Welcome Visit of John Wood & Group ALICE CÉRN Accelerating Science and Innovation



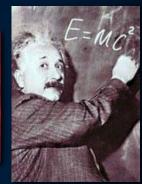
The Mission of CERN

Research

Push back the frontiers of knowledge

E.g. the secrets of the Big Bang ...what was the matter like within the first moments of the Universe's existence?





 Develop new technologies for accelerators and detectors

Information technology - the Web and the GRID Medicine - diagnosis and therapy

Train scientists and engineers of tomorrow









Unite people from different countries and cultures





CERN: founded in 1954: 12 European States "Science for Peace"
Today: 23 Member States

- ~ 2600 staff
- ~ 1800 other paid personnel
- ~ 13600 scientific users

Budget (2019) ~ 1200 MCHF



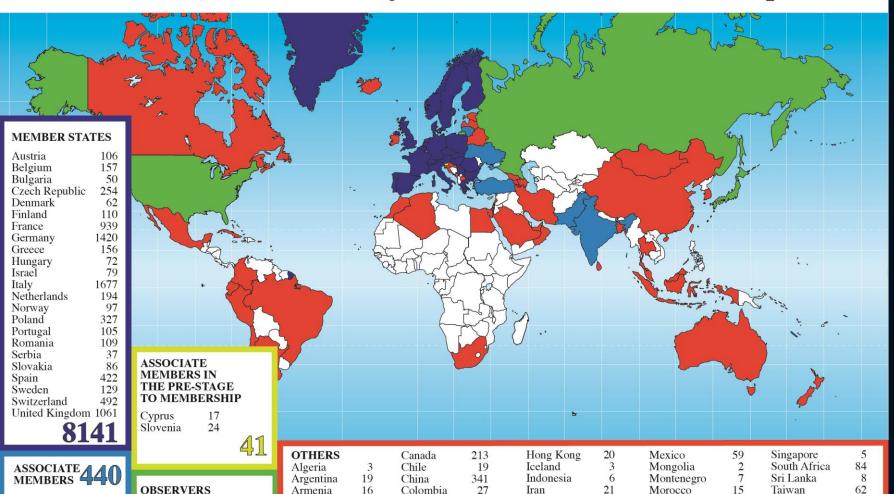
Associate Members in the Pre-Stage to Membership: Cyprus, Slovenia Associate Member States: India, Lithuania, Pakistan, Turkey, Ukraine Applications for Membership or Associate Membership: Brazil, Croatia, Estonia

Observers to Council: Japan, Russia, United States of America; European Union, JINR and UNESCO



Science is getting more and more global

Distribution of All CERN Users by Location of Institute as of mid-April 2019



Australia

Bahrain

Belarus

Brazil

Azerbaijan

Bangladesh

30

21

122

Croatia

Ecuador

Cuba

Egypt

Estonia

Georgia

Ireland

Korea

Latvia

Malta

17

18

Lebanon

Malaysia

11

17

13

170

New Zealand

Puerto Rico

Saudi Arabia

Oman

Peru

North Macedonia

Thailand

U.A.E.

19

1486

CÉRN

India

Lithuania

Pakistan

Turkey

Ukraine

212 25 43

126

Japan

Russia

USA

277

1125

2073

Science is getting more and more global

Distribution of All CERN Users by Nationality as of mid-April 2019

MEMBER STATES 8066 Austria 119 Belgium 120 Bulgaria 86 Czech Republic 233 62 Denmark Finland 96 France 864 Germany 1344 238 Greece 79 Hungary 65 Israel 2105 Italy Netherlands 180 Norway 70 Poland 356 Portugal 121 137 Romania Serbia 55 137 Slovakia 472 Spain Sweden 99 229 Switzerland United Kingdom 799

| ASSOCIATI | E MEM | BERS |
|-----------|-------|------|
| India | 387 | 778 |
| Lithuania | 39 | |
| Pakistan | 71 | |
| Turkey | 165 | |
| Ukraine | 116 | |

| ASSOCIATE | 59 |
|---------------|----|
| MEMBERS IN | 02 |
| THE PRE-STAGE | E |
| TO MEMBERSH | IP |
| Cyprus | 26 |
| | |

