

# A fragmentation-based study of heavy quark production

Marco Zaro

In collaboration with Giovanni Ridolfi and Maria Ubiali

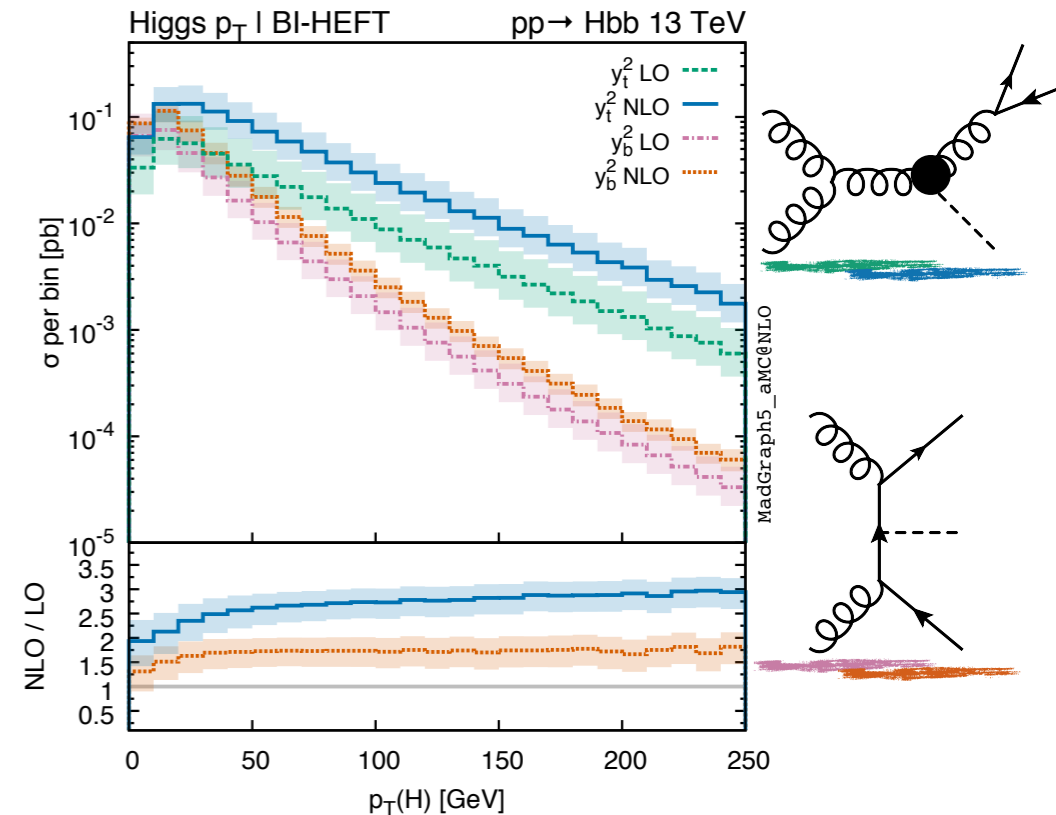
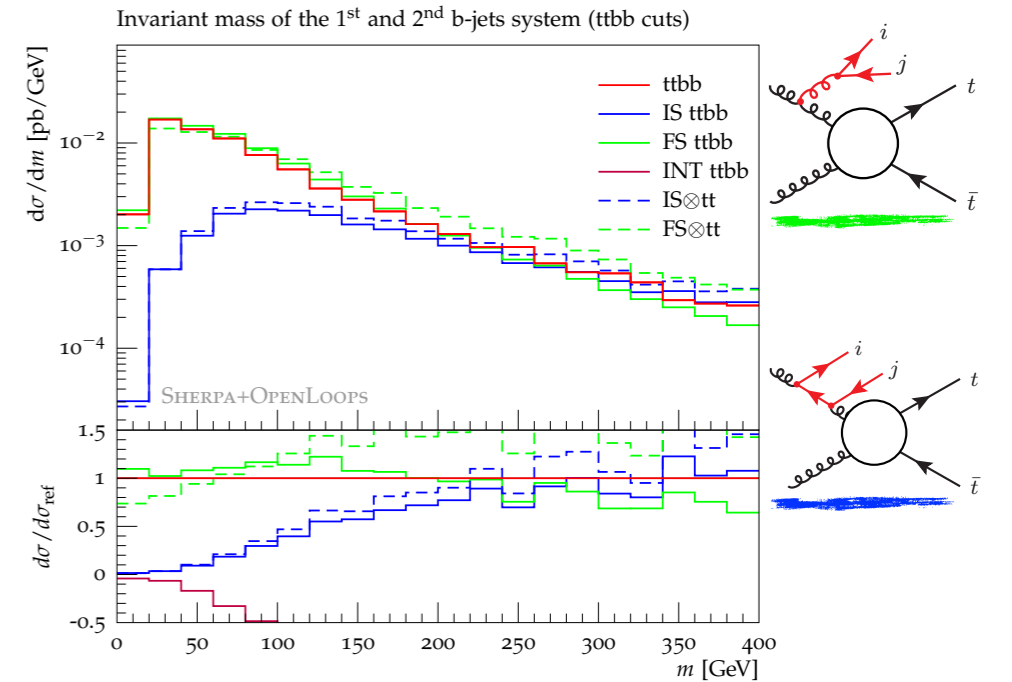
(to appear)

