

Equations of state with conserved charge conditions for heavy-ion collisions

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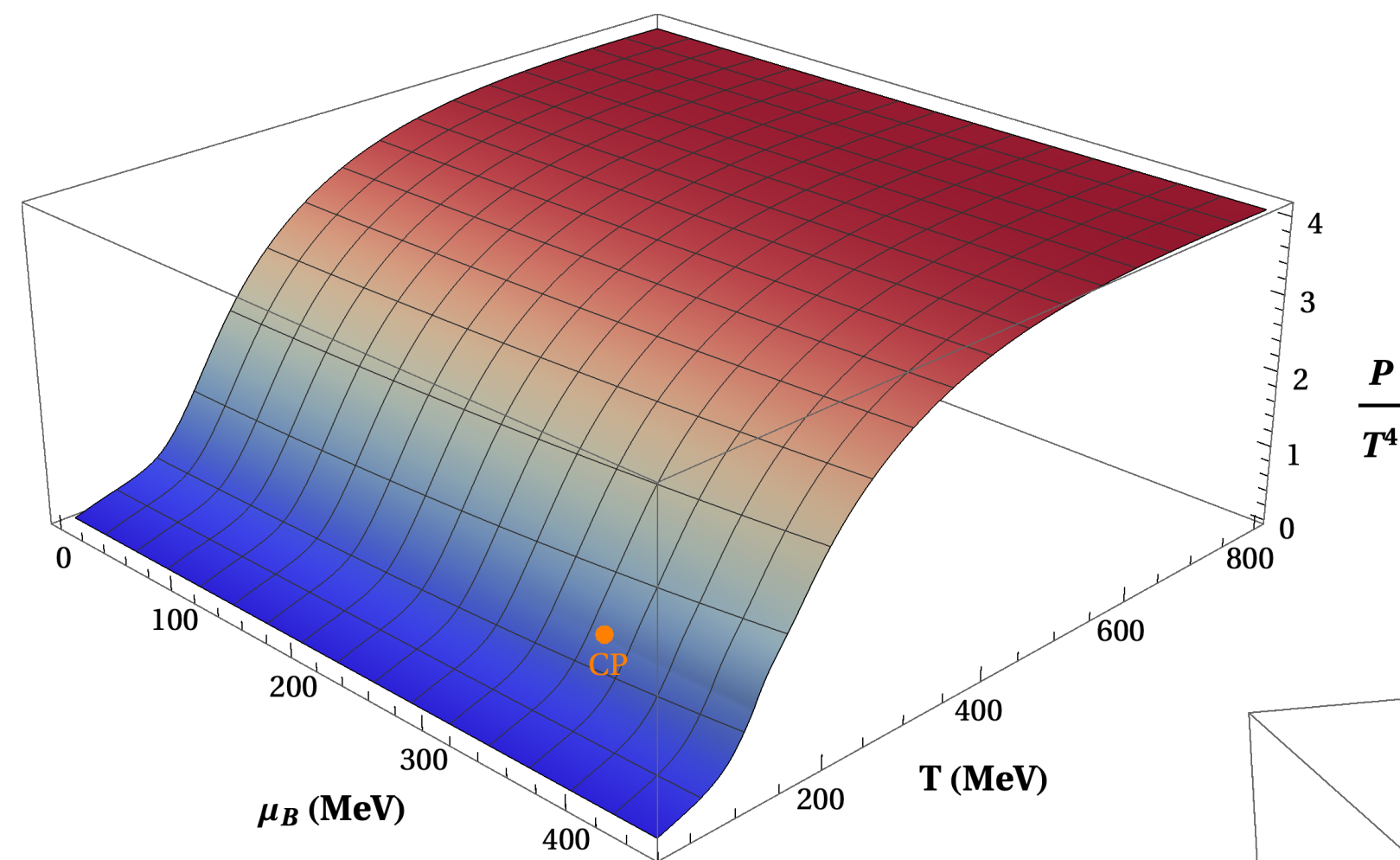
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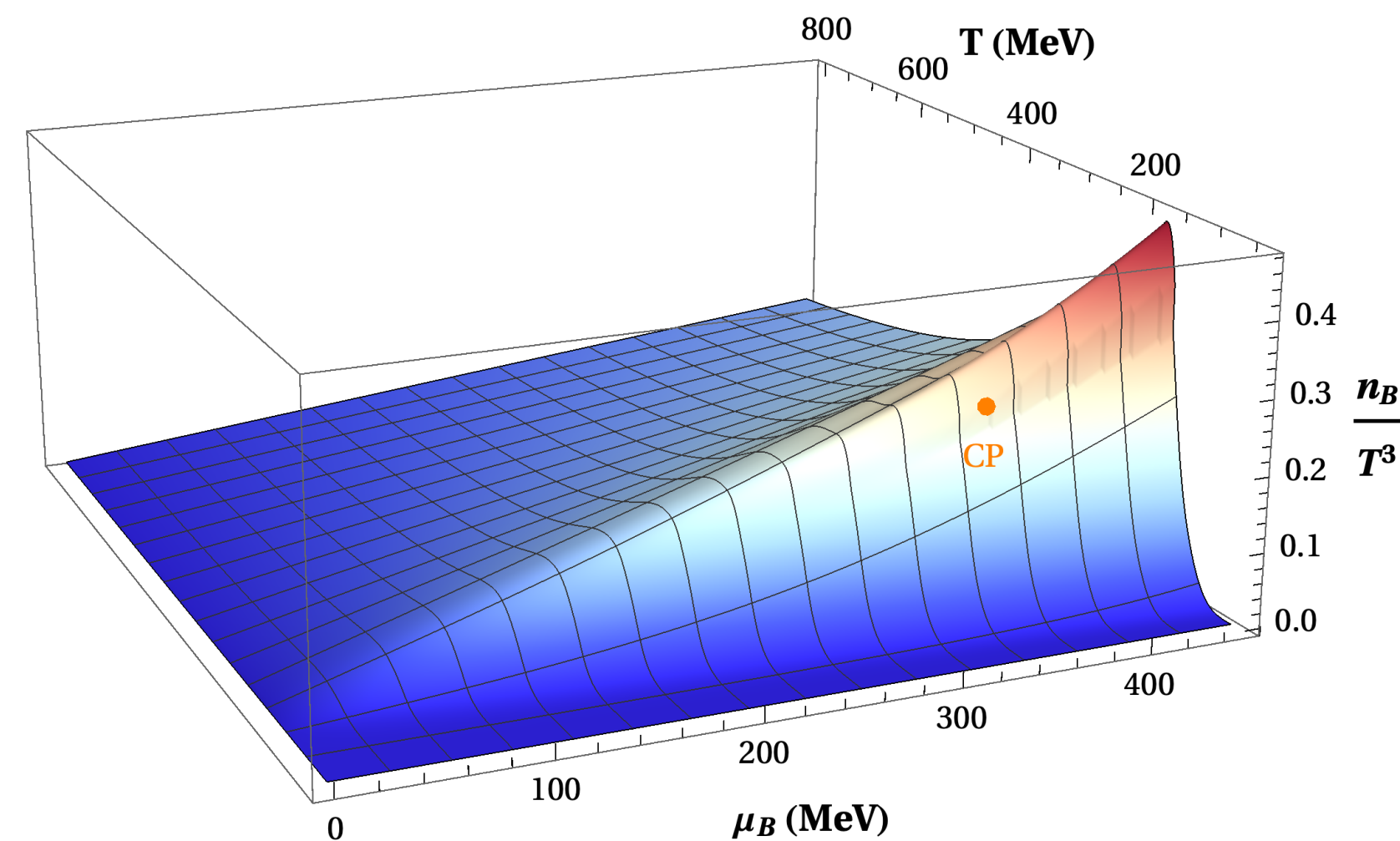


