

Bayesian inference on quark matter from observations of neutron stars

János Takátsy

Eötvös Loránd University
Wigner RCP

Péter Kovács

Senior Research Fellow
Wigner RCP, Supervisor

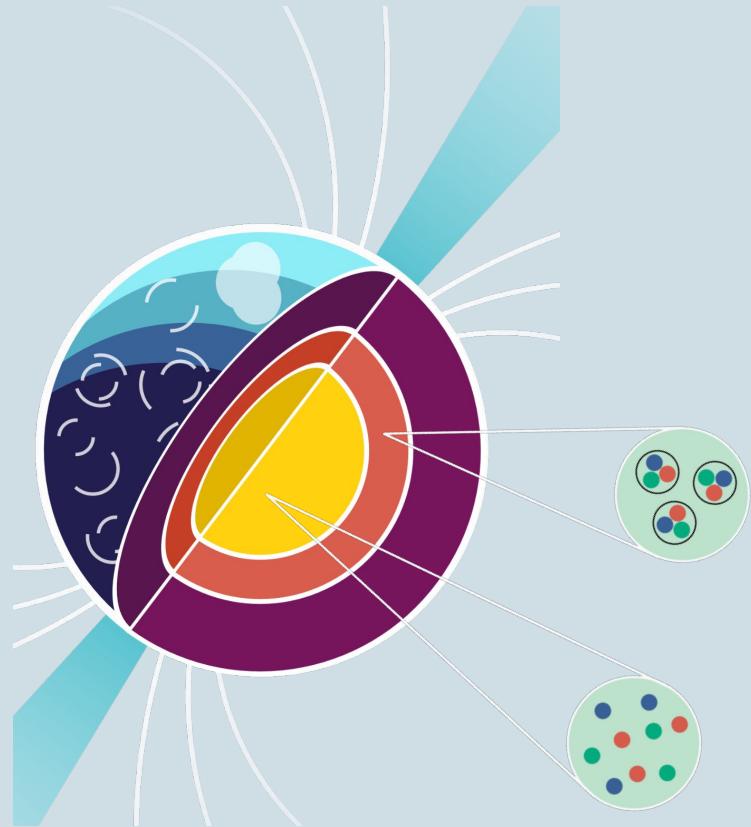
Collaborators: *Jürgen Schaffner-Bielich, György Wolf*