Nikhef

  
NWO  
Netherlands Organisation  
for Scientific Research

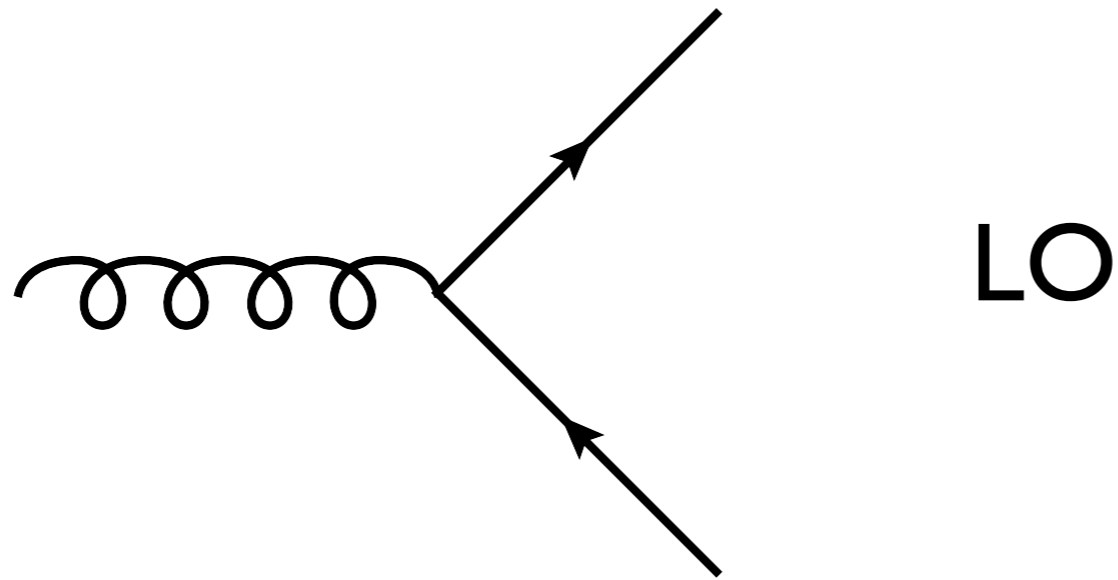
# On the simulation of processes with final-state $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splittings

- Processes relevant for Higgs physics receive large contributions from topologies with final-state  $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  splittings
- $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  is one example: FS splittings dominant in most PS  
[Jezo et al, arXiv:1802.00426](#)
- Another example is  $ggH+b\bar{b}$ , which dominates  $Hb\bar{b}$  production  
[Maltoni, Deutschmann, Wiesemann, MZ, arXiv:1808.01660](#)
- Is it appropriate to simulate these splittings at the matrix-element level?

