

EM working group meeting Fri. 12/07/2019

$F_{\tt uture} \, C_{\tt ircular} \, C_{\tt ollider} \, simulation \, status \, and \, needs$



by Helmut Burkhardt (CERN)

Status as of
Conceptual Design Reports
just published and
recent 24-28 June FCC-week with
examples where Geant4 was used

• Needs

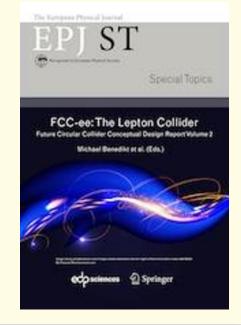
Strategy meeting Granada : likely that FCC-ee comes first EM particularly important

Main links, ref :



FCC-ee: The Lepton Collider FCC-hh: The Hadron Collider doi:10.1140/epjst/e2019-900045-4 doi:10.1140/epjst/e2019-900087-0









Strategy : avoid "reinventing the wheel" use existing tools like in particular Geant4, improve and interface where needed with potentially wide application

Synchrotron radiation, generalisation to all long lived charged particles in G4SynchrotronRadiation.ccand TestEm16 update with example for protons, run01_prot.mac7/2014Problem 1921, Bugzillafrom 7 digits to full double : /control/useDoublePrecision11/2016Problem 1931, BugzillaTorus geometry fix1/2017ROOT-8844Loss of precision in GDML Export5/2018field-V10-05-01correcting transformation to local system in G4QuadrupoleMagField.cc4/2019

On accelerator side :

Main tool : machine description in MAD-X

Enhanced by (<u>MDISim</u> interface) generating automatically input files for GEANT4

- machine lattice geometry export in gdml or root format
- beam interface gun particle / position / direction generator at selected start element
- magnetic field description

using ascii input files read at "detector construction"



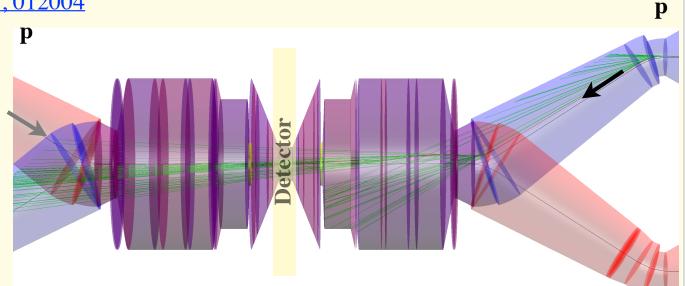
Examples, FCC-hh



Simulations done within EU supported **<u>EuroCirCol</u>** study by CERN + INFN Frascati

1) Synchrotron radiation backgrounds for the FCC-hh experiments

J.Phys.Conf.Ser. 874 (2017) no.1, 012004



2) Beam-gas Background Characterization in the FCC-ee IR

J.Phys.Conf.Ser. 1067 (2018) no.2, 022012

Team : Francesco Collamati, Manuela Boscolo, Oscar Blanco / INFN Frascati Marian Lückhof, Roberto Kersevan, Helmut Burkhardt / CERN





Frank Zimmermann, <u>FCC-ee design overview</u> at FCC-ee week 2019

parameter	z	ww	H (ZH)	ttbar
beam energy [GeV]	45	80	120	182.5
beam current [mA]	1390	147	29	5.4
no. bunches/beam	16640	2000	393	48
bunch intensity [10 ¹¹]	1.7	1.5	1.5	2.3
SR energy loss / turn [GeV]	0.036	0.34	1.72	9.21
total RF voltage [GV]	0.1	0.44	2.0	10.9
long. damping time [turns]	1281	235	70	20
horizontal beta* [m]	0.15	0.2	0.3	1
vertical beta* [mm]	0.8	1	1	1.6
horiz. geometric emittance [nm]	0.27	0.28	0.63	1.46
vert. geom. emittance [pm]	1.0	1.7	1.3	2.9
bunch length with SR / BS [mm]	3.5 / 12.1	3.0 / 6.0	3.3 / 5.3	2.0 / 2.5
luminosity per IP [10 ³⁴ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	230	28	8.5	1.55
beam lifetime rad Bhabha / BS [min]	68 / >200	49 / >1000	38 / 18	40 / 18



Example FCC-ee (1/2)

FCC-ee: The Lepton Collider



MDI-team meetings on <u>indico</u>

From <u>CDR</u> that just got published

online in open access as of 4/6/2019

Simulated with GEANT4 displayed with ROOT

Subject of PhD thesis by Marian Lückhof CERN + Hamburg Univ.