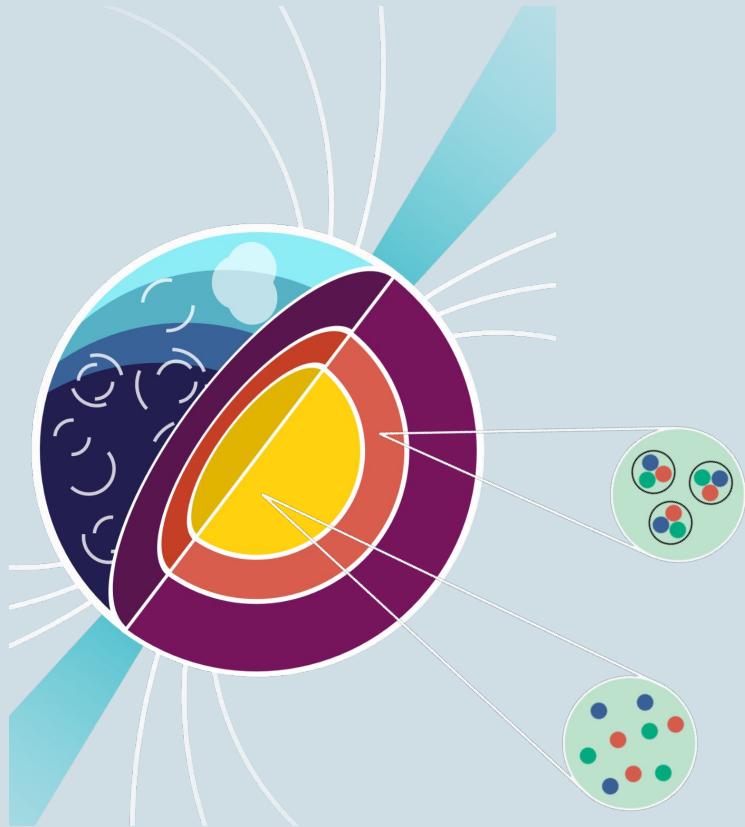


ELTE
EÖTVÖS LORÁND
UNIVERSITY



XQCD Conference, Trondheim - 27-29 July 2022





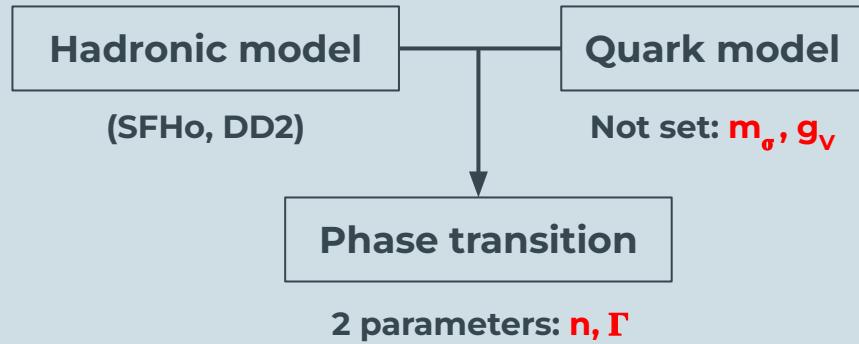
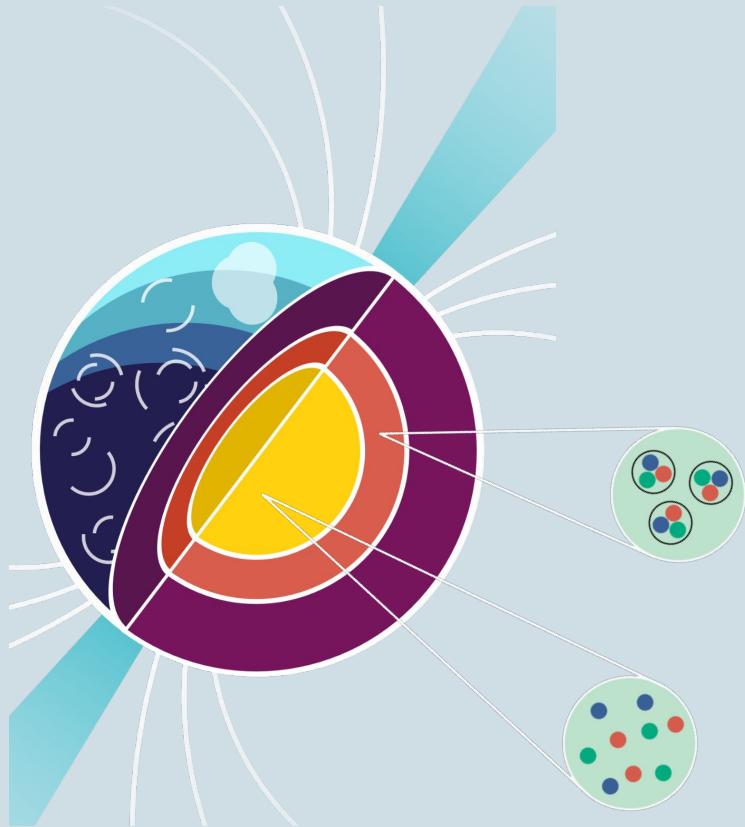
Hadronic model

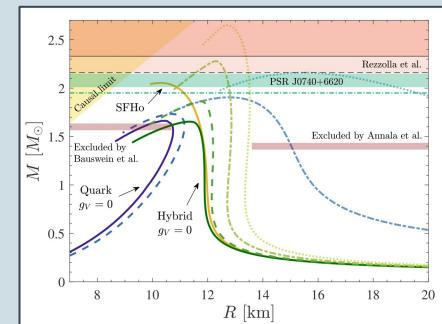
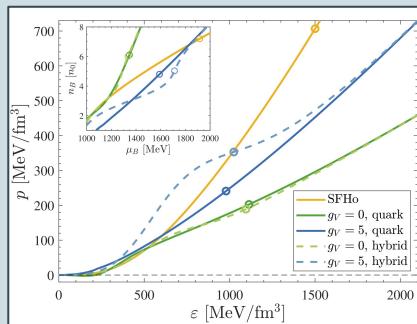
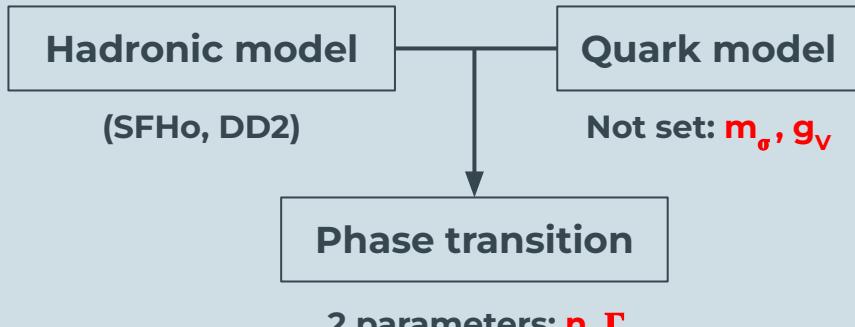
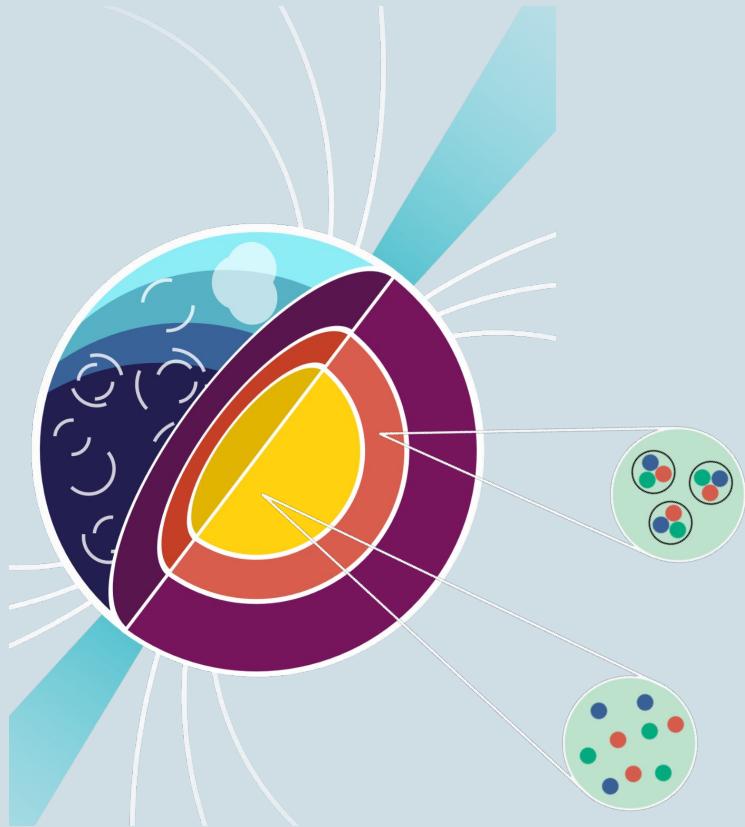
(SFHo, DD2)