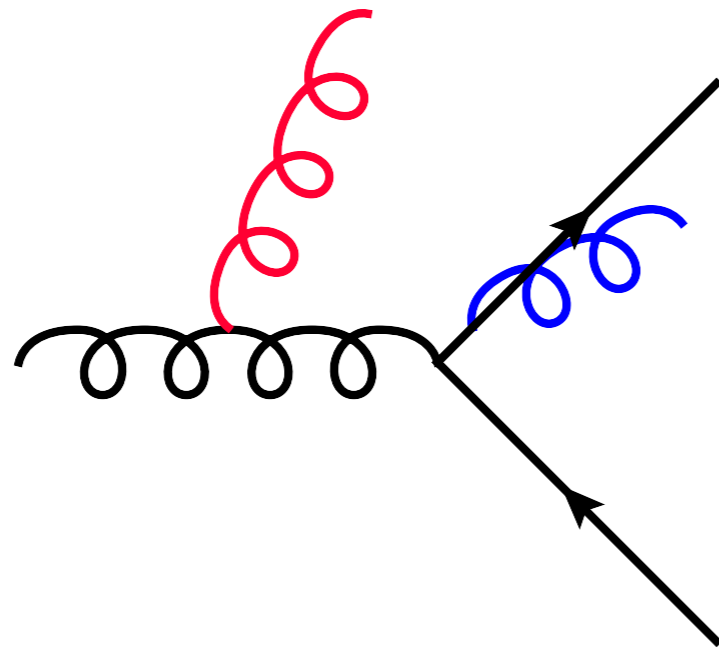


# A close look on a $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting

# A close look on a $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting

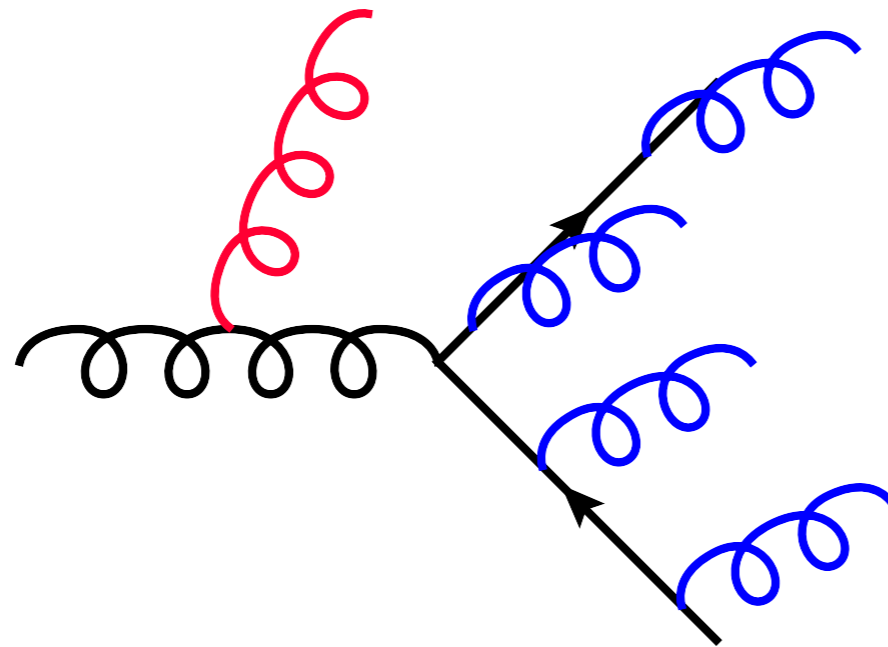


# A close look on a $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting



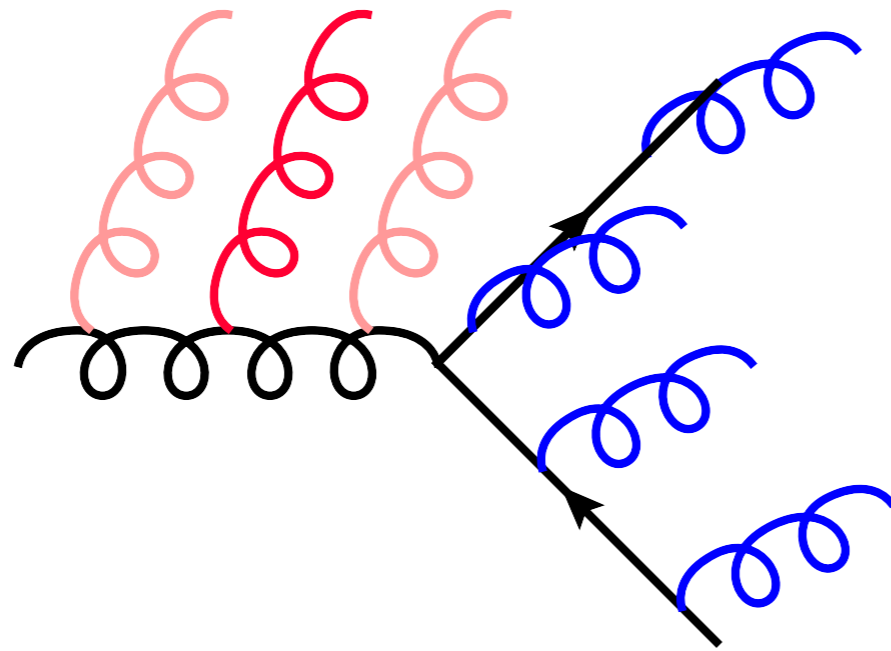
NLO

