NA61/SHINE: Status and **Data taking with ion beams**

(SHINE - SPS Heavy Ion and Neutrino Experiment)



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Preliminary results from the 2007 pilot run 2009 physics run data taking schedule with ion beams

<u>Detector</u>



NA49 facility +

TPC read-out (x10) ToF (x2) PSD (x10) Beam pipe (x10)

NA49: Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A430, 210 (1999) NA61 upgrades: CERN-SPSC-2006-034, SPSC-P-330

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Particle identification: dE/dx and tof measurements





Preliminary results from the 2007 pilot run



p [GeV/c]



Data taking period: July 26 - November 16

Aim: high statistics data for:

T2K: p+C and p+(T2K RT) at 31 GeV/c
cosmic-ray: π+C at 158 and 350 GeV/c
CP, OD: p+p at 10-158 GeV/c

Registered in 2009: p+C at 31 GeV/c p+(T2K RT) at 31 GeV/c

pion+C at 158 GeV/c pion+C at 350 GeV/c

p+p at 20 GeV/c
p+p at 31 GeV/c
p+p at 40 GeV/c
p+p at 80 GeV/c
p+p at 158 GeV/c

p+p at 10 GeV/c were not registered due to insufficient beam quality



- MD Machine development
- MP Machine problems
- TC Target Change
- BC Beam Change

Many thanks to CERN machine as well as beam line operation and maintenance teams

2009 run: neutrinos



Measuring neutrino oscillations







2009 run: cosmic-rays



Measuring cosmic-ray composition

p7

Fe²



2009 run: strongly interacting matter



<u>Study the onset of deconfinement and</u> <u>Search for the critical point</u>



1st order phase transition

Study the onset of deconfinement



Search for the critical point



NA49 search for the critical point



fluctuation hill?

PRC78:034914 PRD60:114028 arXiv:0810.5510







The first 2D scan in history of A+A collisions

Searching for the critical point





Search for the hill of fluctuations

Discovery potential

Study the onset of deconfinement $\frac{K^+}{\pi^+}$ Vstern Xe+La Pb+Pb Ar+Ca B+C p+p p+p 40 80 158 10 20 30 energy (A GeV) 10 20 30 40 80 158

energy (A GeV)



Search for the onset of the horn in collisions of light nuclei

> Precision measurements following the NA49 discovery

The NA61 revised data taking plan

	Beam Primary	Beam Secondary	Target	Energy $(A \text{ GeV})$	Year	Duration days/MDs	Physics	Status
	р	р	р	400 158	2010	77 d	High \mathbf{p}_T	recommended
FR test-1	Pb	¹¹ B	none	20,80 20,80	2010	10 MDs	FS test-1	to be discussed
	р	р	Pb	400 158	2011	77 d	High p_T	recommended
secondary (FR test-2)	Pb	¹¹ B	С	10,20,30,40,80,158 10,20,30,40,80,158	2011	20 d	FS test-2	to be discussed
	р	р	Pb	400 10,20,30,40,80,158	2012	$6\mathrm{x8~d}$	CP,OD	recommended
primary	Ar		Ca	10,20,30,40,80,158	2012	6x8 d	CP,OD	recommended
(secondary)	Pb	¹¹ B	С	10,20,30,40,80,158 10,20,30,40,80,158	2013	6x10 d	CP,OD	to be discussed
primary	Xe		La	10,20,30,40,80,158	2014	6x8 d	CP,OD	to be discussed

SPSC recommendations, September 2009

- **The SPSC notes** that secondary light ion beams can be used for atomic weights up to and including Boron, but that primary beams are required for the heavier ion species necessary to complete the proposed NA61 program.
- The SPSC recommends that the necessary preparations for a secondary Boron beam be started in 2010, and that an energy scan with this Boron beam be performed as soon as technically possible. In addition, the SPSC also supports carrying out the necessary preparatory work for possible energy scans with primary beams of heavier ion species in timely manner.

Research Board on March 2, 2010 approved the SPSC recommendations

Additional slides

Detector upgrades for runs with ion beams

Projectile Spectator Detector: -construction of modules in progress, -tests of the read-out electronics and integration with the NA61 DAQ, -expected to be ready for 2011

He beam pipe: -technical design ready, -construction of the the prototype and installation test to be started soon, -expected to be ready in 2011



Secondary Ion Beam Line for NA61



Secondary Ion Beam Line for NA61:



-selects beam of nuclei with close Z and A, -further ion identification possible by Z (charge) measurements -momentum per nucleon cannot be changed



Performance with secondary heavy ion (Sn) beam

Summary based on detailed results of simulations Presented in Addendum 5:

At low energies the event rate up to 10 times lower than for the primary beams

Significant contamination of un-wanted ions



The NA61 ion program is not possible with secondary ion beams alone

Onset of deconfinement



collision energy





NA 49 Experimental landscape of complementary programs of nucleus-nucleus collisions around the SPS energies

Facility:	SPS	RHIC	NICA	SIS-100 (SIS-300)	
Exp.:	NA61	STAR PHENIX	MPD	CBM	
Start:	2011(2)	2011	2015	2017 (2019)	
Pb Energy:	4.9-17.3	4.9-50	≤9	<pre>(2019) </pre> ≤5 (<8.5)	
(GeV/(N+N))					
Event rate: (at 8 GeV)	100 Hz	1 Hz(?)	≤10 kHz	≤10 MHz	
Physics:	CP&OD	CP&OD	OD&HDM	HDM (OD)	

- *CP critical point*
- OD onset of deconfinement, mixed phase, 1st order PT
- HDM hadrons in dense matter

Study the onset of deconfinement $\frac{K^+}{\pi^+}$ Vstern In+In Pb+Pb S+S C+C p+p p+p 10 20 30 40 80 158 energy (A GeV) 10 20 30 40 80 158

energy (A GeV)



Search for the onset of the horn in collisions of light nuclei

> Precision measurements following the NA49 discovery

Central collisions of light and medium size nuclei are required for the proposed fluctuation studies



Event-by-event fluctuations in the number of interacting (participant) nucleons are the main source of the background in the fluctuation studies

The fluctuations of the number of projectile participants are suppressed by selecting collisions with fixed number of projectile spectators (in NA61 measured by PSD) The fluctuations of the number of target participants can be suppressed only by selection of very central collisions

Number of projectile participants