Slovenia

33

| 5 | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | OBSERVERS 2726 Japan 310 Russia 1205 |
| S | Russia 1205 USA 1211 |
| 8 | 1000 |

| OTHERS | 1999 | Bolivia Bosnia & Herze | 3 govina 3 | Ecuador Egypt | 10 27 | Iraq Ireland | 1 13 | Malta Mexico | 9 85 | Palestine Paraguay | 7 | Sudan Syria | |
|------------|------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|----|----------------|---|
| Albania | 4 | Brazil | 127 | El Salvador | 1 | Jordan | 2 | Mongolia | 2 | Peru | 6 | Taiwan | 5 |
| Algeria | 14 | Burkina Faso | 1 | Estonia | 15 | Kazakhstan | 10 | Montenegro | 11 | Philippines | 3 | Thailand | 2 |
| Argentina | 26 | Burundi | 1 | Georgia | 51 | Kenya | 1 | Morocco | 24 | Saint Kitts | | Tunisia | |
| Armenia | 22 | Cameroon | 1 | Ghana | 1 | Korea | 183 | Myanmar | 2 | and Nevis | 1 | Uruguay | |
| Australia | 36 | Canada | 170 | Guatemala | 1 | Kyrgyzstan | 1 | Nepal | 7 | San Marino | 1 | Uzbekistan | |
| Azerbaijan | 10 | Chile | 21 | Hong Kong | 1 | Latvia | 4 | New Zealand | 5 | Saudi Arabia | 4 | Venezuela | |
| Bahrain | 1 | China | 576 | Honduras | 1 | Lebanon | 27 | Nigeria | 4 | Senegal | 1 | Viet Nam | |
| Bangladesh | 8 | Colombia | 44 | Iceland | 4 | Luxembourg | 4 | North Korea | 4 | Singapore | 5 | Zambia | |
| Belarus | 45 | Croatia | 50 | Indonesia | 11 | Madagascar | 1 | North Macedonia | 3 | South Africa | 56 | Zimbabwe | |
| Benin | 1 | Cuba | 16 | Iran | 58 | Malaysia | 22 | Oman | 3 | Sri Lanka | 10 | | |

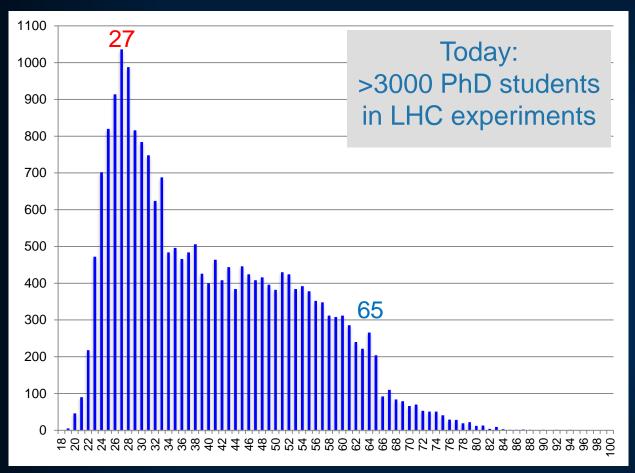
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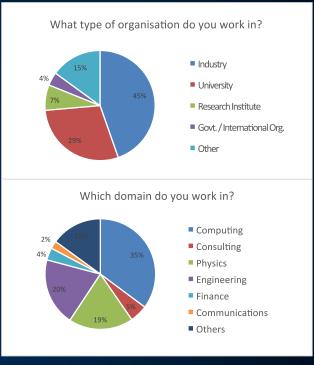
11