# A close look on a $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting



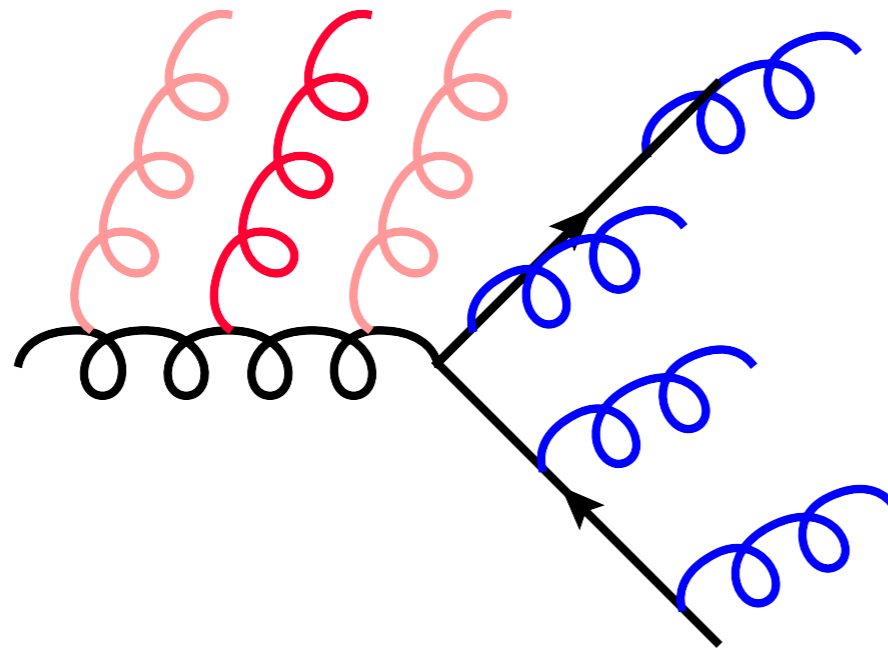
NLO+PS

# A close look on a $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting



QCD evolution

# A close look on a $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting

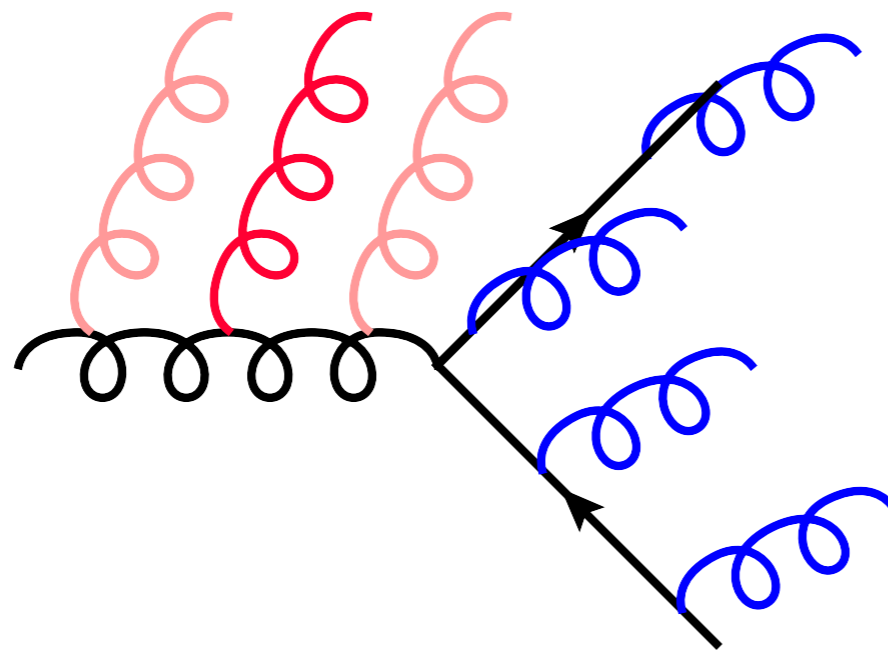


QCD evolution

- Extra radiation off parent gluon missing if b quarks generated at ME level, even at NLO+PS  
 → How important is it?