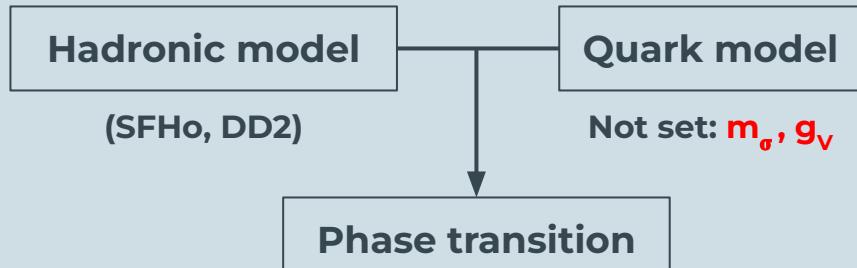
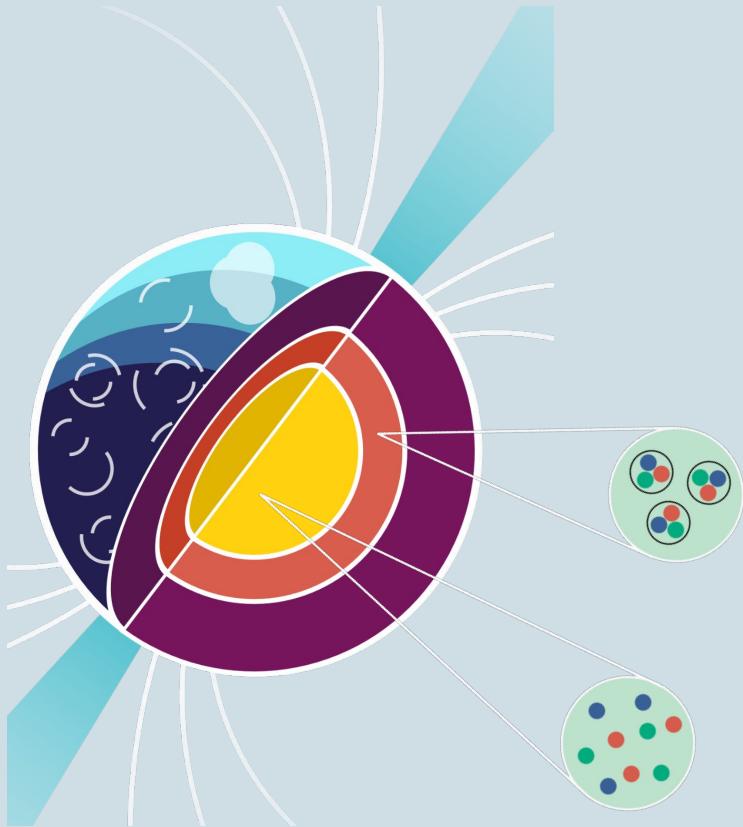
!

Quark model

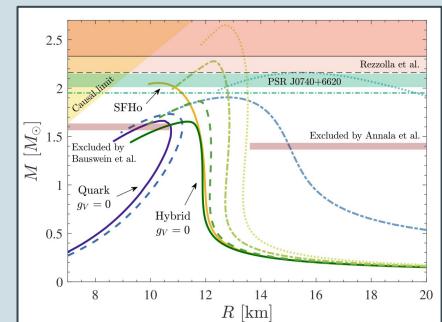
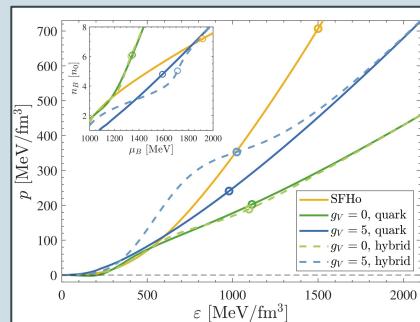
Not set: m_σ , g_V