Age Distribution of Scientists

- and where they go afterwards



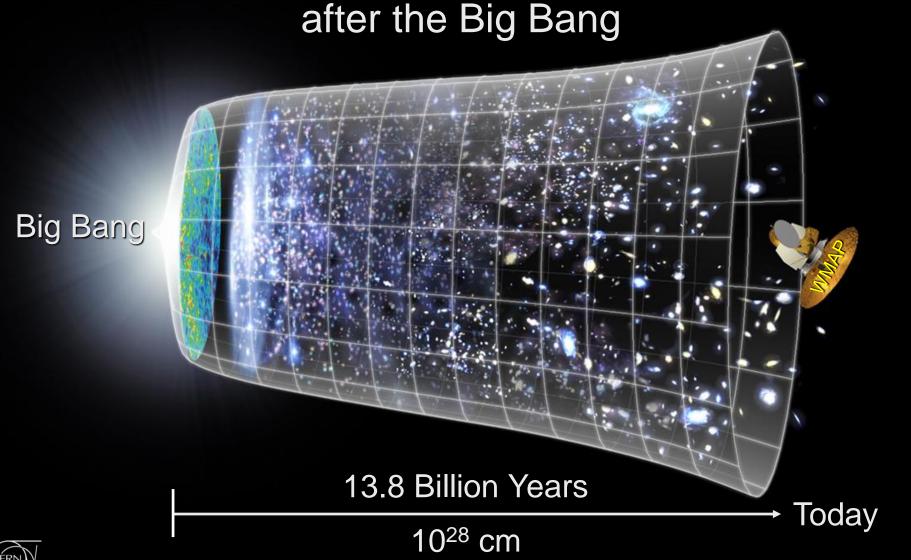


They do not all stay: where do they go?

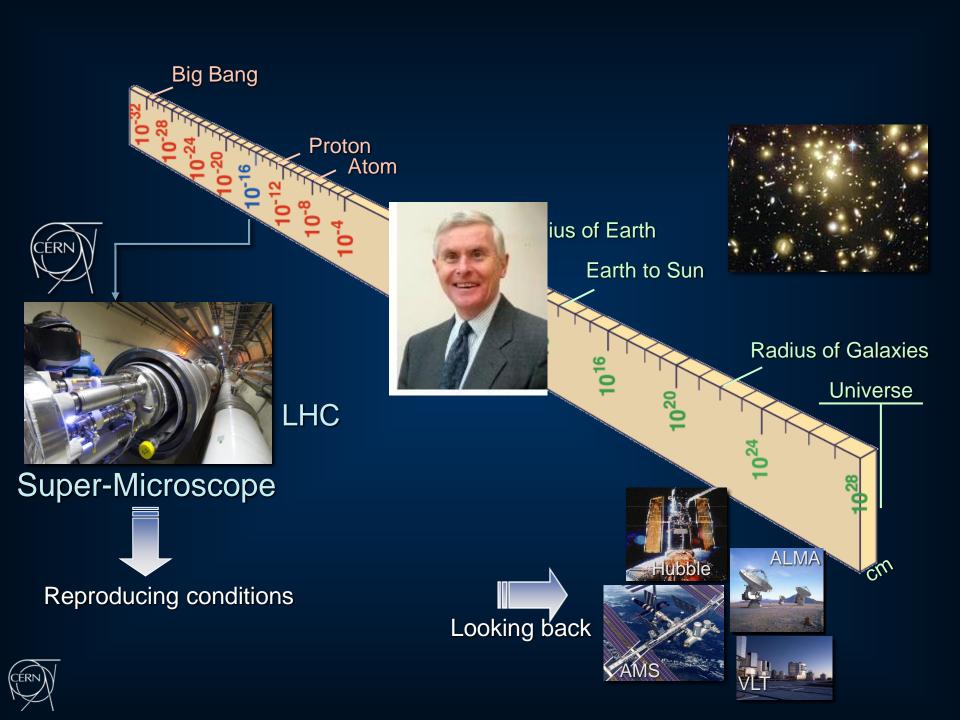


Our Scientific Challenge:

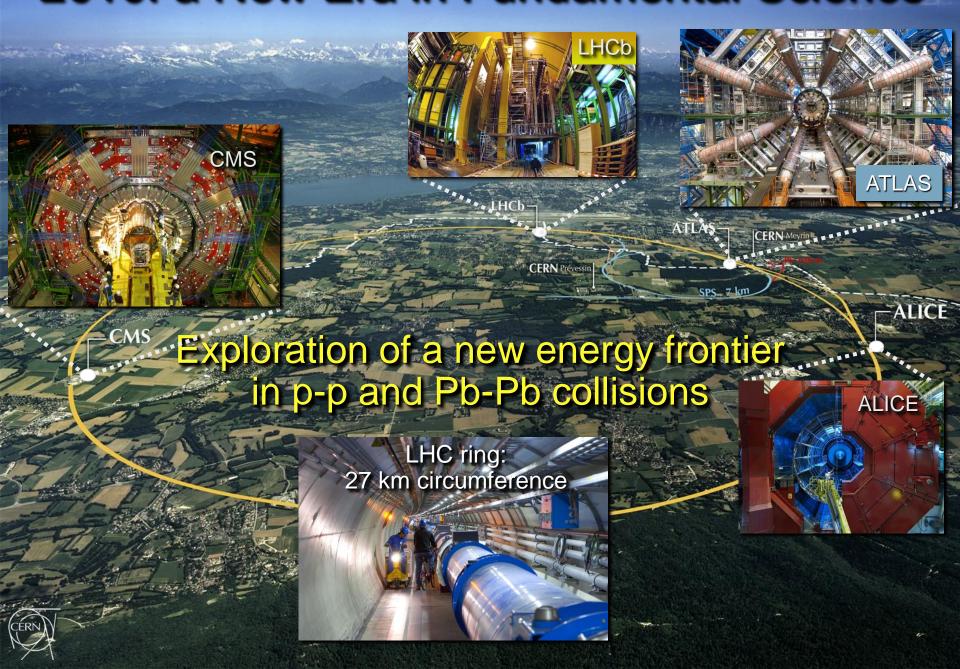
to understand the very first moments of our Universe







2010: a New Era in Fundamental Science



Discovery 2012, Nobel Prize in Physics 2013



The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013 was awarded jointly to François Englert and Peter W. Higgs "for the theoretical discovery of a mechanism that contributes to our understanding of the origin of mass of subatomic particles, and which recently was confirmed through the discovery of the predicted fundamental particle, by the ATLAS and CMS experiments at CERN's Large Hadron Collider".



Future of Particle Physics

High Luminosity LHC until 2035

 Ten times more collisions than the original design

Studies in progress: Compact Linear Collider (CLIC)

• Linear e+e- collider √s up to 3 TeV



Future Circular Collider (FCC)

- New technology magnets →
 100 TeV pp collisions in 100km ring
- e+e- collider (FCC-ee) as 1st step?

European Strategy for Particle Physics

Preparing next update in 2020







CERN: Particle Physics and Innovation

Research

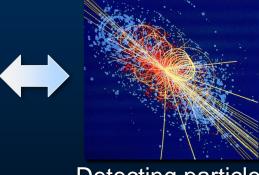
 Interfacing between fundamental science and key technological developments



CERN Technologies and Innovation



Accelerating particle beams



Detecting particles



Large-scale computing (Grid)



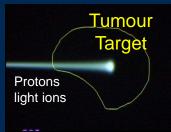
Medical Application as an Example of Particle Physics Spin-off

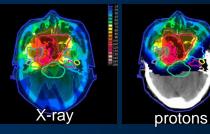
Combining Physics, ICT, Biology and Medicine to fight cancer



Accelerating particle beams ~30'000 accelerators worldwide ~17'000 used for medicine

Hadron Therapy





Leadership in Ion Beam Therapy now in Europe and Japan

>100'000 patients treated worldwide (45 facilities)
>50'000 patients treated in Europe (14 facilities)



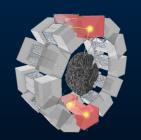
Detecting particles



Clinical trial in Portugal, France and Italy for new breast imaging system (ClearPEM)