EoS Thermodynamic Outputs

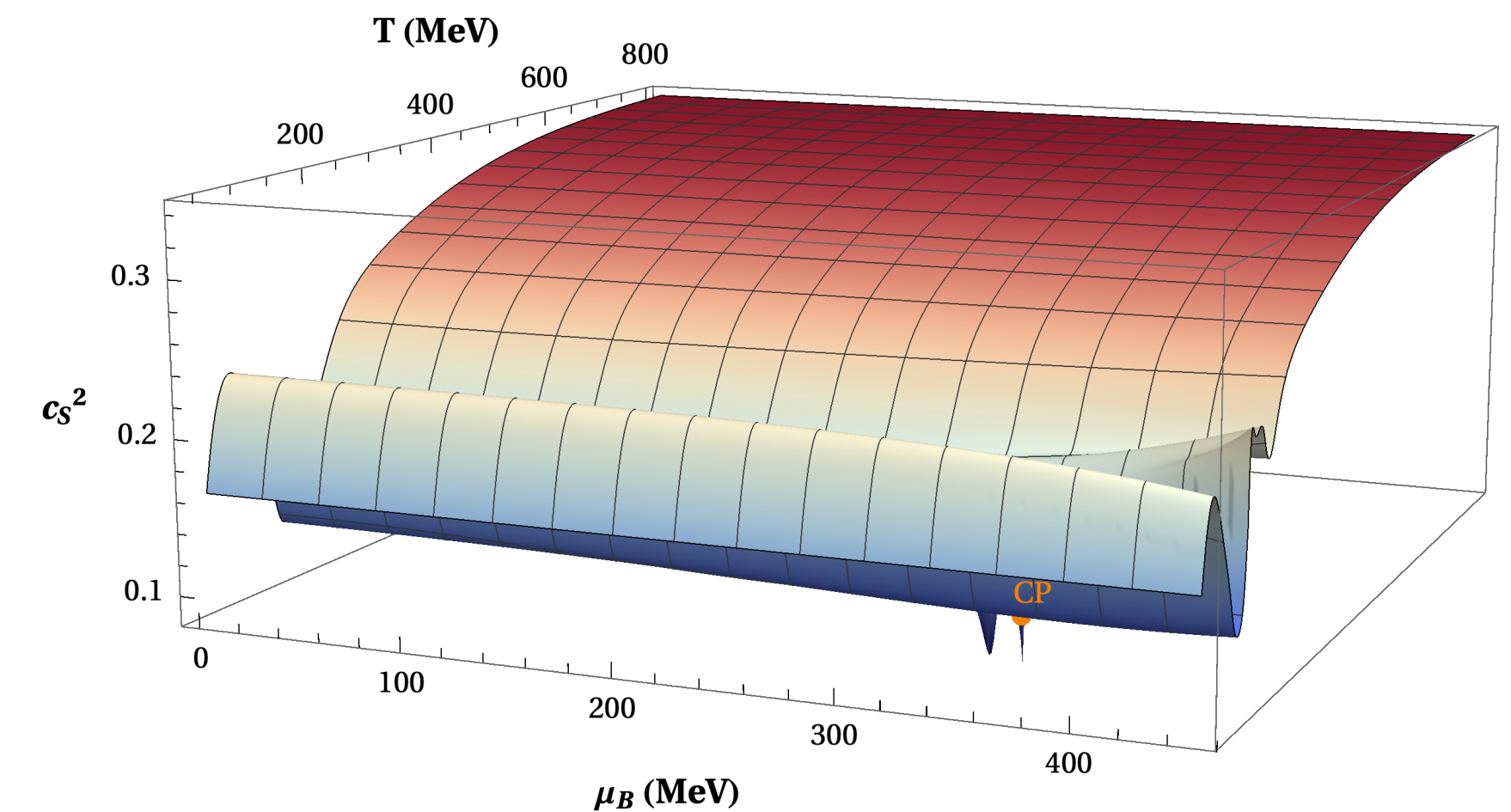
- Pressure and its derivatives show effects of a critical point in the QCD phase diagram



