

# $\mathcal{N} = 4$ supersymmetric Yang-Mills thermodynamics to order $\lambda^2$ from EFT

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# Construction of SUSY-EFT

- The partition function in the full theory is:

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{SYM}_{4,4}} = \int \mathcal{D}\bar{\eta}\mathcal{D}\eta\mathcal{D}\bar{\psi}_i\mathcal{D}\psi_i\mathcal{D}A_\mu^a\mathcal{D}\Phi_A^a e^{-\int_0^\beta d\tau \int d^3x \mathcal{L}_{\text{SYM}_{4,4}}},$$

- Integrating out the non-static modes:

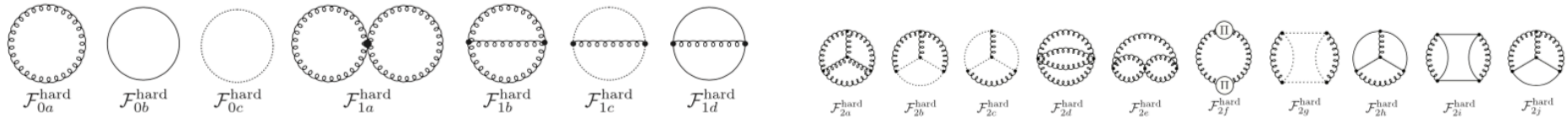
$$\mathcal{Z} = \int \mathcal{D}\bar{\eta}\mathcal{D}\eta\mathcal{D}A_0^a\mathcal{D}A_i^a\mathcal{D}\Phi_A^a e^{-f_E V - \int d^3x \mathcal{L}_{\text{ESYM}}}$$

$f_E$   coefficient of unit operator

The most general form  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{ESYM}}$  is

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{ESYM}} = & \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr}[G_{ij}^2] + \text{Tr}[(D_i A_0)(D_i A_0)] \\ & + \text{Tr}[(D_i \Phi_A)(D_i \Phi_A)] + m_E^2 \text{Tr}[A_0^2] \\ & + m_S^2 \text{Tr}[\Phi_A^2] + h_E \text{Tr}[(i[A_0, \Phi_A])^2] \\ & + \frac{1}{2} g_3^2 \text{Tr}[(i[\Phi_A, \Phi_B])^2] + \mathcal{L}_{\text{gf}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{gh}} + \delta\mathcal{L}_{\text{ESYM}}, \quad 2 \end{aligned}$$

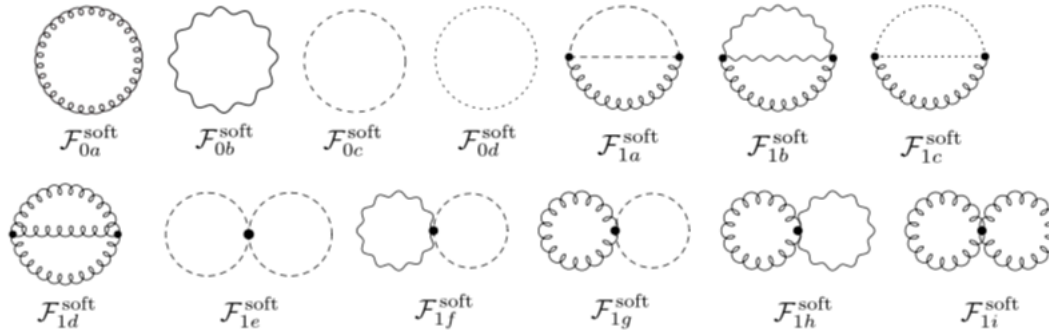
# Hard contribution to $SYM_{1,10}$ free energy density



$$f_E(\Lambda)T = -d_A \frac{\pi^2 T^4}{6} \left\{ 1 - \frac{3\lambda}{2\pi^2} + \left[ 3 \log \frac{\Lambda}{4\pi T} + \frac{39}{16} + \frac{3}{2} \gamma_E + \frac{3\zeta'(-1)}{2\zeta(-1)} - \frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right] \left( \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \right)^2 \right\}$$

## CALCULATIONS IN THE EFFECTIVE THEORY

- In the EFT technique the soft contribution is obtained by performing two-loop perturbative calculations in the effective theory.



$$f_M = -d_A \frac{\pi^2 T^3}{6} \left\{ (3 + \sqrt{2}) \left( \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \right)^{3/2} + \left[ -3 \log \frac{\Lambda}{4\pi T} - \frac{81}{16} - \frac{9\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{21}{8} \log 2 + \frac{3}{2} \log \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \right] \left( \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \right)^2 \right\}$$

- The complete result for the free energy through order  $\lambda^2$  for general  $N_C$  is

$$\mathcal{F}_{0+1+2} = (f_E + f_M)T = -d_A \frac{\pi^2 T^4}{6} \left\{ 1 - \frac{3\lambda}{2\pi^2} + (3 + \sqrt{2}) \left( \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \right)^{3/2} + \left[ -\frac{21}{8} - \frac{9\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{3}{2}\gamma_E + \frac{3\zeta'(-1)}{2\zeta(-1)} - \frac{25}{8}\log 2 + \frac{3}{2}\log \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \right] \left( \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \right)^2 \right\}$$

Scaled entropy density as a function of  $\lambda$

