VectorFlow

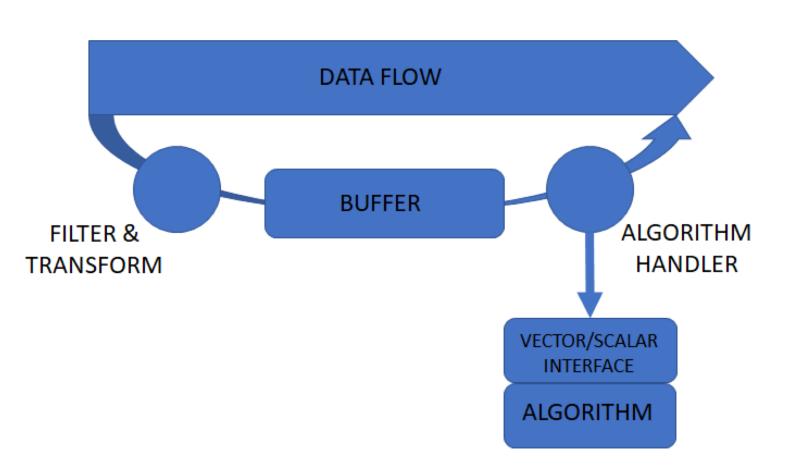
A. Gheata
24th Geant4 Collaboration Meeting
23-27 September 2019
Jefferson Lab

The idea: vector components in a scalar workflow

A way to generalize vectorization by passing vectors of data to functions rather than rely on inner loops.

A vector adapter?

- Idea originating from GeantV workflow, but generalized as templated API usable in any workflow
- Do not provide an implementation, but rather a recipe and examples on how to do it
- Using VecCore as underlying vectorization library

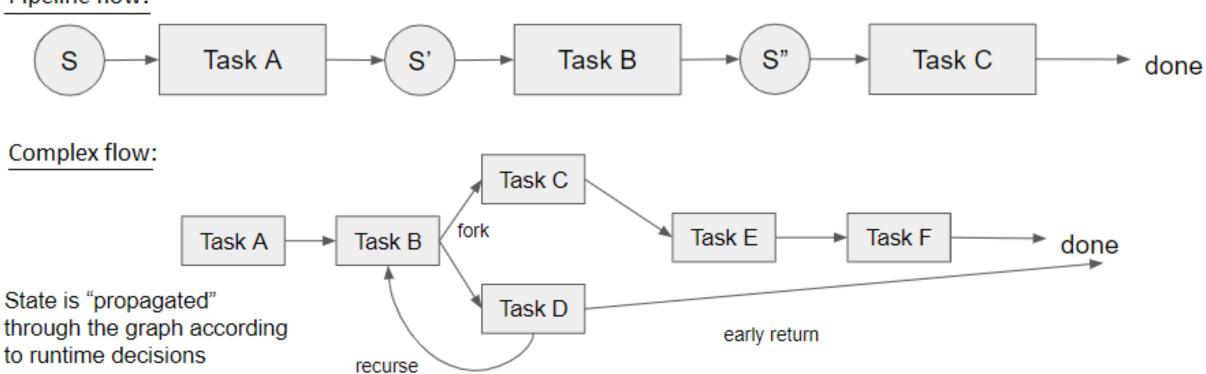


How it works

- A *FILTER* step to select scalar states to be processed.
- An ACCUMULATION step buffers the scalar states holding the data of interest
- A GATHER step in aligned memory to prepare the data needed for SIMD processing.
- A VECTORIZATION step, which integrates with VecCore services.
- A SCATTER step to re-integrate the output into the framework data flow.

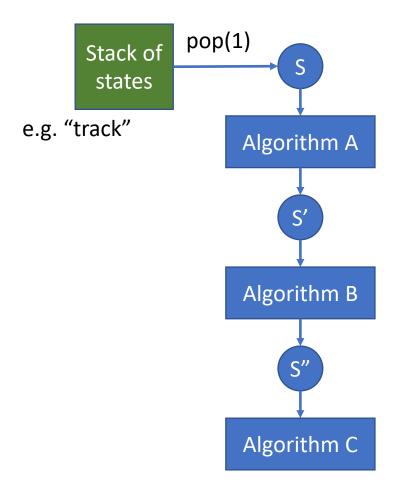
Supported workflows

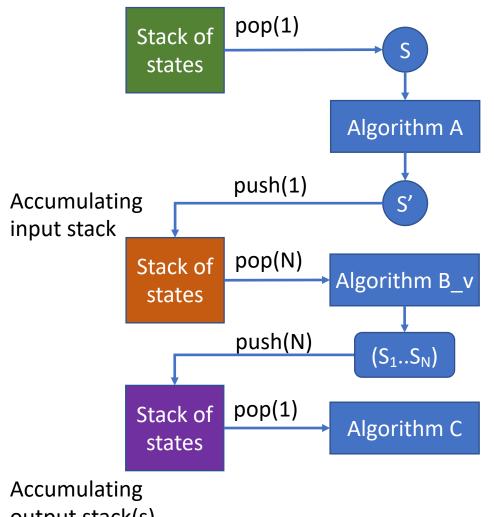
Pipeline flow:



- Different flows can be inter-connected
- The data management introduces copy overheads, vectorization has to worth it