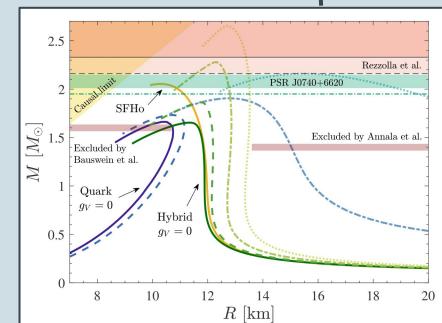
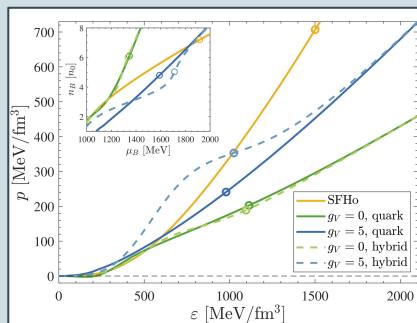
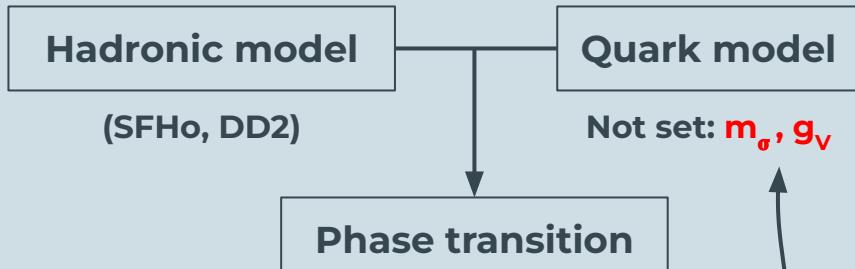
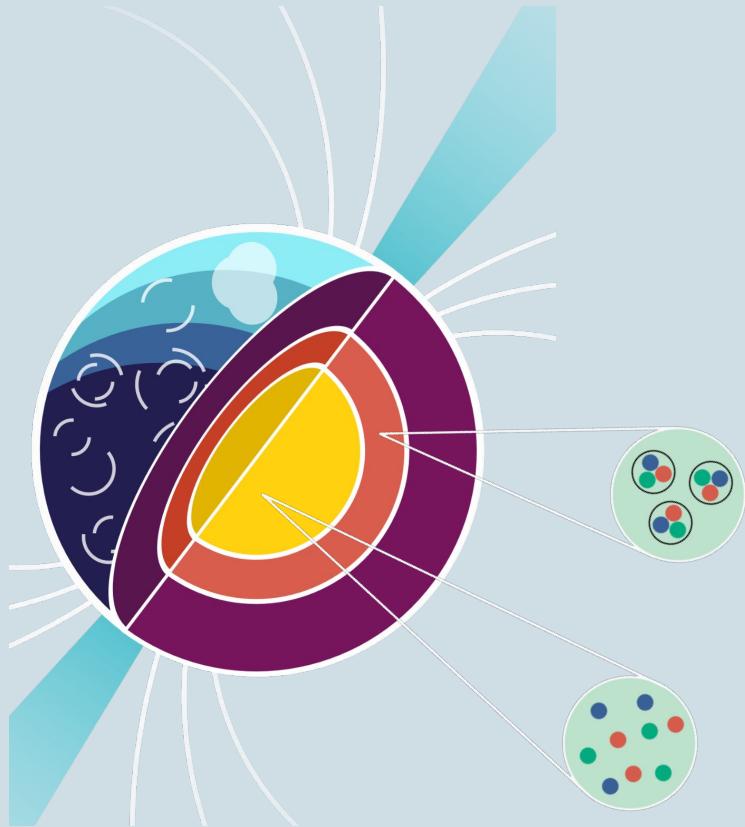


2 parameters: n, Γ



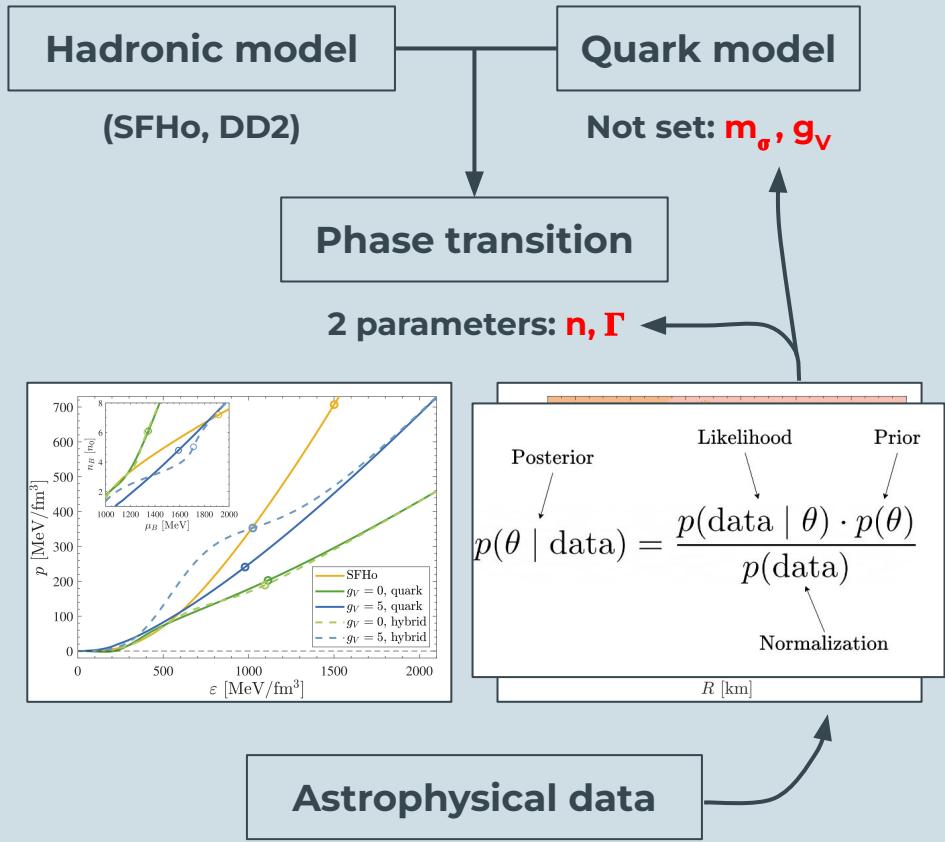
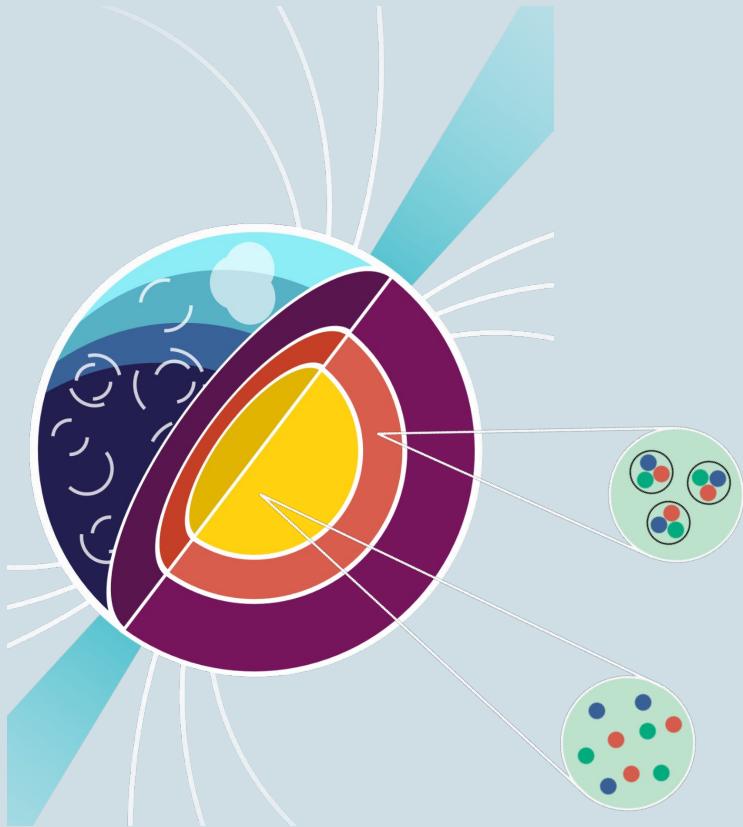
Astrophysical data