# A close look on a $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting



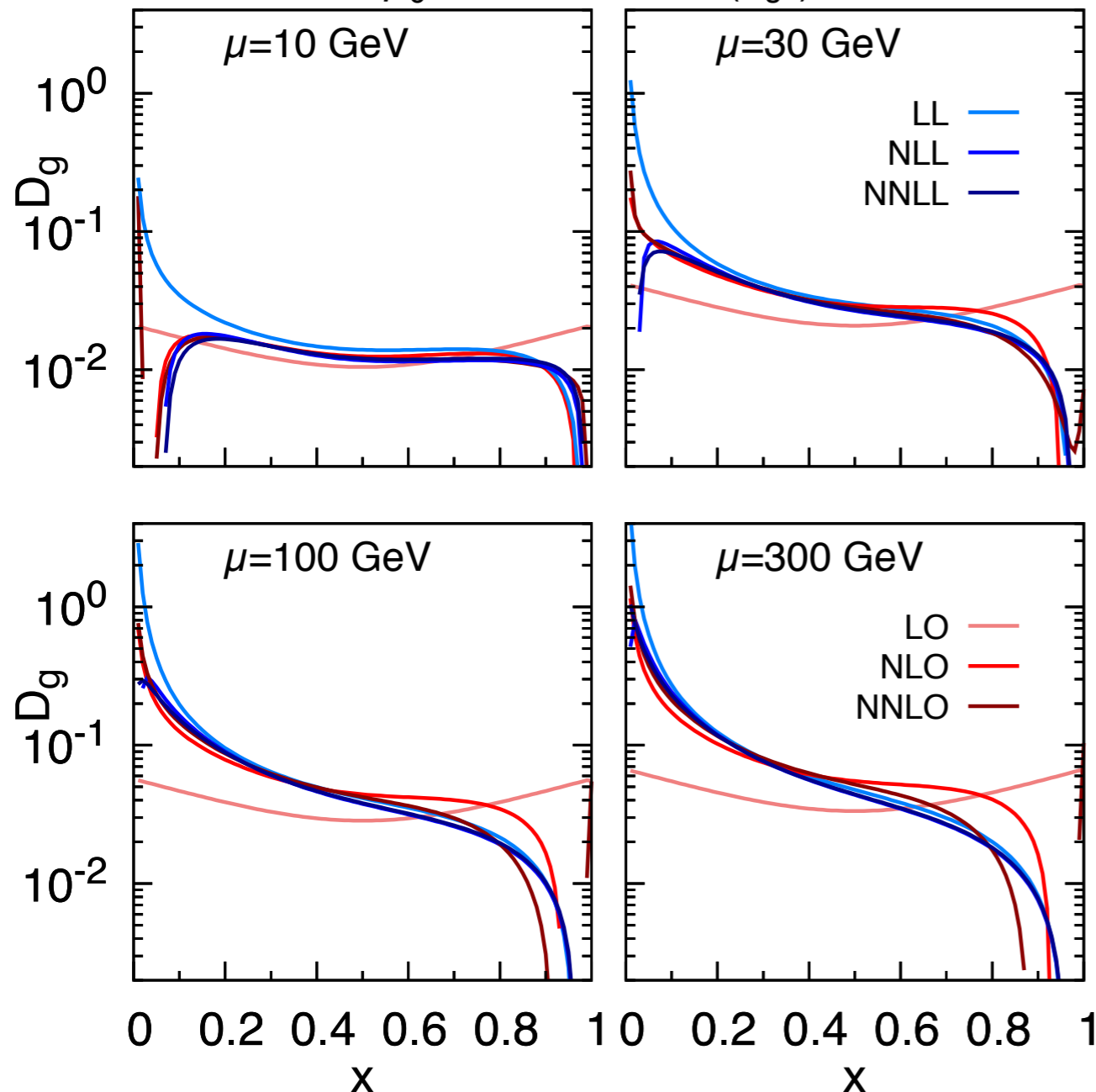
QCD evolution

- Extra radiation off parent gluon missing if b quarks generated at ME level, even at NLO+PS
  - How important is it?
- Importance can be assessed using fragmentation functions
  - FFs include collinear emissions at all orders and resum  $\log(\mu_F/m)$
  - Use FFs at different logarithmic accuracy and their truncation at different orders of  $\alpha_s$ .  
Truncated results  $\iff$  fixed-order computations
  - Evolution up to NNLL provided by MELA  
[Bertone et al, arXiv:1501.00494](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.00494)

