

Towards the inclusion of EW corrections in NNPDF

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with:

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EW/QED corrections and PDFs

EW corrections and PDFs:

- QED evolution kernels (DGLAP) [A. De Rujula, R. Petronzio, A. Savoy-Navarro], [J. Kripfganz, H. Pertl], [J. Blümlein], [M. Roth, S. Weinzierl], [V. Bertone, S. Carrazza, J. Rojo]
- photon PDF: calculate using structure functions: LUXQED [A. Manohar, P. Nason, G. P. Salam, G. Zanderighi], [A. V. Manohar, P. Nason, G. P. Salam, G. Zanderighi] and similar approach [L.A. Harland-Lang]
→ backup slides for an extreme observable
- “EW corrections” for PDF fits: everything else than pure QCD

Battle plan:

Include every order we can calculate for LHC experiments!

- **What's the effect of the (previously neglected) contributions?**
 - Better or worse fit?
 - Increased or decreased uncertainties?
 - Shift of the central prediction?
 - Can we be more inclusive (e.g. for DY $M_{\ell\bar{\ell}} > 200$ GeV)?

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Where do EW corrections enter?

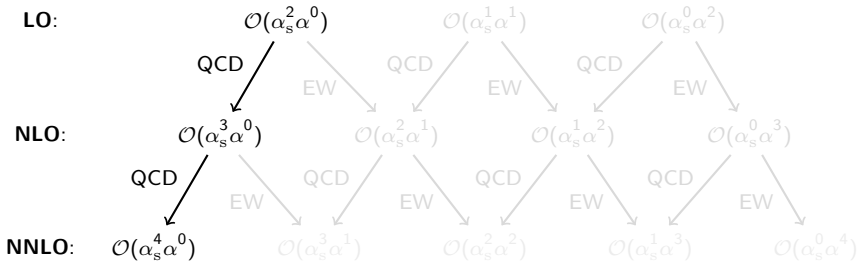
For hadron–hadron collider:

$$\sigma = \sum_{a,b} \int dx_1 \int dx_2 \int dQ^2 f_a(x_1, Q^2) f_b(x_2, Q^2) \sigma_{ab}(x_1, x_2, Q^2)$$

Notation:

- **Data** σ , measured in experiments: Drell–Yan, Jet production, Top-pairs, ...
- **APPLgrid** $\sigma_{ab}(x_1, x_2, Q^2)$: Theory predictions; include also subleading orders in α_s !
- Ansatz for all $f_a(x)$
- Regression of **data** and **theory** to obtain $f_a(x, Q^2)$

Example: $\sigma_{ab}(x_1, x_2, Q^2)$ for (on-shell) top-pair production at NNLO



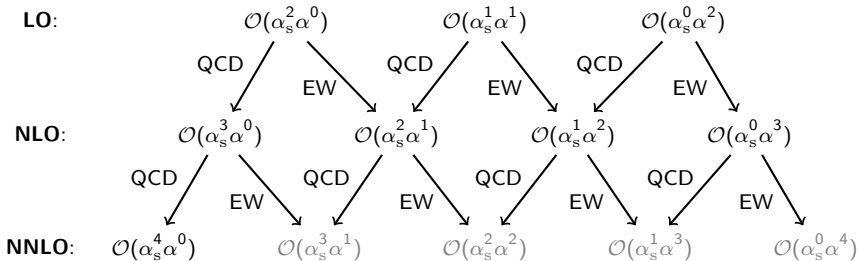
using the following (general) decomposition:

$$\sigma_{ab}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) = \sum_{i,j,k,l} \alpha_s^i \log^j(\xi_R^2) \log^k(\xi_F^2) [\alpha^l \sigma_{ab}^{i,j,k,l}(x_1, x_2, Q^2)]$$

with

- ξ_R^2, ξ_F^2 scale factors for multiplying ren./fac. scale by ξ
- $\sigma_{ab}^{i,j,k,l}(x_1, x_2, Q^2)$: APPLgrid, contains the phase space integration and cuts
- a, b can denote photons, e.g. $\gamma g \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ @ $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s \alpha)$ and $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ @ $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$