Pulsars, NICER,
GW170817, EM follow-up

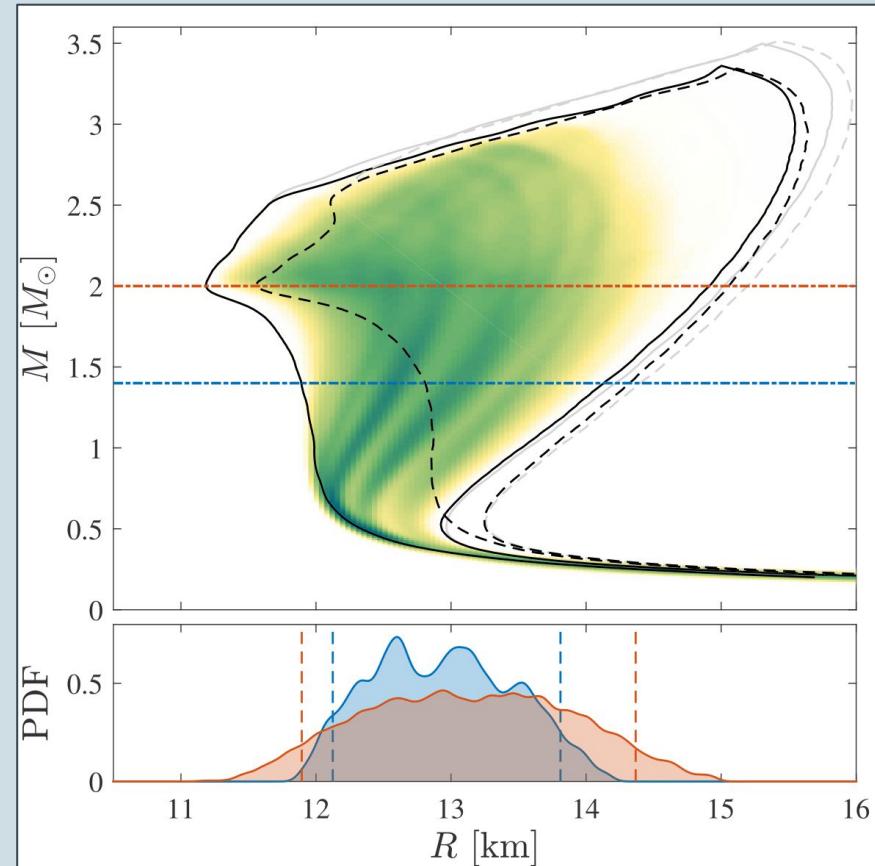
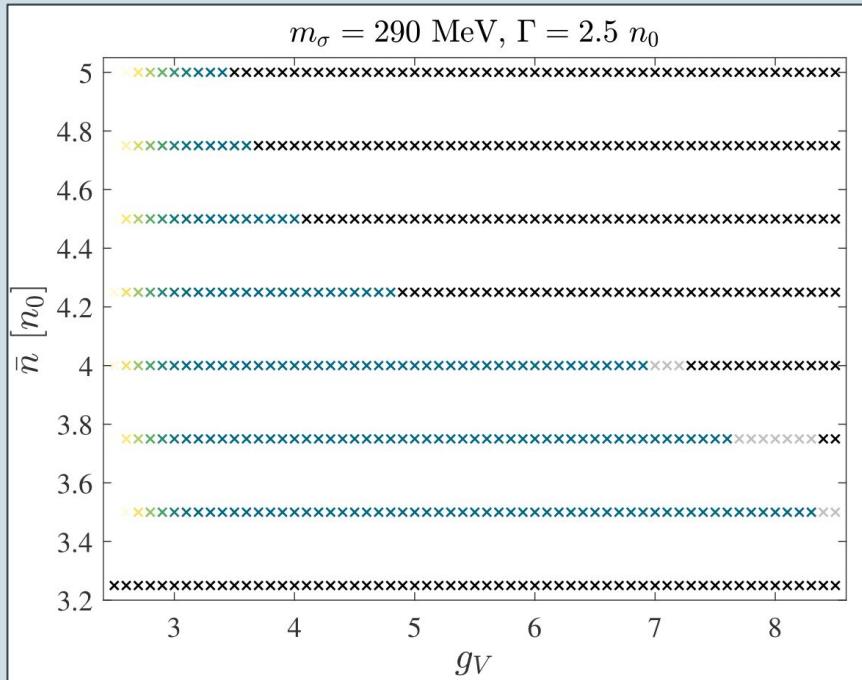