# A fragmentation-based study of $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splittings

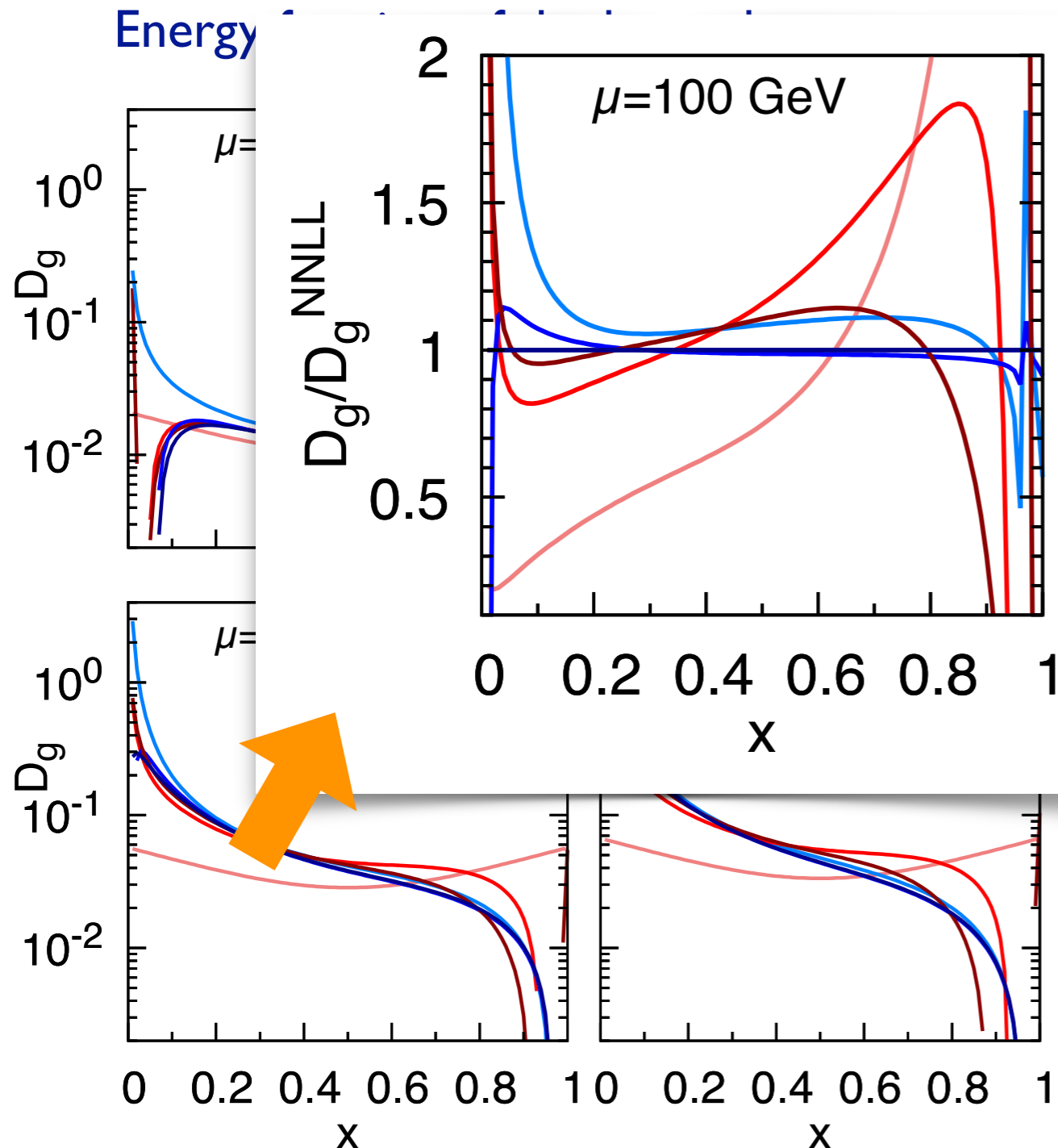
Energy fraction of the b quark

$\mu_0 = 4.7$  GeV; w/o  $O(\alpha_s^2)$  IC



- **LO** shape does not change with scale
  - ✦ Not reliable prediction
- **Resummed** predictions very close to each other
  - ✦ Correct shower description (**LL**) for gluon fragmentation
- **NLO** prediction harder than resummed ones (+70% for  $\mu = 100$  GeV)
- **NNLO** has decent agreement with resummed predictions
  - ✦ Justifies  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b} + \text{jet}$  @NLO as reference for  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$
- Dominant effect from radiation off the parent gluon
  - ✦ Not included when b quarks are generated at the ME level
  - ✦ Large effect on *exclusive* observables

