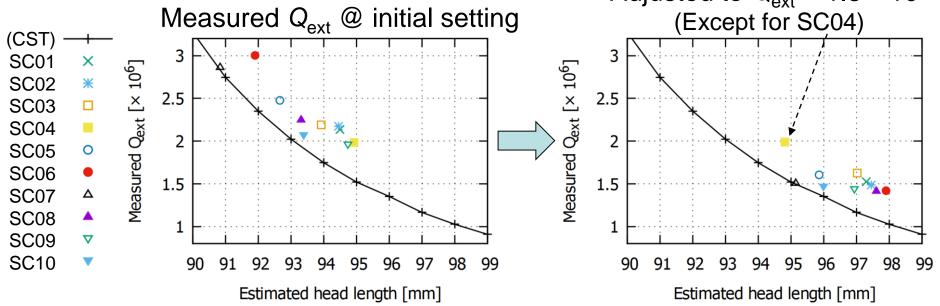
Cryomodule

Mar. 2019: Assembly and installation of CMs were completed. Sep. 2019: Evacuation of QWRs, cooling test of each CM was started. → CMs were successfully cooled down.







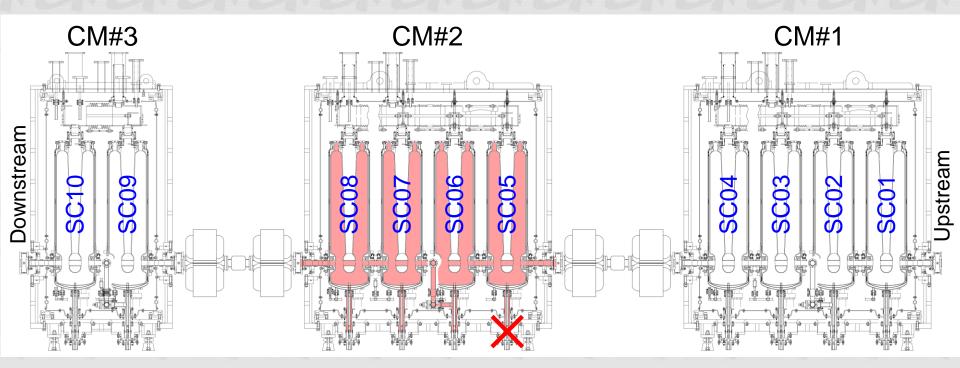




Trouble: Vacuum leakage (1)

Nov. 2019 (After 2 months of evacuation) Vacuum leakage @ vacuum window of FPC mounted on SC05. $\sim 10^{-7}$ Pa $\rightarrow \sim 10^{0}$ Pa

- During warm-up process after cooling test.





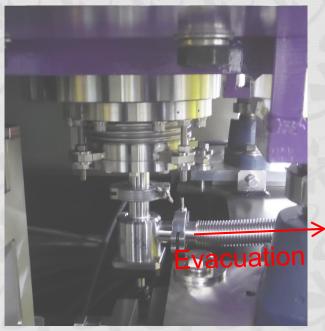
Trouble: Vacuum leakage (2)

First aid to prevent air leak in.



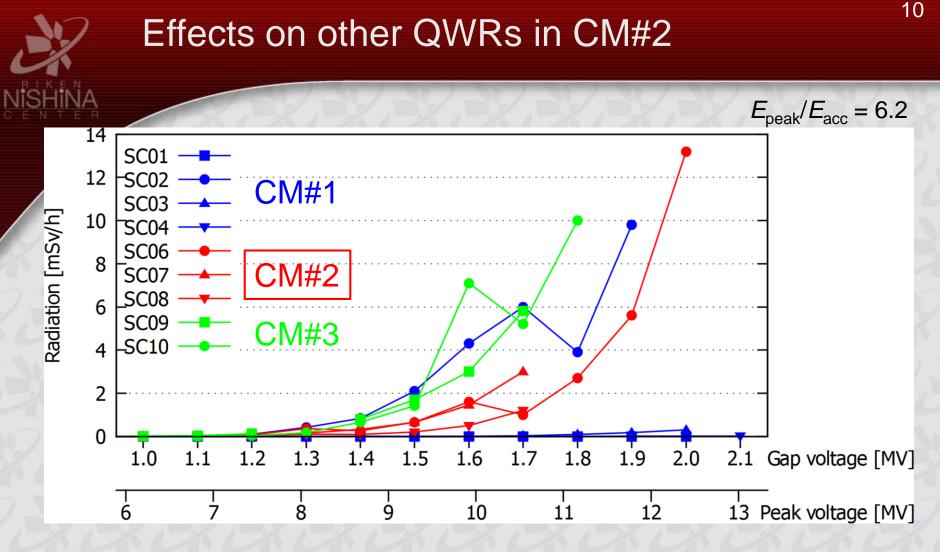
Preparation of evacuation flange

Evacuation from air-side of the vacuum window.