Pressure



Baryon density



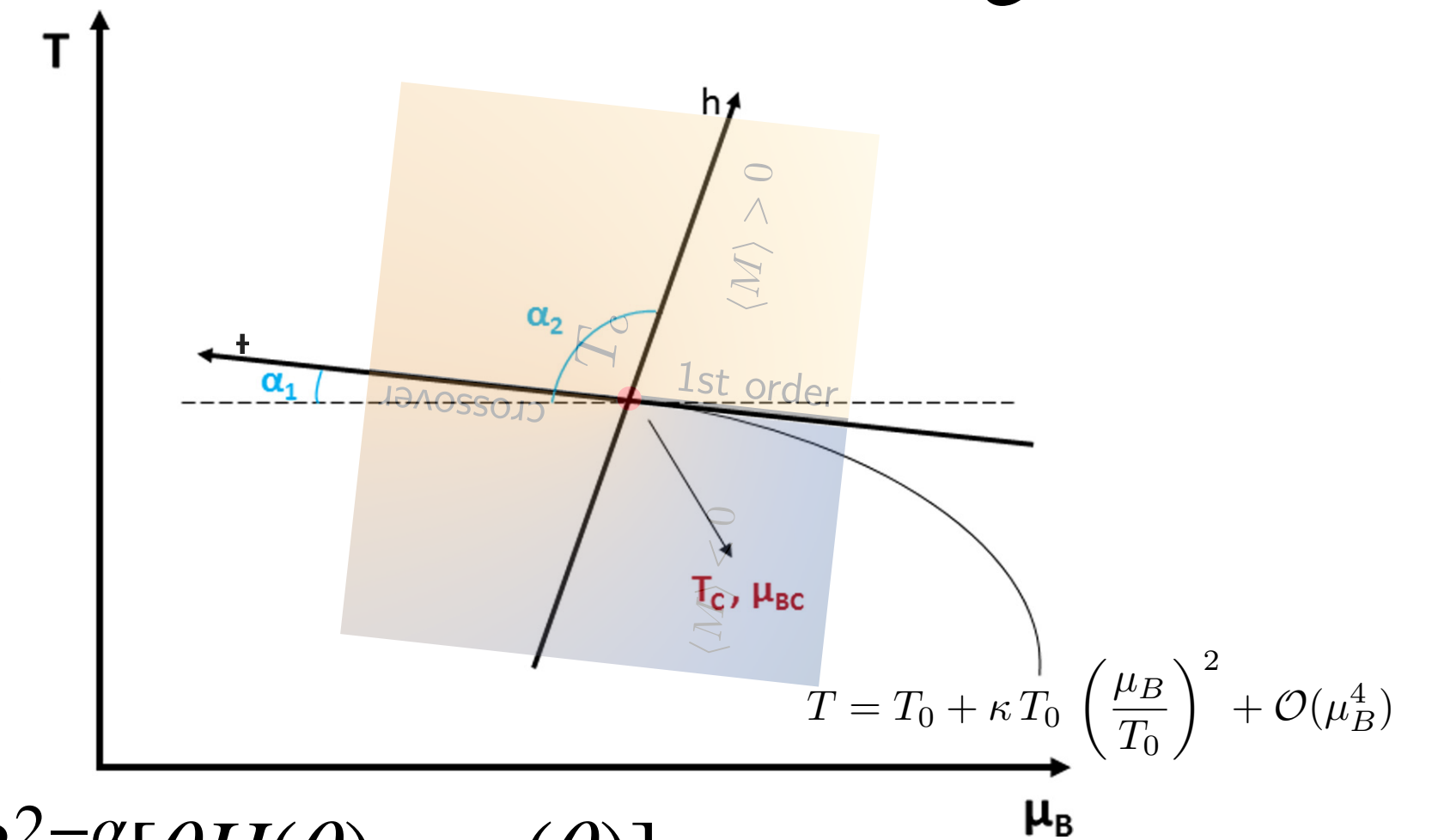
Speed of sound

The Scaling Equation of State

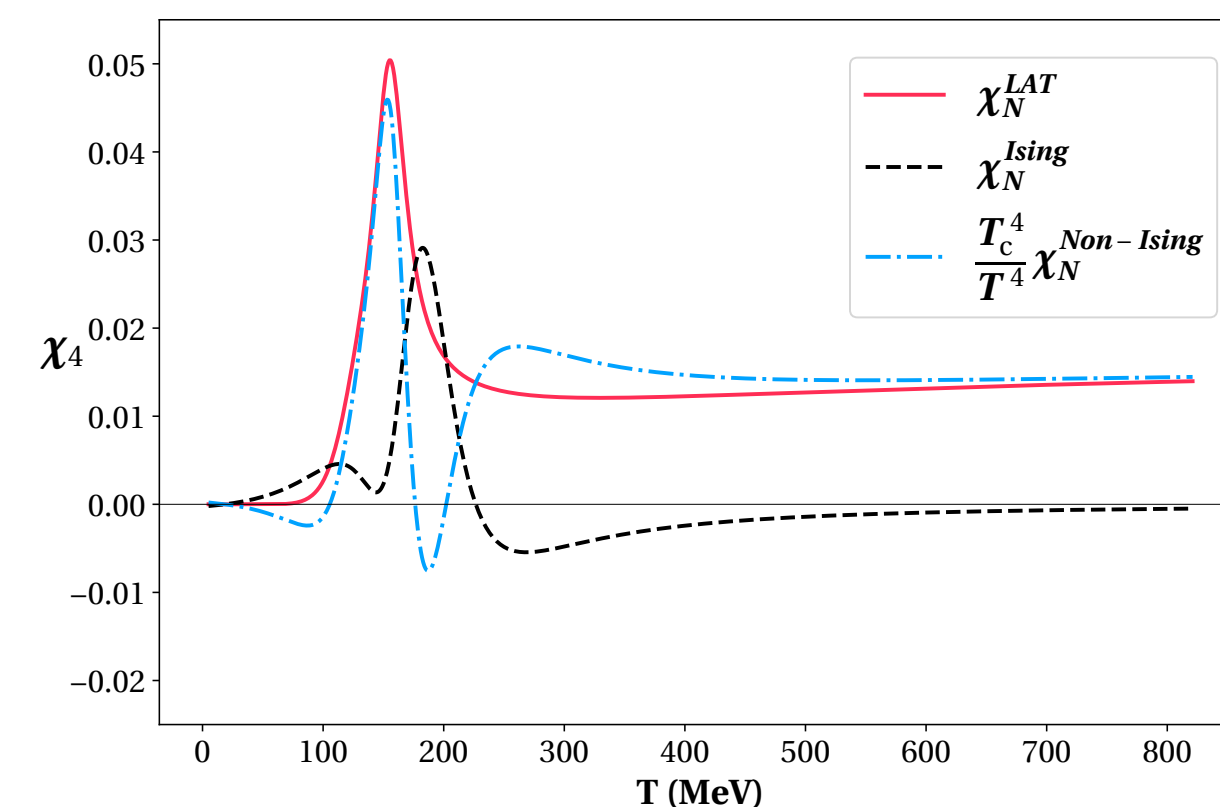
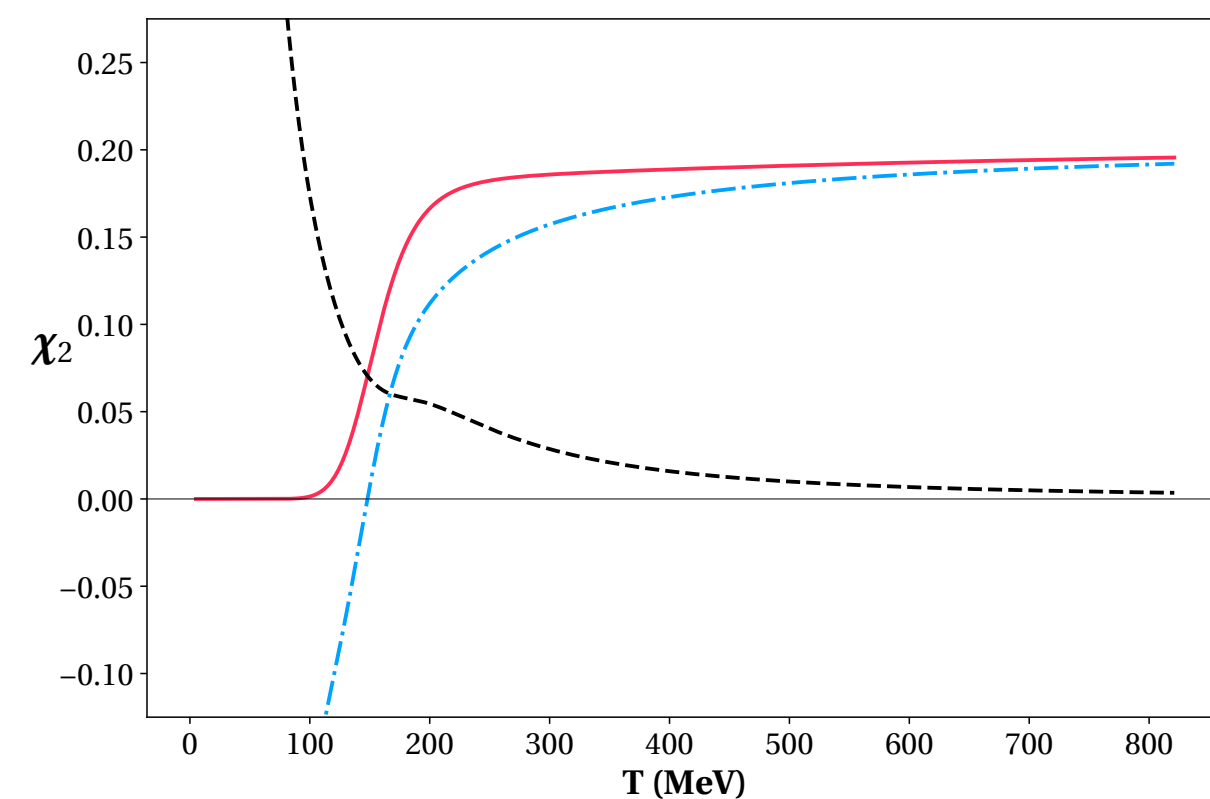
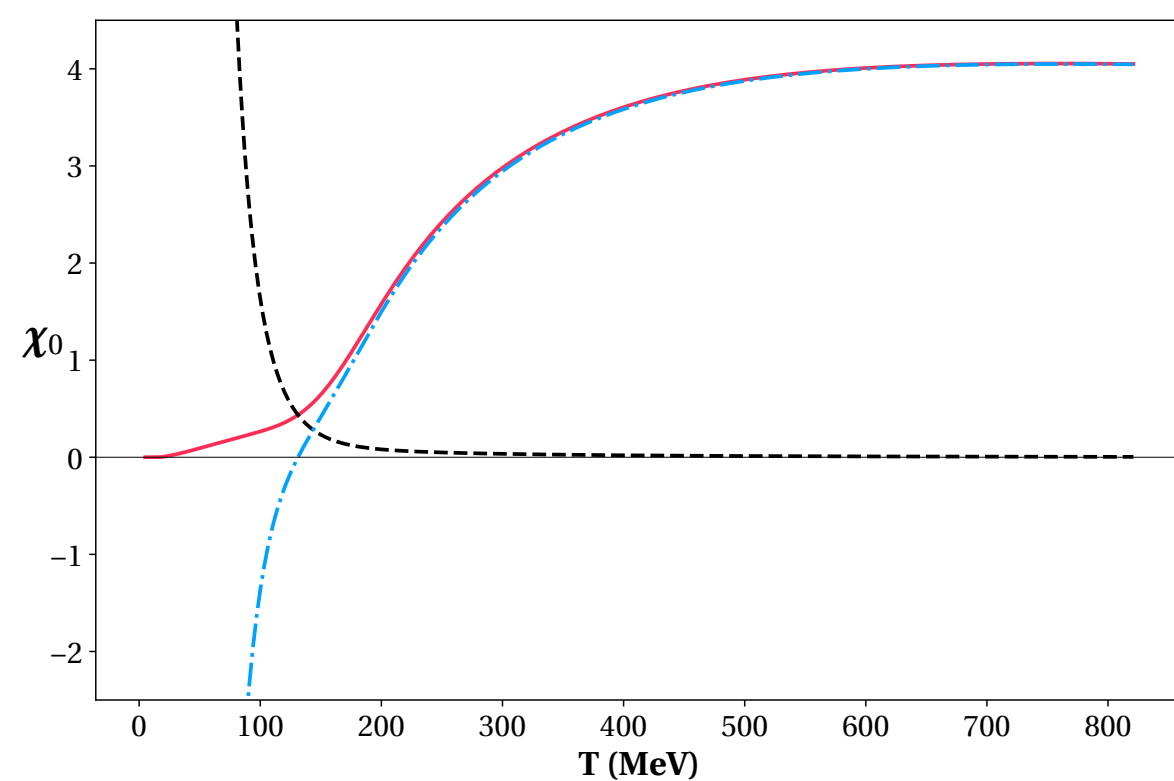
- Criticality is implemented by mapping the critical point from the 3D Ising model onto the QCD phase diagram

$$\frac{T - T_C}{T_C} = w (t \rho \sin\alpha_1 + h \sin\alpha_2)$$

$$\frac{\mu_B - \mu_{B,C}}{T_C} = -w (t \rho \cos\alpha_1 + h \cos\alpha_2)$$



- Pressure from scaling equation of state: $P = -G = h_0 M_0 R^{2-\alpha} [\theta H(\theta) - g(\theta)]$
- Singular and non-singular contributions to the pressure: $\chi_N^{Lat}(T) = \chi_N^{Ising}(T) + \chi_N^{Non-Ising}(T)$



P. Parotto et al, PRC (2020)
 A. Bzdak et al, Phys. Rep. (2020)
 C. Nonaka, M. Asakawa, PRC (2005)
 J. Zinn-Justin Quantum Field theory
 and Critical Phenomena

Isentropic Trajectories and Conserved Charge Constraints

- Isentropes show the path of the HIC system through the phase diagram in the absence of dissipation
- Different path when conserved charge conditions applied: $\langle n_S \rangle = 0$ $\langle n_Q \rangle = 0.4\langle n_B \rangle$