Flow re-integration





Pop also from "secondary" stacks

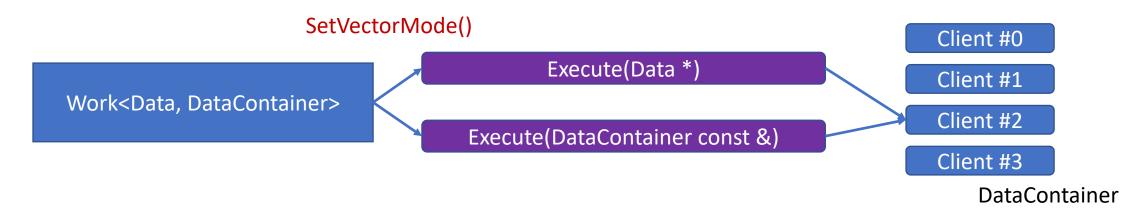
output stack(s)

Implementation

- Implemented VectorFlow interfaces in the context of GSoC 2019
 - Student: Arturo Garza Rodriguez
 - Mentors: G. Amadio and A. Gheata
- New lightweight library now available: https://github.com/agheata/vectorflow
 - Simple design around the concept of "Work" that can have a scalar and a vectorized implementation
- In particular the goal is to test this for components in the Geant4 workflow

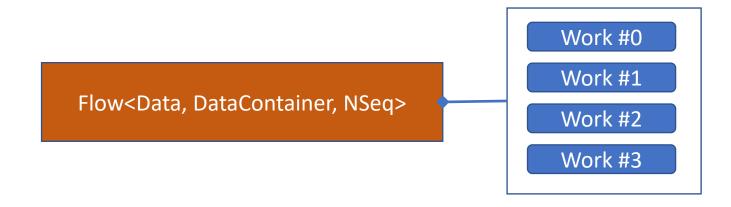
Work interface: Base class that provides interfaces to scalar and vector work.

- Interface to arbitrary user algorithm providing abstract interfaces for scalar and vector "Execute" methods
- Templated on user-defined data and container
- Work can have "clients" and and can dispatch the processed data to any of those

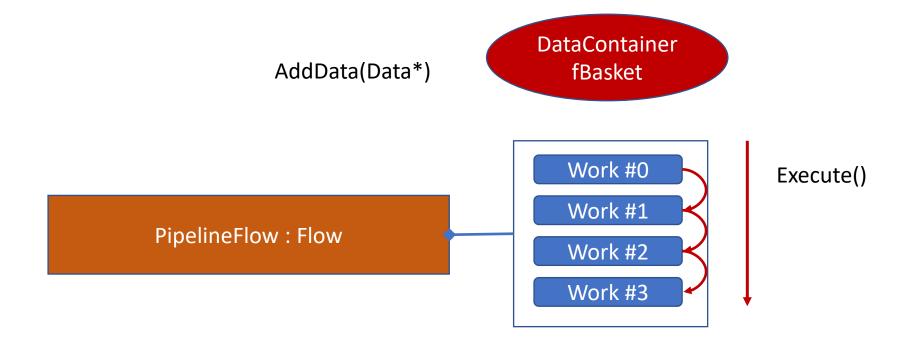


FLOW interface - Base class that provides support to the different types of flows

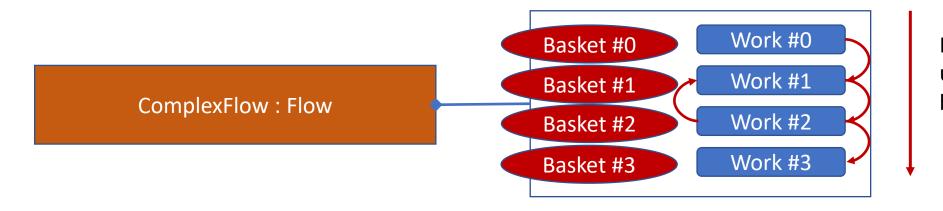
- Add each stage to the workflow via AddWork.
- Set each stage to be executed either in scalar or vector mode via SetVectorMode.
- Two flows to support any variant type of simulation workflows were proposed: the PIPELINE flow & the COMPLEX flow.



Pipeline flow



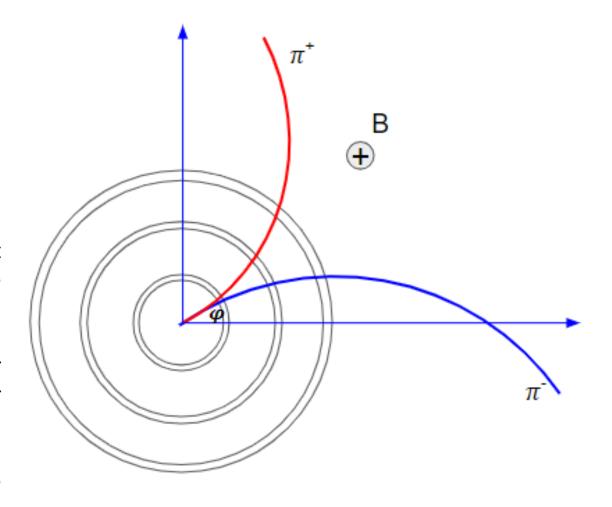
Complex flow



Execute()
until nothing left in
baskets

EXAMPLE

- COMPLEX FLOW: Generate + Propagate
- Each layer is translated to a **VectorFlow task** that propagates a **vector** of tracks (previously **gathered** in the correct format for SIMD processing).
- Each particle track can be propagated to an inner or outer layer in the tube, i.e. a task dispatches data to the other tasks' containers.
- If tracks are propagated outside the geometry, they are scattered back to the original data flow.
- The **flow** continues its execution until as long as there is still data in the buffers.



Up to ~2.0x speed-up in AVX2 processor, even though inherent overhead due to data transformations.

Prototyping VectorFlow with Geant4 components

- Requires stateless transport engine ongoing work (see talk of WP)
 - Moving the state in the G4Track
 - Done already for managers (WP)
- Pause/resume for a given track w/o overhead
- Prototyping the vectorflow for the performance-critical components
 - Field propagation, MSC