# A fragmentation-based study of $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splittings

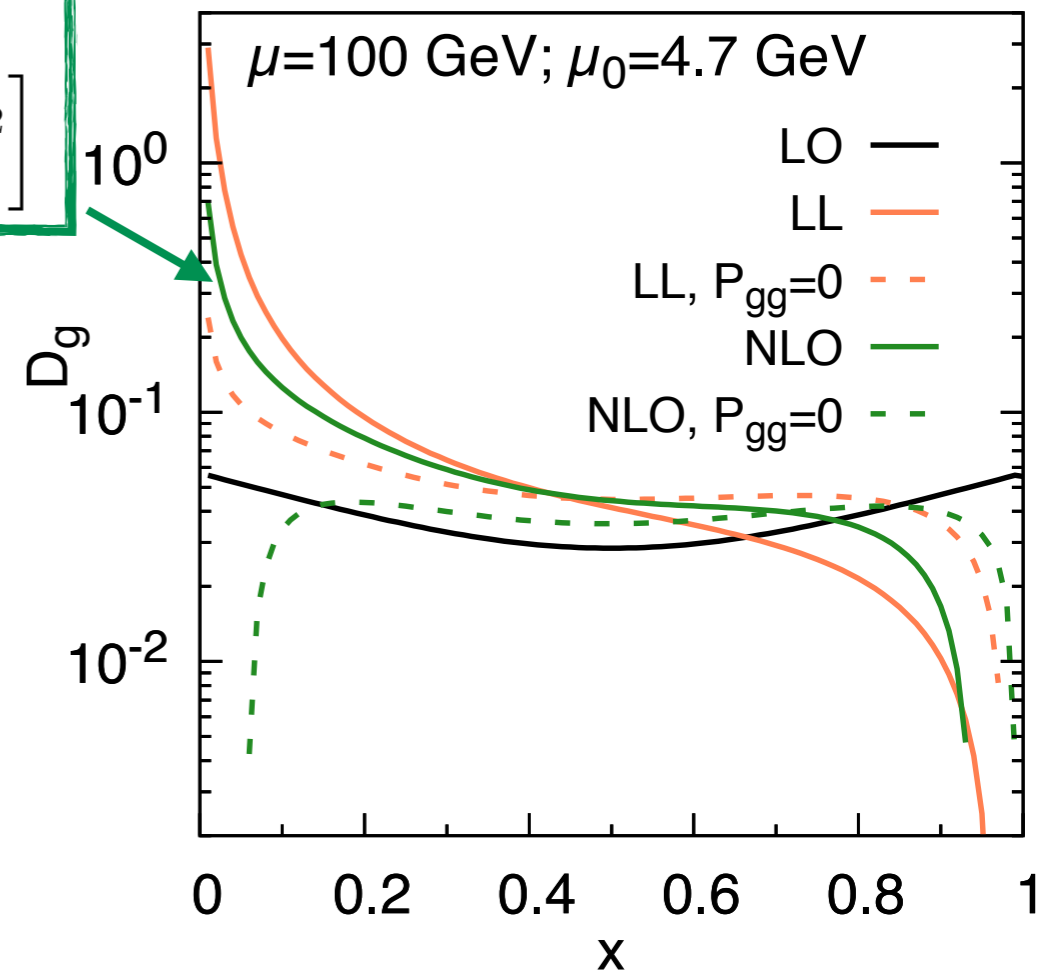
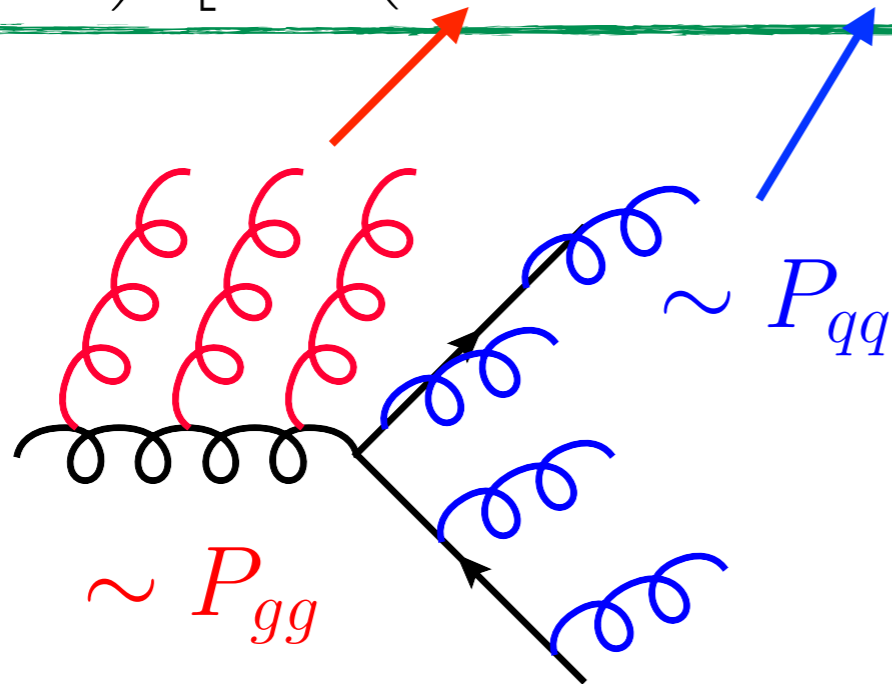


- **LO** shape does not change with scale
  - ✦ Not reliable prediction
- **Resummed** predictions very close to each other
  - ✦ Correct shower description (**LL**) for gluon fragmentation
- **NLO** prediction harder than resummed ones (+70% for  $\mu=100$  GeV)
- **NNLO** has decent agreement with resummed predictions
  - ✦ Justifies  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}+\text{jet}$  @NLO as reference for  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$
- Dominant effect from radiation off the parent gluon
  - ✦ Not included when b quarks are generated at the ME level
  - ✦ Large effect on *exclusive* observables