Astrophysical data

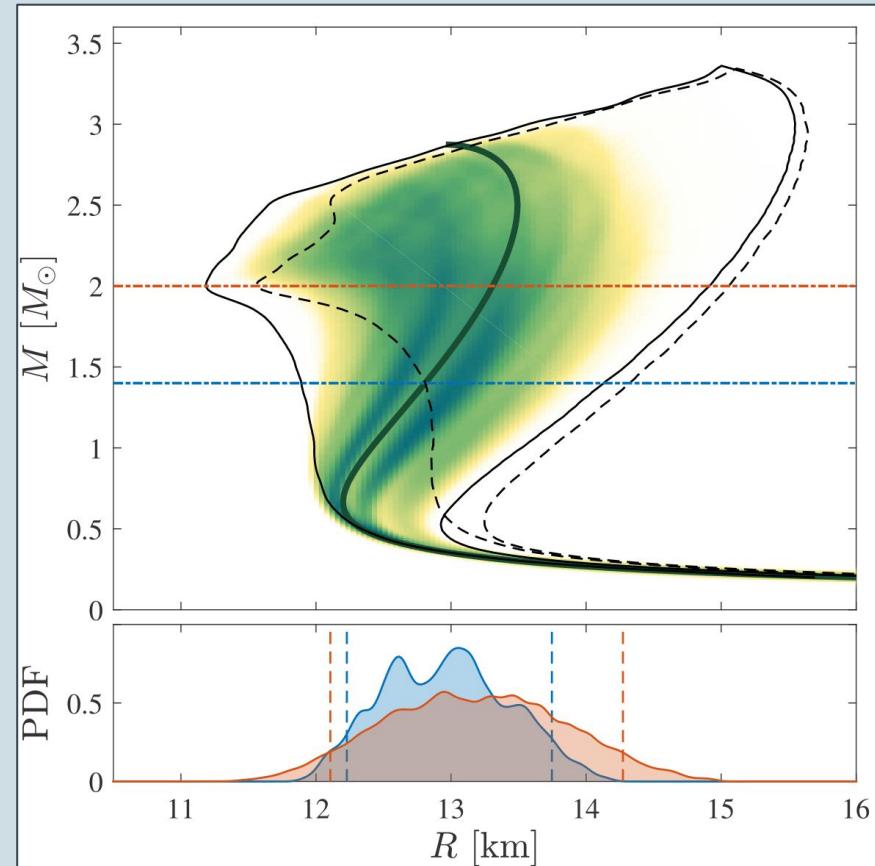
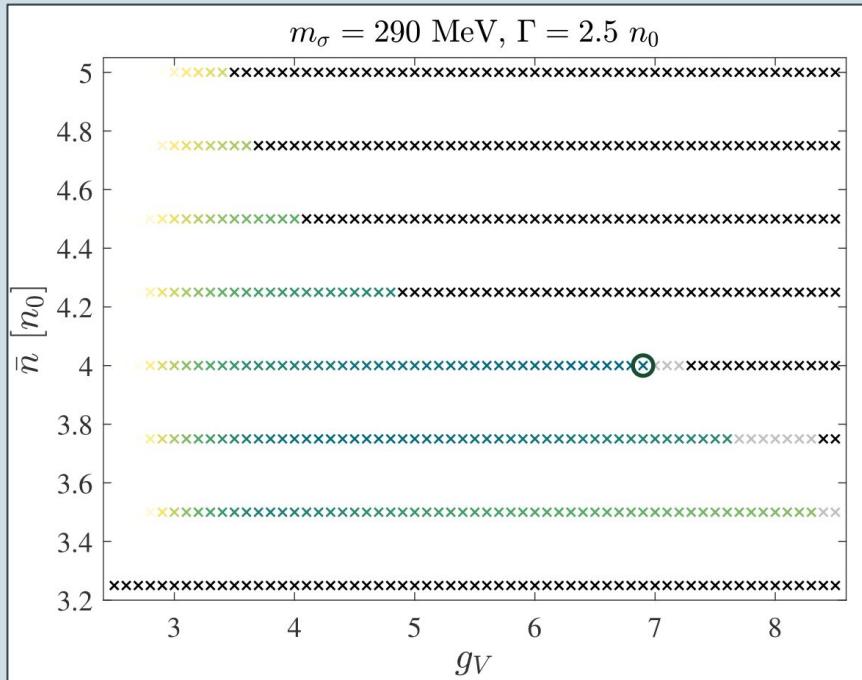
Pulsars, NICER,
GW170817, EM follow-up