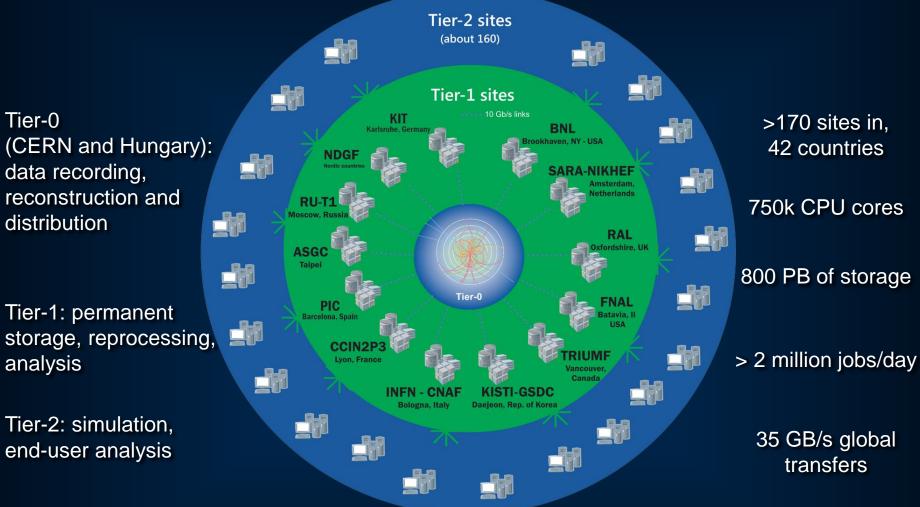
PET Scanner







The Worldwide LHC Computing Grid



WLCG:

An International collaboration to distribute and analyse LHC data



Integrates computer centres worldwide that provide computing and storage resource into a single infrastructure accessible by all LHC physicists

CERN Education Activities

Scientists at CERN

Academic Training Programme







Young Researchers

CERN School of High Energy Physics
CERN School of Computing
CERN Accelerator School



Undergraduates

Summer Students Programme



CERN Teacher Schools

International and National Programmes

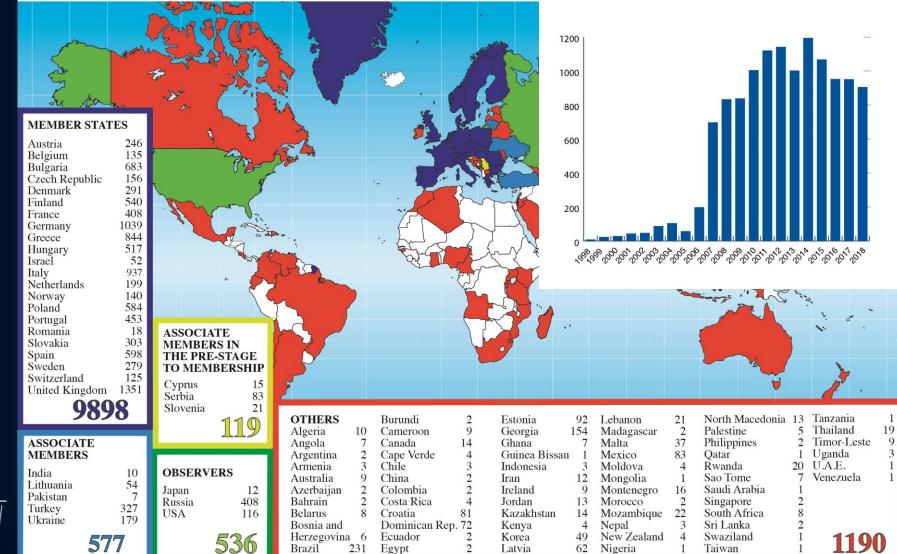
Public visitors

135 thousand per year



CERN Teacher Programme

Teacher Programme Participants 1998 - 2018 (Total: 12320)





Summer Students 2018

Summer Students 2018



Burundi

Canada

Chile

China

Colombia

Costa Rica

Croatia

Ecuador

Egypt

Estonia

Cuba

Albania

Algeria

Argentina

Australia

Bahrain

Belarus

Bosnia &

Azerbaijan

Bangladesh

Herzegovina

Ghana

Guyana

Honduras

Indonesia

Iran

Iraq

Ireland

Jordan

Kenya

Korea

Kazakhstan

Latvia

Lebanon

Malaysia

Malta

Mexico

Moldova

Morocco

Nepal

Montenegro

North Macedonia 1

Luxembourg

Palestine

Philippines

Puerto Rico

Saudi Arabia

South Africa

Singapore

Sri Lanka

Soudan

Syria

Peru

Qatar

Taiwan

Thailand

Tunisia

U.A.E.

Uzbekistan

Venezuela

Viet Nam



India 12 Lithuania 3 Pakistan 5 Turkey 1 Ukraine 4

United Kingdom 14

ASSOCIATE MEMBERS 25

India 12
Lithuania 12
OBSERVERS 35

Cyprus

Serbia

Slovenia

| OBSERVERS | |
|-----------|----|
| Japan | 4 |
| Russia | 8 |
| USA | 23 |