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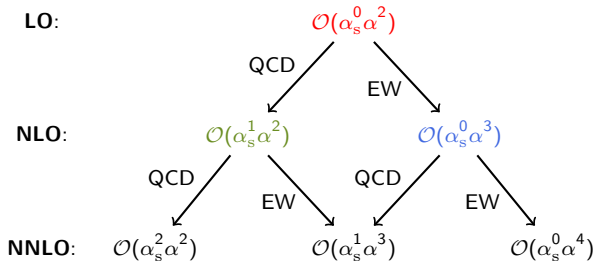
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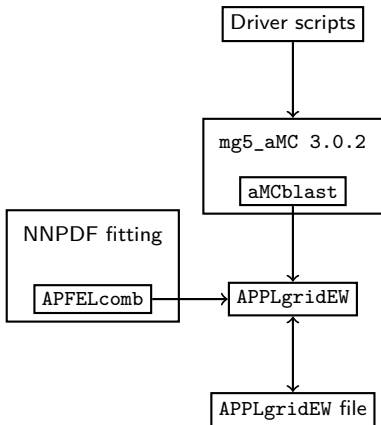
Example: $\sigma_{ab}(x_1, x_2, Q^2)$ for Drell–Yan



using the following decomposition ($\xi = 1$ is the central scale):

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_{ab}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) = & \alpha_s^0 \log^0(\xi_R^2) \log^0(\xi_F^2) \left[\alpha^2 \sigma_{ab}^{0,0,0,2}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \right] \\
 & + \alpha_s^1 \log^0(\xi_R^2) \log^0(\xi_F^2) \left[\alpha^2 \sigma_{ab}^{1,0,0,2}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \right] \\
 & + \alpha_s^1 \log^1(\xi_R^2) \log^0(\xi_F^2) \left[\alpha^2 \sigma_{ab}^{1,1,0,2}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \right] \quad (= 0) \\
 & + \alpha_s^1 \log^0(\xi_R^2) \log^1(\xi_F^2) \left[\alpha^2 \sigma_{ab}^{1,0,1,2}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \right] \\
 & + \alpha_s^0 \log^0(\xi_R^2) \log^0(\xi_F^2) \left[\alpha^3 \sigma_{ab}^{0,0,0,3}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \right] \\
 & + \alpha_s^0 \log^1(\xi_R^2) \log^0(\xi_F^2) \left[\alpha^3 \sigma_{ab}^{0,1,0,3}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \right] \quad (= 0) \\
 & + \alpha_s^0 \log^0(\xi_R^2) \log^1(\xi_F^2) \left[\alpha^3 \sigma_{ab}^{0,0,1,3}(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \right] + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

Toolchain: How do we calculate the grids?



- **Driver scripts** set up mg5_aMC: parameters, cuts, scales, etc.
- **mg5_aMC** [J. Alwell et. al.] generates the MEs and simultaneously runs the LO/NLOs
- **aMCblast** (previously aMCfast [V. Bertone, R. Frederix, S. Frixione, J. Rojo, M. Sutton]) interfaces with mg5_aMC
- **APPLgridEW** based on APPLgrid [T. Carli et. al.]; can generate grids for *arbitrary* orders
- extended **APFELcomb** (interface to NNPDF fitting machinery)

Updated Analyses

Top-pair production analyses,

- the LOs $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s\alpha)$,
- the NLOs $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha)$
- remaining orders can't be simultaneously generated with mg5_aMC (yet)

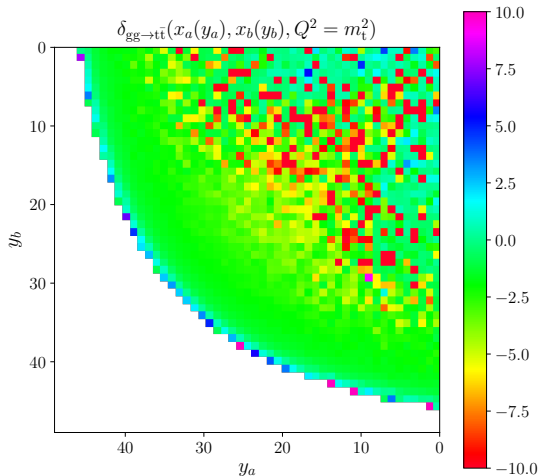
for

- ATLAS TTBAR TOT 7 TeV
- ATLAS TTBAR TOT 8 TeV (\rightarrow see APPLgrid next slide)
- ATLAS TTBAR TOT 13 TeV
- CMS TTBAR TOT 13 TeV
- CMS TTBAR TOT 7 TeV
- CMS TTBAR TOT 8 TeV

and **Drell-Yan**, full NLO:

- ATLAS Z HIGHMASS 49FB ($\frac{d\sigma}{dM_{\ell\bar{\ell}}}$)
 - has a cut at $M_{\ell\bar{\ell}} < 200$ GeV
 - experiment goes up to 1.5 TeV \rightarrow ideal candidate to test more inclusiveness

Example: Gluon–Gluon-Grid: $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha)$ for $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ @ 8 TeV



- correction for ixs roughly -0.5%
- color: $\delta = \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha)/\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$
- $y_{a/b}(x) = -\ln x_{a/b} + 5(1 - x_{a/b})$, $y(1) = 0$
- no interpolation in y_a , y_b , or Q^2
- lower left corner \rightarrow production threshold
- at threshold: Coulomb singularity
- $y_a \leftrightarrow y_b$ symmetry: initial-state symmetry of $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
- negative correction for larger x_a , x_b

Fitting: Preliminary Plan

To disentangle effects, try things roughly in the following order:

- 1 NLO QCD evolution, no photon, same cuts
- 2 Add all LHC analyses
- 3 Add more observables (e.g. relaxing $M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}$ cut for DY)
- 4 Add QED evolution
- 5 Add photon-PDF using NNPDF 3.1 LUXQED strategy (→ backup slides)

Summary

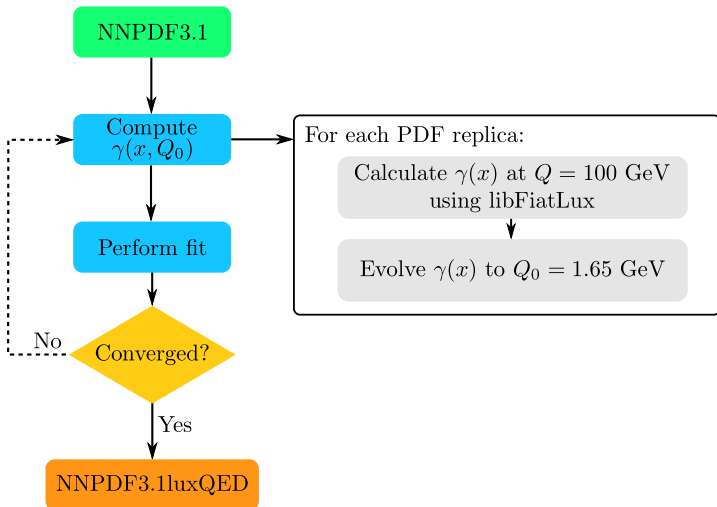
Summary:

- Setup toolchain, extended APPLgrid for arbitrary perturbative orders
- Showed differential cross section for $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$: APPLgrid
- Validation is ongoing

Outlook:

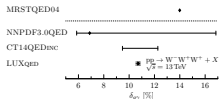
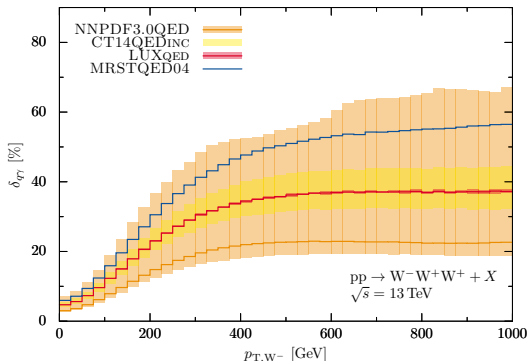
- We'll have a fit in the near future
- include more analyses: All LHC experiments (no DIS bc. of double-counting issues)
- include LUXQED-photon consistently

NNPDF 3.1 LUXQED Photon “Fitting” Strategy



plot from [NNPDF Collaboration]

Triple W-boson production [S. Dittmaier, A. Huss, G. Knippen]



- LO: 79 fb
- Large photon–quark contribution, $\delta_{q\gamma} = 10.7\%$ (LUXQED)
- Partially cancelled by quark–quark contributions, $\delta_{qq} = -4.1\%$
- At 100 TeV huge $\delta_{q\gamma} = 41.3\%$ ($\delta_{qq} = -5.4\%$)

→ **Jet veto** to stabilize corrections