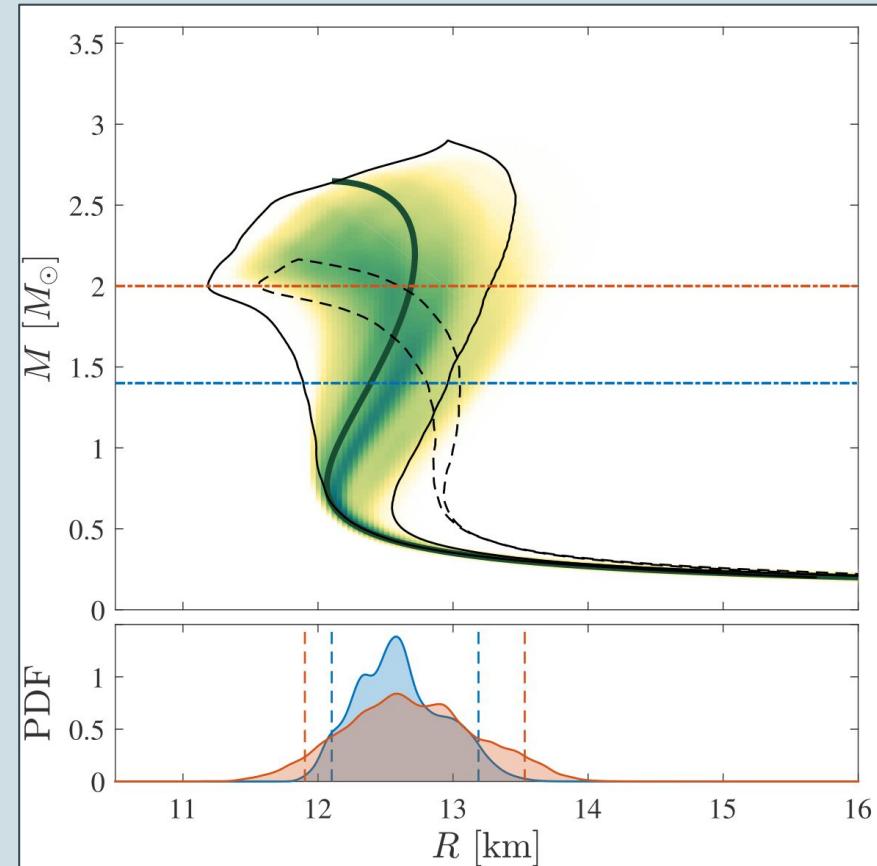
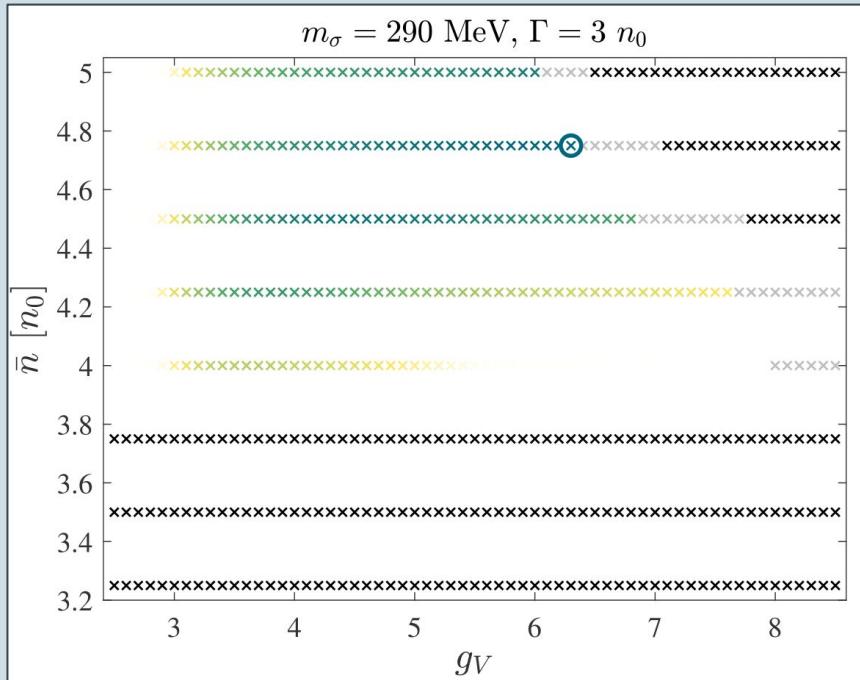
Bayesian analysis