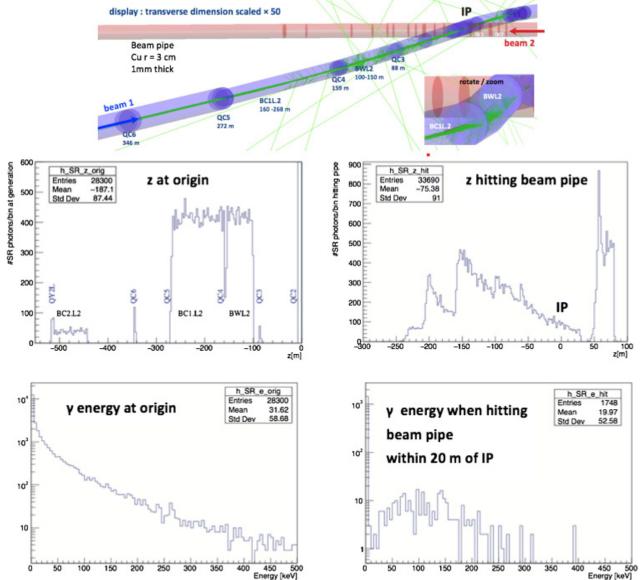


Fig. 2.21. Top: 3D representation of a positron beam track at 175 GeV beam. Bottom: simulation of the distribution of the photons generated in the interaction region for that beam.

The main sources of the SR background in the IR regions are the photons from the last bending magnets and photons emitted by higher amplitude particles in



Example FCC-ee, (2/2) IR-design



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The European Physical Journal Special Topics

From <u>CDR</u> that just got published

Collaboration with Mike Sullivan / SLAC, collective effects & impedance experts, Vacuum group CERN R. Kersevan et al. Detector - Interface : Nicola Bacchetta et al. and connection to Linear collider / CLIC IR / CLD - detector simulations

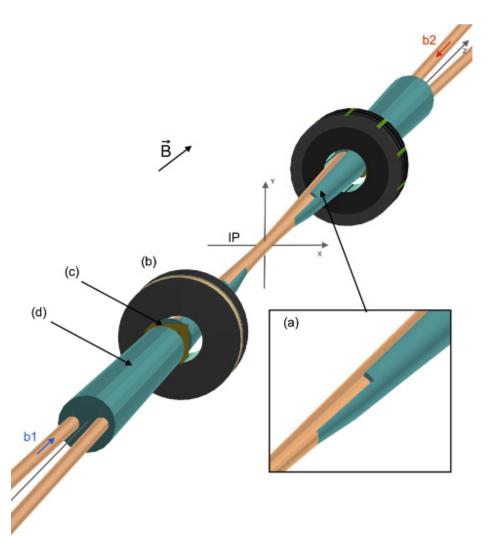


Fig. 7.1. Sketch of the implementation of the interaction region in GEANT4. The tungsten shielding of the beam pipe appears in turquoise blue. The shielding from 330 mm (a) to the rear of the luminometer at 1191.4 mm (b) is 0.1 mm thick and covers only a 68° azimuthal wedge on the positive-x side of the beam pipe. Further back at the rear of the HOM absorber (c), a full 15 mm thick tungsten cone (d) covers both beam pipes to protect the tracking detectors from synchrotron radiation.





to my knowledge, for discussion — maybe some done or in progress, please let me know?

Our recent work focused mainly one using the current tools to deliver the CDR in time Needs still mostly as already presented in <u>1/2018</u> important to improve for next phase

EM

• X-ray mirror, specular reflection for keV photons, depends on surface, roughness. if not stopped by collimators (to be designed) could significantly increase backgrounds into detectors for FCC-ee

got G4XrayGrazingAngleScattering.cc from <u>Buis, Vacanti</u> via Alexander Howard, not straightforward to use, surface defined only for Silicon (and Vacuum)

will have to see with PhD student M.Lückhof that we get at least upper limits soon (like 100% reflection if below grazing angle); goal as for LEP that photons have to scatter at least twice to reach the detector ; using collimators + masks

- benchmarking with light source studies for FCC and comparison with <u>SynRad by R. Kersevan</u>
- γ (MeV) nuclear, giant-dipole/quadruple resonance (started ?)
- $e+e- \rightarrow \tau+\tau$ production AnnihiToTauPair, relevant for Ee+ > 12.4 TeV (FCC-hh)
- update TestEm.., new example(s) with beamline(s) as generated for FCC, documentation ..





Persistency :

these days all design work computer based

- Mechanical designs (<u>CAD</u> programs, <u>EDMS</u> documents)
- RF behaviour, impedance studies (<u>Microwave Studio</u>, <u>HFFS</u> ..)
- Magnet lattice and field definition (<u>MAD</u>, <u>SAD</u>)
- Particle scattering toolkits <u>GEANT</u>, <u>FLUKA</u>

need to connect with proper interfaces and / or exchange formats

Hadrons :

Check / update processes to 100 TeV, (update cross sections, improve diffractive...)

Field :

We created a dedicated IP_Field.cc class to handle

Solenoid/anti-solenoid for the moment based on analytic formulas in absence of measured field maps

+ summing up with Quadrupole fields around IR, probably of little general interest ?

FCC-ee has strong "crab waist" sextupoles (4 L/R each IP, between 118 to 727 m for IP)

New **G4SextupoleMagField.cc** ~ ready to commit if of general interest, rather short and similar to G4QuadrupoleMagField.cc