# Effects from radiation off the parent gluon in $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

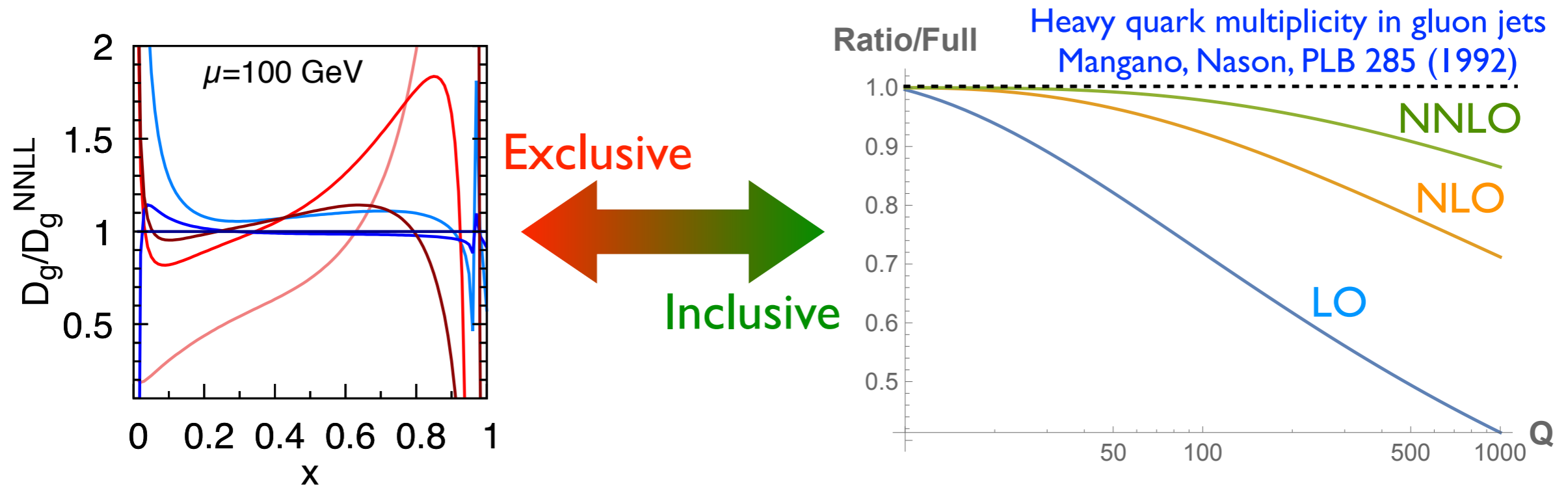
$$D_g(\mu) = \frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{4\pi} \left[ d_g^{(1)}(\mu_0) + \gamma_{qg}^{(0)} t \right] + \left( \frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{4\pi} \right)^2 \left[ \dots + \left( \frac{1}{2} \gamma_{gg}^{(0)} \gamma_{qg}^{(0)} + \frac{1}{2} \gamma_{qg}^{(0)} \gamma_{qq}^{(0)} + 2\pi b_0 \gamma_{qg}^{(0)} \right) t^2 \right]$$

NLO



Important effects from  $P_{gg}$  terms

# Effects on inclusive observables



- Inclusive observables (e.g. heavy quark multiplicity) display much smaller effects due to higher-orders and resummation
  - ✦ (Coherence effects need to be included in order to get the correct multiplicity)
- Open questions:
  - ✦ Shall we worry about the details of b-quark kinematics?
  - ✦ Can this mis-modelling have effects on relevant observables?

# Conclusions



- FF-based studies highlight possible pathologies in the simulation of final-state  $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  splittings at the ME-level, for *exclusive* observables
  - ✦ This holds regardless of  $m_b=0$  or  $m_b \neq 0$  in the ME simulation
- Radiation off parent gluon plays an important role and should be included
  - ✦ Either go to NNLO ( $\sim t\bar{t}b\bar{b} + \text{jet}$  @ NLO in the case of  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ ) or use PS to evolve gluon
  - ✦ Methods exist to merge 5FS and 4FS simulations even at fully-differential level  
[Hoeche et al, arXiv:1904.09382](https://arxiv.org/abs/1904.09382)
- How does this translate for more inclusive observables? Do we expect problems there?
  - ✦ Effects seem to be much milder for heavy quark multiplicities
  - ✦ Need to understand importance of effects for physical quantities, realistic observables (b-jet), and beyond collinear kinematics (recoil, etc...)