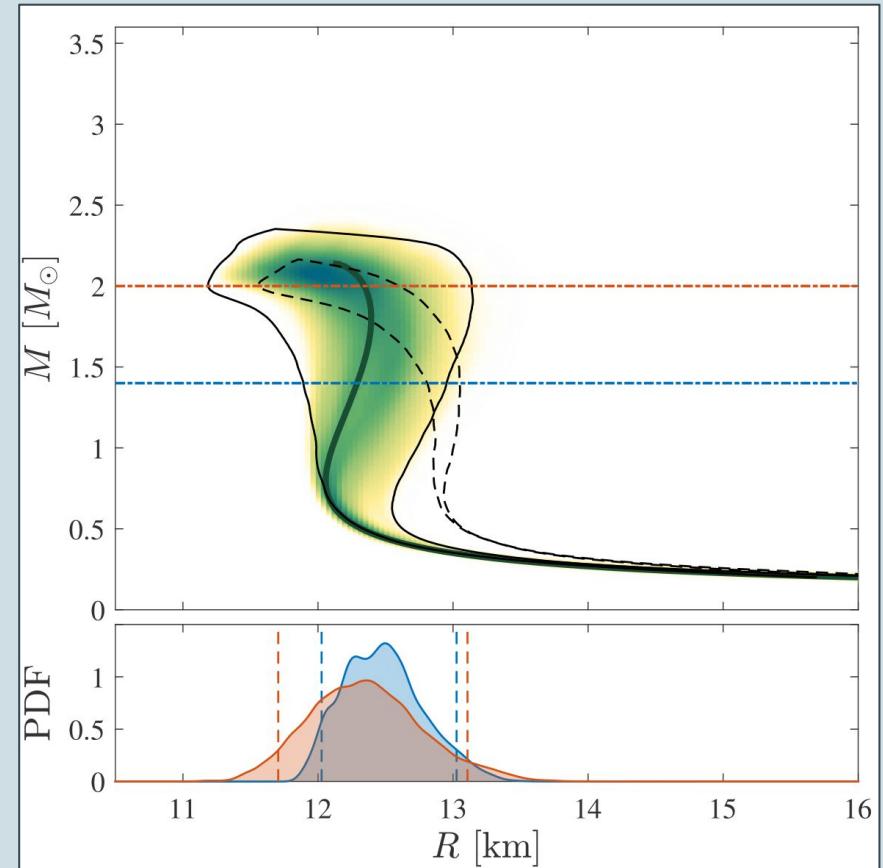
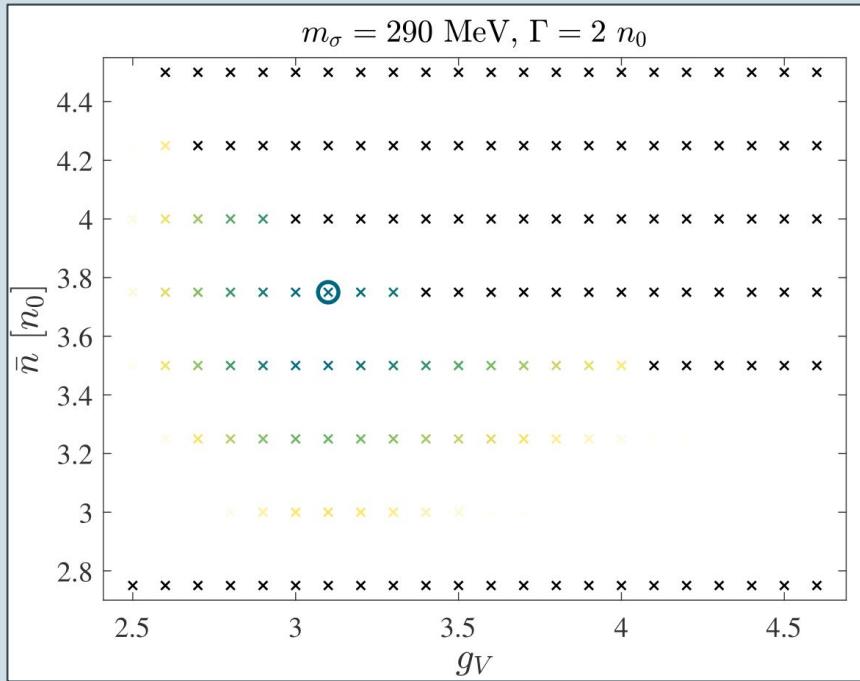
Bayesian analysis



Bayesian analysis



Bayesian analysis



PHYSICAL REVIEW D

covering particles, fields, gravitation, and cosmology

Highlights Recent Accepted Collections Authors Referees Search Press About Staff 

Neutron star properties with careful parametrization in the vector and axial-vector meson extended linear sigma model

Péter Kovács, János Takátsy, Jürgen Schaffner-Bielich, and György Wolf
Phys. Rev. D **105**, 103014 – Published 16 May 2022



Article

References

No Citing Articles

PDF

HTML

Export Citation



ABSTRACT

The existence of quark matter inside the cores of heavy neutron stars is a possibility which can be probed with modern astrophysical observations. We use a vector and axial-vector meson extended quark-meson model to describe quark matter in the core of neutron stars. We discover that an additional parameter constraint is necessary in the quark model to ensure chiral restoration at high densities. By investigating hybrid star sequences with various parameter sets, we show that low sigma meson masses are needed to fulfill the upper radius constraints and that the maximum mass of stable hybrid stars is only slightly dependent on the parameters of the crossover-type phase transition. Using this observation and results from recent astrophysical measurements, a constraint of $2.5 < gv < 4.3$ is set for the constituent quark–vector meson coupling. The effect of a nonzero bag constant is also investigated, and we observe that its effect is small for values adopted in previous works.

Issue

Vol. 105, Iss. 10 — 15 May 2022



Check for updates

Reuse & Permissions