Cavity vacuum has restored to almost same level as CM#1 &3.

Cavity vacuum (@ 4 K) CM#1: 2.5 × 10⁻⁸ Pa CM#2: 4.0 × 10⁻⁸ Pa CM#3: 2.4 × 10⁻⁸ Pa



No serious performance degradation compared with QWRs in CM#1 & 3. Vacuum degradation happened during CMs were in cryogenic condition. $T_{FPC} < 240 \text{ K}$ \longrightarrow Contaminants were trapped in FPC itself and SC05?



Summary

- 10 FPCs were produced for RIKEN QWRs.
- Processes for FPCs seemed to have

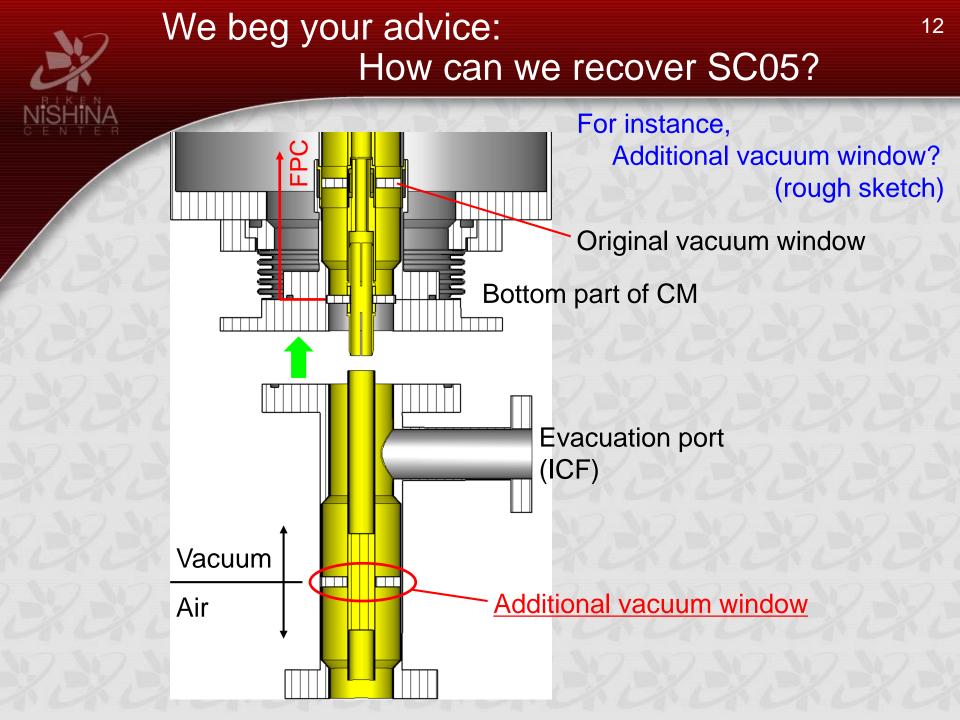
completed without any troubles.

- After assembly and installation of CMs -
- Q_{ext} was adjusted to ~ 1.5 × 10⁶.
- Leakage from vacuum window of one of the FPCs.
 - First aid to prevent air leak in.
 - Evacuation from air-side of the vacuum window.
- Not so serious effects on other QWRs in same CM.
 - Contaminants were trapped in cryogenic FPC itself and connected QWR?

Beam energy required for experiments is achievable with 9 QWRs. Preparations for commissioning were proceeded.

On Jan. 28th, First beam was successfully accelerated using 9 QWRs.

Cause of FPC failure is unknown for now.



Background Overview of RILAC (RIKEN Heavy Ion Linear Accelerator) CSM RILAC minin (To post-accelerators) RFQ GARIS 18-GHz ECRIS <u>(Ga</u>s-filled <u>R</u>ecoil <u>Ion</u> <u>Separator</u>) Discovery of Nihonium (Z = 113) to man

Discovery of $Z \ge 119$ Synthesis of RI medicines (²¹¹At) \rightarrow Upgrade of RILAC

Replaced to 10 SC-QWRs. (SRILAC, Superconducting RILAC)

Replaced to 28-GHz SC-ECRIS.

